# Florida Senate - 2002

## CS for SB 632

By the Committee on Children and Families; and Senator Peaden

	300-1776-02
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to out-of-home care; repealing
3	s. 39.521(5), F.S., relating to the mandatory
4	assessment of specified children for placement
5	in licensed residential group care; creating s.
6	39.523, F.S.; prescribing procedures for the
7	mandatory assessment of certain children for
8	placement in licensed residential group care;
9	providing for reports; providing for a
10	residential group care appropriations category
11	in the General Appropriations Act; providing
12	for funding increases to be appropriated in a
13	lump-sum category; specifying that the release
14	of certain funds is contingent on the approval
15	of a spending plan; prescribing elements of the
16	plan; authorizing one-time startup funding;
17	amending s. 409.1671, F.S.; specifying
18	timeframes for initiating and for completing
19	privatization of foster care and related
20	services; providing for the establishment of a
21	model comprehensive residential services
22	program in specified counties; providing that
23	community-based providers and subcontractors
24	require employees to obtain bodily injury
25	liability insurance on personal automobiles;
26	providing certain immunity from liability when
27	transporting clients in privately owned
28	automobiles; directing the Department of
29	Children and Family Services to adopt written
30	policies and procedures for contract monitoring
31	of community-based providers; modifying the
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1	requirement for community-based providers to
2	furnish information to the department;
3	modifying the conditions under which a provider
4	may close a case; modifying the requirements
5	concerning dual licensure of foster homes;
6	eliminating the authority for a risk pool;
7	requiring the development of a proposal for a
8	shared-earnings program; providing direction
9	for the development of the proposal; providing
10	for submission of the proposal to the
11	Legislative Budget Commission and for
12	submission to the Legislature under certain
13	conditions; expanding the program relating to
14	excess federal earnings and certain additional
15	state funds to additional entities; eliminating
16	a specified expiration for this program;
17	eliminating an obsolete review requirement;
18	amending s. 409.1676, F.S.; removing a
19	reference to specific districts and regions of
20	the department; amending s. 409.175, F.S.;
21	defining the term "family foster group home";
22	amending s. 409.906, F.S.; expanding the
23	authority for the establishment of child
24	welfare targeted case management projects;
25	eliminating reference to a pilot project;
26	eliminating the requirement to report to the
27	Child Welfare Estimating Conference regarding
28	targeted case management; directing the Office
29	of Program Policy Analysis and Government
30	Accountability, in consultation with the Agency
31	for Health Care Administration, to conduct a
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1	review of the process for placing children for
2	residential mental health treatment; providing
3	for a report to the Governor and Legislature;
4	requiring that the Legislature appropriate a
5	lump sum in the Administered Funds Program each
6	year for a specified purpose; providing an
7	effective date.
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9	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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11	Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 39.521, Florida
12	Statutes, is repealed.
13	Section 2. Section 39.523, Florida Statutes, is
14	created to read:
15	39.523 Placement in residential group care
16	(1) Except as provided in s. 39.407, any child 11
17	years of age or older who has been in licensed family foster
18	care for 6 months or longer and who is then moved more than
19	once must be assessed for placement in licensed residential
20	group care. The assessment procedures shall be conducted by
21	the department or its agent and shall incorporate and address
22	current and historical information from any psychological
23	testing or evaluation that has occurred; current and
24	historical information from the guardian ad litem, if one has
25	been assigned; current and historical information from any
26	current therapist, teacher, or other professional who has
27	knowledge of the child and has worked with the child;
28	information regarding the placement of any siblings of the
29	child and the impact of the child's placement in residential
30	group care on the child's siblings; the circumstances
31	necessitating the moves of the child while in family foster
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1 care and the recommendations of the former foster families, if available; the status of the child's case plan and a 2 3 determination as to the impact of placing the child in 4 residential group care on the goals of the case plan; the age, 5 maturity, and desires of the child concerning placement; the б availability of any less restrictive, more family-like setting for the child in which the foster parents have the necessary 7 8 training and skills for providing a suitable placement for the child; and any other information concerning the availability 9 10 of suitable residential group care. If such placement is 11 determined to be appropriate as a result of this procedure, the child must be placed in residential group care, if 12 13 available. (2) The results of the assessment described in 14 15 subsection (1) and the actions taken as a result of the assessment must be included in the next judicial review of the 16 child. At each subsequent judicial review, the court must be 17 advised in writing of the status of the child's placement, 18 19 with special reference regarding the stability of the 20 placement and the permanency planning for the child. (3) Any residential group care facility that receives 21 children under the provisions of this subsection shall 22 establish special permanency teams dedicated to overcoming the 23 24 special permanency challenges presented by this population of children. Each facility shall report to the department its 25 success in achieving permanency for children placed by the 26 27 department in its care at intervals that allow the current 28 information to be provided to the court at each judicial 29 review for the child. 30 (4) This subsection does not prohibit the department 31 from assessing and placing children who do not meet the

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1 criteria in subsection (1) in residential group care if such placement is the most appropriate placement for such children. 2 3 (5)(a) By December 1 of each year, the department shall report to the Legislature on the placement of children 4 5 in licensed residential group care during the year, including б the criteria used to determine the placement of children, the 7 number of children who were evaluated for placement, the 8 number of children who were placed based upon the evaluation, and the number of children who were not placed. The department 9 shall maintain data specifying the number of children who were 10 11 referred to licensed residential child care for whom placement was unavailable and the counties in which such placement was 12 unavailable. The department shall include this data in its 13 report to the Legislature due on December 1, so that the 14 Legislature may consider this information in developing the 15 General Appropriations Act. 16 (b) As part of the report required in paragraph (a), 17 the department shall also provide a detailed account of the 18 19 expenditures incurred for "Special Categories: Grants and Aids Residential Group Care" for the fiscal year immediately 20 preceding the date of the report. This section of the report 21 must include whatever supporting data is necessary to 22 demonstrate full compliance with paragraph (6)(c). The 23 24 document must present the information by district and must specify, at a minimum, the number of additional beds, the 25 average rate per bed, the number of additional persons served, 26 27 and a description of the enhanced and expanded services 28 provided. 29 (6)(a) The provisions of this section shall be 30 implemented to the extent of available appropriations 31

