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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to truck safety; amending s. 316.302, 2 F.S.; revising references; specifying ownership 3 4 identification requirements for certain commercial motor carriers; providing penalties; deleting obsolete 5 references; amending s. 316.3025, F.S.; correcting б references; revising penalty provisions for specified 7 violations; providing penalties for specified 8 noncompliance; amending s. 316.3026, F.S.; providing the 9 Office of Motor Carrier Compliance authority to issue out-10 of-service orders to certain commercial motor carriers; 11 providing procedures; providing penalties for failure to 12 comply; amending s. 316.515, F.S.; revising truck length 13 limitations for described semitrailers under specified 14 circumstances; amending s. 316.545, F.S.; providing that 15 certain penalties shall be a lien on the vehicle; adding a 16 cross reference; deleting specified receipt requirement; 17 authorizing weight inspectors to detain described vehicles 18 under specified circumstances; authorizing said inspectors 19 to contact a law enforcement officer; amending s. 316.640, 20 F.S.; revising provisions relating to law enforcement 21 authority; repealing s. 316.3027, F.S., relating to 22 identification required on commercial motor vehicles; 23 repealing s. 316.610(3), F.S., relating to inspection of 24 vehicles; amending s. 316.1937, F.S.; correcting a cross 25 reference; providing an effective date. 26

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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HB 1205 2003 30 Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1), paragraph (e) of subsection (2), and subsection (5) of section 316.302, 31 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 32 33 316.302 Commercial motor vehicles; safety regulations; transporters and shippers of hazardous materials; enforcement .--34 (1)35 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all 36 owners or drivers of commercial motor vehicles that are engaged 37 in intrastate commerce are subject to the rules and regulations 38 contained in 49 C.F.R. parts 382, 385, and 390-397, with the 39 40 exception of 49 C.F.R. s. 390.5 as it relates to the definition of bus, as such rules and regulations existed on October 1, 2002 41 2001. 42 (2) 43 (e) A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle solely 44 in intrastate commerce is exempt from subsection (1) while 45 transporting agricultural products, including horticultural or 46 forestry products, from farm or harvest place to the first place 47 of processing or storage, or from farm or harvest place directly 48 to market. However, such person must comply with 49 C.F.R. parts 49 382, 392, and 393, and with 49 C.F.R. ss. 396.3(a)(1) and 396.9. 50 A vehicle or combination of vehicles operated pursuant to this 51 paragraph that has a gross vehicle weight of 26,001 pounds or 52 more or has three or more axles on the power unit regardless of 53 weight must display the name of the vehicle owner or motor 54 55 carrier and the city or town where the vehicle is based on each

56 side of the power unit in letters that contrast with the

57 background and are readable from a distance of 50 feet. A

58 violation of this vehicle identification requirement may be

⁵⁹ assessed a penalty as provided in s. 316.3025(3)(a).

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The Department of Transportation may adopt and revise 60 (5) rules to assure the safe operation of commercial motor vehicles. 61 The Department of Transportation may enter into cooperative 62 agreements as provided in 49 C.F.R. part 388. Department of 63 Transportation personnel may conduct motor carrier and shipper 64 compliance reviews terminal audits only for the purpose of 65 determining compliance with this section 49 C.F.R. parts 171, 66 172, 173, 177, 178, 180, 382, 391, 393, 396, and 397; 49 C.F.R. 67 s. 395.1(e)(5); and s. 627.7415. 68

Section 2. Section 316.3025, Florida Statutes, is amendedto read:

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316.3025 Penalties.--

(1) A commercial motor vehicle that is found to be
operating in such an unsafe condition as to be declared out-ofservice or a driver declared out-of-service or removed from
driving status pursuant to the North American <u>Standard Uniform</u>
Out-of-Service Criteria must be repaired or returned to driving
status before being returned to service.

