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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to anesthesiologist assistants; amending s. 456.048, F.S.; requiring the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine to require medical malpractice insurance or proof of financial responsibility as a condition of licensure or licensure renewal for licensed anesthesiology assistants; amending ss. 458.331 and 459.015, F.S.; revising grounds for which a physician may be disciplined for failing to provide adequate supervision; providing penalties; creating ss. 458.3475 and 459.023, F.S.; providing definitions; providing performance standards for anesthesiologist assistants and supervising anesthesiologists; providing for the approval of training programs and for services authorized to be performed by trainees; providing licensing procedures; providing for fees; providing for a task force to study the continued need for licensure and requiring a report; providing for additional powers and duties of the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine; providing penalties; providing for disciplinary actions; providing for the adoption of rules; prescribing liability; providing for the allocation of fees; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 456.048, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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456.048 Financial responsibility requirements for certain health care practitioners.--

- (1) As a prerequisite for licensure or license renewal, the Board of Acupuncture, the Board of Chiropractic Medicine, the Board of Podiatric Medicine, and the Board of Dentistry shall, by rule, require that all health care practitioners licensed under the respective board, and the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall, by rule, require that all anesthesiologist assistants licensed pursuant to s. 458.3475 or s. 459.023, and the Board of Nursing shall, by rule, require that advanced registered nurse practitioners certified under s. 464.012, and the department shall, by rule, require that midwives maintain medical malpractice insurance or provide proof of financial responsibility in an amount and in a manner determined by the board or department to be sufficient to cover claims arising out of the rendering of or failure to render professional care and services in this state.
- (2) The board or department may grant exemptions upon application by practitioners meeting any of the following criteria:
- (a) Any person licensed under chapter 457, <u>s. 458.3475</u>, <u>s. 459.023</u>, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, chapter 466, or chapter 467 who practices exclusively as an officer, employee, or agent of the Federal Government or of the state or its agencies or its subdivisions. For the purposes of this subsection, an agent of the state, its agencies, or its subdivisions is a person who is eligible for coverage under any



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self-insurance or insurance program authorized by the provisions of s. 768.28(15) or who is a volunteer under s. 110.501(1).

- (b) Any person whose license or certification has become inactive under chapter 457, s. 458.3475, s. 459.023, chapter 460, chapter 461, part I of chapter 464, chapter 466, or chapter 467 and who is not practicing in this state. Any person applying for reactivation of a license must show either that such licensee maintained tail insurance coverage which provided liability coverage for incidents that occurred on or after October 1, 1993, or the initial date of licensure in this state, whichever is later, and incidents that occurred before the date on which the license became inactive; or such licensee must submit an affidavit stating that such licensee has no unsatisfied medical malpractice judgments or settlements at the time of application for reactivation.
- (c) Any person holding a limited license pursuant to s. 456.015, and practicing under the scope of such limited license.
- (d) Any person licensed or certified under chapter 457, <u>s.</u> 458.3475, <u>s.</u> 459.023, chapter 460, chapter 461, <u>s.</u> 464.012, chapter 466, or chapter 467 who practices only in conjunction with his or her teaching duties at an accredited school or in its main teaching hospitals. Such person may engage in the practice of medicine to the extent that such practice is incidental to and a necessary part of duties in connection with the teaching position in the school.
- (e) Any person holding an active license or certification under chapter 457, s. 458.3475, s. 459.023, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, chapter 466, or chapter 467 who is not

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practicing in this state. If such person initiates or resumes practice in this state, he or she must notify the department of such activity.