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1 contained in the annual General Appropriations Act for such 2 purpose. 3 (b) Each year, funds included in the General Appropriations Act for Residential Group Care shall be 4 5 appropriated in a separately identified special category that б is designated in the act as "Special Categories: Grants and 7 Aids-Residential Group Care." 8 (c) Each fiscal year, any funding increases to "Special Categories: Grants and Aids.--Residential Group Care" 9 10 which are included in the General Appropriations Act shall be 11 appropriated in a lump-sum category as defined in s. 216.011(1)(aa). In accordance with s. 216.181(6)(a), the 12 Executive Office of the Governor shall require the department 13 to submit a spending plan that identifies the residential 14 group care bed capacity shortage throughout the state and 15 proposes a distribution formula by district which addresses 16 17 the reported deficiencies. The spending plan must have as its first priority the reduction or elimination of any bed 18 19 shortage identified and must also provide for program enhancements to assure that residential group care programs 20 21 meet a minimum level of expected performance and provide for expansion of the comprehensive residential group care services 22 described in s. 409.1676. Annual appropriation increases 23 24 appropriated in the lump-sum appropriation must be used in accordance with the provisions of the spending plan. 25 (d) Funds from "Special Categories: Grants and Aids -26 27 Residential Group Care" may be used as one-time startup 28 funding for residential group care purposes that include, but are not limited to, remodeling or renovation of existing 29 30 facilities, construction costs, leasing costs, purchase of equipment and furniture, site development, and other necessary 31

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1 and reasonable costs associated with the startup of facilities or programs upon the recommendation of the lead 2 3 community-based provider if one exists and upon specific 4 approval of the terms and conditions by the secretary of the 5 department. б Section 3. Section 409.1671, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 409.1671 Foster care and related services; 8 9 privatization.--10 (1)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature that the 11 Department of Children and Family Services shall privatize the provision of foster care and related services statewide. It is 12 further the Legislature's intent to encourage communities and 13 other stakeholders in the well-being of children to 14 participate in assuring that children are safe and 15 well-nurtured. However, while recognizing that some local 16 17 governments are presently funding portions of certain foster 18 care and related services programs and may choose to expand 19 such funding in the future, the Legislature does not intend by 20 its privatization of foster care and related services that any county, municipality, or special district be required to 21 assist in funding programs that previously have been funded by 22 the state. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits any county, 23 24 municipality, or special district from future voluntary 25 funding participation in foster care and related services. As used in this section, the term "privatize" means to contract 26 with competent, community-based agencies. The department shall 27 28 submit a plan to accomplish privatization statewide, through a 29 competitive process, phased in over a 3-year period beginning 30 January 1, 2000. This plan must be developed with local 31 community participation, including, but not limited to, input

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1 from community-based providers that are currently under 2 contract with the department to furnish community-based foster 3 care and related services, and must include a methodology for 4 determining and transferring all available funds, including 5 federal funds that the provider is eligible for and agrees to б earn and that portion of general revenue funds which is 7 currently associated with the services that are being furnished under contract. The methodology must provide for the 8 9 transfer of funds appropriated and budgeted for all services 10 and programs that have been incorporated into the project, 11 including all management, capital (including current furniture and equipment), and administrative funds to accomplish the 12 13 transfer of these programs. This methodology must address 14 expected workload and at least the 3 previous years' experience in expenses and workload. With respect to any 15 district or portion of a district in which privatization 16 17 cannot be accomplished within the 3-year timeframe, the department must clearly state in its plan the reasons the 18 19 timeframe cannot be met and the efforts that should be made to remediate the obstacles, which may include alternatives to 20 total privatization, such as public-private partnerships. As 21 used in this section, the term "related services" includes, 22 but is not limited to, family preservation, independent 23 living, emergency shelter, residential group care, foster 24 25 care, therapeutic foster care, intensive residential treatment, foster care supervision, case management, 26 postplacement supervision, permanent foster care, and family 27 28 reunification. Unless otherwise provided for, beginning in 29 fiscal year 1999-2000, either the state attorney or the Office of the Attorney General shall provide child welfare legal 30 31 services, pursuant to chapter 39 and other relevant

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1 provisions, in Sarasota, Pinellas, Pasco, Broward, and Manatee 2 Counties. Such legal services shall commence and be 3 effective, as soon as determined reasonably feasible by the 4 respective state attorney or the Office of the Attorney 5 General, after the privatization of associated programs and б child protective investigations has occurred. When a private 7 nonprofit agency has received case management 8 responsibilities, transferred from the state under this 9 section, for a child who is sheltered or found to be dependent 10 and who is assigned to the care of the privatization project, 11 the agency may act as the child's guardian for the purpose of registering the child in school if a parent or guardian of the 12 child is unavailable and his or her whereabouts cannot 13 reasonably be ascertained. The private nonprofit agency may 14 also seek emergency medical attention for such a child, but 15 only if a parent or guardian of the child is unavailable, his 16 17 or her whereabouts cannot reasonably be ascertained, and a 18 court order for such emergency medical services cannot be 19 obtained because of the severity of the emergency or because 20 it is after normal working hours. However, the provider may not consent to sterilization, abortion, or termination of life 21 support. If a child's parents' rights have been terminated, 22 the nonprofit agency shall act as guardian of the child in all 23 24 circumstances. 25 (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that the department will continue to work towards full privatization by 26 27 initiating the competitive-procurement process in each county by January 1, 2003. In order to provide for an adequate 28 29 transition period to develop the necessary administrative and 30 service-delivery capacity in each community, the full transfer 31

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1 of all foster care and related services must be completed statewide by December 31, 2004. 2 3 (c) In any county in which the full transfer is not 4 accomplished by December 31, 2004, the department shall put in 5 place a model comprehensive residential services program as б described in s. 409.1677. The department must begin the process of 7 1. 8 establishing the program in any county in which the department has not entered into a transition contract for community-based 9 10 care by December 31, 2003, in order to assure that the program 11 is operational by December 31, 2004. 12 2. The program must be procured through a competitive 13 process. The Legislature does not intend for the provisions 14 3. 15 of this paragraph to substitute for the requirement that full conversion to community-based care be accomplished. 16 17 (d)(b) As used in this section, the term "eligible lead community-based provider" means a single agency with 18 19 which the department shall contract for the provision of child 20 protective services in a community that is no smaller than a county. The secretary of the department may authorize more 21 than one eligible lead community-based provider within a 22 single county when to do so will result in more effective 23 24 delivery of foster care and related services. To compete for a 25 privatization project, such agency must have: The ability to coordinate, integrate, and manage 26 1. 27 all child protective services in the designated community in 28 cooperation with child protective investigations. 29 The ability to ensure continuity of care from entry 2. to exit for all children referred from the protective 30 31 investigation and court systems. 10