Any person who owns, operates, or causes or permits a 78 (2) commercial motor vehicle that has been declared out-of-service 79 pursuant to the North American Standard Uniform Out-of-Service 80 Criteria to be driven before the completion of required repairs 81 is subject to the imposition of a penalty as provided in 49 82 C.F.R. s. 383.53, in addition to any other penalties imposed 83 against him or her. Any person who operates a commercial motor 84 vehicle while he or she is declared out-of-service or removed 85 from driving status pursuant to the North American Standard 86 Uniform Out-of-Service Criteria, or who causes or permits such 87 out-of-service driver to operate a commercial motor vehicle, is 88 subject to the imposition of a penalty as provided in 49 C.F.R. 89 Page 3 of 16

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90	s. 383.53, in addition to any other penalties imposed against
91	the person.
92	(3)(a) A civil penalty of \$50 may be assessed for a
93	violation of the identification requirements of 49 C.F.R. s.
94	390.21 <u>or s. 316.302(2)(e)</u> .
95	(b) A civil penalty of \$100 may be assessed for:
96	1. Each violation of the North American Uniform Driver
97	Out-of-Service Criteria;
98	2. A violation of s. 316.302(2)(b) or (c); or
99	3. A violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 392.60 <u>; or</u>
100	4. Each vehicle declared out-of-service pursuant to the
101	North American Standard Vehicle Out-of-Service Criteria.
102	(c) A civil penalty of \$250 may be assessed for:
103	1. A violation of the placarding requirements of 49
104	C.F.R. parts 171-179;
105	2. A violation of the shipping paper requirements of 49
106	C.F.R. parts 171-179;
107	3. A violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 392.10;
108	4. A violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 397.5;
109	5. A violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 397.7;
110	6. A violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 397.13; or
111	7. A violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 397.15.
112	(d) A civil penalty of \$500 may be assessed for:
113	1. Each violation of the North American Standard Hazardous
114	Materials Out-of-Service Criteria.
115	2. Each violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 390.19, for failure of
116	an interstate or intrastate motor carrier to register.
117	3. Each violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 392.9a, for failure of
118	an interstate motor carrier to obtain operating authority.
119	4. Each violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 392.9a, for operating
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HB 1205 2003 120 beyond the scope of an interstate motor carrier's operating authority each violation of the North American Uniform Hazardous 121 Materials Out-of-Service Criteria. 122 A civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 in the aggregate 123 (e) may be assessed for violations found in the conduct of 124 compliance reviews terminal audits pursuant to s. 316.302(5). A 125 civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 in the aggregate may be 126 assessed for violations found in a followup compliance review 127 conducted within a 24-month period. A civil penalty not to 128 exceed \$25,000 in the aggregate may be assessed and the motor 129 130 carrier may be enjoined pursuant to s. 316.3026 for violations found after a second followup compliance review is conducted 131 132 within 12 months of the first followup compliance review. Motor carriers found to be operating without insurance required by s. 133 627.7415 may be enjoined as provided in s. 316.3026. 134 (4) A vehicle operated by an interstate motor carrier 135 found to be in violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 392.9a may be placed 136

137 <u>out-of-service for the carrier's failure to obtain operating</u> 138 <u>authority or operating beyond the scope of its operating</u> 139 <u>authority.</u>

(5) (4) Whenever any person or motor carrier as defined in 140 chapter 320 violates the provisions of this section and becomes 141 indebted to the state because of such violation and refuses to 142 pay the appropriate penalty, in addition to the provisions of s. 143 316.3026, such the penalty becomes a lien upon the property 144 including the motor vehicles of such person or motor carrier and 145 may be foreclosed by the state in a civil action in any court of 146 this state. It shall be presumed that the owner of the motor 147 148 vehicle is liable for the sum, and the vehicle may be detained or impounded until the penalty is paid. 149

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150 (6)(a)(5)(a) Any officer or agent collecting the penalties imposed pursuant to this section shall give to the owner, motor 151 carrier, or driver of the vehicle an official receipt for all 152 penalties collected from him or her. Only an officer or agent of 153 the Department of Transportation is authorized to collect the 154 penalty provided by this section. Such officer or agent shall 155 cooperate with the owner or driver of the motor vehicle so as 156 not to unduly delay the vehicle. 157

(b) All penalties imposed and collected under this section
by any state agency having jurisdiction shall be paid to the
Treasurer, who shall credit the total amount collected to the
State Transportation Trust Fund for use in repairing and
maintaining the roads of this state.

