SENATE STAFF ANALYSIS AND ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

BILL: SB 590

SPONSOR: Senator Geller

SUBJECT: Bingo

DATE: April 4, 2003 REVISED: 4/10/03

AN	ALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
. Imhof		Imhof	RI	Favorable
		Cannon	CJ	Withdrawn
Keating		Johansen	FT	Fav/1 amendment
			AGG	
			AP	

I. Summary:

The bill authorizes instant bingo games, a game played by purchasing a ticket for \$1 or less and removing a cover from the ticket to reveal a set of numbers, letters, objects, or patterns, some of which have been designated in advance as prize winners. The bill requires that each deal of instant bingo tickets have a minimum prize payout of at least 65 percent of the total receipts from the sale of the entire deal. The bill exempts instant bingo from current jackpot restrictions, such that instant bingo is not limited to three jackpots on any one day of play, and is not limited to a maximum value on jackpots of \$250. It also allows instant bingo tickets to be sold by any organization currently authorized under the statute to conduct bingo games. The bill provides the standards of the North American Gaming Regulators Association in relation to the sale of instant bingo tickets and requires the Department of the Lottery to keep a list of at least six qualified instant bingo ticket manufacturers that are authorized to sell instant bingo tickets in Florida.

The bill substantially amends section 849.0931 of the Florida Statutes.

II. Present Situation:

Section 849.0931, F.S., authorizes and regulates the playing of bingo.

Charitable, nonprofit, or veterans' organizations engaged in charitable, civic, community, benevolent, religious, or scholastic works or other similar endeavors, which have been in existence and active for a period of three years or more, may conduct bingo games, provided the entire proceeds derived from the conduct of the games, less actual business expenses, are donated to the listed endeavors.

If an organization is not engaged in endeavors of the type listed, its right to conduct bingo games is conditioned upon the return of all the proceeds from the games to the players in the form of prizes. If at the conclusion of play on any day there remain proceeds which have not been paid out as prizes, the organization must at the next scheduled day of play conduct bingo games without any charge to the players and must continue to do so until the proceeds carried over from the previous days played have been exhausted.

The section also establishes restrictions on jackpots. No jackpot may exceed the value of \$250 in actual money or its equivalent. An organization cannot conduct bingo more than two days per week. There cannot be more than three jackpots on any one day of play. All other game prizes shall not exceed \$50.

Any organization or person who willfully and knowingly violates any provision of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, F.S., or s. 775.083, F.S. - potential imprisonment not exceeding one year and a fine not exceeding \$1,000. For a second or subsequent offense, the organization or other person is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, F.S, s. 775.083, F.S., or s. 775.084, F.S. - potential imprisonment not exceeding 5 years and a fine not exceeding \$5,000.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill authorizes instant bingo games, defined as a game that is played using tickets by which a player wins a prize by opening and removing a cover from the ticket to reveal a set of numbers, letters, objects, or patterns, some of which have been designated in advance as prize winners. The bill also defines a "deal" of instant bingo tickets as a separate set or package of not more than 4,000 instant bingo tickets in which the predetermined minimum prize payout is at least 65 percent of the total receipts from the sale of the entire deal.

Instant bingo tickets could be sold by any organization that can currently conduct regular bingo games. The bill provides the following standards of the North American Gaming Regulators Association in relation to the sale of instant bingo tickets:

- The tickets must be sold at the price printed on the ticket, by the manufacturer, which may not exceed \$1. Discounts cannot be given for purchases of multiple tickets, and tickets cannot be given away free of charge.
- The sets of numbers, letters, objects, or patterns that have been pre-designated by the manufacturer as winning combinations for a deal of instant bingo tickets must be posted before the sale of any tickets from that deal.
- Each instant bingo ticket in a deal must bear the same serial number and there may not be more than one serial number in each deal. Serial numbers printed on a deal may not be repeated by the manufacturer on the same form for three years.
- The serial number for each deal must be clearly and legibly placed on the outside of each deal's package, box, or other container.
- Instant bingo tickets manufactured, sold, or distributed in Florida must comply with the standards on pull-tabs of the North American Gaming Regulators Association.

