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By the Council for Healthy Communities and Representatives Fasano, Fiorentino and Sobel

A bill to be entitled An act relating to responsiveness to emergencies and disasters; providing legislative findings; amending s. 381.0011, F.S.; revising duties of the Department of Health; authorizing the State Health Officer to take specified emergency actions to protect the public health; amending s. 381.0034, F.S.; providing a requirement for instruction of certain health care licensees on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism, as a condition of initial licensure, and, in lieu of the requirement for instruction on HIV and AIDS, as a condition of relicensure; amending s. 381.0035, F.S.; providing a requirement for instruction of employees at certain health care facilities on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism, upon initial employment, and, in lieu of the requirement of instruction on HIV and AIDS, as biennial continuing education; providing an exception; creating s. 381.0421, F.S.; requiring postsecondary education institutions to provide information on hepatitis B; requiring individuals residing in on-campus housing to document vaccinations against hepatitis B or sign a waiver; amending ss. 395.1027 and 401.245, F.S.; correcting cross references; amending s. 401.23, F.S.; revising definitions of "advanced life support" and "basic life support" and defining

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"emergency medical condition"; amending s. 401.252, F.S.; authorizing physician assistants to conduct interfacility transfers in a permitted ambulance under certain circumstances; amending s. 401.27, F.S.; providing that the course on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism shall count toward the total required hours for biennial recertification of emergency medical technicians and paramedics; amending s. 456.033, F.S.; providing a requirement for instruction of certain health care practitioners on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism, as a condition of initial licensure, and, in lieu of the requirement for instruction on HIV and AIDS, as part of biennial relicensure; creating s. 456.0345, F.S.; providing continuing education credits to health care practitioners for certain life support training; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to grounds for disciplinary actions to changes in health care practitioners' course requirements; amending s. 456.38, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the health care practitioner registry for disasters and emergencies; prohibiting certain termination of or discrimination against a practitioner providing disaster medical assistance; amending ss. 458.319 and 459.008, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to exceptions to continuing

1 education requirements for physicians and 2 osteopathic physicians; providing an effective 3 date. 4 5 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 6 7 Section 1. Legislative findings. -- The Legislature 8 finds that it is critical that Florida be prepared to respond 9 appropriately to a health crisis and injuries in the event of 10 an emergency or disaster. The Legislature finds that there is 11 a need to better educate health care practitioners on diseases 12 and conditions that might be caused by nuclear, biological, 13 and chemical terrorism so that health care practitioners can 14 more effectively care for patients and better educate patients as to prevention and treatment. Additionally, the Legislature 15 16 finds that not all health care practitioners have been 17 recently trained in life support and first aid and that all health care practitioners should be encouraged to obtain such 18 19 training. The Legislature finds that health care practitioners 20 who are willing to respond in emergencies or disasters should not be penalized for providing their assistance. 21 22 Section 2. Section 381.0011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 24 381.0011 Duties and powers of the Department of 25 Health; authority of State Health Officer .--(1) It is the duty of the Department of Health to: 26 27 (a) (1) Assess the public health status and needs of 28 the state through statewide data collection and other 29 appropriate means, with special attention to future needs that

may result from population growth, technological advancements,

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31 new societal priorities, or other changes.

 $\underline{\text{(b)}(2)}$ Formulate general policies affecting the public health of the state.

 $\underline{(c)}$ (3) Include in the department's strategic plan developed under s. 186.021 a summary of all aspects of the public health mission and health status objectives to direct the use of public health resources with an emphasis on prevention.

 $\underline{(d)}$ (4) Administer and enforce laws and rules relating to sanitation, control of communicable diseases, illnesses and hazards to health among humans and from animals to humans, and the general health of the people of the state.

 $\underline{\text{(e)}(5)}$ Cooperate with and accept assistance from federal, state, and local officials for the prevention and suppression of communicable and other diseases, illnesses, injuries, and hazards to human health.