<u>(7)(6)</u> Any person aggrieved by the imposition of a civil
 penalty pursuant to this section may apply to the Commercial
 Motor Vehicle Review Board for a modification, cancellation, or
 revocation of the penalty. The Commercial Motor Vehicle Review
 Board may modify, cancel, revoke, or sustain such penalty.

Section 3. Section 316.3026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.3026 Unlawful operation <u>of motor carriers</u> may be
 enjoined.--

(1) The Office of Motor Carrier Compliance within the 172 Department of Transportation may issue out-of-service orders to 173 motor carriers as defined in s. 320.01(33) who have, after 174 proper notice, failed to pay any penalty or fine assessed by the 175 department or its duly appointed agent against any owner or 176 motor carrier for violations of law, for the refusal to submit 177 178 to a compliance review and provide records pursuant to s. 316.302(5) or s. 316.70, or for being in violation of safety 179

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180	regulations pursuant to s. 316.302 or insurance requirements
181	pursuant to s. 627.7415. Such out-of-service orders shall have
182	the effect of prohibiting the operations of any motor vehicles
183	owned, leased, or otherwise operated by the motor carrier upon
184	the roadways of this state, until such time as the violations
185	have been corrected and any penalties have been paid. Out-of-
186	service orders issued under this section must be approved by the
187	director of the Office of Motor Carrier Compliance, or his or
188	her designee. An administrative hearing pursuant to s. 120.569
189	shall be afforded to motor carriers subject to such orders.
190	(2) Any motor carrier enjoined or prohibited from
191	operating by an out-of-service order by this state, any other
192	state, or the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration is
193	prohibited from operating on the roadways of this state until
194	such time as the motor carrier has been authorized to resume
195	operations by the originating enforcement jurisdiction.
196	Commercial motor vehicles owned or operated by any motor carrier
197	prohibited from operation found on the roadways of this state
198	shall be placed out of service by law enforcement officers of
199	the Department of Transportation, and the motor carrier shall be
200	assessed a \$10,000 civil penalty pursuant to 49 C.F.R. s.
201	383.53, in addition to any other penalties imposed on the driver
202	or other responsible person. Any person who knowingly drives,
203	operates, or causes to be operated any commercial motor vehicle
204	in violation of an out-of-service order issued by the department
205	in accordance with this section commits a felony of the third
206	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082(3)(d). Any costs
207	associated with the impoundment or storage of such vehicles are
208	the responsibility of the motor carrier. Vehicle out-of-service
209	orders may be rescinded when the department has received proof
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210	of authorization for the motor carrier to resume operation.
211	(3) In addition to the sanctions found in subsections (1)
212	and (2), the Department of Transportation may petition the
213	circuit courts of this state to enjoin any motor carrier from
214	operating when it fails to comply with out-of-service orders
215	issued by a competent authority within or outside of this state
216	Any motor carrier which operates a commercial motor vehicle upon
217	the highways of this state in violation of the provisions of
218	this chapter may be enjoined by the courts of this state from
219	any such violation. Such injunctive proceeding may be instituted
220	by the Department of Transportation.
221	Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section

222 316.515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.515 Maximum width, height, length.--

