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CHAMBER ACTION	
The Committee on Transportation recommends the following:	
Committee Substitute	
Remove the entire bill and insert:	
A bill to be entitled	
An act relating to truck safety; amending s. 316.302,	
F.S.; revising provisions for exemption from specified	
notification requirements for commercial motor vehicles	
carrying hazardous materials; incorporating specified	
federal regulations; updating regulations and rules	
applicable to certain commercial motor vehicle owners and	
drivers; specifying ownership identification requirements	
for certain commercial motor carriers; providing penaltie	s
for violation of such requirements; providing for	
compliance reviews; deleting obsolete references; amendin	g
s. 316.3025, F.S.; correcting references; revising penalt	Y
provisions for specified violations; providing penalties	
for specified violations and noncompliance by certain	
commercial motor carriers; amending s. 316.3026, F.S.;	
providing the Office of Motor Carrier Compliance authorit	У
to issue out-of-service orders to certain commercial moto	r
carriers; providing procedures; providing penalties for	
failure to comply; amending s. 316.515, F.S.; revising	

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CS 29 truck length limitations for described semitrailers under 30 specified circumstances; amending s. 316.545, F.S.; 31 providing that certain penalties shall be a lien on the 32 vehicle; adding a cross reference; deleting specified 33 receipt requirement; authorizing weight inspectors to 34 detain described vehicles under specified circumstances; 35 authorizing said inspectors to contact a law enforcement 36 officer; amending s. 316.640, F.S.; revising provisions 37 relating to law enforcement authority; repealing s. 38 316.3027, F.S., relating to identification required on 39 commercial motor vehicles; repealing s. 316.610(3), F.S., 40 relating to inspection of vehicles; amending s. 316.1937, 41 F.S.; correcting a cross reference; providing an effective 42 date. 43 44 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 45 46 Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1), paragraphs 47 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (j) of subsection (2), and 48 subsection (5) of section 316.302, Florida Statutes, are amended 49 to read: 50 316.302 Commercial motor vehicles; safety regulations; 51 transporters and shippers of hazardous materials; enforcement .--52 (1)53 Except as otherwise provided in this section, all (b) owners or drivers of commercial motor vehicles that are engaged 54 55 in intrastate commerce are subject to the rules and regulations 56 contained in 49 C.F.R. parts 382, 385, and 390-397, with the Page 2 of 20

57 exception of 49 C.F.R. s. 390.5 as it relates to the definition 58 of bus, as such rules and regulations existed on October 1, 2002 59 2001.

60 (2)(a) A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle
61 solely in intrastate commerce not transporting any hazardous
62 material <u>in amounts that require placarding pursuant to 49</u>
63 <u>C.F.R. part 172</u> need not comply with 49 C.F.R. ss. 391.11(b)(1)
64 and 395.3(a) and (b).

65 (b) A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle 66 solely in intrastate commerce not transporting any hazardous 67 material in amounts that require placarding pursuant to 49 C.F.R. part 172 is exempt from 49 C.F.R. s. 395.3(a) and (b) and 68 69 may, after 8 hours' rest, and following the required initial 70 motor vehicle inspection, be permitted to drive any part of the 71 first 15 on-duty hours in any 24-hour period, but may not be 72 permitted to operate a commercial motor vehicle after that until 73 the requirement of another 8 hours' rest has been fulfilled. The 74 provisions of this paragraph do not apply to drivers of public 75 utility vehicles or authorized emergency vehicles during periods 76 of severe weather or other emergencies.

