HB 1903

1

A bill to be entitled

2003

An act relating to regulation of telecommunications 2 companies; providing a popular name; amending s. 364.01, 3 4 F.S.; providing legislative finding that provision of unregulated voice-over-internet protocol is in the public 5 interest; amending s. 364.02, F.S.; changing the term б "alternative local exchange telecommunications company" to 7 "competitive local exchange telecommunications company"; 8 defining the term "intrastate interexchange 9 telecommunications company"; limiting the definition of 10 11 "service"; amending s. 364.025, F.S.; conforming terminology; extending the time period for mandatory 12 provision of basic local exchange telecommunications 13 services within the territory of a local exchange 14 telecommunications company; extending the transitional 15 time period for the Public Service Commission's providing 16 an interim mechanism for maintaining universal service 17 objectives; providing authority for the Public Service 18 Commission to change the mechanism upon petition during 19 such period; delaying requirement that the Legislature 20 establish a permanent mechanism; delaying date on which 21 competitive local exchange telecommunications company may 22 petition the Public Service Commission to become a 23 universal service provider and carrier of last resort; 24 amending s. 364.0361, F.S.; providing exclusivity for 25 certain regulations; amending s. 364.051, F.S.; conforming 26 terminology; providing circumstances under which certain 27 telecommunication companies may elect alternative 28 regulations; providing an exception; prohibiting an 29 increase in certain regulations on competitive local 30

Page 1 of 44

HB 1903

2003 31 exchange telecommunications companies; amending s. 364.052, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending s. 32 364.058, F.S.; providing for an expedited process to 33 facilitate quick resolution of disputes between 34 telecommunications companies; providing rulemaking 35 authority; creating s. 364.059, F.S.; providing procedures 36 for staying election of local exchange telecommunications 37 companies to be subject to alternative regulations; 38 requiring the Public Service Commission to provide 39 benchmarks and criteria for granting stays; providing 40 41 rulemaking authority; amending s. 364.10, F.S.; requiring certain local exchange telecommunications companies to 42 provide Lifeline services to certain persons; providing 43 for eligibility determinations by the Public Counsel for 44 receipt of such services; prohibiting rate increases for 45 basic local telecommunications services provided to such 46 eligible persons; requiring distribution of certain 47 materials; requiring annual reports; amending ss. 364.16, 48 364.161, and 364.162, F.S.; conforming terminology; 49 amending s. 364.163, F.S.; deleting obsolete language; 50 changing period in which intrastate access rates are 51 capped; removing limitations on certain rate increases; 52 eliminating certain fees; providing presumption of 53 validity for certain tariff changes made by intrastate 54 interexchange telecommunications companies; creating s. 55 364.164, F.S.; authorizing local exchange 56 telecommunications companies to petition the Public 57 Service Commission for reduction of intrastate network 58 access rates under certain circumstances; requiring 59 revenue neutrality; providing criteria for the commission 60 Page 2 of 44

	HB 1903 2003
61	to consider; amending s. 364.337, F.S.; conforming
62	terminology; amending s. 364.3376, F.S.; eliminating the
63	requirement that intrastate interexchange
64	telecommunications companies obtain a certificate of
65	public convenience prior to providing operator services;
66	amending ss. 364.502 and 365.172, F.S.; conforming
67	terminology; amending ss. 196.012, 199.183, 212.08,
68	290.007, 350.0605, 364.602, and 489.103, F.S.; correcting
69	cross references to s. 364.02, F.S.; providing an
70	effective date.
71	
72	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
73	
74	Section 1. This act may be known by the popular name the
75	"Tele-Competition Innovation and Infrastructure Enhancement Act
76	<u>of 2003."</u>
77	Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 364.01, Florida
78	Statutes, is amended to read:
79	364.01 Powers of commission, legislative intent
80	(3) The Legislature finds that the competitive provision
81	of telecommunications services, including local exchange
82	telecommunications service, is in the public interest and will
83	provide customers with freedom of choice, encourage the
84	introduction of new telecommunications service, encourage
85	technological innovation, and encourage investment in
86	telecommunications infrastructure. The Legislature further finds
87	that the transition from the monopoly provision of local
88	exchange service to the competitive provision thereof will
89	require appropriate regulatory oversight to protect consumers
90	and provide for the development of fair and effective
I	Page 3 of 44

HB 1903 2003 competition, but nothing in this chapter shall limit the 91 availability to any party of any remedy under state or federal 92 antitrust laws. The Legislature further finds that changes in 93 regulations allowing increased competition in telecommunications 94 services could provide the occasion for increases in the 95 telecommunications workforce; therefore, it is in the public 96 interest that competition in telecommunications services lead to 97 a situation that enhances the high-technological skills and the 98 economic status of the telecommunications workforce. The 99 Legislature further finds that the provision of voice-over-100 101 internet protocol (VOIP) free of unnecessary regulation, regardless of the provider, is in the public interest. 102

Section 3. Section 364.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

105

364.02 Definitions.--As used in this chapter:

"Basic local telecommunications service" means (1) + (2)106 voice-grade, flat-rate residential, and flat-rate single-line 107 business local exchange services which provide dial tone, local 108 usage necessary to place unlimited calls within a local exchange 109 area, dual tone multifrequency dialing, and access to the 110 following: emergency services such as "911," all locally 111 available interexchange companies, directory assistance, 112 operator services, relay services, and an alphabetical directory 113 listing. For a local exchange telecommunications company, such 114 term shall include any extended area service routes, and 115 extended calling service in existence or ordered by the 116 commission on or before July 1, 1995. 117

118 (2)(3) "Commercial mobile radio service provider" means a 119 commercial mobile radio service provider as defined by and 120 pursuant to 47 U.S.C. ss. 153(n) and 332(d).

Page 4 of 44

HB 1903 2003 "Commission" means the Florida Public Service 121 (3)(4) Commission. 122 "Competitive Alternative local exchange (4) + (1)123 124 telecommunications company" means any company certificated by the commission to provide local exchange telecommunications 125 services in this state on or after July 1, 1995. 126 (5) "Corporation" includes a corporation, company, 127 association, or joint stock association. 128 (6) "Intrastate interexchange telecommunications company" 129 means any entity that provides intrastate interexchange 130 131 telecommunications services. (7)(6) "Local exchange telecommunications company" means 132 any company certificated by the commission to provide local 133 exchange telecommunications service in this state on or before 134 June 30, 1995. 135 (8)(7) "Monopoly service" means a telecommunications 136 service for which there is no effective competition, either in 137 fact or by operation of law. 138 "Nonbasic service" means any telecommunications 139 (9)(8) service provided by a local exchange telecommunications company 140 other than a basic local telecommunications service, a local 141 interconnection arrangement described in s. 364.16, or a network 142 access service described in s. 364.163. 143 (10)(9) "Operator service" includes, but is not limited 144 to, billing or completion of third-party, person-to-person, 145 collect, or calling card or credit card calls through the use of 146 a live operator or automated equipment. 147 (11) (10) "Operator service provider" means a person who 148 furnishes operator service through a call aggregator. 149 (12)(11) "Service" is to be construed in its broadest and 150 Page 5 of 44 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

HB 1903 2003 151 most inclusive sense. The term "service" does not include voiceover-internet protocol service for purposes of regulation by the 152 commission. Nothing herein shall affect the rights and 153 obligations of any entity related to the payment of switched 154 network access rates or other intercarrier compensation, if any, 155 related to voice-over-internet protocol service. 156 (13) (12) "Telecommunications company" includes every 157 corporation, partnership, and person and their lessees, 158 trustees, or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, and 159 every political subdivision in the state, offering two-way 160 161 telecommunications service to the public for hire within this state by the use of a telecommunications facility. The term 162 163 "telecommunications company" does not include: An entity which provides a telecommunications facility 164 (a) exclusively to a certificated telecommunications company; 165 An entity which provides a telecommunications facility 166 (b) exclusively to a company which is excluded from the definition 167 of a telecommunications company under this subsection; 168 A commercial mobile radio service provider; 169 (C) (d) A facsimile transmission service; 170 171 (e) A private computer data network company not offering service to the public for hire; or 172 A cable television company providing cable service as (f) 173 defined in 47 U.S.C. s. 522; or. 174 (g) An intrastate interexchange telecommunications 175 176 company. 177 However, each commercial mobile radio service provider and each 178 179 intrastate interexchange telecommunications company shall continue to be liable for any taxes imposed pursuant to chapters 180 Page 6 of 44

HB 1903 2003 181 202, 203, and 212 and any fees assessed pursuant to ss. s. 364.025 and 364.336. Each intrastate interexchange 182 telecommunications company shall continue to be subject to ss. 183 364.04, 364.10(3)(a) and (d), 364.163, 364.285, 364.501, 184 364.603, and 364.604, shall provide the commission with such 185 current information as the commission deems necessary to contact 186 and communicate with the company, shall continue to pay 187 intrastate switched network access rates or other intercarrier 188 compensation to the local exchange telecommunications company or 189 the competitive local exchange telecommunications company for 190 191 the origination and termination of interexchange telecommunications service, and shall reduce its intrastate long 192 193 distance toll rates in accordance with s. 364.163(2).

