1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the judicial system;
3	amending s. 25.073, F.S.; revising a definition
4	for purposes of retired justices or judges
5	assigned to temporary duty; amending s. 25.383,
6	F.S.; removing provisions relating to fees for
7	certification and renewal of certification of
8	court reporters; amending s. 25.384, F.S.;
9	expanding the use of the Court Education Trust
10	Fund; revising the title of pt. I, ch. 27,
11	F.S.; renumbering and amending s. 43.35, F.S.;
12	requiring witness coordination to be provided
13	by the state attorneys and public defenders;
14	amending s. 27.02, F.S.; restricting duties of
15	state attorneys before circuit and county
16	courts; requiring the state attorney to provide
17	discovery materials to a defendant; providing
18	for fees; amending s. 27.04, F.S.; revising
19	provisions relating to summoning and examining
20	witnesses for the state to cover any violation
21	of the law; amending s. 27.15, F.S.; providing
22	for payment of expenses for a state attorney to
23	assist in another circuit; amending s. 27.25,
24	F.S.; providing that state attorneys may employ
25	personnel and receive appropriations as
26	authorized by the General Appropriations Act;
27	amending s. 27.34, F.S.; prohibiting counties
28	or municipalities from funding the state
29	attorneys' offices for prosecution of
30	violations of special laws or ordinances;
31	eliminating provisions authorizing the use of

1

1	funds for certain civil and criminal
2	proceedings; eliminating provisions requiring
3	counties to provide certain services and pay
4	certain fees, expenses, and costs incurred by
5	the state attorney; amending s. 27.35, F.S.;
6	providing that salaries of state attorneys
7	shall be provided in the General Appropriations
8	Act; revising the title of pt. III, ch. 27,
9	F.S.; creating s. 27.40, F.S.; providing
10	requirements for court-appointed counsel;
11	providing for circuit registries of private
12	attorneys; requiring annual fees; specifying
13	inapplicability to court-appointed counsel in
14	postconviction capital collateral cases;
15	creating s. 27.42, F.S.; providing for the
16	composition, staff, responsibilities, and
17	funding of circuit Article V indigent services
18	committees; requiring the preparation and
19	distribution of a statewide comparative budget
20	report relating to circuit Article V indigent
21	services committees by the Justice
22	Administrative Commission; providing for the
23	appropriation of funds for attorney's fees and
24	expenses in criminal conflict cases and in
25	child dependency cases and other
26	court-appointed counsel cases; amending s.
27	27.51, F.S.; revising duties of the public
28	defender; specifying additional indigent
29	persons for whom the public defender is
30	required to secure representation; deleting
31	provisions relating to limitations on
	2

1	representation by public defenders in direct
2	appeals of death penalty cases; amending s.
3	27.52, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
4	determination of indigence; requiring the clerk
5	of the circuit court to make such
6	determination; providing for payment of
7	application fees; providing for deposit of
8	recovered amounts into the General Revenue
9	Fund; providing for a payment program; amending
10	s. 27.53, F.S.; revising method of funding
11	offices of public defender; specifying that
12	special assistant public defenders are
13	volunteer attorneys; amending s. 27.5301, F.S.;
14	revising method of paying salaries of public
15	defenders; creating s. 27.5303, F.S.; providing
16	requirements for appointment of counsel in
17	conflict of interest of public defender;
18	providing criteria for determining whether a
19	conflict of interest exists; prohibiting
20	withdrawal based solely on lack of funding or
21	excess workload; creating s. 27.5304, F.S.;
22	providing for compensation of private
23	court-appointed counsel; amending s. 27.54,
24	F.S.; prohibiting counties or municipalities
25	from funding the public defenders' offices for
26	prosecution of violations of special laws or
27	ordinances; eliminating provisions requiring
28	counties to provide certain services and pay
29	certain fees, expenses, and costs incurred by
30	the public defender; amending s. 27.562, F.S.;
31	providing for disposition of funds collected
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1	for legal assistance; amending s. 27.58, F.S.;
2	revising provisions relating to administration
3	of public defender services; amending s.
4	27.702, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending
5	s. 28.101, F.S.; authorizing an increase in the
6	service charge for filing for dissolution of
7	marriage; renumbering and amending s. 43.195,
8	F.S.; authorizing a clerk to dispose of items
9	of physical evidence in cases where no
10	collateral attack is pending; creating s.
11	28.215, F.S.; providing for pro se assistance;
12	amending s. 28.24, F.S.; prohibiting the clerk
13	of the court from charging court officials for
14	copies of public records; modifying the service
15	charges for services rendered by the clerk of
16	the court in recording documents and
17	instruments and in performing certain other
18	duties; eliminating the charges for court
19	attendance by each clerk or deputy clerk, court
20	minutes, making and reporting payrolls of
21	jurors, issuing jury summons, and paying
22	witnesses and making and reporting payrolls;
23	amending s. 28.2401, F.S.; authorizing an
24	increase in various service charges for probate
25	matters; prohibiting county governing
26	authorities from imposing additional charges;
27	creating s. 28.2402, F.S.; imposing a fee on a
28	county or municipality for filing a municipal
29	code or ordinance violation in court; amending
30	s. 28.241, F.S.; authorizing an increase in the
31	fee for filing a civil action in circuit court;
	4

1	requiring that a portion of the fee be remitted
2	to the Clerk of Court Operations Conference;
3	providing a filing fee for reopening a civil
4	action, suit, or proceeding; providing for a
5	reduction in that fee for a petition to modify
6	a final judgment of dissolution; authorizing
7	increases in other filing fees; deleting
8	provisions authorizing a county to assess
9	amounts in excess of specified service charges;
10	prohibiting additional fees, charges, or costs;
11	amending s. 28.245, F.S.; requiring electronic
12	transmittal of funds collected by the clerks of
13	court to the Department of Revenue; creating s.
14	28.246, F.S.; providing requirements for
15	payment of court-related fees, charges, and
16	costs; providing for collection by private
17	attorney or collection agent; creating s.
18	28.345, F.S.; exempting state attorneys and
19	public defenders from all fees and charges of
20	the clerks of the circuit courts; creating s.
21	28.35, F.S.; establishing the Clerk of Court
22	Operations Conference; providing membership;
23	providing duties of the conference, including
24	recommending changes in court-related fines,
25	fees, service charges, and cost schedules to
26	the Legislature, establishing a process for
27	review and approval of proposed budgets
28	submitted by the clerks of the court,
29	certification of budget insufficiencies, and
30	publication of a schedule of maximum fines,
31	fees, service charges, and costs that may be
	5

1	charged; providing for a clerk education
2	program; requiring maintenance of a public
3	depository to receive funds for operations;
4	requiring an annual financial audit; creating
5	s. 28.36, F.S.; providing budget review and
6	approval procedures for the court-related
7	functions of the clerks of the courts; creating
8	s. 28.37, F.S.; providing for certain revenues
9	collected by the clerks to be remitted to the
10	state to pay certain costs of the state courts
11	system; requiring the Department of Revenue to
12	adopt rules; amending s. 29.001, F.S.; defining
13	the elements of the state courts system;
14	providing for using state revenue to pay
15	certain costs associated with those elements;
16	specifying expenses that counties must pay;
17	amending s. 29.004, F.S.; revising and
18	expanding the list of elements of the state
19	courts system to be provided from state
20	revenues appropriated by general law; amending
21	s. 29.005, F.S.; revising and expanding the
22	list of elements of state attorneys' offices to
23	be provided from state revenues appropriated by
24	general law; amending s. 29.006, F.S.; revising
25	and expanding the list of elements of public
26	defenders' offices to be provided from state
27	revenues appropriated by general law; amending
28	s. 29.007, F.S.; revising and expanding the
29	list of elements of court-appointed counsel to
30	be provided from state revenues appropriated by
31	general law; amending s. 24, ch. 2000-237, Laws
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1	of Florida, to delay the effective date of s.
2	29.008, F.S.; amending s. 29.008, F.S.,
3	relating to county funding of court-related
4	functions; redefining terms; providing
5	standards that facilities and communications
6	systems and services must meet to qualify for
7	funding; requiring that the integrated computer
8	system be made capable of electronically
9	exchanging certain data using specified means
10	at certain levels by a specific date; providing
11	for defining local requirements and adopting a
12	budget therefor; creating s. 29.0085, F.S.;
13	modifying county revenue and expenditure
14	reporting requirements; creating s. 29.014,
15	F.S.; creating the Article V Indigent Services
16	Advisory Board; providing for appointment of
17	members and terms; providing for organization;
18	providing duties; creating ss. 29.015 and
19	29.016, F.S.; establishing contingency funds
20	for the Justice Administrative Commission and
21	the judicial branch to alleviate deficits in
22	due process services appropriation categories;
23	providing requirements for utilization of the
24	funds; amending s. 34.032, F.S.; providing for
25	funding of arrest warrants for violation of
26	county or municipal ordinances; amending s.
27	34.041, F.S.; providing for filing fees and
28	costs in county courts; providing for
29	disposition of funds collected; amending s.
30	34.13, F.S.; requiring administration of oaths
31	relating to violation of a municipal ordinance
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1	to be at municipal expense; amending s. 34.171,
2	F.S.; requiring county funding of bailiff
3	salaries; amending s. 34.181, F.S., relating to
4	branch courts; providing a cross-reference;
5	amending s. 34.191, F.S.; providing for
6	collection and distribution of fines and
7	forfeitures; amending s. 39.0134, F.S.;
8	providing for compensation of appointed counsel
9	in dependency proceedings; amending s. 39.4075,
10	F.S.; requiring parties to contribute to the
11	cost of dependency mediation; amending s.
12	39.815, F.S.; revising a cross-reference;
13	creating s. 40.001, F.S.; providing authority
14	and duties of the chief judge; amending s.
15	40.02, F.S., relating to selection of jury
16	lists; providing for performance of and payment
17	for such duties; amending s. 40.29, F.S.;
18	revising provisions relating to duty of clerks
19	of court to make estimates and requisitions for
20	certain due process costs; amending s. 40.30,
21	F.S.; requiring the estimate and requisition
22	for payment of jurors and witnesses to be
23	endorsed by the Justice Administrative
24	Commission or designee; updating terminology;
25	amending s. 43.16, F.S.; removing reference to
26	Justice Administrative Commission as part of
27	the judicial branch; expanding duties of the
28	commission relating to court-appointed counsel;
29	amending s. 43.26, F.S.; redesignating the
30	presiding judge of the circuit as the chief
31	judge of the circuit; providing additional

