Florida Senate - 2003

CS for SB 2430

By the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senator Saunders

	307-2295-03
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to tests for alcohol, chemical
3	substances, or controlled substances; amending
4	ss. 316.1932 and 327.352, F.S.; revising
5	provisions that provide for tests to determine
б	blood alcohol content or the presence of
7	chemical or controlled substances; providing an
8	effective date.
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10	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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12	Section 1. Section 316.1932, Florida Statutes, is
13	amended to read:
14	316.1932 Breath, blood, and urine Tests for alcohol,
15	chemical substances, or controlled substances; implied
16	consent; refusal
17	(1)(a)1. <u>a.</u> Any person who accepts the privilege
18	extended by the laws of this state of operating a motor
19	vehicle within this state is, by so operating such vehicle,
20	deemed to have given his or her consent to submit to an
21	approved chemical test or physical test including, but not
22	limited to, an infrared light test of his or her breath for
23	the purpose of determining the alcoholic content of his or her
24	blood or breath , and to a urine test for the purpose of
25	detecting the presence of chemical substances as set forth in
26	s. 877.111 or controlled substances, if the person is lawfully
27	arrested for any offense allegedly committed while the person
28	was driving or was in actual physical control of a motor
29	vehicle while under the influence of alcoholic beverages ,
30	chemical substances, or controlled substances . The chemical or
31	physical breath test must be incidental to a lawful arrest and
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administered at the request of a law enforcement officer who 1 2 has reasonable cause to believe such person was driving or was 3 in actual physical control of the motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of alcoholic beverages. The 4 5 urine test must be incidental to a lawful arrest and б administered at a detention facility or any other facility, mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to administer such 7 tests at the request of a law enforcement officer who has 8 9 reasonable cause to believe such person was driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state 10 11 while under the influence of controlled substances. The urine test shall be administered at a detention facility or any 12 13 other facility, mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to 14 administer such tests in a reasonable manner that will ensure the accuracy of the specimen and maintain the privacy of the 15 individual involved. The administration of a breath one type 16 17 of test does not preclude the administration of another type of test. The person shall be told that his or her failure to 18 19 submit to any lawful test of his or her breath or urine, or 20 both, will result in the suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period of 1 year for a first 21 refusal, or for a period of 18 months if the driving privilege 22 of such person has been previously suspended as a result of a 23 24 refusal to submit to such a test or tests, and shall also be told that if he or she refuses to submit to a lawful test of 25 his or her breath or urine, or both, and his or her driving 26 privilege has been previously suspended for a prior refusal to 27 28 submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, 29 he or she commits a misdemeanor in addition to any other penalties. The refusal to submit to a chemical or physical 30 31 breath test or to a urine test upon the request of a law

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1 enforcement officer as provided in this section is admissible 2 into evidence in any criminal proceeding. 3 b. Any person who accepts the privilege extended by the laws of this state of operating a motor vehicle within 4 5 this state is, by so operating such vehicle, deemed to have б given his or her consent to submit to a urine test for the 7 purpose of detecting the presence of chemical substances as 8 set forth in s. 877.111 or controlled substances if the person is lawfully arrested for any offense allegedly committed while 9 10 the person was driving or was in actual physical control of a 11 motor vehicle while under the influence of chemical substances or controlled substances. The urine test must be incidental to 12 a lawful arrest and administered at a detention facility or 13 any other facility, mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to 14 administer such tests at the request of a law enforcement 15 officer who has reasonable cause to believe such person was 16 17 driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of chemical 18 19 substances or controlled substances. The urine test shall be administered at a detention facility or any other facility, 20 mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to administer such test 21 in a reasonable manner that will ensure the accuracy of the 22 specimen and maintain the privacy of the individual involved. 23 24 The administration of a urine test does not preclude the 25 administration of another type of test. The person shall be told that his or her failure to submit to any lawful test of 26 his or her urine will result in the suspension of the person 27 s privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period of 1 year 28 29 for the first refusal, or for a period of 18 months if the driving privilege of such person has been previously suspended 30 31 as a result of a refusal to submit to such a test or tests,