1 3. The ability to provide directly, or contract for 2 through a local network of providers, all necessary child 3 protective services. The willingness to accept accountability for 4 4. 5 meeting the outcomes and performance standards related to б child protective services established by the Legislature and 7 the Federal Government. 5. The capability and the willingness to serve all 8 9 children referred to it from the protective investigation and 10 court systems, regardless of the level of funding allocated to 11 the community by the state, provided all related funding is transferred. 12 6. 13 The willingness to ensure that each individual who provides child protective services completes the training 14 15 required of child protective service workers by the Department of Children and Family Services. 16 17 7. The ability to maintain eligibility to receive all federal child welfare funds, including Title IV-E and IV-A 18 19 funds, currently being used by the Department of Children and 20 Family Services. 21 (e) (c) 1. If attempts to competitively procure services through an eligible lead community-based provider as defined 22 in paragraph(d) $\frac{(b)}{(b)}$ do not produce a capable and willing 23 24 agency, the department shall develop a plan in collaboration 25 with the local community alliance. The plan must detail how the community will continue to implement privatization through 26 competitively procuring either the specific components of 27 28 foster care and related services or comprehensive services for 29 defined eligible populations of children and families from qualified licensed agencies as part of its efforts to develop 30 31 the local capacity for a community-based system of coordinated 11 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 care. The plan must ensure local control over the management 2 and administration of the service provision in accordance with 3 the intent of this section and may include recognized best 4 business practices, including some form of public or private 5 partnerships. In the absence of a community alliance, the plan б must be submitted to the President of the Senate and the 7 Speaker of the House of Representatives for their comments. 8 The Legislature finds that the state has 2. traditionally provided foster care services to children who 9 10 have been the responsibility of the state. As such, foster 11 children have not had the right to recover for injuries beyond the limitations specified in s. 768.28. The Legislature has 12 13 determined that foster care and related services need to be privatized pursuant to this section and that the provision of 14 such services is of paramount importance to the state. The 15 purpose for such privatization is to increase the level of 16 17 safety, security, and stability of children who are or become the responsibility of the state. One of the components 18 19 necessary to secure a safe and stable environment for such 20 children is that private providers maintain liability insurance. As such, insurance needs to be available and remain 21 available to nongovernmental foster care and related services 22 providers without the resources of such providers being 23 24 significantly reduced by the cost of maintaining such 25 insurance. 3. The Legislature further finds that, by requiring 26 the following minimum levels of insurance, children in 27 28 privatized foster care and related services will gain 29 increased protection and rights of recovery in the event of injury than provided for in s. 768.28. 30 31

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1 (f) (d) Other than an entity to which s. 768.28 2 applies, any eligible lead community-based provider, as 3 defined in paragraph(d)(b), or its employees or officers, except as otherwise provided in paragraph(g)(e), must, as a 4 5 part of its contract, obtain a minimum of \$1 million per б claim/\$3 million per incident in general liability insurance 7 coverage. The eligible lead community-based provider must also 8 require that staff who transport client children and families 9 in their personal automobiles in order to carry out their job 10 responsibilities obtain minimum bodily injury liability 11 insurance in the amount of \$100,000 per claim, \$300,000 per incident on their personal automobiles. In any tort action 12 13 brought against such an eligible lead community-based provider 14 or employee, net economic damages shall be limited to \$1 15 million per liability claim and \$100,000 per automobile claim, including, but not limited to, past and future medical 16 17 expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning capacity, offset by any collateral source payment paid or payable. In any tort 18 19 action brought against such an eligible lead community-based 20 provider, noneconomic damages shall be limited to \$200,000 per claim. A claims bill may be brought on behalf of a claimant 21 pursuant to s. 768.28 for any amount exceeding the limits 22 specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral source 23 24 payments made as of the date of the settlement or judgment shall be in accordance with s. 768.76. The lead 25 community-based provider shall not be liable in tort for the 26 27 acts or omissions of its subcontractors or the officers, 28 agents, or employees of its subcontractors. 29 (g)<del>(e)</del> The liability of an eligible lead 30 community-based provider described in this section shall be 31 exclusive and in place of all other liability of such 13

provider. The same immunities from liability enjoyed by such 1 2 providers shall extend as well to each employee of the 3 provider when such employee is acting in furtherance of the 4 provider's business, including the transportation of clients 5 served, as described in this subsection, in privately owned б vehicles. Such immunities shall not be applicable to a 7 provider or an employee who acts in a culpably negligent 8 manner or with willful and wanton disregard or unprovoked 9 physical aggression when such acts result in injury or death 10 or such acts proximately cause such injury or death; nor shall 11 such immunities be applicable to employees of the same provider when each is operating in the furtherance of the 12 13 provider's business, but they are assigned primarily to unrelated works within private or public employment. The same 14 immunity provisions enjoyed by a provider shall also apply to 15 any sole proprietor, partner, corporate officer or director, 16 17 supervisor, or other person who in the course and scope of his or her duties acts in a managerial or policymaking capacity 18 19 and the conduct that caused the alleged injury arose within the course and scope of those managerial or policymaking 20 duties. Culpable negligence is defined as reckless 21 indifference or grossly careless disregard of human life. 22 (h)(f) Any subcontractor of an eligible lead 23 community-based provider, as defined in paragraph (d)(b), 24 which is a direct provider of foster care and related services 25 to children and families, and its employees or officers, 26 27 except as otherwise provided in paragraph(g)(e), must, as a 28 part of its contract, obtain a minimum of \$1 million per 29 claim/\$3 million per incident in general liability insurance coverage. The subcontractor of an eligible lead 30 31 community-based provider must also require that staff who

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1 transport client children and families in their personal automobiles in order to carry out their job responsibilities 2 3 obtain minimum bodily injury liability insurance in the amount of \$100,000 per claim, \$300,000 per incident on their personal 4 5 automobiles. In any tort action brought against such б subcontractor or employee, net economic damages shall be 7 limited to \$1 million per liability claim and \$100,000 per 8 automobile claim, including, but not limited to, past and 9 future medical expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning 10 capacity, offset by any collateral source payment paid or 11 payable. In any tort action brought against such subcontractor, noneconomic damages shall be limited to 12 \$200,000 per claim. A claims bill may be brought on behalf of 13 a claimant pursuant to s. 768.28 for any amount exceeding the 14 limits specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral 15 source payments made as of the date of the settlement or 16 judgment shall be in accordance with s. 768.76. 17 (i)<del>(g)</del> The liability of a subcontractor of an eligible 18 19 lead community-based provider that is a direct provider of foster care and related services as described in this section 20 21 shall be exclusive and in place of all other liability of such provider. The same immunities from liability enjoyed by such 22 subcontractor provider shall extend as well to each employee 23 24 of the subcontractor when such employee is acting in 25 furtherance of the subcontractor's business, including the transportation of clients served, as described in this 26 27 subsection, in privately owned vehicles. Such immunities shall 28 not be applicable to a subcontractor or an employee who acts 29 in a culpably negligent manner or with willful and wanton disregard or unprovoked physical aggression when such acts 30 31 result in injury or death or such acts proximately cause such 15

1 injury or death; nor shall such immunities be applicable to 2 employees of the same subcontractor when each is operating in 3 the furtherance of the subcontractor's business, but they are 4 assigned primarily to unrelated works within private or public 5 employment. The same immunity provisions enjoyed by a б subcontractor shall also apply to any sole proprietor, 7 partner, corporate officer or director, supervisor, or other 8 person who in the course and scope of his or her duties acts 9 in a managerial or policymaking capacity and the conduct that 10 caused the alleged injury arose within the course and scope of 11 those managerial or policymaking duties. Culpable negligence is defined as reckless indifference or grossly careless 12 13 disregard of human life.

(j)(h) The Legislature is cognizant of the increasing 14 15 costs of goods and services each year and recognizes that fixing a set amount of compensation actually has the effect of 16 17 a reduction in compensation each year. Accordingly, the 18 conditional limitations on damages in this section shall be 19 increased at the rate of 5 percent each year, prorated from 20 the effective date of this paragraph to the date at which 21 damages subject to such limitations are awarded by final 22 judgment or settlement.

(2)(a) The department may contract for the delivery, 23 24 administration, or management of protective services, the 25 services specified in subsection (1) relating to foster care, and other related services or programs, as appropriate. The 26 department shall retain responsibility for the quality of 27 28 contracted services and programs and shall ensure that 29 services are delivered in accordance with applicable federal and state statutes and regulations. The department must adopt 30 31 written policies and procedures for monitoring the contract

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1 for delivery of services by lead community-based providers. These policies and procedures must, at a minimum, address the 2 3 evaluation of fiscal accountability and program operations, including provider achievement of performance standards, 4 5 provider monitoring of subcontractors, and timely followup of б corrective actions for significant monitoring findings related 7 to providers and subcontractors. These policies and procedures 8 must also include provisions for reducing the duplication of 9 the department's program monitoring activities both internally 10 and with other agencies, to the extent possible. The 11 department's written procedures must assure that the written findings, conclusions, and recommendations from monitoring the 12 contract for services of lead community-based providers are 13 14 communicated to the director of the provider agency as expeditiously as possible. 15 (b) Persons employed by the department in the 16 17 provision of foster care and related services whose positions are being privatized pursuant to this statute shall be given 18 19 hiring preference by the provider, if provider qualifications 20 are met. (3)(a) In order to help ensure a seamless child 21 protection system, the department shall ensure that contracts 22 entered into with community-based agencies pursuant to this 23 24 section include provisions for a case-transfer process to 25 determine the date that the community-based agency will initiate the appropriate services for a child and family. This 26 case-transfer process must clearly identify the closure of the 27 28 protective investigation and the initiation of service 29 provision. At the point of case transfer, and at the conclusion of an investigation, the department must provide a 30 31

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1 complete summary of the findings of the investigation to the 2 community-based agency. 3 (b) The contracts must also ensure that each 4 community-based agency shall furnish information on its 5 activities in all cases in client case records regular status б reports of its cases to the department as specified in the 7 contract. A provider may not discontinue services on any 8 voluntary case without prior written notification to the department 30 days before planned case closure. If the 9 10 department disagrees with the recommended case closure, 11 written notification to the provider must be provided before the case-closure date. without prior written notification to 12 the department. After discontinuing services to a child or a 13 child and family, the community-based agency must provide a 14 15 written case summary, including its assessment of the child 16 and family, to the department. 17 (c) The contract between the department and community-based agencies must include provisions that specify 18 19 the procedures to be used by the parties to resolve 20 differences in interpreting the contract or to resolve 21 disputes as to the adequacy of the parties' compliance with their respective obligations under the contract. 22 23 (4)(a) The department shall establish a quality 24 assurance program for privatized services. The quality assurance program shall be based on standards established by a 25 national accrediting organization such as the Council on 26 27 Accreditation of Services for Families and Children, Inc. (COA) or CARF--the Rehabilitation Accreditation Commission. 28 29 The department may develop a request for proposal for such 30 oversight. This program must be developed and administered at 31 a statewide level. The Legislature intends that the department 18

1 be permitted to have limited flexibility to use funds for 2 improving quality assurance. To this end, effective January 1, 3 2000, the department may transfer up to 0.125 percent of the total funds from categories used to pay for these 4 5 contractually provided services, but the total amount of such 6 transferred funds may not exceed \$300,000 in any fiscal year. 7 When necessary, the department may establish, in accordance 8 with s. 216.177, additional positions that will be exclusively 9 devoted to these functions. Any positions required under this 10 paragraph may be established, notwithstanding ss. 11 216.262(1)(a) and 216.351. The department, in consultation with the community-based agencies that are undertaking the 12 privatized projects, shall establish minimum thresholds for 13 each component of service, consistent with standards 14 established by the Legislature. Each program operated under 15 contract with a community-based agency must be evaluated 16 17 annually by the department. The department shall submit an 18 annual report regarding quality performance, outcome measure 19 attainment, and cost efficiency to the President of the 20 Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the minority leader of each house of the Legislature, and the 21 Governor no later than January 31 of each year for each 22 project in operation during the preceding fiscal year. 23 24 (b) The department shall use these findings in making 25 recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature for future program and funding priorities in the child welfare system. 26 27 (5)(a) The community-based agency must comply with 28 statutory requirements and agency rules in the provision of 29 contractual services. Each foster home, therapeutic foster home, emergency shelter, or other placement facility operated 30 31 by the community-based agency or agencies must be licensed by 19