8

1	powers of the chief judge; amending s. 44.108,
2	F.S.; deleting provisions authorizing a county
3	to levy service charges for court mediation and
4	arbitration; assessing a filing fee on court
5	proceedings; depositing fees in the Mediation
6	and Arbitration Trust Fund; amending s. 49.10,
7	F.S.; removing a cross-reference; amending s.
8	55.10, F.S.; authorizing an increase in the fee
9	for serving a certificate of lien; amending s.
10	55.141, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference;
11	amending s. 55.505, F.S.; authorizing an
12	increase in the service charge for recording a
13	foreign judgment; amending s. 57.081, F.S.;
14	revising provisions relating to costs and
15	services provided to indigent persons; amending
16	s. 57.085, F.S.; revising provisions relating
17	to waiver of prepayment of court costs and fees
18	for indigent prisoners; amending s. 61.14,
19	F.S.; authorizing an increase in certain fees
20	assessed for delinquency of child support and
21	alimony; amending s. 61.181, F.S.; continuing
22	the fee imposed on certain payments of alimony
23	and child support; amending s. 61.21, F.S.;
24	providing for authorization of parenting course
25	by the Department of Children and Family
26	Services; amending s. 77.28, F.S.; conforming a
27	cross-reference; amending s. 92.153, F.S.;
28	providing maximum charges for documents
29	produced pursuant to subpoenas or records
30	request issued by the state attorney or the
31	public defender; amending s. 92.231, F.S.;
	9

1	providing for payment of expert witness fees;
2	renumbering and amending s. 914.09, F.S.;
3	providing for compensation of witnesses
4	summoned in two or more criminal cases;
5	amending s. 125.69, F.S.; providing funding
6	requirements with respect to prosecution of
7	
_	violations of county ordinances; amending s.
8	142.01, F.S.; providing for the clerk of the
9	court to establish a fine and forfeiture fund
10	in each county to be used to pay the costs of
11	court-related functions; deleting provisions
12	authorizing counties to receive funds to pay
13	the cost of criminal prosecutions and transfer
14	excess funds to the county general fund;
15	amending s. 142.02, F.S.; limiting the use of
16	county funds from a levy of a special tax to
17	pay for the cost of criminal prosecutions;
18	amending s. 142.03, F.S.; requiring that fines
19	and forfeitures be used to pay the costs of
20	court-related functions; amending s. 142.15,
21	F.S.; requiring that fees collected by the
22	sheriff be remitted to the clerk in the county
23	where the crime was alleged to have been
24	committed; amending s. 142.16, F.S.; requiring
25	that fines and forfeitures be remitted to the
26	clerk in the county in which the case was
27	adjudicated; amending s. 145.022; prohibiting a
28	county from appropriating a salary to the clerk
29	of the court based on the fees collected;
30	creating s. 162.30, F.S.; providing for civil
31	actions to enforce county and municipal
	10

1	ordinances; amending ss. 197.532, 197.542, and
2	197.582, F.S.; conforming cross-references;
3	amending s. 212.055, F.S.; revising the
4	definition of "infrastructure" for purposes of
5	the local government infrastructure surtax;
6	amending s. 212.20, F.S.; revising the
7	distribution of the proceeds from certain
8	state-shared revenues; amending s. 218.21,
9	F.S.; revising the guaranteed entitlement of
10	municipalities to certain state revenue
11	sharing; amending s. 218.25, F.S.; allowing a
12	county to assign, pledge, or set aside certain
13	funds as a trust for payment on indebtedness;
14	amending s. 218.35, F.S.; revising requirements
15	for budget preparation by the clerk of the
16	circuit court as county fee officer; amending
17	s. 318.15, F.S.; authorizing an increase in
18	various fees for persons failing to comply with
19	civil penalties, attend driver improvement
20	school, or appear at a hearing; amending s.
21	318.18, F.S.; authorizing an increase in
22	various fees for penalties for noncriminal
23	dispositions; creating additional charges and
24	fees to be paid to the clerk of the court;
25	authorizing an increase in the fee to dismiss
26	citations; providing for disposition of funds
27	collected; amending s. 318.21, F.S.; revising
28	disposition of civil penalties collected by
29	county courts; amending s. 318.325, F.S.;
30	specifying jurisdiction and procedure for
31	parking infractions; amending s. 322.245, F.S.;
	11

1	authorizing an increase in the delinquency fee
2	for persons charged with specified criminal
3	offenses who fail to comply with the directives
4	of the court; amending s. 327.73, F.S.;
5	authorizing an increase in the charge for court
6	costs for failure to comply with the court's
7	requirements or failure to pay specified civil
8	penalties; amending s. 382.023, F.S.;
9	authorizing an increase in the fee for
10	dissolution of marriage; revising the portion
11	to be retained by the circuit court and the
12	portion remitted to the state, to conform;
13	amending ss. 392.55, 392.56, and 394.473, F.S.;
14	conforming terminology; amending s. 395.3025,
15	F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s.
16	397.334, F.S.; making treatment-based drug
17	court programs a county option and providing
18	county funding requirements; amending s.
19	712.06, F.S.; conforming cross-references;
20	amending s. 713.24, F.S.; authorizing an
21	increase in the fee for-certain services
22	performed by the clerk of the court in
23	transferring liens; amending s. 721.83, F.S.;
24	requiring filing fees and service charges to be
25	paid separately for each defendant in a
26	consolidated foreclosure action; amending s.
27	741.30, F.S., relating to domestic violence;
28	providing for certain notice to petitioners
29	relating to indigence; amending s. 744.3135,
30	F.S.; authorizing an increase in the fee paid
31	to the clerk of the court for processing
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1	guardian files; amending s. 744.365, F.S.;
2	authorizing an increase in the fee paid to the
3	clerk of the court for an inventory filed by a
4	guardian; deleting provisions requiring that
5	the county pay the auditing fee when such fee
6	is waived by the court; amending s. 744.3678,
7	F.S.; authorizing an increase in the fees paid
8	by the guardian to the clerk of the court for
9	filing an annual financial return; prohibiting
10	the clerk of the circuit court from billing the
11	county for a waived fee; amending s. 775.083,
12	F.S.; deleting provisions authorizing counties
13	to impose and collect additional fines to be
14	used to pay for local crime prevention
15	programs; providing for the disposition of
16	fines and costs; requiring funding of crime
17	prevention programs in counties; amending s.
18	796.07, F.S.; conforming a reference; amending
19	s. 914.11, F.S.; requiring the state to pay
20	certain costs and expenses of indigent
21	defendants presently unable to pay; amending s.
22	916.107, F.S.; providing for right to treatment
23	of forensic clients presently unable to pay;
24	amending s. 916.15, F.S., relating to
25	involuntary commitment of defendant adjudicated
26	not guilty by reason of insanity; providing for
27	representation by the public defender if the
28	defendant is indigent; amending s. 938.01,
29	F.S., relating to Additional Court Cost
30	Clearing Trust Fund; requiring payment of court
31	costs; amending s. 938.03, F.S., relating to
	13

1	Crimes Compensation Trust Fund; requiring
2	payment of additional court costs; amending s.
3	938.05, F.S.; directing court costs to be
4	deposited in the clerk of the courts fine and
5	forfeiture fund instead of the county trust
6	fund; amending s. 938.06, F.S.; removing a
7	restriction on local liability for payment of
8	costs for crime stoppers programs; amending s.
9	938.19, F.S.; authorizing counties to fund teen
10	courts; amending s. 938.27, F.S.; revising
11	provisions relating to judgment for costs on
12	conviction; requiring payment of such costs;
13	amending s. 938.29, F.S.; providing payment
14	requirements for certain legal assistance;
15	providing requirements for deposit and use of
16	funds collected for attorney's fees and costs;
17	amending s. 938.30, F.S.; specifying financial
18	obligations in criminal cases; amending s.
19	938.35, F.S.; revising provisions for
20	collection of court-related financial
21	obligations; amending s. 939.06, F.S., relating
22	to acquitted defendant not liable for costs;
23	removing county obligation to pay; amending s.
24	939.08, F.S.; revising requirements relating to
25	certification of costs of the state courts
26	system; amending s. 939.12, F.S.; providing for
27	payment of costs against state in Supreme
28	Court; reenacting s. 943.053, F.S., relating to
29	the dissemination of criminal justice
30	information, to incorporate the amendments to
31	ss. 27.51 and 27.53, F.S.; amending s. 947.18,
	14