- (f) Any person who can demonstrate to the board or department that he or she has no malpractice exposure in the state.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the financial responsibility requirements of ss. 458.320 and 459.0085 shall continue to apply to practitioners licensed under those chapters, except for anesthesiologist assistants licensed pursuant to s. 458.3475 or s. 459.023 who must meet the requirements of this section.
- Section 2. Paragraph (dd) of subsection (1) of section 458.331, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 458.331 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department.--
- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
- (dd) Failing to supervise adequately the activities of those physician assistants, paramedics, emergency medical technicians, or advanced registered nurse practitioners, or anesthesiologist assistants acting under the supervision of the physician.
- Section 3. Section 458.3475, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
  - 458.3475 Anesthesiologist assistants.--
  - (1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:



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(a) "Anesthesiologist" means an allopathic physician who holds an active, unrestricted license, who has successfully completed an anesthesiology training program approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education, or its equivalent, and who is certified by the American Board of Anesthesiology or is eligible to take that board's examination or is certified by the Board of Certification in Anesthesiology affiliated with the American Association of Physician Specialists, Inc.

- (b) "Anesthesiologist assistant" means a graduate of an approved program who is licensed to perform medical services delegated and directly supervised by a supervising anesthesiologist.
- (c) "Anesthesiology" means the practice of medicine that specializes in the relief of pain during and after surgical procedures and childbirth, during certain chronic disease processes, and during resuscitation and critical care of patients in the operating room and intensive care environments.
- (d) "Approved program" means a program for the education and training of anesthesiologist assistants that has been approved by the boards as provided in subsection (5).
- (e) "Boards" means the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine.
- (f) "Continuing medical education" means courses
  recognized and approved by the boards, the American Academy of
  Physician Assistants, the American Medical Association, the
  American Osteopathic Association, the American Academy of
  Anesthesiologist Assistants, the American Society of



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Anesthesiologists, or the Accreditation Council for Continuing
Medical Education.

- (g) "Direct supervision" means supervision by an anesthesiologist who is present in the office or the surgical or obstetrical suite with the anesthesiologist assistant and is immediately available to provide assistance and direction while anesthesia services are being performed.
- (h) "Proficiency examination" means an entry-level examination approved by the boards, including examinations administered by the National Commission for Certification of Anesthesiologist Assistants.
- (i) "Trainee" means a person who is currently enrolled in an approved program.
  - (2) PERFORMANCE OF SUPERVISING ANESTHESIOLOGIST.--
- (a) An anesthesiologist who directly supervises an anesthesiologist assistant must be qualified in the medical areas in which the anesthesiologist assistant performs and is liable for the performance of the anesthesiologist assistant. An anesthesiologist may only supervise two anesthesiologist assistants at the same time. The board may, by rule, allow an anesthesiologist to supervise up to four anesthesiologist assistants, after July 1, 2006.
- (b) An anesthesiologist or group of anesthesiologists must, upon establishing a supervisory relationship with an anesthesiologist assistant, file with the board a written protocol that includes, at a minimum:
- 1. The name, address, and license number of the anesthesiologist assistant.



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2. The name, address, license number, and federal Drug

Enforcement Administration number of each physician who will be supervising the anesthesiologist assistant.

- 3. The address of the anesthesiologist assistant's primary practice location and the address of any other locations where the anesthesiologist assistant may practice.
- 4. The date the protocol was developed and the dates of all revisions.
- 5. The signatures of the anesthesiologist assistant and all supervising physicians.
- 6. The duties and functions of the anesthesiologist assistant.
- 7. The conditions or procedures that require the personal provision of care by an anesthesiologist.
- 8. The procedures to be followed in the event of an anesthetic emergency.

The protocol must be on file with the board before the anesthesiologist assistant may practice with the anesthesiologist or group. An anesthesiologist assistant may not practice unless a written protocol has been filed for that anesthesiologist assistant in accordance with this paragraph, and the anesthesiologist assistant may only practice under the direct supervision of an anesthesiologist who has signed the protocol. The protocol must be updated biennially.