194 <u>(14)(13)</u> "Telecommunications facility" includes real 195 estate, easements, apparatus, property, and routes used and 196 operated to provide two-way telecommunications service to the 197 public for hire within this state.

198 Section 4. Section 364.025, Florida Statutes, is amended 199 to read:

200

364.025 Universal service.--

For the purposes of this section, the term "universal (1)201 service" means an evolving level of access to telecommunications 202 services that, taking into account advances in technologies, 203 services, and market demand for essential services, the 204 commission determines should be provided at just, reasonable, 205 and affordable rates to customers, including those in rural, 206 economically disadvantaged, and high-cost areas. It is the 207 intent of the Legislature that universal service objectives be 208 209 maintained after the local exchange market is opened to competitively provided services. It is also the intent of the 210

Page 7 of 44

HB 1903 2003 Legislature that during this transition period the ubiquitous 211 nature of the local exchange telecommunications companies be 212 used to satisfy these objectives. Until For a period of 8 years 213 after January 1, 2009 1996, each local exchange 214 telecommunications company shall be required to furnish basic 215 local exchange telecommunications service within a reasonable 216 time period to any person requesting such service within the 217 company's service territory. 218

The Legislature finds that each telecommunications (2) 219 company should contribute its fair share to the support of the 220 221 universal service objectives and carrier-of-last-resort obligations. For a transitional period not to exceed January 1, 222 2009 2004, the interim mechanism for maintaining universal 223 service objectives and funding carrier-of-last-resort 224 obligations shall be established by the commission, pending the 225 implementation of a permanent mechanism. The interim mechanism 226 shall be applied in a manner that ensures that each competitive 227 alternative local exchange telecommunications company 228 contributes its fair share to the support of universal service 229 and carrier-of-last-resort obligations. The interim mechanism 230 applied to each competitive alternative local exchange 231 telecommunications company shall reflect a fair share of the 232 local exchange telecommunications company's recovery of 233 investments made in fulfilling its carrier-of-last-resort 234 obligations, and the maintenance of universal service 235 objectives. The commission shall ensure that the interim 236 mechanism does not impede the development of residential 237 consumer choice or create an unreasonable barrier to 238 competition. In reaching its determination, the commission shall 239 not inquire into or consider any factor that is inconsistent 240

Page 8 of 44

HB 1903 241 with s. 364.051(1)(c). The costs and expenses of any government 242 program or project required in part II of this chapter shall not 243 be recovered under this section.

244 (3) In the event any party, prior to January 1, 2009 2004, believes that circumstances have changed substantially to 245 warrant a change in the interim mechanism, that party may 246 petition the commission for a change, but the commission shall 247 grant such petition only after an opportunity for a hearing and 248 a compelling showing of changed circumstances, including that 249 the provider's customer population includes as many residential 250 251 as business customers. The commission shall act on any such petition within 120 days. 252

(4)(a) Prior to January 1, <u>2009</u> 2004, the Legislature
shall establish a permanent universal service mechanism upon the
effective date of which any interim recovery mechanism for
universal service objectives or carrier-of-last-resort
obligations imposed on <u>competitive</u> alternative local exchange
telecommunications companies shall terminate.

To assist the Legislature in establishing a permanent 259 (b) universal service mechanism, the commission, by February 15, 260 1999, shall determine and report to the President of the Senate 261 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the total 262 forward-looking cost, based upon the most recent commercially 263 available technology and equipment and generally accepted design 264 and placement principles, of providing basic local 265 telecommunications service on a basis no greater than a wire 266 center basis using a cost proxy model to be selected by the 267 commission after notice and opportunity for hearing. 268

(c) In determining the cost of providing basic local
 telecommunications service for small local exchange

Page 9 of 44

2003

HB 1903 telecommunications companies, which serve less than 100,000 271 access lines, the commission shall not be required to use the 272 cost proxy model selected pursuant to paragraph (b) until a 273 mechanism is implemented by the Federal Government for small 274 companies, but no sooner than January 1, 2001. The commission 275 shall calculate a small local exchange telecommunications 276 company's cost of providing basic local telecommunications 277 services based on one of the following options: 278

279

1. A different proxy model; or

A fully distributed allocation of embedded costs, 2. 280 281 identifying high-cost areas within the local exchange area the company serves and including all embedded investments and 282 expenses incurred by the company in the provision of universal 283 service. Such calculations may be made using fully distributed 284 costs consistent with 47 C.F.R. parts 32, 36, and 64. The 285 geographic basis for the calculations shall be no smaller than a 286 census block group. 287

After January 1, 2001, a competitive an alternative 288 (5) local exchange telecommunications company may petition the 289 commission to become the universal service provider and carrier 290 of last resort in areas requested to be served by that 291 competitive alternative local exchange telecommunications 292 company. Upon petition of a competitive an alternative local 293 exchange telecommunications company, the commission shall have 294 120 days to vote on granting in whole or in part or denying the 295 petition of the competitive alternative local exchange company. 296 The commission may establish the competitive alternative local 297 exchange telecommunications company as the universal service 298 299 provider and carrier of last resort, provided that the commission first determines that the competitive alternative 300

Page 10 of 44

HB 1903 2003 local exchange telecommunications company will provide high-301 quality, reliable service. In the order establishing the 302 competitive alternative local exchange telecommunications 303 company as the universal service provider and carrier of last 304 resort, the commission shall set the period of time in which 305 such company must meet those objectives and obligations and 306 shall set up any mechanism needed to aid such company in 307 carrying out these duties. 308 Section 5. Section 364.0361, Florida Statutes, is amended 309 to read: 310 364.0361 Local government authority; nondiscriminatory 311 exercise. -- A local government shall treat each 312 telecommunications company in a nondiscriminatory manner when 313 exercising its authority to grant franchises to a 314 telecommunications company or to otherwise establish conditions 315 or compensation for the use of rights-of-way or other public 316 property by a telecommunications company. No local government 317 shall have the authority to directly or indirectly regulate the 318 terms and conditions, including, but not limited to, the 319 operating systems, qualifications, services, service quality, 320 service territory, and prices, applicable to or in connection 321 with the provision of any broadband or information service. 322 Nothing herein relieves any provider from any obligations under 323 s. 166.046 or s. 337.401. 324 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection 325 (3) of section 364.051, Florida Statutes, are amended, and new 326 subsections (6), (7), and (8) are added to said section, to 327 read: 328 364.051 Price regulation. --329 SCHEDULE. -- Notwithstanding any other provisions of (1)330 Page 11 of 44

2003

HB 1903

331 this chapter, the following local exchange telecommunications 332 companies shall become subject to the price regulation described 333 in this section on the following dates:

For a local exchange telecommunications company with 334 (a) 100,000 or more access lines in service as of July 1, 1995, such 335 company may file with the commission a notice of election to be 336 under price regulation effective January 1, 1996, or when a 337 competitive an alternative local exchange telecommunications 338 company is certificated to provide local exchange 339 telecommunications services in its service territory, whichever 340 341 is later.