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1 and shall also be told that if he or she refuses to submit to 2 a lawful test of his or her urine and his or her driving 3 privilege has been previously suspended for a prior refusal to 4 submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, 5 he or she commits a misdemeanor in addition to any other б penalties. The refusal to submit to a urine test upon the 7 request of a law enforcement officer as provided in this 8 section is admissible into evidence in any criminal 9 proceeding. 10 2. The Alcohol Testing Program within the Department 11 of Law Enforcement is responsible for the regulation of the operation, inspection, and registration of breath test 12 instruments utilized under the driving and boating under the 13 influence provisions and related provisions located in this 14 chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The program is responsible 15 for the regulation of the individuals who operate, inspect, 16 17 and instruct on the breath test instruments utilized in the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related 18 19 provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. 20 The program is further responsible for the regulation of blood analysts who conduct blood testing to be utilized under the 21 driving and boating under the influence provisions and related 22 provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. 23 24 The program shall: Establish uniform criteria for the issuance of 25 a. permits to breath test operators, agency inspectors, 26 27 instructors, blood analysts, and instruments. 28 Have the authority to permit breath test operators, b. 29 agency inspectors, instructors, blood analysts, and 30 instruments. 31 4

1 c. Have the authority to discipline and suspend, 2 revoke, or renew the permits of breath test operators, agency 3 inspectors, instructors, blood analysts, and instruments. 4 d. Establish uniform requirements for instruction and 5 curricula for the operation and inspection of approved б instruments. e. Have the authority to specify one approved 7 8 curriculum for the operation and inspection of approved 9 instruments. 10 f. Establish a procedure for the approval of breath 11 test operator and agency inspector classes. Have the authority to approve or disapprove breath 12 q. 13 test instruments and accompanying paraphernalia for use pursuant to the driving and boating under the influence 14 provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and 15 chapters 322 and 327. 16 17 h. With the approval of the executive director of the 18 Department of Law Enforcement, make and enter into contracts 19 and agreements with other agencies, organizations, 20 associations, corporations, individuals, or federal agencies 21 as are necessary, expedient, or incidental to the performance of duties. 22 23 Issue final orders which include findings of fact i. 24 and conclusions of law and which constitute final agency action for the purpose of chapter 120. 25 Enforce compliance with the provisions of this 26 j. 27 section through civil or administrative proceedings. 28 Make recommendations concerning any matter within k. 29 the purview of this section, this chapter, chapter 322, or 30 chapter 327. 31 5

1 1. Promulgate rules for the administration and implementation of this section, including definitions of 2 3 terms. Consult and cooperate with other entities for the 4 m. 5 purpose of implementing the mandates of this section. б Have the authority to approve the type of blood n. 7 test utilized under the driving and boating under the 8 influence provisions and related provisions located in this 9 chapter and chapters 322 and 327. 10 ο. Have the authority to specify techniques and 11 methods for breath alcohol testing and blood testing utilized under the driving and boating under the influence provisions 12 13 and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. 14 p. Have the authority to approve repair facilities for 15 16 the approved breath test instruments, including the authority 17 to set criteria for approval. 18 19 Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede 20 provisions in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The specifications in this section are derived from the power and 21 authority previously and currently possessed by the Department 22 of Law Enforcement and are enumerated to conform with the 23 24 mandates of chapter 99-379, Laws of Florida. (b)1. The blood-alcohol level must be based upon grams 25 of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood. The breath-alcohol 26 level must be based upon grams of alcohol per 210 liters of 27 28 breath. 29 2. An analysis of a person's breath, in order to be 30 considered valid under this section, must have been performed 31 substantially according to methods approved by the Department 6 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. of Law Enforcement. For this purpose, the department may approve satisfactory techniques or methods. Any insubstantial differences between approved techniques and actual testing procedures in any individual case do not render the test or test results invalid.