1	F.S.; conforming a reference; amending s.
2	948.03, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference;
3	amending s. 960.001, F.S.; conforming
4	references; amending s. 984.08, F.S.;
5	conforming terminology; amending s. 985.203,
6	F.S., relating to right to counsel; providing
7	for imposition of costs of representation;
8	amending ss. 985.215, 985.231, and 985.233,
9	F.S.; conforming terminology; providing for a
10	review of the Florida Accounting Information
11	Resource subsystem and the Uniform Accounting
12	System Manual with respect to Article V
13	funding; requiring implementation of necessary
14	revisions; providing for a study of county
15	expenditures for court-related services;
16	providing requirements; providing for
17	reimbursement of travel costs; requiring a
18	report; requiring a report on costs of
19	court-related services provided by the
20	counties; providing specific requirements;
21	providing for reimbursement of certain
22	expenses; providing an appropriation; providing
23	a statement of important state interest;
24	providing that the transfer of the funding
25	responsibility for the state courts system
26	shall not affect the validity of any judicial
27	or administrative proceeding pending on the day
28	of the transfer; providing that the entity
29	providing appropriations on and after July 1,
30	2004, shall be considered the successor in
31	interest to any existing contracts, but is not
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1	responsible for funding or payment of any
2	service rendered or provided prior to July 1,
3	2004; authorizing judicial acts to be taken or
4	performed on any day of the week, including
5	Sundays and holidays; authorizing surplus funds
6	for teen courts to be used for juvenile drug
7	courts; repealing certain services charges and
8	fees imposed by counties prior to June 30,
9	2004; requiring each clerk of the court to
10	submit to the Legislature a report identifying
11	court-related functions and associated costs
12	for county fiscal year 2003-2004; requiring
13	each clerk of the court to notify the Clerk of
14	Court Operations Conference of the schedule of
15	court-related fees, service charges, and costs
16	to be put into effect July 1, 2004; requiring
17	the conference to submit such information to
18	the Legislature; repealing s. 25.402, F.S.,
19	relating to the County Article V Trust Fund;
20	repealing s. 27.005, F.S., relating to
21	definitions applicable to state attorneys and
22	public defenders; repealing s. 27.006, F.S.,
23	relating to court reporting services; repealing
24	s. 27.271, F.S., relating to per diem and
25	mileage for state attorneys and assistant state
26	attorneys; repealing s. 27.33, F.S., relating
27	to state attorney submission of annual budget;
28	repealing s. 27.3455, F.S., relating to annual
29	statement of court-related revenues and
30	expenditures; repealing s. 27.36, F.S.,
31	relating to the Office of Prosecution
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1	Coordination; repealing s. 27.385, F.S.,
2	relating to state attorney budget expenditures
3	and expenditure reports; repealing s. 27.605,
4	F.S., relating to public defender budget
5	expenditures and expenditure reports; repealing
6	s. 29.002, F.S., relating to the basis for
7	funding the state courts system; repealing s.
8	29.003, F.S., relating to the phase-in schedule
9	for court funding; repealing s. 29.009, F.S.,
10	relating to the contingency fund for
11	criminal-related costs of counties; repealing
12	s. 29.011, F.S., relating to conflict counsel
13	pilot projects; repealing s. 34.201, F.S.,
14	relating to the County Article V Trust Fund;
15	repealing s. 43.28, F.S., relating to county
16	provision of court facilities; repealing s.
17	50.071, F.S., relating to court docket funds;
18	repealing s. 57.091, F.S., relating to costs
19	refunded to counties in certain proceedings
20	relating to state prisoners; repealing s.
21	218.325, F.S., relating to the uniform chart of
22	accounts and financial reporting for court and
23	justice system costs and revenues; repealing s.
24	914.06, F.S., relating to compensation of
25	expert witnesses in criminal cases; repealing
26	s. 925.035, F.S., relating to appointment and
27	compensation of an attorney in capital cases
28	and appeals from judgments imposing the death
29	penalty; repealing s. 925.036, F.S., relating
30	to compensation of appointed counsel and
31	prohibition against reassignment or
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1	subcontracting of case to another attorney;
2	repealing s. 925.037, F.S., relating to
3	reimbursement of counties for fees paid to
4	appointed counsel and circuit conflict
5	committees; repealing s. 939.05, F.S., relating
6	to discharge of insolvent defendant without
7	payment of costs; repealing s. 939.07, F.S.,
8	relating to payment of defendant's witnesses;
9	repealing s. 939.10, F.S., relating to duty of
10	board of county commissioners to verify mileage
11	and actual and necessary services and expenses;
12	repealing s. 939.15, F.S., relating to costs
13	paid by counties in cases of insolvency;
14	providing for construction of the act in pari
15	materia with laws enacted during the 2003
16	Regular Session of the Legislature; providing
17	effective dates.
18	
19	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
20	
21	Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 25.073, Florida
22	Statutes, is amended to read:
23	25.073 Retired justices or judges assigned to
24	temporary duty; additional compensation; appropriation
25	(1) For purposes of this section, the term "retired
26	justice" or "retired judge" means any former justice or judge
27	who:
28	(a) Has not been defeated in seeking reelection to, or
29	has not failed to be retained in seeking retention in, his or
30	her last judicial office or was not defeated when last seeking
31	election to judicial office; and
	18

1	(b) Is not engaged in the practice of law.
2	Section 2. Effective July 1, 2004, section 25.383,
3	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
4	25.383 Standards for court reporters; procedures;
5	rules of professional conduct, discipline, and training ;
6	feesThe Supreme Court shall establish minimum standards and
7	procedures for qualifications, certification, discipline, and
8	training for court reporters. The Supreme Court is authorized
9	to set fees to be charged to applicants for certification and
10	renewal of certification. The revenues generated from such
11	fees shall be used to offset the costs of administration of
12	the certification process. The Supreme Court may appoint or
13	employ such personnel as are necessary to assist the court in
14	exercising its powers and performing its duties under this
15	section.
16	Section 3. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (a) of
17	subsection (2) of section 25.384, Florida Statutes, is amended
18	to read:
19	25.384 Court Education Trust Fund
20	(2)(a) The trust fund moneys shall be used to provide
21	judicial education and training for judges and other court
22	personnel as defined and determined by the Florida Court
23	Educational Council, the State Courts Administrator and his or
24	her staff, trial court administrators, and appellate court law
25	clerks . In addition, funds may be used for the development and
26	implementation of an educational program for the clerks of
27	court as set forth in s. 145.051(2).
28	Section 4. Part I of chapter 27, entitled
29	"Definitions; Court Reporters," is retitled as "Court
30	Reporters; Witness Coordination, " and shall consist of
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sections 27.0055, 27.006, 27.0061, and 27.0065, Florida 1 2 Statutes. This section shall take effect July 1, 2004. 3 Section 5. Effective July 1, 2004, section 43.35, 4 Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 27.0065, Florida 5 Statutes, and amended to read: 6 27.0065 43.35 Witness coordination coordinating 7 offices.--Each state attorney and public defender court 8 administrator shall establish a witness coordinating office in 9 each county within his or her judicial circuit. The office shall be responsible for: 10 (1) Coordinating court appearances, including pretrial 11 12 conferences and depositions, for all witnesses who are subpoenaed in criminal cases, including law enforcement 13 14 personnel. 15 (2) Contacting witnesses and securing information 16 necessary to place a witness on an on-call status with regard 17 to his or her court appearance. 18 (3) Contacting witnesses to advise them not to report 19 to court in the event the case for which they have been subpoenaed has been continued or has had a plea entered, or in 20 the event there is any other reason why their attendance is 21 22 not required on the dates they have been ordered to report. 23 (4) Contacting the employer of a witness, when 24 necessary, to confirm that the employee has been subpoenaed to 25 appear in court as a witness. 26 27 In addition, the state attorney or public defender the office 28 may provide additional services to reduce time and wage losses 29 to a minimum for all witnesses. Section 6. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.02, 30 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31 20 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	27.02 Duties before court
2	(1) The state attorney shall appear in the circuit and
3	county courts within his or her judicial circuit and prosecute
4	or defend on behalf of the state all suits, applications, or
5	motions, civil or criminal, in which the state is a party,
6	except as provided in chapters 39, 984, and 985. The intake
7	procedures of chapters 39, 984, and 985 shall apply as
8	provided therein. The state attorney shall not appear in the
9	circuit and county courts within his or her judicial circuit
10	for the purpose of prosecuting violations of special laws,
11	unless expressly authorized, or violations of county or
12	municipal ordinances, unless ancillary to a state prosecution
13	and authorized by the prosecuting attorney of the county.
14	(2) The state attorney shall provide to the defendant
15	all discovery materials required pursuant to the applicable
16	rule of procedure and may charge fees as provided for in s.
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18	noncertified copy of a public record. However, these fees may
19	be deferred if the defendant has been determined to be
20	indigent as provided in s. 27.52.
21	Section 7. Section 27.04, Florida Statutes, is amended
22	to read:
23	27.04 Summoning and examining witnesses for
24	stateThe state attorney shall have summoned all witnesses
25	required on behalf of the state; and he or she is allowed the
26	process of his or her court to summon witnesses from
27	throughout the state to appear before the state attorney in or
28	out of term time at such convenient places in the state
29	attorney's judicial circuit and at such convenient times as
30	may be designated in the summons, to testify before him or her
31	as to any violation of the criminal law upon which they may be
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interrogated, and he or she is empowered to administer oaths 1 to all witnesses summoned to testify by the process of his or 2 her court or who may voluntarily appear before the state 3 4 attorney to testify as to any violation or violations of the 5 criminal law. Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 27.15, Florida 6 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 8 27.15 State attorneys to assist in other circuits .--9 (2) When any state attorney is required to go beyond the limits of the circuit in which he or she holds office to 10 comply with this section or on other official business 11 12 performed at the direction of the Governor, the expenses that 13 would otherwise not have been incurred but for the executive 14 assignment incurred shall be borne by the state and shall be 15 paid from the appropriation provided by the state for the state attorney who is being assisted in the discharge of his 16 17 or her duties. Other costs attendant to the prosecution of 18 such cases shall be paid by the entity obligated to pay the 19 expense in the absence of an executive assignment circuit 20 courts. Section 9. Effective July 1, 2004, subsections (1) and 21 (5) of section 27.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 22 23 27.25 State attorney authorized to employ personnel; funding formula. --24 (1) The state attorney of each judicial circuit is 25 26 authorized to employ and establish, in such number as is 27 authorized by the General Appropriations Act he or she shall determine, assistant state attorneys, investigators, and 28 29 clerical, secretarial, and other staff pursuant to s. 29.005 personnel, who shall be paid from funds appropriated for that 30 purpose. The state attorneys of all judicial circuits shall 31 2.2

