1	
2	An act relating to taxation; amending ss.
3	202.11, 202.125, 202.22, 202.27, 202.28,
4	202.34, and 202.35, F.S., relating to the local
5	communications services tax; changing sourcing
б	requirements for third number and calling card
7	calls; providing an exemption for homes for the
8	aged; providing limitations on credits for
9	taxes collected; providing legislative intent
10	with respect to provisions clarifying the law;
11	providing penalties for failure to report
12	revenue and taxes due; providing for repeal of
13	certain penalty provisions; authorizing the
14	Department of Revenue to allocate local taxes
15	to and between local governments under certain
16	circumstances; requiring that a taxpayer
17	provide customer records to the Department of
18	Revenue; providing penalties for noncompliance;
19	amending s. 206.02, F.S.; prohibiting a person
20	from engaging in business as a biodiesel
21	manufacturer unless the person is licensed by
22	the department; revising licensing
23	requirements; requiring biodiesel manufacturers
24	to meet the reporting, bonding, and licensing
25	requirements prescribed for wholesalers of
26	motor fuel; amending s. 206.026, F.S.;
27	requiring the department to obtain fingerprints
28	for criminal background checks for certain
29	license holders; amending s. 206.14, F.S.;
30	providing a penalty for failure to provide
31	records as required by the department; amending
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1	s. 206.414, F.S., relating to local option fuel
2	taxes; providing for the tax to be collected
3	when fuel is removed through the loading rack;
4	amending s. 206.416, F.S.; deleting certain
5	provisions authorizing a change in the
6	destination of fuel; requiring that a
7	wholesaler or exporter register as an importer
8	under certain circumstances; providing
9	penalties; amending s. 206.485, F.S., relating
10	to tracking reports for petroleum products;
11	imposing a penalty for failure to provide such
12	reports; amending s. 206.86, F.S.; defining the
13	terms "biodiesel" and "biodiesel manufacturer"
14	for purposes of part II of ch. 206, F.S.;
15	amending s. 206.89, F.S., relating to the
16	regulating of alternative fuels; requiring the
17	licensure of retailers rather than wholesalers;
18	amending s. 212.0606, F.S., relating to the
19	rental car surcharge; requiring dealers to
20	report the surcharge collections by county
21	where collected; amending s. 212.08, F.S.;
22	authorizing certain carriers to prorate the
23	state tax on motor or diesel fuels used in
24	interstate commerce in the initial year of
25	operation; amending s. 212.12, F.S.; deleting a
26	prohibition on certain allowances if the tax is
27	delinquent; revising a limitation on certain
28	penalties; providing an additional penalty for
29	failure to timely disclose a tax or fee;
30	requiring that the department make certain tax
31	amounts and brackets available in an electronic
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1	format; deleting a requirement that the amounts
2	and brackets be established pursuant to rule;
3	amending s. 213.21, F.S.; revising the period
4	during which a taxpayer may voluntarily
5	disclose a tax liability; providing for
6	applicability; amending s. 336.021, F.S.;
7	revising certain dates for purposes of
8	certifying distributions of local option fuel
9	taxes; amending s. 336.025, F.S.; expanding the
10	uses of proceeds from local option fuel taxes
11	on motor fuel and diesel fuel; amending ss.
12	443.036, 443.131, 443.1316, and 443.163, F.S.,
13	relating to the unemployment compensation tax;
14	requiring that a limited liability company be
15	treated at the same status as it is classified
16	for federal income tax purposes; providing that
17	an employee may not be considered a successor
18	under certain circumstances; increasing the
19	limit on recovery of overhead or indirect costs
20	from the Agency for Workforce Innovation;
21	revising requirements of electronic reporting
22	and remitting for certain persons who prepare
23	and report; revising penalties for failure to
24	report or remit taxes by electronic means;
25	providing for retroactive application of
26	provisions relating to electronic reporting and
27	remitting of taxes; amending s. 832.062, F.S.;
28	prohibiting certain electronic funds transfers
29	if the taxpayer knows at the time of such
30	transfer that funds are insufficient to cover
31	the transfer; amending s. 206.052, F.S.,

3

1	relating to the export of tax-free fuels;
2	conforming a cross-reference to changes made by
3	the act; repealing s. 199.052(13), F.S.,
4	relating to a requirement to permit a voluntary
5	contribution to the Election Campaign Financing
6	Trust Fund when filing an intangible tax
7	return; amending s. 213.053, F.S.; authorizing
8	the Department of Revenue to share information
9	with the Department of Transportation on rental
10	car surcharge revenues; amending s. 213.0535,
11	F.S.; providing that a local government that
12	collects a municipal resort tax may participate
13	in the Registration Information Sharing
14	Program; amending s. 624.509, F.S.; authorizing
15	a certain affiliated group of corporations that
16	created a service company to allocate the
17	salary of each employee to the companies for
18	which the employees perform services for the
19	purpose of the salary credit against the
20	insurance premium tax; providing definitions
21	for "affiliated group of corporations," and
22	"service company"; providing that changes shall
23	take effect for tax years beginning January 1,
24	2003; amending ss. 213.053, 213.21, and
25	213.285, F.S.; deleting the repeal of the
26	certified audit program; amending s. 212.08,
27	F.S.; expanding the definition of "housing
28	project" to include construction in a
29	designated brownfield area of affordable
30	housing; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; providing
31	additional uses for revenues raised by the
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1	charter county transit system surtax; repealing
2	s. 212.055(2)(f), F.S.; relating to the
3	restriction on the use of Local Government
4	Infrastructure Surtax revenue to supplant or
5	replace user fees or reduce ad valorem taxes;
6	amending s. 193.461, F.S.; authorizing the
7	governing body of a county to revoke the waiver
8	of annual property classification; revising the
9	date by which the property appraiser must
10	provide notice to property owners; providing
11	for waiver and revocation of the waiver of the
12	notice and certification requirement for land
13	classification; defining the term "extenuating
14	circumstances" to include failure to return the
15	agricultural classification form under certain
16	circumstances; providing for effect of waiver
17	of annual application requirements; providing
18	effective dates.
19	
20	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
21	
22	Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (15) of section
23	202.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
24	202.11 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter:
25	(15) "Service address" means:
26	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
27	location of the communications equipment from which
28	communications services originate or at which communications
29	services are received by the customer. If the location of such
30	equipment cannot be determined as part of the billing process,
31	as in the case of third-number and calling-card calls and
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similar services, the term means the location determined by 1 the dealer based on the customer's telephone number, the 2 customer's mailing address to which bills are sent by the 3 4 dealer, or another street address provided by the customer. In 5 the case of a communications service paid through a credit or payment mechanism that does not relate to a service address, 6 7 such as a bank, travel, debit, or credit card, and in the case of third-number and calling-card calls, the service address is 8 9 the address of the central office, as determined by the area code and the first three digits of the seven-digit originating 10 telephone number. 11 12 Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 202.125, Florida 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 14 202.125 Sales of communications services; specified 15 exemptions.--(4) The sale of communications services to a home for 16 17 the aged, religious institution or educational institution that is exempt from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of 18 19 the Internal Revenue Code, or by a religious institution that is exempt from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the 20 Internal Revenue Code having an established physical place for 21 worship at which nonprofit religious services and activities 22 23 are regularly conducted and carried on, is exempt from the taxes imposed or administered pursuant to ss. 202.12 and 24 202.19. As used in this subsection, the term: 25 26 (a) "Religious institution" means an organization 27 owning and operating an established physical place for worship at which nonprofit religious services and activities are 28 29 regularly conducted. The term also includes: Any nonprofit corporation the sole purpose of which 30 1. is to provide free transportation services to religious 31 6

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institution members, their families, and other religious
 institution attendees.

2. Any nonprofit state, district, or other governing
4 or administrative office the function of which is to assist or
5 regulate the customary activities of religious institutions.

6 3. Any nonprofit corporation that owns and operates a 7 television station in this state of which at least 90 percent 8 of the programming consists of programs of a religious nature 9 and the financial support for which, exclusive of receipts for 10 broadcasting from other nonprofit organizations, is 11 predominantly from contributions from the public.

4. Any nonprofit corporation the primary activity of
which is making and distributing audio recordings of religious
scriptures and teachings to blind or visually impaired persons
at no charge.

16 5. Any nonprofit corporation the sole or primary 17 purpose of which is to provide, upon invitation, nonprofit 18 religious services, evangelistic services, religious 19 education, administrative assistance, or missionary assistance 20 for a religious institution, or established physical place of 21 worship at which nonprofit religious services and activities 22 are regularly conducted.

23

(b) "Educational institution" includes:

Any state tax-supported, parochial, religious
 institution, and nonprofit private school, college, or
 university that conducts regular classes and courses of study
 required for accreditation by or membership in the Southern
 Association of Colleges and Schools, the Florida Council of
 Independent Schools, or the Florida Association of Christian
 Colleges and Schools, Inc.

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Any nonprofit private school that conducts regular 1 2. 2 classes and courses of study which are accepted for continuing education credit by a board of the Division of Medical Quality 3 4 Assurance of the Department of Health. 3. Any nonprofit library. 5 6 4. Any nonprofit art gallery. 7 5. Any nonprofit performing arts center that provides 8 educational programs to school children, which programs 9 involve performances or other educational activities at the performing arts center and serve a minimum of 50,000 school 10 children a year. 11 12 6. Any nonprofit museum that is open to the public. 13 (c) "Home for the aged" includes any nonprofit 14 corporation: 15 1. In which at least 75 percent of the occupants are 16 62 years of age or older or totally and permanently disabled; 17 which qualifies for an ad valorem property tax exemption under s. 196.196, s. 196.197, or s. 196.1975; and which is exempt 18 19 from the sales tax imposed under chapter 212. 20 2. Licensed as a nursing home or an assisted living facility under chapter 400 and which is exempt from the sales 21 22 tax imposed under chapter 212. 23 Section 3. Subsection (8) is added to section 202.22, Florida Statutes, to read: 24 202.22 Determination of local tax situs.--25 26 (8) All local communications services taxes collected 27 by a dealer are subject to the provisions of s. 213.756. The 28 hold harmless protection provided by subsection (1) does not 29 entitle a dealer to retain or take credits for taxes collected from any customers that are assigned to an incorrect local 30 31 taxing jurisdiction in excess of the taxes due to the correct 8

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local taxing jurisdiction for that customer. Dealers are 1 entitled to refunds of or credits for such excess collections 2 3 only upon making refunds or providing credits to the customer. 4 Section 4. Subsection (8) of section 202.22, Florida 5 Statutes, as created by this act is remedial and intended to 6 clarify existing law. 7 Section 5. Present subsection (6) of section 202.27, 8 Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (8), and new 9 subsections (6) and (7) are added to that section to read: 202.27 Return filing; rules for self-accrual.--10 (6) In addition to the contact person identified on 11 12 the return, each dealer of communications services obligated to collect and remit local communications services tax imposed 13 14 under s. 202.19 may at any time, and shall within 10 days 15 after a request, designate a managerial representative to whom the department shall direct any inquiry regarding the 16 17 completeness or accuracy of the dealer's return when the response provided by the contact person identified on the 18 19 return has been inadequate. When the representative designated 20 under this subsection is contacted by the department, the dealer shall respond to the department within 30 days. 21 (7)(a) If the department determines it is probable 22 23 that a return filed pursuant to this chapter contains a material error in the reporting of local communications 24 service taxes by jurisdiction as required by s. 202.37(2), it 25 26 may, subject to the provisions of this subsection, issue a notice as described herein to the dealer that filed the 27 return. The notice shall be in writing and shall be issued as 28 29 soon as possible following the date the department received the return. Prior to issuing the notice, the department shall 30 31 attempt to resolve the issue in the manner provided in 9