 $\underline{(f)(6)}$ Declare, enforce, modify, and abolish quarantine of persons, animals, and premises as the circumstances indicate for controlling communicable diseases or providing protection from unsafe conditions that pose a threat to public health, except as provided in ss. 384.28 and 392.545-392.60.

 $\frac{1.(a)}{(a)}$ The department shall adopt rules to specify the conditions and procedures for imposing and releasing a quarantine. The rules must include provisions related to:

a.1. The closure of premises.

 $\underline{\text{b.2.}}$ The movement of persons or animals exposed to or infected with a communicable disease.

<u>c.3.</u> The tests or <u>prophylactic</u> treatment, <u>including</u> <u>vaccination</u>, for communicable disease required prior to employment or admission to the premises <u>or to comply with a quarantine</u>.

1 <u>d.4.</u> Testing or destruction of animals with or 2 suspected of having a disease transmissible to humans. 3 e.5. Access by the department to quarantined premises.

 $\underline{\text{f.6.}}$ The disinfection of quarantined animals, persons, or premises.

g. Methods of quarantine.

2.(b) Any health regulation that restricts travel or trade within the state may not be adopted or enforced in this state except by authority of the department.

(g)(7) Provide for a thorough investigation and study of the incidence, causes, modes of propagation and transmission, and means of prevention, control, and cure of diseases, illnesses, and hazards to human health.

(h)(8) Provide for the dissemination of information to the public relative to the prevention, control, and cure of diseases, illnesses, and hazards to human health. The department shall conduct a workshop before issuing any health alert or advisory relating to food-borne illness or communicable disease in public lodging or food service establishments in order to inform persons, trade associations, and businesses of the risk to public health and to seek the input of affected persons, trade associations, and businesses on the best methods of informing and protecting the public, except in an emergency, in which case the workshop must be held within 14 days after the issuance of the emergency alert or advisory.

(i)(9) Act as registrar of vital statistics.

 $\underline{(j)}$ (10) Cooperate with and assist federal health officials in enforcing public health laws and regulations.

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(k) (11) Cooperate with other departments, local officials, and private boards and organizations for the improvement and preservation of the public health.

(1) (1) (12) Cooperate with other departments, local officials, and private organizations in developing and implementing a statewide injury control program.

 $(m)\frac{(13)}{(13)}$ Adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of law conferring duties upon it. This paragraph subsection does not authorize the department to require a permit or license unless such requirement is specifically provided by law.

- $(n)\frac{(14)}{(14)}$ Perform any other duties prescribed by law.
- (2) The State Health Officer is authorized to take the following actions to protect the public health:
- (a) Notwithstanding chapters 465 and 499 and rules adopted thereunder, the State Health Officer may direct pharmacists employed by the department to compound bulk prescription drugs and provide these bulk prescription drugs to county health department physicians, physician assistants, and nurses for administration to persons as part of a prophylactic or treatment regimen when there is a significant risk to the public health from a disease, an environmental contaminant, or a suspected act of nuclear, biological, or chemical terrorism.
- The State Health Officer, upon declaration of a public health emergency pursuant to s. 381.00315, may take such actions as are necessary to protect the public health. Such actions shall include, but are not limited to:
- 1. Directing Florida manufacturers and wholesalers of prescription and over-the-counter drugs permitted under chapter 499 to give priority to shipping such drugs to

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30 31 pharmacies and health care providers located in geographic areas identified by the State Health Officer. Florida manufacturers and wholesalers must respond to the State Health Officer's priority shipping directive before shipping the specified drugs to other pharmacies or health care providers in Florida.