77 A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle (C) 78 solely in intrastate commerce not transporting any hazardous 79 material in amounts that require placarding pursuant to 49 80 C.F.R. part 172 may not be on duty more than 72 hours in any 81 period of 7 consecutive days, but carriers operating every day 82 in a week may permit drivers to remain on duty for a total of 83 not more than 84 hours in any period of 8 consecutive days; 84 however, 24 consecutive hours off duty shall constitute the end

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85 of any such period of 7 or 8 consecutive days. This weekly limit 86 does not apply to a person who operates a commercial motor 87 vehicle solely within this state while transporting, during 88 harvest periods, any unprocessed agricultural products that are 89 subject to seasonal harvesting from place of harvest to the 90 first place of processing or storage or from place of harvest 91 directly to market. Upon request of the Department of 92 Transportation, motor carriers shall furnish time records or 93 other written verification to that department so that the 94 Department of Transportation can determine compliance with this 95 subsection. These time records must be furnished to the 96 Department of Transportation within 10 days after receipt of 97 that department's request. Falsification of such information is 98 subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$100. The provisions of 99 this paragraph do not apply to drivers of public utility 100 vehicles or authorized emergency vehicles during periods of 101 severe weather or other emergencies.

(d) A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle
solely in intrastate commerce not transporting any hazardous
material <u>in amounts that require placarding pursuant to 49</u>
<u>C.F.R. part 172</u> within a 200 air-mile radius of the location
where the vehicle is based need not comply with 49 C.F.R. s.
395.8, except that time records shall be maintained as
prescribed in 49 C.F.R. s. 395.1(e)(5).

(e) A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle solely in intrastate commerce is exempt from subsection(1) while transporting agricultural products, including horticultural or forestry products, from farm or harvest place to the first place

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113 of processing or storage, or from farm or harvest place directly to market. However, such person must comply with 49 C.F.R. parts 114 115 382, 392, and 393, and with 49 C.F.R. ss. 396.3(a)(1) and 396.9. 116 A vehicle or combination of vehicles operated pursuant to this 117 paragraph that has a gross vehicle weight of 26,001 pounds or 118 more or has three or more axles on the power unit regardless of 119 weight must display the name of the vehicle owner or motor 120 carrier and the city or town where the vehicle is based on each 121 side of the power unit in letters that contrast with the 122 background and are readable from a distance of 50 feet. A 123 violation of this vehicle identification requirement may be 124 assessed a penalty as provided in s. 316.3025(3)(a). 125 A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle (f) 126 having a declared gross vehicle weight of less than 26,000 127 pounds solely in intrastate commerce and who is not transporting 128 hazardous materials in amounts that require placarding pursuant 129 to 49 C.F.R. part 172, or who is transporting petroleum products 130 as defined in s. 376.301(31), is exempt from subsection (1). 131 However, such person must comply with 49 C.F.R. parts 382, 392, 132 and 393, and with 49 C.F.R. ss. 396.3(a)(1) and 396.9.

(j) A person who is otherwise qualified as a driver under
49 C.F.R. part 391, and who operates a commercial motor vehicle
in intrastate commerce only, and who does not transport
hazardous materials <u>in amounts that require placarding pursuant</u>
<u>to 49 C.F.R. part 172</u>, shall be exempt from the requirements of
49 C.F.R. part 391, subpart E, ss. 391.41(b)(3) and 391.43(e),
relating to diabetes.

140 The Department of Transportation may adopt and revise (5) 141 rules to assure the safe operation of commercial motor vehicles. 142 The Department of Transportation may enter into cooperative 143 agreements as provided in 49 C.F.R. part 388. Department of 144 Transportation personnel may conduct motor carrier and shipper 145 compliance reviews terminal audits only for the purpose of 146 determining compliance with this section 49 C.F.R. parts 171, 147 172, 173, 177, 178, 180, 382, 391, 393, 396, and 397; 49 C.F.R. 148 s. 395.1(e)(5); and s. 627.7415.

149 Section 2. Section 316.3025, Florida Statutes, is amended 150 to read:

151

316.3025 Penalties.--

(1) A commercial motor vehicle that is found to be operating in such an unsafe condition as to be declared out-ofservice or a driver declared out-of-service or removed from driving status pursuant to the North American <u>Standard Uniform</u> Out-of-Service Criteria must be repaired or returned to driving status before being returned to service.

