1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to health care; amending s. 3 408.036, F.S.; providing an exemption from 4 certificate-of-need requirements for certain 5 open-heart-surgery programs; providing criteria 6 for qualifying for the exemption; requiring the 7 Agency for Health Care Administration to report to the Legislature; amending s. 466.006, F.S.; 8 9 amending s. 466.004, F.S.; requiring the Council on Dental Hygiene to meet at least 10 twice a year; providing for consideration by 11 12 the Board of Dentistry of rule and policy recommendations of the council; creating s. 13 14 466.055, F.S.; providing for the appointment of an executive director; providing for duties, 15 and board oversight; requiring director to 16 oversee staff; requiring the department to 17 contract for a dental intake officer and 18 19 providing qualifications; requiring certain 20 responsibilities of the officer; requiring the 21 board to establish certain performance 22 parameters for departmental handling of 23 disciplinary cases, and consequences; requiring testing services to report to the board if 24 25 requested; requiring a board spending plan and 26 its content; requiring board spending authority 27 over discretionary budget items; requiring a 28 department report of certain information; 29 providing for a board response; amending s. 30 466.006, F.S.; providing a short title; requiring the Agency for Workforce Innovation 31

to establish a pilot program for delivery of 1 2 certified geriatric specialty nursing 3 education; specifying eligibility requirements 4 for certified nursing assistants to obtain 5 certified geriatric specialty nursing 6 education; specifying requirements for the 7 education of certified nursing assistants to prepare for certification as a certified 8 9 geriatric specialist; creating a Certified Geriatric Specialty Nursing Initiative Steering 10 Committee; providing for the composition of and 11 12 manner of appointment to the Certified Geriatric Specialty Nursing Initiative Steering 13 14 Committee; providing responsibilities of the 15 steering committee; providing for reimbursement 16 for per diem and travel expenses; requiring the 17 Agency for Workforce Innovation to conduct or 18 contract for an evaluation of the pilot program 19 for delivery of certified geriatric specialty nursing education; requiring the evaluation to 20 include recommendations regarding the expansion 21 of the delivery of certified geriatric 22 23 specialty nursing education in nursing homes; requiring the Agency for Workforce Innovation 24 to report to the Governor and Legislature 25 26 regarding the status and evaluation of the 27 pilot program; creating s. 464.0125, F.S.; 28 providing definitions; providing requirements 29 for persons to become certified geriatric specialists; specifying fees; providing for 30 articulation of geriatric specialty nursing 31

coursework and practical nursing coursework; 1 2 providing practice standards and grounds for 3 which certified geriatric specialists may be 4 subject to discipline by the Board of Nursing; 5 creating restrictions on the use of 6 professional nursing titles; prohibiting the 7 use of certain professional titles; providing penalties; authorizing approved nursing 8 9 programs to provide education for the preparation of certified geriatric specialists 10 without further board approval; authorizing 11 12 certified geriatric specialists to supervise the activities of others in nursing home 13 14 facilities according to rules by the Board of 15 Nursing; revising terminology relating to nursing to conform to the certification of 16 17 geriatric specialists; amending s. 381.00315, 18 F.S.; revising requirements for the 19 reactivation of the licenses of specified health care practitioners in the event of 20 21 public health emergency to include certified geriatric specialists; amending s. 400.021, 22 23 F.S.; including services provided by a certified geriatric specialist within the 24 definition of nursing service; amending s. 25 26 400.211, F.S.; revising requirements for 27 persons employed as nursing assistants to conform to the certification of certified 28 29 geriatric specialists; amending s. 400.23, F.S.; specifying that certified geriatric 30 specialists shall be considered licensed 31

1 nursing staff; authorizing licensed practical 2 nurses to supervise the activities of certified 3 geriatric specialists in nursing home 4 facilities according to rules adopted by the 5 Board of Nursing; amending s. 409.908, F.S.; 6 revising the methodology for reimbursement of Medicaid program providers to include services 7 of certified geriatric specialists; amending s. 8 9 458.303, F.S.; revising exceptions to the practice of medicine to include services 10 delegated to a certified geriatric specialist 11 12 under specified circumstances; amending s. 1009.65, F.S.; revising eligibility for the 13 14 Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program to include certified 15 geriatric specialists; amending s. 1009.66, 16 17 F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for the 18 Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program to 19 include certified geriatric specialists; 20 providing an appropriation; amending s. 21 464.201, F.S.; defining terms; amending s. 22 464.202, F.S.; authorizing the Board of Nursing 23 to adopt rules regarding the practice and supervision of certified nursing assistants; 24 25 creating the James and Esther King Center for 26 Universal Research to Eradicate Disease; providing intent and duties; creating an 27 28 advisory council; amending s. 215.5602, F.S.; 29 expanding the long-term goals and funding of the Florida Biomedical Research Program to 30 include the cure of specified diseases; 31

creating the Florida Cancer Research 1 2 Cooperative; providing for a board of 3 directors; providing the cooperative's mission 4 and duties; amending s. 484.0512, F.S.; providing a criminal penalty for failure of a 5 6 seller to refund within a specified time moneys 7 required to be refunded to a purchaser for the return or attempted return of a hearing aid; 8 9 providing a definition; amending s. 456.073, F.S.; providing that a state prisoner must 10 exhaust all available administrative remedies 11 12 before filing a complaint with the Department of Health against a health care practitioner 13 14 who is providing health care services within 15 the Department of Corrections, unless the practitioner poses a serious threat to the 16 17 health or safety of a person who is not a state 18 prisoner; requiring the Department of Health to 19 be notified if a health care practitioner is 20 disciplined or allowed to resign for a 21 practice-related offense; requiring the 22 Division of Medical Quality Assurance of the 23 Department of Health to conduct a study of clinical and academic training requirements of 24 certified optometric practitioners; providing 25 26 for appointment of members; requiring a report to be submitted to the Governor and 27 28 Legislature; amending s. 465.0265, F.S.; 29 providing requirements for the filing of prescriptions by pharmacies that are under 30 31 common ownership or that have a contractual

relationship with one another; specifying 1 2 requirements for exceptions to prescription 3 transfers between certain pharmacies; amending 4 s. 466.006, F.S.; allowing certain dental 5 students to take the examinations required to 6 practice dentistry in this state under 7 specified conditions; providing a prerequisite to licensure of such students; creating s. 8 9 466.0065, F.S.; allowing certain dental students to take regional licensure 10 examinations under specified conditions; 11 12 restricting the applicability of examination results to licensing in other jurisdictions; 13 14 requiring approval by the Board of Dentistry 15 and providing prerequisites to such approval; creating the "Nick Oelrich Gift of Life Act"; 16 17 amending s. 765.512, F.S., relating to anatomical gifts; prohibiting modification of a 18 19 donor's intent; providing that a donor document is legally binding; authorizing specified 20 21 persons to furnish a donor's medical records upon request; amending s. 765.516, F.S.; 22 23 revising procedures by which the terms of an anatomical gift may be amended or the gift may 24 be revoked; amending s. 765.401, F.S.; 25 26 providing additional persons who may be given a 27 proxy for the making of health care decisions; 28 requiring review by the facility's bioethics 29 committee of decisions to withhold or withdraw life-prolonging procedures; requiring 30 documentation of efforts to locate certain 31

proxies; amending s. 641.19, F.S.; providing 1 2 that the term "specialty" does not include the 3 services of a licensed chiropractic physician 4 for purposes of the regulation of managed care; 5 creating s. 466.0065, F.S.; amending s. 6 466.006, F.S.; allowing certain dental students 7 to take the examination required for practicing dentistry in this state; creating s. 466.0065, 8 9 F.S.; allowing certain dental students to take regional licensure examinations under specified 10 conditions; restricting the applicability of 11 12 examination results; requiring approval by the Board of Dentistry and providing prerequisites 13 14 to such approval; providing an appropriation 15 and authorizing a position; creating s. 768.1335, F.S.; providing a short title; 16 17 providing definitions; providing a presumption of non-negligence in the use of emergency 18 19 medical dispatch protocols by an emergency medical dispatcher or the emergency medical 20 21 dispatch agency, its agents, or employees; 22 amending s. 401.111, F.S.; authorizing grants 23 by the Department of Health to emergency medical dispatch agencies; allowing certain 24 dental students to take the examination 25 26 required for practicing dentistry in this 27 state; creating s. 466.0065, F.S.; allowing 28 certain dental students to take regional 29 licensure examinations under specified conditions; restricting the applicability of 30 examination results; requiring approval by the 31

Board of Dentistry and providing prerequisites
to such approval; providing an appropriation
and authorizing a position; amending ss.

381.7353, 381.7355, F.S.; including oral health
care in the Closing the Gap grant program;
providing effective dates.