2. Notwithstanding s. 456.036, temporarily reactivating the inactive licenses of physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; physician assistants licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; licensed practical nurses, registered nurses, and advanced registered nurse practitioners licensed under chapter 464; respiratory therapists licensed under part V of chapter 468; and emergency medical technicians and paramedics licensed under chapter 401 when such practitioners are needed to respond to the public health emergency. Only those licensees referenced in this subparagraph who request reactivation and have unencumbered inactive licenses are eligible for reactivation. Any inactive license reactivated pursuant to this subparagraph shall return to inactive status when the public health emergency ends or prior to the end of the public health emergency if the State Health Officer determines that the health care <u>practitioner is</u> no longer needed to provide services during the emergency. The license may only be reactivated for a period not to exceed 90 days without meeting the requirements of s. 456.036 or chapter 401. If a physician assistant or advanced registered nurse practitioner requests reactivation and volunteers during the declared public health emergency, the county health department medical director, if appropriate, shall serve as the supervising physician for the physician assistant and shall be

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authorized to delegate acts of medical diagnosis and treatment to the advanced registered nurse practitioner.

- 3. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, compelling an individual to be examined, tested, vaccinated, treated, or quarantined for communicable diseases that have significant morbidity or mortality and present a severe danger to public health. Prior to taking action under this subparagraph, the State Health Officer shall, to the extent possible, consult with the Governor.
- a. Examination, testing, or treatment may be performed by any qualified person authorized by the State Health Officer.
- b. If the individual poses a danger to public health, the State Health Officer may subject the individual to quarantine. If there is no practicable method to quarantine the individual, the State Health Officer may use any means necessary to vaccinate or treat the individual.
- c. Any order of the State Health Officer given to effectuate this subparagraph shall be immediately enforceable by law enforcement.

Individuals who assist the State Health Officer at his or her 22 request on a volunteer basis during a public health emergency 23 declared pursuant to s. 381.00315 shall be entitled to the 24

25 benefits in s. 110.504(2), (3), (4), and (5).

Section 3. Section 381.0034, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.0034 Requirement for instruction on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism and on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency 31 syndrome. --

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- (1) As of July 1, 1991, The Department of Health shall require each person licensed or certified under chapter 401, chapter 467, part IV of chapter 468, or chapter 483, as a condition of biennial relicensure, to complete an educational course approved by the department on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism. The course shall consist of education on diagnosis and treatment, the modes of transmission, infection control procedures, and clinical management. Such course shall also include information on reporting suspected cases of conditions caused by nuclear, biological, or chemical terrorism to the appropriate health and law enforcement authorities, and prevention of human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome. Such course shall include information on current Florida law on acquired immune deficiency syndrome and its impact on testing, confidentiality of test results, and treatment of patients. Each such licensee or certificateholder shall submit confirmation of having completed said course, on a form provided by the department, when submitting fees or application for each biennial renewal.
- (2) Failure to complete the requirements of this section shall be grounds for disciplinary action contained in the chapters specified in subsection (1). In addition to discipline by the department, the licensee or certificateholder shall be required to complete the required said course or courses.
- The department shall require, as a condition of granting a license under the chapters specified in subsection (1), that an applicant making initial application for licensure complete respective an educational courses course 31 acceptable to the department on conditions caused by nuclear,

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biological, and chemical terrorism and on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome. An applicant who has not taken such courses a course at the time of licensure shall, upon an affidavit showing good cause, be allowed 6 months to complete this requirement.

- (4) The department shall have the authority to adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (5) Any professional holding two or more licenses or certificates subject to the provisions of this section shall be permitted to show proof of having taken one department-approved course on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome, for purposes of relicensure or recertification for the additional licenses.

Section 4. Section 381.0035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.0035 Educational courses course on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome and on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism; employees and clients of certain health care facilities.--

(1)(a) The Department of Health shall require all employees and clients of facilities licensed under chapters 393, 394, and 397 and employees of facilities licensed under chapter 395 and parts II, III, IV, and VI of chapter 400 to complete, biennially, a continuing educational course on the modes of transmission, infection control procedures, clinical management, and prevention of human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome with an emphasis on 31 appropriate behavior and attitude change. Such instruction

 shall include information on current Florida law and its impact on testing, confidentiality of test results, and treatment of patients and any protocols and procedures applicable to human immunodeficiency counseling and testing, reporting, the offering of HIV testing to pregnant women, and partner notification issues pursuant to ss. 381.004 and 384.25.