158 (2) Any person who owns, operates, or causes or permits a 159 commercial motor vehicle that has been declared out-of-service 160 pursuant to the North American Standard Uniform Out-of-Service 161 Criteria to be driven before the completion of required repairs 162 is subject to the imposition of a penalty as provided in 49 163 C.F.R. s. 383.53, in addition to any other penalties imposed 164 against him or her. Any person who operates a commercial motor vehicle while he or she is declared out-of-service or removed 165 166 from driving status pursuant to the North American Standard 167 Uniform Out-of-Service Criteria, or who causes or permits such

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HB 1205 2003 CS 168 out-of-service driver to operate a commercial motor vehicle, is 169 subject to the imposition of a penalty as provided in 49 C.F.R. 170 s. 383.53, in addition to any other penalties imposed against 171 the person. 172 (3)(a) A civil penalty of \$50 may be assessed for a 173 violation of the identification requirements of 49 C.F.R. s. 390.21 or s. 316.302(2)(e). 174 (b) A civil penalty of \$100 may be assessed for: 175 176 1. Each violation of the North American Standard Uniform Driver Out-of-Service Criteria; 177 178 2. A violation of s. 316.302(2)(b) or (c); or 179 3. A violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 392.60; or 180 Each vehicle declared out-of-service pursuant to the 4. North American Standard Vehicle Out-of-Service Criteria 181 182 resulting from an inspection of a commercial vehicle involved in 183 a crash. (c) A civil penalty of \$250 may be assessed for: 184 A violation of the placarding requirements of 49 C.F.R. 185 1. 186 parts 171-179; 187 A violation of the shipping paper requirements of 49 2. C.F.R. parts 171-179; 188 189 3. A violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 392.10; A violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 397.5; 190 4. 191 A violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 397.7; 5. 192 A violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 397.13; or б. 193 7. A violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 397.15. 194 (d) A civil penalty of \$500 may be assessed for:

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195	1. Each violation of the North American Standard Hazardous
196	Materials Out-of-Service Criteria.
197	2. Each violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 390.19, for failure of
198	an interstate or intrastate motor carrier to register.
199	3. Each violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 392.9a, for failure of
200	an interstate motor carrier to obtain operating authority.
201	4. Each violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 392.9a, for operating
202	beyond the scope of an interstate motor carrier's operating
203	authority each violation of the North American Uniform Hazardous
204	Materials Out-of-Service Criteria.
205	(e) A civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 in the aggregate
206	may be assessed for violations found in the conduct of
207	compliance reviews terminal audits pursuant to s. 316.302(5). <u>A</u>
208	civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 in the aggregate may be
209	assessed for violations found in a followup compliance review
210	conducted within a 24-month period. A civil penalty not to
211	exceed \$25,000 in the aggregate may be assessed and the motor
212	carrier may be enjoined pursuant to s. 316.3026 for violations
213	found after a second followup compliance review is conducted
214	within 12 months of the first followup compliance review. Motor
215	carriers found to be operating without insurance required by s.
216	627.7415 may be enjoined as provided in s. 316.3026.
217	(4) A vehicle operated by an interstate motor carrier
218	found to be in violation of 49 C.F.R. s. 392.9a may be placed
219	out-of-service for the carrier's failure to obtain operating
220	authority or operating beyond the scope of its operating
221	authority.

222 (5) (4) Whenever any person or motor carrier as defined in 223 chapter 320 violates the provisions of this section and becomes 224 indebted to the state because of such violation and refuses to pay the appropriate penalty, in addition to the provisions of s. 225 226 316.3026, such the penalty becomes a lien upon the property 227 including the motor vehicles of such person or motor carrier and 228 may be foreclosed by the state in a civil action in any court of 229 this state. It shall be presumed that the owner of the motor 230 vehicle is liable for the sum, and the vehicle may be detained 231 or impounded until the penalty is paid.