- (3) PERFORMANCE OF ANESTHESIOLOGIST ASSISTANTS.--
- (a) An anesthesiologist assistant may assist an anesthesiologist in developing and implementing an anesthesia



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care plan for a patient. In providing assistance to an anesthesiologist, an anesthesiologist assistant may perform duties established by rule by the board in any of the following functions that are included in the anesthesiologist assistant's protocol while under the direct supervision of an anesthesiologist:

- 1. Obtain a comprehensive patient history and present the history to the supervising anesthesiologist.
- 2. Pretest and calibrate anesthesia delivery systems and monitor, obtain, and interpret information from the systems and monitors.
- 3. Assist the supervising anesthesiologist with the implementation of medically accepted monitoring techniques.
- 4. Establish basic and advanced airway interventions, including intubation of the trachea and performing ventilatory support.
- <u>5. Administer intermittent vasoactive drugs and start and</u> adjust vasoactive infusions.
- 6. Administer anesthetic drugs, adjuvant drugs, and accessory drugs.
- 7. Assist the supervising anesthesiologist with the performance of epidural anesthetic procedures and spinal anesthetic procedures.
- 8. Administer blood, blood products, and supportive fluids.
- 9. Support life functions during anesthesia health care, including induction and intubation procedures, the use of



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222 appropriate mechanical supportive devices, and the management of 223 fluid, electrolyte, and blood component balances.

- 10. Recognize and take appropriate corrective action for abnormal patient responses to anesthesia, adjunctive medication, or other forms of therapy.
- 11. Participate in management of the patient while in the postanesthesia recovery area, including the administration of any supporting fluids or drugs.
- 12. Place special peripheral and central venous and arterial lines for blood sampling and monitoring as appropriate.
- (b) Nothing in this section or chapter prevents thirdparty payors from reimbursing employers of anesthesiologist assistants for covered services rendered by such anesthesiologist assistants.
- (c) An anesthesiologist assistant must clearly convey to the patient that he or she is an anesthesiologist assistant.
- (d) An anesthesiologist assistant may perform anesthesia tasks and services within the framework of a written practice protocol developed between the supervising anesthesiologist and the anesthesiologist assistant.
- (e) An anesthesiologist assistant may not prescribe, order, or compound any controlled substance, legend drug, or medical device, nor may an anesthesiologist assistant dispense sample drugs to patients. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits an anesthesiologist assistant from administering legend drugs or controlled substances, intravenous drugs, fluids, or blood products, or inhalation or other anesthetic agents to patients that are ordered by the supervising anesthesiologist and



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administered while under the direct supervision of the supervising anesthesiologist.

- (4) PERFORMANCE BY TRAINEES.--The practice of a trainee is exempt from the requirements of this chapter while the trainee is performing assigned tasks as a trainee in conjunction with an approved program. Before providing anesthesia services, including the administration of anesthesia in conjunction with the requirements of an approved program, the trainee must clearly convey to the patient that he or she is a trainee.
- (5) PROGRAM APPROVAL. -- The boards shall approve programs for the education and training of anesthesiologist assistants which meet standards established by the boards by rule. The boards may recommend only those anesthesiologist assistant training programs that hold full accreditation or provisional accreditation from the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs.
  - (6) ANESTHESIOLOGIST ASSISTANT LICENSURE. --
- (a) Any person desiring to be licensed as an anesthesiologist assistant must apply to the department. The department shall issue a license to any person certified by the board to:
  - 1. Be at least 18 years of age.
- 2. Have satisfactorily passed a proficiency examination with a score established by the National Commission for Certification of Anesthesiologist Assistants.
  - 3.a. Have:



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(I) Practiced as an anesthesiologist assistant in another state for at least 12 months without a finding of an adverse incident;

- (II) A degree or prior licensure in an allied health care field, including, but not limited to, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy, nursing, dental hygiene, physician assistant, paramedic, emergency medical technician, or midwifery; or
- (III) A baccalaureate or higher degree from a program at an institution of higher education accredited by an organization recognized by the board in one of the following areas of study: general biology; general chemistry; organic chemistry; physics; or another field of study which includes sufficient courses in chemistry, biology, and life sciences to meet the criteria for admission to a medical school accredited by an organization recognized by the board.
- b. Each person qualifying under sub-sub-subparagraph

  a.(II) or sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III) must have successfully

  completed a graduate-level training program approved by the

  board and accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of

  Allied Health Education Programs or any of the commission's

  successor organizations which is conducted for the purpose of

  preparing individuals to practice as anesthesiologist assistants

  and which included at minimum all of the following components:
- (I) Basic sciences of anesthesia: physiology, pathophysiology, anatomy, and biochemistry, presented as a continuum of didactic courses designed to teach students the



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foundations of human biological existence on which clinical correlations to anesthesia practice are based.

