37-93A-03

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A bill to be entitled
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           An act relating to the second primary election;
           repealing s. 100.091, F.S., eliminating the
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           second primary election; repealing s. 100.096,
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           F.S., relating to the holding of special
           elections in conjunction with the second
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           primary election, to conform; amending s.
           97.021, F.S., relating to the definition of
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           "primary election," to conform; amending ss.
           97.055, 97.071, 97.1031, 98.081, F.S., relating
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           to restrictions on changing party affiliation
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           between primary elections, to conform; amending
           ss. 99.061, 99.095, F.S., relating to
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           qualifying for nomination or election to
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           office, to conform; amending s. 99.063, F.S.;
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           adjusting the date to designate a Lieutenant
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           Governor running mate, to conform; amending ss.
           99.103, 100.061, 100.081, 100.111, 100.141,
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           101.252, 101.62, 103.021, 103.022, 103.091,
           105.031, 105.041, 105.051, 106.07, 106.08,
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           106.29, F.S., and repealing s. 102.014(4)(c),
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           F.S.; revising references, to conform to the
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           elimination of the second primary election;
           providing an effective date.
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    Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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                       Sections 100.091 and 100.096, Florida
           Section 1.
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    Statutes, are repealed.
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           Section 2. Subsection (25) of section 97.021, Florida
    Statutes, is amended to read:
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

97.021 Definitions.--For the purposes of this code,
except where the context clearly indicates otherwise, the
term:

(25) "Primary election" means an election held
preceding the general election for the purpose of nominatin

preceding the general election for the purpose of nominating a party nominee to be voted for in the general election to fill a national, state, county, or district office. The first primary is a nomination or elimination election; the second primary is a nominating election only.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 97.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.055 Registration books; when closed for an election.--

day before each election and must remain closed until after that election. If an election is called and there are fewer than 29 days before that election, the registration books must be closed immediately. When the registration books are closed for an election, voter registration and party changes must be accepted but only for the purpose of subsequent elections. However, party changes received between the book-closing date of the first primary election and the date of the second primary election are not effective until after the second primary election.

Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 97.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.071 Registration identification card.--

(3) In the case of a change of name, address, or party affiliation, the supervisor must issue the voter a new registration identification card. However, a registration identification card indicating a party affiliation change made

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between the book-closing date for the first primary election and the date of the second primary election may not be issued until after the second primary election.

Section 5. Subsection (3) of section 97.1031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 97.1031 Notice of change of residence within the same county, change of name, or change of party. --
- When an elector seeks to change party affiliation, the elector must provide a signed, written notification of such intent to the supervisor and obtain a registration identification card reflecting the new party affiliation, subject to the issuance restriction in s. 97.071(3).

Section 6. Section 98.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 98.081 Names removed from registration books; restrictions on reregistering; recordkeeping; restoration of erroneously or illegally removed names .--
- (1) Any person who requested that his or her name be removed from the registration books between the book-closing date of the first primary and the date of the second primary may not register in a different political party until after the date of the second primary election.

(1) When the name of any elector is removed from the registration books pursuant to s. 98.065, s. 98.075, or s. 98.093, the elector's original registration form shall be filed alphabetically in the office of the supervisor. As alternatives, registrations removed from the registration books may be microfilmed and such microfilms substituted for the original registration forms; or, when voter registration information, including the voter's signature, is maintained 31 digitally or on electronic, magnetic, or optic media, such

 stored information may be substituted for the original registration form. Such microfilms or stored information shall be retained in the custody of the supervisor. In the event the original registration forms are microfilmed or maintained digitally or on electronic or other media, such originals may be destroyed in accordance with the schedule approved by the Bureau of Archives and Records Management of the Division of Library and Information Services of the department.

(2) (3) When the name of any elector has been erroneously or illegally removed from the registration books, the name of the elector shall be restored by the supervisor upon satisfactory proof, even though the registration period for that election is closed.