232 (6)(5)(a) Any officer or agent collecting the penalties 233 imposed pursuant to this section shall give to the owner, motor 234 carrier, or driver of the vehicle an official receipt for all 235 penalties collected from him or her. Only an officer or agent of 236 the Department of Transportation is authorized to collect the 237 penalty provided by this section. Such officer or agent shall 238 cooperate with the owner or driver of the motor vehicle so as 239 not to unduly delay the vehicle.

(b) All penalties imposed and collected under this section
by any state agency having jurisdiction shall be paid to the
Treasurer, who shall credit the total amount collected to the
State Transportation Trust Fund for use in repairing and
maintaining the roads of this state.

245 <u>(7)(6)</u> Any person aggrieved by the imposition of a civil 246 penalty pursuant to this section may apply to the Commercial 247 Motor Vehicle Review Board for a modification, cancellation, or 248 revocation of the penalty. The Commercial Motor Vehicle Review 249 Board may modify, cancel, revoke, or sustain such penalty.

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250 Section 3. Section 316.3026, Florida Statutes, is amended 251 to read: 252 316.3026 Unlawful operation of motor carriers may be 253 enjoined.--254 (1) The Office of Motor Carrier Compliance within the 255 Department of Transportation may issue out-of-service orders to 256 motor carriers as defined in s. 320.01(33) who have, after 257 proper notice, failed to pay any penalty or fine assessed by the 258 department or its duly appointed agent against any owner or 259 motor carrier for violations of law, for the refusal to submit 260 to a compliance review and provide records pursuant to s. 316.302(5) or s. 316.70, or for being in violation of safety 261 262 regulations pursuant to s. 316.302 or insurance requirements pursuant to s. 627.7415. Such out-of-service orders shall have 263 264 the effect of prohibiting the operations of any motor vehicles 265 owned, leased, or otherwise operated by the motor carrier upon the roadways of this state, until such time as the violations 266 267 have been corrected and any penalties have been paid. Out-of-268 service orders issued under this section must be approved by the 269 Secretary of Transportation or his or her designee. An 270 administrative hearing pursuant to s. 120.569 shall be afforded 271 to motor carriers subject to such orders. 272 (2) Any motor carrier enjoined or prohibited from 273 operating by an out-of-service order by this state, any other 274 state, or the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration is 275 prohibited from operating on the roadways of this state until 276 such time as the motor carrier has been authorized to resume 277 operations by the originating enforcement jurisdiction.

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278	Commercial motor vehicles owned or operated by any motor carrier
279	prohibited from operation found on the roadways of this state
280	shall be placed out of service by law enforcement officers of
281	the Department of Transportation, and the motor carrier shall be
282	assessed a \$10,000 civil penalty pursuant to 49 C.F.R. s.
283	383.53, in addition to any other penalties imposed on the driver
284	or other responsible person. Any person who knowingly drives,
285	operates, or causes to be operated any commercial motor vehicle
286	in violation of an out-of-service order issued by the department
287	in accordance with this section commits a felony of the third
288	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082(3)(d). Any costs
289	associated with the impoundment or storage of such vehicles are
290	the responsibility of the motor carrier. Vehicle out-of-service
291	orders may be rescinded when the department has received proof
292	of authorization for the motor carrier to resume operation.
293	(3) In addition to the sanctions found in subsections (1)
294	and (2), the Department of Transportation may petition the
295	circuit courts of this state to enjoin any motor carrier from
296	operating when it fails to comply with out-of-service orders
297	issued by a competent authority within or outside of this state
298	Any motor carrier which operates a commercial motor vehicle upon
299	the highways of this state in violation of the provisions of
300	this chapter may be enjoined by the courts of this state from
301	any such violation. Such injunctive proceeding may be instituted
302	by the Department of Transportation.
303	Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section
304	316.515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
305	316.515 Maximum width, height, length
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306 307 (3) LENGTH LIMITATION.--