- (II) Pharmacology for the anesthetic sciences, including instruction in the anesthetic principles of pharmacology, pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics, uptake and distribution, intravenous anesthetics and narcotics, and volatile anesthetics.
  - (III) Physics in anesthesia.
- (IV) Fundamentals of anesthetic sciences, presented as a continuum of courses covering a series of topics in basic medical sciences with special emphasis on the effects of anesthetics on normal physiology and pathophysiology.
- (V) Patient instrumentation and monitoring, presented as a continuum of courses focusing on the design of, proper preparation of, and proper methods of resolving problems that arise with anesthesia equipment, and providing a balance between the engineering concepts used in anesthesia instruments and the clinical application of anesthesia instruments.
- (VI) Clinically based conferences in which techniques of anesthetic management, quality assurance issues, and current professional literature are reviewed from the perspective of practice improvement.
- (VII) Clinical experience consisting of at least 2,500 hours of direct patient contact, presented as a continuum of courses throughout the entirety of the program, beginning with a gradual introduction of the techniques for the anesthetic management of patients and culminating in the assimilation of the graduate of the program into the work force.



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(IX) Unless meeting the requirements of sub-subsubparagraph a.(II), successful completion of at least a 3-month postgraduate clinical one-on-one training program with an anesthesiologist in a manner approved by the board. 4. Be certified in advanced cardiac life support. 5. Have completed the application form and remitted an application fee, not to exceed \$1,000, as set by the boards. An application must include: a. A certificate of completion of approved training as provided in subparagraph 3. b. A sworn statement of any prior felony convictions. c. A sworn statement of any prior discipline or denial of licensure or certification in any state. d. Two letters of recommendation from anesthesiologists. (b) A license must be renewed biennially. Each renewal must include: 1. A renewal fee, not to exceed \$1,000, as set by the boards. 2. A sworn statement of no felony convictions in the immediately preceding 2 years. (c) Each licensed anesthesiologist assistant must biennially complete 40 hours of continuing medical education or hold a current certificate issued by the National Commission for Certification of Anesthesiologist Assistants or its successor. (d) An anesthesiologist assistant must notify the

department in writing within 30 days after obtaining employment

subsequent change in his or her supervising anesthesiologist.

that requires a license under this chapter and after any



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The notification must include the full name, license number, specialty, and address of the supervising anesthesiologist.

Submission of the required protocol satisfies this requirement.

- (e) The board may impose upon an anesthesiologist assistant any penalty specified in s. 456.072 or s. 458.331(2) if the anesthesiologist assistant or the supervising anesthesiologist is found guilty of or is investigated for an act that constitutes a violation of this chapter or chapter 456.
- (f) The boards shall appoint a task force of at least five members, with one member each from the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, the Department of Health, Nova Southeastern University, and one of the medical schools in this state. The task force shall study the requirements of this section and issue a report to the Secretary of Health by March 1, 2005, concerning the continued need for the requirements of this subsection.
- (7) ANESTHESIOLOGIST AND ANESTHESIOLOGIST ASSISTANT TO ADVISE THE BOARD.--
- (a) The chair of the board may appoint an anesthesiologist and an anesthesiologist assistant to advise the board as to the promulgation of rules for the licensure of anesthesiologist assistants. The board may utilize a committee structure that is most practicable in order to receive any recommendations to the board regarding rules and all matters relating to anesthesiologist assistants, including, but not limited to, recommendations to improve safety in the clinical practices of licensed anesthesiologist assistants.