WHEREAS, emergency medical dispatch programs promote appropriate standards that result in more effective dispatch of emergency services and the saving of lives, and

WHEREAS, the dispatcher is the first responder to a medical emergency when someone dials 911 or calls a medical dispatch agency directly, and dispatchers are being recognized nationally as the true first responders to the emergency scene, and

WHEREAS, an emergency medical dispatcher has an immediate response time during which to offer basic instructions to the caller regardless of the emergency medical services response time and is crucial for the delivery and receipt of information to EMS units, and

 $\label{eq:whereas} \mbox{WHEREAS, an emergency medical dispatch program is a key} \\ \mbox{component of a quality EMS system, and}$

WHEREAS, organizations such as the American Heart
Association (AHA), the American College of Emergency
Physicians (ACEP), the National Association of Emergency
Medical Services Physicians (NAEMSP), the National Institute
of Health (NIH), the National Highway Traffic Safety
Administration (NHTSA), and the American Society of Testing
and Materials (ASTM) have endorsed the development and
adoption of standards for emergency medical dispatch, and

WHEREAS, a properly trained emergency medical dispatcher significantly improves the quality of care provided by an EMS system because the dispatcher is able to identify the level of need of the caller, including resource allocations and response modes, thus enabling more effective and efficient dispatch of limited response resources; identify situations that might require prearrival instructions; gather information to be relayed to the responding crews to help them better manage and respond to the emergency medical situation upon arrival; and obtain information regarding emergency medical scene safety for the patient, bystanders, and responding personnel, and

WHEREAS, many states are now adopting a standard emergency medical dispatch program, and

WHEREAS, the most successful EMS systems are those that have strong field response times coupled with well-trained emergency medical dispatchers, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (t) is added to subsection (3) of section 408.036, Florida Statutes, to read:

408.036 Projects subject to review.--

(3) EXEMPTIONS.--Upon request, the following projects
are subject to exemption from the provisions of subsection
(1):

(t)1. For the provision of adult open-heart services in a hospital located within the boundaries of Palm Beach,

Polk, Martin, St. Lucie, and Indian River Counties if the following conditions are met: The exemption must be based upon objective criteria and address and solve the twin problems of

geographic and temporal access. A hospital shall be exempt from the certificate-of-need review for the establishment of an open-heart-surgery program when the application for exemption submitted under this paragraph complies with the following criteria:

- a. The applicant must certify that it will meet and continuously maintain the minimum licensure requirements adopted by the agency governing adult open-heart programs, including the most current guidelines of the American College of Cardiology and American Heart Association Guidelines for Adult Open Heart Programs.
- b. The applicant must certify that it will maintain sufficient appropriate equipment and health personnel to ensure quality and safety.
- c. The applicant must certify that it will maintain appropriate times of operation and protocols to ensure availability and appropriate referrals in the event of emergencies.
- d. The applicant can demonstrate that it is referring 300 or more patients per year from the hospital, including the emergency room, for cardiac services at a hospital with cardiac services, or that the average wait for transfer for 50 percent or more of the cardiac patients exceeds 4 hours.
- <u>e. The applicant is a general acute care hospital that</u> is in operation for 3 years or more.
- f. The applicant is performing more than 300 diagnostic cardiac catheterization procedures per year, combined inpatient and outpatient.
- g. The applicant's payor mix at a minimum reflects the community average for Medicaid, charity care, and self-pay patients or the applicant must certify that it will provide a

minimum of 5 percent of Medicaid, charity care, and self-pay
to open-heart-surgery patients.

- h. If the applicant fails to meet the established criteria for open-heart programs or fails to reach 300 surgeries per year by the end of its third year of operation, it must show cause why its exemption should not be revoked.
- 2. By December 31, 2004, and annually thereafter, the Agency for Health Care Administration shall submit a report to the Legislature providing information concerning the number of requests for exemption received under this paragraph and the number of exemptions granted or denied.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 466.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

466.004 Board of Dentistry.--

- (2) To advise the board, it is the intent of the Legislature that councils be appointed as specified in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c). The department shall provide administrative support to the councils and shall provide public notice of meetings and agenda of the councils. Councils shall include at least one board member who shall chair the council and shall include nonboard members. All council members shall be appointed by the board chair. Council members shall be appointed for 4-year terms, and all members shall be eligible for reimbursement of expenses in the manner of board members.
- (a) A Council on Dental Hygiene shall be appointed by the board chair and shall include one dental hygienist member of the board, who shall chair the council, one dental member of the board, and three dental hygienists who are actively engaged in the practice of dental hygiene in this state. The council shall meet at the request of the board chair, a

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majority of the members of the board, or the council chair, if the council meets at least twice each year. The council is charged with the responsibility of and shall meet for the purpose of developing rules and policies for recommendation to the board, which the board shall consider, on matters pertaining to that part of dentistry consisting of educational, preventive, or therapeutic dental hygiene services; dental hygiene licensure, discipline, or regulation; and dental hygiene education. Rule and policy recommendations of the council shall be considered by the board at its next regularly scheduled meeting in the same manner it considers rule and policy recommendations from designated subcommittees of the board. Any rule or policy proposed by the board pertaining to the specified part of dentistry defined by this paragraph shall be referred to the council for a recommendation prior to final action by the board. Section 3. Section 466.055, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 466.055 Board of Dentistry Empowerment Act.--(1) If requested by the Board of Dentistry, it shall direct the department whom to appoint as executive director pursuant to the rules of the state personnel system. The committee conducting interviews of candidates for executive director shall consist of the board chairman or his designee and the secretary or his or her designee. A list of final candidates shall be submitted to the board, which shall approve the candidate to be hired. The approval process shall

submitted candidates. The board may reject all the candidates on the submitted list and request that a new list be submitted

include the right of the board to interview the list of

by the interview committee. The executive director shall

perform those duties and responsibilities specific to the

Board of Dentistry and shall exclusively serve the Board of

Dentistry. The board shall monitor the performance of the

executive director, based on established performance standards

and should the board determine, by a majority vote, that the

performance of the executive director is consistently below

the performance standards of the board and thus unacceptable,

the board shall promptly notify the department of its

findings, in writing, and the department shall take

appropriate action to replace the executive director, pursuant
to the state personnel rules.

- (2) The executive director shall be responsible for overseeing the hiring of all other staff members who work directly for the executive director and who perform services for the board.
- (3) The department shall contract for a dental intake officer when requested by the Board of Dentistry in accordance with the state personnel system and qualifications established for such position by the Board of Dentistry. The qualifications for the position shall include a requirement that the candidate be a licensed Florida dentist in good standing.
- (4) The dental intake officer shall be responsible for determining the legal sufficiency of all dental complaints received by the department within 5 working days after the complaint is filed; advising the board regarding dental health regulation issues; and advising field investigators on dental issues related to the complaints to assure that complaints are properly investigated in a timely and efficacious manner.
- (5) The Board of Dentistry, in consultation with the department, shall establish reasonable and comprehensive

performance parameters for the prosecution of disciplinary 1 2 cases by the department. Such parameters shall reflect the 3 quality and quantity of services to be provided to the board, 4 including, but not limited to, the proportion of cases that 5 are successfully prosecuted through final hearing and appeal 6 if such cases involve irremediable harm or injury or the 7 immediate threat of irremediable harm or injury to the 8 patient. The board shall conduct an annual evaluation to 9 determine if the department has met the established performance parameters. A finding by the board that the 10 department has failed to meet established parameters shall 11 12 enable the board, by a majority vote, to instruct the 13 department to retain sufficient outside contractual 14 prosecutorial services pursuant to s. 287.057(3), to fulfill 15 the immediate and forseeable prosecutorial needs of the board. Contract negotiations and vendor selection shall be conducted 16 17 in consultation with the chairman of the board or his designee. Each contract for prosecutorial services shall 18 19 include, at a minimum, the performance parameters developed by 20 the board for its assessment of the department. 21 (6) If requested, a representative of testing services of the Department of Health shall appear before the board, or 22 23 a committee of the board, following the completion of each examination cycle to discuss examination issues. If the board 24 identifies issues to be addressed, testing services shall 25 26 report to the board, as requested at the next board meeting, 27 on its progress in addressing the issues identified by the board. 28 29 (7)(a) In conjunction with each fiscal year budgetary cycle, the department, in consultation with the board, shall 30 31 develop a Board of Dentistry spending plan encompassing

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anticipated revenue of all types along with all anticipated 1 2 operating expenses of the board and associated support 3 services of the department, which shall include all direct and 4 allocated expenses necessary to enable the board to fulfill its responsibilities. All expenditure detail as provided herein shall reflect the methodology and calculations of the department in allocating common expenses among all regulatory 8 boards.

(b) The Board of Dentistry shall have spending authority over discretionary budgetary items, as determined by the department and the board jointly. Discretionary budgetary items shall include the selection of board meeting venue, hotel facilities, and accommodations; travel of board members and necessary staff to all meetings of the board; attendance by board members at meetings and conferences deemed to be important by the board in fulfilling its responsibilities, monitoring performance, and confirming the accuracy of information provided to the board or others which relates to the duties and responsibilities of the board; and an operational contingency. Operational contingency is that portion of cash on hand that exceeds that required for the 5-year spending plan as described in s. 456.005. The operational contingency may be used for a special project by the board in fulfilling its responsibilities if a deficit does not or would not exist for the profession. In exercising its spending authority over discretionary budget items, the board must adhere to all applicable state laws and directives; assure that all meeting locations are accessible to the public and licensees; assure that board meetings are conducted in an effective and efficient manner for the public and licensees; assure that the minimal number of board members or staff

attend any meeting or conference; and assure the maximum use of technology. When requested by the board, the department shall provide timely procurement assistance to facilitate all discretionary expenditures of the board.