Section 7. Subsections (1), (2), and (8) of section 99.061, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

99.061 Method of qualifying for nomination or election to federal, state, county, or district office.--

(1) The provisions of any special act to the contrary notwithstanding, each person seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a federal, state, or multicounty district office, other than election to a judicial office as defined in chapter 105 or the office of school board member, shall file his or her qualification papers with, and pay the qualifying fee, which shall consist of the filing fee and election assessment, and party assessment, if any has been levied, to, the Department of State, or qualify by the alternative method with the Department of State, at any time after noon of the 1st day for qualifying, which shall be as follows: the 120th day prior to the first primary election, but not later than noon of the 116th day prior to the date of the first primary election, for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or

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election to federal office; and noon of the 50th day prior to the first primary election, but not later than noon of the 46th day prior to the date of the first primary election, for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a state or multicounty district office.

(2) The provisions of any special act to the contrary notwithstanding, each person seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a county office, or district or special district office not covered by subsection (1), shall file his or her qualification papers with, and pay the qualifying fee, which shall consist of the filing fee and election assessment, and party assessment, if any has been levied, to, the supervisor of elections of the county, or shall qualify by the alternative method with the supervisor of elections, at any time after noon of the 1st day for qualifying, which shall be the 50th day prior to the first primary election or special district election, but not later than noon of the 46th day prior to the date of the first primary election or special district election. However, if a special district election is held at the same time as the second primary or general election, qualifying shall be the 50th day prior to the first primary election, but not later than noon of the 46th day prior to the date of the first primary election. Within 30 days after the closing of qualifying time, the supervisor of elections shall remit to the secretary of the state executive committee of the political party to which the candidate belongs the amount of the filing fee, two-thirds of which shall be used to promote the candidacy of candidates for county offices and the candidacy of members of the Legislature.

 (8) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed by this section, in each year in which the Legislature apportions the state, the qualifying period for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or election to federal office shall be between noon of the 57th day prior to the first primary election, but not later than noon of the 53rd day prior to the first primary election.

Section 8. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section 99.063, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

99.063 Candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor.--

- (1) No later than 5 p.m. of the 9th day following the second primary election, each candidate for Governor shall designate a Lieutenant Governor as a running mate. Such designation must be made in writing to the Department of State.
- (2) No later than 5 p.m. of the 9th day following the second primary election, each designated candidate for Lieutenant Governor shall file with the Department of State:
- (a) The candidate's oath required by s. 99.021, which must contain the name of the candidate as it is to appear on the ballot; the office sought; and the signature of the candidate, duly acknowledged.
- (b) The loyalty oath required by s. 876.05, signed by the candidate and duly acknowledged.
- (c) If the office sought is partisan, the written statement of political party affiliation required by s. 99.021(1)(b).
- (d) The full and public disclosure of financial interests pursuant to s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution.

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In order to have the name of the candidate for Lieutenant Governor printed on the first or second primary election ballot, a candidate for Governor participating in the primary must designate the candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and the designated candidate must qualify no later than the end of the qualifying period specified in s. 99.061. candidate for Lieutenant Governor has not been designated and has not qualified by the end of the qualifying period specified in s. 99.061, the phrase "Not Yet Designated" must be included in lieu of the candidate's name on the primary election ballot ballots and on advance absentee ballots for the general election.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 99.095, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

99.095 Alternative method of qualifying.--

(1) A person seeking to qualify for nomination to any office may qualify to have his or her name placed on the ballot for the first primary election by means of the petitioning process prescribed in this section. A person qualifying by this alternative method shall not be required to pay the qualifying fee or party assessment required by this chapter. A person using this petitioning process shall file an oath with the officer before whom the candidate would qualify for the office stating that he or she intends to qualify by this alternative method for the office sought. If the person is running for an office which will be grouped on the ballot with two or more similar offices to be filled at the same election, the candidate must indicate in his or her oath for which group or district office he or she is running. The oath shall be filed at any time after the first Tuesday 31 after the first Monday in January of the year in which the

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 first primary <u>election</u> is held, but prior to the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought. The Department of State shall prescribe the form to be used in administering and filing such oath. No signatures shall be obtained by a candidate on any nominating petition until the candidate has filed the oath required in this section. If the person is running for an office which will be grouped on the ballot with two or more similar offices to be filled at the same election and the petition does not indicate the group or district office for which the person is running, the signatures obtained on such petition will not be counted.