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(b) In addition to its other duties and responsibilities as prescribed by law, the board shall:

- 1. Recommend to the department the licensure of anesthesiologist assistants.
- 2. Develop all rules regulating the use of anesthesiologist assistants by qualified anesthesiologists under this chapter and chapter 459, except for rules relating to the formulary developed under s. 458.347(4)(f). The board shall also develop rules to ensure that the continuity of supervision is maintained in each practice setting. The boards shall consider adopting a proposed rule at the regularly scheduled meeting immediately following the submission of the proposed rule. A proposed rule may not be adopted by either board unless both boards have accepted and approved the identical language contained in the proposed rule. The language of all proposed rules must be approved by both boards pursuant to each respective board's guidelines and standards regarding the adoption of proposed rules.
- 3. Address concerns and problems of practicing anesthesiologist assistants to improve safety in the clinical practices of licensed anesthesiologist assistants.
- (c) When the board finds that an applicant for licensure has failed to meet, to the board's satisfaction, each of the requirements for licensure set forth in this section, the board may enter an order to:
  - 1. Refuse to certify the applicant for licensure;
- 2. Approve the applicant for licensure with restrictions on the scope of practice or license; or



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3. Approve the applicant for conditional licensure. Such conditions may include placement of the licensee on probation for a period of time and subject to such conditions as the board may specify, including, but not limited to, requiring the licensee to undergo treatment, to attend continuing education courses, or to take corrective action.

- (8) PENALTY.--A person who falsely holds himself or herself out as an anesthesiologist assistant commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (9) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION OF LICENSURE.--The board may deny, suspend, or revoke the license of an anesthesiologist assistant who the board determines has violated any provision of this section, this chapter, or chapter 456 or any rule adopted pursuant thereto.
- (10) RULES.--The boards shall adopt rules to implement this section.
- (11) LIABILITY.--A supervising anesthesiologist is liable for any act or omission of an anesthesiologist assistant acting under the anesthesiologist's supervision and control and shall comply with the financial responsibility requirements of this chapter and chapter 456, as applicable.
- (12) FEES.--The department shall allocate the fees collected under this section to the board.
- Section 4. Paragraph (hh) of subsection (1) of section 459.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 439 459.015 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the 440 board and department.--



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(1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):

(hh) Failing to supervise adequately the activities of those physician assistants, paramedics, emergency medical technicians, advanced registered nurse practitioners, anesthesiologist assistants, or other persons acting under the supervision of the osteopathic physician.

Section 5. Section 459.023, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

## 459.023 Anesthesiologist assistants. --

- (1) DEFINITIONS. -- As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Anesthesiologist" means an osteopathic physician who holds an active, unrestricted license, who has successfully completed an anesthesiology training program approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education, or its equivalent, or the American Osteopathic Association, and who is certified by the American Osteopathic Board of Anesthesiology or is eligible to take that board's examination, is certified by the American Board of Anesthesiology or is eligible to take that board's examination, or is certified by the Board of Certification in Anesthesiology affiliated with the American Association of Physician Specialists, Inc.
- (b) "Anesthesiologist assistant" means a graduate of an approved program who is licensed to perform medical services delegated and directly supervised by a supervising anesthesiologist.
- (c) "Anesthesiology" means the practice of medicine that specializes in the relief of pain during and after surgical

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procedures and childbirth, during certain chronic disease
processes, and during resuscitation and critical care of
patients in the operating room and intensive care environments.

- (d) "Approved program" means a program for the education and training of anesthesiologist assistants that has been approved by the boards as provided in subsection (5).
- (e) "Boards" means the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine.
- (f) "Continuing medical education" means courses
  recognized and approved by the boards, the American Academy of
  Physician Assistants, the American Medical Association, the
  American Osteopathic Association, the American Academy of
  Anesthesiologist Assistants, the American Society of
  Anesthesiologists, or the Accreditation Council for Continuing
  Medical Education.
- (g) "Direct supervision" means supervision by an anesthesiologist who is present in the office or the surgical or obstetrical suite with the anesthesiologist assistant and is immediately available to provide assistance and direction while anesthesia services are being performed.
- (h) "Proficiency examination" means an entry-level examination approved by the boards, including examinations administered by the National Commission for Certification of Anesthesiologist Assistants.
- (i) "Trainee" means a person who is currently enrolled in an approved program.
  - (2) PERFORMANCE OF SUPERVISING ANESTHESIOLOGIST. --



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(a) An anesthesiologist who directly supervises an anesthesiologist assistant must be qualified in the medical areas in which the anesthesiologist assistant performs, and is liable for the performance of the anesthesiologist assistant. An anesthesiologist may only supervise two anesthesiologist assistants at the same time. The board may, by rule, allow an anesthesiologist to supervise up to four anesthesiologist assistants, after July 1, 2006.