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subsection (6), shall consult with the affected local 1 jurisdictions, and shall consult other sources of information 2 3 available to it that would have a bearing on whether the 4 existence of a material error in the return is probable. Such 5 inquiry by the department shall include, without limitation, 6 whether local rate changes, changes in jurisdictional 7 boundaries, or fluctuations in the taxes reported by other 8 dealers are consistent with the reporting on the return that 9 is the subject of the notice. The notice shall specify the schedule, specify line or lines of the return that are the 10 subject of the notice, describe the reporting error, and 11 12 describe the other sources of information consulted by the 13 department as required in this paragraph and the results of 14 such inquiry. (b) The dealer shall respond in writing to the notice 15 within 90 days after receipt of the notice, except that an 16 17 extension of this 90-day period must be granted if requested 18 by the dealer for reasonable cause. The dealer's response 19 shall state either that the return contained a material error 20 conforming to the department's description and that the error 21 has been corrected by filing a corrected return, or that the dealer has been unable to locate such an error. In the latter 22 23 event, the dealer's response shall also state whether any of the following events have occurred which might reasonably 24 25 account for the condition described in the notice as a 26 probable reporting error: The dealer has changed from one of the methods 27 1. 28 specified in s. 202.22(1) of assigning customers to local 29 jurisdictions to another method specified therein. 30 There has been an acquisition or disposition of an 2. entity providing communications services, an acquisition or 31 10

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disposition of such an entity's assets used to provide such 1 2 services, or a change in the dealer's licensed service area. 3 3. The dealer has implemented a new billing system. 4 4. There has been an update to the dealer's database 5 or corrections in assignments of service addresses pursuant to 6 s. 202.22(4)(b). 7 5. Substantial credits, refunds, or adjustments to 8 customer accounts are reflected in the return identified in 9 the notice. (c) If the dealer responds as required in paragraph 10 (b), and provides information prescribed in subparagraphs 11 12 (b)1.-5. which is incorrect and, after audit, the return is finally determined to contain the specific material error 13 14 identified in the notice, the dealer shall be subject to a 15 penalty not to exceed the lesser of 10 percent of any taxes reported for an incorrect jurisdiction as a result of the 16 17 error or \$10,000, which penalty may be compromised pursuant to s. 213.21. If the dealer fails to respond to the notice or 18 19 request an extension within the time prescribed, the dealer 20 shall be subject to a specific penalty of \$5,000, except that the department shall waive the specific penalty if the dealer 21 responds as required within 30 days after notification that 22 23 the specific penalty has been imposed. (d) For purposes of this subsection, a "material 24 error" is an error in the reporting of tax on a return for a 25 26 specific local jurisdiction that exceeds the greater of \$50,000 or 50 percent of the tax reported for such local 27 jurisdiction. "Material error" also includes a return for 28 29 which Schedule I or Schedule II is not included, regardless of the tax amount reported. "Material error" does not include, 30 31 and the penalties set forth in this subsection do not apply, 11

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to any error resulting from the assignment of a service 1 2 address to an incorrect local taxing jurisdiction for which 3 the dealer is held harmless under s. 202.22(1). 4 5 This subsection does not require the dealer to perform a self-audit to ascertain whether the condition described in the 6 7 notice is attributable to any of the foregoing events, nor does the issuance of the notice determine the dealer's 8 9 substantial interests or constitute an audit for purposes of 10 this chapter. Section 6. Effective June 30, 2004, subsection (7) of 11 12 section 202.27, Florida Statutes, as created by this act, is 13 repealed. 14 Section 7. Paragraphs (d) and (e) are added to subsection (2) of section 202.28, Florida Statutes, to read: 15 16 202.28 Credit for collecting tax; penalties.--17 (2) (d) If a dealer fails to separately report and 18 19 identify local communications services taxes on the 20 appropriate return schedule, the dealer shall be subject to a 21 penalty of \$5,000 per return. (e) If a dealer of communications services does not 22 23 use one or more of the methods specified in s. 202.22(1) for assigning service addresses to local jurisdictions and assigns 24 one or more service addressed to an incorrect local 25 26 jurisdiction in collecting and remitting local communications services taxes imposed under s. 202.19, the dealer shall be 27 subject to a specific penalty of 10 percent of any tax 28 29 collected but reported to the incorrect jurisdiction as a result of incorrect assignment, except that the penalty 30 31 12

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imposed under this paragraph with respect to a single return 1 2 may not exceed \$10,000. 3 Section 8. Subsection (5) is added to section 202.34, 4 Florida Statutes, to read: 5 202.34 Records required to be kept; power to inspect; 6 audit procedure.--7 (5) If a dealer retains records in both 8 machine-readable and hardcopy formats, upon a request by the 9 department, the dealer shall make the records available to the department in the machine-readable format in which such 10 records are retained. Any dealer or other person who fails or 11 12 refuses to provide such records within 60 days after the department's request or any extension thereof shall, in 13 14 addition to all other penalties provided by law, be subject to 15 a specific penalty of \$5,000 per audit. Section 9. Subsection (3) of section 202.35, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 202.35 Powers of department in dealing with 18 19 delinquents; tax to be separately stated .--(3) If a dealer or other person fails or refuses to 20 21 make his or her records available for inspection so that an audit or examination of his or her books and records cannot be 22 23 made, fails or refuses to register as a dealer, fails to make a report and pay the tax as provided by this chapter, makes a 24 grossly incorrect report, or makes a report that is false or 25 26 fraudulent, the department shall make an assessment from an estimate based upon the best information then available to it 27 for the taxable period of retail sales of the dealer, together 28 29 with any accrued interest and penalties. The department shall then proceed to collect the taxes, interest, and penalties on 30 the basis of such assessment, which shall be considered prima 31

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facie correct; and the burden to show the contrary rests upon 1 the dealer or other person. If the dealer fails to respond to 2 3 a contact made pursuant to s. 202.27(6) or a notice issued 4 pursuant to s. 202.27(7), or if a dealer's records are 5 determined to be inadequate for purposes of determining 6 whether the dealer properly allocated tax to and between local 7 governments, the department may determine the proper 8 allocation or reallocation based upon the best information 9 available to the department and shall seek the agreement of the affected local governments. 10 Section 10. Section 206.02, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 amended to read: 206.02 Application for license; temporary license; 13 14 terminal suppliers, importers, exporters, blenders, biodiesel 15 manufacturers, and wholesalers. --(1) It is unlawful for any person to engage in 16 17 business as a terminal supplier, importer, exporter, blender, biodiesel manufacturer, or wholesaler of motor fuel within 18 19 this state unless such person is the holder of an unrevoked license issued by the department to engage in such business. 20 A person is engaging in such business if he or she: 21 22 (a) Imports or causes any motor fuel to be imported 23 and sells such fuel at wholesale, retail, or otherwise within 24 this state. (b) Imports and withdraws for use within this state by 25 26 himself or herself or others any motor fuel from the tank car, 27 truck, or other original container or package in which such motor fuel was imported into this state. 28 29 (c) Manufactures, refines, produces, or compounds any 30 motor fuel and sells such fuel at wholesale or retail, or 31 14

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otherwise within this state for use or consumption within this 1 2 state. 3 (d) Imports into this state from any other state or 4 foreign country, or receives by any means into this state, any 5 motor fuel which is intended to be used for consumption in 6 this state and keeps such fuel in storage in this state for a 7 period of 24 hours or more after it loses its interstate or 8 foreign commerce character as a shipment in interstate or 9 foreign commerce. 10 (e) Is primarily liable under the fuel tax laws of this state for the payment of motor fuel taxes. 11 12 (f) Purchases or receives in this state motor fuel 13 upon which the tax has not been paid. 14 (g) Exports taxable motor or diesel fuels either from substorage at a bulk facility or directly from a terminal rack 15 to a destination outside the state. 16 17 (2) To procure a terminal supplier license, a person shall file with the department an application under oath, and 18 19 in such form as the department may prescribe, setting forth: (a) The name under which the person will transact 20 business within the state and that person's registration 21 number under s. 4101 of the Internal Revenue Code. 22 23 (b) The location, with street number address, of his or her principal office or place of business and the location 24 where records will be made available for inspection. 25 26 (c) The name and complete residence address of the owner or the names and addresses of the partners, if such 27 person is a partnership, or of the principal officers, if such 28 29 person is a corporation or association; and, if such person is a corporation organized under the laws of another state, 30 territory, or country, he or she shall also indicate the 31 15

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state, territory, or county where the corporation is organized 1 2 and the date the corporation was registered with file with the 3 application a certified copy of the certificate or license 4 issued by the Department of State as a foreign corporation 5 showing that such corporation is authorized to transact 6 business in the state. 7 8 The application shall require a \$30 license tax. Each license 9 shall be renewed annually through application, including an annual \$30 license tax. 10 (3) To procure an importer, exporter, or blender of 11 12 motor fuels license, a person shall file with the department 13 an application under oath, and in such form as the department 14 may prescribe, setting forth: The name under which the person will transact 15 (a) business within the state. 16 17 (b) The location, with street number address, of his or her principal office or place of business and the location 18 19 where records will be made available for inspection. (c) The name and complete residence address of the 20 owner or the names and addresses of the partners, if such 21 22 person is a partnership, or of the principal officers, if such 23 person is a corporation or association; and, if such person is a corporation organized under the laws of another state, 24 territory, or country, he or she shall also indicate the 25 26 state, territory, or country where the corporation is 27 organized and the date the corporation was registered with file with the application a certified copy of the certificate 28 29 or license issued by the Department of State as a foreign corporation showing that such corporation is authorized to 30 transact business in the state. 31 16

1 2 The application shall require a \$30 license tax. Each license 3 shall be renewed annually through application, including an 4 annual \$30 license tax. 5 (4) To procure a wholesaler of motor fuel license, a 6 person shall file with the department an application under 7 oath and in such form as the department may prescribe, setting 8 forth: 9 (a) The name under which the person will transact business within the state. 10 The location, with street number address, of his 11 (b) 12 or her principal office or place of business within this state and the location where records will be made available for 13 14 inspection. 15 (c) The name and complete residence address of the owner or the names and addresses of the partners, if such 16 17 person is a partnership, or of the principal officers, if such person is a corporation or association; and, if such person is 18 19 a corporation organized under the laws of another state, 20 territory, or country, he or she shall also indicate the state, territory, or country where the corporation is 21 organized and the date the corporation was registered with 22 23 file with the application a certified copy of the certificate 24 or license issued by the Department of State as a foreign 25 corporation showing that such corporation is authorized to 26 transact business in the state. 27 The application shall require a \$30 license tax. Each license 28 29 shall be renewed annually through application, including an 30 annual \$30 license fee. 31 17 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1 Each biodiesel manufacturer must meet the (5) 2 reporting, bonding, and licensing requirements prescribed for 3 wholesalers by this chapter. Any importer who establishes a 4 business location in this state must, prior to beginning 5 business in the state, apply for and be issued a wholesaler's license. An importer's license becomes invalid on the date б 7 business operations begin from a location within this state. 8 (6) Upon the filing of an application for a license 9 and concurrently therewith, a bond of the character stipulated and in the amount provided for shall be filed with the 10 department. No license shall issue upon any application 11 12 unless accompanied by such a bond, except as provided in s. 13 206.05(1). 14 (7)(a) If all applicants for a license hold a current 15 license in good standing of the same type and kind, the department shall issue a temporary license upon the filing of 16 17 a completed application, payment of all fees, and the posting of adequate bond. A temporary license shall automatically 18 19 expire 90 days after its effective date or, prior to the expiration of 90 days or the period of any extension, upon 20 issuance of a permanent license or of a notice of intent to 21 deny a permanent license. A temporary license may be extended 22 23 once for a period not to exceed 60 days, upon written request of the applicant, subject to the restrictions imposed by this 24 25 subsection. (b) A publicly held corporation, the securities of 26 27 which are regularly traded on a national securities exchange and not over the counter, which begins a new business and

and not over the counter, which begins a new business and which applies for a license as a terminal supplier, importer, exporter, or wholesaler shall be issued a license without the department's background investigation.