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1	jointly develop a coordinated classification and pay plan
2	which shall be submitted on or before January 1 of each year
3	to the Justice Administrative Commission, the office of the
4	President of the Senate, and the office of the Speaker of the
5	House of Representatives. Such plan shall be developed in
6	accordance with policies and procedures of the Executive
7	Office of the Governor established pursuant to s. 216.181.
8	(5) The appropriations for the offices of state
9	attorneys shall be determined by a funding formula based on
10	population and such other factors as may be deemed appropriate
11	in a manner to be determined by this <u>section</u> subsection and
12	the General any subsequent Appropriations Act.
13	Section 10. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.34,
14	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
15	27.34 Limitations on payment of salaries and other
16	related costs of state attorneys' offices other than by the
17	state; limitations
18	(1) <u>A</u> No county or municipality <u>may not contract with,</u>
19	or shall appropriate or contribute funds to the operation of <u>,</u>
20	the various state attorneys <u>for the prosecution of</u> , except
21	that a county or municipality may appropriate or contribute
22	funds to pay the salary of one assistant state attorney whose
23	sole function shall be to prosecute violations of special
24	laws, unless expressly authorized, or ordinances of the county
25	or municipality, unless ancillary to a state prosecution. and
26	may provide Persons employed by the county or municipality <u>may</u>
27	be provided to the state attorney to serve as special
28	investigators pursuant to the provisions of s. 27.251.
29	However, any county or municipality may contract with the
30	state attorney of the judicial circuit in which such county or
31	municipality is located for the prosecution of violations of
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1	county or municipal ordinances. In addition, a county or
2	municipality may appropriate or contribute funds to pay the
3	salary of one or more assistant state attorneys who are
4	trained in the use of the civil and criminal provisions of the
5	Florida RICO Act, chapter 895, and whose sole function is to
б	investigate and prosecute civil and criminal RICO actions when
7	one or more offenses identified in s. 895.02(1)(a) occur
8	within the boundaries of the municipality or county.
9	(2) The state attorneys shall be provided by the
10	counties within their judicial circuits with such office
11	space, utilities, telephone service, custodial services,
12	library services, transportation services, and communication
13	services as may be necessary for the proper and efficient
14	functioning of these offices, except as otherwise provided in
15	the General Appropriations Act. The state attorney's office
16	shall also be provided with pretrial consultation fees for
17	expert or other potential witnesses consulted before trial by
18	the state attorney; travel expenses incurred in criminal cases
19	by a state attorney in connection with out-of-jurisdiction
20	depositions; out-of-state travel expenses incurred by
21	assistant state attorneys or by investigators of state
22	attorneys while attempting to locate and interrogate witnesses
23	for the state attorney in the prosecution of a criminal case;
24	court reporter costs incurred by the state attorney during the
25	course of an investigation and criminal prosecution which
26	costs are certified by the state attorney as being useful and
27	necessary in the prosecution, provided that nothing herein
28	shall be construed to prohibit the county from contesting the
29	reasonableness of the expenditure in the court wherein the
30	criminal case is brought; postindictment and postinformation
31	deposition costs incurred by the state attorney during the
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1	course of a criminal prosecution of an insolvent defendant
2	when such costs are certified by the state attorney as being
3	useful and necessary in the prosecution, provided that nothing
4	herein shall be construed to prohibit the county from
5	contesting the reasonableness of the expenditure in the court
6	wherein the criminal case is brought; and the cost of copying
7	depositions of state witnesses taken by the public defender,
8	court-appointed counsel, or private retained counsel, when
9	such costs are certified by the state attorney as being useful
10	and necessary in the prosecution, provided that nothing herein
11	shall be construed to prohibit the county from contesting the
12	reasonableness of the expenditure in the court wherein the
13	criminal case is brought. The office space to be provided by
14	the counties shall not be less than the standards for space
15	allotment adopted by the Department of Management Services,
16	nor shall these services and office space be less than were
17	provided in the prior fiscal year.
18	(2) (3) It is hereby prohibited for any state attorney
19	to receive from any county or municipality any supplemental
20	salary. However in judicial circuits with a population of 1
21	million or more, state attorneys presently holding office and
22	now receiving a county supplement may continue to receive a
23	county salary supplement at the discretion of the counties for
24	the remainder of their term of office.
25	(3) (4) Notwithstanding s. 27.25, the <u>Chief Financial</u>
26	Officer Insurance Commissioner may contract with the state
27	attorney of any judicial circuit of the state for the
28	prosecution of criminal violations of the Workers'
29	Compensation Law and related crimes if the Chief Financial
30	Officer contributes and may contribute funds for such
31	purposes. Such contracts may provide for the training, salary,
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and expenses of one or more assistant state attorneys used in 1 2 the prosecution of such crimes. 3 Section 11. Section 27.35, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 27.35 Salaries of state attorneys.--6 (1) Each state attorney shall receive as salary the 7 amount provided in the General Appropriations Act subsection (2) and subsequent appropriations acts. 8 9 (2) The annual salaries for state attorneys shall be 10 as follows: 11 (a) In those circuits having a population of 100,000 12 or less\$28,000. 13 (b) In those circuits having a population of more than 14 100,000 but less than 200,00030,000. 15 (c) In those circuits having a population of more than 16 200,00032,000.17 Section 12. Part III of chapter 27, entitled "Public Defenders," is retitled as "Public Defenders and Other 18 19 Court-appointed Counsel," and shall consist of sections 27.40, 20 27.42, 27.50, 27.51, 27.512, 27.52, 27.525, 27.53, 27.5301, 27.5302, 27.5303, 27.5304, 27.54, 27.55, 27.561, 27.562, 21 27.58, and 27.59, Florida Statutes. This section shall take 22 23 effect July 1, 2004. Section 13. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.40, 24 25 Florida Statutes, is created to read: 26 27.40 Court-appointed counsel; circuit registries; minimum requirements; appointment by court .--27 28 (1) Counsel shall be appointed to represent any 29 individual in a criminal or civil proceeding entitled to court-appointed counsel under the Federal or State 30 Constitution or as authorized by general law. The court shall 31 26

1	appoint a public defender to represent indigent persons as
2	authorized in s. 27.51. Private counsel shall be appointed to
3	represent indigents in those cases in which provision is made
4	for court-appointed counsel but the public defender is unable
5	to provide representation due to a conflict of interest or is
6	not authorized to provide representation.
7	(2) Private counsel appointed by the court to provide
8	representation shall be selected from a registry established
9	by the circuit Article V indigent services committee or
10	procured through a competitive-bidding process.
11	(3) In utilizing a registry:
12	(a) Each circuit Article V indigent services committee
13	shall compile and maintain a list of attorneys in private
14	practice, by county and by category of cases. To be included
15	on a registry, attorneys shall certify that they meet any
16	minimum requirements established in general law for court
17	appointment, are available to represent indigent defendants in
18	cases requiring court appointment of private counsel, and are
19	willing to abide by the terms of the contract for services.
20	Each attorney on the registry shall be responsible for
21	notifying the circuit Article V indigent services committee of
22	any change in his or her status. Failure to comply with this
23	requirement shall be cause for removal from the registry until
24	the requirement is fulfilled.
25	(b) The court shall appoint attorneys in rotating
26	order in the order in which names appear on the applicable
27	registry, unless the court makes a finding of good cause on
28	the record for appointing an attorney out of order. An
29	attorney not appointed in the order in which his or her name
30	appears on the list shall remain next in order.
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1	(c) If it finds the number of attorneys on the
2	registry in a county or circuit for a particular category of
3	cases is inadequate, the circuit Article V indigent services
4	committee shall notify the chief judge of the particular
5	circuit in writing. The chief judge shall submit the names of
6	at least three private attorneys with relevant experience. The
7	clerk of court shall send an application to each of these
8	attorneys to register for appointment.
9	(d) Quarterly, beginning July 1, 2004, each circuit
10	Article V indigent services committee shall provide the Chief
11	Justice of the Supreme Court, the chief judge, the state
12	attorney and public defender in each judicial circuit, and the
13	clerk of court in each county with a current copy of each
14	registry.
15	(4) To be eligible for court appointment, an attorney
16	must be a member in good standing of The Florida Bar in
17	addition to any other qualifications specified by general law.
18	(5) The Justice Administrative Commission shall
19	approve uniform contract forms for use in procuring the
20	services of private court-appointed counsel based on the
21	recommendations of the Article V Indigent Services Advisory
22	Board.
23	(6) After court appointment, the attorney must
24	immediately file a notice of appearance with the court
25	indicating acceptance of the appointment to represent the
26	defendant.
27	(7)(a) An attorney appointed to represent a defendant
28	or other client is entitled to payment of attorney's fees and
29	expenses pursuant to s. 27.5304, only upon full performance by
30	the attorney of specified duties, approval of payment by the
31	court, and attorney submission of a payment request to the
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Justice Administrative Commission. If an attorney is permitted 1 2 to withdraw or is otherwise removed from representation prior 3 to full performance of the duties specified in this section, the trial court shall approve payment of attorney's fees and 4 5 costs for work performed in an amount not to exceed the 6 amounts specified in s. 27.5304. 7 (b) The attorney shall maintain appropriate 8 documentation, including a current and detailed hourly 9 accounting of time spent representing the defendant or other 10 client. (8) Subject to the attorney-client, work-product 11 12 privilege, an attorney who withdraws or is removed from 13 representation shall deliver all files, notes, documents, and 14 research to the successor attorney within 15 days after 15 receiving notice from the successor attorney. The successor attorney shall bear the cost of transmitting all files, notes, 16 documents, and research. 17 18 (9) A circuit Article V indigent services committee or 19 any interested person may advise the court of any circumstance 20 affecting the quality of representation, including, but not 21 limited to, false or fraudulent billing, misconduct, failure to meet continuing legal education requirements, solicitation 22 23 to receive compensation from the defendant or other client the attorney is appointed to represent, or failure to file 24 appropriate motions in a timely manner. 25 26 (10) This section does not apply to attorneys 27 appointed to represent persons in postconviction capital 28 collateral cases pursuant to part IV of this chapter. 29 Section 14. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.42, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 30 31 29 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	27.42 Circuit Article V indigent services committees;
2	composition; staff; responsibilities; funding
3	(1) In each judicial circuit a circuit Article V
4	indigent services committee shall be established. The
5	committee shall consist of the following:
6	(a) The chief judge of the judicial circuit or the
7	chief judge's designee, who shall serve as the chair.
8	(b) The public defender of the judicial circuit.
9	(c) One experienced private criminal defense attorney
10	appointed by the chief judge to serve a 2-year term. During
11	the 2-year term, the attorney is prohibited from serving as
12	court-appointed counsel.
13	(d) One experienced civil trial attorney appointed by
14	the chief judge, to serve a 2-year term. During the 2-year
15	term, the attorney is prohibited from serving as
16	court-appointed counsel.
17	(2)(a) The responsibility of the circuit Article V
18	indigent services committee is to manage the appointment and
19	compensation of court-appointed counsel within a circuit
20	pursuant to ss. 27.40 and 27.5303. The circuit Article V
21	indigent services committee shall meet at least quarterly.
22	(b) The circuit Article V indigent services committee
23	shall maintain a registry pursuant to s. 27.40, unless
24	procuring counsel through a competitive-bidding process. The
25	committee shall apply the eligibility and performance
26	standards set by the Legislature, if any, after receiving
27	recommendations from the Article V Indigent Services Advisory
28	Board, for the appropriate category of case.
29	(c) The circuit Article V indigent services committee
30	shall develop a schedule of standard fees and expense
31	allowances for the various categories of cases, consistent
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with the standards adopted by the Legislature, if any, after 1 2 receiving recommendations from the Article V Indigent Services 3 Advisory Board. 4 (3) The Justice Administrative Commission shall 5 prepare and issue on a quarterly basis a statewide report 6 comparing actual year-to-date expenditures to budgeted amounts 7 for the circuit Article V indigent services committees in each 8 of the judicial circuits. Copies of these quarterly reports 9 shall be distributed to each circuit Article V indigent services committee and to the President of the Senate and the 10 Speaker of the House of Representatives. 11 12 (4)(a) The funding and positions for the processing of 13 committees' fees and expenses shall be as appropriated to the Justice Administrative Commission in the General 14 15 Appropriations Act. (b) Funds for criminal conflict case fees and expenses 16 17 shall be appropriated by the Legislature in a separate 18 appropriations category within the Justice Administrative 19 Commission. These funds shall be allocated to each circuit as 20 prescribed in the General Appropriations Act. 21 (c) Separate funds for attorneys' fees and expenses in conflict cases under chapter 394 shall be appropriated by the 22 Legislature in a separate appropriations category within the 23 Justice Administrative Commission. 24 (d) The Legislature shall appropriate separate funds 25 26 for attorneys' fees and expenses in child dependency cases and 27 other court-appointed counsel cases in a separate 28 appropriations category within the Justice Administrative 29 Commission. Section 15. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.51, 30 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31 31 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