Section 10. Section 99.103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

99.103 Department of State to remit part of filing fees and party assessments of candidates to state executive committee.--

membership of the state executive committee of any party was elected at the last previous election for such members and if such party is declared by the Department of State to have recorded on the registration books of the counties, as of the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January prior to the first primary election in general election years, 5 percent of the total registration of such counties when added together, such committee shall receive, for the purpose of meeting its expenses, all filing fees collected by the Department of State from its candidates less an amount equal to 15 percent of the filing fees, which amount the Department of State shall deposit in the General Revenue Fund of the state.

31 amended to read:

(2) Not later than 20 days after the close of qualifying in even-numbered years, the Department of State shall remit 95 percent of all filing fees, less the amount deposited in general revenue pursuant to subsection (1), or party assessments that may have been collected by the department to the respective state executive committees of the parties complying with subsection (1). Party assessments collected by the Department of State shall be remitted to the appropriate state executive committee, irrespective of other requirements of this section, provided such committee is duly organized under the provisions of chapter 103. The remainder of filing fees or party assessments collected by the Department of State shall be remitted to the appropriate state executive committees not later than the date of the first primary election.

Section 11. Section 100.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

100.061 First Primary election.--In each year in which a general election is held, a first primary election for nomination of candidates of political parties shall be held on the Tuesday 9 weeks prior to the general election. The Each candidate receiving the highest number a majority of the votes cast in each contest in the first primary election shall be declared nominated for such office. If two or more candidates receive an equal and highest number of votes for the same office, such candidates shall draw lots to determine which candidate is nominated. A second primary election shall be held as provided by s. 100.091 in every contest in which a candidate does not receive a majority.

Section 12. Section 100.081, Florida Statutes, is

1 100.081 Conducting primary elections; Nomination of
2 county commissioners at primary election.—The primary
3 election elections shall provide for the nomination of county
4 commissioners by the qualified electors of such county at the
5 time and place set for voting on other county officers.

Section 13. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1), subsection (3), and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 100.111, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

100.111 Filling vacancy.--

(1)

- (c) If such a vacancy occurs prior to the first primary election but on or after the first day set by law for qualifying, the Secretary of State shall set dates for qualifying for the unexpired portion of the term of such office. Any person seeking nomination or election to the unexpired portion of the term shall qualify within the time set by the Secretary of State. If time does not permit party nominations to be made in conjunction with the first and second primary election elections, the Governor may call a special primary election, and, if necessary, a second special primary election, to select party nominees for the unexpired portion of such term.
- election is required pursuant to s. 100.101(1)-(4), the Governor, after consultation with the Secretary of State, shall fix the <u>dates</u> date of a special first primary election, a special second primary election, and a special election.

 Nominees of political parties other than minor political parties shall be chosen under the primary laws of this state in the special primary election elections to become candidates in the special election. Prior to setting the special

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election dates, the Governor shall consider any upcoming elections in the jurisdiction where the special election will be held. The dates fixed by the Governor shall be specific days certain and shall not be established by the happening of a condition or stated in the alternative. The dates fixed shall provide a minimum of 2 weeks between each election. the event a vacancy occurs in the office of state senator or member of the House of Representatives when the Legislature is in regular legislative session, the minimum times prescribed by this subsection may be waived upon concurrence of the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate. If a vacancy occurs in the office of state senator and no session of the Legislature is scheduled to be held prior to the next general election, the Governor may fix the dates for the any special primary election and for the special election to coincide with the dates of the first and second primary election and general election. vacancy in office occurs in any district in the state Senate or House of Representatives or in any congressional district, and no session of the Legislature, or session of Congress if the vacancy is in a congressional district, is scheduled to be held during the unexpired portion of the term, the Governor is not required to call a special election to fill such vacancy.