- (b) An anesthesiologist or group of anesthesiologists must, upon establishing a supervisory relationship with an anesthesiologist assistant, file with the board a written protocol that includes, at a minimum:
- 1. The name, address, and license number of the anesthesiologist assistant.
- 2. The name, address, license number, and federal Drug

  Enforcement Administration number of each physician who will be supervising the anesthesiologist assistant.
- 3. The address of the anesthesiologist assistant's primary practice location and the address of any other locations where the anesthesiologist assistant may practice.
- $\underline{\text{4.}}$  The date the protocol was developed and the dates of all revisions.
- 5. The signatures of the anesthesiologist assistant and all supervising physicians.
- <u>6. The duties and functions of the anesthesiologist</u> assistant.
- 7. The conditions or procedures that require the personal provision of care by an anesthesiologist.

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8. The procedures to be followed in the event of an anesthetic emergency.

- The protocol must be on file with the board before the anesthesiologist assistant may practice with the anesthesiologist or group. An anesthesiologist assistant may not practice unless a written protocol has been filed for that anesthesiologist assistant in accordance with this paragraph, and the anesthesiologist assistant may only practice under the direct supervision of an anesthesiologist who has signed the protocol. The protocol must be updated biennially.
  - (3) PERFORMANCE OF ANESTHESIOLOGIST ASSISTANTS.--
- (a) An anesthesiologist assistant may assist an anesthesiologist in developing and implementing an anesthesia care plan for a patient. In providing assistance to an anesthesiologist, an anesthesiologist assistant may perform duties established by rule by the board in any of the following functions that are included in the anesthesiologist assistant's protocol while under the direct supervision of an anesthesiologist:
- 1. Obtain a comprehensive patient history and present the history to the supervising anesthesiologist.
- 2. Pretest and calibrate anesthesia delivery systems and monitor, obtain, and interpret information from the systems and monitors.
- 3. Assist the supervising anesthesiologist with the implementation of medically accepted monitoring techniques.



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4. Establish basic and advanced airway interventions, including intubation of the trachea and performing ventilatory support.

- 5. Administer intermittent vasoactive drugs and start and adjust vasoactive infusions.
- 6. Administer anesthetic drugs, adjuvant drugs, and accessory drugs.
- 7. Assist the supervising anesthesiologist with the performance of epidural anesthetic procedures and spinal anesthetic procedures.
- 8. Administer blood, blood products, and supportive fluids.
- 9. Support life functions during anesthesia health care, including induction and intubation procedures, the use of appropriate mechanical supportive devices, and the management of fluid, electrolyte, and blood component balances.
- 10. Recognize and take appropriate corrective action for abnormal patient responses to anesthesia, adjunctive medication, or other forms of therapy.
- 11. Participate in management of the patient while in the postanesthesia recovery area, including the administration of any supporting fluids or drugs.
- 12. Place special peripheral and central venous and arterial lines for blood sampling and monitoring as appropriate.
- (b) Nothing in this section or chapter prevents thirdparty payors from reimbursing employers of anesthesiologist
  assistants for covered services rendered by such
  anesthesiologist assistants.

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(c) An anesthesiologist assistant must clearly convey to the patient that she or he is an anesthesiologist assistant.