In the event that it is determined that the level of (3) 342 343 competition justifies the elimination of price caps in an exchange served by a local exchange telecommunications company 344 with less than 3 million basic local telecommunications service 345 access lines in service, or at the end of 5 years for any local 346 exchange telecommunications company, the local exchange 347 telecommunications company may thereafter on 30 days' notice 348 adjust its basic service revenues prices once in any 12-month 349 period in an amount not to exceed the change in inflation less 1 350 percent. Inflation shall be measured by the changes in the Gross 351 Domestic Product Fixed 1987 Weights Price Index, or successor 352 fixed weight price index, published in the Survey of Current 353 Business or a publication, by the United States Department of 354 Commerce. In the event any local exchange telecommunications 355 company, after January 1, 2001, believes that the level of 356 competition justifies the elimination of any form of price 357 regulation, the company may petition the Legislature. 358

359 (6) At such time that a local exchange telecommunications
 360 company with more than 1 million access lines in service has

Page 12 of 44

S.	
	HB 1903 2003
361	reduced its intrastate switched network access rates to parity,
362	as defined in s. 364.164(5), such local exchange
363	telecommunications company's basic local telecommunications
364	service may, at the company's election, thereafter be subject to
365	the same regulatory treatment as its nonbasic services. The
366	company's retail service quality requirements that are not
367	already equal to the service quality requirements imposed upon
368	the competitive local exchange telecommunications companies
369	shall thereafter be no greater than those imposed upon
370	competitive local exchange telecommunications companies, unless
371	the commission, within 120 days after the company's election,
372	determines otherwise. In such event, the commission may grant
373	some reductions in service quality requirements and in some or
374	all of the company's local calling areas. In no event shall the
375	commission impose retail service quality requirements on
376	competitive local exchange telecommunications companies greater
377	than existed on January 1, 2003.
378	(7) In the event that a local exchange telecommunications
379	company elects, pursuant to subsection (6), to subject its
380	retail basic local telecommunications services to the same
381	regulatory treatment as its nonbasic services, such local
382	exchange telecommunications company may thereafter petition the
383	commission for regulatory treatment of its retail services at a
384	level no greater than that imposed by the commission upon
385	competitive local exchange telecommunications companies. The
386	local exchange telecommunications company shall:
387	(a) Show that granting the petition is in the public
388	interest.
389	(b) Reduce its intrastate switched network access rates to
390	its local reciprocal interconnection rate upon the grant of the
I	Page 13 of 44

HB 1903 2003 391 petition. 392 The commission shall act upon such petition within 9 months 393 after its filing with the commission. In making its 394 determination to either grant or deny the petition, the 395 commission shall determine the extent to which the level of 396 competition faced by the local exchange telecommunications 397 company permits, and will continue to permit, the company to 398 have its retail services regulated no differently than the 399 competitive local exchange telecommunications companies are then 400 being regulated. In no event shall the commission increase the 401 level of regulation for competitive local exchange 402 403 telecommunications companies greater than that which exists on the date the local exchange telecommunications company files its 404 petition. 405 (8) The provisions described in subsections (6) and (7) 406 shall apply to any local exchange telecommunications company 407 with 1 million or less access lines in service that has reduced 408 its intrastate switched network access rates to a level equal to 409 the company's interstate switched network access rates in effect 410 on January 1, 2003. 411 Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section Section 7. 412 364.052, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 413 364.052 Regulatory methods for small local exchange 414 telecommunications companies .--415 A small local exchange telecommunications company 416 (2) shall remain under rate base, rate of return regulation until 417 the company elects to become subject to s. 364.051, or January 418 419 1, 2001, whichever occurs first. A company subject to this section, electing to be regulated pursuant to s. 364.051, will 420 Page 14 of 44 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2003

HB 1903

have any overearnings attributable to a period prior to the date 421 on which the company makes the election subject to refund or 422 other disposition by the commission. Small local exchange 423 424 telecommunications companies not electing the price regulation provided for under s. 364.051 shall also be regulated pursuant 425 to ss. 364.03, 364.035(1) and (2), 364.05, and 364.055 and other 426 provisions necessary for rate base, rate of return regulation. 427 If a small local exchange telecommunications company has not 428 elected to be regulated under s. 364.051, by January 1, 2001, 429 the company shall remain under rate base, rate of return 430 431 regulation until such time as a certificated competitive alternative local exchange company provides basic local 432 telecommunications service in the company's territory. At such 433 time, the small local exchange telecommunications company shall 434 be subject to s. 364.051. 435

(a) The commission shall establish, by rule, ranges of
basic factors for lives and salvage values to be used in
developing depreciation rates for companies subject to this
section. Companies shall have the option of using basic factors
within the established ranges or of filing depreciation studies.

The commission shall adopt, by rule, streamlined 441 (b) procedures for regulating companies subject to this section. 442 These procedures shall minimize the burdens of regulation with 443 regard to audits, investigations, service standards, cost 444 studies, reports, and other matters, and the commission shall 445 establish, by rule, only those procedures that are cost-446 justified and are in the public interest so that universal 447 service may be promoted. Upon petition filed in this rulemaking 448 proceeding, the commission shall review and may approve any 449 regulations unique to the specific circumstances of a company 450

Page 15 of 44

HB 1903 451 subject to this section.

(3) A company subject to this section may at any time 452 after January 1, 1996, elect to be regulated pursuant to s. 453 364.051. If such a company so elects or provides cable 454 television programming services directly or as video dial tone 455 applications authorized under 47 U.S.C. s. 214, except as 456 provided for in compliance with part II of this chapter, a 457 certificated competitive alternative local exchange company may 458 provide local exchange telecommunications services within the 459 territory of the electing company. 460

461 (4) Any competitive alternative local exchange telecommunications company competing within the territory of any 462 463 small local exchange telecommunications company must do so on an 464 exchange-wide basis for the provision of flat-rated, switched residential and business local exchange telecommunications 465 services in all exchanges in which they elect to serve, unless 466 the commission determines otherwise. The competitive alternative 467 local exchange telecommunications company may petition and the 468 commission has the authority to determine that it is in the 469 public interest for a competitive an alternative local exchange 470 telecommunications company to service a geographic territory 471 that is less than an entire exchange. 472

473 Section 8. Subsection (3) is added to section 364.058, 474 Florida Statutes, to read:

475

364.058 Limited proceedings.--

476(3) The commission shall implement an expedited process to477facilitate the quick resolution of disputes between

telecommunications companies. The process implemented by the

479 <u>commission shall, to the extent feasible, minimize the time</u>

480 <u>necessary to reach a decision on a dispute. The commission may</u>

Page 16 of 44

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2003

	HB 1903 2003
481	limit the use of the expedited process based on the number of
482	parties, the number of issues, or the complexity of issues. For
483	any proceeding conducted pursuant to the expedited process, the
484	commission shall make its determination within 120 days after a
485	petition is filed or a motion is made. The commission shall
486	adopt rules to implement this subsection.
487	Section 9. Section 364.059, Florida Statutes, is created
488	to read:
489	364.059 Procedures for seeking stay; benchmark;
490	<u>criteria</u>
491	(1) At such time that a local exchange telecommunications
492	company has elected, pursuant to s. 364.051(6), to have its
493	basic local telecommunications services treated the same as its
494	nonbasic services, the following procedures shall be available:
495	(a) Any petition filed by a substantially interested party
496	against a local exchange telecommunications company seeking a
497	stay of the effective date of a price reduction for a basic
498	local telecommunications service, alleging an anticompetitive
499	price reduction pursuant to s. 364.051(5), s. 364.08, s. 364.09,
500	s. 364.10, or s. 364.3381, shall be resolved by the commission
501	pursuant to this section and by an order issued within 45 days
502	after the date the petition is filed.
503	(b) The petitioner shall provide such showing as is
504	required by law for a temporary injunction, and the local
505	exchange telecommunications company shall have 7 days within
506	which to respond to the petition.
507	(c) Nothing contained herein shall prevent the local
508	exchange telecommunications company from raising any affirmative
509	defenses provided by law.
510	(d) No stay shall be granted until the commission has
ļ	Page 17 of 44