- (8)(a) The department shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by November 1 of each year on the effectiveness and efficiency of this section, including:
- 1. The revenues, expenditures, and cash balances for the prior year, and a review of the adequacy of existing revenues;
- 2. The nature and extent of all services provided to the board by the department;
- 3. The total cost allocated by the department for each service provided by the department to the board and the amount and percent by which each cost is appropriate to dentistry's pro-rata share of the total cost of such services provided by the department to all affected boards, councils, and professions;
- 4. The number of licensure examinations taken, the fees collected for licensure examination, and the time from which a candidate for licensure completed the required examination to the time in which the candidate received the results;
- 5. The number of licenses issued, revoked, or suspended;
- 6. The number of disciplinary complaints received, determined to be legally sufficient, investigated, referred to the board's probable cause panel, prosecuted, subject to final board action, and appealed; the number, maximum, and average duration of licenses suspended; the number of licenses

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revoked; the number of cases spanning more than 180,270, and 1 2 365 days from receipt of complaints to submission to the 3 board's probable cause panel; the proportion of cases which were eligible for and the number of cases actually resolved by 4 5 citation; the proportion of cases where probable cause was 6 found; the number of cases were probable cause was found that 7 were not prosecuted or that did not result in stipulated 8 agreements; the number of cases involving stipulated 9 agreements; the number of cases involving stipulated agreements which were changed by the board and the number of 10 cases involving stipulated agreements that were rejected 11 12 without modification by the board; the number of cases taking 13 in excess of 1 year from the date of receipt of a complaint to 14 final board action; the number of cases involving formal 15 hearings; the status of all cases appealed; the number of cases where licensure suspension or revocation was stayed 16 17 pending appeal; the number of emergency suspension orders issued; the average and maximum range of costs of complaint 18 19 investigations and prosecutions; and the amount of fines and 20 expenses collected by type of cases prosecuted; 21

- 7. The status of the development and implementation of rules providing for disciplinary guidelines pursuant to s. 456.079; and
- 8. Such recommendations for administrative and statutory changes necessary to facilitate efficient and cost-effective operation of the board and the department.
- (b) The department shall include in the report any statement, comment, suggestion, recommendation, or objection made by the board in response to the report.
- Section 4. This act may be cited as the "Clara Ramsey Care of the Elderly Act."

Section 5. <u>Certified Geriatric Specialist Preparation</u>

<u>Pilot Program.--</u>

- establish a pilot program for delivery of geriatric nursing education to certified nursing assistants who wish to become certified geriatric specialists. The agency shall select two pilot sites in nursing homes that have received the Gold Seal designation under section 400.235, Florida Statutes; have been designated as a teaching nursing home under section 430.80, Florida Statutes; or have not received a class I or class II deficiency within the 30 months preceding application for this program.
- (2) To be eligible to receive geriatric nursing education, a certified nursing assistant must have been employed by a participating nursing home for at least 1 year and have received a high school diploma or its equivalent.
- (3) The education shall be provided at the worksite and in coordination with the certified nursing assistant's work schedule.
- (4) Faculty shall provide the instruction under an approved nursing program pursuant to section 464.019, Florida Statutes.
- (5) The education shall prepare the certified nursing assistant to meet the requirements for certification as a geriatric specialist. The didactic and clinical education shall include all portions of the practical nursing curriculum pursuant to section 464.019, Florida Statutes, except for pediatric and obstetric/maternal-child education, and shall include additional education in the care of ill, injured, or infirm geriatric patients and the maintenance of health, the

1	prevention of injury, and the provision of palliative care for
2	geriatric patients.
3	Section 6. Certified Geriatric Specialty Nursing
4	Initiative Steering Committee
5	(1) In order to guide the implementation of the
6	Certified Geriatric Specialist Preparation Pilot Program,
7	there is created a Certified Geriatric Specialty Nursing
8	Initiative Steering Committee. The steering committee shall be
9	composed of the following members:
10	(a) The chair of the Board of Nursing or his or her
11	designee;
12	(b) A representative of the Agency for Workforce
13	Innovation, appointed by the Director of Workforce Innovation;
14	(c) A representative of Workforce Florida, Inc.,
15	appointed by the chair of the Board of Directors of Workforce
16	Florida, Inc.;
17	(d) A representative of the Department of Education,
18	appointed by the Secretary of Education;
19	(e) A representative of the Agency for Health Care
20	Administration, appointed by the Secretary of Health Care
21	Administration;
22	(f) The Director of the Florida Center for Nursing;
23	<u>and</u>
24	(g) A representative of a Gold Seal nursing home that
25	is not one of the pilot program sites, appointed by the
26	Secretary of Health Care Administration.
27	(2) The steering committee shall:
28	(a) Provide consultation and guidance to the Agency
29	for Workforce Innovation on matters of policy during the
30	implementation of the pilot program; and
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(b) Provide oversight to the evaluation of the pilot
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   program.
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          (3) Members of the steering committee are entitled to
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   reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses under section
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    112.061, Florida Statutes.
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          (4) The steering committee shall complete its
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    activities by June 30, 2006, and the authorization for the
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    steering committee ends on that date.
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           Section 7. Evaluation of the Certified Geriatric
    Specialist Preparation Pilot Program. -- The Agency for
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    Workforce Innovation, in consultation with the Certified
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    Geriatric Specialty Nursing Initiative Steering Committee,
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    shall conduct, or contract for an evaluation of the pilot
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   program. The agency shall ensure that an evaluation report is
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    submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and
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    the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1,
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    2006. The evaluation must address the experience and success
    of the certified nursing assistants in the pilot program and
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   must contain recommendations regarding the expansion of the
20
    delivery of geriatric nursing education in nursing homes.
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           Section 8. Reports. -- The Agency for Workforce
    Innovation shall submit status reports and recommendations
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    regarding legislation necessary to further the implementation
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    of the pilot program to the Governor, the President of the
    Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on
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    January 1, 2004, January 1, 2005, and January 1, 2006.
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           Section 9. Section 464.0125, Florida Statutes, is
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    created to read:
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           464.0125 Certified geriatric specialists;
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    certification requirements. --
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          (1) DEFINITIONS; RESPONSIBILITIES. --
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- (a) As used in this section, the term:
- 1. "Certified geriatric specialist" means a person who meets the qualifications specified in this section and who is certified by the board to practice as a certified geriatric specialist.
- 2. "Geriatric patient" means any patient who is 60 years of age or older.
- "Practice of certified geriatric specialty nursing" means the performance of selected acts in facilities licensed under part II or part III of chapter 400, including the administration of treatments and medications, in the care of ill, injured, or infirm geriatric patients and the promotion of wellness, maintenance of health, and prevention of illness of geriatric patients under the direction of a registered nurse, a licensed physician, a licensed osteopathic physician, a licensed podiatric physician, or a licensed dentist. The scope of practice of a certified geriatric specialist includes the practice of practical nursing as defined in s. 464.003 for geriatric patients only, except for any act in which instruction and clinical knowledge of pediatric nursing or obstetric/maternal-child nursing is required. A certified geriatric specialist, while providing nursing services in facilities licensed under part II or part III of chapter 400, may supervise the activities of certified nursing assistants and other unlicensed personnel providing services in such facilities in accordance with rules adopted by the board.
- (b) The certified geriatric specialist shall be responsible and accountable for making decisions that are based upon the individual's educational preparation and experience in performing certified geriatric specialty nursing.

(2) CERTIFICATION. --

- (a) Any certified nursing assistant desiring to be certified as a certified geriatric specialist shall apply to the department and submit proof that he or she holds a current certificate as a certified nursing assistant under this part and has satisfactorily completed the following requirements:
- 1. Is in good mental and physical health, is a recipient of a high school diploma or its equivalent and has completed the requirements for graduation from an approved program for nursing or its equivalent, as determined by the board, for the preparation of licensed practical nurses, except for instruction and clinical knowledge of pediatric nursing or obstetric/maternal-child nursing. Any program that is approved on July 1, 2003, by the board for the preparation of registered nurses or licensed practical nurses may provide education for the preparation of certified geriatric specialists without further board approval.
- 2. Has the ability to communicate in the English language, which may be determined by an examination given by the department.
- 3. Has provided sufficient information, which must be submitted by the department for a statewide criminal records correspondence check through the Department of Law Enforcement.
- (b) Each applicant who meets the requirements of this subsection shall, unless denied pursuant to s. 464.018, be entitled to certification as a certified geriatric specialist. The board shall certify, and the department shall issue a certificate to practice as a certified geriatric specialist to, any certified nursing assistant meeting the qualifications in this section. The board shall establish an application fee

not to exceed \$100 and a biennial renewal fee not to exceed \$50. The board may adopt rules to administer this section.