- (b) The department shall require all employees of facilities licensed under chapters 393, 394, 395, and 397 and parts II, III, IV, and VI of chapter 400 to complete, biennially, a continuing educational course on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism. The course shall consist of education on diagnosis and treatment, modes of transmission, infection control procedures, and clinical management. Such course shall also include information on reporting suspected cases of conditions caused by nuclear, biological, or chemical terrorism to the appropriate health and law enforcement authorities.
- chapters 393, 394, 395, and 397 and parts II, III, IV, and VI of chapter 400 shall be required to complete a course on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome, with instruction to include information on current Florida law and its impact on testing, confidentiality of test results, and treatment of patients. New employees of such facilities shall also be required to complete a course on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism, with instruction to include information on reporting suspected cases to the appropriate health and law enforcement authorities.

- (3) Facilities licensed under chapters 393, 394, 395, and 397, and parts II, III, IV, and VI of chapter 400 shall maintain a record of employees and dates of attendance at human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome educational courses on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome and on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism.
- (4) The department shall have the authority to review the records of each facility to determine compliance with the requirements of this section. The department may adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (5) In lieu of completing a course as required in paragraph (1)(b), the employee may complete a course on end-of-life care and palliative health care or a course on HIV/AIDS so long as the employee completed an approved course on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism in the immediately preceding biennium.
- Section 5. Section 381.0421, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 381.0421 Vaccination against hepatitis B.--
- (1) A postsecondary education institution shall provide detailed information concerning the risks associated with hepatitis B and the availability, effectiveness, and known contraindications of any required or recommended vaccine against hepatitis B to every student, or to the student's parent or guardian if the student is a minor, who has been accepted for admission.
- (2) An individual enrolled in a postsecondary education institution who will be residing in on-campus housing shall provide documentation of vaccinations against hepatitis B unless the individual, if the individual is 18

years of age or older, or the individual's parent or guardian, if the individual is a minor, declines the vaccinations and the individual, parent, or guardian signs a waiver provided by the institution acknowledging receipt and review of the information provided.

(3) This section does not require any postsecondary education institution to provide or pay for vaccinations against hepatitis B.

Section 6. Subsection (4) of section 395.1027, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.1027 Regional poison control centers.--

(4) By October 1, 1999, each regional poison control center shall develop a prehospital emergency dispatch protocol with each licensee defined by s. 401.23(14)(13)in the geographic area covered by the regional poison control center. The prehospital emergency dispatch protocol shall be developed by each licensee's medical director in conjunction with the designated regional poison control center responsible for the geographic area in which the licensee operates. The protocol shall define toxic substances and describe the procedure by which the designated regional poison control center may be consulted by the licensee. If a call is transferred to the designated regional poison control center in accordance with the protocol established under this section and s. 401.268, the designated regional poison control center shall assume responsibility and liability for the call.

Section 7. Section 401.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

401.23 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term:

(1) "Advanced life support" means the use of skills and techniques described in the most recent United States

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Department of Transportation National Standard Paramedic Curriculum by a paramedic under the supervision of a licensee's medical director as required by rules of the department. The term "advanced life support" also includes other techniques that have been approved and are performed under conditions specified by rules of the department. The term "advanced life support" also includes provision of care by a paramedic under the supervision of a licensee's medical director to a person experiencing an emergency medical condition as defined in subsection (11) treatment of life-threatening medical emergencies through the use of techniques such as endotracheal intubation, the administration of drugs or intravenous fluids, telemetry, cardiac monitoring, and cardiac defibrillation by a qualified person, pursuant to rules of the department.