1 the Department of Children and Family Services under chapter 2 402 or this chapter. Each community-based agency must be 3 licensed as a child-caring or child-placing agency by the department under this chapter. The department, in order to 4 5 eliminate or reduce the number of duplicate inspections by б various program offices, shall coordinate inspections required 7 pursuant to licensure of agencies under this section. 8 (b) Substitute care providers who are licensed under 9 s. 409.175 and have contracted with a lead agency authorized 10 under this section shall also be authorized to provide 11 registered or licensed family day care under s. 402.313, if consistent with federal law and if the home has met + 12 1. the requirements of s. 402.313.; and 13 14 2. The requirements of s. 402.281 and has received Gold Seal Quality Care designation. 15 (c) A dually licensed home under this section shall be 16 17 eligible to receive both an out-of-home care payment and a 18 subsidized child care payment for the same child pursuant to 19 federal law. The department may adopt administrative rules necessary to administer this paragraph the foster care board 20 21 rate and the subsidized child care rate for the same child only if care is provided 24 hours a day. The subsidized child 22 care rate shall be no more than the approved full-time rate. 23 (6) Beginning January 1, 1999, and continuing at least 24 25 through June 30, 2000, the Department of Children and Family Services shall privatize all foster care and related services 26 27 in district 5 while continuing to contract with the current model programs in districts 1, 4, and 13, and in subdistrict 28 29 8A, and shall expand the subdistrict 8A pilot program to incorporate Manatee County. Planning for the district 5 30 31 privatization shall be done by providers that are currently 20

1 under contract with the department for foster care and related 2 services and shall be done in consultation with the 3 department. A lead provider of the district 5 program shall 4 be competitively selected, must demonstrate the ability to 5 provide necessary comprehensive services through a local б network of providers, and must meet criteria established in 7 this section. Contracts with organizations responsible for the 8 model programs must include the management and administration 9 of all privatized services specified in subsection (1). 10 However, the department may use funds for contract management 11 only after obtaining written approval from the Executive Office of the Governor. The request for such approval must 12 include, but is not limited to, a statement of the proposed 13 amount of such funds and a description of the manner in which 14 such funds will be used. If the community-based organization 15 selected for a model program under this subsection is not a 16 17 Medicaid provider, the organization shall be issued a Medicaid provider number pursuant to s. 409.907 for the provision of 18 19 services currently authorized under the state Medicaid plan to 20 those children encompassed in this model and in a manner not to exceed the current level of state expenditure. 21 (7) The department, in consultation with existing lead 22 agencies, shall develop a statewide proposal regarding the 23 24 long-term use and structure of a shared-earnings program which 25 addresses is authorized to establish and administer a risk pool to reduce the financial risk to eligible lead 26 community-based providers resulting from unanticipated 27 28 caseload growth or from significant changes in client mixes or 29 services eligible for federal reimbursement. The 30 recommendations in the statewide proposal must also be 31 available to entities of the department until the conversion

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1 to community-based care takes place. At a minimum, the proposal must allow federal earnings received from child 2 3 welfare programs that are determined by the department to be in excess of the amount appropriated in the General 4 5 Appropriations Act. These purposes include, but are not б limited to: 7 (a) Significant changes in the number or composition 8 of clients eligible to receive services. 9 (b) Significant changes in the services that are 10 eligible for reimbursement. 11 Significant changes in the availability of federal (C) 12 funds. 13 (d) Shortfalls in state funds available for eligible 14 or ineligible services. Significant changes in the mix of available funds. 15 (e) Scheduled or unanticipated, but necessary, 16 (f) 17 advances to providers or other cash-flow issues. 18 Proposals to participate in optional Medicaid (g) 19 services or other federal grant opportunities. 20 (h) Appropriate incentive structures. Continuity of care in the event of lead-agency 21 (i) failure, discontinuance of service, or financial misconduct. 22 23 24 The department shall further specify the necessary steps to ensure the financial integrity of these dollars and their 25 continued availability on an ongoing basis. The final proposal 26 27 shall be submitted to the Legislative Budget Commission for formal adoption before December 31, 2002. If the Legislative 28 29 Budget Commission refuses to concur with the adoption of the 30 proposal, the department shall present its proposal in the form of recommended legislation to the President of the Senate 31

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1 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives before the commencement of the next legislative session. 2 3 (8) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 215.425, all documented federal funds earned for the current fiscal year by 4 5 the department and community-based agencies which exceed the б amount appropriated by the Legislature shall be distributed to 7 all entities that contributed to the excess earnings based on 8 a schedule and methodology developed by the department and 9 approved by the Executive Office of the Governor. Distribution 10 shall be pro rata based on total earnings and shall be made 11 only to those entities that contributed to excess earnings. Excess earnings of community-based agencies shall be used only 12 13 in the service district in which they were earned. Additional state funds appropriated by the Legislature for 14 community-based agencies or made available pursuant to the 15 budgetary amendment process described in s. 216.177 shall be 16 17 transferred to the community-based agencies. The department 18 shall amend a community-based agency's contract to permit 19 expenditure of the funds. The distribution program applies 20 only to entities that were under privatization contracts as of July 1, 2002 1999. This program is authorized for a period of 21 3 years beginning July 1, 1999, and ending June 30, 2002. The 22 Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government 23 24 Accountability shall review this program and report to the 25 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 31, 2001. The review shall assess 26 27 the program to determine how the additional resources were used, the number of additional clients served, the 28 29 improvements in quality of service attained, the performance outcomes associated with the additional resources, and the 30 31 feasibility of continuing or expanding this program. 23

1	(9) Each district and subdistrict that participates in
2	the model program effort or any future privatization effort as
3	described in this section must thoroughly analyze and report
4	the complete direct and indirect costs of delivering these
5	services through the department and the full cost of
б	privatization, including the cost of monitoring and evaluating
7	the contracted services.
8	Section 4. Section 409.1676, Florida Statutes, is
9	amended to read:
10	409.1676 Comprehensive residential group care services
11	to children who have extraordinary needs
12	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide
13	comprehensive residential group care services, including
14	residential care, case management, and other services, to
15	children in the child protection system who have extraordinary
16	needs, such as serious behavioral problems or having been
17	determined to be without the options of either reunification
18	with family or adoption. These services are to be provided in
19	a residential group care setting by a not-for-profit
20	corporation or a local government entity under a contract with
21	the Department of Children and Family Services or by a lead
22	agency as described in s. 409.1671. These contracts should be
23	designed to provide an identified number of children with
24	access to a full array of services for a fixed price.
25	(2) As used in this section, the term:
26	(a) "Residential group care" means a living
27	environment for children who have been adjudicated dependent
28	and are expected to be in foster care for at least 6 months
29	with 24-hour-awake staff or live-in group home parents or
30	staff. Beginning July 1, 2001, all facilities must be
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appropriately licensed in this state, and they must be
 accredited by July 1, 2005.