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Section 11. Subsection (5) of section 206.026, Florida 1 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 206.026 Certain persons prohibited from holding a 4 terminal supplier, importer, exporter, blender, carrier, 5 terminal operator, or wholesaler license; suspension and 6 revocation. --7 (5) The department shall obtain the fingerprints and 8 personal data from persons make such rules for the 9 photographing, fingerprinting, and obtaining of personal data 10 of individuals described in paragraph (1)(a) for purposes of determining whether such persons have a criminal background 11 12 and shall obtain the obtaining of such data regarding the business entities described in paragraph (1) (a) as are 13 14 necessary to effectuate the provisions of this section. Such fingerprints shall be used for statewide criminal and juvenile 15 records checks through the Department of Law Enforcement and 16 17 federal criminal records checks through the Federal Bureau of 18 Investigation. 19 Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 206.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 206.14 Inspection of records; audits; hearings; forms; 22 rules and regulations .--23 (2)(a) The department or any authorized deputy, employee, or agent is authorized to audit and examine the 24 records, books, papers, and equipment of terminal suppliers, 25 26 importers, exporters, or wholesalers, retail dealers, terminal 27 operators, or all private and common carriers to verify the truth and accuracy of any statement or report and ascertain 28 29 whether or not the tax imposed by this law has been paid. No prior written notification is necessary. In addition to making 30 all records available to the department to determine the 31 19

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accuracy of tax payments to the state and suppliers, all 1 persons, including retail dealers, wholesalers, importers, 2 3 exporters, terminal suppliers, and end users with storage 4 other than the fuel tank of a highway vehicle, shall make 5 available to the department, during normal business hours, records disclosing all receipts, sales, inventory records, 6 7 fuel payments, and tax payment information. These records 8 shall cover all transactions within the last 3 complete 9 calendar months and shall be made available within 3 business days of the department's request. The department may correct 10 by credit or refund any overpayment of tax, penalty, or 11 12 interest revealed by an audit or examination and shall make assessment of any deficiency in tax, penalty, or interest 13 14 determined to be due. 15 (b) Any person who fails to provide the records 16 required by this section shall, in addition to all other 17 penalties, be subject to a fine of \$5,000. Section 206.414, Florida Statutes, is 18 Section 13. 19 amended to read: 206.414 Collection of certain taxes; prohibited 20 21 credits and refunds.--(1) Notwithstanding s. 206.41, which requires the 22 23 collection of taxes due when motor fuel is removed through the 24 terminal loading rack, the taxes imposed by s. 206.41(1)(d), (e), and (f) shall be collected in the following manner: 25 26 (a) Prior to January 1 each year the department shall 27 determine the minimum amount of taxes to be imposed by s. 28 206.41(1)(d), (e), and (f) in any county. 29 The minimum tax imposed by s. 206.41(1)(d), (e), (b) and (f) shall be collected in the same manner as the taxes 30 31 imposed under s. 206.41(a), (b), and (c); at the point of 20

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removal through the terminal loading rack; or as provided in 1 paragraph (c). All taxes collected, refunded, or credited 2 3 shall be distributed based on the current applied period. 4 (c) (1) The taxes imposed by s. 206.41(1)(d), (e), and 5 (f) above the annual minimum shall be collected and remitted by licensed wholesalers and terminal suppliers upon each sale, б 7 delivery, or consignment to retail dealers, resellers, and end 8 users. 9 (2) Terminal suppliers and wholesalers shall not collect the taxes imposed by s. 206.41(1)(d), (e), and (f) 10 above the annual minimum established in this section on 11 12 authorized exchanges and sales to terminal suppliers, 13 wholesalers, and importers. 14 (3) Terminal suppliers, wholesalers, and importers 15 shall not pay the taxes imposed by s. 206.41(1)(d), (e), and (f) above the annual minimum established in this section to 16 17 their suppliers. There shall be no credit or refund for any of the taxes imposed by s. 206.41(1)(d), (e), and (f) above 18 19 the annual minimum established in this section paid by a 20 terminal supplier, wholesaler, or importer to any supplier. Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 206.416, Florida 21 Statutes, is amended to read: 22 23 206.416 Change in state destination .--(1)(a) A terminal supplier or person who is receiving 24 25 fuel pursuant to an exchange agreement who sells fuel destined 26 for sale or use in this state may change the destination state 27 designated on the original shipping paper upon notification by the purchaser of the fuel by the 10th day of the month 28 29 following the date of the transaction. The terminal supplier or position holder shall document a timely change in 30 destination state by issuing a new invoice bearing the 31 21 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1 corrected destination state. Each terminal supplier and 2 position holder shall report monthly to the department all 3 changes in the state of destination issued, including the name 4 of purchaser, date, number of gallons of fuel, and the basis 5 for the change.

(b) A terminal supplier or position holder who issues 6 7 a change in the state of destination on the invoice to this state from another state shall collect and remit to the 8 9 department the tax levied pursuant to this part on such fuel. 10 A terminal supplier or position holder who issues a change in the state of destination from this state to another state 11 12 shall be entitled to a credit or refund of any tax levied 13 pursuant to this part on such fuel which it has collected and 14 remitted to the department.

(a)(c) A terminal supplier or position holder may sell 15 motor or diesel fuel, other than by bulk transfer, a portion 16 of which fuel is destined for sale or use in this state and a 17 portion of which fuel is destined for sale or use in another 18 19 state or states. However, such sale shall be documented by the terminal supplier or position holder by issuing shipping 20 papers designating the state of destination for each portion 21 of the fuel. 22

23 (b)(d) A licensed terminal supplier, wholesaler, importer, or exporter who intends to sell or use motor fuel in 24 this state which was purchased pursuant to shipping papers 25 26 bearing an out-of-state destination shall obtain a diversion 27 number issued by the department which shall be manually recorded by the terminal supplier, wholesaler, importer, or 28 29 exporter on the shipping paper prior to importing the fuel into this state. The terminal supplier, If the licensed 30 wholesaler, importer, or exporter fails to timely notify the 31 2.2

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terminal supplier or position holder pursuant to paragraph (a) 1 to obtain a corrected invoice, the licensed wholesaler, 2 importer, or exporter is shall be liable for reporting and 3 4 remitting to report and remit all applicable taxes on said 5 fuel with the return required pursuant to s. 206.43. (c) If a wholesaler or exporter diverts to this state, б 7 within 3 consecutive months, more than six loads of fuel which were originally destined for allocation outside the state, the 8 9 wholesaler or exporter must register as an importer within 30 days after such diversion. A wholesaler or exporter who 10 violates this paragraph is subject to the penalties prescribed 11 12 under ss. 206.413 and 206.872. Section 15. Section 206.485, Florida Statutes, is 13 14 amended to read: 15 206.485 Tracking system reporting requirements.--16 (1) The information required for tracking movements of 17 petroleum products pursuant to ss. 206.08, 206.09, 206.095, and 206.48 shall be submitted in the manner prescribed by the 18 19 executive director of the department by rule. The rule shall include, but not be limited to, the data elements, the format 20 of the data elements, and the method and medium of 21 22 transmission to the department. 23 (2) Any person liable for reporting under this chapter 24 who fails to meet the requirements of this section within 3 months after notification of such failure by the department 25 26 shall, in addition to all other penalties prescribed by this 27 chapter, be subject to an additional penalty of \$5,000 for each month such failure continues. 28 29 Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 206.86, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (14) and (15) are added 30 to that subsection to read: 31 23 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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206.86 Definitions.--As used in this part: 1 2 (1) "Diesel fuel" means all petroleum distillates commonly known as diesel #2, biodiesel,or any other product 3 4 blended with diesel or any product placed into the storage 5 supply tank of a diesel-powered motor vehicle. 6 (14) "Biodiesel" means any product made from 7 nonpetroleum-base oils or fats which is suitable for use in 8 diesel-powered engines. Biodiesel is also referred to as alkyl 9 esters. 10 (15) "Biodiesel manufacturer" means those industrial plants, regardless of capacity, where organic products are 11 12 used in the production of biodiesel. This includes businesses 13 that process or blend organic products that are marketed as 14 biodiesel. Section 17. Section 206.89, Florida Statutes, is 15 16 amended to read: 17 206.89 Licenses; necessity; prerequisites; issuance; 18 nonassignability.--19 (1)(a) A No person may not shall act as a retailer 20 wholesaler of alternative fuel unless he or she holds a valid 21 retailer wholesaler of alternative fuel license issued by the department. A person who has no facilities for placing diesel 22 fuel into the supply system of a motor vehicle and who sells 23 into containers of 5 gallons or less is shall not be required 24 to be licensed as a retailer wholesaler of alternative fuel. 25 26 (b) Any person who acts as a <u>retailer</u> wholesaler of alternative fuel and does not hold a valid retailer wholesaler 27 of alternative fuel license shall pay a penalty of 25 percent 28 29 of the tax assessed on the total purchases. (2) To procure a retailer wholesaler of alternative 30 fuel license, a person must shall file with the department an 31 24 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

application in such form as the department may prescribe, with 1 2 a bond. A No license may not shall be issued upon any 3 application unless accompanied by such bond, except as 4 provided in s. 206.90(1). 5 (3) When an application for a retailer wholesaler of 6 alternative fuel license is filed by a person whose license 7 has been canceled for cause by the department or when the 8 department is of the opinion that such application is not 9 filed in good faith or is filed by some person as a subterfuge for the real person in interest whose license has theretofore 10 been canceled, the department may shall have authority, if the 11 12 evidence warrants, to refuse to issue to that person a 13 license. 14 (4) At the time of filing an application for a 15 license, a filing fee of \$5 shall be paid to the department 16 for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. 17 (5) All requirements of this section having been complied with, the department shall issue to the applicant a 18 19 license, and such license shall remain in effect until 20 canceled as provided in this part. 21 (6) Such license may shall not be assigned assignable and is shall be valid only for the retailer wholesaler of 22 alternative fuel in whose name it is issued. It shall be 23 displayed conspicuously by the retailer wholesaler of 24 alternative fuel in the principal place of business for which 25 26 it was issued. (7) Every person as defined in this part, except those 27 licensed under this chapter, including, but not limited to, a 28 29 state agency, federal agency, municipality, county, or special 30 district, which operates as a retailer wholesaler of 31 25

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1 alternative fuel <u>must and</u> report monthly to the department
2 <u>and</u>, or pay tax on all fuel purchases.