Ľ	
511	HB 1903 2003 voted on the petition after an opportunity for oral argument.
512	(e) If the commission grants a stay, the stay shall not
513	exceed 45 days and the commission shall make a determination on
514	the merits within the 45-day period, unless the commission
515	extends this time period, not to exceed 15 days, based on a
516	delay in the availability of relevant cost studies and
517	supporting documents.
518	(f) In the event the commission denies a stay, nothing
519	herein prevents the petitioner from filing allegations of
520	anticompetitive price reductions as otherwise provided by law.
521	(g) The petitioner shall have the burden of proof that a
522	statutory violation has occurred, but the commission and the
523	petitioner shall have access, pursuant to s. 364.183, to the
524	local exchange telecommunications company's relevant cost
525	studies and supporting documents.
526	(h) The commission shall reject any petition within 15
527	days after filing if the local exchange telecommunications
528	company challenges, and the commission determines, that the
529	petition on its face alleges the same violations and the same
530	facts that have previously been resolved against the petitioner.
531	(2) For purposes of carrying out the procedures set forth
532	in subsection (1), the commission shall establish an objective
533	benchmark, such as a price or cost floor, by which the
534	commission may determine whether a requested stay of a basic
535	local telecommunications service price reduction is warranted.
536	Such benchmark shall be based upon generally accepted economic
537	costing and pricing principles and judicial or regulatory
538	costing and pricing precedent. The commission shall also
539	establish the criteria for determining on the merits whether the
540	basic local telecommunications service price reduction is in
	Page 18 of 14

S.	
	HB 1903 2003
541	fact anticompetitive. Such criteria shall be based upon
542	generally accepted economic competitive costing and pricing
543	principles and judicial or regulatory precedent for detecting
544	the presence of anticompetitive pricing. In no event, however,
545	shall the commission establish benchmarks or criteria that are
546	inconsistent with or interfere with the competitive pricing
547	conduct permitted by existing law. The commission shall
548	establish the benchmark and criteria by rule, which rule
549	adoption proceeding shall commence no earlier than January 1,
550	2005, and a final order shall issue within 120 days after
551	commencement. Such benchmarks and criteria shall in any event be
552	available when subsection (1) becomes effective. In the event
553	that the provisions of s. 364.164(8) become operative, the
554	commission shall immediately commence establishment of the
555	benchmark and criteria required for the procedures set forth in
556	subsection (1) and this subsection, but nothing herein shall
557	prevent or delay a local exchange telecommunications company
558	from making and implementing the election provided for in s.
559	364.051(6).
560	Section 10. Subsection (3) is added to section 364.10,
561	Florida Statutes, to read:
562	364.10 Undue advantage to person or locality prohibited;
563	exception
564	(3)(a) Effective September 1, 2003, any local exchange
565	telecommunications company authorized by the commission to
566	reduce its switched network access rate pursuant to s. 364.164
567	shall have tariffed and shall provide Lifeline service to any
568	otherwise eligible customer or potential customer who meets an
569	income eligibility test at 125 percent or less of the federal
570	poverty income guidelines for Lifeline customers. Such test for
C I	Page 19 of 44

S.	
	HB 1903 2003
571	eligibility shall augment, rather than replace, the eligibility
572	standards established by federal law and based on participation
573	in certain low-income assistance programs. Each intrastate
574	interexchange telecommunications company shall, effective
575	September 1, 2003, file a tariff providing at a minimum the
576	intrastate interexchange telecommunications carrier's current
577	Lifeline benefits and exemptions to Lifeline customers who meet
578	the income eligibility test set forth in this subsection. The
579	Office of Public Counsel shall serve as the state agency that
580	certifies and maintains claims submitted by a customer for
581	eligibility under the income test authorized by this subsection.
582	(b) Each local exchange telecommunications company subject
583	to this subsection shall provide to each state and federal
584	agency providing benefits to persons eligible for Lifeline
585	service applications, brochures, pamphlets, or other materials
586	that inform such persons of their eligibility for Lifeline, and
587	each state agency providing such benefits shall furnish the
588	materials to affected persons at the time they apply for
589	benefits.
590	(c) Any local exchange telecommunications company customer
591	receiving Lifeline benefits shall not be subject to any
592	residential basic local telecommunications service rate
593	increases authorized by s. 364.164 until such time as the local
594	exchange telecommunications company reaches parity as defined in
595	s. 364.164(5) or until the customer no longer qualifies for the
596	Lifeline benefits established by this section or s. 364.105, or
597	unless otherwise determined by the commission upon petition by a
598	local exchange telecommunications company.
599	(d) By December 31, 2003, each state agency that provides
600	benefits to persons eligible for Lifeline service shall
C	Page 20 of 44

S.	
	HB 1903 2003
601	undertake, in cooperation with the Department of Children and
602	Family Services, the commission, and telecommunications
603	companies providing Lifeline services, the development of
604	procedures to promote Lifeline participation.
605	(e) The commission shall report to the Governor, the
606	Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of
607	the Senate by December 31 each year on the number of customers
608	who are subscribing to Lifeline service and the effectiveness of
609	any processes to promote participation.
610	Section 11. Subsection (2), paragraph (a) of subsection
611	(3), and subsection (5) of section 364.16, Florida Statutes, are
612	amended to read:
613	364.16 Connection of lines and transfers; local
614	interconnection; telephone number portability
615	(2) Each <u>competitive</u> alternative local exchange
616	telecommunications company shall provide access to, and
617	interconnection with, its telecommunications services to any
618	other provider of local exchange telecommunications services
619	requesting such access and interconnection at nondiscriminatory
620	prices, terms, and conditions. If the parties are unable to
621	negotiate mutually acceptable prices, terms, and conditions
622	after 60 days, either party may petition the commission and the
623	commission shall have 120 days to make a determination after
624	proceeding as required by s. 364.162(2) pertaining to
625	interconnection services.
626	(3) Each local exchange telecommunications company shall
627	provide access to, and interconnection with, its
628	telecommunications facilities to any other provider of local
629	exchange telecommunications services requesting such access and
630	interconnection at nondiscriminatory prices, rates, terms, and
(Page 21 of 44 CODING: Words stricken are deletions: words underlined are additions.

2003

HB 1903
631 conditions established by the procedures set forth in s.
632 364.162.

(a) No local exchange telecommunications company or
<u>competitive</u> alternative local exchange telecommunications
company shall knowingly deliver traffic, for which terminating
access service charges would otherwise apply, through a local
interconnection arrangement without paying the appropriate
charges for such terminating access service.

(5) When requested, each certificated telecommunications
company shall provide access to any poles, conduits, rights-ofway, and like facilities that it owns or controls to any local
exchange telecommunications company or <u>competitive</u> alternative
local exchange telecommunications company pursuant to reasonable
rates and conditions mutually agreed to which do not
discriminate between similarly situated companies.