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(3) LENGTH LIMITATION.--

(b) Semitrailers.--

A semitrailer operating in a truck tractor-semitrailer 226 1. combination may not exceed 48 feet in extreme overall outside 227 dimension, measured from the front of the unit to the rear of the 228 unit and the load carried thereon, exclusive of safety and energy 229 conservation devices approved by the department for use on 230 vehicles using public roads, unless it complies with subparagraph 231 2. A semitrailer which exceeds 48 feet in length and is used to 232 transport divisible loads may operate in this state only if 233 issued a permit under s. 316.550 and if such trailer meets the 234 requirements of this chapter relating to vehicle equipment and 235 safety. Except for highways on the tandem trailer truck highway 236 network, public roads deemed unsafe for longer semitrailer 237 vehicles or those roads on which such longer vehicles are 238 determined not to be in the interest of public convenience shall, 239

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HB 1205 2003 in conformance with s. 316.006, be restricted by the Department 240 of Transportation or by the local authority to use by 241 semitrailers not exceeding a length of 48 feet, inclusive of the 242 load carried thereon but exclusive of safety and energy 243 conservation devices approved by the department for use on 244 vehicles using public roads. Truck tractor-semitrailer 245 combinations shall be afforded reasonable access to terminals; 246 facilities for food, fuel, repairs, and rest; and points of 247 loading and unloading. 248

249 2. A semitrailer which is more than 48 feet but not more 250 than 53 feet in extreme overall outside dimension, as measured 251 pursuant to subparagraph 1., may operate on public roads, except 252 roads on the State Highway System which are restricted by the 253 Department of Transportation or other roads restricted by local 254 authorities, if:

a. The distance between the kingpin or other peg which locks into the fifth wheel of a truck tractor and the center of the rear axle or rear group of axles does not exceed 41 feet <u>or</u>, <u>in the case of a semitrailer used exclusively or primarily to</u> <u>transport vehicles in connection with motorsports competition</u> <u>events, the distance does not exceed 46 feet from the kingpin to</u> the center of the rear axles; and

b. It is equipped with a substantial rear-end underride
protection device meeting the requirements of 49 C.F.R. s.
393.86, "Rear End Protection."

Section 5. Subsections (5), (6), and (10) of section 316.545, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 316.545 Weight and load unlawful; special fuel and motor fuel tax enforcement; inspection; penalty; review.--

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2003 (5) Whenever any person violates the provisions of this 269 chapter and becomes indebted to the state because of such 270 violation in the amounts aforesaid and refuses to pay said 271 272 penalty, in addition to the provisions of s. 316.3026, such penalty shall become a lien upon the motor vehicle, and the same 273 may be foreclosed by the state in a court of equity. It shall be 274 presumed that the owner of the motor vehicle is liable for the 275 sum. Any person, firm, or corporation claiming an interest in the 276 seized motor vehicle may, at any time after the lien of the state 277 attaches to the motor vehicle, obtain possession of the seized 278 279 vehicle by filing a good and sufficient forthcoming bond with the officer having possession of the vehicle, payable to the Governor 280 of the state in twice the amount of the state's lien, with a 281 corporate surety duly authorized to transact business in this 282 state as surety, conditioned to have the motor vehicle or 283 combination of vehicles forthcoming to abide the result of any 284 suit for the foreclosure of such lien. It shall be presumed that 285 the owner of the motor vehicle is liable for the penalty imposed 286 under this section. Upon the posting of such bond with the 287 officer making the seizure, the vehicle shall be released and the 288 bond shall be forwarded to the Department of Transportation for 289 safekeeping. The lien of the state against the motor vehicle 290 aforesaid shall be foreclosed in equity, and the ordinary rules 291 of court relative to proceedings in equity shall control. If it 292 appears that the seized vehicle has been released to the 293 defendant upon his or her forthcoming bond, the state shall take 294 judgment of foreclosure against the property itself, and judgment 295 against the defendant and the sureties on the bond for the amount 296 of the lien, including cost of proceedings. After the rendition 297 of the decree, the state may, at its option, proceed to sue out 298

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HB 1205 299 execution against the defendant and his or her sureties for the 300 amount recovered as aforesaid or direct the sale of the vehicle 301 under foreclosure.