27.51 Duties of public defender .--1 2 (1) The public defender shall represent, without 3 additional compensation, any person who is determined by the 4 court to be indigent as provided in s. 27.52 and who is: 5 (a) Under arrest for, or is charged with, a felony; 6 (b) Under arrest for, or is charged with, a 7 misdemeanor authorized for prosecution by the state attorney, 8 a violation of chapter 316 which is punishable by 9 imprisonment, or criminal contempt, or a violation of a 10 municipal or county ordinance in the county court, unless the court, prior to trial, files in the cause an order of no 11 12 imprisonment which states that the defendant will not be imprisoned if he or she is convicted; 13 14 (c) Alleged to be a delinquent child pursuant to a petition filed before a circuit court; or 15 16 (d) Sought by petition filed in such court to be 17 involuntarily placed as a mentally ill person or sexually 18 violent predator or involuntarily admitted to residential 19 services as a person with developmental disabilities. However, a public defender does not have the authority to represent any 20 person who is a plaintiff in a civil action brought under the 21 Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, the Federal Rules of Civil 22 23 Procedure, or the federal statutes, or who is a petitioner in an administrative proceeding challenging a rule under chapter 24 25 120, unless specifically authorized by statute; or 26 (e) Convicted and sentenced to death for purposes of prosecuting an appeal to the Supreme Court. 27 28 The court may not appoint the public defender to (2) 29 represent, even on a temporary basis, any person who is not 30 indigent. The court, however, may appoint private counsel in capital cases as provided in ss. 27.40 and 27.5303 \pm . 925.035. 31 32 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	(3) Each public defender shall serve on a full-time
2	basis and is prohibited from engaging in the private practice
3	of law while holding office. Assistant public defenders shall
4	give priority and preference to their duties as assistant
5	public defenders and shall not otherwise engage in the
6	practice of criminal law.
7	(4) The public defender for a judicial circuit
8	enumerated in this subsection shall, after the record on
9	appeal is transmitted to the appellate court by the office of
10	the public defender which handled the trial and if requested
11	by any public defender within the indicated appellate
12	district, handle all felony appeals to the state and federal
13	courts required of the official making such request:
14	(a) Public defender of the second judicial circuit, on
15	behalf of any public defender within the district comprising
16	the First District Court of Appeal.
17	(b) Public defender of the tenth judicial circuit, on
18	behalf of any public defender within the district comprising
19	the Second District Court of Appeal.
20	(c) Public defender of the eleventh judicial circuit,
21	on behalf of any public defender within the district
22	comprising the Third District Court of Appeal.
23	(d) Public defender of the fifteenth judicial circuit,
24	on behalf of any public defender within the district
25	comprising the Fourth District Court of Appeal.
26	(e) Public defender of the seventh judicial circuit,
27	on behalf of any public defender within the district
28	comprising the Fifth District Court of Appeal.
29	(5) When the public defender for a judicial circuit
30	enumerated in subsection (4) has represented at trial a person
31	sentenced to death, the public defender shall not represent
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1	that person in any direct appellate proceedings. That public
2	defender shall notify the Florida Supreme Court within 10 days
3	after filing a notice of appeal, and the Court shall appoint
4	another public defender enumerated in subsection (4) to
5	represent the person in any direct appellate proceedings.
6	(5) (6) (a) When direct appellate proceedings prosecuted
7	by a public defender on behalf of an accused and challenging a
8	judgment of conviction and sentence of death terminate in an
9	affirmance of such conviction and sentence, whether by the
10	Florida Supreme Court or by the United States Supreme Court or
11	by expiration of any deadline for filing such appeal in a
12	state or federal court, the public defender shall notify the
13	accused of his or her rights pursuant to Rule 3.850, Florida
14	Rules of Criminal Procedure, including any time limits
15	pertinent thereto, and shall advise such person that
16	representation in any collateral proceedings is the
17	responsibility of the capital collateral representative. The
18	public defender shall then forward all original files on the
19	matter to the capital collateral representative, retaining
20	such copies for his or her files as may be desired. However,
21	the trial court shall retain the power to appoint the public
22	defender or other attorney not employed by the capital
23	collateral representative to represent such person in
24	proceedings for relief by executive clemency pursuant to <u>ss.</u>
25	27.40 and 27.5303 s. 925.035 .
26	(b) It is the intent of the Legislature that any
27	public defender representing an inmate in any collateral
28	proceedings in any court on June 24, 1985, shall continue
29	representation of that inmate in all postconviction
30	proceedings unless relieved of responsibility from further
31	representation by the court.
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(6) (7) A sum shall be appropriated to the public 1 2 defender of each judicial circuit enumerated in subsection (4) 3 for the employment of assistant public defenders and clerical 4 employees and the payment of expenses incurred in cases on 5 appeal. Section 16. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.52, 6 7 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 27.52 Determination of indigence indigency.--9 (1) (a) The clerk of the circuit court shall determine the indigence of each person applying for appointment of a 10 determination of indigency for purposes of appointing the 11 12 public defender or private or conflict attorney or any other 13 court-related services based on indigence. This determination 14 shall be made by the court, and may be made at any stage of 15 the proceedings. Before appointing the public defender or a private conflict attorney, or providing any other 16 17 court-related service based on indigence, the court shall receive the determination of indigence from the clerk. If the 18 19 clerk has not made this determination at the time a person 20 requests appointment of a public defender or private attorney 21 or provision of any other court-related services, the court consider a completed affidavit that contains the financial 22 23 information required under paragraph (f) and shall make a preliminary determination of indigence indigency, pending 24 verification by the clerk indigency examiner. The applicant 25 26 may seek review of the clerk's determination denying indigence 27 in the court having jurisdiction over the matter at the next 28 scheduled hearing. 29 (2)(a) Any person applying for appointment of a public 30 defender or private attorney or any other court-related services based on indigence shall pay a \$40 application fee to 31 35

1	the clerk of court and submit a completed affidavit containing
2	the financial information required under paragraph (f).
3	(b) The person shall pay the application fee at the
4	time the financial affidavit is filed or within 7 days
5	thereafter. If not paid within 7 days, the applicant shall be
б	enrolled by the clerk in a payment program to recover unpaid
7	fees, in full, with periodic payment amounts corresponding to
8	the applicant's ability to pay.
9	(b) An accused person, or if applicable a parent or
10	legal guardian of an accused minor or an accused adult
11	tax-dependent person, asserting indigency and requesting
12	representation by the public defender or a conflict attorney,
13	shall file with the court a completed affidavit containing the
14	financial information required under paragraph (f) and stating
15	that the affidavit is signed under oath and under penalty of
16	perjury.
17	(c) Each person who requests the appointment of the
18	public defender or a conflict attorney shall pay to the clerk
19	of the court an application fee of $$40$, as ordered by the
20	court, at the time the financial affidavit is filed, or within
21	7 days thereafter. If not paid within 7 days, the application
22	fee shall be assessed at sentencing or at the final
23	disposition of the case. The application fee shall be assessed
24	for each affidavit filed against a defendant who requests
25	appointment of the public defender or a conflict attorney.A
26	defendant who is found to be indigent may not be refused
27	counsel or any other court-related services based on indigence
28	for failure to pay the application fee. The defendant shall
29	pay a separate application fee for each affidavit filed.
30	(d) If the court finds that the accused person
31	applying for representation appears to be indigent based upon
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the financial affidavit required under paragraph (f), the 1 court shall appoint the public defender or a private conflict 2 attorney to provide representation. If the application fee is 3 4 not paid prior to the disposition of the case, the clerk shall 5 advise the sentencing judge of this fact and the court shall: 1. Assess the application fee as part of the sentence б 7 or as a condition of probation; or 8 Assess the application fee pursuant to s. 938.29. 2. 9 10 If the clerk indigency examiner finds discrepancies between the financial affidavit and his or her the examiner's 11 12 investigation of assets, the clerk indigency examiner shall submit the information to the court and the court shall 13 14 determine whether the public defender or private conflict 15 attorney shall continue representation. The defendant may be heard regarding the information discovered by the clerk 16 17 indigency examiner. If the court, based on the information provided, determines that the defendant is not indigent, the 18 19 court shall order that the public defender or private conflict 20 attorney to discontinue representation. Notwithstanding any provision of law or local order to the contrary, the clerk of 21 the court shall assign the first \$40 of any court assessed 22 23 fees or costs that are paid by an indigent defendant as payment of for the application fee. In no event should a 24 person who is found to be indigent be refused counsel for 25 26 failure to pay the fee. (e) All application fees shall be transferred monthly 27 by the clerk of the court to the Department of Revenue for 28 29 deposit to the Indigent Criminal Defense Trust Fund, administered by the Justice Administrative Commission, to be 30 used to supplement the general revenue funds appropriated by 31 37

the Legislature to the public defenders. The clerk of the 1 2 court may retain 2 percent of application fees collected 3 monthly for administrative costs prior to remitting the 4 remainder to the Department of Revenue. 5 (f) The affidavit must contain the following financial 6 information and calculations as to the applicant's accused 7 person's income: 8 1. Net income. -- Total salary and wages, minus 9 deductions required by law, including court-ordered support 10 payments. 2. Other income. -- Including, but not limited to, 11 12 social security benefits, union funds, veterans' benefits, workers' compensation, other regular support from absent 13 14 family members, public or private employee pensions, 15 unemployment compensation, dividends, interest, rent, trusts, 16 and gifts. 17 3. Assets.--Including, but not limited to, cash, savings accounts, bank accounts, stocks, bonds, certificates 18 19 of deposit, equity in real estate, and equity in a boat or a motor vehicle or in other tangible property. 20 21 (g) The income of an applicant who is a accused minor 22 or an accused adult tax-dependent person who is substantially 23 supported by a parent or parents or by a guardian, or who continues to be claimed as a dependent for tax purposes, shall 24 include the income of that dependent person's parent or 25 26 parents or guardian, except a parent or guardian who has an 27 adverse interest in the proceeding. 28 (h) In addition to the financial information, the 29 affidavit must contain the following statement: "I, ... (name of applicant accused person) ..., agree to report any change 30 31 38