Section 12. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 364.161,Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

648

364.161 Unbundling and resale.--

Only after a competitive an alternative local exchange 649 (3) telecommunications company has been determined to be a carrier 650 of last resort shall such company, upon request by another 651 telecommunications provider, be required, for purposes of 652 resale, to unbundle its local exchange services, network 653 features, functions and capabilities, including its local loop, 654 to the extent such unbundling is technically and economically 655 feasible. The parties shall negotiate the terms, conditions, and 656 prices of any feasible unbundling request. If the parties cannot 657 reach a satisfactory resolution within 60 days, either party may 658 petition the commission to arbitrate the dispute and the 659 commission shall make a determination within 120 days. The 660

Page 22 of 44

HB 1903 2003 661 prices shall not be below cost. A local exchange telecommunications company shall (4) 662 provide unbundled network elements, services for resale, 663 requested repairs, and necessary support services in a timely 664 manner. The Public Service Commission shall maintain a file of 665 all complaints by competitive alternative local exchange 666 telecommunications companies against local exchange 667 telecommunications companies regarding timeliness and adequacy 668 of service. This information, including how and when each 669 complaint was resolved, shall be included with the commission's 670 671 annual report to the Legislature on competition. Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 364.162, Florida 672 Statutes, is amended to read: 673 364.162 Negotiated prices for interconnection and for the 674 resale of services and facilities; commission rate setting .--675 A competitive An alternative local exchange (1)676 telecommunications company shall have 60 days from the date it 677 is certificated to negotiate with a local exchange 678 telecommunications company mutually acceptable prices, terms, 679 and conditions of interconnection and for the resale of services 680 and facilities. If a negotiated price is not established after 681 60 days, either party may petition the commission to establish 682 nondiscriminatory rates, terms, and conditions of 683 interconnection and for the resale of services and facilities. 684 The commission shall have 120 days to make a determination after 685 proceeding as required by subsection (2). Whether set by 686 negotiation or by the commission, interconnection and resale 687 prices, rates, terms, and conditions shall be filed with the 688 commission before their effective date. The commission shall 689 have the authority to arbitrate any dispute regarding 690 Page 23 of 44

HB 1903 691 interpretation of interconnection or resale prices and terms and 692 conditions.

693 Section 14. Section 364.163, Florida Statutes, is amended 694 to read:

364.163 Network access services. -- For purposes of this 695 section, "network access service" is defined as any service 696 provided by a local exchange telecommunications company to a 697 telecommunications company certificated under this chapter or 698 licensed by the Federal Communications Commission to access the 699 local exchange telecommunications network, excluding the local 700 interconnection arrangements in s. 364.16 and the resale 701 arrangements in s. 364.161. Each local exchange 702 703 telecommunications company subject to s. 364.051 shall maintain 704 tariffs with the commission containing the terms, conditions, 705 and rates for each of its network access services.

(1) Effective January 1, 1999, the rates for switched 706 network access services of each company subject to this section 707 shall be capped at the rates in effect on January 1, 1999, and 708 shall remain capped until January 1, 2001. Upon the date of 709 filing its election with the commission, the network access 710 service rates of a company that elects to become subject to this 711 section shall be capped at the rates in effect on that date and 712 shall remain capped for 5 years. 713

714 (1)(2) After the termination of the caps imposed on rates 715 by subsection (1) and after a local exchange telecommunications 716 company's intrastate switched <u>network</u> access rates <u>are reduced</u> 717 to or below reach parity, as defined in s. 364.164(5), the 718 company's intrastate switched network access rates shall be and 719 shall remain capped for 3 years thereafter with its interstate 720 switched access rates, a company subject to this section may, on 721 Page 24 of 44

HB 1903 2003 30 days' notice, annually adjust any specific network access 721 service rate in an amount not to exceed the cumulative change in 722 inflation experienced after the date of the last adjustment, 723 724 provided, however, that no such adjustment shall ever exceed 3 percent annually of the then-current prices. Inflation shall be 725 726 measured by the changes in Gross Domestic Product Fixed 1987 Weights Price Index, or successor fixed weight price index, 727 published in the Survey of Current Business, or successor 728 publication, by the United States Department of Commerce. 729 (3) After the termination of the caps imposed on rates by 730 731 subsection (1), a company subject to this section may, at any time, petition the commission for a network access service rate 732 733 change to recover the cost of governmentally mandated projects 734 or programs or an increase in federal or state income tax 735 incurred after that date. The costs and expenses of the government program or project required in part II of this 736 chapter shall not be recovered under this subsection unless such 737 costs and expenses are incurred in the absence of a bid and 738 subject to carrier of last resort obligations as provided for in 739 part II of this chapter. With respect to governmentally mandated 740 projects and programs, such petition shall be acted upon no 741 later than 90 days after the date of filing. A company subject 742 to this section shall show the commission that the cost of a 743 project or program is not recoverable either from the government 744 mandating the project or program or from the beneficiaries of 745 746 the project or program through user fees or other new revenue sources from the project or program, and to the extent that cost 747 decreases resulting from the project or program are reflected as 748 749 an offset to cost increases. A company subject to this section shall decrease its network access rates by amounts that reflect 750

Page 25 of 44

HB 1903 2003 any federal or state income tax reduction. Nothing contained in 751 this section shall allow any revisions in the rates, terms, and 752 conditions for commercial mobile radio service access, which 753 revisions are inconsistent with the requirements or 754 methodologies of the Federal Communications Commission. 755 756 (4) A company subject to this section may choose to implement all or a portion of a rate increase allowed for 757 network access service by subsections (1), (2), and (3). 758 Notwithstanding subsections (1), (2), and (3), a company subject 759 to this section may choose to decrease network service rates at 760 761 any time, and decreased rates shall become effective upon 7 days' notice. 762 763 (5) Company-proposed changes to the terms and conditions 764 for existing network access services in accordance with subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) shall be presumed valid and 765 become effective upon 15 days ' notice. Company-proposed rate 766 reductions shall become effective upon 7 days' notice. Rate 767 increases made by the local exchange telecommunications company 768 shall be presumed valid and become effective on the date 769 specified in the tariff, but in no event earlier than 30 days 770 after the filing of such tariff. The commission shall have 771 772 continuing regulatory oversight of local exchange telecommunications company-provided network access services for 773 774 purposes of determining the correctness of any price increase resulting from the application of the inflation index and making 775 any necessary adjustments, establishing reasonable service 776 quality criteria, and assuring resolution of service complaints. 777 No later than 30 days after the filing of such tariff, the 778 779 commission may, with respect to determining the correctness of any price increase, vote, without hearing, the local exchange 780 Page 26 of 44

HB 19032003781telecommunications company to hold subject to refund all782revenues collected under the rate increase. Within 60 days after783such order, the commission must make a determination either784compelling a refund of all or part of such revenues or releasing785them from such requirement.

786 (2)(6) Any local exchange telecommunications company with more than 100,000, but fewer than 3 million, basic local 787 telecommunications service access lines in service on July 1, 788 1995, shall reduce its intrastate switched access rates by 5 789 percent on July 1, 1998, and by 10 percent on October 1, 1998. 790 791 Any intrastate interexchange telecommunications company whose intrastate switched network access rate is reduced as a result 792 793 of the rate adjustments decreases made by a local exchange 794 telecommunications company in accordance with s. 364.164 this 795 subsection shall decrease its intrastate long distance revenues rates by the amount necessary to return the benefits of such 796 reduction to both its residential and business customers but 797 shall not reduce per minute intra-LATA toll rates by a 798 percentage greater than the per minute intrastate switched 799 access rate reductions required by this act. The intrastate 800 interexchange telecommunications company carrier may determine 801 the specific intrastate rates to be decreased, provided that 802 residential and business customers benefit from the rate 803 decreases. Any in-state connection fee or similarly named fee 804 shall be eliminated by July 1, 2006, provided that the timetable 805 determined pursuant to s. 364.164(1) reduces intrastate switched 806 network access rates in an amount that results in the 807 elimination of such fee in a revenue-neutral manner. The tariff 808 809 changes, if any, made by the intrastate interexchange telecommunications company to carry out the requirements of this 810

Page 27 of 44

	HB 1903 2003
811	subsection shall be presumed valid and become effective on 1
812	day's notice.
813	(7) Telecommunications company intrastate switched access
814	and customer long distance rate reductions shall become
815	effective on October 1 of each relevant year. Rate decreases
816	proposed in tariff revisions filed by the telecommunications
817	companies with the commission shall be presumed valid and become
818	effective on October 1 of each relevant year.
819	(8) No later than 30 days after the filing of such tariff,
820	the commission may, with respect to determining the correctness
821	of any rate decrease, vote, without hearing, the
822	telecommunications company to hold subject to refund all
823	intrastate switched access or customer long distance rate
824	revenues collected after the rate decrease. Within 60 days after
825	such order, the commission must make a determination either
826	compelling a refund of the appropriate part of such revenues or
827	releasing all such revenues from such requirement.
828	(3)(9) The commission shall have continuing regulatory
829	oversight of intrastate switched <u>network</u> access and customer
830	long distance rates for purposes of determining the correctness
831	of any rate decrease by a telecommunications company resulting
832	from the application of <u>s. 364.164</u> this section and making any
833	necessary adjustments to those rates , establishing reasonable
834	service quality criteria, and assuring resolution of service
835	complaints.
836	Section 15. Section 364.164, Florida Statutes, is created
837	to read:
838	364.164 Competitive market enhancement
839	(1) Each local exchange telecommunications company may,
840	after July 1, 2003, petition the commission to reduce its
ļ	Page 28 of 11

