Amendment No. \_\_\_ (for drafter's use only)

	CHAMBER ACTION
	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u> .
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11	Representative(s) Murman offered the following:
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13	Amendment (with title amendment)
14	Remove everything after the enacting clause
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16	and insert:
17	Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 39.521, Florida
18	Statutes, is repealed.
19	Section 2. Section 39.523, Florida Statutes, is
20	created to read:
21	39.523 Placement in residential group care
22	(1) Except as provided in s. 39.407, any dependent
23	child 11 years of age or older who has been in licensed family
24	foster care for 6 months or longer and who is then moved more
25	than once and who is a child with extraordinary needs as
26	defined in s. 409.1676 must be assessed for placement in
27	licensed residential group care. The assessment procedures
28	shall be conducted by the department or its agent and shall
29	incorporate and address current and historical information
30	from any psychological testing or evaluation that has
31	occurred; current and historical information from the guardian
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ad litem, if one has been assigned; current and historical
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    information from any current therapist, teacher, or other
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    professional who has knowledge of the child and has worked
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    with the child; information regarding the placement of any
    siblings of the child and the impact of the child's placement
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    in residential group care on the child's siblings; the
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    circumstances necessitating the moves of the child while in
    family foster care and the recommendations of the former
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    foster families, if available; the status of the child's case
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    plan and a determination as to the impact of placing the child
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    in residential group care on the goals of the case plan; the
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    age, maturity, and desires of the child concerning placement;
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    the availability of any less restrictive, more family-like
    setting for the child in which the foster parents have the
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   necessary training and skills for providing a suitable
    placement for the child; and any other information concerning
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    the availability of suitable residential group care. If such
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   placement is determined to be appropriate as a result of this
    procedure, the child must be placed in residential group care,
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    if available.
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- (2) The results of the assessment described in subsection (1) and the actions taken as a result of the assessment must be included in the next judicial review of the child. At each subsequent judicial review, the court must be advised in writing of the status of the child's placement, with special reference regarding the stability of the placement and the permanency planning for the child.
- (3) Any residential group care facility that receives children under the provisions of this subsection shall establish special permanency teams dedicated to overcoming the special permanency challenges presented by this population of

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Amendment No. \_\_\_ (for drafter's use only)

children. Each facility shall report to the department its success in achieving permanency for children placed by the department in its care at intervals that allow the current information to be provided to the court at each judicial review for the child.

- (4) This section does not prohibit the department from assessing and placing children who do not meet the criteria in subsection (1) in residential group care if such placement is the most appropriate placement for such children.
- (5)(a) By December 1 of each year, the department shall report to the Legislature on the placement of children in licensed residential group care during the year, including the criteria used to determine the placement of children, the number of children who were evaluated for placement, the number of children who were placed based upon the evaluation, and the number of children who were not placed. The department shall maintain data specifying the number of children who were referred to licensed residential child care for whom placement was unavailable and the counties in which such placement was unavailable. The department shall include this data in its report to the Legislature due on December 1, so that the Legislature may consider this information in developing the General Appropriations Act.
- (b) As part of the report required in paragraph (a), the department shall also provide a detailed account of the expenditures incurred for "Special Categories: Grants and Aids Specialized Residential Group Care Services" for the fiscal year immediately preceding the date of the report. This section of the report must include whatever supporting data is necessary to demonstrate full compliance with paragraph

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and must specify, at a minimum, the number of additional beds, the average rate per bed, the number of additional persons served, and a description of the enhanced and expanded services provided.
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- (6)(a) The provisions of this section shall be implemented to the extent of available appropriations contained in the annual General Appropriations Act for such purpose.
- (b) Each year, funds included in the General

  Appropriations Act for Enhanced Residential Group Care as

  provided for in s. 409.1676, shall be appropriated in a

  separately identified special category that is designated in

  the act as "Special Categories: Grants and Aids Specialized

  Residential Group Care Services."
- (c) Each fiscal year, all funding increases for Enhanced Residential Group Care as provided in s. 409.1676, which are included in the General Appropriations Act shall be appropriated in a lump-sum category as defined in s. 216.011(1)(aa). In accordance with s. 216.181(6)(a), the Executive Office of the Governor shall require the department to submit a spending plan that identifies the residential group care bed capacity shortage throughout the state and proposes a distribution formula by district which addresses the reported deficiencies. The spending plan must have as its first priority the reduction or elimination of any bed shortage identified and must also provide for program enhancements to ensure that residential group care programs meet a minimum level of expected performance and provide for expansion of the comprehensive residential group care services described in s. 409.1676. Annual appropriation increases

appropriated in the lump-sum appropriation must be used in

## accordance with the provisions of the spending plan.

(d) Funds from "Special Categories: Grants and Aids - Specialized Residential Group Care Services" may be used as one-time startup funding for residential group care purposes that include, but are not limited to, remodeling or renovation of existing facilities, construction costs, leasing costs, purchase of equipment and furniture, site development, and other necessary and reasonable costs associated with the startup of facilities or programs upon the recommendation of the lead community-based provider if one exists and upon specific approval of the terms and conditions by the secretary of the department.

Section 3. Subsection (5) of section 39.407, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination and treatment of child; physical or mental examination of parent or person requesting custody of child.--
- (5) Children who are in the legal custody of the department may be placed by the department, without prior approval of the court, in a residential treatment center licensed under s. 394.875 or a hospital licensed under chapter 395 for residential mental health treatment only pursuant to this section or may be placed by the court in accordance with an order of involuntary examination or involuntary placement entered pursuant to s. 394.463 or s. 394.467. All children placed in a residential treatment program under this subsection must have a guardian ad litem appointed.
  - (a) As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "Residential treatment" means placement for observation, diagnosis, or treatment of an emotional

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- s. 394.875 or a hospital licensed under chapter 395.
- 2. "Least restrictive alternative" means the treatment and conditions of treatment that, separately and in combination, are no more intrusive or restrictive of freedom than reasonably necessary to achieve a substantial therapeutic benefit or to protect the child or adolescent or others from physical injury.
- 3. "Suitable for residential treatment" or "suitability" means a determination concerning a child or adolescent with an emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(5) or a serious emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(6) that each of the following criteria is met:
  - a. The child requires residential treatment.
- b. The child is in need of a residential treatment program and is expected to benefit from mental health treatment.
- c. An appropriate, less restrictive alternative to residential treatment is unavailable.
- (b) Whenever the department believes that a child in its legal custody is emotionally disturbed and may need residential treatment, an examination and suitability assessment must be conducted by a qualified evaluator who is appointed by the Agency for Health Care Administration. This suitability assessment must be completed before the placement of the child in a residential treatment center for emotionally disturbed children and adolescents or a hospital. The qualified evaluator must be a psychiatrist or a psychologist licensed in Florida who has at least 3 years of experience in the diagnosis and treatment of serious emotional disturbances in children and adolescents and who has no actual or perceived conflict of interest with any inpatient facility or

residential treatment center or program.