б (c) Any person who accepts the privilege extended by 7 the laws of this state of operating a motor vehicle within this state is, by operating such vehicle, deemed to have given 8 9 his or her consent to submit to an approved blood test for the 10 purpose of determining the alcoholic content of the blood or a 11 blood test for the purpose of determining the presence of chemical substances or controlled substances as provided in 12 13 this section if there is reasonable cause to believe the 14 person was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcoholic beverages or 15 chemical or controlled substances and the person appears for 16 17 treatment at a hospital, clinic, or other medical facility and the administration of a breath or urine test is impractical or 18 19 impossible. As used in this paragraph, the term "other medical 20 facility" includes an ambulance or other medical emergency vehicle. The blood test shall be performed in a reasonable 21 manner. Any person who is incapable of refusal by reason of 22 unconsciousness or other mental or physical condition is 23 24 deemed not to have withdrawn his or her consent to such test. 25 A blood test may be administered whether or not the person is told that his or her failure to submit to such a blood test 26 will result in the suspension of the person's privilege to 27 28 operate a motor vehicle upon the public highways of this state 29 and that a refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her blood, if his or her driving privilege has been previously 30 31 suspended for refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her

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1 breath, urine, or blood, is a misdemeanor. Any person who is 2 capable of refusal shall be told that his or her failure to 3 submit to such a blood test will result in the suspension of 4 the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period 5 of 1 year for a first refusal, or for a period of 18 months if б the driving privilege of the person has been suspended 7 previously as a result of a refusal to submit to such a test 8 or tests, and that a refusal to submit to a lawful test of his 9 or her blood, if his or her driving privilege has been 10 previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful 11 test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, is a misdemeanor. The refusal to submit to a blood test upon the request of a 12 law enforcement officer is admissible in evidence in any 13 criminal proceeding. 14

(d) If the arresting officer does not request a 15 chemical or physical breath test of the person arrested for 16 17 any offense allegedly committed while the person was driving 18 or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while 19 under the influence of alcoholic beverages or controlled 20 substances, such person may request the arresting officer to have a chemical or physical test made of the arrested person's 21 breath or a test of the urine or blood for the purpose of 22 determining the alcoholic content of the person's blood or 23 24 breath or the presence of chemical substances or controlled 25 substances; and, if so requested, the arresting officer shall have the test performed. 26

(e)1. By applying for a driver's license and by accepting and using a driver's license, the person holding the driver's license is deemed to have expressed his or her consent to the provisions of this section.

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2. A nonresident or any other person driving in a
 status exempt from the requirements of the driver's license
 law, by his or her act of driving in such exempt status, is
 deemed to have expressed his or her consent to the provisions
 of this section.

3. A warning of the consent provision of this section
7 shall be printed above the signature line on each new or
8 renewed driver's license.

9 (f)1. The tests determining the weight of alcohol in 10 the defendant's blood or breath shall be administered at the 11 request of a law enforcement officer substantially in accordance with rules of the Department of Law Enforcement. 12 13 Such rules must specify precisely the test or tests that are 14 approved by the Department of Law Enforcement for reliability of result and ease of administration, and must provide an 15 approved method of administration which must be followed in 16 17 all such tests given under this section. However, the failure of a law enforcement officer to request the withdrawal of 18 19 blood does not affect the admissibility of a test of blood 20 withdrawn for medical purposes.

2.a. Only a physician, certified paramedic, registered 21 nurse, licensed practical nurse, other personnel authorized by 22 a hospital to draw blood, or duly licensed clinical laboratory 23 24 director, supervisor, technologist, or technician, acting at 25 the request of a law enforcement officer, may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining its alcoholic content or the 26 presence of chemical substances or controlled substances 27 28 therein. However, the failure of a law enforcement officer to 29 request the withdrawal of blood does not affect the admissibility of a test of blood withdrawn for medical 30 31 purposes.

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1 b. Notwithstanding any provision of law pertaining to 2 the confidentiality of hospital records or other medical 3 records, if a health care provider, who is providing medical 4 care in a health care facility to a person injured in a motor 5 vehicle crash, becomes aware, as a result of any blood test б performed in the course of that medical treatment, that the 7 person's blood-alcohol level meets or exceeds the 8 blood-alcohol level specified in s. 316.193(1)(b), the health 9 care provider may notify any law enforcement officer or law 10 enforcement agency. Any such notice must be given within a 11 reasonable time after the health care provider receives the test result. Any such notice shall be used only for the 12 13 purpose of providing the law enforcement officer with 14 reasonable cause to request the withdrawal of a blood sample 15 pursuant to this section.

