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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) CHAMBER ACTION Senate House 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 Representative Simmons offered the following: 12 13 Amendment (with title amendments) 14 On page 2, line(s) 1, 15 16 insert: Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 394.455, Florida 17 18 Statutes, is amended, and subsections (31) and (32) are added to 19 said section, to read: 20 394.455 Definitions.--As used in this part, unless the 21 context clearly requires otherwise, the term: 22 "Clinical record" means all parts of the record (3) 23 required to be maintained and includes all medical records, 24 progress notes, charts, and admission and discharge data, and 25 all other information recorded by a facility which pertains to the patient's hospitalization or and treatment. 26 071979

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27 (31) "Service provider" means any public or private
28 receiving facility, entity under contract with the Department of
29 Children and Family Services to provide mental health services,
30 or a clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, physician,
31 psychiatric nurse, community mental health center, or clinic as
32 defined in this part.
33 (32) "Involuntary placement" means involuntary outpatient

34 treatment pursuant to s. 394.466 or involuntary inpatient 35 treatment pursuant to s. 394.467.

36 Section 3. Subsections (1) and (7) of section 394.4598, 37 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

38

394.4598 Guardian advocate.--

39 The administrator may petition the court for the (1)40 appointment of a quardian advocate based upon the opinion of a 41 psychiatrist that the patient is incompetent to consent to 42 treatment. If the court finds that a patient is incompetent to 43 consent to treatment and has not been adjudicated incapacitated and a guardian with the authority to consent to mental health 44 45 treatment appointed, it shall appoint a guardian advocate. The 46 patient has the right to have an attorney represent him or her 47 at the hearing. If the person is indigent, the court shall 48 appoint the office of the public defender to represent him or 49 her at the hearing. The patient has the right to testify, cross-50 examine witnesses, and present witnesses. The proceeding shall 51 be recorded either electronically or stenographically, and 52 testimony shall be provided under oath. One of the professionals 53 authorized to give an opinion in support of a petition for involuntary placement, as described in s. 394.466 or s. 54 55 394.467(2), must testify. A guardian advocate must meet the

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56 qualifications of a guardian contained in part IV of chapter 57 744, except that a professional referred to in this part, an 58 employee of the facility providing direct services to the 59 patient under this part, a departmental employee, a facility 60 administrator, or member of the Florida local advocacy council 61 shall not be appointed. A person who is appointed as a guardian 62 advocate must agree to the appointment.

63 The guardian advocate shall be discharged when the (7) 64 patient is discharged from an order for involuntary inpatient or 65 outpatient placement or as provided in s. 394.466(6)(d) a 66 receiving or treatment facility to the community or when the 67 patient is transferred from involuntary to voluntary status. The 68 court or a hearing officer shall consider the competence of the 69 patient pursuant to subsection (1) and may consider an 70 involuntarily placed patient's competence to consent to 71 treatment at any hearing. Upon sufficient evidence, the court may restore, or the hearing officer may recommend that the court 72 73 restore, the patient's competence. A copy of the order restoring 74 competence or the certificate of discharge containing the 75 restoration of competence shall be provided to the patient and 76 the guardian advocate.

Section 4. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (3) ofsection 394.4615, Florida Statutes, to read:

79

394.4615 Clinical records; confidentiality.--

80 (3) Information from the clinical record may be released 81 when:

82 (c) It is necessary to determine whether a person meets 83 the criteria for involuntary outpatient placement pursuant to s. 84 <u>394.466. In such circumstance, the clinical record may be</u>

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) released to the state attorney, public defender or the patient's 85 private legal counsel, the court, and the appropriate mental 86 87 health professionals. 88 Section 5. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (e), (g), and (i) 89 of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, are 90 amended to read: 91 394.463 Involuntary examination.--92 (1) CRITERIA. -- A person may be taken to a receiving 93 facility for involuntary examination if there is reason to 94 believe that the person has a mental illness he or she is 95 mentally ill and because of his or her mental illness: 96 (a)1. The person has refused voluntary examination after 97 conscientious explanation and disclosure of the purpose of the 98 examination; or 99 2. The person is unable to determine for himself or 100 herself whether examination is necessary; and (b) Based on the person's current reported or observed 101 102 behavior, considering any mental health history, there is a 103 substantial likelihood that, without care or treatment: 104 Without care or treatment, The person will is likely to 1. 105 suffer from neglect or refuse to care for himself or herself; 106 such neglect or refusal will pose poses a real and present 107 threat of substantial harm to his or her well-being; and it is 108 not apparent that such harm may be avoided through the help of 109 willing family members or friends or the provision of other 110 services; or 111 2. There is a substantial likelihood that without care or 112 treatment The person will cause serious bodily harm to himself 071979

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113 or herself or others in the near future, as evidenced by recent 114 behavior.