- (c) Before a child is admitted under this subsection, the child shall be assessed for suitability for residential treatment by a qualified evaluator who has conducted a personal examination and assessment of the child and has made written findings that:
- 1. The child appears to have an emotional disturbance serious enough to require residential treatment and is reasonably likely to benefit from the treatment.
- 2. The child has been provided with a clinically appropriate explanation of the nature and purpose of the treatment.
- 3. All available modalities of treatment less restrictive than residential treatment have been considered, and a less restrictive alternative that would offer comparable benefits to the child is unavailable.

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A copy of the written findings of the evaluation and suitability assessment must be provided to the department and to the guardian ad litem, who shall have the opportunity to discuss the findings with the evaluator.

- (d) Immediately upon placing a child in a residential treatment program under this section, the department must notify the guardian ad litem and the court having jurisdiction over the child and must provide the guardian ad litem and the court with a copy of the assessment by the qualified evaluator.
- (e) Within 10 days after the admission of a child to a residential treatment program, the director of the residential treatment program or the director's designee must ensure that an individualized plan of treatment has been prepared by the

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Amendment No. \_\_\_\_ (for drafter's use only)

program and has been explained to the child, to the department, and to the guardian ad litem, and submitted to the department. The child must be involved in the preparation of the plan to the maximum feasible extent consistent with his or her ability to understand and participate, and the guardian ad litem and the child's foster parents must be involved to the maximum extent consistent with the child's treatment needs. The plan must include a preliminary plan for residential treatment and aftercare upon completion of residential treatment. The plan must include specific behavioral and emotional goals against which the success of the residential treatment may be measured. A copy of the plan must be provided to the child, to the guardian ad litem, and to the department.

- (f) Within 30 days after admission, the residential treatment program must review the appropriateness and suitability of the child's placement in the program. The residential treatment program must determine whether the child is receiving benefit towards the treatment goals and whether the child could be treated in a less restrictive treatment program. The residential treatment program shall prepare a written report of its findings and submit the report to the guardian ad litem and to the department. The department must submit the report to the court. The report must include a discharge plan for the child. The residential treatment program must continue to evaluate the child's treatment progress every 30 days thereafter and must include its findings in a written report submitted to the department. The department may not reimburse a facility until the facility has submitted every written report that is due.
- (g)1. The department must submit, at the beginning of each month, to the court having jurisdiction over the child, a

written report regarding the child's progress towards achieving the goals specified in the individualized plan of treatment.

- 2. The court must conduct a hearing to review the status of the child's residential treatment plan no later than 3 months after the child's admission to the residential treatment program. An independent review of the child's progress towards achieving the goals and objectives of the treatment plan must be completed by a qualified evaluator and submitted to the court before its 3-month review.
- 3. For any child in residential treatment at the time a judicial review is held pursuant to s. 39.701, the child's continued placement in residential treatment must be a subject of the judicial review.
- 4. If at any time the court determines that the child is not suitable for continued residential treatment, the court shall order the department to place the child in the least restrictive setting that is best suited to meet his or her needs.
- (h) After the initial 3-month review, the court must conduct a review of the child's residential treatment plan every 90 days.
- (i) The department must adopt rules for implementing timeframes for the completion of suitability assessments by qualified evaluators and a procedure that includes timeframes for completing the 3-month independent review by the qualified evaluators of the child's progress towards achieving the goals and objectives of the treatment plan which review must be submitted to the court. The Agency for Health Care Administration must adopt rules for the registration of qualified evaluators, the procedure for selecting the

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Amendment No. \_\_\_ (for drafter's use only)

evaluators to conduct the reviews required under this section, and a reasonable, cost-efficient fee schedule for qualified evaluators.

Section 4. Section 409.1671, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.1671 Foster care and related services; privatization.--

(1)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Children and Family Services shall privatize the provision of foster care and related services statewide. It is further the Legislature's intent to encourage communities and other stakeholders in the well-being of children to participate in assuring that children are safe and well-nurtured. However, while recognizing that some local governments are presently funding portions of certain foster care and related services programs and may choose to expand such funding in the future, the Legislature does not intend by its privatization of foster care and related services that any county, municipality, or special district be required to assist in funding programs that previously have been funded by the state. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits any county, municipality, or special district from future voluntary funding participation in foster care and related services. As used in this section, the term "privatize" means to contract with competent, community-based agencies. The department shall submit a plan to accomplish privatization statewide, through a competitive process, phased in over a 3-year period beginning January 1, 2000. This plan must be developed with local community participation, including, but not limited to, input from community-based providers that are currently under contract with the department to furnish community-based foster

03/05/02

10:32 am

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Amendment No. \_\_\_ (for drafter's use only)

care and related services, and must include a methodology for 1 2 determining and transferring all available funds, including 3 federal funds that the provider is eligible for and agrees to 4 earn and that portion of general revenue funds which is 5 currently associated with the services that are being furnished under contract. The methodology must provide for the 6 7 transfer of funds appropriated and budgeted for all services 8 and programs that have been incorporated into the project, including all management, capital (including current furniture 9 10 and equipment), and administrative funds to accomplish the 11 transfer of these programs. This methodology must address 12 expected workload and at least the 3 previous years' 13 experience in expenses and workload. With respect to any 14 district or portion of a district in which privatization 15 cannot be accomplished within the 3-year timeframe, the department must clearly state in its plan the reasons the 16 17 timeframe cannot be met and the efforts that should be made to remediate the obstacles, which may include alternatives to 18 total privatization, such as public-private partnerships. As 19 used in this section, the term "related services" includes, 20 but is not limited to, family preservation, independent 21 living, emergency shelter, residential group care, foster 22 care, therapeutic foster care, intensive residential 23 24 treatment, foster care supervision, case management, 25 postplacement supervision, permanent foster care, and family reunification. Unless otherwise provided for, beginning in 26 27 fiscal year 1999-2000, either the state attorney or the Office of the Attorney General shall provide child welfare legal 28 29 services, pursuant to chapter 39 and other relevant provisions, in Sarasota, Pinellas, Pasco, Broward, and Manatee 30 Counties. Such legal services shall commence and be

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effective, as soon as determined reasonably feasible by the
respective state attorney or the Office of the Attorney
General, after the privatization of associated programs and
child protective investigations has occurred. When a private
nonprofit agency has received case management
responsibilities, transferred from the state under this
section, for a child who is sheltered or found to be dependent
and who is assigned to the care of the privatization project,
the agency may act as the child's quardian for the purpose of
registering the child in school if a parent or guardian of the
child is unavailable and his or her whereabouts cannot
reasonably be ascertained. The private nonprofit agency may
also seek emergency medical attention for such a child, but
only if a parent or quardian of the child is unavailable, his
or her whereabouts cannot reasonably be ascertained, and a
court order for such emergency medical services cannot be
obtained because of the severity of the emergency or because
it is after normal working hours. However, the provider may
not consent to sterilization, abortion, or termination of life
support. If a child's parents' rights have been terminated,
the nonprofit agency shall act as guardian of the child in all
circumstances.
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(b) It is the intent of the Legislature that the department will continue to work towards full privatization by initiating the competitive procurement process in each county by January 1, 2003. In order to provide for an adequate transition period to develop the necessary administrative and service delivery capacity in each community, the full transfer of all foster care and related services must be completed statewide by December 31, 2004.