(b) Semitrailers.--

308 1. A semitrailer operating in a truck tractor-semitrailer 309 combination may not exceed 48 feet in extreme overall outside 310 dimension, measured from the front of the unit to the rear of 311 the unit and the load carried thereon, exclusive of safety and energy conservation devices approved by the department for use 312 on vehicles using public roads, unless it complies with 313 314 subparagraph 2. A semitrailer which exceeds 48 feet in length 315 and is used to transport divisible loads may operate in this 316 state only if issued a permit under s. 316.550 and if such trailer meets the requirements of this chapter relating to 317 318 vehicle equipment and safety. Except for highways on the tandem 319 trailer truck highway network, public roads deemed unsafe for 320 longer semitrailer vehicles or those roads on which such longer 321 vehicles are determined not to be in the interest of public 322 convenience shall, in conformance with s. 316.006, be restricted 323 by the Department of Transportation or by the local authority to 324 use by semitrailers not exceeding a length of 48 feet, inclusive 325 of the load carried thereon but exclusive of safety and energy 326 conservation devices approved by the department for use on 327 vehicles using public roads. Truck tractor-semitrailer 328 combinations shall be afforded reasonable access to terminals; 329 facilities for food, fuel, repairs, and rest; and points of 330 loading and unloading.

331 2. A semitrailer which is more than 48 feet but not more
332 than 53 feet in extreme overall outside dimension, as measured
333 pursuant to subparagraph 1., may operate on public roads, except

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334 roads on the State Highway System which are restricted by the 335 Department of Transportation or other roads restricted by local 336 authorities, if:

a. The distance between the kingpin or other peg which
locks into the fifth wheel of a truck tractor and the center of
the rear axle or rear group of axles does not exceed 41 feet or,
<u>in the case of a semitrailer used exclusively or primarily to</u>
<u>transport vehicles in connection with motorsports competition</u>
<u>events, the distance does not exceed 46 feet from the kingpin to</u>
the center of the rear axles; and

b. It is equipped with a substantial rear-end underride
protection device meeting the requirements of 49 C.F.R. s.
393.86, "Rear End Protection."

347 Section 5. Subsections (5), (6), and (10) of section 348 316.545, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

349 316.545 Weight and load unlawful; special fuel and motor 350 fuel tax enforcement; inspection; penalty; review.--

351 Whenever any person violates the provisions of this (5) 352 chapter and becomes indebted to the state because of such 353 violation in the amounts aforesaid and refuses to pay said penalty, in addition to the provisions of s. 316.3026, such 354 355 penalty shall become a lien upon the motor vehicle, and the same may be foreclosed by the state in a court of equity. It shall be 356 357 presumed that the owner of the motor vehicle is liable for the 358 sum. Any person, firm, or corporation claiming an interest in 359 the seized motor vehicle may, at any time after the lien of the 360 state attaches to the motor vehicle, obtain possession of the 361 seized vehicle by filing a good and sufficient forthcoming bond

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with the officer having possession of the vehicle, payable to 362 363 the Governor of the state in twice the amount of the state's 364 lien, with a corporate surety duly authorized to transact 365 business in this state as surety, conditioned to have the motor vehicle or combination of vehicles forthcoming to abide the 366 367 result of any suit for the foreclosure of such lien. It shall be presumed that the owner of the motor vehicle is liable for the 368 369 penalty imposed under this section. Upon the posting of such 370 bond with the officer making the seizure, the vehicle shall be 371 released and the bond shall be forwarded to the Department of 372 Transportation for safekeeping. The lien of the state against 373 the motor vehicle aforesaid shall be foreclosed in equity, and 374 the ordinary rules of court relative to proceedings in equity 375 shall control. If it appears that the seized vehicle has been 376 released to the defendant upon his or her forthcoming bond, the 377 state shall take judgment of foreclosure against the property 378 itself, and judgment against the defendant and the sureties on 379 the bond for the amount of the lien, including cost of 380 proceedings. After the rendition of the decree, the state may, 381 at its option, proceed to sue out execution against the defendant and his or her sureties for the amount recovered as 382 383 aforesaid or direct the sale of the vehicle under foreclosure. 384 (6) Any officer or agent collecting the penalties herein