- (c) A person receiving certification under this section shall:
- 1. Work only within the confines of a facility licensed under part II or part III of chapter 400.
 - 2. Care for geriatric patients only.
- 3. Comply with the minimum standards of practice for nurses and be subject to disciplinary action for violations of s. 464.018.
- (3) ARTICULATION.--Any certified geriatric specialist who completes the additional instruction and coursework in an approved nursing program pursuant to s. 464.019 for the preparation of practical nursing in the areas of pediatric nursing and obstetric/maternal-child nursing shall, unless denied pursuant to s. 464.018, be entitled to licensure as a licensed practical nurse if the applicant otherwise meets the requirements of s. 464.008.
- <u>(4) TITLES AND ABBREVIATIONS; RESTRICTIONS;</u> PENALTIES.--
- (a) Only persons who hold certificates to practice as certified geriatric specialists in this state or who are performing services within the practice of certified geriatric specialty nursing pursuant to the exception set forth in s. 464.022(8) shall have the right to use the title "Certified Geriatric Specialist" and the abbreviation "C.G.S."
- (b) No person shall practice or advertise as, or assume the title of, certified geriatric specialist or use the abbreviation "C.G.S." or take any other action that would lead the public to believe that person was certified as such or is performing services within the practice of certified geriatric

specialty nursing pursuant to the exception set forth in s. 464.022(8), unless that person is certified to practice as such.

- (c) A violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (5) VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES.--Practicing certified geriatric specialty nursing, as defined in this section, without holding an active certificate to do so constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 381.00315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.00315 Public health advisories; public health emergencies.—The State Health Officer is responsible for declaring public health emergencies and issuing public health advisories.

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Public health emergency" means any occurrence, or threat thereof, whether natural or man made, which results or may result in substantial injury or harm to the public health from infectious disease, chemical agents, nuclear agents, biological toxins, or situations involving mass casualties or natural disasters. Prior to declaring a public health emergency, the State Health Officer shall, to the extent possible, consult with the Governor and shall notify the Chief of Domestic Security Initiatives as created in s. 943.03. The declaration of a public health emergency shall continue until the State Health Officer finds that the threat or danger has been dealt with to the extent that the emergency conditions no longer exist and he or she terminates the declaration.

However, a declaration of a public health emergency may not continue for longer than 60 days unless the Governor concurs in the renewal of the declaration. The State Health Officer, upon declaration of a public health emergency, may take actions that are necessary to protect the public health. Such actions include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Directing manufacturers of prescription drugs or over-the-counter drugs who are permitted under chapter 499 and wholesalers of prescription drugs located in this state who are permitted under chapter 499 to give priority to the shipping of specified drugs to pharmacies and health care providers within geographic areas that have been identified by the State Health Officer. The State Health Officer must identify the drugs to be shipped. Manufacturers and wholesalers located in the state must respond to the State Health Officer's priority shipping directive before shipping the specified drugs.
- 2. Notwithstanding chapters 465 and 499 and rules adopted thereunder, directing pharmacists employed by the department to compound bulk prescription drugs and provide these bulk prescription drugs to physicians and nurses of county health departments or any qualified person authorized by the State Health Officer for administration to persons as part of a prophylactic or treatment regimen.
- 3. Notwithstanding s. 456.036, temporarily reactivating the inactive license of the following health care practitioners, when such practitioners are needed to respond to the public health emergency: physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; physician assistants licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; certified geriatric specialists certified under part I of chapter 464; licensed

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practical nurses, registered nurses, and advanced registered nurse practitioners licensed under part I of chapter 464; respiratory therapists licensed under part V of chapter 468; and emergency medical technicians and paramedics certified under part III of chapter 401. Only those health care practitioners specified in this paragraph who possess an unencumbered inactive license and who request that such license be reactivated are eligible for reactivation. An inactive license that is reactivated under this paragraph shall return to inactive status when the public health emergency ends or prior to the end of the public health emergency if the State Health Officer determines that the health care practitioner is no longer needed to provide services during the public health emergency. Such licenses may only be reactivated for a period not to exceed 90 days without meeting the requirements of s. 456.036 or chapter 401, as applicable.

- 4. Ordering an individual to be examined, tested, vaccinated, treated, or quarantined for communicable diseases that have significant morbidity or mortality and present a severe danger to public health. Individuals who are unable or unwilling to be examined, tested, vaccinated, or treated for reasons of health, religion, or conscience may be subjected to quarantine.
- a. Examination, testing, vaccination, or treatment may be performed by any qualified person authorized by the State Health Officer.
- b. If the individual poses a danger to the public health, the State Health Officer may subject the individual to quarantine. If there is no practical method to quarantine the

individual, the State Health Officer may use any means necessary to vaccinate or treat the individual. 2 3 4 Any order of the State Health Officer given to effectuate this 5 paragraph shall be immediately enforceable by a law 6 enforcement officer under s. 381.0012. 7 Section 11. Subsection (14) of section 400.021, 8 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 400.021 Definitions.--When used in this part, unless the context otherwise requires, the term: 10 (14) "Nursing service" means such services or acts as 11 12 may be rendered, directly or indirectly, to and in behalf of a 13 person by individuals as defined in ss.s.464.003 and 14 464.0125. 15 Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 400.211, Florida 16 Statutes, is amended to read: 17 400.211 Persons employed as nursing assistants; 18 certification requirement .--19 (1) To serve as a nursing assistant in any nursing 20 home, a person must be certified as a nursing assistant under part II of chapter 464, unless the person is a registered 21 nurse, a or practical nurse, or a certified geriatric 22 23 specialist certified or licensed in accordance with part I of chapter 464 or an applicant for such licensure who is 24 permitted to practice nursing in accordance with rules adopted 25 26 by the Board of Nursing pursuant to part I of chapter 464. 27 Section 13. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (3) of section 400.23, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 28 29 400.23 Rules; evaluation and deficiencies; licensure 30 status.--31

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(3)(a) The agency shall adopt rules providing for the minimum staffing requirements for nursing homes. These requirements shall include, for each nursing home facility, a minimum certified nursing assistant staffing of 2.3 hours of direct care per resident per day beginning January 1, 2002, increasing to 2.6 hours of direct care per resident per day beginning January 1, 2003, and increasing to 2.9 hours of direct care per resident per day beginning January 1, 2004. Beginning January 1, 2002, no facility shall staff below one certified nursing assistant per 20 residents, and a minimum licensed nursing staffing of 1.0 hour of direct resident care per resident per day but never below one licensed nurse per 40 residents. For purposes of computing nursing staffing minimums and ratios, certified geriatric specialists shall be considered licensed nursing staff. Nursing assistants employed under s. 400.211(2) may be included in computing the staffing ratio for certified nursing assistants only if they provide nursing assistance services to residents on a full-time basis. Each nursing home must document compliance with staffing standards as required under this paragraph and post daily the names of staff on duty for the benefit of facility residents and the public. The agency shall recognize the use of licensed nurses for compliance with minimum staffing requirements for certified nursing assistants, provided that the facility otherwise meets the minimum staffing requirements for licensed nurses and that the licensed nurses so recognized are performing the duties of a certified nursing assistant. Unless otherwise approved by the agency, licensed nurses counted towards the minimum staffing requirements for certified nursing assistants must exclusively perform the duties of a certified nursing assistant for the entire shift and shall not

also be counted towards the minimum staffing requirements for licensed nurses. If the agency approved a facility's request to use a licensed nurse to perform both licensed nursing and certified nursing assistant duties, the facility must allocate the amount of staff time specifically spent on certified nursing assistant duties for the purpose of documenting compliance with minimum staffing requirements for certified and licensed nursing staff. In no event may the hours of a licensed nurse with dual job responsibilities be counted twice.

(c) Licensed practical nurses licensed under chapter 464 who are providing nursing services in nursing home facilities under this part may supervise the activities of other licensed practical nurses, certified geriatric specialists, certified nursing assistants, and other unlicensed personnel providing services in such facilities in accordance with rules adopted by the Board of Nursing.

Section 14. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.--Subject to specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost report

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would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and full payment at the recalculated rate shall be affected retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

(2)

- (b) Subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, the agency shall establish and implement a Florida Title XIX Long-Term Care Reimbursement Plan (Medicaid) for nursing home care in order to provide care and services in conformance with the applicable state and federal laws, rules, regulations, and quality and safety standards and to ensure that individuals eligible for medical assistance have reasonable geographic access to such care.
- 1. Changes of ownership or of licensed operator do not qualify for increases in reimbursement rates associated with the change of ownership or of licensed operator. The agency shall amend the Title XIX Long Term Care Reimbursement Plan to

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provide that the initial nursing home reimbursement rates, for the operating, patient care, and MAR components, associated with related and unrelated party changes of ownership or licensed operator filed on or after September 1, 2001, are equivalent to the previous owner's reimbursement rate.

- The agency shall amend the long-term care reimbursement plan and cost reporting system to create direct care and indirect care subcomponents of the patient care component of the per diem rate. These two subcomponents together shall equal the patient care component of the per diem rate. Separate cost-based ceilings shall be calculated for each patient care subcomponent. The direct care subcomponent of the per diem rate shall be limited by the cost-based class ceiling, and the indirect care subcomponent shall be limited by the lower of the cost-based class ceiling, by the target rate class ceiling, or by the individual provider target. The agency shall adjust the patient care component effective January 1, 2002. The cost to adjust the direct care subcomponent shall be net of the total funds previously allocated for the case mix add-on. The agency shall make the required changes to the nursing home cost reporting forms to implement this requirement effective January 1, 2002.
- 3. The direct care subcomponent shall include salaries and benefits of direct care staff providing nursing services including registered nurses, licensed practical nurses, certified geriatric specialists, certified under part I of chapter 464, and certified nursing assistants who deliver care directly to residents in the nursing home facility. This excludes nursing administration, MDS, and care plan coordinators, staff development, and staffing coordinator.

