By the Committee on Banking and Insurance; and Senator Posey

## 311-2184-03

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund; amending s. 215.555, F.S.; revising the definition of "covered policy"; conforming provisions to the creation of the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation; providing definitions; authorizing the State Board of Administration to adopt rules to specify interest on past due remittances; increasing the aggregate exposure of insurers who may be exempt by rule; revising the maximum amount for which the board is obligated to reimburse insurers for a contract year; authorizing the Office of Insurance Regulation, rather than the Department of Insurance, to take certain actions relative to the fund; providing that emergency assessments are to be levied against insureds procuring certain types of insurance from surplus lines insurers; increasing the maximum assessment that may be levied against assessable insurers and assessable insured; requiring that emergency assessments on assessable insureds be remitted to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office; specifying that emergency assessments are not premiums subject to taxes, fees, or commissions; providing that reinsurance procured by the board must be from reinsurers acceptable to the Office of Insurance Regulation; clarifying the fiscal year used to determine investment income for purposes of

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calculating the maximum amount that may be appropriated by the Legislature for mitigation purposes; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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30 31 Section 1. Paragraphs (c) and (k) of subsection (2) of section 215.555, Florida Statutes, are amended, paragraphs (n) and (o) are added to that subsection, subsection (3), paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (4), subsection (6), and paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (7) of that section are amended, to read:

215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.--

- (2) DEFINITIONS. -- As used in this section:
- "Covered policy" means any insurance policy covering residential property in this state, including, but not limited to, any homeowner's, mobile home owner's, farm owner's, condominium association, condominium unit owner's, tenant's, or apartment building policy, or any other policy covering a residential structure or its contents issued by any authorized insurer, including the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation and any joint underwriting association or similar entity created pursuant to law. The term "covered policy" includes any collateral protection insurance policy covering personal residences which protects both the borrower's and the lender's financial interests, in an amount at least equal to the coverage for the dwelling in place under the lapsed homeowner's policy, if such policy can be accurately reported as required in subsection (5). Additionally, covered policies include policies covering the peril of wind removed from the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation the Florida

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Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association, created pursuant to s. 627.351(6), or from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, created pursuant to s. 627.351(2), by an authorized insurer under the terms and conditions of an executed assumption agreement between the authorized insurer and the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation either such association. Each assumption agreement between the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation either association and such authorized insurer must be approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services Commission Florida Department of Insurance prior to the effective date of the assumption, and such office the Department of Insurance must provide written notification to the board within 15 working days after such approval. "Covered policy" does not include any policy that excludes wind coverage or hurricane coverage or any reinsurance agreement and does not include any policy otherwise meeting this definition which is issued by a surplus lines insurer or a reinsurer. Policies that, based on sound actuarial principles, require individual ratemaking may be excluded by type or category as covered policies by rule if the actuarial soundness of the fund is not jeopardized.

- (k) "Pledged revenues" means all or any portion of revenues to be derived from reimbursement premiums under subsection (5) or from assessments under <u>paragraph (6)(b)</u> subparagraph (6)(a)3., as determined by the board.
- (n) "Citizens Property Insurance Corporation" means
  the entity created pursuant to s. 627.351(6) and includes both
  the high-risk account, formerly the Florida Windstorm
  Underwriting Association, and the personal lines and

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commercial lines account, formerly the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association.

- (o) "Corporation" means the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation created in paragraph 6)(d).
- (3) FLORIDA HURRICANE CATASTROPHE FUND CREATED. -- There is created the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to be administered by the State Board of Administration. Moneys in the fund may not be expended, loaned, or appropriated except to pay obligations of the fund arising out of reimbursement contracts entered into under subsection (4), payment of debt service on revenue bonds issued under subsection (6), costs of the mitigation program under subsection (7), costs of procuring reinsurance, and costs of administration of the fund. The board shall invest the moneys in the fund pursuant to ss. 215.44-215.52. Except as otherwise provided in this section, earnings from all investments shall be retained in the fund. The board may employ or contract with such staff and professionals as the board deems necessary for the administration of the fund. The board may adopt such rules as are reasonable and necessary to implement this section and may specify interest due on any delinquent remittances. Such rules must conform to the Legislature's specific intent in establishing the fund as expressed in subsection (1), must enhance the fund's potential ability to respond to claims for covered events, must contain general provisions so that the rules can be applied with reasonable flexibility so as to accommodate insurers in situations of an unusual nature or where undue hardship may result, except that such flexibility may not in any way impair, override, supersede, or constrain 31 the public purpose of the fund, and must be consistent with

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30 31 sound insurance practices. The board may, by rule, provide for the exemption from subsections (4) and (5) of insurers writing covered policies with less than \$\frac{3}{3}\$ million \$\frac{5500,000}{10}\$ in aggregate exposure for covered policies, which exposure results in a de minimis reimbursement premium, if the exemption does not affect the actuarial soundness of the fund.

- (4) REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACTS.--
- (c)1. The contract shall also provide that the obligation of the board with respect to all contracts covering a particular contract year shall not exceed the actual claims-paying capacity of the fund up to a limit of \$11 billion for that contract year, adjusted based on the reported exposure from the prior contract year to reflect the percentage growth in exposure to the fund for covered policies since 2002 unless the board determines that there is sufficient estimated claims-paying capacity to provide \$11 billion of capacity for the current contract year and an additional \$11 billion of capacity for subsequent contract years. Upon such determination being made, the estimated claims-paying capacity for the current contract year shall be determined by adding to the \$11 billion limit one-half of the fund's estimated claims-paying capacity in excess of \$22 billion.
- 2. The contract shall require the board to annually notify insurers of the fund's estimated borrowing capacity for the next contract year, the projected year-end balance of the fund, and the insurer's estimated share of total reimbursement premium to be paid to the fund. For all regulatory and reinsurance purposes, an insurer may calculate its projected payout from the fund as its share of the total fund premium for the current contract year multiplied by the sum of the

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projected year-end fund balance and the estimated borrowing capacity for that contract year as reported under this paragraph. In May and October of each year, the board shall publish in the Florida Administrative Weekly a statement of the fund's estimated borrowing capacity and the projected year-end balance of the fund for the current contract year.

- (d)1. For purposes of determining potential liability and to aid in the sound administration of the fund, the contract shall require each insurer to report such insurer's losses from each covered event on an interim basis, as directed by the board. The contract shall require the insurer to report to the board no later than December 31 of each year, and quarterly thereafter, its reimbursable losses from covered events for the year. The contract shall require the board to determine and pay, as soon as practicable after receiving these reports of reimbursable losses, the initial amount of reimbursement due and adjustments to this amount based on later loss information. The adjustments to reimbursement amounts shall require the board to pay, or the insurer to return, amounts reflecting the most recent calculation of losses.
- In determining reimbursements pursuant to this subsection, the contract shall provide that the board shall:
- First reimburse insurers writing covered policies, which insurers are in full compliance with this section and have petitioned the Office of Insurance Regulation Department of Insurance and qualified as limited apportionment companies under s. 627.351(2)(b)3. The amount of such reimbursement shall be the lesser of \$10 million or an amount equal to 10 times the insurer's reimbursement premium for the current 31 year. The amount of reimbursement paid under this

sub-subparagraph may not exceed the full amount of reimbursement promised in the reimbursement contract. This sub-subparagraph does not apply with respect to any contract year in which the year-end projected cash balance of the fund, exclusive of any bonding capacity of the fund, exceeds \$2 billion. Only one member of any insurer group may receive reimbursement under this sub-subparagraph.

- b. Next pay to each insurer such insurer's projected payout, which is the amount of reimbursement it is owed, up to an amount equal to the insurer's share of the actual premium paid for that contract year, multiplied by the actual claims-paying capacity available for that contract year; provided, entities created pursuant to s. 627.351 shall be further reimbursed in accordance with sub-subparagraph c.
- c. Thereafter, establish, based on reimbursable losses, the prorated reimbursement level at the highest level for which any remaining fund balance or bond proceeds are sufficient to reimburse entities created pursuant to s. 627.351 for losses exceeding the amounts payable pursuant to sub-subparagraph b. for the current contract year.
  - (6) REVENUE BONDS.--
  - (a) General provisions. --
- 1. Upon the occurrence of a hurricane and a determination that the moneys in the fund are or will be insufficient to pay reimbursement at the levels promised in the reimbursement contracts, the board may take the necessary steps under paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) or paragraph (d) for the issuance of revenue bonds for the benefit of the fund. The proceeds of such revenue bonds may be used to make reimbursement payments under reimbursement contracts; to refinance or replace previously existing borrowings or

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financial arrangements; to pay interest on bonds; to fund reserves for the bonds; to pay expenses incident to the issuance or sale of any bond issued under this section, including costs of validating, printing, and delivering the bonds, costs of printing the official statement, costs of publishing notices of sale of the bonds, and related administrative expenses; or for such other purposes related to the financial obligations of the fund as the board may determine. The term of the bonds may not exceed 30 years. The board may pledge or authorize the corporation to pledge all or a portion of all revenues under subsection (5) and under paragraph (b) subparagraph 3.to secure such revenue bonds and the board may execute such agreements between the board and the issuer of any revenue bonds and providers of other financing arrangements under paragraph (7)(b) as the board deems necessary to evidence, secure, preserve, and protect such pledge. If reimbursement premiums received under subsection (5) or earnings on such premiums are used to pay debt service on revenue bonds, such premiums and earnings shall be used only after the use of the moneys derived from assessments under paragraph (b) subparagraph 3. The funds, credit, property, or taxing power of the state or political subdivisions of the state shall not be pledged for the payment of such bonds. The board may also enter into agreements under paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) or paragraph (d) for the purpose of issuing revenue bonds in the absence of a hurricane upon a determination that such action would maximize the ability of the fund to meet future obligations.

The Legislature finds and declares that the issuance of bonds under this subsection is for the public 31 purpose of paying the proceeds of the bonds to insurers,

 thereby enabling insurers to pay the claims of policyholders to assure that policyholders are able to pay the cost of construction, reconstruction, repair, restoration, and other costs associated with damage to property of policyholders of covered policies after the occurrence of a hurricane. Revenue bonds may not be issued under this subsection until validated under chapter 75. The validation of at least the first obligations incurred pursuant to this subsection shall be appealed to the Supreme Court, to be handled on an expedited basis.

(b)3. Emergency Assessments.--If the board determines that the amount of revenue produced under subsection (5) is insufficient to fund the obligations, costs, and expenses of the fund and the corporation, including repayment of revenue bonds, the board shall direct the Office of Insurance

Regulation Department of Insurance to levy an emergency assessment on each insurer writing property and casualty business in this state, referred to in this section as an "assessable insurer" and on those insureds procuring one or more lines of property and casualty business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626, referred to in this section as an "assessable insured."

1. Pursuant to the emergency assessment, each such assessable insurer shall pay to the corporation by July 1 of each year an amount set by the board not exceeding 3 2 percent of its gross direct written premium for the prior year from all property and casualty business in this state except for workers' compensation, except that, if the Governor has declared a state of emergency under s. 252.36 due to the occurrence of a covered event, the amount of the assessment

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for the contract year may be increased to an amount not exceeding 5 4 percent of such premium.

2.a. Pursuant to the emergency assessment, each assessable insured shall pay an amount set by the board not exceeding 3 percent of the gross written premium each year for all property and casualty business procured in this state, except for workers' compensation. However, if the Governor has declared a state of emergency under s. 252.36 due to the occurrence of a covered event, the amount of the assessment for the contract year may be increased to an amount not exceeding 5 percent of such premium.

The emergency assessment on each assessable insured shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the time the agent collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932 and shall be remitted to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office, created pursuant to s. 626.921, at the time the surplus lines agent pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. The emergency assessment on each assessable insured procuring coverage and filing under s. 626.938 shall be remitted to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office, at the time the insured pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. The emergency assessments shall be transferred to the corporation or to the fund pursuant to subparagraph 5. on a periodic basis as determined by the board. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify the proper application by surplus lines agents of the emergency assessments and shall assist the board in ensuring the accurate, timely collection and payment of assessments by surplus lines agents as required by the board. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall determine annually the aggregate written premium on property and

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30 31 casualty business, except workers compensation, procured by assessable insureds and shall report that information to the board in a form and at a time specified by it to ensure that the fund and the corporation can meet their financing obligations.

3. Any assessment authority not used for the contract year may be used for a subsequent contract year. If, for a subsequent contract year, the board determines that the amount of revenue produced under subsection (5) is insufficient to fund the obligations, costs, and expenses of the fund and the corporation, including repayment of revenue bonds for that contract year, the board shall direct the Office of Insurance Regulation <del>Department of Insurance</del> to levy an emergency assessment up to an amount not exceeding the amount of unused assessment authority from a previous contract year or years, plus an additional 3 2 percent if the Governor has declared a state of emergency under s. 252.36 due to the occurrence of a covered event. Any assessment authority not used for the contract year may be used for a subsequent contract year. As used in this subsection, the term "property and casualty business includes all lines of business identified on Form 2, Exhibit of Premiums and Losses, in the annual statement required of authorized insurers by s. 624.424 and any rules adopted under such section, except for those lines identified as accident and health insurance. The annual assessments under this subparagraph shall continue as long as the revenue bonds issued with respect to which the assessment was imposed are outstanding, unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing issuance of the bonds. An assessable insurer or assessable insured shall not at any time be subject to aggregate annual

 assessments under this subparagraph of more than 3 2 percent of premium, except that in the case of a declared emergency, an <u>assessable</u> insurer <u>or assessable insured</u> shall not at any time be subject to aggregate annual assessments under this subparagraph of more than 8 6 percent of premium; provided, no more than 5 4 percent may be assessed for <u>obligations arising</u> <u>due to losses in</u> any one contract year.

- 4. Any rate filing or portion of a rate filing reflecting a rate change attributable entirely to the assessment levied under this paragraph subparagraph shall be deemed approved when made, subject to the authority of the Office of Insurance Regulation Department of Insurance to require actuarial justification as to the adequacy of any rate at any time. If the rate filing reflects only a rate change attributable to the assessment under this paragraph, the filing may consist of a certification so stating.
- 5. The assessments otherwise payable to the corporation pursuant to this paragraph subparagraph shall be paid instead to the fund unless and until the Office of Insurance Regulation and the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office have Department of Insurance has received from the corporation and the fund a notice, which shall be conclusive and upon which they the Department of Insurance may rely without further inquiry, that the corporation has issued bonds and the fund has no agreements in effect with local governments pursuant to paragraph (c)paragraph (b). On or after the date of such notice and until such date as the corporation has no bonds outstanding, the fund shall have no right, title, or interest in or to the assessments, except as provided in the fund's agreements with the corporation.

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6. Emergency assessments are not premium and are not subject to premium tax or surplus lines tax, fees, or commissions; however, the failure by an assessable insured to pay an emergency assessment shall be treated as a failure to pay premium.

 $\underline{\text{(c)}}\underline{\text{(b)}}$  Revenue bond issuance through counties or municipalities.--

- 1. If the board elects to enter into agreements with local governments for the issuance of revenue bonds for the benefit of the fund, the board shall enter into such contracts with one or more local governments, including agreements providing for the pledge of revenues, as are necessary to effect such issuance. The governing body of a county or municipality is authorized to issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 from time to time to fund an assistance program, in conjunction with the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, for the purposes set forth in this section or for the purpose of paying the costs of construction, reconstruction, repair, restoration, and other costs associated with damage to properties of policyholders of covered policies due to the occurrence of a hurricane by assuring that policyholders located in this state are able to recover claims under property insurance policies after a covered event.
- 2. In order to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance programs, any local government may provide for the payment of fund reimbursements, regardless of whether or not the losses for which reimbursement is made occurred within or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local government.

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- The state hereby covenants with holders of bonds issued under this paragraph that the state will not repeal or abrogate the power of the board to direct the Office of Insurance Regulation Department of Insurance to levy the assessments and to collect the proceeds of the revenues pledged to the payment of such bonds as long as any such bonds remain outstanding unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing the issuance of such bonds.
- There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action shall arise against any members or employees of the governing body of a local government for any actions taken by them in the performance of their duties under this paragraph.
- (d) (c) Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation. --
- In addition to the findings and declarations in subsection (1), the Legislature also finds and declares that:
- The public benefits corporation created under this paragraph will provide a mechanism necessary for the cost-effective and efficient issuance of bonds. This mechanism will eliminate unnecessary costs in the bond issuance process, thereby increasing the amounts available to pay reimbursement for losses to property sustained as a result of hurricane damage.
- The purpose of such bonds is to fund reimbursements b. through the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to pay for the costs of construction, reconstruction, repair, restoration, and other costs associated with damage to properties of policyholders of covered policies due to the occurrence of a 31 hurricane.

- c. The efficacy of the financing mechanism will be enhanced by the corporation's ownership of the assessments, by the insulation of the assessments from possible bankruptcy proceedings, and by covenants of the state with the corporation's bondholders.
- 2.a. There is created a public benefits corporation, which is an instrumentality of the state, to be known as the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation.
- b. The corporation shall operate under a five-member board of directors consisting of the Governor or a designee, the Comptroller or a designee, the Treasurer or a designee, the director of the Division of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration, and the chief operating officer of the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.
- c. The corporation has all of the powers of corporations under chapter 607 and under chapter 617, subject only to the provisions of this subsection.
- d. The corporation may issue bonds and engage in such other financial transactions as are necessary to provide sufficient funds to achieve the purposes of this section.
- e. The corporation may invest in any of the investments authorized under s. 215.47.
- f. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action shall arise against, any board members or employees of the corporation for any actions taken by them in the performance of their duties under this paragraph.
- 3.a. In actions under chapter 75 to validate any bonds issued by the corporation, the notice required by s. 75.06 shall be published only in Leon County and in two newspapers of general circulation in the state, and the complaint and

order of the court shall be served only on the State Attorney of the Second Judicial Circuit.

- b. The state hereby covenants with holders of bonds of the corporation that the state will not repeal or abrogate the power of the board to direct the Office of Insurance

  Regulation Department of Insurance to levy the assessments and to collect the proceeds of the revenues pledged to the payment of such bonds as long as any such bonds remain outstanding unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing the issuance of such bonds.
- 4. The bonds of the corporation are not a debt of the state or of any political subdivision, and neither the state nor any political subdivision is liable on such bonds. The corporation does not have the power to pledge the credit, the revenues, or the taxing power of the state or of any political subdivision. The credit, revenues, or taxing power of the state or of any political subdivision shall not be deemed to be pledged to the payment of any bonds of the corporation.
- 5.a. The property, revenues, and other assets of the corporation; the transactions and operations of the corporation and the income from such transactions and operations; and all bonds issued under this paragraph and interest on such bonds are exempt from taxation by the state and any political subdivision, including the intangibles tax under chapter 199 and the income tax under chapter 220. This exemption does not apply to any tax imposed by chapter 220 on interest, income, or profits on debt obligations owned by corporations other than the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation.

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- b. All bonds of the corporation shall be and constitute legal investments without limitation for all public bodies of this state; for all banks, trust companies, savings banks, savings associations, savings and loan associations, and investment companies; for all administrators, executors, trustees, and other fiduciaries; for all insurance companies and associations and other persons carrying on an insurance business; and for all other persons who are now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the state and shall be and constitute eligible securities to be deposited as collateral for the security of any state, county, municipal, or other public funds. This sub-subparagraph shall be considered as additional and supplemental authority and shall not be limited without specific reference to this sub-subparagraph.
- The corporation and its corporate existence shall continue until terminated by law; however, no such law shall take effect as long as the corporation has bonds outstanding unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing the issuance of such bonds. Upon termination of the existence of the corporation, all of its rights and properties in excess of its obligations shall pass to and be vested in the state.

## (e) (d) Protection of bondholders.--

1. As long as the corporation has any bonds outstanding, neither the fund nor the corporation shall have the authority to file a voluntary petition under chapter 9 of the federal Bankruptcy Code or such corresponding chapter or sections as may be in effect, from time to time, and neither any public officer nor any organization, entity, or other 31 person shall authorize the fund or the corporation to be or

become a debtor under chapter 9 of the federal Bankruptcy Code or such corresponding chapter or sections as may be in effect, from time to time, during any such period.

- 2. The state hereby covenants with holders of bonds of the corporation that the state will not limit or alter the denial of authority under this paragraph or the rights under this section vested in the fund or the corporation to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with such bondholders or in any way impair the rights and remedies of such bondholders as long as any such bonds remain outstanding unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing the issuance of such bonds.
- 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any pledge of or other security interest in revenue, money, accounts, contract rights, general intangibles, or other personal property made or created by the fund or the corporation shall be valid, binding, and perfected from the time such pledge is made or other security interest attaches without any physical delivery of the collateral or further act and the lien of any such pledge or other security interest shall be valid, binding, and perfected against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the fund or the corporation irrespective of whether or not such parties have notice of such claims. No instrument by which such a pledge or security interest is created nor any financing statement need be recorded or filed.
  - (7) ADDITIONAL POWERS AND DUTIES. --
- (a) The board may procure reinsurance from reinsurers acceptable to the Office of Insurance Regulation approved under s. 624.610 for the purpose of maximizing the capacity of the fund.

1	(c) Each fiscal year, the Legislature shall
2	appropriate from the investment income of the Florida
3	Hurricane Catastrophe Fund an amount no less than \$10 million
4	and no more than 35 percent of the investment income, based on
5	the most recent fiscal year-end audited financial statements,
6	from the prior fiscal year for the purpose of providing
7	funding for local governments, state agencies, public and
8	private educational institutions, and nonprofit organizations
9	to support programs intended to improve hurricane
10	preparedness, reduce potential losses in the event of a
11	hurricane, provide research into means to reduce such losses,
12	educate or inform the public as to means to reduce hurricane
13	losses, assist the public in determining the appropriateness
14	of particular upgrades to structures or in the financing of
15	such upgrades, or protect local infrastructure from potential
16	damage from a hurricane. Moneys shall first be available for
17	appropriation under this paragraph in fiscal year 1997-1998.
18	Moneys in excess of the \$10 million specified in this
19	paragraph shall not be available for appropriation under this
20	paragraph if the State Board of Administration finds that an
21	appropriation of investment income from the fund would
22	jeopardize the actuarial soundness of the fund.
23	Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
24	law.
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26	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
27	Senate Bill 2556
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29	The committee substitute corrects technical errors and
30	statutory cross-references.
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