- (a) The dates for candidates to qualify in such special election or special primary election shall be fixed by the Department of State, and candidates shall qualify not later than noon of the last day so fixed. The dates fixed for qualifying shall allow a minimum of 14 days between the last day of qualifying and the special first primary election.
- (b) The filing of campaign expense statements by candidates in such special elections or special primaries and

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by committees making contributions or expenditures to influence the results of such special primaries or special elections shall be not later than such dates as shall be fixed by the Department of State, and in fixing such dates the Department of State shall take into consideration and be governed by the practical time limitations.

- (c) The dates for a candidate to qualify by the alternative method in such special primary or special election shall be fixed by the Department of State. In fixing such dates the Department of State shall take into consideration and be governed by the practical time limitations. Any candidate seeking to qualify by the alternative method in a special primary election shall obtain 25 percent of the signatures required by s. 99.095, s. 99.0955, or s. 99.096, as applicable.
- (d) The qualifying fees and party assessments of such candidates as may qualify shall be the same as collected for the same office at the last previous primary for that office. The party assessment shall be paid to the appropriate executive committee of the political party to which the candidate belongs.
- (e) Each county canvassing board shall make as speedy a return of the result of such special primary elections and special elections and primaries as time will permit, and the Elections Canvassing Commission likewise shall make as speedy a canvass and declaration of the nominees as time will permit.
- (4)(a) In the event that death, resignation, withdrawal, removal, or any other cause or event should cause a party to have a vacancy in nomination which leaves no candidate for an office from such party, the Governor shall, 31 after conferring with the Secretary of State, call a special

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primary election and, if necessary, a second special primary election to select for such office a nominee of such political party. The dates on which candidates may qualify for such special primary election shall be fixed by the Department of State, and the candidates shall qualify no later than noon of the last day so fixed. The filing of campaign expense statements by candidates in special primary elections primaries shall not be later than such dates as shall be fixed by the Department of State. In fixing such dates, the Department of State shall take into consideration and be governed by the practical time limitations. The qualifying fees and party assessment of such candidates as may qualify shall be the same as collected for the same office at the last previous primary for that office. Each county canvassing board shall make as speedy a return of the results of such special primary elections primaries as time will permit, and the Elections Canvassing Commission shall likewise make as speedy a canvass and declaration of the nominees as time will permit.

Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 100.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

100.141 Notice of special election to fill any vacancy in office or nomination.--

(2) The Department of State shall prepare a notice stating what offices and vacancies are to be filled in the special election, the <u>dates</u> date set for <u>the each</u> special primary election and the special election, the dates fixed for qualifying for office, the dates fixed for qualifying by the alternative method, and the dates fixed for filing campaign expense statements.

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30 31 Section 15. Subsection (2) of section 101.252, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.252 Candidates entitled to have names printed on certain ballots; exception.--

(2) Any candidate for party executive committee member who has qualified as prescribed by law is entitled to have his or her name printed on the first primary election ballot. However, when there is only one candidate of any political party qualified for such an office, the name of the candidate shall not be printed on the first primary election ballot, and such candidate shall be declared elected to the state or county executive committee.

Section 16. Subsection (4) of section 101.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.62 Request for absentee ballots.--

(4)(a) To each absent qualified elector overseas who has requested an absentee ballot, the supervisor of elections shall, not fewer than 35 days before the first primary election, mail an absentee ballot not fewer than 35 days before the primary or general election. Not fewer than 45 days before the second primary and general election, the supervisor of elections shall mail an advance absentee ballot to those persons requesting ballots for such elections. The advance absentee ballot for the second primary shall be the same as the first primary absentee ballot as to the names of candidates, except that for any offices where there are only two candidates, those offices and all political party executive committee offices shall be omitted. Except as provided in s. 99.063(4), the advance absentee ballot for the general election shall be as specified in s. 101.151, except that in the case of candidates of political parties where

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nominations were not made in the first primary, the names of the candidates placing first and second in the first primary election shall be printed on the advance absentee ballot. The advance absentee ballot or advance absentee ballot information booklet shall be of a different color for each election and also a different color from the absentee ballots for the first primary, second primary, and general election. The supervisor shall mail an advance absentee ballot for the second primary and general election to each qualified absent elector for whom a request is received until the absentee ballots are printed. The supervisor shall enclose with the advance second primary absentee ballot and advance general election absentee ballot an explanation stating that the absentee ballot for the election will be mailed as soon as it is printed; and, if both the advance absentee ballot and the absentee ballot for the election are returned in time to be counted, only the absentee ballot will be counted. The Department of State may prescribe by rule the requirements for preparing and mailing absentee ballots to absent qualified electors overseas.