- 4. All other patient care costs shall be included in the indirect care cost subcomponent of the patient care per diem rate. There shall be no costs directly or indirectly allocated to the direct care subcomponent from a home office or management company.
- 5. On July 1 of each year, the agency shall report to the Legislature direct and indirect care costs, including average direct and indirect care costs per resident per facility and direct care and indirect care salaries and benefits per category of staff member per facility.
- 6. In order to offset the cost of general and professional liability insurance, the agency shall amend the plan to allow for interim rate adjustments to reflect increases in the cost of general or professional liability insurance for nursing homes. This provision shall be implemented to the extent existing appropriations are available.
- It is the intent of the Legislature that the reimbursement plan achieve the goal of providing access to health care for nursing home residents who require large amounts of care while encouraging diversion services as an alternative to nursing home care for residents who can be served within the community. The agency shall base the establishment of any maximum rate of payment, whether overall or component, on the available moneys as provided for in the General Appropriations Act. The agency may base the maximum rate of payment on the results of scientifically valid analysis and conclusions derived from objective statistical data pertinent to the particular maximum rate of payment.

Section 15. Subsection (2) of section 458.303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.303 Provisions not applicable to other practitioners; exceptions, etc.--

(2) Nothing in s. 458.301, s. 458.303, s. 458.305, s. 458.307, s. 458.309, s. 458.311, s. 458.313, s. 458.319, s. 458.321, s. 458.327, s. 458.329, s. 458.331, s. 458.337, s. 458.339, s. 458.341, s. 458.343, s. 458.345, or s. 458.347 shall be construed to prohibit any service rendered by a registered nurse, or a licensed practical nurse, or a certified geriatric specialist certified under part I of chapter 464, if such service is rendered under the direct supervision and control of a licensed physician who provides specific direction for any service to be performed and gives final approval to all services performed. Further, nothing in this or any other chapter shall be construed to prohibit any service rendered by a medical assistant in accordance with the provisions of s. 458.3485.

Section 16. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1009.65, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1009.65 Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program.--

(1) To encourage qualified medical professionals to practice in underserved locations where there are shortages of such personnel, there is established the Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program. The function of the program is to make payments that offset loans and educational expenses incurred by students for studies leading to a medical or nursing degree, medical or nursing licensure, or advanced registered nurse practitioner certification or physician

assistant licensure. The following licensed or certified health care professionals are eligible to participate in this program: medical doctors with primary care specialties, doctors of osteopathic medicine with primary care specialties, physician's assistants, certified geriatric specialists certified under part I of chapter 464, licensed practical nurses and registered nurses, and advanced registered nurse practitioners with primary care specialties such as certified nurse midwives. Primary care medical specialties for physicians include obstetrics, gynecology, general and family practice, internal medicine, pediatrics, and other specialties which may be identified by the Department of Health.

- (2) From the funds available, the Department of Health shall make payments to selected medical professionals as follows:
- (a) Up to \$4,000 per year for certified geriatric specialists certified under part I of chapter 464, licensed practical nurses, and registered nurses, up to \$10,000 per year for advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician's assistants, and up to \$20,000 per year for physicians. Penalties for noncompliance shall be the same as those in the National Health Services Corps Loan Repayment Program. Educational expenses include costs for tuition, matriculation, registration, books, laboratory and other fees, other educational costs, and reasonable living expenses as determined by the Department of Health.

Section 17. Subsection (2) of section 1009.66, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.66 Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program. --

(2) To be eligible, a candidate must have graduated from an accredited or approved nursing program and have

received a Florida license as a licensed practical nurse, a certified geriatric specialist certified under part I of chapter 464, or a registered nurse or a Florida certificate as an advanced registered nurse practitioner.

Section 18. The sum of \$157,017 is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Agency for Workforce

Innovation to support the work of the Certified Geriatric

Specialty Nursing Initiative Steering Committee, to administer the pilot sites, contract for an evaluation, and to provide, if necessary, nursing faculty, substitute certified nursing assistants for those who are in clinical education, and technical support to the pilot sites during the 2003-2004 fiscal year.

Section 19. Subsection (6) is added to section 464.201, Florida Statutes, to read:

464.201 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term:

(6) "Practice of a certified nursing assistant" means providing care and assisting persons with tasks relating to the activities of daily living. Such tasks are those associated with personal care, maintaining mobility, nutrition and hydration, toileting and elimination, assistive devices, safety and cleanliness, data gathering, reporting abnormal signs and symptoms, post mortem care, patient socialization and reality orientation, end-of-life care, CPR and emergency care, residents' or patients' rights, documentation of nursing assistant services, and other tasks that a certified nurse assistant may perform after training beyond that required for initial certification and upon validation of competence in that skill by a registered nurse. This section does not restrict the ability of any person who is otherwise trained and educated from performing such tasks.

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Section 20. Section 464.202, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.202 Duties and powers of the board. -- The board shall maintain, or contract with or approve another entity to maintain, a state registry of certified nursing assistants. The registry must consist of the name of each certified nursing assistant in this state; other identifying information defined by board rule; certification status; the effective date of certification; other information required by state or federal law; information regarding any crime or any abuse, neglect, or exploitation as provided under chapter 435; and any disciplinary action taken against the certified nursing assistant. The registry shall be accessible to the public, the certificateholder, employers, and other state agencies. The board shall adopt by rule testing procedures for use in certifying nursing assistants and shall adopt rules regulating the practice of certified nursing assistants which specify the scope of practice authorized and level of supervision required for the practice of certified nursing assistants to enforce this part. The board may contract with or approve another entity or organization to provide the examination services, including the development and administration of examinations. The board shall require that the contract provider offer certified nursing assistant applications via the Internet, and may require the contract provider to accept certified nursing assistant applications for processing via the Internet. board shall require the contract provider to provide the preliminary results of the certified nursing examination on the date the test is administered. The provider shall pay all reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the board in evaluating the provider's application and performance during

the delivery of services, including examination services and procedures for maintaining the certified nursing assistant registry.

Section 21. <u>James and Esther King Center for Universal</u> Research to Eradicate Disease.--

- million Americans suffer from acute, chronic, and degenerative diseases and that biomedical research is the key to finding cures for these diseases that negatively affect all Floridians. The Legislature further finds that, while there is much research being conducted throughout this state and throughout the world, there is a lack of coordination of efforts among researchers. The Legislature, therefore, finds that there is a significant need for a coordinated effort if the goal of curing disease is to be achieved. Moreover, the Legislature finds that the biomedical technology sector meets the criteria of a high-impact sector, pursuant to section 288.108, Florida Statutes, having a high importance to this state's economy with a significant potential for growth and contribution to our universities and quality of life.
- strive to become the nation's leader in biomedical research and commit itself to being the state to find cures for the most deadly and widespread diseases. It is further the intent of the Legislature that there be a coordinated effort among the state's public and private universities and the biomedical industry to discover such cures. Moreover, it is the intent of the Legislature to expand the state economy by attracting biomedical researchers and research companies to this state.

- (3) There is established the James and Esther King Center for Universal Research to Eradicate Disease, which shall be known as the "CURED."
- (a) The purpose of the center is to coordinate, improve, expand, and monitor all biomedical research programs within the state, facilitate funding opportunities, and foster improved technology transfer of research findings into clinical trials and widespread public use.
- (b) The goal of the center is to find cures for diseases such as cancer, heart disease, lung disease, diabetes, and neurological disorders, including Alzheimer's disease, epilepsy, and Parkinson's disease.
- (c) The center shall hold an annual biomedical technology summit in Florida to which biomedical researchers, biomedical technology companies, business incubators, pharmaceutical manufacturers, and others around the nation and world are invited to share biomedical research findings in order to expedite the discovery of cures. Summit attendees will be required to cover the costs of such attendance or obtain sponsorship for such attendance.
- (d) The center shall encourage clinical trials in this state on research that holds promise of curing a disease or condition. The center shall facilitate partnerships between researchers, treating physicians, and community hospitals for the purpose of sharing new techniques and new research findings, as well as coordinating voluntary donations to ensure an adequate supply of adult stem cells or cord blood.
- (e) The center shall also encourage the discovery and production in Florida of vaccines that prevent disease.
- (f) The center shall monitor the supply and demand needs of researchers relating to stem cell research and other

types of human tissue research. If the center determines that there is a need for increased donation of human tissue, it shall notify hospitals licensed pursuant to chapter 395, Florida Statutes, that have entered into partnership agreements with research institutes conducting stem cell research located in the same geographic region as the researchers demanding the stem cells or other tissues. Such hospitals shall then implement programs that encourage voluntary donations of cord blood or other needed adult tissue.

- (g) The center shall be funded through private, state, and federal sources.
- (h) The center shall serve as a registry of all known biomedical grant opportunities and may assist any public or private biomedical research program in this state in preparing grant requests.
- (i) The center shall maintain a website with links to peer-reviewed biomedical research. The website shall also contain a list of all known biomedical research being conducted in Florida and shall facilitate communication among researchers and other interested parties.
- (j) The center shall submit an annual report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than January 15 which contains recommendations for legislative change necessary to foster a positive climate for biomedical research in this state.
- (k) The duties of the center may be outsourced by the Department of Health to a private entity or state university.
- (4) There is established within the center an advisory council which shall meet at least annually.