(c) (b) As used in this section, the term "eligible

lead community-based provider" means a single agency with which the department shall contract for the provision of child protective services in a community that is no smaller than a county. The secretary of the department may authorize more than one eligible lead community-based provider within a single county when to do so will result in more effective delivery of foster care and related services. To compete for a privatization project, such agency must have:

- 1. The ability to coordinate, integrate, and manage all child protective services in the designated community in cooperation with child protective investigations.
- 2. The ability to ensure continuity of care from entry to exit for all children referred from the protective investigation and court systems.
- 3. The ability to provide directly, or contract for through a local network of providers, all necessary child protective services.
- 4. The willingness to accept accountability for meeting the outcomes and performance standards related to child protective services established by the Legislature and the Federal Government.
- 5. The capability and the willingness to serve all children referred to it from the protective investigation and court systems, regardless of the level of funding allocated to the community by the state, provided all related funding is transferred.
- 6. The willingness to ensure that each individual who provides child protective services completes the training required of child protective service workers by the Department of Children and Family Services.
  - 7. The ability to maintain eligibility to receive all

03/05/02 10:32 am

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federal child welfare funds, including Title IV-E and IV-A funds, currently being used by the Department of Children and Family Services.

8. Written agreements with Healthy Families Florida lead entities in their community, pursuant to s. 409.153, to promote cooperative planning for the provision of prevention and intervention services.

If attempts to competitively procure services (d)<del>(c)</del>1. through an eligible lead community-based provider as defined in paragraph(c)(b)do not produce a capable and willing agency, the department shall develop a plan in collaboration with the local community alliance. The plan must detail how the community will continue to implement privatization, to be accomplished by December 31, 2004, through competitively procuring either the specific components of foster care and related services or comprehensive services for defined eligible populations of children and families from qualified licensed agencies as part of its efforts to develop the local capacity for a community-based system of coordinated care. The plan must ensure local control over the management and administration of the service provision in accordance with the intent of this section and may include recognized best business practices, including some form of public or private partnerships. In the absence of a community alliance, the plan must be submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives for their comments.

2. The Legislature finds that the state has traditionally provided foster care services to children who have been the responsibility of the state. As such, foster children have not had the right to recover for injuries beyond the limitations specified in s. 768.28. The Legislature has

03/05/02

10:32 am

determined that foster care and related services need to be privatized pursuant to this section and that the provision of such services is of paramount importance to the state. The purpose for such privatization is to increase the level of safety, security, and stability of children who are or become the responsibility of the state. One of the components necessary to secure a safe and stable environment for such children is that private providers maintain liability insurance. As such, insurance needs to be available and remain available to nongovernmental foster care and related services providers without the resources of such providers being significantly reduced by the cost of maintaining such insurance.

- 3. The Legislature further finds that, by requiring the following minimum levels of insurance, children in privatized foster care and related services will gain increased protection and rights of recovery in the event of injury than provided for in s. 768.28.
- (e) In any county in which a service contract has not been executed by December 31, 2004, the department shall ensure access to a model comprehensive residential services program as described in s. 409.1677 which, without imposing undo financial, geographic, or other barriers, ensures reasonable and appropriate participation by the family in the child's program.
- 1. In order to ensure that the program is operational by December 31, 2004, the department must, by December 31, 2003, begin the process of establishing access to a program in any county in which the department has not either entered into a transition contract or approved a community plan, as
- described in paragraph (d), which ensures full privatization

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by the statutory deadline.
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- 2. The program must be procured through a competitive process.
- 3. The Legislature does not intend for the provisions of this paragraph to substitute for the requirement that full conversion to community-based care be accomplished.

(f) Other than an entity to which s. 768.28 applies, any eligible lead community-based provider, as defined in paragraph(c)(b), or its employees or officers, except as otherwise provided in paragraph(g)(e), must, as a part of its contract, obtain a minimum of \$1 million per claim/\$3 million per incident in general liability insurance coverage. The eligible lead community-based provider must also require that staff who transport client children and families in their personal automobiles in order to carry out their job responsibilities obtain minimum bodily injury liability insurance in the amount of \$100,000 per claim, \$300,000 per incident, on their personal automobiles. In any tort action brought against such an eligible lead community-based provider or employee, net economic damages shall be limited to \$1 million per liability claim and \$100,000 per automobile claim, including, but not limited to, past and future medical expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning capacity, offset by any collateral source payment paid or payable. In any tort action brought against such an eligible lead community-based provider, noneconomic damages shall be limited to \$200,000 per claim. A claims bill may be brought on behalf of a claimant pursuant to s. 768.28 for any amount exceeding the limits specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral source payments made as of the date of the settlement or judgment shall be in accordance with s. 768.76. The lead

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community-based provider shall not be liable in tort for the acts or omissions of its subcontractors or the officers, agents, or employees of its subcontractors.

(g) (e) The liability of an eligible lead community-based provider described in this section shall be exclusive and in place of all other liability of such provider. The same immunities from liability enjoyed by such providers shall extend as well to each employee of the provider when such employee is acting in furtherance of the provider's business, including the transportation of clients served, as described in this subsection, in privately owned vehicles. Such immunities shall not be applicable to a provider or an employee who acts in a culpably negligent manner or with willful and wanton disregard or unprovoked physical aggression when such acts result in injury or death or such acts proximately cause such injury or death; nor shall such immunities be applicable to employees of the same provider when each is operating in the furtherance of the provider's business, but they are assigned primarily to unrelated works within private or public employment. The same immunity provisions enjoyed by a provider shall also apply to any sole proprietor, partner, corporate officer or director, supervisor, or other person who in the course and scope of his or her duties acts in a managerial or policymaking capacity and the conduct that caused the alleged injury arose within the course and scope of those managerial or policymaking duties. Culpable negligence is defined as reckless indifference or grossly careless disregard of human life.

 $\underline{\text{(h)}(f)}$  Any subcontractor of an eligible lead community-based provider, as defined in paragraph(c)(b), which is a direct provider of foster care and related services

03/05/02

10:32 am

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to children and families, and its employees or officers,
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    except as otherwise provided in paragraph(g)(e), must, as a
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   part of its contract, obtain a minimum of $1 million per
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    claim/$3 million per incident in general liability insurance
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    coverage. The subcontractor of an eligible lead
    community-based provider must also require that staff who
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    transport client children and families in their personal
    automobiles in order to carry out their job responsibilities
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    obtain minimum bodily injury liability insurance in the amount
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    of $100,000 per claim, $300,000 per incident, on their
    personal automobiles. In any tort action brought against such
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    subcontractor or employee, net economic damages shall be
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    limited to $1 million per liability claim and $100,000 per
    automobile claim, including, but not limited to, past and
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    future medical expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning
    capacity, offset by any collateral source payment paid or
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   payable. In any tort action brought against such
    subcontractor, noneconomic damages shall be limited to
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    $200,000 per claim. A claims bill may be brought on behalf of
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    a claimant pursuant to s. 768.28 for any amount exceeding the
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    limits specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral
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    source payments made as of the date of the settlement or
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    judgment shall be in accordance with s. 768.76.
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          (i)<del>(g)</del> The liability of a subcontractor of an eligible
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    lead community-based provider that is a direct provider of
    foster care and related services as described in this section
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    shall be exclusive and in place of all other liability of such
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03/05/02

10:32 am

provider. The same immunities from liability enjoyed by such

subcontractor provider shall extend as well to each employee

of the subcontractor when such employee is acting in

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transportation of clients served, as described in this subsection, in privately owned vehicles. Such immunities shall not be applicable to a subcontractor or an employee who acts in a culpably negligent manner or with willful and wanton disregard or unprovoked physical aggression when such acts result in injury or death or such acts proximately cause such injury or death; nor shall such immunities be applicable to employees of the same subcontractor when each is operating in the furtherance of the subcontractor's business, but they are assigned primarily to unrelated works within private or public employment. The same immunity provisions enjoyed by a subcontractor shall also apply to any sole proprietor, partner, corporate officer or director, supervisor, or other person who in the course and scope of his or her duties acts in a managerial or policymaking capacity and the conduct that caused the alleged injury arose within the course and scope of those managerial or policymaking duties. Culpable negligence is defined as reckless indifference or grossly careless disregard of human life.

(j)(h) The Legislature is cognizant of the increasing costs of goods and services each year and recognizes that fixing a set amount of compensation actually has the effect of a reduction in compensation each year. Accordingly, the conditional limitations on damages in this section shall be increased at the rate of 5 percent each year, prorated from the effective date of this paragraph to the date at which damages subject to such limitations are awarded by final judgment or settlement.

(2)(a) The department may contract for the delivery, administration, or management of protective services, the services specified in subsection (1) relating to foster care,

03/05/02

10:32 am

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and other related services or programs, as appropriate. The
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    department shall retain responsibility for the quality of
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    contracted services and programs and shall ensure that
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    services are delivered in accordance with applicable federal
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    and state statutes and regulations. The department must adopt
    written policies and procedures for monitoring the contract
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    for delivery of services by lead community-based providers.
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    These policies and procedures must, at a minimum, address the
    evaluation of fiscal accountability and program operations,
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    including provider achievement of performance standards,
    provider monitoring of subcontractors, and timely followup of
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    corrective actions for significant monitoring findings related
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    to providers and subcontractors. These policies and procedures
    must also include provisions for reducing the duplication of
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    the department's program monitoring activities both internally
    and with other agencies, to the extent possible. The
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    department's written procedures must ensure that the written
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    findings, conclusions, and recommendations from monitoring the
    contract for services of lead community-based providers are
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    communicated to the director of the provider agency as
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    expeditiously as possible.
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- (b) Persons employed by the department in the provision of foster care and related services whose positions are being privatized pursuant to this statute shall be given hiring preference by the provider, if provider qualifications are met.
- (3)(a) In order to help ensure a seamless child protection system, the department shall ensure that contracts entered into with community-based agencies pursuant to this section include provisions for a case-transfer process to determine the date that the community-based agency will

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initiate the appropriate services for a child and family. This case-transfer process must clearly identify the closure of the protective investigation and the initiation of service provision. At the point of case transfer, and at the conclusion of an investigation, the department must provide a complete summary of the findings of the investigation to the community-based agency.

- (b) The contracts must also ensure that each community-based agency shall furnish information on its activities in all cases in client case records regular status reports of its cases to the department as specified in the contract. A provider may not discontinue services on any voluntary case without prior written notification to the department 30 days before planned case closure. If the department disagrees with the recommended case closure date, written notification to the provider must be provided before the case closure date. without prior written notification to the department. After discontinuing services to a child or a child and family, the community-based agency must provide a written case summary, including its assessment of the child and family, to the department.
- (c) The contract between the department and community-based agencies must include provisions that specify the procedures to be used by the parties to resolve differences in interpreting the contract or to resolve disputes as to the adequacy of the parties' compliance with their respective obligations under the contract.
- (4)(a) The department shall establish a quality assurance program for privatized services. The quality assurance program shall be based on standards established by a national accrediting organization such as the Council on

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Accreditation of Services for Families and Children, Inc.
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    (COA) or CARF--the Rehabilitation Accreditation Commission.
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    The department may develop a request for proposal for such
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    oversight. This program must be developed and administered at
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    a statewide level. The Legislature intends that the department
    be permitted to have limited flexibility to use funds for
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    improving quality assurance. To this end, effective January 1,
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    2000, the department may transfer up to 0.125 percent of the
    total funds from categories used to pay for these
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    contractually provided services, but the total amount of such
    transferred funds may not exceed $300,000 in any fiscal year.
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    When necessary, the department may establish, in accordance
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    with s. 216.177, additional positions that will be exclusively
    devoted to these functions. Any positions required under this
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    paragraph may be established, notwithstanding ss.
    216.262(1)(a) and 216.351. The department, in consultation
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    with the community-based agencies that are undertaking the
    privatized projects, shall establish minimum thresholds for
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    each component of service, consistent with standards
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    established by the Legislature. Each program operated under
    contract with a community-based agency must be evaluated
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    annually by the department. The department shall submit an
    annual report regarding quality performance, outcome measure
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    attainment, and cost efficiency to the President of the
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    Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the
    minority leader of each house of the Legislature, and the
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    Governor no later than January 31 of each year for each
    project in operation during the preceding fiscal year.
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                The department shall use these findings in making
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recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature for future program and funding priorities in the child welfare system.

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- (5)(a) The community-based agency must comply with statutory requirements and agency rules in the provision of contractual services. Each foster home, therapeutic foster home, emergency shelter, or other placement facility operated by the community-based agency or agencies must be licensed by the Department of Children and Family Services under chapter 402 or this chapter. Each community-based agency must be licensed as a child-caring or child-placing agency by the department under this chapter. The department, in order to eliminate or reduce the number of duplicate inspections by various program offices, shall coordinate inspections required pursuant to licensure of agencies under this section.
- (b) Substitute care providers who are licensed under s. 409.175 and have contracted with a lead agency authorized under this section shall also be authorized to provide registered or licensed family day care under s. 402.313, if consistent with federal law and if the home has met÷

1. the requirements of s. 402.313.; and

- 2. The requirements of s. 402.281 and has received Gold Seal Quality Care designation.
- (c) A dually licensed home under this section shall be eligible to receive both an out-of-home care payment and a subsidized child care payment for the same child pursuant to federal law. The department may adopt administrative rules necessary to administer this paragraph the foster care board rate and the subsidized child care rate for the same child only if care is provided 24 hours a day. The subsidized child care rate shall be no more than the approved full-time rate.
- (6) Beginning January 1, 1999, and continuing at least through June 30, 2000, the Department of Children and Family Services shall privatize all foster care and related services