302 (6) Any officer or agent collecting the penalties herein imposed shall give to the owner or driver of the vehicle an 303 official receipt for all penalties collected. Such officers or 304 agents of the state departments shall cooperate with the owners 305 or drivers of motor vehicles so as not to delay unduly the 306 vehicles. All penalties imposed and collected under this section 307 by any state agency having jurisdiction shall be paid to the 308 309 Treasurer, who shall credit the total amount thereof to the State Transportation Trust Fund, which shall be used to repair and 310 maintain the roads of this state and to enforce this section. 311

(10) The Department of Transportation may employ weight 312 inspectors to operate its fixed-scale facilities. Weight 313 inspectors on duty at a fixed-scale facility are authorized to 314 enforce the laws governing commercial motor vehicle weight, 315 registration, size, and load and to assess and collect civil 316 penalties for violations of said laws. A weight inspector may 317 detain a commercial motor vehicle that has an obvious safety 318 defect critical to the continued safe operation of the vehicle, 319 or which is operating in violation of an out-of-service order as 320 reported on the Federal Safety and Fitness Electronic Records 321 database. The weight inspector may immediately summon a law 322 enforcement officer of the Department of Transportation, or 323 another law enforcement officer authorized under s. 316.640 to 324 enforce the traffic laws of this state, to take appropriate 325 enforcement action. The vehicle shall be released if the defect 326 is repaired prior to the arrival of a law enforcement officer. 327 Weight inspectors shall not be classified as law enforcement 328

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HB 1205 2003 officers subject to certification requirements of chapter 943, 329 and are not authorized to carry weapons or make arrests. 330 Any person who obstructs, opposes, or resists a weight inspector in 331 the performance of the duties herein prescribed shall be guilty 332 of an offense as described in subsection (1) for obstructing, 333 opposing, or resisting a law enforcement officer. 334 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 335 316.640, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 336 Enforcement. -- The enforcement of the traffic laws 316.640 337 of this state is vested as follows: 338 STATE.--339 (1)The Division of Florida Highway Patrol of the (a)1.a. 340 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the Division of 341 Law Enforcement of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 342 Commission, the Division of Law Enforcement of the Department of 343 Environmental Protection, and law enforcement officers of the 344 Department of Transportation each have authority to enforce all 345 of the traffic laws of this state on all the streets and 346 highways thereof and elsewhere throughout the state wherever the 347 public has a right to travel by motor vehicle. The Division of 348 the Florida Highway Patrol may employ as a traffic accident 349 investigation officer any individual who successfully completes 350 instruction in traffic accident investigation and court 351 presentation through the Selective Traffic Enforcement Program 352 as approved by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training 353 Commission and funded through the National Highway Traffic 354 Safety Administration or a similar program approved by the 355 commission, but who does not necessarily meet the uniform 356 minimum standards established by the commission for law 357 enforcement officers or auxiliary law enforcement officers under 358 Page 12 of 16

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chapter 943. Any such traffic accident investigation officer who 359 makes an investigation at the scene of a traffic accident may 360 issue traffic citations, based upon personal investigation, when 361 362 he or she has reasonable and probable grounds to believe that a person who was involved in the accident committed an offense 363 under this chapter, chapter 319, chapter 320, or chapter 322 in 364 connection with the accident. This paragraph does not permit the 365 carrying of firearms or other weapons, nor do such officers have 366 arrest authority. 367

University police officers shall have authority to 368 b. enforce all of the traffic laws of this state when such 369 violations occur on or about any property or facilities that are 370 under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of a 371 state university, a direct-support organization of such state 372 university, or any other organization controlled by the state 373 university or a direct-support organization of the state 374 university, except that traffic laws may be enforced off-campus 375 when hot pursuit originates on or adjacent to any such property 376 or facilities. 377

378 c. Community college police officers shall have the 379 authority to enforce all the traffic laws of this state only 380 when such violations occur on any property or facilities that 381 are under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of 382 the community college system.

d. Police officers employed by an airport authority shall have the authority to enforce all of the traffic laws of this state only when such violations occur on any property or facilities that are owned or operated by an airport authority.

