11-1428-03

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to juvenile sentencing; 3 amending s. 985.231, F.S.; authorizing a trial 4 judge to sentence a delinquent child to a 5 specific commitment program or facility within 6 the Department of Juvenile Justice; providing 7 an effective date. 8 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 11 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 12 985.231, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 985.231 Powers of disposition in delinquency cases .--13 (1)(a) The court that has jurisdiction of an 14 adjudicated delinquent child may, by an order stating the 15 16 facts upon which a determination of a sanction and 17 rehabilitative program was made at the disposition hearing: Place the child in a probation program or a 18 19 postcommitment probation program under the supervision of an 20 authorized agent of the Department of Juvenile Justice or of 21 any other person or agency specifically authorized and 22 appointed by the court, whether in the child's own home, in the home of a relative of the child, or in some other suitable 23 place under such reasonable conditions as the court may 24 25 direct. A probation program for an adjudicated delinquent child must include a penalty component such as restitution in 26 27 money or in kind, community service, a curfew, revocation or 28 suspension of the driver's license of the child, or other 29 nonresidential punishment appropriate to the offense and must 30 also include a rehabilitative program component such as a

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in school or other educational program. If the child is attending or is eligible to attend public school and the court finds that the victim or a sibling of the victim in the case is attending or may attend the same school as the child, the court placement order shall include a finding pursuant to the proceedings described in s. 985.23(1)(d). Upon the recommendation of the department at the time of disposition, or subsequent to disposition pursuant to the filing of a petition alleging a violation of the child's conditions of postcommitment probation, the court may order the child to submit to random testing for the purpose of detecting and monitoring the use of alcohol or controlled substances.

a. A restrictiveness level classification scale for levels of supervision shall be provided by the department, taking into account the child's needs and risks relative to probation supervision requirements to reasonably ensure the public safety. Probation programs for children shall be supervised by the department or by any other person or agency specifically authorized by the court. These programs must include, but are not limited to, structured or restricted activities as described in this subparagraph, and shall be designed to encourage the child toward acceptable and functional social behavior. If supervision or a program of community service is ordered by the court, the duration of such supervision or program must be consistent with any treatment and rehabilitation needs identified for the child and may not exceed the term for which sentence could be imposed if the child were committed for the offense, except that the duration of such supervision or program for an offense that is a misdemeanor of the second degree, or is equivalent to a misdemeanor of the second degree, may be for a

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30 31 period not to exceed 6 months. When restitution is ordered by the court, the amount of restitution may not exceed an amount the child and the parent or guardian could reasonably be expected to pay or make. A child who participates in any work program under this part is considered an employee of the state for purposes of liability, unless otherwise provided by law.

- b. The court may conduct judicial review hearings for a child placed on probation for the purpose of fostering accountability to the judge and compliance with other requirements, such as restitution and community service. The court may allow early termination of probation for a child who has substantially complied with the terms and conditions of probation.
- If the conditions of the probation program or the c. postcommitment probation program are violated, the department or the state attorney may bring the child before the court on a petition alleging a violation of the program. Any child who violates the conditions of probation or postcommitment probation must be brought before the court if sanctions are sought. A child taken into custody under s. 985.207 for violating the conditions of probation or postcommitment probation shall be held in a consequence unit if such a unit is available. The child shall be afforded a hearing within 24 hours after being taken into custody to determine the existence of probable cause that the child violated the conditions of probation or postcommitment probation. A consequence unit is a secure facility specifically designated by the department for children who are taken into custody under s. 985.207 for violating probation or postcommitment probation, or who have been found by the court to have violated the conditions of probation or postcommitment

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probation. If the violation involves a new charge of 2 delinquency, the child may be detained under s. 985.215 in a 3 facility other than a consequence unit. If the child is not 4 eligible for detention for the new charge of delinquency, the 5 child may be held in the consequence unit pending a hearing 6 and is subject to the time limitations specified in s. 7 985.215. If the child denies violating the conditions of probation or postcommitment probation, the court shall appoint 8 9 counsel to represent the child at the child's request. Upon the child's admission, or if the court finds after a hearing 10 11 that the child has violated the conditions of probation or postcommitment probation, the court shall enter an order 12 13 revoking, modifying, or continuing probation or postcommitment probation. In each such case, the court shall enter a new 14 disposition order and, in addition to the sanctions set forth 15 in this paragraph, may impose any sanction the court could 16 17 have imposed at the original disposition hearing. If the child 18 is found to have violated the conditions of probation or 19 postcommitment probation, the court may:

- (I) Place the child in a consequence unit in that judicial circuit, if available, for up to 5 days for a first violation, and up to 15 days for a second or subsequent violation.
- (II) Place the child on home detention with electronic monitoring. However, this sanction may be used only if a residential consequence unit is not available.
- (III) Modify or continue the child's probation program or postcommitment probation program.
- $\,$ (IV) $\,$ Revoke probation or postcommitment probation and commit the child to the department.