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in district 5 while continuing to contract with the current
model programs in districts 1, 4, and 13, and in subdistrict
8A, and shall expand the subdistrict 8A pilot program to
incorporate Manatee County. Planning for the district 5
privatization shall be done by providers that are currently
under contract with the department for foster care and related
services and shall be done in consultation with the
department. A lead provider of the district 5 program shall
be competitively selected, must demonstrate the ability to
provide necessary comprehensive services through a local
network of providers, and must meet criteria established in
this section. Contracts with organizations responsible for the
model programs must include the management and administration
of all privatized services specified in subsection (1).
However, the department may use funds for contract management
only after obtaining written approval from the Executive
Office of the Governor. The request for such approval must
include, but is not limited to, a statement of the proposed
amount of such funds and a description of the manner in which
such funds will be used. If the community-based organization
selected for a model program under this subsection is not a
Medicaid provider, the organization shall be issued a Medicaid
provider number pursuant to s. 409.907 for the provision of
services currently authorized under the state Medicaid plan to
those children encompassed in this model and in a manner not
to exceed the current level of state expenditure.
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pool to reduce the financial risk to eligible lead

agencies, shall develop a proposal regarding the long-term use

and structure of a statewide shared earnings program which addresses is authorized to establish and administer a risk

(7) The department, in consultation with existing lead

1	community-based providers resulting from unanticipated
2	caseload growth or from significant changes in client mixes or
3	services eligible for federal reimbursement. The
4	recommendations in the statewide proposal must also be
5	available to entities of the department until the conversion
6	to community-based care takes place. At a minimum, the
7	proposal must allow for use of federal earnings received from
8	child welfare programs, which earnings are determined by the
9	department to be in excess of the amount appropriated in the
10	General Appropriations Act, to be used for specific purposes.
11	These purposes include, but are not limited to:
12	(a) Significant changes in the number or composition
13	of clients eligible to receive services.
14	(b) Significant changes in the services that are
15	eligible for reimbursement.
16	(c) Significant changes in the availability of federal
17	<u>funds.</u>
18	(d) Shortfalls in state funds available for eligible
19	or ineligible services.
20	(e) Significant changes in the mix of available funds.
21	(f) Scheduled or unanticipated, but necessary,
22	advances to providers or other cash-flow issues.
23	(g) Proposals to participate in optional Medicaid
24	services or other federal grant opportunities.
25	(h) Appropriate incentive structures.
26	(i) Continuity of care in the event of lead agency
27	failure, discontinuance of service, or financial misconduct.
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29	The department shall further specify the necessary steps to
30	ensure the financial integrity of these dollars and their
31	continued availability on an ongoing basis. The final proposal

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shall be submitted to the Legislative Budget Commission for
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    formal adoption before December 31, 2002. If the Legislative
    Budget Commission refuses to concur with the adoption of the
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    proposal, the department shall present its proposal in the
    form of recommended legislation to the President of the Senate
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    and the Speaker of the House of Representatives before the
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    commencement of the next legislative session. For fiscal year
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    2003-2004 and annually thereafter, the Department of Children
    and Family Services may request in its legislative budget
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    request, and the Governor may recommend, the funding necessary
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    to carry out paragraph (i) from excess federal earnings. The
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    General Appropriations Act shall include any funds
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    appropriated for this purpose in a lump sum in the
    Administered Funds Program, which funds constitute partial
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    security for lead agency contract performance. The department
    shall use this appropriation to offset the need for a
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    performance bond for that year after a comparison of risk to
    the funds available. In no event shall this performance bond
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    exceed 2.5 percent of the annual contract value. The
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    department may separately require a bond to mitigate the
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    financial consequences of potential acts of malfeasance,
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    misfeasance, or criminal violations by the provider. Prior to
    the release of any funds in the lump sum, the department shall
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    submit a detailed operational plan, which must identify the
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    sources of specific trust funds to be used. The release of the
    trust fund shall be subject to the notice and review
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    provisions of s. 216.177. However, the release shall not
    require approval of the Legislative Budget Commission.
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                Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 215.425, all
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    documented federal funds earned for the current fiscal year by
    the department and community-based agencies which exceed the
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amount appropriated by the Legislature shall be distributed to 1 2 all entities that contributed to the excess earnings based on 3 a schedule and methodology developed by the department and 4 approved by the Executive Office of the Governor. Distribution 5 shall be pro rata based on total earnings and shall be made only to those entities that contributed to excess earnings. 6 7 Excess earnings of community-based agencies shall be used only in the service district in which they were earned. Additional 8 9 state funds appropriated by the Legislature for 10 community-based agencies or made available pursuant to the budgetary amendment process described in s. 216.177 shall be 11 12 transferred to the community-based agencies. The department 13 shall amend a community-based agency's contract to permit expenditure of the funds. The distribution program applies 14 15 only to entities that were under privatization contracts as of July 1, 2002 1999. This program is authorized for a period of 16 17 3 years beginning July 1, 1999, and ending June 30, 2002. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government 18 19 Accountability shall review this program and report to the 20 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 31, 2001. The review shall assess 21 22 the program to determine how the additional resources were 23 used, the number of additional clients served, the 24 improvements in quality of service attained, the performance 25 outcomes associated with the additional resources, and the 26 feasibility of continuing or expanding this program. 27 (9) Each district and subdistrict that participates in

the model program effort or any future privatization effort as

described in this section must thoroughly analyze and report

the complete direct and indirect costs of delivering these

services through the department and the full cost of

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privatization, including the cost of monitoring and evaluating the contracted services.

Section 5. Section 409.1676, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.1676 Comprehensive residential group care services to children who have extraordinary needs.--

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide comprehensive residential group care services, including residential care, case management, and other services, to children in the child protection system who have extraordinary needs, such as serious behavioral problems or having been determined to be without the options of either reunification with family or adoption. These services are to be provided in a residential group care setting by a not-for-profit corporation or a local government entity under a contract with the Department of Children and Family Services or by a lead agency as described in s. 409.1671. These contracts should be designed to provide an identified number of children with access to a full array of services for a fixed price. Further, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Children and Family Services and the Department of Juvenile Justice establish an interagency agreement by December 1, 2002, which describes respective agency responsibilities for referral, placement, service provision, and service coordination for dependent and delinquent youth who are referred to these residential group care facilities. The agreement must require interagency collaboration in the development of terms, conditions, and performance outcomes for residential group care contracts serving the youth referred who have been adjudicated both dependent and delinquent.

(2) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Child with extraordinary needs" means a dependent child who has serious behavioral problems or who has been determined to be without the options of either reunification with family or adoption.

(b)(a) "Residential group care" means a living environment for children who have been adjudicated dependent and are expected to be in foster care for at least 6 months with 24-hour-awake staff or live-in group home parents or staff. Each facility Beginning July 1, 2001, all facilities must be appropriately licensed in this state as a residential child caring agency as defined in s. 409.175(2)(j), and they must be accredited by July 1, 2005. A residential group care facility serving children having a serious behavioral problem as defined in this section must have available staff or contract personnel with the clinical expertise, credentials, and training to provide services identified in subsection (4).