- (b) As soon as the remainder of the absentee ballots are printed, The supervisor shall provide an absentee ballot to each elector by whom a request for that ballot has been made by one of the following means:
- 1. By nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to the elector's current mailing address on file with the supervisor, unless the elector specifies in the request that:
- a. The elector is absent from the county and does not plan to return before the day of the election;
- b. The elector is temporarily unable to occupy the residence because of hurricane, tornado, flood, fire, or other emergency or natural disaster; or

c. The elector is in a hospital, assisted-living facility, nursing home, short-term medical or rehabilitation facility, or correctional facility,

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in which case the supervisor shall mail the ballot by nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to any other address the elector specifies in the request.

- 2. By forwardable mail to voters who are entitled to vote by absentee ballot under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Voting Act.
- 3. By personal delivery to the elector, upon presentation of the identification required in s. 101.657.
- By delivery to a designee on election day or up to 4 days prior to the day of an election. Any elector may designate in writing a person to pick up the ballot for the elector; however, the person designated may not pick up more than two absentee ballots per election, other than the designee's own ballot, except that additional ballots may be picked up for members of the designee's immediate family. For purposes of this section, "immediate family" means the designee's spouse or the parent, child, grandparent, or sibling of the designee or of the designee's spouse. designee shall provide to the supervisor the written authorization by the elector and a picture identification of the designee and must complete an affidavit. The designee shall state in the affidavit that the designee is authorized by the elector to pick up that ballot and shall indicate if the elector is a member of the designee's immediate family and, if so, the relationship. The department shall prescribe the form of the affidavit. If the supervisor is satisfied that the designee is authorized to pick up the ballot and that the

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signature of the elector on the written authorization matches the signature of the elector on file, the supervisor shall give the ballot to that designee for delivery to the elector.

Section 17. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 102.014, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 18. Subsection (3) and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 103.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

103.021 Nomination for presidential electors. -- Candidates for presidential electors shall be nominated in the following manner:

(3) Candidates for President and Vice President with no party affiliation may have their names printed on the general election ballots if a petition is signed by 1 percent of the registered electors of this state, as shown by the compilation by the Department of State for the last preceding general election. A separate petition from each county for which signatures are solicited shall be submitted to the supervisor of elections of the respective county no later than July 15 of each presidential election year. The supervisor shall check the names and, on or before the date of the first primary election, shall certify the number shown as registered electors of the county. The supervisor shall be paid by the person requesting the certification the cost of checking the petitions as prescribed in s. 99.097. The supervisor shall then forward the certificate to the Department of State which shall determine whether or not the percentage factor required in this section has been met. When the percentage factor required in this section has been met, the Department of State shall order the names of the candidates for whom the petition 31 was circulated to be included on the ballot and shall permit

the required number of persons to be certified as electors in the same manner as party candidates.

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amended to read:

(b) A minor party that is not affiliated with a national party holding a national convention to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States may have the names of its candidates for President and Vice President printed on the general election ballot if a petition is signed by 1 percent of the registered electors of this state, as shown by the compilation by the Department of State for the preceding general election. A separate petition from each county for which signatures are solicited shall be submitted to the supervisors of elections of the respective county no later than July 15 of each presidential election year. The supervisor shall check the names and, on or before the date of the first primary election, shall certify the number shown as registered electors of the county. The supervisor shall be paid by the person requesting the certification the cost of checking the petitions as prescribed in s. 99.097. The supervisor shall then forward the certificate to the Department of State, which shall determine whether or not the percentage factor required in this section has been met. When the percentage factor required in this section has been met, the Department of State shall order the names of the candidates for whom the petition was circulated to be included on the ballot and shall permit the required number of persons to be certified as electors in the same manner as other party candidates. Section 19. Section 103.022, Florida Statutes, is

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President.--Persons seeking to qualify for election as write-in candidates for President and Vice President of the United States may have a blank space provided on the general election ballot for their names to be written in by filing an oath with the Department of State at any time after the 57th day, but before noon of the 49th day, prior to the date of the first primary election in the year in which a presidential election is held. The Department of State shall prescribe the form to be used in administering the oath. The candidates shall file with the department a certificate naming the required number of persons to serve as electors. Such write-in candidates shall not be entitled to have their names on the ballot.