imposed shall give to the owner or driver of the vehicle an official receipt for all penalties collected. Such officers or agents of the state departments shall cooperate with the owners or drivers of motor vehicles so as not to delay unduly the vehicles. All penalties imposed and collected under this section

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390 by any state agency having jurisdiction shall be paid to the 391 Treasurer, who shall credit the total amount thereof to the 392 State Transportation Trust Fund, which shall be used to repair 393 and maintain the roads of this state and to enforce this 394 section.

395 (10) The Department of Transportation may employ weight 396 inspectors to operate its fixed-scale facilities. Weight inspectors on duty at a fixed-scale facility are authorized to 397 398 enforce the laws governing commercial motor vehicle weight, 399 registration, size, and load and to assess and collect civil 400 penalties for violations of said laws. A weight inspector may 401 detain a commercial motor vehicle that has an obvious safety 402 defect critical to the continued safe operation of the vehicle, 403 or which is operating in violation of an out-of-service order as 404 reported on the Federal Safety and Fitness Electronic Records 405 database. The weight inspector may immediately summon a law 406 enforcement officer of the Department of Transportation, or 407 another law enforcement officer authorized under s. 316.640 to 408 enforce the traffic laws of this state, to take appropriate 409 enforcement action. The vehicle shall be released if the defect 410 is repaired prior to the arrival of a law enforcement officer. 411 Weight inspectors shall not be classified as law enforcement 412 officers subject to certification requirements of chapter 943, 413 and are not authorized to carry weapons or make arrests. Anv 414 person who obstructs, opposes, or resists a weight inspector in 415 the performance of the duties herein prescribed shall be guilty 416 of an offense as described in subsection(1) for obstructing, 417 opposing, or resisting a law enforcement officer.

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(1)

STATE.--

418 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section419 316.640, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420 316.640 Enforcement.--The enforcement of the traffic laws
421 of this state is vested as follows:

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423 (a)1.a. The Division of Florida Highway Patrol of the 424 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the Division of 425 Law Enforcement of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 426 Commission, the Division of Law Enforcement of the Department of 427 Environmental Protection, and law enforcement officers of the 428 Department of Transportation each have authority to enforce all 429 of the traffic laws of this state on all the streets and 430 highways thereof and elsewhere throughout the state wherever the 431 public has a right to travel by motor vehicle. The Division of 432 the Florida Highway Patrol may employ as a traffic accident 433 investigation officer any individual who successfully completes 434 instruction in traffic accident investigation and court presentation through the Selective Traffic Enforcement Program 435 436 as approved by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training 437 Commission and funded through the National Highway Traffic 438 Safety Administration or a similar program approved by the 439 commission, but who does not necessarily meet the uniform 440 minimum standards established by the commission for law 441 enforcement officers or auxiliary law enforcement officers under 442 chapter 943. Any such traffic accident investigation officer who makes an investigation at the scene of a traffic accident may 443 444 issue traffic citations, based upon personal investigation, when 445 he or she has reasonable and probable grounds to believe that a

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446 person who was involved in the accident committed an offense 447 under this chapter, chapter 319, chapter 320, or chapter 322 in 448 connection with the accident. This paragraph does not permit the 449 carrying of firearms or other weapons, nor do such officers have 450 arrest authority.