- (2) "Advanced life support service" means any emergency medical transport or nontransport service which uses advanced life support techniques.
- (3) "Air ambulance" means any fixed-wing or rotary-wing aircraft used for, or intended to be used for, air transportation of sick or injured persons requiring or likely to require medical attention during transport.
- (4) "Air ambulance service" means any publicly or privately owned service, licensed in accordance with the provisions of this part, which operates air ambulances to transport persons requiring or likely to require medical attention during transport.
- (5) "Ambulance" or "emergency medical services vehicle" means any privately or publicly owned land or water vehicle that is designed, constructed, reconstructed, 31 maintained, equipped, or operated for, and is used for, or

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intended to be used for, land or water transportation of sick or injured persons requiring or likely to require medical attention during transport.

- (6) "Ambulance driver" means any person who meets the requirements of s. 401.281.
- (7) "Basic life support" means the use of skills and techniques described in the most recent United States Department of Transportation National Standard EMT-Basic Curriculum by an emergency medical technician or paramedic under the supervision of a licensee's medical director as required by rules of the department. The term "basic life support" also includes other techniques that have been approved and are performed under conditions specified by rules of the department. The term "basic life support" also includes provision of care by a paramedic or emergency medical technician under the supervision of a licensee's medical director to a person experiencing an emergency medical condition as defined in subsection (11) treatment of medical emergencies by a qualified person through the use of techniques such as patient assessment, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), splinting, obstetrical assistance, bandaging, administration of oxygen, application of medical antishock trousers, administration of a subcutaneous injection using a premeasured autoinjector of epinephrine to a person suffering an anaphylactic reaction, and other techniques described in the Emergency Medical Technician Basic Training Course Curriculum of the United States Department of Transportation. The term "basic life support" also includes other techniques which have been approved and are performed under conditions specified by rules of the department.

- (8) "Basic life support service" means any emergency medical service which uses only basic life support techniques.
- (9) "Certification" means any authorization issued pursuant to this part to a person to act as an emergency medical technician or a paramedic.
 - (10) "Department" means the Department of Health.
 - (11) "Emergency medical condition" means:
- (a) A medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, which may include severe pain, psychiatric disturbances, symptoms of substance abuse, or other acute symptoms, such that the absence of immediate medical attention could reasonably be expected to result in any of the following:
- 1. Serious jeopardy to the health of a patient, including a pregnant woman or fetus.
 - 2. Serious impairment to bodily functions.
 - 3. Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.
- (b) With respect to a pregnant woman, that there is evidence of the onset and persistence of uterine contractions or rupture of the membranes.
- (c) With respect to a person exhibiting acute psychiatric disturbance or substance abuse, that the absence of immediate medical attention could reasonably be expected to result in:
 - 1. Serious jeopardy to the health of a patient; or
 - 2. Serious jeopardy to the health of others.
- $\underline{(12)(11)}$ "Emergency medical technician" means a person who is certified by the department to perform basic life support pursuant to this part.
- 30 <u>(13)(12)</u> "Interfacility transfer" means the transportation by ambulance of a patient between two

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facilities licensed under chapter 393, chapter 395, or chapter 400, pursuant to this part.

(14)(13) "Licensee" means any basic life support service, advanced life support service, or air ambulance service licensed pursuant to this part.

(15)(14) "Medical direction" means direct supervision by a physician through two-way voice communication or, when such voice communication is unavailable, through established standing orders, pursuant to rules of the department.

(16)(15) "Medical director" means a physician who is employed or contracted by a licensee and who provides medical supervision, including appropriate quality assurance but not including administrative and managerial functions, for daily operations and training pursuant to this part.

(17)(16) "Mutual aid agreement" means a written agreement between two or more entities whereby the signing parties agree to lend aid to one another under conditions specified in the agreement and as sanctioned by the governing body of each affected county.

 $(18)\frac{(17)}{(17)}$ "Paramedic" means a person who is certified by the department to perform basic and advanced life support pursuant to this part.

(19)(18) "Permit" means any authorization issued pursuant to this part for a vehicle to be operated as a basic life support or advanced life support transport vehicle or an advanced life support nontransport vehicle providing basic or advanced life support.

(20)(19) "Physician" means a practitioner who is licensed under the provisions of chapter 458 or chapter 459. For the purpose of providing "medical direction" as defined in 31 subsection (14) for the treatment of patients immediately

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prior to or during transportation to a United States Department of Veterans Affairs medical facility, "physician" also means a practitioner employed by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

(21)(20) "Registered nurse" means a practitioner who is licensed to practice professional nursing pursuant to part I of chapter 464.

(22)(21) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Health.

(23)(22) "Service location" means any permanent location in or from which a licensee solicits, accepts, or conducts business under this part.

Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 401.245, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

> 401.245 Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council. --(2)

(b) Representation on the Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council shall include: two licensed physicians who are "medical directors" as defined in s. $401.23(16)\frac{(15)}{(15)}$ or whose medical practice is closely related to emergency medical services; two emergency medical service administrators, one of whom is employed by a fire service; two certified paramedics, one of whom is employed by a fire service; two certified emergency medical technicians, one of whom is employed by a fire service; one emergency medical services educator; one emergency nurse; one hospital administrator; one representative of air ambulance services; one representative of a commercial ambulance operator; and two laypersons who are in no way connected with emergency medical services, one of whom is a representative of the elderly. Ex officio members of the advisory council from state agencies shall include, but 31 | shall not be limited to, representatives from the Department

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of Education, the Department of Management Services, the Department of Insurance, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the Department of Transportation, and the Department of Community Affairs.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 401.252, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

401.252 Interfacility transfer.--

- (1) A licensed basic or advanced life support ambulance service may conduct interfacility transfers in a permitted ambulance, using a registered nurse or physician assistant in place of an emergency medical technician or paramedic, if:
- (a) The registered nurse or physician assistant holds a current certificate of successful course completion in advanced cardiac life support;
- (b) The physician in charge has granted permission for such a transfer, has designated the level of service required for such transfer, and has deemed the patient to be in such a condition appropriate to this type of ambulance staffing; and
- (c) The registered nurse operates within the scope of part I of chapter 464 or the physician assistant operates within the physician assistant's scope of practice under chapter 458 or chapter 459.

Section 10. Subsection (6) of section 401.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

401.27 Personnel; standards and certification.--

(6)(a) The department shall establish by rule a procedure for biennial renewal certification of emergency medical technicians. Such rules must require a United States Department of Transportation refresher training program of at 31 least 30 hours as approved by the department every 2 years.

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Completion of the course required by s. 381.0034(1) shall count toward the 30 hours. The refresher program may be offered in multiple presentations spread over the 2-year period. The rules must also provide that the refresher course requirement may be satisfied by passing a challenge examination.

(b) The department shall establish by rule a procedure for biennial renewal certification of paramedics. Such rules must require candidates for renewal to have taken at least 30 hours of continuing education units during the 2-year period. Completion of the course required by s. 381.0034(1) shall count toward the 30 hours. The rules must provide that the continuing education requirement may be satisfied by passing a challenge examination.

Section 11. Section 456.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.033 Requirement for instruction for certain licensees on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism and on HIV and AIDS .--

(1) The appropriate board shall require each person licensed or certified under chapter 457; chapter 458; chapter 459; chapter 460; chapter 461; chapter 463; part I of chapter 464; chapter 465; chapter 466; part II, part III, part V, or part X of chapter 468; or chapter 486 to complete a continuing educational course, approved by the board, on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome as part of biennial relicensure or recertification. The course shall consist of education on diagnosis and treatment, the modes of transmission, infection control procedures, and 31 clinical management. Such course shall also include

information on reporting suspected cases of conditions caused by nuclear, biological, or chemical terrorism to the appropriate health and law enforcement authorities, and prevention of human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome. Such course shall include information on current Florida law on acquired immune deficiency syndrome and its impact on testing, confidentiality of test results, treatment of patients, and any protocols and procedures applicable to human immunodeficiency virus counseling and testing, reporting, the offering of HIV testing to pregnant women, and partner notification issues pursuant to ss. 381.004 and 384.25.