Section 20. Subsection (4) of section 103.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

103.091 Political parties.--

(4) Any political party other than a minor political party may by rule provide for the membership of its state or county executive committee to be elected for 4-year terms at the first primary election in each year a presidential election is held. The terms shall commence on the first day of the month following each presidential general election; but the names of candidates for political party offices shall not be placed on the ballot at any other election. The results of such election shall be determined by a plurality of the votes cast. In such event, electors seeking to qualify for such office shall do so with the Department of State or supervisor of elections not earlier than noon of the 57th day, or later than noon of the 53rd day, preceding the first primary election. The outgoing chair of each county executive

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committee shall, within 30 days after the committee members take office, hold an organizational meeting of all newly elected members for the purpose of electing officers. The chair of each state executive committee shall, within 60 days after the committee members take office, hold an organizational meeting of all newly elected members for the purpose of electing officers.

Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 105.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

105.031 Qualification; filing fee; candidate's oath; items required to be filed.--

(1) TIME OF QUALIFYING. -- Except for candidates for judicial office, nonpartisan candidates for multicounty office shall qualify with the Division of Elections of the Department of State and nonpartisan candidates for countywide or less than countywide office shall qualify with the supervisor of elections. Candidates for judicial office other than the office of county court judge shall qualify with the Division of Elections of the Department of State, and candidates for the office of county court judge shall qualify with the supervisor of elections of the county. Candidates for judicial office shall qualify no earlier than noon of the 120th day, and no later than noon of the 116th day, before the first primary election. Candidates for the office of school board member shall qualify no earlier than noon of the 50th day, and no later than noon of the 46th day, before the first primary election. Filing shall be on forms provided for that purpose by the Division of Elections and furnished by the appropriate qualifying officer. Any person seeking to qualify by the alternative method, as set forth in s. 105.035, if the person has submitted the necessary petitions by the required

 deadline and is notified after the fifth day prior to the last day for qualifying that the required number of signatures has been obtained, shall be entitled to subscribe to the candidate's oath and file the qualifying papers at any time within 5 days from the date he or she is notified that the necessary number of signatures has been obtained. Any person other than a write-in candidate who qualifies within the time prescribed in this subsection shall be entitled to have his or her name printed on the ballot.

Section 22. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 105.041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

105.041 Form of ballot.--

- judicial office and candidates for the office of school board member which appear on the ballot at the first primary election must shall either be grouped together on a separate portion of the ballot or on a separate ballot. The names of candidates for election to nonpartisan judicial office and candidates for the office of school board member which appear on the ballot at the general election and the names of justices and judges seeking retention to office must shall be grouped together on a separate portion of the general election ballot.
 - (2) LISTING OF CANDIDATES. --
- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the order of nonpartisan offices appearing on the ballot shall be determined by the Department of State. The names of candidates for election to each nonpartisan office shall be listed in alphabetical order. With respect to retention of justices and judges, the question "Shall Justice (or Judge) (name of justice or judge) of the (name of the court) be retained in

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office?" shall appear on the ballot in alphabetical order and thereafter the words "Yes" and "No."

- (b)1. The names of candidates for the office of circuit judge shall be listed on the first primary election ballot in the order determined by lot conducted by the director of the Division of Elections of the Department of State after the close of the qualifying period.
- 2. Candidates who have secured a position on the general election ballot, after having survived elimination at the first primary election, shall have their names listed in the same order as on the first primary election ballot, notwithstanding the elimination of any intervening names as a result of the first primary election.