115

(2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION.--

116 The Agency for Health Care Administration shall (e) 117 receive and maintain the copies of ex parte orders, involuntary outpatient placement orders issued pursuant to s. 394.466, or 118 119 involuntary inpatient placement orders issued pursuant to s. 120 394.467, professional certificates, and law enforcement 121 officers' reports. These documents shall be considered part of 122 the clinical record, governed by the provisions of s. 394.4615. 123 The agency shall prepare annual reports analyzing the data obtained from these documents, without information identifying 124 125 patients, and shall provide copies of reports to the department, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 126 127 Representatives, and the minority leaders of the Senate and the 128 House of Representatives.

129 (g) A person for whom an involuntary examination has been 130 initiated who is being evaluated or treated at a hospital for an 131 emergency medical condition specified in s. 395.002 must be 132 examined by a receiving facility within 72 hours. The 72-hour 133 period begins when the patient arrives at the hospital and 134 ceases when the attending physician documents that the patient 135 has an emergency medical condition. If the patient is examined 136 at a hospital providing emergency medical services by a 137 professional qualified to perform an involuntary examination and is found as a result of that examination not to meet the 138 139 criteria for involuntary outpatient placement pursuant to s. 140 394.466(1) or involuntary inpatient placement pursuant to s. 141 394.467(1), the patient may be offered voluntary placement, if

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142 appropriate, or released directly from the hospital providing 143 emergency medical services. The finding by the professional that the patient has been examined and does not meet the criteria for 144 145 involuntary inpatient placement or involuntary outpatient 146 placement must be entered into the patient's clinical record. 147 Nothing in this paragraph is intended to prevent a hospital 148 providing emergency medical services from appropriately 149 transferring a patient to another hospital prior to 150 stabilization, provided the requirements of s. 395.1041(3)(c) 151 have been met.

(i) Within the 72-hour examination period or, if the 72
hours ends on a weekend or holiday, no later than the next
working day thereafter, one of the following actions must be
taken, based on the individual needs of the patient:

156 1. The patient shall be released, unless he or she is 157 charged with a crime, in which case the patient shall be 158 returned to the custody of a law enforcement officer;

159 2. The patient shall be released, subject to the 160 provisions of subparagraph 1., for <u>voluntary</u> outpatient 161 treatment;

162 3. The patient, unless he or she is charged with a crime, 163 shall be asked to give express and informed consent to placement 164 as a voluntary patient, and, if such consent is given, the 165 patient shall be admitted as a voluntary patient; or

4. A petition for involuntary <u>inpatient placement or a</u>
 <u>petition for involuntary outpatient</u> placement shall be filed in
 the appropriate court by the <u>petitioner delineated in s.</u>

169 <u>394.466(3)(a)</u> facility administrator when treatment is deemed

170 necessary; in which case, the least restrictive treatment

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placement must be alleged in the petition and substantiated by hospitalization or arrest records that shall be attached to the 220 petition or a sworn affidavit that shall be attached to the petition. The petition shall consist of a clinical determination 221 222 by a qualified professional who shall be required to attend the 223 hearing pursuant to subsection (6). The patient shall be allowed 224 an opportunity to present evidence and testimony at the hearing 225 to refute or rebut said allegations. 226 (2) INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT PLACEMENT. --227 (a) A patient may be retained by a receiving facility

228 unless the patient has been stabilized and no longer meets the

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229 involuntary examination criteria pursuant to s. 394.463(1), in 230 which case the patient must be placed in outpatient treatment 231 while awaiting the hearing for involuntary outpatient placement 232 upon the recommendation of the administrator of a receiving 233 facility where the patient has been examined and after adherence 234 to the notice and hearing procedures provided in s. 394.4599. 235 The recommendation must be supported by the opinion of a 236 psychiatrist and the second opinion of a clinical psychologist 237 or another psychiatrist, both of whom have personally examined 238 the patient within the preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for 239 involuntary outpatient placement are met. However, in counties of less than 50,000 population, if the administrator certifies 240 that no psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is available to 241 provide the second opinion, such second opinion may be provided 242 by a licensed physician with postgraduate training and 243 244 experience in diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders or by a psychiatric nurse. Such recommendation shall 245 246 be entered on an involuntary outpatient placement certificate, 247 which certificate shall authorize the receiving facility to 248 retain the patient pending transfer to involuntary outpatient 249 placement or completion of a hearing. 250 (b) In cases in which arrangements can be made, a patient 251 may agree to be examined on an outpatient basis for an 252 involuntary outpatient placement certificate. The certificate 253 must be supported by the opinion of a psychiatrist and the 254 second opinion of a clinical psychologist or another 255 psychiatrist, both of whom have personally examined the patient within the preceding 14 calendar days, that the criteria for 256 257 involuntary outpatient placement are met. However, in counties