Ň	
	HB 1903 2003
841	intrastate switched network access rate in a revenue-neutral
842	manner. The commission shall issue its final order granting or
843	denying any petition filed pursuant to this section within 90
844	days. In reaching its decision, the commission shall consider
845	whether granting the petition:
846	(a) Will remove current support for basic local
847	telecommunications services that prevents the creation of a more
848	attractive competitive local exchange market for the benefit of
849	residential consumers.
850	(b) Will induce enhanced market entry.
851	(c) Will require intrastate switched network access rate
852	reductions to parity over a period of not less than 2 years or
853	more than 4 years.
854	(d) Will be revenue neutral as defined in subsection (7)
855	within the revenue category defined in subsection (2).
856	(2) In the event the commission grants the local exchange
857	telecommunications company's petition, the local exchange
858	telecommunications company is authorized, the requirements of s.
859	364.051(3) notwithstanding, to immediately implement a revenue
860	category mechanism consisting of basic local telecommunications
861	service revenues and intrastate switched network access revenues
862	to achieve revenue neutrality. The local exchange
863	telecommunications company shall thereafter, on 45 days' notice,
864	adjust the various prices and rates of the services within its
865	revenue category authorized by this section once in any 12-month
866	period in a revenue-neutral manner. In no event shall any
867	adjustment in rates be offset entirely by the company's basic
868	monthly recurring rate. All annual rate adjustments within the
869	revenue category established pursuant to this section shall be
870	implemented simultaneously and shall be revenue neutral. The
ſ	Page 29 of 44

S.	
	HB 1903 2003
871	commission shall, within 45 days after the rate adjustment
872	filing, issue a final order confirming compliance with this
873	section, and such order shall be final for all purposes.
874	(3) Any filing under this section shall be based on the
875	company's most recent 12 months' pricing units in accordance
876	with subsection (7) for any service included in the revenue
877	category established under this section. The commission shall
878	have the authority only to verify the pricing units for the
879	purpose of ensuring that the company's specific adjustments, as
880	authorized by this section, make the revenue category revenue
881	neutral for each filing. Any discovery or information requests
882	under this section shall be limited to a verification of
883	historical pricing units necessary to fulfill the commission's
884	specific responsibilities under this section of ensuring that
885	the company's rate adjustments make the revenue category revenue
886	neutral for each annual filing.
887	(4) Nothing in this section shall affect the local
888	exchange telecommunications company's exemptions pursuant to s.
889	364.051(1)(c) or authorize any local exchange telecommunications
890	company to increase the cost of local exchange services to any
891	person providing services under s. 364.3375.
892	(5) For purposes of this section, "parity" means that the
893	local exchange telecommunications company's intrastate switched
894	network access rate is equal to its interstate switched network
895	access rate in effect on January 1, 2003, if the company has
896	more than 1 million access lines in service. If the company has
897	1 million or less access lines in service, "parity" means that
898	the company's intrastate switched network access rate is equal
899	to 8 cents per minute. Nothing in this section shall prevent the
900	company from making further reductions in its intrastate
I C	Page 30 of 44

X	
	HB 1903 2003
901	switched network access rate, within the revenue category
902	established in this section, below parity on a revenue-neutral
903	basis, or from making other revenue-neutral rate adjustments
904	within this category.
905	(6) For purposes of this section, "intrastate switched
906	network access rate" means the composite of the originating and
907	terminating network access rate for carrier common line, local
908	channel/entrance facility, switched common transport, access
909	tandem switching, interconnection charge, signaling, information
910	surcharge, and local switching.
911	(7) For purposes of this section, "revenue neutral" means
912	that the total revenue within the revenue category established
913	pursuant to this section remains the same before and after the
914	local exchange telecommunications company implements any rate
915	adjustments under this section. Calculation of revenue received
916	from each service prior to implementation of any rate adjustment
917	shall be made by multiplying the then-current rate for each
918	service by the most recent 12 months' actual pricing units for
919	each service within the category, without any adjustments to the
920	number of pricing units. Calculation of revenue for each service
921	to be received after implementation of rate adjustments shall be
922	made by multiplying the rate to be applicable for each service
923	by the most recent 12 months' actual pricing units for each
924	service within the category, without any adjustments to the
925	number of pricing units. Billing units associated with pay
926	telephone access lines and Lifeline service shall not be
927	included in any calculation under this subsection.
928	(8) In the event that either the Federal Communications
929	Commission or the commission issues a final order determining
930	that voice-over-internet protocol service or a functionally
I	Dago 21 of 11

X	
	HB 1903 2003
931	equivalent service shall not be subject to the payment of
932	switched network access rates pursuant to a local exchange
933	telecommunications company tariff or interconnection agreement
934	or other law, the provisions of subsection (2) shall immediately
935	become operative as if the commission had granted a petition
936	pursuant to subsection (1). Any local exchange
937	telecommunications company subject to this section shall be
938	authorized to reduce its switched network access rates to the
939	company's authorized local reciprocal compensation rates in a
940	revenue-neutral manner, pursuant to subsections (2)-(7), in the
941	shortest remaining timeframe allowable under this section.
942	Section 16. Section 364.337, Florida Statutes, is amended
943	to read:
944	364.337 Competitive Alternate local exchange
945	telecommunications companies; intrastate interexchange
946	telecommunications services; certification
947	(1) Upon this act becoming a law, a party may file an
948	application for a certificate as <u>a competitive</u> an alternative
949	local exchange telecommunications company before January 1,
950	1996, and the commission shall conduct its review of the
951	application and take all actions necessary to process the
952	application. However, an application shall become effective no
953	sooner than January 1, 1996. The commission shall grant a
954	certificate of authority to provide <u>competitive</u> alternative
955	local exchange service upon a showing that the applicant has
956	sufficient technical, financial, and managerial capability to
957	provide such service in the geographic area proposed to be
958	served. In no event may <u>a competitive</u> an alternative local
959	exchange telecommunications company offer basic local
960	telecommunications services within the territory served by a
ſ	Page 32 of 44

HB 1903 2003 company subject to s. 364.052 prior to January 1, 2001, unless 961 the small local exchange telecommunications company elects to be 962 regulated under s. 364.051 or provides cable television 963 programming services directly or as video dial tone applications 964 authorized under 47 U.S.C. s. 214, except as provided for in 965 compliance with part II. It is the intent of the Legislature 966 that the commission act expeditiously to grant certificates of 967 authority under this section and that the grant of certificates 968 not be affected by the application of any criteria other than 969 that specifically enumerated in this subsection. 970

971 (2) Rules adopted by the commission governing the provision of competitive alternative local exchange 972 telecommunications service shall be consistent with s. 364.01. 973 974 The basic local telecommunications service provided by a 975 competitive an alternative local exchange telecommunications company must include access to operator services, "911" 976 services, and relay services for the hearing impaired. A 977 competitive An alternative local exchange telecommunications 978 company's "911" service shall be provided at a level equivalent 979 to that provided by the local exchange telecommunications 980 company serving the same area. There shall be a flat-rate 981 pricing option for basic local telecommunications services, and 982 mandatory measured service for basic local telecommunications 983 services shall not be imposed. A certificated competitive 984 alternative local exchange telecommunications company may 985 petition the commission for a waiver of some or all of the 986 requirements of this chapter, except ss. 364.16, 364.336, and 987 subsections (1) and (5). The commission may grant such petition 988 989 if determined to be in the public interest. In no event shall competitive alternative local exchange telecommunications 990

Page 33 of 44

HB 1903 2003 991 companies be subject to the requirements of ss. 364.03, 364.035, 992 364.037, 364.05, 364.055, 364.14, 364.17, 364.18, <u>364.33</u>, and 993 364.3381.