Section 23. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 105.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

105.051 Determination of election or retention to office. --

- (1)ELECTION. -- In circuits and counties holding elections:
- (b) If two or more candidates, neither of whom is a write-in candidate, qualify for such an office, the names of those candidates shall be placed on the ballot at the first primary election. If any candidate for such office receives a majority of the votes cast for such office in the first primary election, the name of the candidate who receives such majority shall not appear on any other ballot unless a write-in candidate has qualified for such office. An unopposed candidate shall be deemed to have voted for himself or herself at the general election. If no candidate for such office receives a majority of the votes cast for such office in the 31 | first primary election, the names of the two candidates

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receiving the highest number of votes for such office shall be placed on the general election ballot. If more than two candidates receive an equal and highest number of votes, the name of each candidate receiving an equal and highest number of votes shall be placed on the general election ballot. any contest in which there is a tie for second place and the candidate placing first did not receive a majority of the votes cast for such office, the name of the candidate placing first and the name of each candidate tying for second shall be placed on the general election ballot.

Section 24. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 106.07, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

106.07 Reports; certification and filing.--

- (1) Each campaign treasurer designated by a candidate or political committee pursuant to s. 106.021 shall file regular reports of all contributions received, and all expenditures made, by or on behalf of such candidate or political committee. Reports shall be filed on the 10th day following the end of each calendar quarter from the time the campaign treasurer is appointed, except that, if the 10th day following the end of a calendar quarter occurs on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the report shall be filed on the next following day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. Quarterly reports shall include all contributions received and expenditures made during the calendar quarter which have not otherwise been reported pursuant to this section.
- Except as provided in paragraph (b), following the last day of qualifying for office, the reports shall be filed on the 32nd, 18th, and 4th days immediately preceding the 31 | first primary and on the 46th, 32nd, 18th, and 4th days

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immediately preceding the primary and general election, for a candidate who is opposed in seeking nomination or election to any office, for a political committee, or for a committee of continuous existence.

(b) Following the last day of qualifying for office, any statewide candidate who has requested to receive contributions from the Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund or any statewide candidate in a race with a candidate who has requested to receive contributions from the trust fund shall file reports on the 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th, and 32nd days prior to the first primary election and general elections, and on the 4th, 11th, 18th, and 25th, 32nd, 39th, 46th, and 53rd days prior to the general election second primary.

Section 25. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 106.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.08 Contributions; limitations on.--

(1)

(c) The contribution limits of this subsection apply to each election. For purposes of this subsection, the first primary election, second primary, and general election are separate elections so long as the candidate is not an unopposed candidate as defined in s. 106.011(15). However, for the purpose of contribution limits with respect to candidates for retention as a justice or judge, there is only one election, which is the general election. With respect to candidates in a circuit holding an election for circuit judge or in a county holding an election for county court judge, there are only two elections, which are the first primary election and general election.

Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 106.29, Florida 31 Statutes, is amended to read:

1 106.29 Reports by political parties; restrictions on 2 contributions and expenditures; penalties .--3 (1) The state executive committee and each county 4 executive committee of each political party regulated by 5 chapter 103 shall file regular reports of all contributions 6 received and all expenditures made by such committee. 7 reports shall contain the same information as do reports required of candidates by s. 106.07 and shall be filed on the 8 9 10th day following the end of each calendar quarter, except 10 that, during the period from the last day for candidate 11 qualifying until the general election, such reports shall be filed on the Friday immediately preceding both the first 12 13 primary election, the second primary election, and the general election. Each state executive committee shall file the 14 15 original and one copy of its reports with the Division of Elections. Each county executive committee shall file its 16 17 reports with the supervisor of elections in the county in which such committee exists. Any state or county executive 18 19 committee failing to file a report on the designated due date 20 shall be subject to a fine as provided in subsection (3). No separate fine shall be assessed for failure to file a copy of 21 22 any report required by this section. Section 27. This act shall take effect January 1, 23 24 2004. 25 ********** 26 27 SENATE SUMMARY Eliminates the second primary election and revises provisions to conform to the elimination of the second 28 29 primary election. 30