1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to military affairs; amending 3 s. 627.7283, F.S.; requiring an insurer to 4 refund the entire unearned premium to any 5 member of the armed services who cancels a 6 policy under certain circumstances; amending s. 7 163.3164, F.S.; providing a definition of 8 military installations; amending s. 163.3177, 9 F.S.; providing for consideration of the compatibility with military installations in 10 developing a future land use element to a 11 12 comprehensive plan; providing for the state land planning agency to coordinate with the 13 14 Department of Defense on use compatibility 15 issues relating to military installations; creating s. 163.31779, F.S.; requiring certain 16 counties and municipalities to enter into 17 18 memoranda of agreement with military 19 installations to coordinate future land use 20 changes, local government comprehensive plans, 21 land development regulations, and development 22 orders; requiring a schedule for completion of 23 such agreements; requiring local governments to seek public advise on such agreements; 24 25 identifying provisions that must be included in 26 such agreements at a minimum; requiring such 27 agreements to be consistent with adopted 28 comprehensive plans or amendments to such plans 29 adopted within one year after execution of the 30 agreement; requiring for the provision of information regarding community planning 31

assistance grants; amending s. 163.3187, F.S.; exempting from certain restrictions on the adoption of amendments to comprehensive plans an amendment that addresses compatibility with military installations based on a memorandum of agreement; amending s. 163.3191, F.S.; requiring an evaluation of the success or failure of the military installation memorandum of agreement in resolving land use compatibility; amending s. 163.3167, F.S.; prohibiting certain judicial abrogation of quasi-judicial development orders issued by local governments; providing for retroactive application; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (5) is added to section 627.7283, Florida Statutes, to read:

627.7283 Cancellation; return of premium.--

(5) The insurer must refund 100 percent of the unearned premium if the insured is a member of the United States Armed Forces, whether an active or reserve member, who cancels because he or she is called to active duty or transferred by the United States Armed Forces to a location where the insurance is not required. The insurer may require a member of the United States Armed Forces to submit either a copy of the official military orders or a written verification signed by the member's commanding officer to support the refund authorized under this subsection. If the insurer

cancels, the insurer must refund 100 percent of the unearned

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premium. Cancellation is without prejudice to any claim originating prior to the effective date of the cancellation.

For purposes of this section, unearned premiums must be computed on a pro rata basis.

Section 2. Subsection (32) is added to section 163.3164, Florida Statutes, to read:

163.3164 Local Government Comprehensive Planning and Land Development Regulation Act; definitions.--As used in this act:

(32) "Military installation" means a base, camp, post, homeport facility for any ship, or other location under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, including any leased facility. Such term does not include any facility used primarily for civil works, docking facilities, rivers and harbors projects, or flood control projects.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) and paragraph (1) of subsection (10) of section 163.3177, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive plan; studies and surveys.--

- (6) In addition to the requirements of subsections
 (1)-(5), the comprehensive plan shall include the following
 elements:
- (a) A future land use plan element designating proposed future general distribution, location, and extent of the uses of land for residential uses, commercial uses, industry, agriculture, recreation, conservation, education, public buildings and grounds, other public facilities, and other categories of the public and private uses of land. Each future land use category must be defined in terms of uses included, and must include standards to be followed in the

control and distribution of population densities and building and structure intensities. The proposed distribution, 2 3 location, and extent of the various categories of land use 4 shall be shown on a land use map or map series which shall be 5 supplemented by goals, policies, and measurable objectives. 6 The future land use plan shall be based upon surveys, studies, 7 and data regarding the area, including the amount of land 8 required to accommodate anticipated growth; the projected 9 population of the area; the character of undeveloped land; the availability of public services; the need for redevelopment, 10 including the renewal of blighted areas and the elimination of 11 12 nonconforming uses which are inconsistent with the character 13 of the community; the compatibility with military 14 installations; and, in rural communities, the need for job creation, capital investment, and economic development that 15 will strengthen and diversify the community's economy. The 16 17 future land use plan may designate areas for future planned development use involving combinations of types of uses for 18 19 which special regulations may be necessary to ensure development in accord with the principles and standards of the 20 comprehensive plan and this act. In addition, for rural 21 communities, the amount of land designated for future planned 22 23 industrial use shall be based upon surveys and studies that reflect the need for job creation, capital investment, and the 24 necessity to strengthen and diversify the local economies, and 25 26 shall not be limited solely by the projected population of the 27 rural community. The future land use plan of a county may also designate areas for possible future municipal incorporation. 28 29 The land use maps or map series shall generally identify and depict historic district boundaries and shall designate 30 historically significant properties meriting protection. 31 The