3 Section 18. Effective January 1, 2004, subsections (2) 4 and (3) of section 212.0606, Florida Statutes, are amended to 5 read:

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212.0606 Rental car surcharge.--

7 (2)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 8 212.20, and less costs of administration, 80 percent of the 9 proceeds of this surcharge shall be deposited in the State Transportation Trust Fund, 15.75 percent of the proceeds of 10 this surcharge shall be deposited in the Tourism Promotional 11 12 Trust Fund created in s. 288.122, and 4.25 percent of the 13 proceeds of this surcharge shall be deposited in the Florida 14 International Trade and Promotion Trust Fund. For the purposes of this subsection, "proceeds" of the surcharge means all 15 funds collected and received by the department under this 16 17 section, including interest and penalties on delinquent 18 surcharges. The department shall provide the Department of 19 Transportation rental car surcharge revenue information for 20 the previous state fiscal year by September 1 of each year. 21 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in fiscal year 2007-2008 and each year thereafter, the proceeds 22 23 deposited in the State Transportation Trust Fund shall be allocated on an annual basis in the Department of 24 Transportation's work program to each department district, 25 except the Turnpike District. The amount allocated for each 26 27 district shall be based upon the amount of proceeds attributed to collected in the counties within each respective district. 28 29 (3)(a) Except as provided in this section, the 30 department shall administer, collect, and enforce the surcharge as provided in this chapter. 31

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The department shall require dealers to report 1 (b) 2 surcharge collections according to the county to which the 3 surcharge was attributed. For purposes of this section, the 4 surcharge shall be attributed to the county where the rental 5 agreement was entered into. 6 (c) Dealers who collect the rental car surcharge shall 7 report to the department all surcharge revenues attributed to 8 the county where the rental agreement was entered into on a 9 timely filed return for each required reporting period. The 10 provisions of this chapter which apply to interest and penalties on delinquent taxes shall apply to the surcharge. 11 12 The surcharge shall not be included in the calculation of 13 estimated taxes pursuant to s. 212.11. The dealer's credit provided in s. 212.12 shall not apply to any amount collected 14 15 under this section. 16 Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 17 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, 19 and storage tax; specified exemptions. -- The sale at retail, 20 the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the 21 22 following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. 23 24 (4) EXEMPTIONS; ITEMS BEARING OTHER EXCISE TAXES, 25 ETC.--26 (a) Also exempt are: 1. Water delivered to the purchaser through pipes or 27 conduits or delivered for irrigation purposes. The sale of 28 29 drinking water in bottles, cans, or other containers, including water that contains minerals or carbonation in its 30 natural state or water to which minerals have been added at a 31 27 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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water treatment facility regulated by the Department of 1 Environmental Protection or the Department of Health, is 2 exempt. This exemption does not apply to the sale of drinking 3 4 water in bottles, cans, or other containers if carbonation or 5 flavorings, except those added at a water treatment facility, have been added. Water that has been enhanced by the addition б 7 of minerals and that does not contain any added carbonation or flavorings is also exempt. 8

9 2. All fuels used by a public or private utility, including any municipal corporation or rural electric 10 cooperative association, in the generation of electric power 11 12 or energy for sale. Fuel other than motor fuel and diesel fuel is taxable as provided in this chapter with the exception 13 14 of fuel expressly exempt herein. Motor fuels and diesel fuels 15 are taxable as provided in chapter 206, with the exception of those motor fuels and diesel fuels used by railroad 16 17 locomotives or vessels to transport persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce, which are taxable under this 18 19 chapter only to the extent provided herein. The basis of the tax shall be the ratio of intrastate mileage to interstate or 20 foreign mileage traveled by the carrier's railroad locomotives 21 or vessels that were used in interstate or foreign commerce 22 23 and that had at least some Florida mileage during the previous fiscal year of the carrier, such ratio to be determined at the 24 close of the fiscal year of the carrier. However, during the 25 26 fiscal year in which the carrier begins its initial operations 27 in this state, the carrier's mileage apportionment factor may be determined on the basis of an estimated ratio of 28 29 anticipated miles in this state to anticipated total miles for that year, and subsequently, additional tax shall be paid on 30 the motor fuel and diesel fuels, or a refund may be applied 31 28

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for, on the basis of the actual ratio of the carrier's 1 2 railroad locomotives' or vessels' miles in this state to its 3 total miles for that year. This ratio shall be applied each 4 month to the total Florida purchases made in this state of 5 motor and diesel fuels to establish that portion of the total used and consumed in intrastate movement and subject to tax б 7 under this chapter. The basis for imposition of any discretionary surtax shall be set forth in s. 212.054. Fuels 8 9 used exclusively in intrastate commerce do not qualify for the proration of tax. 10

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3. The transmission or wheeling of electricity. Section 20. Subsections (1), (2), (9), (10), and (11) of section 212.12, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

14 212.12 Dealer's credit for collecting tax; penalties 15 for noncompliance; powers of Department of Revenue in dealing 16 with delinquents; brackets applicable to taxable transactions; 17 records required.--

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and for 18 19 the purpose of compensating persons granting licenses for and the lessors of real and personal property taxed hereunder, for 20 the purpose of compensating dealers in tangible personal 21 22 property, for the purpose of compensating dealers providing 23 communication services and taxable services, for the purpose of compensating owners of places where admissions are 24 collected, and for the purpose of compensating remitters of 25 26 any taxes or fees reported on the same documents utilized for 27 the sales and use tax, as compensation for the keeping of prescribed records, filing timely tax returns, and the proper 28 29 accounting and remitting of taxes by them, such seller, person, lessor, dealer, owner, and remitter (except dealers 30 who make mail order sales) shall be allowed 2.5 percent of the 31

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amount of the tax due and accounted for and remitted to the 1 department, in the form of a deduction in submitting his or 2 her report and paying the amount due by him or her; the 3 4 department shall allow such deduction of 2.5 percent of the 5 amount of the tax to the person paying the same for remitting the tax and making of tax returns in the manner herein 6 7 provided, for paying the amount due to be paid by him or her, 8 and as further compensation to dealers in tangible personal 9 property for the keeping of prescribed records and for collection of taxes and remitting the same. However, if the 10 amount of the tax due and remitted to the department for the 11 12 reporting period exceeds \$1,200, no allowance shall be allowed for all amounts in excess of \$1,200. The executive director of 13 14 the department is authorized to negotiate a collection 15 allowance, pursuant to rules promulgated by the department, with a dealer who makes mail order sales. The rules of the 16 17 department shall provide guidelines for establishing the collection allowance based upon the dealer's estimated costs 18 19 of collecting the tax, the volume and value of the dealer's mail order sales to purchasers in this state, and the 20 administrative and legal costs and likelihood of achieving 21 22 collection of the tax absent the cooperation of the dealer. 23 However, in no event shall the collection allowance negotiated by the executive director exceed 10 percent of the tax 24 remitted for a reporting period. 25 26 (a) The collection allowance may not be granted, nor 27 may any deduction be permitted, if the required tax return or tax is delinquent at the time of payment. 28 29 (a) (b) The Department of Revenue may deny the collection allowance if a taxpayer files an incomplete return 30 31 30

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1 or if the required tax return or tax is delinquent at the time
2 of payment.

1. An "incomplete return" is, for purposes of this
chapter, a return which is lacking such uniformity,
completeness, and arrangement that the physical handling,
verification, review of the return, or determination of other
taxes and fees reported on the return may not be readily
accomplished.

9 2. The department shall adopt rules requiring such information as it may deem necessary to ensure that the tax 10 levied hereunder is properly collected, reviewed, compiled, 11 12 reported, and enforced, including, but not limited to: the amount of gross sales; the amount of taxable sales; the amount 13 14 of tax collected or due; the amount of lawful refunds, deductions, or credits claimed; the amount claimed as the 15 dealer's collection allowance; the amount of penalty and 16 interest; the amount due with the return; and such other 17 information as the Department of Revenue may specify. The 18 19 department shall require that transient rentals and agricultural equipment transactions be separately shown. Sales 20 made through vending machines as defined in s. 212.0515 must 21 22 be separately shown on the return. Sales made through 23 coin-operated amusement machines as defined by s. 212.02 and the number of machines operated must be separately shown on 24 the return or on a form prescribed by the department. If a 25 separate form is required, the same penalties for late filing, 26 27 incomplete filing, or failure to file as provided for the sales tax return shall apply to said form. 28 29 (b)(c) The collection allowance and other credits or 30 deductions provided in this chapter shall be applied

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proportionally to any taxes or fees reported on the same
 documents used for the sales and use tax.

3 (2)(a) When any person, firm, or corporation required 4 hereunder to make any return or to pay any tax or fee imposed 5 by this chapter either fails to timely file such return or fails to pay the tax or fee shown due on the return within the 6 7 time required hereunder, in addition to all other penalties provided herein and by the laws of this state in respect to 8 9 such taxes or fees, a specific penalty shall be added to the tax or fee in the amount of 10 percent of either the tax or 10 fee shown on the return that is not timely filed or any unpaid 11 12 tax or fee not paid timely if the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional 10 percent of any unpaid tax or 13 14 fee for each additional 30 days, or fraction thereof, during the time which the failure continues, not to exceed a total 15 16 penalty of 50 percent, in the aggregate, of any unpaid tax or 17 fee. In no event may The penalty may not be less than \$50 \$10 for failure to timely file a tax return required by s. 18 19 212.11(1)(b) or timely pay the tax or fee shown due on the 20 return except as provided in s. 213.21(10). If a person fails 21 to timely file a return required by s. 212.11(1) and to timely pay the tax or fee shown due on the return, only one penalty 22 23 of 10 percent, which may not be less than \$50, shall be imposed \$5 for failure to timely file a tax return authorized 24 by s. 212.11(1)(c) or (d). 25 26 (b) When any person required under this section to make a return or to pay a tax or fee imposed by this chapter 27 28 fails to disclose the tax or fee on the return within the time 29 required, excluding a noncompliant filing event generated by 30 situations covered in paragraph (a), in addition to all other penalties provided in this section and by the laws of this 31

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state in respect to such taxes or fees, a specific penalty 1 2 shall be added to the additional tax or fee owed in the amount 3 of 10 percent of any such unpaid tax or fee not paid timely if 4 the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional 5 10 percent of any such unpaid tax or fee for each additional 30 days, or fraction thereof, while the failure continues, not б 7 to exceed a total penalty of 50 percent, in the aggregate, of 8 any unpaid tax or fee.

9 (c)(b) Any person who knowingly and with a willful 10 intent to evade any tax imposed under this chapter fails to 11 file six consecutive returns as required by law commits a 12 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 13 775.082 or s. 775.083.

14 <u>(d)(c)</u> Any person who makes a false or fraudulent 15 return with a willful intent to evade payment of any tax or 16 fee imposed under this chapter shall, in addition to the other 17 penalties provided by law, be liable for a specific penalty of 18 100 percent of the tax bill or fee and, upon conviction, for 19 fine and punishment as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 20 s. 775.084.