1	(a) The council shall consist of the members of the
2	board of directors of the Florida Research Consortium and at
3	least one representative from:
4	1. The Emerging Technology Commission.
5	2. Enterprise Florida, Inc.
6	3. BioFlorida.
7	4. The Florida Biomedical Research Advisory Council.
8	5. The Florida Medical Foundation.
9	6. Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers of
LO	America.
L1	(b) Members of the council shall serve without
L2	compensation and each organization represented shall cover all
L3	expenses of its representative.
L4	Section 22. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1),
L5	subsection (2), and paragraph (f) of subsection (10) of
L6	section 215.5602, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
L7	215.5602 Florida Biomedical Research Program
L8	(1) There is established within the Department of
L9	Health the Florida Biomedical Research Program funded by the
20	proceeds of the Lawton Chiles Endowment Fund pursuant to s.
21	215.5601. The purpose of the Florida Biomedical Research
22	Program is to provide an annual and perpetual source of
23	funding in order to support research initiatives that address
24	the health care problems of Floridians in the areas of
25	tobacco-related cancer, cardiovascular disease, stroke, and
26	pulmonary disease. The long-term goals of the program are to:
27	(a) Improve the health of Floridians by researching
28	better prevention, diagnoses, and treatments, and cures for
29	cancer, cardiovascular disease, stroke, and pulmonary disease.
30	(b) Expand the foundation of biomedical knowledge
31	relating to the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment, and cure

of diseases related to tobacco use, including cancer, cardiovascular disease, stroke, and pulmonary disease.

- Research Program shall be used exclusively for the award of grants and fellowships as established in this section; for research relating to the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment, and cure of diseases related to tobacco use, including cancer, cardiovascular disease, stroke, and pulmonary disease; and for expenses incurred in the administration of this section.

 Priority shall be granted to research designed to prevent or cure disease.
- (10) The council shall submit an annual progress report on the state of biomedical research in this state to the Governor, the Secretary of Health, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 1. The report must include:
- (f) Progress in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment, and cure of diseases related to tobacco use, including cancer, cardiovascular disease, stroke, and pulmonary disease.

Section 23. Florida Cancer Research Cooperative .--

- (1) Effective July 1, 2003, the Florida Cancer

 Research Cooperative is established for the purpose of making
 the State of Florida a world class center for cancer research.
- (2)(a) A not-for-profit corporation, acting as an instrumentality of the Florida Dialogue on Cancer, shall be organized for the purpose of governing the affairs of the cooperative.
- (b) The Florida Cancer Research Cooperative, Inc., may create not-for-profit corporate subsidiaries to fulfill its mission. The not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries

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are authorized to receive, hold, invest, and administer
property and any moneys acquired from private, local, state,
and federal sources, as well as technical and professional
income generated or derived from the mission-related
activities of the cooperative.

- (c) The affairs of the not-for-profit corporation shall be managed by a board of directors which shall consist of:
- 1. The Secretary of the Department of Health or his or her designee;
- 2. The Chief Executive Officer of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center or his or her designee;
- 3. The President of the University of Florida Shands Cancer Center or his or her designee;
- 4. The Chief Executive Officer of the University of Miami Sylvester Comprehensive Cancer Center or his or her designee;
- 5. The Chief Executive Officer of the Mayo Clinic, Jacksonville or his or her designee;
- 6. The Chief Executive Officer of the American Cancer Society, Florida Division or his or her designee;
- 7. The President of the American Cancer Society,
 Florida Division Board of Directors or his or her designee;
- 8. The President of the Florida Society of Clinical Oncology or his or her designee;
- 9. The Chief Executive Officer of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or his or her designee;
- 10. Three representatives from large Florida hospitals or institutions, not delineated in subparagraphs 1. through 6., that treat a large volume of cancer patients. One shall be appointed by the Governor, one shall be appointed by the

Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one shall be appointed by the President of the Senate;

- 11. Three representatives from community-based, statewide organizations serving populations that experience cancer disparities, one of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one of whom shall be appointed by the President of the Senate;
- 12. One member of the Florida House of

 Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House
 of Representatives;
- 13. One member of the Florida Senate, to be appointed by the President of the Senate;
- 14. Three university presidents, one of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one of whom shall be appointed by the President of the Senate; and
- 15. Five representatives from other statewide public health organizations whose missions include public education and the eradication of cancer, three of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one of whom shall be appointed by the President of the Senate.
- (d) Appointments made by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate pursuant to paragraph (c) shall be for 2-year terms, concurrent with the bienniums in which they serve as presiding officers.
- (e) Appointments made by the Governor pursuant to paragraph (c) shall be for 2-year terms, although the Governor may reappoint directors.

1	(f) Members of the board of directors of the
2	not-for-profit corporation or any subsidiaries shall serve
3	without compensation.
4	(3) The cooperative shall issue an annual report to
5	the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and
6	the President of the Senate, by December 15 of each year, with
7	policy and funding recommendations regarding cancer research
8	capacity in Florida and related issues.
9	Section 24. Florida Cancer Research Cooperative;
10	mission and duties
11	(1) The cooperative shall develop and centralize the
12	processes and shared services for expanding cancer research in
13	Florida through:
14	(a) Support through bioinformatics, in order to create
15	a cancer informatics infrastructure that enhances information
16	and resource exchange and integration through researchers
17	working in diverse disciplines to facilitate the full spectrum
18	of cancer investigations;
19	(b) Technical coordination, business development, and
20	support of intellectual property;
21	(c) Development of a statewide cancer clinical trials
22	network as contemplated in section 1; and
23	(d) Other multidisciplinary research support
24	activities.
25	(2) The cooperative shall work in concert with the
26	Center for Universal Research to Eradicate Disease created in
27	section 1 to ensure that the goals of the center are advanced.
28	Section 25. Section 484.0512, Florida Statutes, is
29	amended to read:
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484.0512 <u>Thirty-day</u> trial period; <u>purchaser's right to cancel; notice; refund; cancellation fee; criminal penalty procedures.--</u>

- (1) A person selling a hearing aid in this state must provide the buyer with written notice of a 30-day trial period and money-back guarantee. The guarantee must permit the purchaser to cancel the purchase for a valid reason as defined by rule of the board within 30 days after receiving the hearing aid, by returning the hearing aid or mailing written notice of cancellation to the seller. If the hearing aid must be repaired, remade, or adjusted during the 30-day trial period, the running of the 30-day trial period is suspended 1 day for each 24-hour period that the hearing aid is not in the purchaser's possession. A repaired, remade, or adjusted hearing aid must be claimed by the purchaser within 3 working days after notification of availability. The running of the 30-day trial period resumes on the day the purchaser reclaims the repaired, remade, or adjusted hearing aid or on the fourth day after notification of availability.
- Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology, shall prescribe by rule the terms and conditions to be contained in the money-back guarantee and any exceptions thereto. Such rule shall provide, at a minimum, that the charges for earmolds and service provided to fit the hearing aid may be retained by the licensee. The rules shall also set forth any reasonable charges to be held by the licensee as a cancellation fee. Such rule shall be effective on or before December 1, 1994. Should the board fail to adopt such rule, a licensee may not charge a cancellation fee which exceeds 5 percent of the total charge for a hearing aid alone. The terms and conditions of the

guarantee, including the total amount available for refund, shall be provided in writing to the purchaser prior to the signing of the contract.

- (3) Within 30 days after the return or attempted return of the hearing aid, the seller shall refund all moneys that must be refunded to a purchaser pursuant to this section.

 A violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (4) For purposes of this section, the term "seller" or "person selling a hearing aid" includes:
- (a) Any natural person licensed under this part or any other natural person who signs a sales receipt required by s. 484.051(2) or s. 468.1245(2) or who otherwise fits, delivers, or dispenses a hearing aid.
- (b) Any business organization, whether a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, professional association, joint venture, business trust, or other legal entity, which dispenses a hearing aid or enters into an agreement to dispense a hearing aid.
- (c) Any person who controls, manages, or operates an establishment or business that dispenses a hearing aid or enters into an agreement to dispense a hearing aid.