451 b. University police officers shall have authority to enforce all of the traffic laws of this state when such 452 453 violations occur on or about any property or facilities that are 454 under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of a 455 state university, a direct-support organization of such state 456 university, or any other organization controlled by the state university or a direct-support organization of the state 457 458 university, except that traffic laws may be enforced off-campus 459 when hot pursuit originates on or adjacent to any such property or facilities. 460

461 c. Community college police officers shall have the 462 authority to enforce all the traffic laws of this state only 463 when such violations occur on any property or facilities that 464 are under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of 465 the community college system.

466 d. Police officers employed by an airport authority shall
467 have the authority to enforce all of the traffic laws of this
468 state only when such violations occur on any property or
469 facilities that are owned or operated by an airport authority.

470 (I) An airport authority may employ as a parking
471 enforcement specialist any individual who successfully completes
472 a training program established and approved by the Criminal
473 Justice Standards and Training Commission for parking

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474 enforcement specialists but who does not otherwise meet the 475 uniform minimum standards established by the commission for law 476 enforcement officers or auxiliary or part-time officers under s. 477 943.12. Nothing in this sub-sub-subparagraph shall be construed 478 to permit the carrying of firearms or other weapons, nor shall 479 such parking enforcement specialist have arrest authority.

480 (II) A parking enforcement specialist employed by an
481 airport authority is authorized to enforce all state, county,
482 and municipal laws and ordinances governing parking only when
483 such violations are on property or facilities owned or operated
484 by the airport authority employing the specialist, by
485 appropriate state, county, or municipal traffic citation.

486 e. The Office of Agricultural Law Enforcement of the
487 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall have the
488 authority to enforce traffic laws of this state.

f. School safety officers shall have the authority to enforce all of the traffic laws of this state when such violations occur on or about any property or facilities which are under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of the district school board.

494 The Division of the Florida Highway Patrol may employ q. 495 as a traffic accident investigation officer any individual who 496 successfully completes instruction in traffic accident investigation and court presentation through the Selective 497 498 Traffic Enforcement Program as approved by the Criminal Justice 499 Standards and Training Commission and funded through the 500 National Highway Traffic Safety Administration or a similar 501 program approved by the commission, but who does not necessarily

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502 meet the uniform minimum standards established by the commission 503 for law enforcement officers or auxiliary law enforcement 504 officers under chapter 943. Any such traffic accident 505 investigation officer who makes an investigation at the scene of 506 a traffic accident may issue traffic citations, based upon 507 personal investigation, when he or she has reasonable and 508 probable grounds to believe that a person who was involved in 509 the accident committed an offense under this chapter, chapter 510 319, chapter 320, or chapter 322 in connection with the 511 accident. This sub-subparagraph does not permit the carrying of 512 firearms or other weapons, nor do such officers have arrest 513 authority.

2. An agency of the state as described in subparagraph 1.
is prohibited from establishing a traffic citation quota. A
violation of this subparagraph is not subject to the penalties
provided in chapter 318.

Any disciplinary action taken or performance evaluation 518 3. 519 conducted by an agency of the state as described in subparagraph 520 1. of a law enforcement officer's traffic enforcement activity 521 must be in accordance with written work-performance standards. 522 Such standards must be approved by the agency and any collective 523 bargaining unit representing such law enforcement officer. A 524 violation of this subparagraph is not subject to the penalties 525 provided in chapter 318.

526 Section 7. <u>Section 316.3027</u>, Florida Statutes, and 527 <u>subsection (3) of section 316.610</u>, Florida Statutes, are 528 repealed.

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529 Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 530 316.1937, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 531 316.1937 Ignition interlock devices, requiring; unlawful 532 acts.--533 (5) 534 (b) Any person convicted of a violation of subsection(6) 535 who does not have a driver's license shall, in addition to any 536 other penalty provided by law, pay a fine of not less than \$250

537 or more than \$500 per each such violation. In the event that the 538 person is unable to pay any such fine, the fine shall become a 539 lien against the motor vehicle used in violation of subsection 540 (6) and payment shall be made pursuant to s. 316.3025<u>(5)</u>(4).

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Section 9. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.