(3) The commission shall grant a certificate of authority
to provide intrastate interexchange telecommunications service
upon a showing that the applicant has sufficient technical,
financial, and managerial capability to provide such service in
the geographic area proposed to be served.

Rules adopted by the commission governing the (4) 999 provision of intrastate interexchange telecommunications service 1000 shall be consistent with s. 364.01. A certificated intrastate 1001 interexchange telecommunications company may petition the 1002 1003 commission for a waiver for some or all of the requirements of 1004 this chapter, except s. 364.16, s. 364.335(3), or subsection 1005 (5). The commission may grant such petition if determined to be in the public interest. In no event shall intrastate 1006 interexchange telecommunications companies be subject to the 1007 requirements of ss. 364.03, 364.035, 364.037, 364.05, 364.055, 1008 364.14, 364.17, 364.18, and 364.3381. 1009

The commission shall have continuing regulatory (5) 1010 oversight over the provision of basic local exchange 1011 telecommunications service provided by a certificated 1012 competitive alternative local exchange telecommunications 1013 company or a certificated alternative access vendor for purposes 1014 of establishing reasonable service quality criteria, assuring 1015 resolution of service complaints, and ensuring the fair 1016 treatment of all telecommunications providers in the 1017 telecommunications marketplace. 1018

1019 (6)(a) The Legislature finds the provision of alternative1020 access vendor services to be in the public interest, and the

Page 34 of 44

HB 1903 2003 commission may authorize the provision of such service. For the 1021 purposes of this section, effective January 1, 1996, 1022 "alternative access vendor services" means the provision of 1023 private line service between an entity and facilities at another 1024 location, whether owned by the entity or an unaffiliated entity 1025 or access service between an end user and an interexchange 1026 carrier by other than a local exchange telecommunications 1027 company. For purposes of this chapter, "private line service" 1028 means any dedicated point-to-point or point-to-multipoint 1029 service for the transmission of any public telecommunications 1030 1031 service.

(b) No person shall provide alternative access vendor
services without first obtaining a certificate from the
commission. Any certificated alternative access vendor as of the
date this act becomes a law wishing to provide alternative local
exchange telecommunications service in addition to the services
authorized in its certificate may do so, effective January 1,
1996, upon furnishing written notice to the commission.

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 364.3376, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:

1041

364.3376 Operator services.--

(1)(a) No person shall provide operator services as defined in s. 364.02 without first obtaining from the commission a certificate of public convenience and necessity as either an operator services provider or an interexchange

1046 telecommunications company.

(b) The provisions of this section shall not apply to
 operator services provided by a local exchange
 telecommunications company or by an intrastate interexchange
 telecommunications company, except as required by the commission
 Page 35 of 44

HB 1903 2003 1051 in the public interest. Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 364.502, Florida 1052 Statutes, is amended to read: 1053 1054 364.502 Video programming; capacity for public use.--Each local exchange telecommunications company or 1055 (1)competitive alternative local exchange telecommunications 1056 company which provides video programming shall, prior to 1057 providing such programming, file with the commission a 1058 designation of reserve capacity for public, educational, or 1059 governmental use. The commission shall review the filed 1060 designation to determine whether such designation ensures that 1061 public education and public information programming are 1062 1063 adequately available to the customers of such telecommunications company. The commission shall consider the following factors in 1064 1065 determining whether the filed designation complies with the requirements of this chapter: 1066 Reservation and designation requirements provided by 1067 (a) federal law, if any. 1068 The level of demand for such programming in a given 1069 (b) service area. 1070 The barriers to providing such programming in the 1071 (C) service area. 1072 The cost and availability of such programming in the (d) 1073 service area. 1074 (e) Other factors which the commission deems appropriate. 1075 Section 19. Paragraph (i) of subsection (3) of section 1076 365.172, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1077 365.172 Wireless emergency telephone number "E911."--1078 DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section and ss. 365.173 1079 (3) and 365.174, the term: 1080

Page 36 of 44

HB 1903

(i) "Local exchange carrier" means <u>a</u> an "<u>competitive</u> alternative local exchange telecommunications company" or a "local exchange telecommunications company" as defined in s. 364.02.

Section 20. Subsection (6) of section 196.012, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:

1087 196.012 Definitions.--For the purpose of this chapter, the 1088 following terms are defined as follows, except where the context 1089 clearly indicates otherwise:

Governmental, municipal, or public purpose or function 1090 (6) 1091 shall be deemed to be served or performed when the lessee under any leasehold interest created in property of the United States, 1092 1093 the state or any of its political subdivisions, or any municipality, agency, special district, authority, or other 1094 public body corporate of the state is demonstrated to perform a 1095 function or serve a governmental purpose which could properly be 1096 performed or served by an appropriate governmental unit or which 1097 is demonstrated to perform a function or serve a purpose which 1098 would otherwise be a valid subject for the allocation of public 1099 funds. For purposes of the preceding sentence, an activity 1100 undertaken by a lessee which is permitted under the terms of its 1101 lease of real property designated as an aviation area on an 1102 airport layout plan which has been approved by the Federal 1103 Aviation Administration and which real property is used for the 1104 administration, operation, business offices and activities 1105 related specifically thereto in connection with the conduct of 1106 an aircraft full service fixed base operation which provides 1107 goods and services to the general aviation public in the 1108 1109 promotion of air commerce shall be deemed an activity which serves a governmental, municipal, or public purpose or function. 1110

Page 37 of 44

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2003

HB 1903 2003 Any activity undertaken by a lessee which is permitted under the 1111 terms of its lease of real property designated as a public 1112 airport as defined in s. 332.004(14) by municipalities, 1113 agencies, special districts, authorities, or other public bodies 1114 corporate and public bodies politic of the state, a spaceport as 1115 defined in s. 331.303(19), or which is located in a deepwater 1116 port identified in s. 403.021(9)(b) and owned by one of the 1117 foregoing governmental units, subject to a leasehold or other 1118 possessory interest of a nongovernmental lessee that is deemed 1119 to perform an aviation, airport, aerospace, maritime, or port 1120 1121 purpose or operation shall be deemed an activity that serves a governmental, municipal, or public purpose. The use by a lessee, 1122 1123 licensee, or management company of real property or a portion 1124 thereof as a convention center, visitor center, sports facility 1125 with permanent seating, concert hall, arena, stadium, park, or beach is deemed a use that serves a governmental, municipal, or 1126 public purpose or function when access to the property is open 1127 to the general public with or without a charge for admission. If 1128 property deeded to a municipality by the United States is 1129 subject to a requirement that the Federal Government, through a 1130 schedule established by the Secretary of the Interior, determine 1131 that the property is being maintained for public historic 1132 preservation, park, or recreational purposes and if those 1133 conditions are not met the property will revert back to the 1134 Federal Government, then such property shall be deemed to serve 1135 a municipal or public purpose. The term "governmental purpose" 1136 also includes a direct use of property on federal lands in 1137 1138 connection with the Federal Government's Space Exploration Program or spaceport activities as defined in s. 212.02(22). 1139 Real property and tangible personal property owned by the 1140