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287	petitioner must certify in a sworn affidavit attached to the
288	petition the comprehensive array of necessary services, the
289	individual patient's needs, and the services that are available
290	in the community. A petition may be filed by:
291	1. The administrator of the facility pursuant to paragraph
292	<u>(2)(a);</u>
293	2. One of the examining professionals for persons examined
294	on a voluntary outpatient basis pursuant to paragraph (2)(b).
295	Upon filing, the examining professional shall provide a copy of
296	the petition to the administrator of the receiving facility or
297	designated department representative that will identify the
298	service provider for the involuntary outpatient placement; or
299	3. The administrator of a treatment facility pursuant to
300	paragraph (2)(c). Upon filing, the administrator shall provide a
301	copy of the petition to the administrator of the receiving
302	facility or designated department representative that will
303	identify the service provider for the involuntary outpatient
304	placement.
305	(b) The petition for involuntary outpatient placement
306	shall be filed in the county where the patient is located. Upon
307	filing, the clerk of the court shall provide copies to the
308	department, the patient, the patient's guardian or
309	representative, and the state attorney and public defender of
310	the judicial circuit in which the patient is located. No fee
311	shall be charged for the filing of a petition under this
312	paragraph.
313	(4) APPOINTMENT OF COUNSELWithin 1 court working day
314	after the filing of a petition for involuntary outpatient
315	placement, the court shall appoint the public defender to
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316 represent the person who is the subject of the petition, unless 317 the person is otherwise represented by counsel. The clerk of the 318 court shall immediately notify the public defender of such 319 appointment. The public defender shall represent the person 320 until the petition is dismissed or the court order expires or 321 the patient is discharged from involuntary outpatient placement. 322 Any attorney representing the patient shall have access to the 323 patient, witnesses, and records relevant to the presentation of 324 the patient's case and shall represent the interests of the 325 patient, regardless of the source of payment to the attorney. 326 (5) CONTINUANCE OF HEARING. -- The patient is entitled, with 327 the concurrence of the patient's counsel, to at least one continuance of the hearing. The continuance shall be for a 328 period of up to 4 weeks. 329 330 (6) HEARING ON INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT PLACEMENT.--331 (a)1. The court shall hold the hearing on involuntary 332 outpatient placement within 5 days after the petition is filed, 333 unless a continuance is granted. The hearing shall be held in 334 the county where the patient is located and shall be as 335 convenient to the patient as may be consistent with orderly 336 procedure and shall be conducted in physical settings not likely 337 to be injurious to the patient's condition. The state attorney 338 for the circuit in which the patient is located shall represent 339 the state, rather than the petitioner, as the real party in 340 interest in the proceeding. 341 2. The court may appoint a master to preside at the 342 hearing. One of the professionals who executed the involuntary 343 outpatient placement certificate shall be a witness. The patient 344 and the patient's guardian or representative shall be informed 071979

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345 by the court of the right to an independent expert examination. If the patient cannot afford such an examination, the court 346 shall provide for one. The independent expert's report shall be 347 348 confidential and not discoverable, unless the expert is to be 349 called as a witness for the patient at the hearing. The court 350 shall allow testimony from individuals, including family 351 members, deemed by the court to be relevant under the law of 352 this state, regarding the person's prior history, and how that 353 prior history relates to the person's current condition. The 354 testimony in the hearing must be given under oath and the 355 proceedings must be recorded. The patient may refuse to testify 356 at the hearing. 357 (b)1. If the court concludes that the patient meets the 358 criteria for involuntary outpatient placement pursuant to 359 subsection (1), the court shall issue an order for involuntary outpatient placement. The court order shall be for a period of 360 361 up to 6 months. The service provider shall discharge a patient 362 any time the patient no longer meets the criteria for 363 involuntary placement. 364 2. The administrator of a receiving facility or designated department representative shall identify the service provider 365 that will have primary responsibility for service provision 366 367 under the order. The service provider shall prepare a written 368 proposed treatment plan and submit the plan to the court prior 369 to the hearing for the court's consideration for inclusion in 370 the involuntary outpatient placement order. The treatment plan 371 shall specify the nature and extent of the patient's mental 372 illness. The treatment plan may include provisions for case 373 management, intensive case management, assertive community