future land use element must clearly identify the land use categories in which public schools are an allowable use. When 2 3 delineating the land use categories in which public schools 4 are an allowable use, a local government shall include in the 5 categories sufficient land proximate to residential development to meet the projected needs for schools in 6 7 coordination with public school boards and may establish differing criteria for schools of different type or size. 8 9 Each local government shall include lands contiguous to existing school sites, to the maximum extent possible, within 10 the land use categories in which public schools are an 11 12 allowable use. All comprehensive plans must comply with the school siting requirements of this paragraph no later than 13 14 October 1, 1999. The failure by a local government to comply 15 with these school siting requirements by October 1, 1999, will result in the prohibition of the local government's ability to 16 17 amend the local comprehensive plan, except for plan amendments described in s. 163.3187(1)(b), until the school siting 18 19 requirements are met. Amendments proposed by a local government for purposes of identifying the land use categories 20 in which public schools are an allowable use or for adopting 21 22 or amending the school-siting maps pursuant to s. 163.31776(3) 23 are exempt from the limitation on the frequency of plan amendments contained in s. 163.3187. The future land use 24 element shall include criteria that encourage the location of 25 26 schools proximate to urban residential areas to the extent 27 possible and shall require that the local government seek to collocate public facilities, such as parks, libraries, and 28 29 community centers, with schools to the extent possible and to encourage the use of elementary schools as focal points for 30 neighborhoods. For schools serving predominantly rural 31

counties, defined as a county with a population of 100,000 or fewer, an agricultural land use category shall be eligible for the location of public school facilities if the local comprehensive plan contains school siting criteria and the location is consistent with such criteria.

- (10) The Legislature recognizes the importance and significance of chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, the Minimum Criteria for Review of Local Government Comprehensive Plans and Determination of Compliance of the Department of Community Affairs that will be used to determine compliance of local comprehensive plans. The Legislature reserved unto itself the right to review chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, and to reject, modify, or take no action relative to this rule. Therefore, pursuant to subsection (9), the Legislature hereby has reviewed chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, and expresses the following legislative intent:
- (1) The state land planning agency shall consider land use compatibility issues in the vicinity of all airports in coordination with the Department of Transportation, and for military installations in coordination with the Department of Defense.

Section 4. Section 163.31779, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

163.31779 Military Installation Memorandum of Agreement.--

(1)(a) The county or counties in which a military installation is either wholly or partially located and those municipalities adjacent to or proximate to the military installation, as determined by the state land planning agency based on the recommendations of the governing bodies of the

affected counties and municipalities and the commanding officer whose primary responsibility is the operation of the military installation, shall enter into a memorandum of agreement with the military installation to coordinate future land use changes including the local government comprehensive plan, land development regulations, and development orders.

- (b) The agreements shall be completed in accordance with a schedule published by the state land planning agency. The schedule must establish staggered due dates for completion of such agreements that are executed by both the local government and the military installation, concluding by July 1, 2004.
- (c) The military installation, the county or counties in which the military installation either wholly or partially is located and the affected municipalities that are adjacent to or proximate to the military installation as determined by the state land planning agency are encouraged to adopt a single memorandum of agreement to which all join as parties. The state land planning agency shall assemble and make available model agreements meeting the requirements of this section and shall notify local governments and military installations of the requirements of this section. The state land planning agency shall be available to informally review proposed agreements.
- (2) In preparing to adopt a memorandum of agreement, the local government must seek advice from residents of the local government and others who are likely to be affected by its provisions including, but not limited to; builders, developers, conservation groups, representatives of the United States Armed Services, and neighborhood groups.
 - (3) At a minimum, the memorandum of agreement must:

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(a) Coordinate planning activities between the local government and military installation to determine how the public health, safety, and welfare is likely to be affected by the proximity of development to the military installation, operating areas, and ranges.