Page 38 of 44

HB 1903 2003 1141 Federal Government or the Florida Space Authority and used for defense and space exploration purposes or which is put to a use 1142 in support thereof shall be deemed to perform an essential 1143 1144 national governmental purpose and shall be exempt. "Owned by the lessee" as used in this chapter does not include personal 1145 property, buildings, or other real property improvements used 1146 for the administration, operation, business offices and 1147 activities related specifically thereto in connection with the 1148 conduct of an aircraft full service fixed based operation which 1149 provides goods and services to the general aviation public in 1150 1151 the promotion of air commerce provided that the real property is designated as an aviation area on an airport layout plan 1152 1153 approved by the Federal Aviation Administration. For purposes of 1154 determination of "ownership," buildings and other real property improvements which will revert to the airport authority or other 1155 governmental unit upon expiration of the term of the lease shall 1156 be deemed "owned" by the governmental unit and not the lessee. 1157 Providing two-way telecommunications services to the public for 1158 hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in 1159 s. 364.02(14)(13), and for which a certificate is required under 1160 1161 chapter 364 does not constitute an exempt use for purposes of s. 196.199, unless the telecommunications services are provided by 1162 the operator of a public-use airport, as defined in s. 332.004, 1163 for the operator's provision of telecommunications services for 1164 the airport or its tenants, concessionaires, or licensees, or 1165 unless the telecommunications services are provided by a public 1166 hospital. However, property that is being used to provide such 1167 telecommunications services on or before October 1, 1997, shall 1168 remain exempt, but such exemption expires October 1, 2004. 1169 Section 21. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1170

Page 39 of 44

HB 1903 2003 199.183, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1171 199.183 Taxpayers exempt from annual and nonrecurring 1172 taxes.--1173 1174 (1)Intangible personal property owned by this state or any of its political subdivisions or municipalities shall be 1175 exempt from taxation under this chapter. This exemption does not 1176 apply to: 1177 (b) Property related to the provision of two-way 1178 telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use of 1179 a telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02(14)(13), 1180 1181 and for which a certificate is required under chapter 364, when such service is provided by any county, municipality, or other 1182 1183 political subdivision of the state. Any immunity of any 1184 political subdivision of the state or other entity of local 1185 government from taxation of the property used to provide telecommunication services that is taxed as a result of this 1186 paragraph is hereby waived. However, intangible personal 1187 property related to the provision of such telecommunications 1188 services provided by the operator of a public-use airport, as 1189 defined in s. 332.004, for the operator's provision of 1190 telecommunications services for the airport or its tenants, 1191

concessionaires, or licensees, and intangible personal property related to the provision of such telecommunications services provided by a public hospital, are exempt from taxation under this chapter.

Section 22. Subsection (6) of section 212.08, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:

1198 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and 1199 storage tax; specified exemptions.--The sale at retail, the 1200 rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the

Page 40 of 44

HB 1903 1201 storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following 1202 are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this 1203 chapter.

EXEMPTIONS; POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS. -- There are also 1204 (6) exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter sales made to the 1205 United States Government, a state, or any county, municipality, 1206 or political subdivision of a state when payment is made 1207 directly to the dealer by the governmental entity. This 1208 exemption shall not inure to any transaction otherwise taxable 1209 under this chapter when payment is made by a government employee 1210 1211 by any means, including, but not limited to, cash, check, or credit card when that employee is subsequently reimbursed by the 1212 governmental entity. This exemption does not include sales of 1213 tangible personal property made to contractors employed either 1214 directly or as agents of any such government or political 1215 subdivision thereof when such tangible personal property goes 1216 into or becomes a part of public works owned by such government 1217 or political subdivision. A determination whether a particular 1218 transaction is properly characterized as an exempt sale to a 1219 government entity or a taxable sale to a contractor shall be 1220 based on the substance of the transaction rather than the form 1221 in which the transaction is cast. The department shall adopt 1222 rules that give special consideration to factors that govern the 1223 status of the tangible personal property before its affixation 1224 to real property. In developing these rules, assumption of the 1225 risk of damage or loss is of paramount consideration in the 1226 determination. This exemption does not include sales, rental, 1227 use, consumption, or storage for use in any political 1228 subdivision or municipality in this state of machines and 1229 equipment and parts and accessories therefor used in the 1230

Page 41 of 44

HB 1903 2003 generation, transmission, or distribution of electrical energy 1231 by systems owned and operated by a political subdivision in this 1232 state for transmission or distribution expansion. Likewise 1233 exempt are charges for services rendered by radio and television 1234 stations, including line charges, talent fees, or license fees 1235 and charges for films, videotapes, and transcriptions used in 1236 producing radio or television broadcasts. The exemption provided 1237 in this subsection does not include sales, rental, use, 1238 consumption, or storage for use in any political subdivision or 1239 municipality in this state of machines and equipment and parts 1240 1241 and accessories therefor used in providing two-way telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use of 1242 1243 a telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02(14)(13), and for which a certificate is required under chapter 364, which 1244 1245 facility is owned and operated by any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state. Any immunity of any 1246 political subdivision of the state or other entity of local 1247 government from taxation of the property used to provide 1248 telecommunication services that is taxed as a result of this 1249 section is hereby waived. However, the exemption provided in 1250 this subsection includes transactions taxable under this chapter 1251 which are for use by the operator of a public-use airport, as 1252 defined in s. 332.004, in providing such telecommunications 1253 services for the airport or its tenants, concessionaires, or 1254 licensees, or which are for use by a public hospital for the 1255 provision of such telecommunications services. 1256

Section 23. Subsection (8) of section 290.007, FloridaStatutes, is amended to read:

1259290.007State incentives available in enterprise1260zones.--The following incentives are provided by the state to

Page 42 of 44

HB 1903 2003 encourage the revitalization of enterprise zones: 1261 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the Public 1262 (8) Service Commission may allow public utilities and 1263 telecommunications companies to grant discounts of up to 50 1264 percent on tariffed rates for services to small businesses 1265 located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s. 1266 290.0065. Such discounts may be granted for a period not to 1267 1268 exceed 5 years. For purposes of this subsection, "public utility" has the same meaning as in s. 366.02(1) and 1269 "telecommunications company" has the same meaning as in s. 1270 1271 364.02(13)(12). Subsection (3) of section 350.0605, Florida Section 24. 1272 1273 Statutes, is amended to read: 350.0605 Former commissioners and employees; 1274 representation of clients before commission .--1275 For a period of 2 years following termination of (3) 1276 service on the commission, a former member may not accept 1277 employment by or compensation from a business entity which, 1278 directly or indirectly, owns or controls a public utility 1279 regulated by the commission, from a public utility regulated by 1280 the commission, from a business entity which, directly or 1281 indirectly, is an affiliate or subsidiary of a public utility 1282 regulated by the commission or is an actual business competitor 1283 of a local exchange company or public utility regulated by the 1284 commission and is otherwise exempt from regulation by the 1285 commission under ss. $364.02(13)\frac{(12)}{(12)}$ and 366.02(1), or from a 1286 business entity or trade association that has been a party to a 1287 commission proceeding within the 2 years preceding the member's 1288 termination of service on the commission. This subsection 1289 applies only to members of the Florida Public Service Commission 1290

Page 43 of 44

HB 1903 2003 who are appointed or reappointed after May 10, 1993. 1291 Section 25. Subsection (4) of section 364.602, Florida 1292 Statutes, is amended to read: 1293 1294 364.602 Definitions.--For purposes of this part: "Originating party" means any person, firm, 1295 (4) corporation, or other entity, including a telecommunications 1296 company or a billing clearinghouse, that provides any 1297 telecommunications service or information service to a customer 1298 or bills a customer through a billing party, except the term 1299 "originating party" does not include any entity specifically 1300 exempted from the definition of "telecommunications company" as 1301 provided in s. 364.02(13)(12). 1302 Section 26. Subsection (5) of section 489.103, Florida 1303 1304 Statutes, is amended to read: 1305 489.103 Exemptions. -- This part does not apply to: Public utilities, including special gas districts as 1306 (5) defined in chapter 189, telecommunications companies as defined 1307 in s. 364.02(13)(12), and natural gas transmission companies as 1308 defined in s. 368.103(4), on construction, maintenance, and 1309 development work performed by their employees, which work, 1310 including, but not limited to, work on bridges, roads, streets, 1311 highways, or railroads, is incidental to their business. The 1312 board shall define, by rule, the term "incidental to their 1313 business" for purposes of this subsection. 1314 Section 27. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 1315 law. 1316 1317