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374 treatment, or a program for assertive community treatment. The treatment plan may also require that the patient make use of a 375 376 service provider to supply any of the following categories of services to the individual: medication, periodic urinalysis to 377 determine compliance with treatment, individual or group 378 379 therapy, day or partial day programming activities, educational 380 and vocational training or activities, alcohol or substance 381 abuse treatment and counseling and periodic tests for the 382 presence of alcohol or illegal drugs for persons with a history 383 of alcohol or substance abuse, supervision of living 384 arrangements, and any other services prescribed to treat the 385 person's mental illness and to assist the person in living and 386 functioning in the community or to attempt to prevent a relapse 387 or deterioration. The service provider shall certify to the 388 court in the treatment plan that the proposed services are 389 currently available and that the service provider agrees to 390 provide those services. Service providers may select and provide 391 supervision to other individuals not enumerated in this 392 subparagraph to implement specific aspects of the treatment 393 plan, such as medication monitoring. The services in the 394 treatment plan shall be deemed to be clinically appropriate by a 395 physician, clinical psychologist, psychiatric nurse, or clinical 396 social worker who consults with, or is employed or contracted 397 by, the service provider. The court shall not order the 398 department or the service provider to provide services if the 399 program or service is not available in the patient's local 400 community or there is no space available in the program or service for the patient or if funding is not available for the 401 402 program or service. A copy of the order shall be sent to the 071979

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403 Agency for Health Care Administration. After the placement order 404 is issued, the service provider and the patient can modify 405 provisions of the treatment plan. For any material modification of the provisions of the treatment plan, the service provider 406 407 shall send notice of the modification to the court. Any material 408 modification of the provisions of the treatment plan that are 409 contested by the patient must be approved by the court. 410 3. When, in the clinical judgment of a physician, the 411 patient has failed or refused to comply with the treatment 412 ordered by the court, efforts were made to solicit compliance, 413 and such patient may meet the criteria for involuntary 414 examination, a person may be brought to a receiving facility pursuant to s. 394.463. If, after examination, the patient does 415 416 not meet the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement pursuant to s. 394.467, the patient must be discharged from the 417 receiving facility. The service provider must determine whether 418 419 modifications should be made to the existing treatment plan and 420 attempt to continue to engage the patient in treatment. For any 421 material modification of the provisions of the treatment plan to which the patient or, if appointed, the patient's guardian 422 423 advocate does agree, the service provider shall send notice of 424 the modification to the court. Any material modification of the 425 provisions of the treatment plan that are contested by the 426 patient or, if appointed, the patient's guardian advocate must 427 be approved by the court. 428 (c) If, at any time prior to the conclusion of the initial 429 hearing on involuntary outpatient placement, it appears to the 430 court that the person does not meet the criteria for involuntary 431 outpatient placement under this section but instead meets the 071979

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432 criteria for involuntary inpatient placement, the court may 433 order the person admitted for involuntary inpatient placement 434 pursuant to s. 394.467. If the person instead meets the criteria 435 for involuntary assessment, protective custody, or involuntary admission pursuant to s. 397.675, the court may order the person 436 437 to be admitted for involuntary assessment for a period of 5 days 438 pursuant to s. 397.6811. Thereafter, all proceedings shall be 439 governed by chapter 397. 440 (d) At the hearing on involuntary outpatient placement, 441 the court shall consider testimony and evidence regarding the 442 patient's competence to consent to treatment. If the court finds 443 that the patient is incompetent to consent to treatment, the 444 court shall appoint a guardian advocate as provided in s. 445 394.4598 from a list of qualified and available quardian 446 advocates submitted to the court with the petition. The guardian 447 advocate's role shall be to monitor the patient's care to ensure 448 that the patient's rights are protected. The guardian advocate 449 is immune from liability under this provision. If the patient, 450 the patient's guardian advocate, and the service provider agree 451 that the guardian advocate is no longer needed because the 452 person is competent, the guardian advocate may be discharged. 453 (e) The administrator of the receiving facility or 454 designated department representative shall provide a copy of the 455 court order and adequate documentation of a patient's mental 456 illness to the service provider for involuntary outpatient 457 placement. Such documentation shall include any advance directives made by the patient, a psychiatric evaluation of the 458 459 patient, and any evaluations of the patient performed by a 460 clinical psychologist or a clinical social worker.