(I) An airport authority may employ as a parking
 enforcement specialist any individual who successfully completes

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HB 1205 2003 a training program established and approved by the Criminal 389 Justice Standards and Training Commission for parking 390 enforcement specialists but who does not otherwise meet the 391 uniform minimum standards established by the commission for law 392 enforcement officers or auxiliary or part-time officers under s. 393 943.12. Nothing in this sub-sub-subparagraph shall be construed 394 to permit the carrying of firearms or other weapons, nor shall 395 such parking enforcement specialist have arrest authority. 396

(II) A parking enforcement specialist employed by an
airport authority is authorized to enforce all state, county,
and municipal laws and ordinances governing parking only when
such violations are on property or facilities owned or operated
by the airport authority employing the specialist, by
appropriate state, county, or municipal traffic citation.

e. The Office of Agricultural Law Enforcement of the
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall have the
authority to enforce traffic laws of this state.

f. School safety officers shall have the authority to enforce all of the traffic laws of this state when such violations occur on or about any property or facilities which are under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of the district school board.

<u>g. The Division of the Florida Highway Patrol may employ</u>
 <u>as a traffic accident investigation officer any individual who</u>
 <u>successfully completes instruction in traffic accident</u>
 <u>investigation and court presentation through the Selective</u>
 <u>Traffic Enforcement Program as approved by the Criminal Justice</u>
 <u>Standards and Training Commission and funded through the</u>
 <u>National Highway Traffic Safety Administration or a similar</u>

⁴¹⁸ program approved by the commission, but who does not necessarily

HB 1205 2003 419 meet the uniform minimum standards established by the commission for law enforcement officers or auxiliary law enforcement 420 officers under chapter 943. Any such traffic accident 421 investigation officer who makes an investigation at the scene of 422 a traffic accident may issue traffic citations, based upon 423 personal investigation, when he or she has reasonable and 424 probable grounds to believe that a person who was involved in 425 the accident committed an offense under this chapter, chapter 426 319, chapter 320, or chapter 322 in connection with the 427 accident. This sub-subparagraph does not permit the carrying of 428 429 firearms or other weapons, nor do such officers have arrest authority. 430

An agency of the state as described in subparagraph 1.
is prohibited from establishing a traffic citation quota. A
violation of this subparagraph is not subject to the penalties
provided in chapter 318.

Any disciplinary action taken or performance evaluation 435 3. conducted by an agency of the state as described in subparagraph 436 1. of a law enforcement officer's traffic enforcement activity 437 must be in accordance with written work-performance standards. 438 Such standards must be approved by the agency and any collective 439 bargaining unit representing such law enforcement officer. A 440 violation of this subparagraph is not subject to the penalties 441 provided in chapter 318. 442

443 Section 7. <u>Section 316.3027</u>, Florida Statutes, and 444 <u>subsection (3) of section 316.610</u>, Florida Statutes, are 445 <u>repealed</u>.

446Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section447316.1937, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

448 316.1937 Ignition interlock devices, requiring; unlawful

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HB 1205 2003 449 acts.--(5) 450 Any person convicted of a violation of subsection (6) (b) 451 who does not have a driver's license shall, in addition to any 452 other penalty provided by law, pay a fine of not less than \$250 453 or more than \$500 per each such violation. In the event that the 454 person is unable to pay any such fine, the fine shall become a 455 lien against the motor vehicle used in violation of subsection 456 (6) and payment shall be made pursuant to s. 316.3025(5)(4). 457 Section 9. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. 458