An instant bingo ticket manufactured, sold or distributed in Florida must meet the following criteria:

• Be manufactured so that it is not possible to identify whether it is a winning or losing ticket until it has been opened by the player.

- Be manufactured using at least a two-ply paper stock construction so that the ticket is opaque.
- Have the form number, the deal's serial number and the name or logo of the manufacturer conspicuously printed on the face or cover of the ticket.
- Have a form of winner protection that allows the organization to verify, after the ticket has been played, that the winning ticket presented for payment is an authentic winning ticket for the deal in play. The manufacturer is required to provide a written description of the winner protection verification with each deal of tickets.

Each manufacturer and distributor that sells or distributes instant bingo tickets in Florida to charitable, nonprofit, or veterans' organizations must prepare an invoice that contains the following:

- Date of sale;
- Form number and the serial number of each deal sold;
- Number of instant bingo tickets in each deal sold;
- Name of distributor or organization to whom each deal is sold; and
- Price of each deal sold.

The distributor or manufacturer is required to maintain the information contained in the invoice for three years. There invoice or a true and accurate copy must be kept on the premises where any deal is stored or played.

The Department of the Lottery is required to keep a list of at least six qualified instant bingo ticket manufacturers that are authorized to sell instant bingo tickets in Florida. Distributors and charitable, nonprofit or veterans' organizations are prohibited from purchasing, distributing, or selling instant bingo tickets manufactured by any other manufacturer other than those listed by the Department of the Lottery.

The bill exempts instant bingo from the jackpot restrictions, such that instant bingo is not limited to three jackpots on any one day of play and is not limited to a maximum value on jackpots of \$250. Current criminal penalties, first-degree misdemeanor for first offense and third degree felony for subsequent offense, would continue to apply to violators.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2003.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Economic Impact and Fiscal Note:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The sale of instant bingo tickets may impact Florida Lottery revenue to the extent that current Lottery players buy instant bingo tickets instead of Florida Lottery instant tickets. The Department of the Lottery expects the impact to be minimal.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Organizations operating bingo games should have increased revenues.

C. Government Sector Impact:

By allowing entities in addition to the Florida Lottery to sell instant lottery tickets, a new form of competition to the Florida Lottery is introduced. This new competition will impact Florida Lottery revenue to the extent that current Lottery players buy instant bingo tickets instead of Florida Lottery instant tickets.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

The Department of the Lottery has raised concerns with the provisions of SB 590. First, is a constitutional concern that under Article X, Section 15 (a), of the Florida Constitution, only the State of Florida may operate a lottery. By authorizing charitable, nonprofit or veterans' organizations to make available to the public a "pull-tab" instant lottery game, SB 590 authorizes charitable, nonprofit or veterans' organizations to operate a lottery.

Secondly, ch. 24, F. S., and Florida Lottery practices go to great lengths to ensure the security and integrity of lottery games. Standards for pull-tab instant lottery tickets are established and maintained by the North American Gaming Regulators Association (NAGRA). NAGRA standards address not only the physical characteristics of the tickets, but also address record keeping and reporting. SB 590 attempts to address the integrity and security of instant bingo tickets by requiring each instant bingo ticket manufactured, sold or distributed in Florida to comply with the pull-tab standards established by (NAGRA), and by establishing invoicing requirements for ticket manufacturers and distributors. SB 590 fails, however, to establish record keeping and reporting requirements for the organizations. NAGRA standards for organization record keeping and reporting are designed to control the access and distribution of all pull-tabs; to track pull-tabs from the date of purchase through their final disposition; to reconcile funds deposited in bank accounts to funds generated from the sale of pull-tabs; and to report the disposition and use of funds generated from the sale of pull-tabs. There is no assurance in SB 590 that the organizations would be able or willing to observe these same standards.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Amendments:

#1 by Finance and Taxation:

The amendment requires that instant bingo tickets, rules of play, record keeping, and reporting for instant bingo games manufactured, sold, or distributed in Florida must comply with the standards on pull-tabs of the North American Gaming Regulators Association, as amended.

This Senate staff analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's sponsor or the Florida Senate.