21 1. If the total amount of unreported taxes or fees is 22 less than \$300, the first offense resulting in conviction is a misdemeanor of the second degree, the second offense resulting 23 in conviction is a misdemeanor of the first degree, and the 24 third and all subsequent offenses resulting in conviction is a 25 26 misdemeanor of the first degree, and the third and all 27 subsequent offenses resulting in conviction are felonies of the third degree. 28

29 2. If the total amount of unreported taxes or fees is
30 \$300 or more but less than \$20,000, the offense is a felony of
31 the third degree.

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3. If the total amount of unreported taxes or fees is
 \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000, the offense is a
 felony of the second degree.

4 4. If the total amount of unreported taxes or fees is 5 \$100,000 or more, the offense is a felony of the first degree. 6 (e)(d) When any person, firm, or corporation fails to 7 timely remit the proper estimated payment required under s. 8 212.11, a specific penalty shall be added in an amount equal 9 to 10 percent of any unpaid estimated tax. Beginning with 10 January 1, 1985, returns, the department, upon a showing of reasonable cause, is authorized to waive or compromise 11 12 penalties imposed by this paragraph. However, other penalties 13 and interest shall be due and payable if the return on which 14 the estimated payment was due was not timely or properly filed. 15

16 (f)(e) Dealers filing a consolidated return pursuant 17 to s. 212.11(1)(e) shall be subject to the penalty established in paragraph(e) (d) unless the dealer has paid the required 18 19 estimated tax for his or her consolidated return as a whole without regard to each location. If the dealer fails to pay 20 the required estimated tax for his or her consolidated return 21 as a whole, each filing location shall stand on its own with 22 23 respect to calculating penalties pursuant to paragraph(e) 24 (d).

(9) Taxes imposed by this chapter upon the privilege of the use, consumption, storage for consumption, or sale of tangible personal property, admissions, license fees, rentals, communication services, and upon the sale or use of services as herein taxed shall be collected upon the basis of an addition of the tax imposed by this chapter to the total price of such admissions, license fees, rentals, communication or

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other services, or sale price of such article or articles that 1 are purchased, sold, or leased at any one time by or to a 2 3 customer or buyer; the dealer, or person charged herein, is 4 required to pay a privilege tax in the amount of the tax 5 imposed by this chapter on the total of his or her gross sales of tangible personal property, admissions, license fees, б 7 rentals, and communication services or to collect a tax upon the sale or use of services, and such person or dealer shall 8 9 add the tax imposed by this chapter to the price, license fee, 10 rental, or admissions, and communication or other services and collect the total sum from the purchaser, admittee, licensee, 11 12 lessee, or consumer. The department shall make available in 13 an electronic format or otherwise the tax amounts and 14 Notwithstanding the rate of taxes imposed upon the privilege 15 of sales, admissions, license fees, rentals, and communication services, or upon the sale or use of services, the following 16 17 brackets shall be applicable to all transactions taxable at the rate of 6 percent: 18 19 (a) On single sales of less than 10 cents, no tax shall be added. 20 21 (b) On single sales in amounts from 10 cents to 16 22 cents, both inclusive, 1 cent shall be added for taxes. 23 (c) On sales in amounts from 17 cents to 33 cents, both inclusive, 2 cents shall be added for taxes. 24 (d) On sales in amounts from 34 cents to 50 cents, 25 26 both inclusive, 3 cents shall be added for taxes. 27 (e) On sales in amounts from 51 cents to 66 cents, both inclusive, 4 cents shall be added for taxes. 28 29 (f) On sales in amounts from 67 cents to 83 cents, 30 both inclusive, 5 cents shall be added for taxes. 31 35

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(g) On sales in amounts from 84 cents to \$1, both 1 2 inclusive, 6 cents shall be added for taxes. 3 (h) On sales in amounts of more than \$1, 6 percent 4 shall be charged upon each dollar of price, plus the 5 appropriate bracket charge upon any fractional part of a 6 dollar. 7 (10) In counties which have adopted a discretionary 8 sales surtax at the rate of 1 percent, the department shall 9 make available in an electronic format or otherwise the tax 10 amounts and the following brackets shall be applicable to all taxable transactions that which would otherwise have been 11 12 transactions taxable at the rate of 6 percent: 13 (a) On single sales of less than 10 cents, no tax 14 shall be added. 15 (b) On single sales in amounts from 10 cents to 14 cents, both inclusive, 1 cent shall be added for taxes. 16 17 (c) On sales in amounts from 15 cents to 28 cents, both inclusive, 2 cents shall be added for taxes. 18 19 (d) On sales in amounts from 29 cents to 42 cents, 20 both inclusive, 3 cents shall be added for taxes. 21 (e) On sales in amounts from 43 cents to 57 cents, both inclusive, 4 cents shall be added for taxes. 22 23 (f) On sales in amounts from 58 cents to 71 cents, both inclusive, 5 cents shall be added for taxes. 24 25 (g) On sales in amounts from 72 cents to 85 cents, both inclusive, 6 cents shall be added for taxes. 26 27 (h) On sales in amounts from 86 cents to \$1, both 28 inclusive, 7 cents shall be added for taxes. 29 (i) On sales in amounts from \$1 up to, and including, 30 the first \$5,000 in price, 7 percent shall be charged upon 31 36 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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each dollar of price, plus the appropriate bracket charge upon 1 any fractional part of a dollar. 2 (j) On sales in amounts of more than \$5,000 in price, 3 4 7 percent shall be added upon the first \$5,000 in price, and 6 5 percent shall be added upon each dollar of price in excess of the first \$5,000 in price, plus the bracket charges upon any б 7 fractional part of a dollar as provided for in subsection (9). (11) The department shall make available in an 8 9 electronic format or otherwise is authorized to provide by rule the tax amounts and brackets applicable to all taxable 10 transactions that occur in counties that have a surtax at a 11 12 rate other than 1 percent which transactions would otherwise have been transactions taxable at the rate of 6 percent. 13 14 Likewise, the department shall make available in an electronic 15 format or otherwise is authorized to promulgate by rule the tax amounts and brackets applicable to transactions taxable at 16 17 2.5 or 3 percent pursuant to s. 212.08(3), transactions taxable at 7 percent pursuant to s. 212.05(1)(e), and on 18 19 transactions which would otherwise have been so taxable in counties which have adopted a discretionary sales surtax. 20 Section 21. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 21 paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 213.21, Florida 22 23 Statutes, is amended to read: 213.21 Informal conferences; compromises.--24 (7)(a) When a taxpayer voluntarily self-discloses a 25 26 liability for tax to the department, the department may settle and compromise the tax and interest due under the voluntary 27 self-disclosure to those amounts due for the 3 $\frac{5}{5}$ years 28 29 immediately preceding the date that the taxpayer initially contacted the department concerning the voluntary 30 self-disclosure. For purposes of this paragraph, the term 31 37

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"years" means tax years or calendar years, whichever is 1 2 applicable to the tax that is voluntarily self-disclosed. A 3 voluntary self-disclosure does not occur if the department has 4 contacted or informed the taxpayer that the department is 5 inquiring into the taxpayer's liability for tax or whether the 6 taxpayer is subject to tax in this state. 7 Section 22. The amendment to section 213.21, Florida 8 Statutes, made by this act shall take effect upon becoming a 9 law and applies to any voluntary self-disclosure made to the Department of Revenue on or after that date. 10 Section 23. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (1) 11 12 of section 336.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 13 336.021 County transportation system; levy of 14 ninth-cent fuel tax on motor fuel and diesel fuel.--15 (1)(c) Local option taxes collected on sales or use of 16 17 diesel fuel in this state shall be distributed in the 18 following manner: 19 1. The fiscal year of July 1, 1995, through June 30, 20 1996, shall be the base year for all distributions. 21 Each year the tax collected, less the service and 2. 22 administrative charges enumerated in s. 215.20 and the 23 allowances allowed under s. 206.91, on the number of gallons reported, up to the total number of gallons reported in the 24 base year, shall be distributed to each county using the 25 26 distribution percentage calculated for the base year. 3. After the distribution of taxes pursuant to 27 subparagraph 2., additional taxes available for distribution 28 29 shall first be distributed pursuant to this subparagraph. A distribution shall be made to each county in which a qualified 30 new retail station is located. A qualified new retail station 31 38

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is a retail station that began operation after June 30, 1996, 1 and that has sales of diesel fuel exceeding 50 percent of the 2 sales of diesel fuel reported in the county in which it is 3 4 located during the 1995-1996 state fiscal year. The 5 determination of whether a new retail station is qualified shall be based on the total gallons of diesel fuel sold at the 6 7 station during each full month of operation during the 12-month period ending January 31 March 31, divided by the 8 9 number of full months of operation during those 12 months, and the result multiplied by 12. The amount distributed pursuant 10 to this subparagraph to each county in which a qualified new 11 12 retail station is located shall equal the local option taxes due on the gallons of diesel fuel sold by the new retail 13 14 station during the year ending January 31 March 31, less the 15 service charges enumerated in s. 215.20 and the dealer allowance provided for by s. 206.91. Gallons of diesel fuel 16 17 sold at the qualified new retail station shall be certified to the department by the county requesting the additional 18 19 distribution by June 15, 1997, and by March 1 May 1 in each subsequent year. The certification shall include the beginning 20 inventory, fuel purchases and sales, and the ending inventory 21 for the new retail station for each month of operation during 22 23 the year, the original purchase invoices for the period, and any other information the department deems reasonable and 24 necessary to establish the certified gallons. The department 25 26 may review and audit the retail dealer's records provided to a county to establish the gallons sold by the new retail 27 station. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subparagraph, 28 when more than one county qualifies for a distribution 29 pursuant to this subparagraph and the requested distributions 30 exceed the total taxes available for distribution, each county 31

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shall receive a prorated share of the moneys available for
 distribution.

4. After the distribution of taxes pursuant to 3 subparagraph 3., all additional taxes available for 4 5 distribution shall be distributed based on vehicular diesel 6 fuel storage capacities in each county pursuant to this 7 subparagraph. The total vehicular diesel fuel storage capacity 8 shall be established for each fiscal year based on the registration of facilities with the Department of 9 Environmental Protection as required by s. 376.303 for the 10 following facility types: retail stations, fuel 11 12 user/nonretail, state government, local government, and county government. Each county shall receive a share of the total 13 14 taxes available for distribution pursuant to this subparagraph 15 equal to a fraction, the numerator of which is the storage capacity located within the county for vehicular diesel fuel 16 17 in the facility types listed in this subparagraph and the denominator of which is the total statewide storage capacity 18 19 for vehicular diesel fuel in those facility types. The vehicular diesel fuel storage capacity for each county and 20 facility type shall be that established by the Department of 21 Environmental Protection by June 1, 1997, for the 1996-1997 22 23 fiscal year, and by January 31 for each succeeding fiscal year. The storage capacities so established shall be final. 24 The storage capacity for any new retail station for which a 25 26 county receives a distribution pursuant to subparagraph 3. shall not be included in the calculations pursuant to this 27 28 subparagraph.