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461	(7) PROCEDURE FOR CONTINUED INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT
462	PLACEMENT
463	(a) If the person continues to meet the criteria for
464	involuntary outpatient placement, the service provider shall,
465	prior to the expiration of the period during which the treatment
466	is ordered for the person, file in the circuit court a continued
467	involuntary outpatient placement certificate which shall be
468	accompanied by a statement from the person's physician or
469	clinical psychologist justifying the request, a brief
470	description of the patient's treatment during the time he or she
471	was involuntarily placed, and an individualized plan of
472	continued treatment.
473	(b) Within 1 court working day after the filing of a
474	petition for continued involuntary outpatient placement, the
475	court shall appoint the public defender to represent the person
476	who is the subject of the petition, unless the person is
477	otherwise represented by counsel. The clerk of the court shall
478	immediately notify the public defender of such appointment. The
479	public defender shall represent the person until the petition is
480	dismissed, the court order expires, or the patient is discharged
481	from involuntary outpatient placement. Any attorney representing
482	the patient shall have access to the patient, witnesses, and
483	records relevant to the presentation of the patient's case and
484	shall represent the interests of the patient, regardless of the
485	source of payment to the attorney.
486	(c) Hearings on petitions for continued involuntary
487	outpatient placement shall be before the circuit court. The
488	court may appoint a master to preside at the hearing. The
489	procedures for obtaining an order pursuant to this paragraph
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490 shall be in accordance with the provisions of subsection (6),

- 491 except that the time period included in subparagraph (1)(a)5.
- 492 <u>shall not apply in determining the appropriateness of additional</u>
 493 periods of involuntary outpatient placement.
- 494 (d) Notice of the hearing shall be provided as set forth 495 in s. 394.4599.

496 (e) The same procedure shall be repeated prior to the
497 expiration of each additional period the patient is placed in
498 treatment.

499 (f) If the patient has been previously found incompetent 500 to consent to treatment, the court shall consider testimony and 501 evidence regarding the patient's competence. If the court finds 502 evidence that the patient has become competent to consent to 503 treatment, the court may order that any guardian advocate 504 previously appointed be discharged.

505 Section 7. Section 394.467, Florida Statutes, is amended 506 to read:

507

394.467 Involuntary <u>inpatient</u> placement.--

508 (1) CRITERIA.--A person may be involuntarily placed in 509 involuntary inpatient placement for treatment upon a finding of 510 the court by clear and convincing evidence that:

(a) He or she is mentally ill and because of his or hermental illness:

513 1.a. He or she has refused voluntary placement for 514 treatment after sufficient and conscientious explanation and 515 disclosure of the purpose of placement for treatment; or

516 b. He or she is unable to determine for himself or herself517 whether placement is necessary; and

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518 2.a. He or she is manifestly incapable of surviving alone 519 or with the help of willing and responsible family or friends, 520 including available alternative services, and, without 521 treatment, is likely to suffer from neglect or refuse to care 522 for himself or herself, and such neglect or refusal poses a real 523 and present threat of substantial harm to his or her well-being; 524 or

525 b. There is substantial likelihood that in the near future 526 he or she will inflict serious bodily harm on himself or herself 527 or another person, as evidenced by recent behavior causing, 528 attempting, or threatening such harm; and

(b) All available less restrictive treatment alternatives
which would offer an opportunity for improvement of his or her
condition have been judged to be inappropriate.

532 (2) ADMISSION TO A TREATMENT FACILITY.--A patient may be 533 retained by a receiving facility or involuntarily placed in a treatment facility upon the recommendation of the administrator 534 535 of a receiving facility where the patient has been examined and 536 after adherence to the notice and hearing procedures provided in 537 s. 394.4599. The recommendation must be supported by the opinion 538 of a psychiatrist and the second opinion of a clinical 539 psychologist or another psychiatrist, both of whom have 540 personally examined the patient within the preceding 72 hours, 541 that the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement are met. 542 However, in counties of less than 50,000 population, if the 543 administrator certifies that no psychiatrist or clinical 544 psychologist is available to provide the second opinion, such 545 second opinion may be provided by a licensed physician with 546 postgraduate training and experience in diagnosis and treatment

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of mental and nervous disorders or by a psychiatric nurse. Such recommendation shall be entered on an involuntary <u>inpatient</u> placement certificate, which certificate shall authorize the receiving facility to retain the patient pending transfer to a treatment facility or completion of a hearing.