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in my financial situation to the court or to the indigency 1 2 examiner." 3 (3)(2)(a) After reviewing the affidavit and 4 questioning the applicant accused person, the clerk court 5 shall make one of the following determinations: 6 The applicant accused person is indigent. 1. 7 The applicant accused person is not indigent. 2. 8 (b) An applicant accused person, including an 9 applicant who is a minor or an or an accused minor's or accused adult tax-dependent person person's parent or 10 11 guardian, is indigent if: 12 1. The income of the person is equal to or below 200 250 percent of the then-current federal poverty guidelines 13 14 prescribed for the size of the household of the applicant accused by the United States Department of Health and Human 15 Services or if the person is receiving Temporary Assistance 16 17 for Needy Families-Cash Assistance Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), poverty-related veterans' benefits, 18 19 or Supplemental Security Income (SSI); or 20 2. The person is unable to pay for the services of an 21 attorney without substantial hardship to his or her family. 22 (c) In determining whether an applicant a defendant is 23 indigent, the clerk court shall determine whether any of the following facts exist, and the existence of any such fact 24 25 creates a presumption that the applicant defendant is not 26 indigent: The defendant has been released on bail in the 27 1. 28 amount of \$5,000 or more. 29 The defendant owns, or has equity in, any 2. 30 intangible or tangible personal property or real property or the expectancy of an interest in any such property. 31 39 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

3. The defendant retained private counsel immediately 1 2 before or after filing the affidavit asserting indigence 3 indigency pursuant to subsection(2)(1). 4 (d) A nonindigent parent or legal guardian of an 5 applicant who is a accused minor or an accused adult 6 tax-dependent person shall furnish the minor or adult 7 tax-dependent dependent person with the necessary legal 8 services and costs incident to a delinquency proceeding or, 9 upon transfer of such person for criminal prosecution as an adult pursuant to chapter 985, a criminal prosecution, in 10 which the person has a right to legal counsel under the 11 Constitution of the United States or the Constitution of the 12 State of Florida. The failure of a parent or legal guardian to 13 14 furnish legal services and costs under this section does not bar the appointment of legal counsel pursuant to s. 27.40 or 15 27.5303 27.53. When the public defender, a special assistant 16 17 public defender appointed pursuant to s. 27.53(2), or a 18 appointed private attorney legal counsel is appointed to 19 represent a an accused minor or an accused adult tax-dependent person in any proceeding in circuit court or in a criminal 20 21 proceeding in any other court, the parents or the legal guardian shall be liable for payment of the fees, charges, and 22 23 costs of the such representation even if the person is a minor being tried as an adult. Liability for the fees, charges, and 24 costs of the such representation shall may be imposed in the 25 26 form of a lien against the property of the nonindigent parents or legal guardian of the accused minor or accused adult 27 28 tax-dependent person. The, which lien shall be is enforceable 29 as provided in s. 27.561 or s. 938.29. The court shall 30 determine the amount of the obligation; and, in determining 31 40

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the amount of the obligation, the court shall follow the 1 procedure outlined by this section. 2 3 (4) (4) (3) If the trial court determines, within 2 years 4 after the determination of indigency, that any applicant 5 accused was erroneously or improperly determined to be 6 indigent, the state attorney shall, in the name of the state, 7 proceed against the applicant such accused for the reasonable value of the services rendered, to the accused and including 8 9 all fees, charges, and costs paid by the state or county in his or her behalf. Any amount recovered shall be remitted to 10 the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue 11 12 Fund board of county commissioners of the county wherein the accused was tried. The funds shall be deposited in the fine 13 14 and forfeiture fund of that county and be used to defray the expenses incurred by the county with respect to the defense of 15 defendants in criminal prosecutions. 16 17 (5) An individual determined to be indigent and seeking to defer payment of fees, charges, or costs imposed by 18 19 operation of law or order of the court under this section or 20 any other provision of general law imposing fees, charges, or 21 costs, shall be enrolled by the clerk in a payment program to recover unpaid costs in full, with periodic payment amounts 22 23 corresponding to the individual's ability to pay. Section 17. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.53, 24 25 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 26 27.53 Appointment of assistants and other staff; method of payment. --27 28 (1) The public defender of each judicial circuit is 29 authorized to employ and establish, in such numbers as authorized by the General Appropriations Act as he or she 30 shall determine, assistant public defenders, investigators, 31 41 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

and other staff and personnel pursuant to s. 29.006, who shall 1 be paid from funds appropriated for that purpose. 2 Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 790.01, s. 790.02, or s. 3 4 790.25(2)(a), an investigator employed by a public defender, 5 while actually carrying out official duties, is authorized to carry concealed weapons if the investigator complies with s. 6 7 790.25(3)(o). However, such investigators are not eligible for membership in the Special Risk Class of the Florida Retirement 8 9 System. The public defenders of all judicial circuits shall jointly develop a coordinated classification and pay plan 10 which shall be submitted on or before January 1 of each year 11 to the Justice Administrative Commission, the office of the 12 President of the Senate, and the office of the Speaker of the 13 14 House of Representatives. Such plan shall be developed in accordance with policies and procedures of the Executive 15 Office of the Governor established in s. 216.181. Each 16 assistant public defender appointed by a public defender under 17 this section shall serve at the pleasure of the public 18 19 defender. Each investigator employed by a public defender shall have full authority to serve any witness subpoena or 20 court order issued, by any court or judge within the judicial 21 circuit served by such public defender, in a criminal case in 22 23 which such public defender has been appointed to represent the 24 accused. (2) Any member of The Florida Bar, in good standing, 25 26 may volunteer register his or her availability to the public 27 defender of any judicial circuit for acceptance of special assignments without salary to represent indigent defendants. 28 29 Volunteer attorneys are to be Such persons shall be listed and referred to as special assistant public defenders and be paid 30

31 a fee and costs and expenses as provided in s. 925.036. A

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special assistant public defender may not reassign or 1 subcontract a case to another attorney. 2 (3) If, at any time during the representation of two 3 4 or more indigents, the public defender determines that the interests of those accused are so adverse or hostile that they 5 cannot all be counseled by the public defender or his or her 6 7 staff without conflict of interest, or that none can be counseled by the public defender or his or her staff because 8 9 of conflict of interest, the public defender shall file a motion to withdraw and move the court to appoint other 10 counsel. The court shall review and may inquire or conduct a 11 12 hearing into the adequacy of the public defender's representations regarding a conflict of interest without 13 14 requiring the disclosure of any confidential communications. The court shall permit withdrawal unless the court determines 15 16 that the asserted conflict is not prejudicial to the indigent 17 client. If the court grants the motion to withdraw, it may appoint one or more members of The Florida Bar, who are in no 18 19 way affiliated with the public defender, in his or her capacity as such, or in his or her private practice, to 20 represent those accused. However, the trial court shall 21 appoint such other counsel upon its own motion when the facts 22 23 developed upon the face of the record and files in the cause disclose such conflict. The court shall advise the appropriate 24 public defender and clerk of court, in writing, when making 25 26 such appointment and state the conflict prompting the 27 appointment. The appointed attorney shall be compensated as provided in s. 925.036. 28 29 (3) (4) The appropriations for the offices of public 30 defender shall be determined by a funding formula and such other factors as may be deemed appropriate in a manner to be 31 43 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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determined by this section subsection and the General any 1 2 subsequent Appropriations Act. Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 27.5301, Florida 3 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 27.5301 Salaries of public defenders and assistant 5 6 public defenders.--7 (1) The salaries of public defenders, to be paid by 8 the state, shall be as provided in the General Appropriations 9 Act and shall be paid in equal monthly installments. Section 19. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.5303, 10 Florida Statutes, is created to read: 11 12 27.5303 Public defenders; conflict of interest.--(1)(a) If, at any time during the representation of 13 14 two or more defendants, a public defender determines that the 15 interests of those accused are so adverse or hostile that they cannot all be counseled by the public defender or his or her 16 17 staff without conflict of interest, or that none can be counseled by the public defender or his or her staff because 18 19 of a conflict of interest, then the public defender shall file 20 a motion to withdraw and move the court to appoint other 21 counsel. If requested by the Justice Administrative Commission, the public defender shall submit a copy of the 22 23 motion to the Justice Administrative Commission at the time it is filed with the court. The Justice Administrative Commission 24 shall have standing to appear before the court to contest any 25 26 motion to withdraw due to a conflict of interest. The Justice Administrative Commission may contract with other public or 27 private entities or individuals to appear before the court for 28 29 the purpose of contesting any motion to withdraw due to a conflict of interest. The court shall review and may inquire 30 or conduct a hearing into the adequacy of the public 31 44