- (2) Each such licensee or certificateholder shall submit confirmation of having completed said course, on a form as provided by the board, when submitting fees for each biennial renewal.
- (3) The board shall have the authority to approve additional equivalent courses that may be used to satisfy the requirements in subsection (1). Each licensing board that requires a licensee to complete an educational course pursuant to this section may count the hours required for completion of the course included in the total continuing educational requirements as required by law.
- (4) Any person holding two or more licenses subject to the provisions of this section shall be permitted to show proof of having taken one board-approved course on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome, for purposes of relicensure or recertification for additional licenses.

- (5) Failure to comply with the above requirements of this section shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action under each respective licensing chapter and s. 456.072(1)(e). In addition to discipline by the board, the licensee shall be required to complete the required course or courses.
- (6) The board shall require as a condition of granting a license under the chapters and parts specified in subsection (1) that an applicant making initial application for licensure complete respective an educational courses course acceptable to the board on conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism and on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome. An applicant who has not taken such courses a course at the time of licensure shall, upon an affidavit showing good cause, be allowed 6 months to complete this requirement.
- (7) The board shall have the authority to adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (8) The board shall report to the Legislature by March 1 of each year as to the implementation and compliance with the requirements of this section.
- (9)(a) In lieu of completing a course as required in subsection (1), the licensee may complete a course on in end-of-life care and palliative health care or a course on <a href="https://http
- (b) In lieu of completing a course as required by subsection (1), a person licensed under chapter 466 who has completed an approved AIDS/HIV course in the immediately preceding 2 years may complete a course approved by the Board of Dentistry.

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Section 12. Section 456.0345, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

456.0345 Life support training.--Health care practitioners who obtain training in advanced cardiac life support, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, or emergency first aid shall receive an equivalent number of continuing education course credits which may be applied toward licensure renewal requirements.

Section 13. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 456.072, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement. --

- (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (e) Failing to comply with the educational course requirements for conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism or for human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

Section 14. Section 456.38, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.38 Practitioner registry for disasters and emergencies. -- The Department of Health shall may include on its application and renewal forms for the licensure or certification of health care practitioners licensed pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 464, or part V of chapter 468, as defined in s. 456.001, who could assist the department in the event of a disaster a question asking if the practitioner would be available to provide health care services in special needs shelters or to help staff disaster 31 | medical assistance teams during times of emergency or major

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disaster. The names of practitioners who answer affirmatively shall be maintained by the department as a health care practitioner registry for disasters and emergencies. A health care practitioner who volunteers his or her services in a special needs shelter or as part of a disaster medical assistance team during a time of emergency or disaster shall not be terminated or discriminated against by his or her employer for such volunteer work, provided that the health care practitioner returns to his or her regular employment within 2 weeks or within a longer period that has been previously approved by the employer in writing.

Section 15. Subsection (4) of section 458.319, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.319 Renewal of license.--

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 456.033, a physician may complete continuing education on end-of-life care and palliative care in lieu of continuing education in conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism AIDS/HIV, if that physician has completed the AIDS/HIV continuing education in conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism in the immediately preceding biennium.

Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 459.008, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.008 Renewal of licenses and certificates.--

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 456.033, an osteopathic physician may complete continuing education on end-of-life and palliative care in lieu of continuing education in conditions caused by nuclear, biological, and chemical terrorism AIDS/HIV, if that physician has completed 31 the AIDS/HIV continuing education in conditions caused by

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