- (d) An anesthesiologist assistant may perform anesthesia tasks and services within the framework of a written practice protocol developed between the supervising anesthesiologist and the anesthesiologist assistant.
- (e) An anesthesiologist assistant may not prescribe, order, or compound any controlled substance, legend drug, or medical device, nor may an anesthesiologist assistant dispense sample drugs to patients. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits an anesthesiologist assistant from administering legend drugs or controlled substances, intravenous drugs, fluids, or blood products, or inhalation or other anesthetic agents to patients that are ordered by the supervising anesthesiologist and administered while under the direct supervision of the supervising anesthesiologist.
- (4) PERFORMANCE BY TRAINEES. -- The practice of a trainee is exempt from the requirements of this chapter while the trainee is performing assigned tasks as a trainee in conjunction with an approved program. Before providing anesthesia services, including the administration of anesthesia in conjunction with the requirements of an approved program, the trainee must clearly convey to the patient that she or he is a trainee.
- (5) PROGRAM APPROVAL. -- The boards shall approve programs for the education and training of anesthesiologist assistants which meet standards established by the boards by rule. The boards may recommend only those anesthesiologist assistant training programs that hold full accreditation or provisional



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accreditation from the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs.

- (6) ANESTHESIOLOGIST ASSISTANT LICENSURE. --
- (a) Any person desiring to be licensed as an anesthesiologist assistant must apply to the department. The department shall issue a license to any person certified by the board to:
  - 1. Be at least 18 years of age.
- 2. Have satisfactorily passed a proficiency examination with a score established by the National Commission for Certification of Anesthesiologist Assistants.
  - 3.a. Have:
- (I) Practiced as an anesthesiologist assistant in another state for at least 12 months without a finding of an adverse incident;
- (II) A degree or prior licensure in an allied health care field, including, but not limited to, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy, nursing, dental hygiene, physician assistant, paramedic, emergency medical technician, or midwifery; or
- (III) A baccalaureate or higher degree from a program at an institution of higher education accredited by an organization recognized by the board in one of the following areas of study: general biology; general chemistry; organic chemistry; physics; or another field of study which includes sufficient courses in chemistry, biology, and life sciences to meet the criteria for admission to a medical school accredited by an organization recognized by the board; or

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.



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b. Each person qualifying under sub-sub-subparagraph

a.(II) or sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III) must have successfully

completed a graduate-level training program approved by the

board and accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of

Allied Health Education Programs or any of the commission's

successor organizations which is conducted for the purpose of

preparing individuals to practice as anesthesiologist assistants

and which included at minimum all of the following components:

- (I) Basic sciences of anesthesia: physiology,
  pathophysiology, anatomy, and biochemistry, presented as a
  continuum of didactic courses designed to teach students the
  foundations of human biological existence on which clinical
  correlations to anesthesia practice are based.
- (II) Pharmacology for the anesthetic sciences, including instruction in the anesthetic principles of pharmacology, pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics, uptake and distribution, intravenous anesthetics and narcotics, and volatile anesthetics.
  - (III) Physics in anesthesia.
- (IV) Fundamentals of anesthetic sciences, presented as a continuum of courses covering a series of topics in basic medical sciences with special emphasis on the effects of anesthetics on normal physiology and pathophysiology.
- (V) Patient instrumentation and monitoring, presented as a continuum of courses focusing on the design of, proper preparation of, and proper methods of resolving problems that arise with anesthesia equipment, and providing a balance between the engineering concepts used in anesthesia instruments and the clinical application of anesthesia instruments.



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(VI) Clinically based conferences in which techniques of anesthetic management, quality assurance issues, and current professional literature are reviewed from the perspective of practice improvement.

- (VII) Clinical experience consisting of at least 2,500 hours of direct patient contact, presented as a continuum of courses throughout the entirety of the program, beginning with a gradual introduction of the techniques for the anesthetic management of patients and culminating in the assimilation of the graduate of the program into the work force.
- (IX) Unless meeting the requirements of sub-sub-subparagraph a.(II), successful completion of at least a 3-month postgraduate clinical one-on-one training program with an anesthesiologist in a manner approved by the board.
  - 4. Be certified in advanced cardiac life support.
- 5. Have completed the application form and remitted an application fee, not to exceed \$1,000, as set by the boards. An application must include:
- <u>a. A certificate of completion of approved training as</u> provided in subparagraph 3.
  - b. A sworn statement of any prior felony convictions.
- c. A sworn statement of any prior discipline or denial of licensure or certification in any state.
  - d. Two letters of recommendation from anesthesiologists.
- (b) A license must be renewed biennially. Each renewal must include:
- 1. A renewal fee, not to exceed \$1,000, as set by the boards.