1	defender's representations regarding a conflict of interest
2	without requiring the disclosure of any confidential
3	communications. The court shall deny the motion to withdraw if
4	the court finds the grounds for withdrawal are insufficient or
5	the asserted conflict is not prejudicial to the indigent
6	client. If the court grants the motion to withdraw, the court
7	shall appoint one or more attorneys to represent the accused.
8	(b) Upon its own motion, the court shall appoint such
9	other counsel when the facts developed upon the face of the
10	record and court files in the case disclose a conflict of
11	interest. The court shall advise the appropriate public
12	defender and clerk of court, in writing, with a copy to the
13	Justice Administrative Commission, if so requested by the
14	Justice Administrative Commission, when making the motion and
15	appointing one or more attorneys to represent the accused. The
16	court shall specify the basis for the conflict.
17	(c) In no case shall the court approve a withdrawal by
18	the public defender based solely upon inadequacy of funding or
19	excess workload of the public defender.
20	(d) In determining whether or not there is a conflict
21	of interest, the public defender and the court shall apply the
22	standards adopted by the Legislature after receiving
23	recommendations from the Article V Indigent Services Advisory
24	Board.
25	(2) The court shall appoint conflict counsel pursuant
26	to s. 27.40. The appointed attorney may not be affiliated with
27	the public defender or any assistant public defender in his or
28	her official capacity or any other private attorney appointed
29	to represent a codefendant. The public defender may not
30	participate in case-related decisions, performance
31	evaluations, or expense determinations in conflict cases.
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1	(3) Private court-appointed counsel shall be
2	compensated as provided in s. 27.5304 in accordance with
3	compensation standards adopted by the Legislature after
4	receiving recommendations from the Article V Indigent Services
5	Advisory Board.
6	(4)(a) If a defendant is convicted and the death
7	sentence is imposed, the appointed attorney shall continue
8	representation through appeal to the Supreme Court. The
9	attorney shall be compensated as provided in s. 27.5304. If
10	the attorney first appointed is unable to handle the appeal,
11	the court shall appoint another attorney and that attorney
12	shall be compensated as provided in s. 27.5304.
13	(b) The public defender or an attorney appointed
14	pursuant to this section may be appointed by the court
15	rendering the judgment imposing the death penalty to represent
16	an indigent defendant who has applied for executive clemency
17	as relief from the execution of the judgment imposing the
18	death penalty.
19	(c) When the appointed attorney in a capital case has
20	completed the duties imposed by this section, the attorney
21	shall file a written report in the trial court stating the
22	duties performed by the attorney and apply for discharge.
23	Section 20. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.5304,
24	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
25	27.5304 Private court-appointed counsel;
26	compensation
27	(1) Private court-appointed counsel shall be
28	compensated by the Justice Administrative Commission in
29	accordance with standards adopted by the Legislature after
30	receiving recommendations from the Article V Indigent Services
31	Advisory Board. However, compensation shall not exceed the
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1	maximum fee limits established by this section. The attorney
2	also shall be reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses
3	in accordance with s. 29.007. If the attorney is representing
4	a defendant charged with more than one offense in the same
5	case, the attorney shall be compensated at the rate provided
6	for the most serious offense for which he or she represented
7	the defendant. This section does not allow stacking of the fee
8	limits established by this section.
9	(2) Prior to filing a motion for an order approving
10	payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related expenses, the
11	private court appointed counsel shall deliver a copy of the
12	intended billing, together with supporting affidavits and all
13	other necessary documentation, to the Justice Administrative
14	Commission. The Justice Administrative Commission shall review
15	the billings, affidavit, and documentation for completeness
16	and compliance with contractual and statutory requirements. If
17	the Justice Administrative Commission objects to any portion
18	of the proposed billing, the objection and reasons therefor
19	shall be communicated to the private court-appointed counsel.
20	The private court-appointed counsel may thereafter file his or
21	her motion for order approving payment of attorney's fees,
22	costs, or related expenses together with supporting affidavits
23	and all other necessary documentation. The motion must specify
24	whether the Justice Administrative Commission objects to any
25	portion of the billing or the sufficiency of documentation
26	and, if so, the reasons therefor. A copy of the motion and
27	attachments shall be served on the Justice Administrative
28	Commission. The Justice Administrative Commission shall have
29	standing to appear before the court to contest any motion for
30	order approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related
31	expenses. The Justice Administrative Commission may contract
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with other public or private entities or individuals to appear 1 2 before the court for the purpose of contesting any motion for 3 order approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related 4 expenses. The fact that the Justice Administrative Commission 5 has not objected to any portion of the billing or to the 6 sufficiency of the documentation is not binding on the court. 7 The court retains primary authority and responsibility for 8 determining the reasonableness of all billings for fees, 9 costs, and related expenses, subject to statutory limitations. (3) The compensation for representation in a criminal 10 proceeding shall not exceed the following: 11 (a)1. For misdemeanors and juveniles represented at 12 13 the trial level: \$1,000. 14 2. For noncapital, nonlife felonies represented at the 15 trial level: \$2,500. 16 3. For life felonies represented at the trial level: 17 \$3,000. 18 4. For capital cases represented at the trial level: 19 \$3,500. 20 5. For representation on appeal: \$2,000. 21 (b) If a death sentence is imposed and affirmed on appeal to the Supreme Court, the appointed attorney shall be 22 23 allowed compensation, not to exceed \$1,000, for attorney's fees and costs incurred in representing the defendant as to an 24 25 application for executive clemency, with compensation to be paid out of general revenue from funds budgeted to the 26 27 Department of Corrections. 28 (4) By January 1, 2004, the Article V Indigent 29 Services Advisory Board shall recommend to the Legislature any 30 adjustments to existing compensation schedules for criminal 31 proceedings and any proposed compensation standards for 48

private attorneys providing representation in civil 1 2 proceedings in which private court-appointed counsel is 3 required. 4 (5) If counsel is entitled to receive compensation for 5 representation pursuant to court appointment in a termination 6 of parental rights proceeding under s. 39.0134, such 7 compensation shall not exceed \$1,000 at the trial level and \$2,500 at the appellate level. 8 9 (6) A private attorney appointed in lieu of the public defender to represent an indigent defendant may not reassign 10 or subcontract the case to another attorney or allow another 11 attorney to appear at a critical stage of a case who does not 12 13 meet standards adopted by the Legislature after any 14 recommendations from the Article V Indigent Services Advisory Board. 15 Section 21. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.54, 16 17 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 27.54 Limitation on payment of expenditures for public 18 19 defender's office other than by the state .--(1) All payments for the salary of the public defender 20 21 and the necessary expenses of office, including salaries of assistants and staff, shall be considered as being for a valid 22 23 public purpose. Travel expenses shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of s. 112.061. 24 (2) A No county or municipality may not contract with, 25 26 or shall appropriate or contribute funds to, the operation of 27 the offices of the various public defenders for the purpose of defending, except that a county or municipality may 28 29 appropriate or contribute funds to: (a) Pay the salary of one assistant public defender 30 whose sole function shall be to defend indigents charged with 31 49

violations of special laws, unless expressly authorized, or 1 with violations of ordinances of the county or municipality, 2 3 unless ancillary to a state prosecution. 4 (b) Employ legal and support staff to be supervised by 5 the public defender upon certification by the public defender that inadequate resources will result in withdrawal from 6 7 current cases or inability to accept additional appointments. (3) The public defenders shall be provided by the 8 9 counties within their judicial circuits with such office space, utilities, telephone services, custodial services, 10 library services, transportation services, and communication 11 12 services as may be necessary for the proper and efficient functioning of these offices, except as otherwise provided in 13 14 the General Appropriations Act. The public defender's offices shall also be provided with pretrial consultation fees for 15 expert or other potential witnesses consulted before trial by 16 the public defender; travel expenses incurred in criminal 17 cases by a public defender in connection with 18 19 out-of-jurisdiction depositions; out-of-state and out-of-jurisdiction travel expenses incurred by public 20 defenders or by investigators of public defenders while 21 attempting to locate and interrogate witnesses for the public 22 defender in the defense of a criminal case; court reporter 23 costs incurred by the public defender during the course of an 24 investigation and criminal prosecution, which costs are 25 certified by the public defender as being useful and necessary 26 in the preparation of a criminal defense, provided that 27 nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the county from 28 29 contesting the reasonableness of the expenditure in the court wherein the criminal case is brought; postindictment and 30 postinformation deposition costs incurred by the public 31 50

defender during the course of a criminal prosecution of an 1 indigent defendant when such costs are certified by the public 2 defender as being useful and necessary in the preparation of a 3 4 criminal defense, provided that nothing herein shall be 5 construed to prohibit the county from contesting the reasonableness of the expenditure in the court wherein the 6 7 criminal case is brought; and the cost of copying depositions of defense witnesses taken by the state attorney when such 8 9 costs are certified by the public defender as being useful and 10 necessary in the preparation of a criminal defense, provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the county 11 12 from contesting the reasonableness of the expenditure in the court wherein the criminal case is brought. The office space 13 14 and utilities to be provided by the counties shall not be less 15 than the standards for space allotment adopted by the Department of Management Services. The counties shall not 16 17 provide less of these services than were provided in the 18 previous fiscal year. 19 (3) (4) No public defender or assistant public defender 20 shall receive from any county or municipality any supplemental salary, except as provided in this section. 21 Section 22. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.562, 22 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 27.562 Disposition of funds.--All funds collected 24 25 pursuant to s. 938.29, except the application fee imposed 26 under s. 27.52, shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue 27 for deposit into the General Revenue Fund board of county commissioners of the county in which the judgment was 28 29 entered. Such funds shall be placed in the fine and forfeiture fund of that county to be used to defray the 30 expenses incurred by the county in defense of criminal 31 51

prosecutions. All judgments entered pursuant to this part 1 shall be in the name of the state county in which the judgment 2 3 was rendered. 4 Section 23. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.58, 5 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6 27.58 Administration of public defender services.--The 7 public defender of each judicial circuit of the state shall be 8 the chief administrator of all public defender services 9 authorized under s. 27.51 within the circuit whether such 10 services are rendered by the state or county public defenders. Section 24. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (b) of 11 12 subsection (3) of section 27.702, Florida Statutes, is amended 13 to read: 14 27.702 Duties of the capital collateral regional 15 counsel; reports.--16 (3) 17 (b) The court having jurisdiction over any nonindigent 18 or indigent-but-able-to-contribute defendant who has been 19 receiving the services of the capital collateral regional counsel may assess attorney's fees and costs against the 20 defendant at any stage in the proceedings as the court may 21 22 deem appropriate. The determination of indigence indigency or 23 nonindigency of any defendant shall be made by the court pursuant to s. 27.52. Liability for the costs of such 24 representation may be imposed in the form of a lien against 25 26 the property of the nonindigent or indigent-but-able-to-contribute defendant, which lien shall be 27 enforceable as provided in s. 27.561 or s. 938.29. 28 29 Section 25. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (2) of 30 section 28.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31 52

28.101 Petitions and records of dissolution of 1 marriage; additional charges.--2 3 (2) Upon receipt of a final judgment of dissolution of 4 marriage for filing, and in addition to the filing charges in 5 s. 28.241, the clerk may shall collect and receive a service 6 charge of up to \$10.50\$7 pursuant to s. 382.023 for the 7 recording and reporting of such final judgment of dissolution 8 of marriage to the Department of Health. 9 Section 26. Section 43.195, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 28.213, Florida Statutes, and amended to 10 11 read: 12 28.213 43.195 Disposal of physical evidence filed as exhibits. -- The clerk of any circuit court or county court may 13 14 dispose of items of physical evidence which have been held as 15 exhibits in excess of 3 years in cases on which no appeal, or 16 collateral attack, is pending or can be made. Items of 17 evidence having no monetary value which are designated by the clerk for removal shall be disposed of as unusable 18 19 refuse. Items of evidence having a monetary value which are designated for removal by the clerk shall be sold and the 20 revenue placed in the clerk's general revenue fund. 21 22 Section 27. Effective July 1, 2004, section 28.215, 23 Florida Statutes, is created to read: 24 28.215 Pro se assistance.--The clerk of the circuit 25 court shall provide ministerial assistance to pro se 26 litigants. Assistance shall not include the provision of legal 27 advice. 28 Section 28. Effective July 1, 2004, section 28.24, 29 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 28.24 Service charges by clerk of the circuit 30 court.--The clerk of the circuit court may charge shall make 31 53 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

the following charges for services rendered by the clerk's 1 office in recording documents and instruments and in 2 3 performing the duties enumerated in amounts not to exceed 4 those specified in this section. Notwithstanding any other 5 provision of this section, the clerk of the circuit court 6 shall provide without charge to any justice or judge, to any 7 court staff acting on behalf of any justice or judge, and to any state attorney or public defender access to and copies of 8 9 any public records, notwithstanding the exempt or confidential nature of such public records, as maintained by and in the 10 custody of the clerk of the circuit court as provided in 11 12 general law and the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration However, in those counties where the clerk's office operates 13 14 as a fiscal unit of the county pursuant to s. 145.022(1), the 15 clerk shall not charge the county for such services. 16 17 Charges 18 19 (1) For court attendance by each clerk or deputy 20 clerk, per day.....\$75.00 21 (2) For court minutes, per page......5.00 22 (1)(3) For examining, comparing, correcting, 23 verifying, and certifying transcripts of record in appellate proceedings, prepared by attorney for appellant or someone 24 25 else other than clerk, per page.....\$4.50 3.00 26 (2)(4) For preparing, numbering, and indexing an 27 original record of appellate proceedings, per 28 29 (3) (3) (5) For certifying copies of any instrument in the public records.....1.50 1.0030 31 54