3 (b) "Serious behavioral problems" means behaviors of 4 children who have been assessed by a licensed master's-level 5 human-services professional to need at a minimum intensive б services but who do not meet the criteria of s. 394.492(6) or 7 (7). A child with an emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(5) may be served in residential group care unless a 8 9 determination is made by a mental health professional that 10 such a setting is inappropriate.

11 (3) The department, in accordance with a specific appropriation for this program, shall contract with a 12 not-for-profit corporation, a local government entity, or the 13 lead agency that has been established in accordance with s. 14 409.1671 for the performance of residential group care 15 services described in this section in, at a minimum, districts 16 17 4, 11, 12, and the Suncoast Region of the Department of Children and Family Services and with a not-for-profit entity 18 19 serving children from multiple districts. A lead agency that 20 is currently providing residential care may provide this service directly with the approval of the local community 21 22 alliance. The department or a lead agency may contract for more than one site in a county if that is determined to be the 23 24 most effective way to achieve the goals set forth in this 25 section.

(4) The lead agency, the contracted not-for-profit corporation, or the local government entity is responsible for a comprehensive assessment, residential care, transportation, behavioral health services, recreational activities, clothing, supplies, and miscellaneous expenses associated with caring for these children; for necessary arrangement for or provision

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of educational services; and for assuring necessary and
 appropriate health and dental care.

3 (5) The department may transfer all casework 4 responsibilities for children served under this program to the 5 entity that provides this service, including case management б and development and implementation of a case plan in 7 accordance with current standards for child protection 8 services. When the department establishes this program in a 9 community that has a lead agency as described in s. 409.1671, 10 the casework responsibilities must be transferred to the lead 11 agency.

12 (6) This section does not prohibit any provider of 13 these services from appropriately billing Medicaid for 14 services rendered, from contracting with a local school 15 district for educational services, or from earning federal or 16 local funding for services provided, as long as two or more 17 funding sources do not pay for the same specific service that 18 has been provided to a child.

19 (7) The lead agency, not-for-profit corporation, or 20 local government entity has the legal authority for children 21 served under this program, as provided in chapter 39 or this 22 chapter, as appropriate, to enroll the child in school, to 23 sign for a driver's license for the child, to cosign loans and 24 insurance for the child, to sign for medical treatment, and to 25 authorize other such activities.

26 (8) The department shall provide technical assistance27 as requested and contract management services.

(9) The provisions of this section shall be
implemented to the extent of available appropriations
contained in the annual General Appropriations Act for such

31 purpose.

1 Section 5. Subsections (2) and (5) of section 409.175, 2 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3 409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential 4 child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies.--5 (2) As used in this section, the term: б (a) "Agency" means a residential child-caring agency 7 or a child-placing agency. 8 "Boarding school" means a school which is (b) registered with the Department of Education as a school. 9 Its 10 program must follow established school schedules, with holiday 11 breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must 12 customarily return to their family homes or legal quardians 13 during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, 14 15 except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and 16 17 financial responsibility. (c) "Child" means any unmarried person under the age 18 19 of 18 years. 20 "Child-placing agency" means any person, (d) 21 corporation, or agency, public or private, other than the parent or legal guardian of the child or an intermediary 22 acting pursuant to chapter 63, that receives a child for 23 24 placement and places or arranges for the placement of a child 25 in a family foster home, residential child-caring agency, or adoptive home. 26 27 "Family foster home" means a private residence in (e) 28 which children who are unattended by a parent or legal 29 guardian are provided 24-hour care. Such homes include emergency shelter family homes, family foster group homes, and 30 31 specialized foster homes for children with special needs. Α 27 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 person who cares for a child of a friend for a period not to 2 exceed 90 days, a relative who cares for a child and does not 3 receive reimbursement for such care from the state or federal government, or an adoptive home which has been approved by the 4 5 department or by a licensed child-placing agency for children б placed for adoption is not considered a family foster home. "Family Foster Group Home" means a licensed private 7 1. 8 family home occupied by a married couple or individual who has demonstrated the interest and special qualifications to care 9 10 for preadolescent and adolescent children, including the 11 family's own children. The family foster group home parent must be able to work in close cooperation with the department 12 and the child placing agency. The licensed capacity of each 13 home shall be based on the recommendation of the child placing 14 agency based on the needs of each child in care, the ability 15 of the foster family to meet the individual needs of each 16 child including any adoptive or biological children living in 17 the home, the amount of safe physical plant space, the ratio 18 19 of active and appropriate adult supervision, and the background experience and skill of the family foster parents. 20 a. If there are more than five children in a family 21 foster group home including the family's own children, there 22 must be an assessment completed by the child placing agency 23 24 documented in the licensure file, determining that the home 25 can appropriately meet the needs of all children living in the home. The appropriateness of the number of children in that 26 27 home must be reassessed annually as part of the relicensure 28 process. 29 In each family foster group home, a plan to address b. 30 supervision appropriate to the needs of all children living in 31 the home must be developed and approved by the child placing

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1 agency. The plan may or may not include the requirement for 24-hour-awake supervision, depending on the needs of the 2 3 children in the home. 4 c. In a family foster group home, at least one parent 5 must be a full time foster parent having no employment б commitment outside the home. 7 (f) "License" means "license" as defined in s. 8 120.52(9). A license under this section is issued to a family 9 foster home or other facility and is not a professional 10 license of any individual. Receipt of a license under this 11 section shall not create a property right in the recipient. A license under this act is a public trust and a privilege, and 12 13 is not an entitlement. This privilege must guide the finder of fact or trier of law at any administrative proceeding or court 14 15 action initiated by the department. "Operator" means any onsite person ultimately 16 (q) 17 responsible for the overall operation of a child-placing 18 agency, family foster home, or residential child-caring 19 agency, whether or not she or he is the owner or administrator 20 of such an agency or home. "Owner" means the person who is licensed to 21 (h) operate the child-placing agency, family foster home, or 22 23 residential child-caring agency. 24 (i) "Personnel" means all owners, operators, 25 employees, and volunteers working in a child-placing agency, family foster home, or residential child-caring agency who may 26 be employed by or do volunteer work for a person, corporation, 27 28 or agency which holds a license as a child-placing agency or a 29 residential child-caring agency, but the term does not include 30 those who do not work on the premises where child care is 31 furnished and either have no direct contact with a child or 29

1 have no contact with a child outside of the presence of the 2 child's parent or quardian. For purposes of screening, the 3 term shall include any member, over the age of 12 years, of 4 the family of the owner or operator or any person other than a 5 client, over the age of 12 years, residing with the owner or б operator if the agency or family foster home is located in or 7 adjacent to the home of the owner or operator or if the family 8 member of, or person residing with, the owner or operator has 9 any direct contact with the children. Members of the family of 10 the owner or operator, or persons residing with the owner or 11 operator, who are between the ages of 12 years and 18 years shall not be required to be fingerprinted, but shall be 12 13 screened for delinquency records. For purposes of screening, the term "personnel" shall also include owners, operators, 14 15 employees, and volunteers working in summer day camps, or summer 24-hour camps providing care for children. A volunteer 16 17 who assists on an intermittent basis for less than 40 hours per month shall not be included in the term "personnel" for 18 19 the purposes of screening, provided that the volunteer is 20 under direct and constant supervision by persons who meet the 21 personnel requirements of this section.