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- Notwithstanding s. 743.07 and paragraph (d), and except as provided in s. 985.31, the term of any order placing a child in a probation program must be until the child's 19th birthday unless he or she is released by the court, on the motion of an interested party or on its own motion.
- 2. Commit the child to a licensed child-caring agency willing to receive the child, but the court may not commit the child to a jail or to a facility used primarily as a detention center or facility or shelter.
- Commit the child to the Department of Juvenile Justice at a residential commitment level defined in s. 985.03. The court may in its discretion specify a program or facility within the commitment level to which the child has been ordered. Such commitment must be for the purpose of exercising active control over the child, including, but not limited to, custody, care, training, urine monitoring, and treatment of the child and release of the child into the community in a postcommitment nonresidential conditional release program. If the child is eligible to attend public school following residential commitment and the court finds that the victim or a sibling of the victim in the case is or may be attending the same school as the child, the commitment order shall include a finding pursuant to the proceedings described in s. 985.23(1)(d). If the child is not successful in the conditional release program, the department may use the transfer procedure under s. 985.404. Notwithstanding s. 743.07 and paragraph (d), and except as provided in s. 985.31, the term of the commitment must be until the child is discharged by the department or until he or she reaches the age of 21.
- 4. Revoke or suspend the driver's license of the 31 child.

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- Require the child and, if the court finds it appropriate, the child's parent or quardian together with the child, to render community service in a public service program.
- As part of the probation program to be implemented by the Department of Juvenile Justice, or, in the case of a committed child, as part of the community-based sanctions ordered by the court at the disposition hearing or before the child's release from commitment, order the child to make restitution in money, through a promissory note cosigned by the child's parent or guardian, or in kind for any damage or loss caused by the child's offense in a reasonable amount or manner to be determined by the court. The clerk of the circuit court shall be the receiving and dispensing agent. In such case, the court shall order the child or the child's parent or guardian to pay to the office of the clerk of the circuit court an amount not to exceed the actual cost incurred by the clerk as a result of receiving and dispensing restitution payments. The clerk shall notify the court if restitution is not made, and the court shall take any further action that is necessary against the child or the child's parent or guardian. A finding by the court, after a hearing, that the parent or guardian has made diligent and good faith efforts to prevent the child from engaging in delinquent acts absolves the parent or guardian of liability for restitution under this subparagraph.
- 7. Order the child and, if the court finds it appropriate, the child's parent or guardian together with the child, to participate in a community work project, either as an alternative to monetary restitution or as part of the 31 rehabilitative or probation program.

- 8. Commit the child to the Department of Juvenile Justice for placement in a program or facility for serious or habitual juvenile offenders in accordance with s. 985.31. Any commitment of a child to a program or facility for serious or habitual juvenile offenders must be for an indeterminate period of time, but the time may not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment that an adult may serve for the same offense. The court may retain jurisdiction over such child until the child reaches the age of 21, specifically for the purpose of the child completing the program.
- 9. In addition to the sanctions imposed on the child, order the parent or guardian of the child to perform community service if the court finds that the parent or guardian did not make a diligent and good faith effort to prevent the child from engaging in delinquent acts. The court may also order the parent or guardian to make restitution in money or in kind for any damage or loss caused by the child's offense. The court shall determine a reasonable amount or manner of restitution, and payment shall be made to the clerk of the circuit court as provided in subparagraph 6.
- 10. Subject to specific appropriation, commit the juvenile sexual offender to the Department of Juvenile Justice for placement in a program or facility for juvenile sexual offenders in accordance with s. 985.308. Any commitment of a juvenile sexual offender to a program or facility for juvenile sexual offenders must be for an indeterminate period of time, but the time may not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment that an adult may serve for the same offense. The court may retain jurisdiction over a juvenile sexual offender until the juvenile sexual offender reaches the age of 21, specifically for the purpose of completing the program.

1	Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
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5	SENATE SUMMARY
6	Authorizes a trial judge to sentence a delinquent child to a specific commitment program or facility within the Department of Juvenile Justice.
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