552 (3) PETITION FOR INVOLUNTARY INPATIENT PLACEMENT. -- The 553 administrator of the facility shall file a petition for 554 involuntary inpatient placement in the court in the county where 555 the patient is located. Upon filing, the clerk of the court 556 shall provide copies to the department, the patient, the 557 patient's guardian or representative, and the state attorney and public defender of the judicial circuit in which the patient is 558 559 located. No fee shall be charged for the filing of a petition under this subsection. 560

561 (4) APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL. -- Within 1 court working day 562 after the filing of a petition for involuntary inpatient placement, the court shall appoint the public defender to 563 represent the person who is the subject of the petition, unless 564 565 the person is otherwise represented by counsel. The clerk of the 566 court shall immediately notify the public defender of such 567 appointment. Any attorney representing the patient shall have 568 access to the patient, witnesses, and records relevant to the 569 presentation of the patient's case and shall represent the 570 interests of the patient, regardless of the source of payment to 571 the attorney.

(5) CONTINUANCE OF HEARING.--The patient is entitled, with the concurrence of the patient's counsel, to at least one continuance of the hearing. The continuance shall be for a period of up to 4 weeks.

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(6) HEARING ON INVOLUNTARY INPATIENT PLACEMENT. --

577 The court shall hold the hearing on involuntary (a)1. 578 inpatient placement within 5 days, unless a continuance is 579 granted. The hearing shall be held in the county where the 580 patient is located and shall be as convenient to the patient as 581 may be consistent with orderly procedure and shall be conducted 582 in physical settings not likely to be injurious to the patient's 583 condition. If the court finds that the patient's attendance at 584 the hearing is not consistent with the best interests of the 585 patient, and the patient's counsel does not object, the court 586 may waive the presence of the patient from all or any portion of 587 the hearing. The state attorney for the circuit in which the 588 patient is located shall represent the state, rather than the 589 petitioning facility administrator, as the real party in 590 interest in the proceeding.

591 The court may appoint a master to preside at the 2. 592 hearing. One of the professionals who executed the involuntary 593 inpatient placement certificate shall be a witness. The patient 594 and the patient's guardian or representative shall be informed 595 by the court of the right to an independent expert examination. 596 If the patient cannot afford such an examination, the court 597 shall provide for one. The independent expert's report shall be 598 confidential and not discoverable, unless the expert is to be 599 called as a witness for the patient at the hearing. The 600 testimony in the hearing must be given under oath, and the 601 proceedings must be recorded. The patient may refuse to testify 602 at the hearing.

603 (b) If the court concludes that the patient meets the 604 criteria for involuntary <u>inpatient</u> placement, it shall order

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605 that the patient be transferred to a treatment facility or, if 606 the patient is at a treatment facility, that the patient be 607 retained there or be treated at any other appropriate receiving 608 or treatment facility, or that the patient receive services from 609 a receiving or treatment facility, on an involuntary basis, for 610 a period of up to 6 months. The order shall specify the nature and extent of the patient's mental illness. The facility shall 611 612 discharge a patient any time the patient no longer meets the 613 criteria for involuntary inpatient placement, unless the patient 614 has transferred to voluntary status.

615 If at any time prior to the conclusion of the hearing (C) 616 on involuntary inpatient placement it appears to the court that 617 the person does not meet the criteria for involuntary inpatient 618 placement under this section chapter, but instead meets the criteria for involuntary outpatient placement, the court may 619 620 order the person evaluated for involuntary outpatient placement pursuant to s. 394.466. The petition and hearing procedures set 621 622 forth in s. 394.466 shall apply. If the person instead meets the 623 criteria for involuntary assessment, protective custody, or 624 involuntary admission pursuant to s. 397.675, then the court may 625 order the person to be admitted for involuntary assessment for a 626 period of 5 days pursuant to s. 397.6811. Thereafter, all 627 proceedings shall be governed by chapter 397.

(d) At the hearing on involuntary <u>inpatient</u> placement, the
court shall consider testimony and evidence regarding the
patient's competence to consent to treatment. If the court finds
that the patient is incompetent to consent to treatment, it
shall appoint a guardian advocate as provided in s. 394.4598.

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633 (e) The administrator of the receiving facility shall 634 provide a copy of the court order and adequate documentation of 635 a patient's mental illness to the administrator of a treatment 636 facility whenever a patient is ordered for involuntary inpatient 637 placement, whether by civil or criminal court. Such 638 documentation shall include any advance directives made by the 639 patient, a psychiatric evaluation of the patient, and any 640 evaluations of the patient performed by a clinical psychologist 641 or a clinical social worker. The administrator of a treatment 642 facility may refuse admission to any patient directed to its 643 facilities on an involuntary basis, whether by civil or criminal 644 court order, who is not accompanied at the same time by adequate 645 orders and documentation.