- (b) Coordinate planning activities between the local government and military installation to make reasonable provisions for preserving open space and compatible land uses near the military installation.
- (c) Coordinate planning activities between the local government and military installation to evaluate land proximate to the military installation taking into consideration the findings of any Department of Defense Joint Land Use Study Program, or the findings of any Air Installation Compatible Use Zone (AICUZ) and of any Installation Environmental Noise Management Program (IENMP, which was formerly the Installation Compatible Use Zone, or ICUZ, program).
- (d) Provide for a process by which the affected local governments and military installation coordinate and share information relating to comprehensive plans and plan amendments, land development regulations and changes thereto including zoning changes, and development orders. The affected local governments shall provide the military installation an opportunity to review and comment on comprehensive plans, plan amendments, land development regulations and changes thereto, and development orders. local government shall consider those comments, if any, when adopting such plans or regulations or when approving development orders. Comments on plan amendments may be

provided to the Department for consideration in its compliance
review.

(e) Provide for the resolution of disputes between the

- (e) Provide for the resolution of disputes between the military and local governments, which may include the dispute resolution processes contained in chapters 164 and 186.
- (f) Provide for an oversight process, including an opportunity for public participation, for the implementation of the memorandum of agreement.
- (g) Provide for the identification of amendments to the comprehensive plan needed to ensure compatibility with the military installation and consistency with the interlocal agreement.
- (4) A memorandum of agreement entered into pursuant to this section must be consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan, or an amendment to such plan adopted with in one year after execution of the agreement, and land development regulations of any local government that is a signatory.
- responsibility is the operation of the military installation is encouraged to provide information about any community planning assistance grants that might be available to the local government through the federal Office of Economic Adjustment, as an incentive for communities to participate in the Joint Land Use Study Program to facilitate the compatibility of community planning and activities vital to the national defense.

Section 5. A new paragraph (m) is added to subsection (1) of section 163.3187, Florida Statutes, to read:

163.3187 Amendment of adopted comprehensive plan.--

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(1) Amendments to comprehensive plans adopted pursuant to this part may be made not more than two times during any calendar year, except:

(m) A comprehensive plan amendment that addresses compatibility with military installations pursuant to the military installation memorandum of agreement, does not count toward the limitation on the frequency of plan amendments.

Section 6. A new paragraph (n) is added to subsection (2) of section 163.3191, Florida Statutes, to read:

163.3191 Evaluation and appraisal of comprehensive plan.--

- (2) The report shall present an evaluation and assessment of the comprehensive plan and shall contain appropriate statements to update the comprehensive plan, including, but not limited to, words, maps, illustrations, or other media, related to:
- (n) An evaluation of the success or failure of the military installation memorandum of agreement in resolving land use compatibility in the proximity of military installations.

Section 7. Subsection (13) is added to section 163.3167, Florida Statutes, to read:

163.3167 Scope of act.--

(13)(a) If a local government grants a quasi-judicial development order pursuant to its adopted land development regulations and the order is not the subject of a pending appeal, the right to commence and complete development pursuant to the order may not be abrogated by a subsequent judicial determination that such land development regulations or any portion thereof are invalid because of a deficiency in the approval standards.

(b) This subsection does not preclude or affect the timely institution of a common law writ of certiorari proceeding pursuant to Rule 9.190, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure or original proceedings pursuant to s. 163.3215. (c) This subsection applies retroactively to any order granted on or after January 1, 2002. Section 8. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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