16 c. The notice shall consist only of the name of the 17 person being treated, the name of the person who drew the 18 blood, the blood-alcohol level indicated by the test, and the 19 date and time of the administration of the test.

20 d. Nothing contained in s. 395.3025(4), s. 456.057, or any applicable practice act affects the authority to provide 21 notice under this section, and the health care provider is not 22 considered to have breached any duty owed to the person under 23 24 s. 395.3025(4), s. 456.057, or any applicable practice act by 25 providing notice or failing to provide notice. It shall not be a breach of any ethical, moral, or legal duty for a health 26 27 care provider to provide notice or fail to provide notice. 28 A civil, criminal, or administrative action may not e. 29 be brought against any person or health care provider participating in good faith in the provision of notice or 30

31 failure to provide notice as provided in this section. Any

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1 person or health care provider participating in the provision 2 of notice or failure to provide notice as provided in this 3 section shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability 4 and from any professional disciplinary action with respect to 5 the provision of notice or failure to provide notice under б this section. Any such participant has the same immunity with 7 respect to participating in any judicial proceedings resulting 8 from the notice or failure to provide notice.

The person tested may, at his or her own expense, 9 3. 10 have a physician, registered nurse, other personnel authorized 11 by a hospital to draw blood, or duly licensed clinical laboratory director, supervisor, technologist, or technician, 12 13 or other person of his or her own choosing administer an independent test in addition to the test administered at the 14 direction of the law enforcement officer for the purpose of 15 determining the amount of alcohol in the person's blood or 16 17 breath or the presence of chemical substances or controlled substances at the time alleged, as shown by chemical analysis 18 19 of his or her blood or urine, or by chemical or physical test of his or her breath. The failure or inability to obtain an 20 independent test by a person does not preclude the 21 admissibility in evidence of the test taken at the direction 22 of the law enforcement officer. The law enforcement officer 23 24 shall not interfere with the person's opportunity to obtain 25 the independent test and shall provide the person with timely telephone access to secure the test, but the burden is on the 26 27 person to arrange and secure the test at the person's own 28 expense.

29 4. Upon the request of the person tested, full30 information concerning the test taken at the direction of the31

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law enforcement officer shall be made available to the person
 or his or her attorney.

3 5. A hospital, clinical laboratory, medical clinic, or 4 similar medical institution or physician, certified paramedic, 5 registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, other personnel б authorized by a hospital to draw blood, or duly licensed 7 clinical laboratory director, supervisor, technologist, or technician, or other person assisting a law enforcement 8 9 officer does not incur any civil or criminal liability as a 10 result of the withdrawal or analysis of a blood or urine 11 specimen, or the chemical or physical test of a person's breath pursuant to accepted medical standards when requested 12 by a law enforcement officer, regardless of whether or not the 13 subject resisted administration of the test. 14

15 (2) The results of any test administered pursuant to 16 this section for the purpose of detecting the presence of any 17 controlled substance shall not be admissible as evidence in a 18 criminal prosecution for the possession of a controlled 19 substance.

20 (3) Notwithstanding any provision of law pertaining to the confidentiality of hospital records or other medical 21 records, information relating to the alcoholic content of the 22 blood or breath or the presence of chemical substances or 23 24 controlled substances in the blood obtained pursuant to this 25 section shall be released to a court, prosecuting attorney, defense attorney, or law enforcement officer in connection 26 with an alleged violation of s. 316.193 upon request for such 27 28 information.

29 Section 2. Section 327.352, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read:

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1 327.352 Breath, blood, and urine Tests for alcohol, 2 chemical substances, or controlled substances; implied 3 consent; refusal.--4 (1)(a)1. The Legislature declares that the operation 5 of a vessel is a privilege that must be exercised in a б reasonable manner. In order to protect the public health and 7 safety, it is essential that a lawful and effective means of reducing the incidence of boating while impaired or 8 9 intoxicated be established. Therefore, any person who accepts 10 the privilege extended by the laws of this state of operating 11 a vessel within this state is, by so operating such vessel, deemed to have given his or her consent to submit to an 12 approved chemical test or physical test including, but not 13 limited to, an infrared light test of his or her breath for 14 15 the purpose of determining the alcoholic content of his or her blood or breath, and to a urine test for the purpose of 16 17 detecting the presence of chemical substances as set forth in s. 877.111 or controlled substances, if the person is lawfully 18 19 arrested for any offense allegedly committed while the person 20 was operating a vessel while under the influence of alcoholic beverages, chemical substances, or controlled substances. The 21 chemical or physical breath test must be incidental to a 22 lawful arrest and administered at the request of a law 23 24 enforcement officer who has reasonable cause to believe such person was operating the vessel within this state while under 25 the influence of alcoholic beverages. The urine test must be 26 27 incidental to a lawful arrest and administered at a detention 28 facility or any other facility, mobile or otherwise, which is 29 equipped to administer such tests at the request of a law enforcement officer who has reasonable cause to believe such 30 31 person was operating a vessel within this state while under 13

the influence of controlled substances. The urine test shall 1 2 be administered at a detention facility or any other facility, 3 mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to administer such tests in a reasonable manner that will ensure the accuracy of 4 5 the specimen and maintain the privacy of the individual б involved. The administration of a breath one type of test does 7 not preclude the administration of another type of test. The person shall be told that his or her failure to submit to any 8 lawful test of his or her breath or urine, or both, will 9 result in a civil penalty of \$500, and shall also be told that 10 11 if he or she refuses to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath or urine, or both, and he or she has been previously 12 fined for refusal to submit to any lawful test of his or her 13 breath, urine, or blood, he or she commits a misdemeanor in 14 addition to any other penalties. The refusal to submit to a 15 chemical or physical breath or urine test upon the request of 16 17 a law enforcement officer as provided in this section is admissible into evidence in any criminal proceeding. 18 19 2. Any person who accepts the privilege extended by 20 the laws of this state of operating a vessel within this state is, by so operating such vessel, deemed to have given his or 21 22 her consent to submit to a urine test for the purpose of detecting the presence of chemical substances as set forth in 23 24 s. 877.111 or controlled substances if the person is lawfully 25 arrested for any offense allegedly committed while the person was operating a vessel while under the influence of chemical 26 substances or controlled substances. The urine test must be 27 28 incidental to a lawful arrest and administered at a detention 29 facility or any other facility, mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to administer such tests at the request of a law 30 31 enforcement officer who has reasonable cause to believe such

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person was operating a vessel within this state while under 1 the influence of chemical substances or controlled substances. 2 3 The urine test shall be administered at a detention facility or any other facility, mobile or otherwise, which is equipped 4 5 to administer such test in a reasonable manner that will б ensure the accuracy of the specimen and maintain the privacy 7 of the individual involved. The administration of a urine test 8 does not preclude the administration of another type of test. 9 The person shall be told that his or her failure to submit to 10 any lawful test of his or her urine will result in a civil 11 penalty of \$500, and shall also be told that if he or she refuses to submit to a lawful test of his or her urine and he 12 or she has been previously fined for refusal to submit to any 13 lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, he or she 14 commits a misdemeanor in addition to any other penalties. The 15 refusal to submit to a urine test upon the request of a law 16 17 enforcement officer as provided in this section is admissible into evidence in any criminal proceeding. 18 19 (b)1. The blood-alcohol level must be based upon grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood. The breath-alcohol 20 21 level must be based upon grams of alcohol per 210 liters of 22 breath. An analysis of a person's breath, in order to be 23 2. 24 considered valid under this section, must have been performed

25 substantially according to methods approved by the Department 26 of Law Enforcement. Any insubstantial differences between 27 approved techniques and actual testing procedures in any 28 individual case do not render the test or test results 29 invalid.

30 3. The Alcohol Testing Program within the Department31 of Law Enforcement is responsible for the regulation of the

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1 operation, inspection, and registration of breath test 2 instruments utilized under the driving and boating under the 3 influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 316 and 322. The program is responsible 4 5 for the regulation of the individuals who operate, inspect, б and instruct on the breath test instruments utilized in the 7 driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 316 and 322. 8 9 The program is further responsible for the regulation of blood 10 analysts who conduct blood testing to be utilized under the 11 driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 316 and 322. 12 13 The program shall: a. Establish uniform criteria for the issuance of 14 15 permits to breath test operators, agency inspectors, instructors, blood analysts, and instruments. 16 17 Have the authority to permit breath test operators, b. 18 agency inspectors, instructors, blood analysts, and 19 instruments. 20 c. Have the authority to discipline and suspend, revoke, or renew the permits of breath test operators, agency 21 inspectors, instructors, blood analysts, and instruments. 22 Establish uniform requirements for instruction and 23 d. 24 curricula for the operation and inspection of approved 25 instruments. e. Have the authority to specify one approved 26 27 curriculum for the operation and inspection of approved 28 instruments. 29 f. Establish a procedure for the approval of breath test operator and agency inspector classes. 30 31 16

1	g. Have the authority to approve or disapprove breath	
2	test instruments and accompanying paraphernalia for use	
3	pursuant to the driving and boating under the influence	
4	provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and	
5	chapters 316 and 322.	
б	h. With the approval of the executive director of the	
7	Department of Law Enforcement, make and enter into contracts	
8	and agreements with other agencies, organizations,	
9	associations, corporations, individuals, or federal agencies	
10	as are necessary, expedient, or incidental to the performance	
11	of duties.	
12	i. Issue final orders which include findings of fact	
13	and conclusions of law and which constitute final agency	
14	action for the purpose of chapter 120.	
15	j. Enforce compliance with the provisions of this	
16	section through civil or administrative proceedings.	
17	k. Make recommendations concerning any matter within	
18	the purview of this section, this chapter, chapter 316, or	
19	chapter 322.	
20	1. Promulgate rules for the administration and	
21	implementation of this section, including definitions of	
22	terms.	
23	m. Consult and cooperate with other entities for the	
24	purpose of implementing the mandates of this section.	
25	n. Have the authority to approve the type of blood	
26	test utilized under the driving and boating under the	
27	influence provisions and related provisions located in this	
28	chapter and chapters 316 and 322.	
29	o. Have the authority to specify techniques and	
30	methods for breath alcohol testing and blood testing utilized	
31	under the driving and boating under the influence provisions	
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and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters
 316 and 322.

p. Have the authority to approve repair facilities for
the approved breath test instruments, including the authority
to set criteria for approval.

7 Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede 8 provisions in this chapter and chapters 316 and 322. The 9 specifications in this section are derived from the power and 10 authority previously and currently possessed by the Department 11 of Law Enforcement and are enumerated to conform with the 12 mandates of chapter 99-379, Laws of Florida.

13 (c) Any person who accepts the privilege extended by the laws of this state of operating a vessel within this state 14 is, by operating such vessel, deemed to have given his or her 15 consent to submit to an approved blood test for the purpose of 16 17 determining the alcoholic content of the blood or a blood test 18 for the purpose of determining the presence of chemical 19 substances or controlled substances as provided in this section if there is reasonable cause to believe the person was 20 operating a vessel while under the influence of alcoholic 21 beverages or chemical or controlled substances and the person 22 appears for treatment at a hospital, clinic, or other medical 23 24 facility and the administration of a breath or urine test is impractical or impossible. As used in this paragraph, the term 25 "other medical facility" includes an ambulance or other 26 medical emergency vehicle. The blood test shall be performed 27 28 in a reasonable manner. Any person who is incapable of 29 refusal by reason of unconsciousness or other mental or physical condition is deemed not to have withdrawn his or her 30 31 consent to such test. Any person who is capable of refusal

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1 shall be told that his or her failure to submit to such a 2 blood test will result in a civil penalty of \$500 and that a 3 refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her blood, if he 4 or she has previously been fined for refusal to submit to any 5 lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, is a б misdemeanor. The refusal to submit to a blood test upon the 7 request of a law enforcement officer shall be admissible in 8 evidence in any criminal proceeding.