"Residential child-caring agency" means any 22 (j) person, corporation, or agency, public or private, other than 23 24 the child's parent or legal guardian, that provides staffed 25 24-hour care for children in facilities maintained for that purpose, regardless of whether operated for profit or whether 26 a fee is charged. Such residential child-caring agencies 27 28 include, but are not limited to, maternity homes, runaway 29 shelters, group homes that are administered by an agency, emergency shelters that are not in private residences, and 30 31 wilderness camps. Residential child-caring agencies do not

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1 include hospitals, boarding schools, summer or recreation 2 camps, nursing homes, or facilities operated by a governmental 3 agency for the training, treatment, or secure care of 4 delinquent youth, or facilities licensed under s. 393.067 or 5 s. 394.875 or chapter 397.

б (k) "Screening" means the act of assessing the 7 background of personnel and includes, but is not limited to, 8 employment history checks as provided in chapter 435, using 9 the level 2 standards for screening set forth in that chapter. 10 Screening for employees and volunteers in summer day camps and 11 summer 24-hour camps and screening for all volunteers included under the definition of "personnel" shall be conducted as 12 13 provided in chapter 435, using the level 1 standards set forth 14 in that chapter.

(1) "Summer day camp" means recreational, educational, and other enrichment programs operated during summer vacations for children who are 5 years of age on or before September 1 and older.

(m) "Summer 24-hour camp" means recreational, educational, and other enrichment programs operated on a 24-hour basis during summer vacation for children who are 5 years of age on or before September 1 and older, that are not exclusively educational.

(5)(a) An application for a license shall be made on forms provided, and in the manner prescribed, by the department. The department shall make a determination as to the good moral character of the applicant based upon screening.

(b) Upon application, the department shall conduct a licensing study based on its licensing rules; shall inspect the home or the agency and the records, including financial

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1 records, of the agency; and shall interview the applicant. 2 The department may authorize a licensed child-placing agency 3 to conduct the licensing study of a family foster home to be 4 used exclusively by that agency and to verify to the 5 department that the home meets the licensing requirements 6 established by the department. Upon certification by a 7 licensed child-placing agency that a family foster home meets 8 the licensing requirements, the department shall issue the 9 license.

10 (c) A licensed family foster home, child-placing 11 agency, or residential child-caring agency which applies for renewal of its license shall submit to the department a list 12 13 of personnel who have worked on a continuous basis at the applicant family foster home or agency since submitting 14 fingerprints to the department, identifying those for whom a 15 written assurance of compliance was provided by the department 16 17 and identifying those personnel who have recently begun 18 working at the family foster home or agency and are awaiting 19 the results of the required fingerprint check, along with the 20 date of the submission of those fingerprints for processing. The department shall by rule determine the frequency of 21 requests to the Department of Law Enforcement to run state 22 criminal records checks for such personnel except for those 23 24 personnel awaiting the results of initial fingerprint checks 25 for employment at the applicant family foster home or agency. (d)1. The department may pursue other remedies 26 27 provided in this section in addition to denial or revocation 28 of a license for failure to comply with the screening 29 requirements. The disciplinary actions determination to be made by the department and the procedure for hearing for 30 31

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applicants and licensees shall be in accordance with chapter
 120.

2. When the department has reasonable cause to believe that grounds for denial or termination of employment exist, it shall notify, in writing, the applicant, licensee, or summer or recreation camp, and the personnel affected, stating the specific record which indicates noncompliance with the screening requirements.

9 3. Procedures established for hearing under chapter 10 120 shall be available to the applicant, licensee, summer day 11 camp, or summer 24-hour camp, and affected personnel, in order 12 to present evidence relating either to the accuracy of the 13 basis for exclusion or to the denial of an exemption from 14 disqualification.

4. Refusal on the part of an applicant to dismiss personnel who have been found not to be in compliance with the requirements for good moral character of personnel shall result in automatic denial or revocation of license in addition to any other remedies provided in this section which may be pursued by the department.

(e) At the request of the department, the local county health department shall inspect a home or agency according to the licensing rules promulgated by the department. Inspection reports shall be furnished to the department within 30 days of the request. Such an inspection shall only be required when called for by the licensing agency.

(f) All residential child-caring agencies must meet firesafety standards for such agencies adopted by the Division of State Fire Marshal of the Department of Insurance and must be inspected annually. At the request of the department,

31 firesafety inspections shall be conducted by the Division of

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State Fire Marshal or a local fire department official who has
 been certified by the division as having completed the
 training requirements for persons inspecting such agencies.
 Inspection reports shall be furnished to the department within
 30 days of a request.

6 (g) In the licensing process, the licensing staff of 7 the department shall provide consultation on request.

(h) Upon determination that the applicant meets the 8 9 state minimum licensing requirements, the department shall 10 issue a license without charge to a specific person or agency 11 at a specific location. A license may be issued if all the screening materials have been timely submitted; however, a 12 13 license may not be issued or renewed if any person at the home or agency has failed the required screening. The license is 14 nontransferable. A copy of the license shall be displayed in a 15 conspicuous place. Except as provided in paragraph (j), the 16 17 license is valid for 1 year from the date of issuance, unless 18 the license is suspended or revoked by the department or is 19 voluntarily surrendered by the licensee. The license is the 20 property of the department.

(i) A license issued for the operation of a family 21 22 foster home or agency, unless sooner suspended, revoked, or voluntarily returned, will expire automatically 1 year from 23 24 the date of issuance except as provided in paragraph (j). 25 Ninety days prior to the expiration date, an application for renewal shall be submitted to the department by a licensee who 26 wishes to have the license renewed. A license shall be 27 28 renewed upon the filing of an application on forms furnished 29 by the department if the applicant has first met the requirements established under this section and the rules 30 31 promulgated hereunder.