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2. A sworn statement of no felony convictions in the immediately preceding 2 years.

- (c) Each licensed anesthesiologist assistant must biennially complete 40 hours of continuing medical education or hold a current certificate issued by the National Commission for Certification of Anesthesiologist Assistants or its successor.
- (d) An anesthesiologist assistant must notify the department in writing within 30 days after obtaining employment that requires a license under this chapter and after any subsequent change in her or his supervising anesthesiologist. The notification must include the full name, license number, specialty, and address of the supervising anesthesiologist. Submission of the required protocol satisfies this requirement.
- (e) The board may impose upon an anesthesiologist assistant any penalty specified in s. 456.072 or s. 459.015(2) if the anesthesiologist assistant or the supervising anesthesiologist is found guilty of or is investigated for an act that constitutes a violation of this chapter or chapter 456.
- (f) The boards shall appoint a task force of at least five members, with one member each from the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, the Department of Health, Nova Southeastern University, and one of the medical schools in this state. The task force shall study the requirements of this section and issue a report to the Secretary of Health by March 1, 2005, concerning the continued need for the requirements of this subsection.
- (7) ANESTHESIOLOGIST AND ANESTHESIOLOGIST ASSISTANT TO ADVISE THE BOARD.--



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(a) The chair of the board may appoint an anesthesiologist and an anesthesiologist assistant to advise the board as to the promulgation of rules for the licensure of anesthesiologist assistants. The board may utilize a committee structure that is most practicable in order to receive any recommendations to the board regarding rules and all matters relating to anesthesiologist assistants, including, but not limited to, recommendations to improve safety in the clinical practices of licensed anesthesiologist assistants.

- (b) In addition to its other duties and responsibilities as prescribed by law, the board shall:
- 1. Recommend to the department the licensure of anesthesiologist assistants.
- 2. Develop all rules regulating the use of anesthesiologist assistants by qualified anesthesiologists under this chapter and chapter 458, except for rules relating to the formulary developed under s. 458.347(4)(f). The board shall also develop rules to ensure that the continuity of supervision is maintained in each practice setting. The boards shall consider adopting a proposed rule at the regularly scheduled meeting immediately following the submission of the proposed rule. A proposed rule may not be adopted by either board unless both boards have accepted and approved the identical language contained in the proposed rule. The language of all proposed rules must be approved by both boards pursuant to each respective board's guidelines and standards regarding the adoption of proposed rules.



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3. Address concerns and problems of practicing anesthesiologist assistants to improve safety in the clinical practices of licensed anesthesiologist assistants.

- (c) When the board finds that an applicant for licensure has failed to meet, to the board's satisfaction, each of the requirements for licensure set forth in this section, the board may enter an order to:
  - 1. Refuse to certify the applicant for licensure;
- 2. Approve the applicant for licensure with restrictions on the scope of practice or license; or
- 3. Approve the applicant for conditional licensure. Such conditions may include placement of the licensee on probation for a period of time and subject to such conditions as the board may specify, including, but not limited to, requiring the licensee to undergo treatment, to attend continuing education courses, or to take corrective action.
- (8) PENALTY.--A person who falsely holds herself or himself out as an anesthesiologist assistant commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (9) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION OF LICENSURE.--The board may deny, suspend, or revoke the license of an anesthesiologist assistant who the board determines has violated any provision of this section, this chapter, or chapter 456 or any rule adopted pursuant thereto.
- (10) RULES.--The boards shall adopt rules to implement this section.



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(11) LIABILITY.--A supervising anesthesiologist is liable for any act or omission of an anesthesiologist assistant acting under the anesthesiologist's supervision and control and shall comply with the financial responsibility requirements of this chapter and chapter 456, as applicable.

(12) FEES.--The department shall allocate the fees

(12) FEES.--The department shall allocate the fees collected under this section to the board.

Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2003.