(d) The tax <u>received by the department</u> on motor fuel
<u>pursuant to this paragraph</u> shall be distributed monthly by the
department to the county reported by the terminal suppliers,

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wholesalers, and importers as the destination of the gallons 1 2 distributed for retail sale or use. The tax on diesel fuel 3 shall be distributed monthly by the department to each county 4 as provided in paragraph (c). 5 Section 24. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and 6 subsection (7) of section 336.025, Florida Statutes, are 7 amended to read: 336.025 County transportation system; levy of local 8 9 option fuel tax on motor fuel and diesel fuel .--10 (1)In addition to other taxes allowed by law, there 11 (b) 12 may be levied as provided in s. 206.41(1)(e) a 1-cent, 2-cent, 3-cent, 4-cent, or 5-cent local option fuel tax upon every 13 14 gallon of motor fuel sold in a county and taxed under the provisions of part I of chapter 206. The tax shall be levied 15 by an ordinance adopted by a majority plus one vote of the 16 17 membership of the governing body of the county or by 18 referendum. 19 1. All impositions and rate changes of the tax shall be levied before July 1, to be effective January 1 of the 20 following year. However, levies of the tax which were in 21 effect on July 1, 2002, and which expire on August 31 of any 22 23 year may be reimposed at the current authorized rate effective September 1 of the year of expiration. 24 The county may, prior to levy of the tax, establish 25 2. 26 by interlocal agreement with one or more municipalities 27 located therein, representing a majority of the population of the incorporated area within the county, a distribution 28 29 formula for dividing the entire proceeds of the tax among county government and all eligible municipalities within the 30 county. If no interlocal agreement is adopted before the 31 41

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effective date of the tax, tax revenues shall be distributed 1 2 pursuant to the provisions of subsection (4). If no 3 interlocal agreement exists, a new interlocal agreement may be 4 established prior to June 1 of any year pursuant to this 5 subparagraph. However, any interlocal agreement agreed to 6 under this subparagraph after the initial levy of the tax or 7 change in the tax rate authorized in this section shall under 8 no circumstances materially or adversely affect the rights of 9 holders of outstanding bonds which are backed by taxes authorized by this paragraph, and the amounts distributed to 10 the county government and each municipality shall not be 11 12 reduced below the amount necessary for the payment of 13 principal and interest and reserves for principal and interest 14 as required under the covenants of any bond resolution 15 outstanding on the date of establishment of the new interlocal 16 agreement.

17 3. County and municipal governments shall use utilize moneys received pursuant to this paragraph only for 18 19 transportation expenditures needed to meet the requirements of 20 the capital improvements element of an adopted comprehensive plan or for expenditures needed to meet immediate local 21 transportation problems and for other transportation-related 22 23 expenditures that are critical for building comprehensive roadway networks by local governments. For purposes of this 24 25 paragraph, expenditures for the construction of new roads, the 26 reconstruction or resurfacing of existing paved roads, or the paving of existing graded roads shall be deemed to increase 27 capacity and such projects shall be included in the capital 28 29 improvements element of an adopted comprehensive plan. Expenditures for purposes of this paragraph shall not include 30 routine maintenance of roads. 31

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1 (7) For the purposes of this section, "transportation 2 expenditures" means expenditures by the local government from 3 local or state shared revenue sources, excluding expenditures 4 of bond proceeds, for the following programs: 5 (a) Public transportation operations and maintenance. 6 (b) Roadway and right-of-way maintenance and equipment 7 and structures used primarily for the storage and maintenance 8 of such equipment. 9 (c) Roadway and right-of-way drainage. 10 (d) Street lighting. Traffic signs, traffic engineering, signalization, 11 (e) 12 and pavement markings. (f) Bridge maintenance and operation. 13 14 (g) Debt service and current expenditures for 15 transportation capital projects in the foregoing program 16 areas, including construction or reconstruction of roads and 17 sidewalks. Section 25. Effective January 1, 2004, subsection (20) 18 19 of section 443.036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 443.036 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, unless 21 the context clearly requires otherwise: 22 (20) EMPLOYING UNIT. -- "Employing unit" means any 23 individual or type of organization, including any partnership, limited liability company, association, trust, estate, 24 25 joint-stock company, insurance company, or corporation, 26 whether domestic or foreign; the receiver, trustee in 27 bankruptcy, trustee, or successor of any of the foregoing; or the legal representative of a deceased person, which has or 28 29 had in its employ one or more individuals performing services 30 for it within this state. 31 43

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Each individual employed to perform or to assist 1 (a) 2 in performing the work of any agent or employee of an 3 employing unit shall be deemed to be employed by such 4 employing unit for all the purposes of this chapter, whether 5 such individual was hired or paid directly by such employing 6 unit or by such agent or employee, provided the employing unit 7 had actual or constructive knowledge of the work. 8 (b) All individuals performing services within this 9 state for any employing unit which maintains two or more separate establishments within this state shall be deemed to 10 be performing services for a single employing unit for all the 11 12 purposes of this chapter. (c) Any person who is an officer of a corporation or a 13 14 member of a limited liability company classified as a corporation for federal income tax purposes and who performs 15 services for such corporation or limited liability company 16 17 within this state, whether or not such services are continuous, shall be deemed an employee of the corporation or 18 19 the limited liability company during all of each week of his 20 or her tenure of office, regardless of whether or not he or she is compensated for such services. Services shall be 21 presumed to have been rendered the corporation in cases where 22 23 such officer is compensated by means other than dividends upon shares of stock of such corporation owned by him or her. 24 (d) A limited liability company shall be treated as 25 26 having the same status as it is classified for federal income 27 tax purposes. 28 Section 26. Effective January 1, 2004, paragraph (g) 29 of subsection (3) of section 443.131, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 443.131 Contributions.--31 44

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(3) CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT EXPERIENCE.--1 2 (g)1. For the purposes of this subsection, two or more 3 employers who are parties to a transfer of business or the 4 subject of a merger, consolidation, or other form of 5 reorganization, effecting a change in legal identity or form, 6 shall be deemed to be a single employer and shall be 7 considered as one employer with a continuous employment record 8 if the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee 9 division finds that the successor employer continues to carry on the employing enterprises of the predecessor employer or 10 employers and that the successor employer has paid all 11 12 contributions required of and due from the predecessor employer or employers and has assumed liability for all 13 14 contributions that may become due from the predecessor 15 employer or employers. In addition, an employer may not be 16 considered a successor under this subparagraph if the employer 17 purchases a company with a lower rate into which employees 18 with job functions unrelated to the business endeavors of the 19 predecessor are transferred for the purpose of acquiring the 20 low rate and avoiding payment of contributions.As used in 21 this paragraph, the term "contributions" means all indebtedness to the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its 22 23 designee division, including, but not limited to, interest, penalty, collection fee, and service fee. A successor has 30 24 days from the date of the official notification of liability 25 26 by succession to accept the transfer of the predecessor's or predecessors' employment record or records. If the predecessor 27 or predecessors have unpaid contributions or outstanding 28 29 quarterly reports, the successor has 30 days from the date of the notice listing the total amount due to pay the total 30 amount with certified funds. After the total indebtedness has 31

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been paid, the employment record or records of the predecessor 1 or predecessors will be transferred to the successor. 2 3 Employment records may be transferred by the division. The tax 4 rate of total successor and predecessor upon the transfer of 5 employment records shall be determined by the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee division as prescribed by б 7 rule in order to calculate any tax rate change resulting from the transfer of employment records. 8

9 2. Whether or not there is a transfer of employment 10 record as contemplated in this paragraph, the predecessor 11 shall in the event he or she again employs persons be treated 12 as an employer without previous employment record or, if his 13 or her coverage has been terminated as provided in s. 443.121, 14 as a new employing unit.

The division may provide by rule for partial 15 3. 16 transfer of experience rating when an employer has transferred 17 at any time an identifiable and segregable portion of his or her payrolls and business to a successor employing unit. As a 18 19 condition of such partial transfer of experience, the rules 20 shall require an application by the successor, agreement by the predecessor, and such evidence as the division may 21 prescribe of the experience and payrolls attributable to the 22 23 transferred portion up to the date of transfer. The rules shall provide that the successor employing unit, if not 24 already an employer, shall become an employer as of the date 25 26 of the transfer and that the experience of the transferred portion of the predecessor's account shall be removed from the 27 experience-rating record of the predecessor, and for each 28 29 calendar year following the date of the transfer of the employment record on the books of the division, the division 30 shall compute the rate of contribution payable by the 31

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successor on the basis of his or her experience, if any,
combined with the experience of the portion of the record
transferred. The rules may also provide what rates shall be
payable by the predecessor and successor employers for the
period between the date of the transfer of the employment
record of the transferred unit on the books of the division
and the first day of the next calendar year.

This paragraph shall not apply to the employee 8 4. 9 leasing company and client contractual agreement as defined in s. 443.036. The client shall, in the event of termination of 10 the contractual agreement or failure by the employee leasing 11 12 company to submit reports or pay contributions as required by 13 the division, be treated as a new employer without previous 14 employment record unless otherwise eligible for a rate 15 computation.

Section 27. Section 443.1316, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

18 443.1316 Contract with Department of Revenue for 19 unemployment tax collection services.--

20 (1) By January 1, 2001, The Agency for Workforce 21 Innovation shall enter into a contract with the Department of Revenue which shall provide for the Department of Revenue to 22 23 provide unemployment tax collection services. The Department of Revenue, in consultation with the Department of Labor and 24 Employment Security, shall determine the number of positions 25 26 needed to provide unemployment tax collection services within 27 the Department of Revenue. The number of unemployment tax collection service positions the Department of Revenue 28 29 determines are needed shall not exceed the number of positions that, prior to the contract, were authorized to the Department 30 of Labor and Employment Security for this purpose. Upon 31 47

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entering into the contract with the Agency for Workforce 1 Innovation to provide unemployment tax collection services, 2 3 the number of required positions, as determined by the 4 Department of Revenue, shall be authorized within the 5 Department of Revenue. Beginning January 1, 2002, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall 6 7 conduct a feasibility study regarding privatization of unemployment tax collection services. A report on the 8 9 conclusions of this study shall be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 10 11 Representatives. 12 (2)(a) The Department of Revenue is considered to be administering a revenue law of this state when the department 13 14 provides unemployment compensation tax collection services 15 pursuant to a contract of the department with the Agency for Workforce Innovation. 16 17 (b) Sections 213.018, 213.025, 213.051, 213.053, 213.055, 213.071, 213.10, 213.2201, 213.23, 213.24(2), 213.27, 18 19 213.28, 213.285, 213.37, 213.50, 213.67, 213.69, 213.73, 213.733, 213.74, and 213.757 apply to the collection of 20 unemployment contributions by the Department of Revenue unless 21 22 prohibited by federal law. 23 (c) Notwithstanding s. 216.346, the Department of Revenue may charge no more than 10 percent of the total cost 24 of the interagency agreement for the overhead or indirect 25 26 costs, or for any other costs not required for the payment of 27 the direct costs, of providing unemployment tax collection services. 28 29 Section 28. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 443.163, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 30 443.163 Electronic reporting and remitting of taxes.--31 48