(c)(b) "Serious behavioral problems" means behaviors of children who have been assessed by a licensed master's-level human-services professional to need at a minimum intensive services but who do not meet the criteria of s. 394.492(6) or (7). A child with an emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(5) or (6)may be served in residential group care unless a determination is made by a mental health professional that such a setting is inappropriate. A child having a serious behavioral problem must have been determined in the assessment to have at least one of the following risk factors:

- 1. An adjudication of delinquency and be on conditional release status with the Department of Juvenile Justice.
  - 2. A history of physical aggression or violent

Amendment No. \_\_\_ (for drafter's use only)

behavior toward self or others, animals, or property within the past year.

- 3. A history of setting fires within the past year.
- 4. A history of multiple episodes of running away from home or placements within the past year.
  - 5. A history of sexual aggression toward other youth.
- appropriation for this program, shall contract with a not-for-profit corporation, a local government entity, or the lead agency that has been established in accordance with s. 409.1671 for the performance of residential group care services described in this section in, at a minimum, districts 4, 11, 12, and the Suncoast Region of the Department of Children and Family Services and with a not-for-profit entity serving children from multiple districts. A lead agency that is currently providing residential care may provide this service directly with the approval of the local community alliance. The department or a lead agency may contract for more than one site in a county if that is determined to be the most effective way to achieve the goals set forth in this section.
- (4) The lead agency, the contracted not-for-profit corporation, or the local government entity is responsible for a comprehensive assessment, residential care, transportation, access to behavioral health services, recreational activities, clothing, supplies, and miscellaneous expenses associated with caring for these children; for necessary arrangement for or provision of educational services; and for assuring necessary and appropriate health and dental care.
- (5) The department may transfer all casework responsibilities for children served under this program to the

entity that provides this service, including case management and development and implementation of a case plan in accordance with current standards for child protection services. When the department establishes this program in a community that has a lead agency as described in s. 409.1671, the casework responsibilities must be transferred to the lead agency.

- (6) This section does not prohibit any provider of these services from appropriately billing Medicaid for services rendered, from contracting with a local school district for educational services, or from earning federal or local funding for services provided, as long as two or more funding sources do not pay for the same specific service that has been provided to a child.
- (7) The lead agency, not-for-profit corporation, or local government entity has the legal authority for children served under this program, as provided in chapter 39 or this chapter, as appropriate, to enroll the child in school, to sign for a driver's license for the child, to cosign loans and insurance for the child, to sign for medical treatment, and to authorize other such activities.
- (8) The department shall provide technical assistance as requested and contract management services.
- (9) The provisions of this section shall be implemented to the extent of available appropriations contained in the annual General Appropriations Act for such purpose.
- (10) The department may adopt rules necessary to administer this section.
- Section 6. Present subsections (3) through (15) of section 409.175, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as

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subsections (4) through (16), respectively, present subsections (5), (8), (9), and (11) are amended, and a new subsection (3) is added to said section, to read:
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409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies.--

- (3)(a) The total number of children placed in each family foster home shall be based on the recommendation of the department, or the community-based care lead agency where one is providing foster care and related services, based on the needs of each child in care, the ability of the foster family to meet the individual needs of each child, including any adoptive or biological children living in the home, the amount of safe physical plant space, the ratio of active and appropriate adult supervision, and the background, experience, and skill of the family foster parents.
- (b) If the total number of children in a family foster home will exceed five, including the family's own children, a comprehensive behavioral health assessment of each child to be placed in the home must be completed prior to placement of any additional children in the home. The comprehensive behavioral health assessment must comply with Medicaid rules and regulations, assess and document the mental, physical, and psychosocial needs of the child, and recommend the maximum number of children in a family foster home that will allow the child's needs to be met.
- appropriateness of the number of children in the home must be reassessed annually as part of the relicensure process. For a home with more than five children, if it is determined by the licensure study at the time of relicensure that the total

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have been no substantive licensure violations and no indications of child maltreatment or child-on-child sexual abuse within the past 12 months, the relicensure of the home shall not be denied based on the total number of children in the home.

- (6)(5)(a) An application for a license shall be made on forms provided, and in the manner prescribed, by the department. The department shall make a determination as to the good moral character of the applicant based upon screening.
- (b) Upon application, the department shall conduct a licensing study based on its licensing rules; shall inspect the home or the agency and the records, including financial records, of the agency; and shall interview the applicant. The department may authorize a licensed child-placing agency to conduct the licensing study of a family foster home to be used exclusively by that agency and to verify to the department that the home meets the licensing requirements established by the department. Upon certification by a licensed child-placing agency that a family foster home meets the licensing requirements, the department shall issue the license.
- (c) A licensed family foster home, child-placing agency, or residential child-caring agency which applies for renewal of its license shall submit to the department a list of personnel who have worked on a continuous basis at the applicant family foster home or agency since submitting fingerprints to the department, identifying those for whom a written assurance of compliance was provided by the department and identifying those personnel who have recently begun working at the family foster home or agency and are awaiting

the results of the required fingerprint check, along with the date of the submission of those fingerprints for processing. The department shall by rule determine the frequency of requests to the Department of Law Enforcement to run state criminal records checks for such personnel except for those personnel awaiting the results of initial fingerprint checks for employment at the applicant family foster home or agency.

- (d)1. The department may pursue other remedies provided in this section in addition to denial or revocation of a license for failure to comply with the screening requirements. The disciplinary actions determination to be made by the department and the procedure for hearing for applicants and licensees shall be in accordance with chapter 120.
- 2. When the department has reasonable cause to believe that grounds for denial or termination of employment exist, it shall notify, in writing, the applicant, licensee, or summer or recreation camp, and the personnel affected, stating the specific record which indicates noncompliance with the screening requirements.
- 3. Procedures established for hearing under chapter 120 shall be available to the applicant, licensee, summer day camp, or summer 24-hour camp, and affected personnel, in order to present evidence relating either to the accuracy of the basis for exclusion or to the denial of an exemption from disqualification.
- 4. Refusal on the part of an applicant to dismiss personnel who have been found not to be in compliance with the requirements for good moral character of personnel shall result in automatic denial or revocation of license in addition to any other remedies provided in this section which

may be pursued by the department.

- (e) At the request of the department, the local county health department shall inspect a home or agency according to the licensing rules promulgated by the department. Inspection reports shall be furnished to the department within 30 days of the request. Such an inspection shall only be required when called for by the licensing agency.
- (f) All residential child-caring agencies must meet firesafety standards for such agencies adopted by the Division of State Fire Marshal of the Department of Insurance and must be inspected annually. At the request of the department, firesafety inspections shall be conducted by the Division of State Fire Marshal or a local fire department official who has been certified by the division as having completed the training requirements for persons inspecting such agencies. Inspection reports shall be furnished to the department within 30 days of a request.
- (g) In the licensing process, the licensing staff of the department shall provide consultation on request.
- (h) Upon determination that the applicant meets the state minimum licensing requirements, the department shall issue a license without charge to a specific person or agency at a specific location. A license may be issued if all the screening materials have been timely submitted; however, a license may not be issued or renewed if any person at the home or agency has failed the required screening. The license is nontransferable. A copy of the license shall be displayed in a conspicuous place. Except as provided in paragraph (j), the license is valid for 1 year from the date of issuance, unless the license is suspended or revoked by the department or is voluntarily surrendered by the licensee. The license is the

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property of the department.