Section 26. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (1) of section 456.073, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 456.073 Disciplinary proceedings.--Disciplinary proceedings for each board shall be within the jurisdiction of the department.
- (1) The department, for the boards under its jurisdiction, shall cause to be investigated any complaint that is filed before it if the complaint is in writing, signed

by the complainant, and legally sufficient. A complaint filed 2 by a state prisoner against a health care practitioner 3 employed by or otherwise providing health care services within 4 a facility of the Department of Corrections is not legally 5 sufficient unless there is a showing that the prisoner 6 complainant has exhausted all available administrative 7 remedies within the state correctional system before filing 8 the complaint. However, if the department determines after a 9 preliminary inquiry of a state prisoner's complaint, that the 10 practitioner may present a serious threat to the health and safety of any individual who is not a state prisoner, the 11 12 department may determine legal sufficiency and proceed with 13 discipline. The Department of Health shall be notified within 14 15 days whenever the Department of Corrections disciplines or 15 allows a health care practitioner to resign for an offense related to the practice of his or her profession. A complaint 16 17 is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts that show that a violation of this chapter, of any of the practice acts 18 19 relating to the professions regulated by the department, or of 20 any rule adopted by the department or a regulatory board in the department has occurred. In order to determine legal 21 sufficiency, the department may require supporting information 22 23 or documentation. The department may investigate, and the department or the appropriate board may take appropriate final 24 action on, a complaint even though the original complainant 25 26 withdraws it or otherwise indicates a desire not to cause the 27 complaint to be investigated or prosecuted to completion. The department may investigate an anonymous complaint if the 28 29 complaint is in writing and is legally sufficient, if the alleged violation of law or rules is substantial, and if the 30 department has reason to believe, after preliminary inquiry, 31

that the violations alleged in the complaint are true. The 2 department may investigate a complaint made by a confidential 3 informant if the complaint is legally sufficient, if the 4 alleged violation of law or rule is substantial, and if the department has reason to believe, after preliminary inquiry, 5 that the allegations of the complainant are true. The 6 7 department may initiate an investigation if it has reasonable 8 cause to believe that a licensee or a group of licensees has 9 violated a Florida statute, a rule of the department, or a rule of a board. Except as provided in ss. 458.331(9), 10 459.015(9), 460.413(5), and 461.013(6), when an investigation 11 12 of any subject is undertaken, the department shall promptly 13 furnish to the subject or the subject's attorney a copy of the 14 complaint or document that resulted in the initiation of the 15 investigation. The subject may submit a written response to the information contained in such complaint or document within 16 17 20 days after service to the subject of the complaint or document. The subject's written response shall be considered 18 19 by the probable cause panel. The right to respond does not 20 prohibit the issuance of a summary emergency order if necessary to protect the public. However, if the secretary, or 21 the secretary's designee, and the chair of the respective 22 23 board or the chair of its probable cause panel agree in writing that such notification would be detrimental to the 24 investigation, the department may withhold notification. The 25 26 department may conduct an investigation without notification 27 to any subject if the act under investigation is a criminal offense. 28 29 Section 27. (1) The Division of Medical Quality Assurance of the Department of Health shall conduct a study of 30

clinical and academic training requirements of certified

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January 31, 2004.

optometric practitioners, licensed pursuant to chapter 463, 1 2 Florida Statutes, to determine the extent to which prescribing 3 authority may be expanded. The study group shall be composed 4 of the following members: 5 (a) One pharmacologist representing the University of 6 Florida; 7 (b) One pharmacologist representing Nova Southeastern 8 University; 9 (c) One pharmacologist representing Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University; 10 (d) One ophthalmologist representing Mayo Clinic 11 12 Jacksonville; 13 (e) One ophthalmologist representing Bascom Palmer Eye 14 Institute; 15 (f) One board-certified internist appointed by the 16 University of South Florida; 17 (g) One optometrist representing the Florida Board of 18 Optometry; 19 (h) One certified optometric practitioner representing 20 the Florida Optometric Association; and 21 (i) One certified optometric practitioner appointed by the Nova Southeastern University College of Optometry. 22 23 (2) The study group shall be chaired by the Secretary of Health or his or her designee. The study shall be completed 24 and a final report presented to the Governor, the President of 25 26 the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 15, 2004. If applicable, a minority report shall be 27 completed and presented to the Governor, the President of the 28

Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by

(3) This section shall take effect upon becoming a 1 2 law. 3 Section 28. Present subsection (4) of section 4 465.0265, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (5), 5 and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read: 6 465.0265 Centralized prescription filling.--7 (4) Pharmacies accessing the same prescription records 8 in a centralized database or pharmacy computers linked in any 9 other manner may refill or dispense prescriptions at the request of another pharmacy so linked if the pharmacies have 10 the same owner or have a written contract specifying the 11 12 services to be provided by each pharmacy, the responsibilities of each pharmacy, and the manner in which the pharmacies will 13 14 comply with federal and state laws and rules. Prescriptions 15 refilled or dispensed using such a system shall not be 16 considered prescription transfers or copies if the computer 17 system registers a complete and full audit trail of all activities and includes the identification of the pharmacies 18 19 and pharmacists accessing the centralized database and if the 20 system restricts access to the computerized prescription records to pharmacies or other authorized personnel. 21 22 Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 466.006, Florida 23 Statutes, is amended to read: 466.006 Examination of dentists.--24 (2) An applicant shall be entitled to take the 25 26 examinations required in this section to practice dentistry in 27 this state if the applicant: (a) Is 18 years of age or older. 28 29 (b)1. Is a graduate of a dental school accredited by 30 the Commission on Accreditation of the American Dental 31

Association or its successor agency, if any, or any other nationally recognized accrediting agency; or $\overline{\cdot}$

- 2. Is a dental student in the final year of a program at such an accredited school who has completed all the coursework necessary to prepare the student to perform the clinical and diagnostic procedures required to pass the examinations. With respect to a dental student in the final year of a program at a dental school, a passing score on the examinations is valid for 180 days after the date the examinations were completed. A dental school student who takes the licensure examinations during the student's final year of an approved dental school must have graduated before being certified for licensure pursuant to s. 466.011.
- (c) Has successfully completed the National Board of Dental Examiners dental examination within 10 years of the date of application.

Section 30. Section 466.0065, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

466.0065 Regional licensure examinations. --

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that schools of dentistry be allowed to offer regional licensure examinations to dental students who are in the final year of a program at an approved dental school for the sole purpose of facilitating the student's licensing in other jurisdictions. This section does not allow a person to be licensed as a dentist in this state without taking the examinations as set forth in s. 466.006, nor does this section mean that regional examinations administered under this section may be substituted for complying with testing requirements under s. 466.006.

- (2) Each school of dentistry in this state which is accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of the American Dental Association or its successor agency may, upon written approval by the Board of Dentistry, offer regional licensure examinations only to dental students in the final year of a program at an approved dental school, if the board has approved the hosting school's written plan to comply with the following conditions:
- (a) The examining body must be a member of the American Association of Dental Examiners.
- (b) The student must have successfully completed parts

 I and II of the National Board of Dental Examiners examination
 within 2 years before taking the regional examination.
- (c) The student must possess medical malpractice insurance in amounts that the board determines to be sufficient to cover any reasonably forseeable incident of harm to a patient during the clinical portion of the regional examination.
- (d) At least one of the examination monitors must be a dentist licensed in this state who has completed all necessary standardization exercises required by the regional examination body.
- (e) Adequate arrangements must be made, when necessary, for patients who require followup care as a result of procedures performed during the clinical portion of the regional examination.
- (f) The board chair or the chair's designee must be allowed to observe testing while it is in progress.
- (g) Each student, upon applying to take the regional examination, must receive written disclosure in at least 12-point boldface type which states: "This examination does

not meet the licensure requirements of chapter 466, Florida

Statutes, for licensure in the State of Florida. Persons

wishing to practice dentistry in Florida must pass the Florida

licensure examinations. For more information on Florida's

licensure examination procedures, please contact the Florida

Board of Dentistry."

- (h) The student must be enrolled as a dental student in the student's final year of a program at an approved dental school that is accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of the American Dental Association or its successor agency.
- (i) The student must have completed all the coursework necessary to prepare the student to perform all clinical and diagnostic procedures required to pass the regional examination.
- evidence suggesting that the student poses an unreasonable risk to any live patients who are required for the clinical portion of the regional examination. In order to protect the health and safety of the public, the board may request additional information and documents pertaining to the candidate's mental and physical health in order to fully assess the candidate's fitness to engage in exercises involving a live patient.
- (3) A student who takes the examination pursuant to this section, a dental school that submits a plan pursuant to this section, or a regional examination body that a dental school proposes to host under this section does not have standing to assert that a state agency has taken action for which a hearing may be sought under ss. 120.569 and 120.57.
- Section 31. This act may be cited as the "Nick Oelrich Gift of Life Act."

Section 32. Subsections (1), (2), and (6) of section 765.512, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

765.512 Persons who may make an anatomical gift.--

- (1) Any person who may make a will may give all or part of his or her body for any purpose specified in s. 765.510, the gift to take effect upon death. An anatomical gift made by an adult donor and not revoked by the donor as provided in s. 765.516 is irrevocable and does not require the consent or concurrence of any person after the donor's death. A family member, guardian, representative ad litem, or health care surrogate of an adult donor who has made an anatomical gift pursuant to subsection (2) may not modify, deny or prevent a donor's wish or intent to make an anatomical gift from being made after the donor's death.
- concerning an anatomical gift, by including signing an organ and tissue donor card, by expressing his or her wish to donate in a living will or advance directive, or by signifying his or her intent to donate on his or her driver's license or in some other written form has indicated his or her wish to make an anatomical gift, and in the absence of actual notice of contrary indications by the decedent, the document is evidence of legally sufficient informed consent to donate an anatomical gift and is legally binding. Any surrogate designated by the decedent pursuant to part II of this chapter may give all or any part of the decedent's body for any purpose specified in s. 765.510.
 - (6) A gift of all or part of a body authorizes:
- (a) Any examination necessary to assure medical acceptability of the gift for the purposes intended.

amended to read:

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1 (b) The decedent's medical provider, family, or a
2 third party to furnish medical records requested concerning
3 the decedent's medical and social history.
4 Section 33. Section 765.516, Florida Statutes, is

765.516 Amendment of the terms of or the revocation of the gift.--

- (1) A donor may amend the terms of or revoke an anatomical gift by:
- (a) The execution and delivery to the donee of a signed statement.
 - (b) An oral statement that is:
 - 1. Made to the donor's spouse; or

2.made in the presence of two persons, one of whom must not be a family member, and communicated to the donor's family or attorney or to the donee.