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(1) An employer may choose to file any report and 1 2 remit any taxes required by this chapter by electronic means. 3 The Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee shall 4 prescribe by rule the format and instructions necessary for 5 such filing of reports and remitting of taxes to ensure a full 6 collection of contributions due. The acceptable method of 7 transfer, the method, form, and content of the electronic means, and the method, if any, by which the employer will be 8 9 provided with an acknowledgment shall be prescribed by the agency or its designee. However, any employer who employed 10 10 or more employees in any quarter during the preceding state 11 12 fiscal year, or any person that prepared and reported for 5 or more employers in the preceding state fiscal year, must submit 13 14 the Employers Quarterly Reports (UCT-6) for the current 15 calendar year and remit the taxes due by electronic means 16 approved by the agency or its designee. A person who prepared 17 and reported for 100 or more employers in any quarter during the preceding state fiscal year must file the Employers 18 19 Quarterly Reports (UCT-6) for each calendar quarter in the 20 current calendar year, beginning with reports due for the 21 second calendar quarter of 2003, by electronic means approved by the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee. 22 23 (2) Any employer or person who fails to file an Employers Quarterly Report (UCT-6) by electronic means, but 24 25 who files the report by means other than electronic means, 26 required by law is liable for a penalty of 10 percent of the 27 tax due, but not less than \$10 for that each report, which is in addition to any other penalty provided by this chapter 28 29 which may be applicable, unless the employer or person has first obtained a waiver for such requirement from the agency 30 or its designee. Any employer or person who fails to remit tax 31

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by electronic means as required by law is liable for a penalty 1 2 of \$10 for each remittance submitted, which is in addition to 3 any other penalty provided by this chapter which may be 4 applicable. 5 Section 29. The amendments made by this act to section 6 443.163, Florida Statutes, shall apply retroactively for 7 Employers Quarterly Reports (UCT-6) due on or after April 1, 8 2003. 9 Section 30. Section 832.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 832.062 Prosecution for worthless checks, drafts, or 11 12 debit card orders, or electronic funds transfers made given to pay any tax or associated amount administered by the 13 14 Department of Revenue. --(1) It is unlawful for any person, firm, or 15 corporation to draw, make, utter, issue, or deliver to the 16 17 Department of Revenue any check, draft, or other written order on any bank or depository, or to use a debit card, to make, 18 19 send, instruct, order, or initiate any electronic funds 20 transfer, or to cause or direct the making, sending, instructing, ordering, or initiating of any electronic funds 21 transfer, for the payment of any taxes, penalties, interest, 22 fees, or associated amounts administered by the Department of 23 Revenue, knowing at the time of the drawing, making, uttering, 24 issuing, or delivering such check, draft, or other written 25 26 order, or at the time of using such debit card, at the time of making, sending, instructing, ordering, or initiating any 27 electronic funds transfer, or at the time of causing or 28 29 directing the making, sending, instructing, ordering, initiating, or executing of any electronic funds transfer, 30 that the maker, or drawer, sender, or receiver thereof has not 31 50

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sufficient funds on deposit in or credit with such bank or 1 depository with which to pay the same on presentation. ; except 2 3 that This section does not apply to any check or electronic 4 funds transfer when the Department of Revenue knows or has 5 been expressly notified prior to the drawing or uttering of the check or the sending or initiating of the electronic funds 6 7 transfer, or has reason to believe, that the drawer, sender, 8 or receiver did not have on deposit or to the drawer's, 9 sender's, or receiver's credit with the drawee or receiving bank or depository sufficient funds to ensure payment as 10 aforesaid, and nor does this section does not apply to any 11 12 postdated check.

(2) A violation of the provisions of this section 13 14 constitutes a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, unless the check, draft, 15 debit card order, or other written order drawn, made, uttered, 16 17 issued, or delivered, or electronic funds transfer made, sent, instructed, ordered, or initiated, or caused or directed to be 18 19 made, sent, instructed, ordered, or initiated is in the amount of \$150 or more. In that event, the violation constitutes a 20 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 21 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 22

(3) For purposes of prosecution, a violation under this section occurs in the county in which the check is issued <u>or the electronic funds transfer is sent</u> and in the county in which it is received. A check will be deemed issued at the residence address of an individual taxpayer and at the business address of a business taxpayer.

29 Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 206.052, Florida 30 Statutes, is amended to read:

206.052 Export of tax-free fuels.--

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(2) A licensed exporter shall not divert for sale or 1 2 use in this state any fuel designated to a destination outside 3 this state without first obtaining a diversion number from the 4 department as specified in s. 206.416(1)(b)s. 206.416(1)(d) and manually recording that number on the shipping paper prior 5 6 to diversion of fuel for sale or use in this state. 7 Section 32. Subsection (13) of section 199.052, 8 Florida Statutes, is repealed. 9 Section 33. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 10 Section 34. Effective January 1, 2004, paragraph (x) 11 12 is added to subsection (7) of section 213.053, Florida 13 Statutes, to read: 14 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing .--15 (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the department may provide: 16 17 (x) Rental car surcharge revenues authorized by s. 212.0606, reported according to the county to which the 18 19 surcharge was attributed to the Department of Transportation. 20 21 Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be 22 pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director 23 and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or nongovernmental, shall be bound by the same requirements of 24 confidentiality as the Department of Revenue. Breach of 25 26 confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree, 27 punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 28 Section 35. Subsection (4) of section 213.0535, 29 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 213.0535 Registration Information Sharing and Exchange 30 31 Program. --52

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1 (4) There are two levels of participation: 2 (a) Each unit of state or local government responsible 3 for administering one or more of the provisions specified in 4 subparagraphs 1.-8.7. is a level-one participant. Level-one 5 participants shall exchange, monthly or quarterly, as 6 determined jointly by each participant and the department, the 7 data enumerated in subsection (2) for each new registrant, new filer, or initial reporter, permittee, or licensee, with 8 9 respect to the following taxes, licenses, or permits: The sales and use tax imposed under chapter 212. 10 1. The tourist development tax imposed under s. 11 2. 12 125.0104. 13 3. The tourist impact tax imposed under s. 125.0108. 14 4. Local occupational license taxes imposed under 15 chapter 205. 16 5. Convention development taxes imposed under s. 17 212.0305. Public lodging and food service establishment 18 6. 19 licenses issued pursuant to chapter 509. 20 Beverage law licenses issued pursuant to chapter 7. 21 561. 8. A municipal resort tax as authorized under chapter 22 23 67-930, Laws of Florida. (b) Level-two participants include the Department of 24 Revenue and local officials responsible for collecting the 25 26 tourist development tax pursuant to s. 125.0104, the tourist 27 impact tax pursuant to s. 125.0108, or a convention development tax pursuant to s. 212.0305, or a municipal resort 28 29 tax as authorized under chapter 67-930, Laws of Florida. Level-two participants shall, in addition to the data shared 30 by level-one participants, exchange data relating to tax 31 53 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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payment history, audit assessments, and registration 1 cancellations of dealers engaging in transient rentals, and 2 such data may relate only to sales and use taxes, tourist 3 4 development taxes, and convention development taxes, and 5 municipal resort tax. The department shall prescribe, by rule, the data elements to be shared and the frequency of б 7 sharing; however, audit assessments must be shared at least 8 quarterly.

9 (c) A level-two participant may disclose information 10 as provided in paragraph (b) in response to a request for such information from any other level-two participant. Information 11 12 relative to specific taxpayers shall be requested or disclosed under this paragraph only to the extent necessary in the 13 14 administration of a tax or licensing provision as enumerated 15 in paragraph (a). When a disclosure made under this paragraph 16 involves confidential information provided to the participant 17 by the Department of Revenue, the participant who provides the information shall maintain records of the disclosures, which 18 19 records shall be subject to review by the Department of Revenue for a period of 5 years after the date of the 20 disclosure. 21

22 Section 36. Subsection (5) of section 624.509, Florida
23 Statutes, is amended to read:

624.509 Premium tax; rate and computation.--

(5) There shall be allowed a credit against the net tax imposed by this section equal to 15 percent of the amount paid by the insurer in salaries to employees located or based within this state and who are covered by the provisions of chapter 443. For purposes of this subsection: (a) The term "salaries" does not include amounts paid

31 as commissions.

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(b) The term "employees" does not include independent 1 2 contractors or any person whose duties require that the person 3 hold a valid license under the Florida Insurance Code, except 4 persons defined in s. 626.015(1), (16), and (18). 5 (c) The term "net tax" means the tax imposed by this 6 section after applying the calculations and credits set forth 7 in subsection (4). 8 (d) An affiliated group of corporations that created a 9 service company within its affiliated group on July 30, 2002 shall allocate the salary of each service company employee 10 covered by contracts with affiliated group members to the 11 12 companies for which the employees perform services. The salary allocation is based on the amount of time during the tax year 13 14 that the individual employee spends performing services or otherwise working for each company over the total amount of 15 16 time the employee spends performing services or otherwise 17 working for all companies. The total amount of salary allocated to an insurance company within the affiliated group 18 19 shall be included as that insurer's employee salaries for 20 purposes of this section. 21 1. The term "affiliated group of corporations" means two or more corporations that are entirely owned by a single 22 23 corporation and that constitute an affiliated group of corporations as defined in s. 1504(a) of the Internal Revenue 24 25 Code. 26 2. The term "service company" means a separate 27 corporation within the affiliated group of corporations whose 28 employees provide services to affiliated group members and 29 which are treated as service company employees for unemployment compensation and common law purposes. The holding 30 31 company of an affiliated group may not qualify as a service 55

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1 company. An insurance company may not qualify as a service 2 company. 3 3. If an insurance company fails to substantiate, 4 whether by means of adequate records or otherwise, its 5 eligibility to claim the service company exception under this 6 section, or its salary allocation under this section, no 7 credit shall be allowed. 8 Section 37. The amendment to section 624.509(5), Florida Statutes, made by this act shall take effect for tax 9 years beginning January 1, 2003. 10 Section 38. Paragraph (n) of subsection (7) of section 11 12 213.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing .--13 14 (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 15 section, the department may provide: 16 (n) Information contained in returns, reports, 17 accounts, or declarations to the Board of Accountancy in connection with a disciplinary proceeding conducted pursuant 18 19 to chapter 473 when related to a certified public accountant participating in the certified audits project, or to the court 20 in connection with a civil proceeding brought by the 21 department relating to a claim for recovery of taxes due to 22 23 negligence on the part of a certified public accountant participating in the certified audits project. In any 24 judicial proceeding brought by the department, upon motion for 25 26 protective order, the court shall limit disclosure of tax 27 information when necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section. This paragraph is repealed on July 1, 2006. 28 29 Section 39. Subsection (8) of section 213.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 30 213.21 Informal conferences; compromises.--31 56

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In order to determine whether certified audits are 1 (8) 2 an effective tool in the overall state tax collection effort, 3 the executive director of the department or the executive 4 director's designee shall settle or compromise penalty liabilities of taxpayers who participate in the certified 5 audits project. As further incentive for participating in the 6 7 program, the department shall abate the first \$25,000 of any 8 interest liability and 25 percent of any interest due in 9 excess of the first \$25,000. A settlement or compromise of penalties or interest pursuant to this subsection shall not be 10 subject to the provisions of paragraph (3)(a), except for the 11 12 requirement relating to confidentiality of records. The department may consider an additional compromise of tax or 13 14 interest pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (3)(a). This 15 subsection does not apply to any liability related to taxes collected but not remitted to the department. This subsection 16 17 is repealed on July 1, 2006.