- (i) A license issued for the operation of a family foster home or agency, unless sooner suspended, revoked, or voluntarily returned, will expire automatically 1 year from the date of issuance except as provided in paragraph (j). Ninety days prior to the expiration date, an application for renewal shall be submitted to the department by a licensee who wishes to have the license renewed. A license shall be renewed upon the filing of an application on forms furnished by the department if the applicant has first met the requirements established under this section and the rules promulgated hereunder.
- (j) Except for a family foster group home having a licensed capacity for more than five children, the department may issue a license that is valid for longer than 1 year but no longer than 3 years to a family foster home that:
- Has maintained a license with the department as a family foster home for at least the 3 previous consecutive years;
  - 2. Remains in good standing with the department; and
- 3. Has not been the subject of a report of child abuse or neglect with any findings of maltreatment.

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A family foster home that has been issued a license valid for longer than 1 year must be monitored and visited as frequently as one that has been issued a 1-year license. The department reserves the right to reduce a licensure period to 1 year at any time.

29 (k) The department may not license summer day camps or 30 summer 24-hour camps. However, the department shall have

31 access to the personnel records of such facilities to ensure

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Amendment No. \_\_\_ (for drafter's use only)

compliance with the screening requirements.

The department may deny, suspend, or revoke (9)<del>(8)</del>(a) a license.

- (b) Any of the following actions by a home or agency or its personnel is a ground for denial, suspension, or revocation of a license:
- 1. An intentional or negligent act materially affecting the health or safety of children in the home or agency.
- 2. A violation of the provisions of this section or of licensing rules promulgated pursuant to this section.
- 3. Noncompliance with the requirements for good moral character as specified in paragraph(5)(4)(a).
- Failure to dismiss personnel found in noncompliance with requirements for good moral character.
- $(10)\frac{(9)}{(a)}$  The department may institute injunctive proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction to:
- Enforce the provisions of this section or any license requirement, rule, or order issued or entered into pursuant thereto; or
- Terminate the operation of an agency in which any of the following conditions exist:
- The licensee has failed to take preventive or corrective measures in accordance with any order of the department to maintain conformity with licensing requirements.
- There is a violation of any of the provisions of this section, or of any licensing requirement promulgated pursuant to this section, which violation threatens harm to any child or which constitutes an emergency requiring immediate action.
  - Terminate the operation of a summer day camp or

03/05/02 10:32 am

summer 24-hour camp providing care for children when such camp has willfully and knowingly refused to comply with the screening requirements for personnel or has refused to terminate the employment of personnel found to be in noncompliance with the requirements for good moral character as determined in paragraph(5) $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ (a).

- (b) If the department finds, within 30 days after written notification by registered mail of the requirement for licensure, that a person or agency continues to care for or to place children without a license or, within 30 days after written notification by registered mail of the requirement for screening of personnel and compliance with paragraph(5)(4)(a) for the hiring and continued employment of personnel, that a summer day camp or summer 24-hour camp continues to provide care for children without complying, the department shall notify the appropriate state attorney of the violation of law and, if necessary, shall institute a civil suit to enjoin the person or agency from continuing the placement or care of children or to enjoin the summer day camp or summer 24-hour camp from continuing the care of children.
- (c) Such injunctive relief may be temporary or permanent.

(12)(11)(a) It is unlawful for any person or agency to:

- 1. Provide continuing full-time care for or to receive or place a child apart from her or his parents in a residential group care facility, family foster home, or adoptive home without a valid license issued by the department if such license is required by subsection (5) (4); or
- 2. Make a willful or intentional misstatement on any license application or other document required to be filed in

connection with an application for a license.

- (b) It is unlawful for any person, agency, summer day camp, or summer 24-hour camp providing care for children to:
- 1. Willfully or intentionally fail to comply with the requirements for the screening of personnel or the dismissal of personnel found not to be in compliance with the requirements for good moral character as specified in paragraph(5)(4)(a).
- 2. Use information from the criminal records obtained under this section for any purpose other than screening a person for employment as specified in this section or to release such information to any other person for any purpose other than screening for employment as specified in this section.
- (c) It is unlawful for any person, agency, summer day camp, or summer 24-hour camp providing care for children to use information from the juvenile records of any person obtained under this section for any purpose other than screening for employment as specified in this section or to release information from such records to any other person for any purpose other than screening for employment as specified in this section.
- (d)1. A first violation of paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- 2. A second or subsequent violation of paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- 3. A violation of paragraph (c) is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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Section 7. Subsection (24) of section 409.906, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.906 Optional Medicaid services.--Subject to specific appropriations, the agency may make payments for

the Social Security Act and are furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any optional

services which are optional to the state under Title XIX of

9 service that is provided shall be provided only when medically

10 necessary and in accordance with state and federal law.

11 Optional services rendered by providers in mobile units to

12 Medicaid recipients may be restricted or prohibited by the

agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent

or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates,

lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or

making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the

17 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions

provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

If necessary to safeguard the state's systems of providing

20 services to elderly and disabled persons and subject to the

notice and review provisions of s. 216.177, the Governor may

22 direct the Agency for Health Care Administration to amend the

23 Medicaid state plan to delete the optional Medicaid service

known as "Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled." Optional services may include:

(24) CHILD-WELFARE-TARGETED CASE MANAGEMENT.--The Agency for Health Care Administration, in consultation with the Department of Children and Family Services, may establish a targeted case-management pilot project in those counties identified by the Department of Children and Family Services

and for <u>all counties with a the</u> community-based child welfare

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project in Sarasota and Manatee counties, as authorized under
s. 409.1671, which have been specifically approved by the
department. These projects shall be established for the
purpose of determining the impact of targeted case management
on the child welfare program and the earnings from the child
welfare program. Results of targeted case management the pilot
projects shall be reported to the Child Welfare Estimating
Conference and the Social Services Estimating Conference
established under s. 216.136. The number of projects may not
be increased until requested by the Department of Children and
Family Services, recommended by the Child Welfare Estimating
Conference and the Social Services Estimating Conference, and
approved by the Legislature. The covered group of individuals
who are eligible to receive targeted case management include
children who are eliqible for Medicaid; who are between the
ages of birth through 21; and who are under protective
supervision or postplacement supervision, under foster-care
supervision, or in shelter care or foster care. The number of
individuals who are eligible to receive targeted case
management shall be limited to the number for whom the
Department of Children and Family Services has available
matching funds to cover the costs. The general revenue funds
required to match the funds for services provided by the
community-based child welfare projects are limited to funds
available for services described under s. 409.1671. The
Department of Children and Family Services may transfer the
general revenue matching funds as billed by the Agency for
Health Care Administration.
       Section 8. Section 393.0657, Florida Statutes, is
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amended to read:

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rescreened. -- Any provision of law to the contrary
notwithstanding, human resource personnel who have been
fingerprinted or screened pursuant to chapters 393, 394, 397,
402, and 409, and teachers who have been fingerprinted
pursuant to chapter 231, who have not been unemployed for more
than 90 days thereafter, and who under the penalty of perjury
attest to the completion of such fingerprinting or screening
and to compliance with the provisions of this section and the
standards for good moral character as contained in such
provisions as ss. 110.1127(3), 393.0655(1), 394.457(6),
397.451, 402.305(2), and 409.175(5)(4), shall not be required
to be refingerprinted or rescreened in order to comply with
any direct service provider screening or fingerprinting
requirements.
       Section 9. Section 402.3057, Florida Statutes, is
amended to read:
       402.3057 Persons not required to be refingerprinted or
rescreened. -- Any provision of law to the contrary
notwithstanding, human resource personnel who have been
fingerprinted or screened pursuant to chapters 393, 394, 397,
402, and 409, and teachers and noninstructional personnel who
have been fingerprinted pursuant to chapter 231, who have not
been unemployed for more than 90 days thereafter, and who
under the penalty of perjury attest to the completion of such
fingerprinting or screening and to compliance with the
provisions of this section and the standards for good moral
character as contained in such provisions as ss. 110.1127(3),
393.0655(1), 394.457(6), 397.451, 402.305(2), and
409.175(5)(4), shall not be required to be refingerprinted or
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rescreened in order to comply with any caretaker screening or

fingerprinting requirements.

Section 10. Section 409.1757, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.1757 Persons not required to be refingerprinted or rescreened.—Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, human resource personnel who have been fingerprinted or screened pursuant to chapters 393, 394, 397, 402, and this chapter, and teachers who have been fingerprinted pursuant to chapter 231, who have not been unemployed for more than 90 days thereafter, and who under the penalty of perjury attest to the completion of such fingerprinting or screening and to compliance with the provisions of this section and the standards for good moral character as contained in such provisions as ss. 110.1127(3), 393.0655(1), 394.457(6), 397.451, 402.305(2), and 409.175(5)(4), shall not be required to be refingerprinted or rescreened in order to comply with any caretaker screening or fingerprinting requirements.

Government Accountability, in consultation with the Department of Children and Family Services and the Agency for Health Care Administration, shall conduct a review of the process for placing children for residential mental health treatment as specified in s. 39.407(5), Florida Statutes. This review is to be used to determine whether changes are needed in this process. The integrity of the examination process that is intended to ensure that only a child with an emotional disturbance or a serious emotional disturbance is placed in a residential mental health facility and to ensure that a child who is diagnosed with an emotional disturbance or a serious emotional disturbance or a serious emotional disturbance or a serious emotional disturbance or a serious

health treatment in the least restrictive setting must be

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maintained. The review shall analyze and make recommendations
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    relative to issues pertinent to the process such as the number
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    of children who are assessed and the outcomes of the
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    assessments, the costs associated with the suitability
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    assessments based on geographic differentials, delays in
    receiving appropriate mental health treatment services in both
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    residential and nonresidential settings which can be
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    attributed to the assessment process, and the need to expand
    the mental health professional groups who may conduct the
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    suitability assessment. The Office of Program Policy Analysis
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    and Government Accountability shall submit a report of its
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    findings and any proposed changes to substantive law to the
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    Executive Office of the Governor, the President of the Senate,
    and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1,
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    2003.
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           Section 12. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002.
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    ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
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   And the title is amended as follows:
   remove: the entire title
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23
   and insert:
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                        A bill to be entitled
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          An act relating to out-of-home care; repealing
           s. 39.521(5), F.S., relating to the mandatory
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           assessment of specified children for placement
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           in licensed residential group care; creating s.
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           39.523, F.S.; prescribing procedures for the
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           mandatory assessment of certain children for
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           placement in licensed residential group care;
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providing for reports; providing for a specialized residential group care services appropriations category in the General Appropriations Act; providing for funding increases to be appropriated in a lump-sum category; specifying that the release of certain funds is contingent on the approval of a spending plan; prescribing elements of the plan; authorizing one-time startup funding; amending s. 39.407, F.S.; clarifying that the Department of Children and Family Services may place a child who is in its custody in a residential treatment center without prior approval of the court; amending s. 409.1671, F.S.; specifying timeframes for initiating and for completing privatization of foster care and related services; requiring cooperative planning agreements between lead community-based providers and Healthy Families Florida lead agencies for certain purposes; providing for the establishment of a model comprehensive residential services program in specified counties; providing that community-based providers and subcontractors require employees to obtain bodily injury liability insurance on personal automobiles; providing certain immunity from liability when transporting clients in privately owned automobiles; directing the Department of Children and Family Services to adopt written policies and procedures for contract monitoring

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of community-based providers; modifying the requirement for community-based providers to furnish information to the department; modifying the conditions under which a provider may close a case; modifying the requirements concerning dual licensure of foster homes; authorizing the department to adopt rules; eliminating the authority for a risk pool; requiring the development of a proposal for a statewide shared earnings program; providing for use of excess federal earnings and certain additional state funds for the development of the proposal; providing for submission of the proposal to the Legislative Budget Commission and for submission to the Legislature under certain conditions; requiring that the Legislature appropriate a lump sum in the Administered Funds Program each year for a specified purpose; specifying the type of bond that may be required; eliminating a specified expiration for this program; eliminating an obsolete review requirement; amending s. 409.1676, F.S.; providing intent that the Department of Children and Family Services and the Department of Juvenile Justice establish an interagency agreement regarding referral to residential group care facilities; specifying that a residential group care facility must be licensed as a child-caring agency; requiring such facilities serving certain children to meet specified staff qualifications; redefining Amendment No. \_\_\_ (for drafter's use only)

and adding terms; redefining the term "serious 1 2 behavioral problems"; authorizing the 3 department to adopt rules; removing a reference 4 to specific districts and regions of the 5 department; amending s. 409.175, F.S.; providing criteria for the number of children 6 7 placed in each family foster home; providing for a comprehensive behavioral health 8 assessment of each child under certain 9 10 circumstances; requiring assessment of the appropriateness of the number of children as a 11 12 condition of annual relicensure; correcting cross references; amending s. 409.906, F.S.; 13 expanding the authority for the establishment 14 15 of child welfare targeted case management projects; eliminating reference to a pilot 16 17 project; eliminating the requirement to report to the Child Welfare Estimating Conference 18 regarding targeted case management; amending 19 ss. 393.0657, 402.3057, and 409.1757, F.S.; 20 correcting cross references; directing the 21 22 Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, in consultation with 23 24 the Agency for Health Care Administration, to 25 conduct a review of the process for placing children for residential mental health 26 27 treatment; providing for a report to the Governor and Legislature; providing an 28 effective date. 29 30

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