- (c) A statement during a terminal illness or injury addressed to an attending physician, who must communicate the revocation of the gift to the procurement organization that is certified by the state.
- (d) A signed document found on $\underline{\text{or about}}$ the donor's person $\underline{\text{or in the donor's effects}}.$
- (2) Any gift made by a will may also be amended or revoked in the manner provided for amendment or revocation of wills or as provided in subsection (1).

Section 34. Subsection (1) of section 765.401, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.401 The proxy.--

(1) If an incapacitated or developmentally disabled patient has not executed an advance directive, or designated a surrogate to execute an advance directive, or the designated

or alternate surrogate is no longer available to make health care decisions, health care decisions may be made for the patient by any of the following individuals, in the following order of priority, if no individual in a prior class is reasonably available, willing, or competent to act:

- (a) The judicially appointed guardian of the patient or the guardian advocate of the person having a developmental disability as defined in s. 393.063, who has been authorized to consent to medical treatment, if such guardian has previously been appointed; however, this paragraph shall not be construed to require such appointment before a treatment decision can be made under this subsection;
 - (b) The patient's spouse;
- (c) An adult child of the patient, or if the patient has more than one adult child, a majority of the adult children who are reasonably available for consultation;
 - (d) A parent of the patient;
- (e) The adult sibling of the patient or, if the patient has more than one sibling, a majority of the adult siblings who are reasonably available for consultation;
- (f) An adult relative of the patient who has exhibited special care and concern for the patient and who has maintained regular contact with the patient and who is familiar with the patient's activities, health, and religious or moral beliefs; or
 - (g) A close friend of the patient; or.
- (h) A clinical social worker licensed pursuant to chapter 491, or a graduate of a court-approved guardianship program. Such a proxy must be selected by the provider's bioethics committee and must not be employed by the provider. If the provider does not have a bioethics committee, then such

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a proxy may be chosen through an arrangement with the bioethics committee of another provider. The proxy must be 2 3 notified that upon request the provider shall make available a 4 second physician, not involved in the patient's care, to assist the proxy in evaluating treatment. Decisions to 5 6 withhold or withdraw life-prolonging procedures must be 7 reviewed by the facility's bioethics committee. Documentation 8 of efforts to locate proxies from prior classes must be 9 recorded in the patient record. Section 35. Subsection (22) is added to section 10 641.19, Florida Statutes, to read: 11 12 641.19 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term: 13 (22) "Specialty" does not include services performed 14 by a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460. 15 Section 36. Section 466.0065, Florida Statutes, is 16 created to read: 17 466.0065 Regional licensure examinations. --18 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that schools 19 of dentistry be allowed to offer regional licensure 20 examinations to dental students who are in the final year of 21 an approved dental school for the sole purpose of facilitating the student's licensing in other jurisdictions. This section 22 23 does not allow a person to be licensed as a dentist in this state without taking the examination as set forth in s. 24 466.006 nor does this section mean that regional examinations 25 26 administered under this section may be substituted for 27 complying with testing requirements under s. 466.006.

approval by the Board of Dentistry, offer regional licensure

(2) Each school of dentistry in this state which is

accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of the American Dental Association or its successor agency may, upon written

examinations only to dental students in the final year of an approved dental school, if the board has approved the hosting school's submitted written plan to comply with the following conditions:

- (a) The examining body must be a member of the American Association of Dental Examiners.
- (b) The student must have successfully completed parts

 I and II of the National Board of Dental Examiners

 examination within 2 years before taking the regional
 examination.
- (c) The student must possess medical malpractice insurance in amounts that the board determines to be sufficient to cover any reasonably forseeable incident of harm to a patient during the clinical portion of the examination.
- (d) The examination must be monitored by dentists

 licensed in this state who are approved by the board and who

 have completed a mandatory standardization exercise before

 each practical or clinical examination.
- (e) Adequate arrangements must be made, when necessary, for patients who require followup care as a result of procedures performed during the clinical portion of the examination.
- (f) The board chairman or the chairman's designee must be allowed to observe testing while it is in progress.
- examination, must receive written disclosure in at least

 12-point boldface type which states: "This examination does
 not meet the licensure requirements of chapter 466, Florida

 Statutes, for licensure in the State of Florida. Persons
 wishing to practice dentistry in Florida must pass the Florida
 licensure examination. For more information on Florida's

licensure examination procedures, please contact the Florida
Board of Dentistry."

- (h) The student must be enrolled as a dental student in his or her final year of an approved dental school that is accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of the American Dental Association or its successor agency.
- (i) The student must have completed all the coursework necessary to prepare him or her to perform all clinical and didactic procedures required to pass the examination.
- (j) The student's academic record must not include any evidence suggesting that the student poses an unreasonable risk to any live patients who are required for the clinical examination. In order to protect the health and safety of the residents of this state, the board may request additional information and documents pertaining to the candidate's mental and physical health in order to fully assess the candidate's fitness to engage in exercises involving a live patient.
- (3) A student who takes a regional examination pursuant to this section does not have standing to assert that a state agency has taken action for which a hearing may be sought under ss. 120.569 and 120.57.

Section 37. The sum of \$58,179 is appropriated from the Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund to the Department of Health, and one position is authorized for the purpose of implementing sections 1 and 2 of this act during the 2003-2004 fiscal year.

Section 38. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 381.7353, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.7353 Reducing Racial and Ethnic Health
Disparities: Closing the Gap grant program; administration;
department duties.--

- (2) The department shall:
- (e) Coordinate with existing community-based programs, such as chronic disease community intervention programs, cancer prevention and control programs, diabetes control programs, oral health care programs, the Healthy Start program, the Florida KidCare Program, the HIV/AIDS program, immunization programs, and other related programs at the state and local levels, to avoid duplication of effort and promote consistency.

Section 39. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 381.7355, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.7355 Project requirements; review criteria.--

- (2) A proposal must include each of the following elements:
- (a) The purpose and objectives of the proposal, including identification of the particular racial or ethnic disparity the project will address. The proposal must address one or more of the following priority areas:
- 1. Decreasing racial and ethnic disparities in maternal and infant mortality rates.
- 2. Decreasing racial and ethnic disparities in morbidity and mortality rates relating to cancer.
- 3. Decreasing racial and ethnic disparities in morbidity and mortality rates relating to HIV/AIDS.
- 4. Decreasing racial and ethnic disparities in morbidity and mortality rates relating to cardiovascular disease.
- 5. Decreasing racial and ethnic disparities in morbidity and mortality rates relating to diabetes.
- 6. Increasing adult and child immunization rates in certain racial and ethnic populations.

1	7. Decreasing racial and ethnic disparities in oral
2	health care.
3	Section 40. Section 768.1335, Florida Statutes, is
4	created to read:
5	768.1335 Emergency Medical Dispatch Act;
6	<pre>presumption</pre>
7	(1) This section may be known by the popular name the
8	"Emergency Medical Dispatch Act."
9	(2) As used in this section:
10	(a) "Emergency medical dispatch" means the function of
11	utilizing emergency medical dispatch protocols.
12	(b) "Emergency medical dispatcher" means a person who
13	is trained or certified in the prompt and accurate processing
14	of calls for emergency medical assistance.
15	(c) "Emergency medical dispatch agency" means any
16	private or public entity that is responsible for the emergency
17	medical dispatch by emergency medical dispatchers.
18	(d) "Emergency medical dispatch protocol" means
19	guidelines for processing calls for emergency medical
20	assistance or for the dispatching of emergency medical
21	services in a prehospital setting, which are substantially
22	similar to standards set forth by the American Society for
23	Testing and Materials or the National Highway Traffic Safety
24	Administration and which have been incorporated into an
25	emergency medical dispatch training program.
26	(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
27	contrary and unless otherwise immune under s. 768.28, any
28	emergency medical dispatcher or the emergency medical dispatch
29	agency, its agents, or employees who utilize emergency medical
30	dispatch protocols are presumed not to have acted negligently
31	regarding any injuries or damages resulting from the use of

emergency medical dispatch protocols, if the emergency medical
dispatcher or the emergency dispatch agency, its agents, or
employees:

- (a) Properly trained their emergency medical
 dispatchers in an emergency medical dispatch that is
 substantially similar to standards set forth by the American
 Society for Testing and Materials or the National Highway
 Traffic Safety Administration;
- (b) Implemented standard practices and management for emergency medical dispatch or practices that are substantially similar to standards set forth by the American Society for Testing and Materials or the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration; and
- (c) Utilized standard practices for training, instructor qualification, and certification eligibility of emergency medical dispatchers or standards that are substantially similar to the American Society for Testing and Materials or the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.

Section 41. Section 401.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

401.111 Emergency medical services grant program; authority.—The department is hereby authorized to make grants to local agencies and emergency medical services organizations in accordance with any agreement entered into pursuant to this part. These grants shall be designed to assist said agencies and organizations in providing emergency medical services, including emergency medical dispatch. The cost of administering this program shall be paid by the department from funds appropriated to it.

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Section 42. This act shall take effect July 1, 2003,
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   except that sections 40 and 41 of this act shall take effect
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    September 11, 2003.
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.