9 (d) If the arresting officer does not request a 10 chemical or physical breath test of the person arrested for 11 any offense allegedly committed while the person was operating a vessel while under the influence of alcoholic beverages or 12 controlled substances, the person may request the arresting 13 officer to have a chemical or physical test made of the 14 arrested person's breath or a test of the urine or blood for 15 the purpose of determining the alcoholic content of the 16 17 person's blood or breath or the presence of chemical substances or controlled substances; and, if so requested, the 18 19 arresting officer shall have the test performed.

(e)1. The tests determining the weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood or breath shall be administered at the request of a law enforcement officer substantially in accordance with rules of the Department of Law Enforcement. However, the failure of a law enforcement officer to request the withdrawal of blood does not affect the admissibility of a test of blood withdrawn for medical purposes.

27 2. Only a physician, certified paramedic, registered 28 nurse, licensed practical nurse, other personnel authorized by 29 a hospital to draw blood, or duly licensed clinical laboratory 30 director, supervisor, technologist, or technician, acting at 31 the request of a law enforcement officer, may withdraw blood

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1 for the purpose of determining its alcoholic content or the 2 presence of chemical substances or controlled substances 3 therein. However, the failure of a law enforcement officer to 4 request the withdrawal of blood does not affect the 5 admissibility of a test of blood withdrawn for medical 6 purposes.

The person tested may, at his or her own expense, 7 3. 8 have a physician, registered nurse, other personnel authorized 9 by a hospital to draw blood, or duly licensed clinical 10 laboratory director, supervisor, technologist, or technician, 11 or other person of his or her own choosing administer an independent test in addition to the test administered at the 12 direction of the law enforcement officer for the purpose of 13 determining the amount of alcohol in the person's blood or 14 breath or the presence of chemical substances or controlled 15 substances at the time alleged, as shown by chemical analysis 16 of his or her blood or urine, or by chemical or physical test 17 18 of his or her breath. The failure or inability to obtain an 19 independent test by a person does not preclude the admissibility in evidence of the test taken at the direction 20 21 of the law enforcement officer. The law enforcement officer shall not interfere with the person's opportunity to obtain 22 the independent test and shall provide the person with timely 23 24 telephone access to secure the test, but the burden is on the 25 person to arrange and secure the test at the person's own 26 expense. 27 Upon the request of the person tested, full 4.

28 information concerning the test taken at the direction of the 29 law enforcement officer shall be made available to the person 30 or his or her attorney.

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1 5. A hospital, clinical laboratory, medical clinic, or similar medical institution or physician, certified paramedic, 2 3 registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, other personnel 4 authorized by a hospital to draw blood, or duly licensed 5 clinical laboratory director, supervisor, technologist, or б technician, or other person assisting a law enforcement 7 officer does not incur any civil or criminal liability as a result of the withdrawal or analysis of a blood or urine 8 9 specimen, or the chemical or physical test of a person's 10 breath pursuant to accepted medical standards when requested 11 by a law enforcement officer, regardless of whether or not the subject resisted administration of the test. 12 (2) The results of any test administered pursuant to 13 this section for the purpose of detecting the presence of any 14 controlled substance shall not be admissible as evidence in a 15 criminal prosecution for the possession of a controlled 16 17 substance. (3) Notwithstanding any provision of law pertaining to 18 19 the confidentiality of hospital records or other medical 20 records, information relating to the alcoholic content of the blood or breath or the presence of chemical substances or 21 controlled substances in the blood obtained pursuant to this 22 section shall be released to a court, prosecuting attorney, 23 24 defense attorney, or law enforcement officer in connection 25 with an alleged violation of s. 327.35 upon request for such information. 26 27 Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 28 law. 29 30 31

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1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2	Senate Bill 2430
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4	Deletes underlining from page 15, line 19 until the end of the bill to restore current law.
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