HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #: HB 1607 SPONSOR(S): Littlefield TIED BILLS: **Environmental Protection**

IDEN./SIM. BILLS: SB 2338

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR	
1) Environmental Regulation (Sub)	<u>5 Y, 0 N</u>	McKinnon	Lotspeich	
2) Natural Resources		McKinnon	Lotspeich	
3) Appropriations				
4)				
5)				

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

HB 1607 allows fly ash and other combustion products from electric generating facilities to be used in roadway applications, fill, and construction applications without regulation as a hazardous or solid waste by the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). The bill provides for certain restrictions on these applications and imposes notification provisions when such materials are to be used in certain land applications. The bill has no expected fiscal impacts.

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. DOES THE BILL:

1.	Reduce government?	Yes[]	No[]	N/A[X]
2.	Lower taxes?	Yes[]	No[]	N/A[X]
3.	Expand individual freedom?	Yes[]	No[]	N/A[X]
4.	Increase personal responsibility?	Yes[]	No[]	N/A[X]
5.	Empower families?	Yes[]	No[]	N/A[X]

For any principle that received a "no" above, please explain:

B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

Present Situation

Fossil fuel combustion products (FFCPs), such as fly ash, are currently regulated as solid waste under the provisions of Part IV, Chapter 403, F.S. The beneficial use of industrial byproducts like fly ash is authorized under section 403.7045, F.S., upon a demonstration that such use will not lead to a violation of DEP standards. DEP has routinely approved beneficial uses of FFCPs involving encapsulation, such as use of fly ash in concrete products (in fact, the DEP generally does not even review this kind of use), and has approved other beneficial uses on a case-by-case basis. In some cases where the FFCPs are proposed to be used in unconsolidated form, the DEP has required testing and analysis of the materials as part of its review.

Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates a new section 403.7047, F.S., which exempts the beneficial use of FFCPs from regulation under part IV of chapter 403, F.S. The bill exempts the storage of these products prior to use from any regulation as solid waste. While the DEP encourages the beneficial use of waste products in a responsible manner, this bill would essentially eliminate DEP's authority to review or approve all uses of FFCPs, including those which could pose threats to public health or the environment.

Although the bill covers virtually all possible uses of FFCPs, it divides these uses into two categories. The first category would allow no DEP review at all, and authorizes unlimited storage or use of all FFCPs in certain uses. Some of these uses are already approved by the DEP (e.g., use of fly ash in concrete, cement, or asphalt products), but some have never even been reviewed or analyzed, and some would allow unconsolidated ash to be placed directly on the ground. The second category requires notice to the DEP before a particular use is allowed, but even then does not require DEP approval prior to use. This category includes agricultural uses, land reclamation, and unspecified "pilot" projects, which all involve the placement of unconsolidated ash on the ground.

C. SECTION DIRECTORY:

<u>Section 1.</u> Creates s. 403. 7047, F.S., to exempt the beneficial use of fossil fuel combustion products from regulation as a solid waste.

Section 2. Establishes an effective date of July 1, 2003.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

- A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:
 - 1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

The fiscal impacts are indeterminate.

- B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:
 - 1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

The bill will initially reduce regulatory costs to facilities producing fossil fuel combustion products, since they will not be required to seek DEP approval for the storage or use of FFCPs. However, long term costs could potentially increase costs in the future if FFCPs are mismanaged so as to cause environmental or public health threats requiring remedial action.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

None.

III. COMMENTS

- A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:
 - 1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

Not applicable. The bill does not affect municipal or county government.

2. Other:

None.

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

None.

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

According to DEP, the bill could result in environmental harm or a threat to public health. DEP recognizes that many beneficial uses of FFCPs pose no significant threats, and in fact some FFCPs have been beneficially used in products for decades. However, the data available to the DEP indicates that many FFCPs, if placed on the ground, have the potential to leach contaminants that may result in violations of DEP ground water or surface water standards. There are some existing areas where FFCPs are stored or disposed of that have ground water violations. Data collected by DEP also indicates that FFCPs contain contaminants which can pose a significant threat to public health if stored

or used so that pathways for human exposure are created. This bill, which authorizes virtually all possible uses for all FFCPs, would prevent DEP from reviewing uses that could create environmental and public health threats.

IV. AMENDMENTS/COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES