1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to public-records exemptions;
3	creating a public-records exemption for
4	personal identifying information regarding a
5	patient held by the Department of Health;
6	providing exceptions to the exemption;
7	providing a criminal penalty for violating the
8	provisions of the public-records exemption;
9	providing for future review and repeal;
10	providing a statement of public necessity;
11	providing an effective date.
12	
13	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
14	
15	Section 1. Public-records exemption
16	(1) Personal identifying information regarding a
17	patient reported and contained in the electronic system, or in
18	reports or analyses prepared from that information, which is
19	established by the Department of Health to monitor the
20	prescribing of controlled substances is confidential and
21	exempt from section 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and Section
22	24(a) of Article I of the State Constitution. The Department
23	of Health may disclose a patient's identity contained in the
24	electronic system to:
25	(a) A practitioner who requests information and
26	certifies that the information is necessary to provide medical
27	treatment to a current patient in accordance with section
28	893.05, Florida Statutes.
29	(b) A pharmacist licensed in this state who requests
30	information and certifies that the requested information is to
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**CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

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be used to dispense controlled substances to a current patient 1 2 in accordance with section 893.04, Florida Statutes. 3 (c) A criminal justice agency, as defined in section 4 119.011, Florida Statutes, which enforces the laws of this 5 state or the United States relating to drugs and which is 6 engaged in a specific investigation involving a violation of 7 law. 8 (d) An employee or agent of the Department of Health 9 who is involved in a specific investigation involving a violation of the chapter regulating the alleged violator, the 10 rules of the Department of Health, or the rules of a board 11 12 regulating the alleged violator. Information provided shall be limited to the practitioner, patient, or other person at issue 13 14 in the investigation. 15 A practitioner, pharmacist, criminal justice agency, or 16 17 employee or agent of the Department of Health who obtains personal identifying information pursuant to this section must 18 19 maintain the confidential and exempt status of that 20 information. This exemption is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995 in accordance with section 119.15, 21 Florida Statutes, and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2007, 22 23 unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by 24 the Legislature. (2) Any person who violates this section commits a 25 26 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in section 775.082 or section 775.083, Florida Statutes. Upon a 27 second or subsequent violation, the person commits a felony of 28 29 the third degree, punishable as provided in section 775.082 or 30 section 775.083, Florida Statutes. 31 2

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1	Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public
2	necessity that the information made confidential and exempt by
3	this act be held confidential and exempt in order to
4	facilitate the efforts of the Department of Health to maintain
5	compliance with drug laws by the accurate and timely reporting
6	by health care practitioners of potential drug diversion
7	without compromising a patient's privacy, with certain
8	exceptions. The exemption for a patient's personal identifying
9	information reported and contained in the electronic system
10	for monitoring the prescribing of controlled substances
11	facilitates the sharing of information among health care
12	practitioners so that the practitioners may appropriately
13	identify and evaluate a patient's risk for drug diversion and
14	the resulting abuse of controlled substances without
15	compromising a patient's privacy. The Legislature further
16	finds that the exemption is a public necessity in order to
17	protect a patient's health-related information. Matters of
18	personal health are traditionally private and confidential
19	concerns between a patient and a health care provider. The
20	private and confidential nature of personal health matters
21	pervades the public and private health care sectors. If a
22	patient's personal identifying information were not
23	confidential and exempt, that patient's name would be
24	associated with the prescription. By associating a patient's
25	name with the patient's prescription, a third party could
26	determine that patient's ailment, thereby intruding upon the
27	patient's right to privacy in all matters regarding the
28	patient's personal health.
29	Section 3. This act shall take effect upon the
30	effective date of Senate Bill 80-E or similar legislation.
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