646 (7) PROCEDURE FOR CONTINUED INVOLUNTARY <u>INPATIENT</u>
647 PLACEMENT.--

648 (a) Hearings on petitions for continued involuntary inpatient placement shall be administrative hearings and shall 649 650 be conducted in accordance with the provisions of s. 120.57(1), 651 except that any order entered by the hearing officer shall be 652 final and subject to judicial review in accordance with s. 653 120.68. Orders concerning patients committed after successfully 654 pleading not guilty by reason of insanity shall be governed by the provisions of s. 916.15. 655

(b) If the patient continues to meet the criteria for
involuntary <u>inpatient</u> placement, the administrator shall, prior
to the expiration of the period during which the treatment
facility is authorized to retain the patient, file a petition
requesting authorization for continued involuntary <u>inpatient</u>
placement. The request shall be accompanied by a statement from

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662 the patient's physician or clinical psychologist justifying the 663 request, a brief description of the patient's treatment during the time he or she was involuntarily placed, and an 664 665 individualized plan of continued treatment. Notice of the hearing shall be provided as set forth in s. 394.4599. If at the 666 667 hearing the hearing officer finds that attendance at the hearing 668 is not consistent with the best interests of the patient, the 669 hearing officer may waive the presence of the patient from all 670 or any portion of the hearing, unless the patient, through 671 counsel, objects to the waiver of presence. The testimony in the 672 hearing must be under oath, and the proceedings must be 673 recorded.

(c) Unless the patient is otherwise represented or is
ineligible, he or she shall be represented at the hearing on the
petition for continued involuntary <u>inpatient</u> placement by the
public defender of the circuit in which the facility is located.

(d) If at a hearing it is shown that the patient continues to meet the criteria for involuntary <u>inpatient</u> placement, the administrative law judge shall sign the order for continued involuntary <u>inpatient</u> placement for a period not to exceed 6 months. The same procedure shall be repeated prior to the expiration of each additional period the patient is retained.

(e) If continued involuntary <u>inpatient</u> placement is
necessary for a patient admitted while serving a criminal
sentence, but whose sentence is about to expire, or for a
patient involuntarily placed while a minor but who is about to
reach the age of 18, the administrator shall petition the
administrative law judge for an order authorizing continued
involuntary inpatient placement.

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691 If the patient has been previously found incompetent (f) 692 to consent to treatment, the hearing officer shall consider 693 testimony and evidence regarding the patient's competence. If 694 the hearing officer finds evidence that the patient is now 695 competent to consent to treatment, the hearing officer may issue 696 a recommended order to the court that found the patient 697 incompetent to consent to treatment that the patient's 698 competence be restored and that any guardian advocate previously 699 appointed be discharged.

(8) RETURN OF PATIENTS.--When a patient at a treatment facility leaves the facility without authorization, the administrator may authorize a search for the patient and the return of the patient to the facility. The administrator may request the assistance of a law enforcement agency in the search for and return of the patient.

706Section 8. Involuntary Outpatient Placement Implementation707Task Force.--

708 (1) The Involuntary Outpatient Placement Implementation 709 Task Force is established to develop a plan for implementation 710 of the involuntary outpatient placement procedures established 711 in this act. The task force shall include a representative from 712 each of the following entities, to be designated by their 713 respective organizations no later than July 1, 2003: the Florida 714 Sheriffs Association, the Florida Police Chiefs Association, the 715 Florida Public Defender Association, Inc., the Florida 716 Prosecuting Attorneys Association, the Florida Association of 717 Court Clerks, the Florida Association of Counties, the 718 Department of Children and Family Services, the Florida Council 719 for Community Mental Health, and the Agency for Health Care

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720 Administration. Additionally, a member of the Senate shall be 721 designated by the President of the Senate, a member of the House 722 of Representatives shall be designated by the Speaker of the 723 House of Representatives, a representative of the Executive 724 Office of the Governor shall be designated by the Governor, and 725 a circuit judge shall be designated by the Chief Justice of the 726 Supreme Court to serve on the task force. The representative for 727 the Florida Sheriffs Association and the circuit judge shall be 728 designated by the Chief Justice of the Florida Supreme Court and 729 shall serve as co-chairs of the task force. The task force should solicit and receive input from interested parties. 730

731 (2) The task force shall be convened no later than August 732 1, 2003. Staff support for the initial meeting shall be provided by staff of the House Committee on the Future of Florida's 733 734 Families and the Senate Committee on Children and Families. The 735 co-chairs shall facilitate the meetings and make appropriate 736 arrangements for staff support of subsequent meetings and 737 preparation of an implementation plan and report. Expenses 738 associated with task force meetings and work products shall be 739 the responsibility of each member's organization.