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1 (j) Except for a family foster group home having a 2 licensed capacity for more than five children, the department 3 may issue a license that is valid for longer than 1 year but no longer than 3 years to a family foster home that: 4 5 Has maintained a license with the department as a 1 б family foster home for at least the 3 previous consecutive 7 vears; 8 2. Remains in good standing with the department; and 9 3. Has not been the subject of a report of child abuse 10 or neglect with any findings of maltreatment. 11 A family foster home that has been issued a license valid for 12 13 longer than 1 year must be monitored and visited as frequently 14 as one that has been issued a 1-year license. The department reserves the right to reduce a licensure period to 1 year at 15 16 any time. 17 (k) The department may not license summer day camps or summer 24-hour camps. However, the department shall have 18 19 access to the personnel records of such facilities to ensure 20 compliance with the screening requirements. 21 Section 6. Subsection (24) of section 409.906, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 22 409.906 Optional Medicaid services.--Subject to 23 24 specific appropriations, the agency may make payments for services which are optional to the state under Title XIX of 25 the Social Security Act and are furnished by Medicaid 26 providers to recipients who are determined to be eliqible on 27 28 the dates on which the services were provided. Any optional 29 service that is provided shall be provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with state and federal law. 30 31 Optional services rendered by providers in mobile units to 35

1 Medicaid recipients may be restricted or prohibited by the 2 agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent 3 or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, 4 lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or 5 making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the б availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 7 provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. 8 If necessary to safequard the state's systems of providing 9 services to elderly and disabled persons and subject to the 10 notice and review provisions of s. 216.177, the Governor may 11 direct the Agency for Health Care Administration to amend the Medicaid state plan to delete the optional Medicaid service 12 13 known as "Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled." Optional services may include: 14

(24) CHILD-WELFARE-TARGETED CASE MANAGEMENT.--The 15 Agency for Health Care Administration, in consultation with 16 17 the Department of Children and Family Services, may establish 18 a targeted case-management pilot project in those counties 19 identified by the Department of Children and Family Services 20 and for all counties with a the community-based child welfare project in Sarasota and Manatee counties, as authorized under 21 22 s. 409.1671, which have been specifically approved by the department. These projects shall be established for the 23 24 purpose of determining the impact of targeted case management 25 on the child welfare program and the earnings from the child welfare program. Results of targeted case management the pilot 26 projects shall be reported to the Child Welfare Estimating 27 28 Conference and the Social Services Estimating Conference 29 established under s. 216.136. The number of projects may not be increased until requested by the Department of Children and 30 31 Family Services, recommended by the Child Welfare Estimating

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1 Conference and the Social Services Estimating Conference, and 2 approved by the Legislature. The covered group of individuals 3 who are eligible to receive targeted case management include children who are eligible for Medicaid; who are between the 4 5 ages of birth through 21; and who are under protective б supervision or postplacement supervision, under foster-care 7 supervision, or in shelter care or foster care. The number of 8 individuals who are eligible to receive targeted case management shall be limited to the number for whom the 9 10 Department of Children and Family Services has available 11 matching funds to cover the costs. The general revenue funds required to match the funds for services provided by the 12 community-based child welfare projects are limited to funds 13 available for services described under s. 409.1671. The 14 Department of Children and Family Services may transfer the 15 general revenue matching funds as billed by the Agency for 16 17 Health Care Administration. Section 7. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and 18 19 Government Accountability, in consultation with the Department 20 of Children and Family Services and the Agency for Health Care 21 Administration, shall conduct a review of the process for placing children for residential mental health treatment as 22 specified in section 39.407(5), Florida Statutes. This review 23 24 is to be used to determine whether changes are needed in this 25 process. The integrity of the examination process that is intended to assure that only a child with an emotional 26 27 disturbance or a serious emotional disturbance is placed in a 28 residential mental health facility and to assure that a child 29 who is diagnosed with an emotional disturbance or a serious 30 emotional disturbance receives the most appropriate mental 31 health treatment in the least-restrictive setting must be

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1	maintained. The review shall analyze and make recommendations
1 2	relative to issues pertinent to the process such as the number
∠ 3	of children who are assessed and the outcomes of the
4	assessments, the costs associated with the suitability
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	assessments based on geographic differentials, delays in
6 7	receiving appropriate mental health treatment services in both
	residential and nonresidential settings which can be
8	attributed to the assessment process, and the need to expand
9	the mental health professional groups who may conduct the
10	suitability assessment. The Department of Children and Family
11	Services shall submit a report of its findings and any
12	proposed changes to substantive law to the Office of the
13	Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the
14	House of Representatives by January 1, 2003.
15	Section 8. For fiscal year 2003-2004 and annually
16	thereafter, the Department of Children and Family Services
17	shall request, and the Governor shall recommend, the funding
18	necessary to carry out section 409.1671(7)(i), Florida
19	Statutes, in its legislative budget request from excess
20	federal earnings. The General Appropriations Act shall include
21	any funds appropriated for this purpose in a lump sum in the
22	Administered Funds Program. The department shall submit a
23	detailed operational plan, which must include the
24	identification of the sources of specific trust funds to be
25	used to cover the costs of the continuation of child welfare
26	services. The release of the trust fund shall be subject to
27	the notice and review provisions of section 216.177, Florida
28	Statutes. However, the release shall not require approval of
29	the Legislative Budget Commission.
30	Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002.
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1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2	Senate Bill 632
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4	Dominant that any funding ingroaded for "Greatel Categories.
5	Requires that any funding increases for "Special Categories: Grants and Aids-Residential Group Care" be appropriated in a "lump-sum" category.
6	Specifies a process for appropriating funds in a lump sum in
7	the Administered Funds Program, beginning with fiscal year
8	2003-2004, to carry out the foster care and related services if the community-based provider fails or discontinues to
9	provide services or if the community-based provider engages in financial misconduct.
10	Modifies the provision for dual licensure for foster parents who are also licensed as family day care providers by removing
11	the requirement for Gold Seal Quality Care designation and
12	specifying that the provider may receive both an out-of-home care payment and a subsidized child care payment for the same
13	child.
14	Creates a statutory definition for "family foster group home" which would continue to be licensed as a family foster home
15	but with the potential for added flexibility in terms of capacity and supervision.
16	Requires that the Office of Program Policy Analysis and
17	Government Accountability rather than the Department of Children and Family Services conduct a review of the process
18	for placing children who are in the state's custody in residential mental health treatment facilities.
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