18 Section 40. Subsection (2) of section 213.285, Florida
19 Statutes, is amended to read:

20

213.285 Certified audits.--

21 (2)(a) The department is authorized to initiate a 22 certified audits project to further enhance tax compliance 23 reviews performed by qualified practitioners and to encourage taxpayers to hire qualified practitioners at their own expense 24 to review and report on their tax compliance. The nature of 25 26 certified audit work performed by qualified practitioners 27 shall be agreed-upon procedures in which the department is the specified user of the resulting report. 28

(b) As an incentive for taxpayers to incur the costs
of a certified audit, the department shall compromise
penalties and abate interest due on any tax liabilities

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revealed by a certified audit as provided in s. 213.21. 1 This authority to compromise penalties or abate interest shall not 2 3 apply to any liability for taxes that were collected by the 4 participating taxpayer but that were not remitted to the 5 department. (c) The certified audits project is repealed on July 6 7 1, 2006, or upon completion of the project as determined by 8 the department, whichever occurs first. 9 Section 41. Paragraph (o) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, 11 12 and storage tax; specified exemptions. -- The sale at retail, 13 the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and 14 the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the 15 following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. 16 17 (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE. --(0) Building materials in redevelopment projects.--18 19 1. As used in this paragraph, the term: "Building materials" means tangible personal 20 a. property that becomes a component part of a housing project or 21 22 a mixed-use project. 23 "Housing project" means the conversion of an b. existing manufacturing or industrial building to housing units 24 in an urban high-crime area, enterprise zone, empowerment 25 26 zone, Front Porch Community, designated brownfield area, or 27 urban infill area and in which the developer agrees to set aside at least 20 percent of the housing units in the project 28 29 for low-income and moderate-income persons or the construction 30 in a designated brownfield area of affordable housing for 31 58

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persons described in s. 420.0004(9), (10), or (14), or in s. 1 2 159.603(7). 3 "Mixed-use project" means the conversion of an c. 4 existing manufacturing or industrial building to mixed-use 5 units that include artists' studios, art and entertainment 6 services, or other compatible uses. A mixed-use project must 7 be located in an urban high-crime area, enterprise zone, empowerment zone, Front Porch Community, designated brownfield 8 9 area, or urban infill area, and the developer must agree to set aside at least 20 percent of the square footage of the 10 project for low-income and moderate-income housing. 11 12 d. "Substantially completed" has the same meaning as 13 provided in s. 192.042(1). 14 2. Building materials used in the construction of a 15 housing project or mixed-use project are exempt from the tax 16 imposed by this chapter upon an affirmative showing to the 17 satisfaction of the department that the requirements of this paragraph have been met. This exemption inures to the owner 18 19 through a refund of previously paid taxes. To receive this refund, the owner must file an application under oath with the 20 department which includes: 21 The name and address of the owner. 22 a. 23 The address and assessment roll parcel number of b. 24 the project for which a refund is sought. c. A copy of the building permit issued for the 25 26 project. 27 d. A certification by the local building code inspector that the project is substantially completed. 28 29 A sworn statement, under penalty of perjury, from e. 30 the general contractor licensed in this state with whom the owner contracted to construct the project, which statement 31 59

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1 lists the building materials used in the construction of the 2 project and the actual cost thereof, and the amount of sales 3 tax paid on these materials. If a general contractor was not 4 used, the owner shall provide this information in a sworn 5 statement, under penalty of perjury. Copies of invoices 6 evidencing payment of sales tax must be attached to the sworn 7 statement.

8 3. An application for a refund under this paragraph 9 must be submitted to the department within 6 months after the date the project is deemed to be substantially completed by 10 the local building code inspector. Within 30 working days 11 12 after receipt of the application, the department shall determine if it meets the requirements of this paragraph. A 13 14 refund approved pursuant to this paragraph shall be made 15 within 30 days after formal approval of the application by the department. The provisions of s. 212.095 do not apply to any 16 17 refund application made under this paragraph.

18 4. The department shall establish by rule an19 application form and criteria for establishing eligibility for20 exemption under this paragraph.

5. The exemption shall apply to purchases of materialson or after July 1, 2000.

23 Section 42. Subsection (1) of section 212.055, Florida 24 Statutes, is amended to read:

25 212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative
26 intent; authorization and use of proceeds.--It is the
27 legislative intent that any authorization for imposition of a
28 discretionary sales surtax shall be published in the Florida
29 Statutes as a subsection of this section, irrespective of the
30 duration of the levy. Each enactment shall specify the types
31 of counties authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be

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imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as provided in s. 212.054.

7

(1) CHARTER COUNTY TRANSIT SYSTEM SURTAX.--

8 (a) Each charter county which adopted a charter prior 9 to January 1, 1984, and each county the government of which is 10 consolidated with that of one or more municipalities, may levy 11 a discretionary sales surtax, subject to approval by a 12 majority vote of the electorate of the county or by a charter 13 amendment approved by a majority vote of the electorate of the 14 county.

15

(b) The rate shall be up to 1 percent.

16 (c) The proposal to adopt a discretionary sales surtax 17 as provided in this subsection and to create a trust fund 18 within the county accounts shall be placed on the ballot in 19 accordance with law at a time to be set at the discretion of 20 the governing body.

(d) Proceeds from the surtax shall be applied to as many or as few of the uses enumerated below in whatever combination the county commission deems appropriate:

Deposited by the county in the trust fund and shall
 be used for the purposes of development, construction,
 equipment, maintenance, operation, supportive services,
 including a countywide bus system, and related costs of a
 fixed guideway rapid transit system;

2. Remitted by the governing body of the county to an
 a. Remitted by the governing body of the county to an
 a. expressway or transportation authority created by law to be
 a. used, at the discretion of such authority, for the

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development, construction, operation, or maintenance of roads 1 or bridges in the county, for the operation and maintenance of 2 3 a bus system, for the payment of principal and interest on 4 existing bonds issued for the construction of such roads or 5 bridges, and, upon approval by the county commission, such proceeds may be pledged for bonds issued to refinance existing 6 7 bonds or new bonds issued for the construction of such roads 8 or bridges; and

9 3. For each county, as defined in s. 125.011(1), used for the development, construction, operation, and maintenance 10 of roads and bridges in the county; for the expansion, 11 12 operation, and maintenance of bus and fixed guideway systems; and for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued 13 14 for the construction of fixed guideway rapid transit systems, 15 bus systems, roads, or bridges; and such proceeds may be pledged by the governing body of the county for bonds issued 16 17 to refinance existing bonds or new bonds issued for the construction of such fixed guideway rapid transit systems, bus 18 19 systems, roads, or bridges and no more than 25 percent used 20 for nontransit uses; and.

21 4. Used by the charter county for the planning, development, construction, operation, and maintenance of roads 22 23 and bridges in the county; for the planning, development, expansion, operation, and maintenance of bus and fixed 24 guideway systems; and for the payment of principal and 25 26 interest on bonds issued for the construction of fixed 27 guideway rapid transit systems, bus systems, roads, or bridges; and such proceeds may be pledged by the governing 28 29 body of the county for bonds issued to refinance existing bonds or new bonds issued for the construction of such fixed 30 31 guideway rapid transit systems, bus systems, roads, or 62

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bridges. Pursuant to an interlocal agreement entered into 1 2 pursuant to chapter 163, the governing body of the charter 3 county may distribute proceeds from the tax to a municipality, 4 or an expressway or transportation authority created by law to 5 be expended for the purpose authorized by this paragraph. Section 43. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (3) б 7 of section 193.461, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 8 193.461 Agricultural lands; classification and 9 assessment; mandated eradication or quarantine program .--(3)(a) No lands shall be classified as agricultural 10 lands unless a return is filed on or before March 1 of each 11 12 year. The property appraiser, before so classifying such 13 lands, may require the taxpayer or the taxpayer's 14 representative to furnish the property appraiser such 15 information as may reasonably be required to establish that such lands were actually used for a bona fide agricultural 16 17 purpose. Failure to make timely application by March 1 shall constitute a waiver for 1 year of the privilege herein granted 18 19 for agricultural assessment. However, an applicant who is qualified to receive an agricultural classification who fails 20 to file an application by March 1 may file an application for 21 the classification and may file, pursuant to s. 194.011(3), a 22 23 petition with the value adjustment board requesting that the classification be granted. The petition may be filed at any 24 time during the taxable year on or before the 25th day 25 26 following the mailing of the notice by the property appraiser as provided in s. 194.011(1). Notwithstanding the provisions 27 of s. 194.013, the applicant must pay a nonrefundable fee of 28 29 \$15 upon filing the petition. Upon reviewing the petition, if the person is qualified to receive the classification and 30 demonstrates particular extenuating circumstances judged by 31

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the property appraiser or the value adjustment board to 1 warrant granting the classification, the property appraiser or 2 3 the value adjustment board may grant the classification. The 4 owner of land that was classified agricultural in the previous 5 year and whose ownership or use has not changed may reapply on a short form as provided by the department. The lessee of 6 7 property may make original application or reapply using the short form if the lease, or an affidavit executed by the 8 9 owner, provides that the lessee is empowered to make application for the agricultural classification on behalf of 10 the owner and a copy of the lease or affidavit accompanies the 11 12 application. A county may, at the request of the property 13 appraiser and by a majority vote of its governing body, waive 14 the requirement that an annual application or statement be 15 made for classification of property within the county after an initial application is made and the classification granted by 16 17 the property appraiser. Such waiver may be revoked by a majority vote of the governing body of the county. 18 19 (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), land that has received an agricultural classification from the 20 property appraiser, the value adjustment board, or a court of 21 22 competent jurisdiction pursuant to this section is entitled to 23 receive such classification in any subsequent year until such agricultural use of the land is abandoned or discontinued, the 24 land is diverted to a nonagricultural use, or the land is 25 26 reclassified as nonagricultural pursuant to subsection (4). 27 The property appraiser must, no later than January 31 15 of each year, provide notice to the owner of land that was 28 29 classified agricultural in the previous year informing the owner of the requirements of this paragraph and requiring the 30 owner to certify that neither the ownership nor the use of the 31

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land has changed. The department shall, by administrative

rule, prescribe the form of the notice to be used by the property appraiser under this paragraph. If a county has waived the requirement that an annual application or statement be made for classification of property pursuant to paragraph (a), the county may, by a majority vote of its governing body, waive the notice and certification requirements of this paragraph and shall provide the property owner with the same notification provided to owners of land granted an agricultural classification by the property appraiser. Such waiver may be revoked by a majority vote of the county's 12 governing body. However, This paragraph does not apply to any property if the agricultural classification of that property 14 is the subject of current litigation. Section 44. (1) For purposes of granting an agricultural classification for January 1, 2003, the term 16 "extenuating circumstances," as used in section 193.461(3)(a), Florida Statutes, includes the failure of a property owner in a county that waived the annual application process to return 20 the agricultural classification form or card, which return was required by operation of section 193.461(3)(e), Florida 21 22 Statutes, as created by chapter 2002-18, Laws of Florida. 23 (2) Any waiver of the annual application granted under section 193.461(3)(a), Florida Statutes, which is in effect on 24 December 31, 2002, shall remain in full force and effect until 25 26 subsequently revoked as provided by section 193.461(3)(a), Florida Statutes. Section 45. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2003. 29 65