740 (3) The task force shall prepare an implementation plan and report that identifies issues and proposed strategies for 741 742 implementation of court-ordered mental health treatment on an 743 outpatient basis. The task force shall also address issues, 744 including, but not limited to, recommendations for an evaluation 745 process to determine the effectiveness of involuntary outpatient 746 placement and proposed technical amendments to the Florida 747 Statutes to improve implementation, if necessary and 748 appropriate. The implementation plan and report must recommend a

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778 purposes; amending s. 394.463, F.S.; revising criteria and 779 procedures for involuntary examination; creating s. 780 394.466, F.S.; setting forth criteria for involuntary 781 outpatient placement; providing contents of a petition for 782 involuntary outpatient placement; specifying procedures 783 for involuntary outpatient placement; providing for 784 persons who may file a petition for involuntary outpatient 785 placement; providing for appointment of counsel; providing 786 for continuance of hearings; providing for a hearing on 787 involuntary outpatient placement; setting forth procedures 788 for the hearing; providing for appointment of a master to 789 preside; providing for an independent examination; 790 requiring a court to order involuntary outpatient 791 placement under certain circumstances; requiring a 792 treatment plan; providing for plan modification; providing 793 for a patient to be brought to a receiving facility upon 794 failure or refusal to comply with the treatment plan; 795 providing for involuntary inpatient placement or 796 involuntary assessment; requiring consideration of a 797 patient's competence to proceed; requiring a list of 798 guardian advocates to be submitted to the court; defining 799 the role of a guardian advocate; providing for discharge of the guardian advocate; requiring certain documentation; 800 801 allowing a person for whom an involuntary outpatient 802 placement petition has been filed to agree to a voluntary 803 treatment agreement; specifying requirements for 804 agreements; providing for modifications; providing for 805 filing of an affidavit of noncompliance with a voluntary 806 treatment plan; requiring a hearing; requiring dismissal

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807 of petitions in certain circumstances; providing 808 procedures for continued involuntary outpatient placement; 809 providing for a continued involuntary outpatient placement 810 certificate; requiring a hearing; requiring appointment of 811 a public defender; requiring hearings; providing for 812 appointment of a special master; amending s. 394.467, 813 F.S.; revising language with respect to involuntary 814 inpatient placement; providing a reference to inpatient 815 and outpatient involuntary placement; providing 816 requirements for placement orders; providing for voluntary 817 treatment agreements; providing a procedure for continued 818 involuntary outpatient placement; establishing the 819 Involuntary Outpatient Placement Implementation Task 820 Force; providing purposes; providing for membership; 821 providing for meetings; requiring the task force to 822 prepare an implementation plan relating to court-ordered 823 mental health outpatient treatment; requiring a report to 824 the Governor, Legislature, and Florida Supreme Court; 825 specifying certain costs or expenses related to 826 implementation and enforcement by the state judiciary as a 827 local requirement; providing for severability; providing 828 an effective date.

829

830 WHEREAS, untreated mental illness is a difficult issue831 confronting every Florida community, and

WHEREAS, there are Floridians with severe mental illnesses
who are prone to relapse, often fail to comply with their
treatment plans, and have repeated hospitalizations and criminal

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835 justice contacts, who are sometimes referred to as "Baker Act 836 recidivists," and

WHEREAS, many states use some form of civil commitment to
compel Baker Act recidivists to undergo treatment on an
involuntary outpatient basis, and

840 WHEREAS, it is the intent of the Legislature to protect 841 public safety and ensure that Baker Act recidivists receive 842 needed mental health services, while preserving the due process 843 rights of individuals with mental illness, and

WHEREAS, implementation and oversight of the involuntary outpatient placement system involves the cooperative efforts and combined resources of the Department of Children and Family Services, the offices of the state attorneys, the offices of the public defenders, the state courts, the clerks of court, and law enforcement, among others, and

850 WHEREAS, the State of Florida is facing numerous unprecedented fiscal challenges, some of which have a direct 851 852 bearing on involuntary outpatient placement, including revenue 853 shortfalls, the transition to state funding of the judicial 854 branch pursuant to Article V Revision 7, consideration of the 855 proper placement of the Mental Health Program Office, and 856 development of strategies to address the staggering growth in 857 Medicaid spending, and

858 WHEREAS, it is the intent of the Legislature to address 859 this issue in a deliberative, thoughtful process which allows 860 consideration of the difficult fiscal issues presented by a 861 statutory process for involuntary outpatient placement and to 862 appoint a task force to make recommendations on the effectuation 863 of court-ordered outpatient mental health treatment in

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864 sufficient time to allow the stakeholders and funding entities 865 to adequately prepare for implementation in fiscal year 2004-866 2005, NOW, THEREFORE,

867