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1	(4) (4) (6) For verifying any instrument presented for
2	certification prepared by someone other than clerk, per
3	page
4	(7) For making and reporting payrolls of jurors to
5	State Comptroller, per page, per copy
6	(5)(8)(a) For making copies by photographic process of
7	any instrument in the public records consisting of pages of
8	not more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches, per page1.00
9	(b) For making copies by photographic process of any
10	instrument in the public records of more than 14 inches by 8
11	1/2 inches, per page5.00
12	(6)(9) For making microfilm copies of any public
13	records:
14	(a) 16 mm 100' microfilm roll <u>37.50</u> 25.00
15	(b) 35 mm 100' microfilm roll <u>52.50</u> 35.00
16	(c) Microfiche, per fiche
17	(7) (10) For copying any instrument in the public
18	records by other than photographic process, per
19	page
20	(8) (11) For writing any paper other than herein
21	specifically mentioned, same as for copying, including signing
22	and sealing <u>6.00</u>
23	(9) (12) For indexing each entry not recorded1.00
24	(10) (13) For receiving money into the registry of
25	court:
26	(a)1. First \$500, percent <u>3</u> 2
27	2. Each subsequent \$100, percent
28	(b) Eminent domain actions, per
29	deposit
30	
31	
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(11)(14) For examining, certifying, and recording 1 2 plats and for recording condominium exhibits larger than 14 3 inches by 8 1/2 inches: 4 5 Each additional page.....15.00 (b) 6 (12)(15) For recording, indexing, and filing any 7 instrument not more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches, including 8 required notice to property appraiser where applicable: 9 First page or fraction thereof.....5.00 (a) Each additional page or fraction thereof.....4.00 10 (b) For indexing instruments recorded in the official 11 (C) 12 records which contain more than four names, per additional 13 14 (d) An additional service charge shall be paid to the 15 clerk of the circuit court to be deposited in the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund for each instrument listed in 16 17 s. 28.222, except judgments received from the courts and notices of lis pendens, recorded in the official records: 18 19 1. First page.....1.00 20 2. Each additional page.....0.50 21 22 Said fund shall be held in trust by the clerk and used 23 exclusively for equipment and maintenance of equipment, personnel training, and technical assistance in modernizing 24 the public records system of the office. In a county where 25 26 the duty of maintaining official records exists in an office other than the office of the clerk of the circuit court, the 27 clerk of the circuit court is entitled to 25 percent of the 28 29 moneys deposited into the trust fund for equipment, maintenance of equipment, training, and technical assistance 30 in modernizing the system for storing records in the office of 31 56

the clerk of the circuit court. The fund may not be used for 1 2 the payment of travel expenses, membership dues, bank charges, 3 staff-recruitment costs, salaries or benefits of employees, 4 construction costs, general operating expenses, or other costs 5 not directly related to obtaining and maintaining equipment for public records systems or for the purchase of furniture or 6 7 office supplies and equipment not related to the storage of records. On or before December 1, 1995, and on or before 8 9 December 1 of each year immediately preceding each year during which the trust fund is scheduled for legislative review under 10 s. 19(f)(2), Art. III of the State Constitution, each clerk of 11 12 the circuit court shall file a report on the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund with the President of the Senate and 13 14 the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report must 15 itemize each expenditure made from the trust fund since the 16 last report was filed; each obligation payable from the trust 17 fund on that date; and the percentage of funds expended for each of the following: equipment, maintenance of equipment, 18 19 personnel training, and technical assistance. The report must indicate the nature of the system each clerk uses to store, 20 maintain, and retrieve public records and the degree to which 21 22 the system has been upgraded since the creation of the trust 23 fund. (13)(16) Oath, administering, attesting, and sealing, 24 25 26 (14)(17) For validating certificates, any authorized bonds, each.....<u>3.00</u> 2.00 27 28 (15)(18) For preparing affidavit of domicile.....5.00 29 (16)(19) For exemplified certificates, including 30 31 57

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(17)(20) For authenticated certificates, including 1 2 3 $(18)\frac{(21)}{(21)}(a)$ For issuing and filing a subpoena for a 4 witness, not otherwise provided for herein (includes writing, 5 preparing, signing, and sealing).....6.00 4.00 6 (b) For signing and sealing only.....1.50 1.00 7 (22) For issuing venire facias (includes writing, preparing, signing, and sealing).....5.00 8 9 (23) For paying of witnesses and making and reporting 10 payroll to State Comptroller, per copy, per page.....5.00 (19)(24) For approving bond.....7.50 5.00 11 12 (20)(25) For searching of records, for each year's search.....1.50 1.00 13 14 (21)(26) For processing an application for a tax deed sale (includes application, sale, issuance, and preparation of 15 tax deed, and disbursement of proceeds of sale), other than 16 17 18 (22)(27) For disbursement of excess proceeds of tax 19 deed sale, first \$100 or fraction thereof.....10.00 20 (23)(28) Upon receipt of an application for a marriage license, for preparing and administering of oath; issuing, 21 22 sealing, and recording of the marriage license; and providing 23 (24)(29) For solemnizing matrimony.....<u>30.00</u> 20.00 24 25 (25)(30) For sealing any court file or expungement of 26 27 (26)(31) For receiving and disbursing all restitution 28 29 (27)(32) Postal charges incurred by the clerk of the 30 circuit court in any mailing by certified or registered mail 31 58 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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shall be paid by the party at whose instance the mailing is 1 2 made. 3 (28)(33) For furnishing an electronic copy of 4 information contained in a computer database: a fee as 5 provided for in chapter 119. 6 Section 29. Effective July 1, 2004, section 28.2401, 7 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 28.2401 Service charges in probate matters.--9 (1) Except when otherwise provided, the clerk may 10 impose service charges for the following services, not to exceed the following amounts shall be: 11 12 (a) For the opening of any estate of one document or 13 more, including, but not limited to, petitions and orders to 14 approve settlement of minor's claims; to open a safe-deposit 15 box; to enter rooms and places; for the determination of heirs, if not formal administration; and for a foreign 16 17 guardian to manage property of a nonresident; but not to 18 include issuance of letters or order of summary and family 19 administration.....\$100 \$20.00 (b) Caveat.....\$35 15.00 20 21 (c) Petition and order to admit foreign wills, 22 authenticated copies, exemplified copies, or transcript to 23 record.....\$100 30.00 (d) For disposition of personal property without 24 25 administration.....\$100 20.00 (e) Summary administration <u>--estates valued at \$1,000</u> 26 27 or more.....\$200 35.00 28 (f) Summary Family administration--estates valued at 29 <u>less than \$1,000</u>.....\$100 45.00 (g) Formal administration, guardianship, ancillary, 30 curatorship, or conservatorship proceedings......\$250 75.00 31 59

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(h) Guardianship proceedings of person only\$100 1 2 25.003 (i) Veterans' guardianship pursuant to chapter 744 4 \$100 5 25.00 6 (j) Exemplified certificates..... $\frac{6}{4.00}$ 7 (k) Petition for determination of incompetency 8 9 25.00 (2) Upon application by the clerk and a showing of 10 extraordinary circumstances, the service charges set forth in 11 12 this section may be increased in an individual matter by order of the circuit court before which the matter is pending, to 13 14 more adequately compensate for the services performed. 15 (3) Service charges in excess of those fixed in this section may be imposed by the governing authority of the 16 17 county by ordinance, or by special or local law, to provide and maintain facilities, including a law library; to or local 18 19 law, to provide and maintain facilities, including a law 20 library; to provide and maintain equipment; or to provide or 21 maintain a legal aid program. Service charges other than those fixed in this section shall be governed by s. 28.24.An 22 23 additional service charge of \$2.50 on petitions seeking summary administration, family administration, formal 24 administration, ancillary administration, guardianship, 25 26 curatorship, and conservatorship shall be paid to the clerk. 27 The clerk shall transfer the \$2.50 to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Court Education Trust Fund. No 28 29 additional fees, charges, or costs shall be added to the service charges imposed under this section, except as 30 authorized by general law. 31 60

1	(4) Recording shall be required for all petitions
2	opening and closing an estate; petitions regarding real
3	estate; and orders, letters, bonds, oaths, wills, proofs of
4	wills, returns, and such other papers as the judge shall deem
5	advisable to record or that shall be required to be recorded
б	under the Florida Probate Law.
7	Section 30. Effective July 1, 2004, section 28.2402,
8	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
9	28.2402 Additional costs for performance of clerk
10	court-related functionsThe sum of \$200 shall be assessed to
11	a county or municipality when filing a county or municipal
12	code or ordinance violation in court. The \$200 fee shall be
13	paid to the clerk of the circuit and county court for
14	performing court-related functions.
15	Section 31. Subsection (1) of section 28.241, Florida
16	Statutes, is amended to read:
17	28.241 Filing charges for trial and appellate
18	proceedings
19	(1) <u>(a)</u> The party instituting any civil action, suit,
20	or proceeding in the circuit court shall pay to the clerk of
21	that court a service charge of \$40 in all cases in which there
22	are not more than five defendants and an additional service
23	charge of \$2 for each defendant in excess of five. An
24	additional service charge of \$10 shall be paid by the party
25	seeking each severance that is granted. An additional service
26	charge of \$35 shall be paid to the clerk for all proceedings
27	of garnishment, attachment, replevin, and distress. An
28	additional service charge of \$8 shall be paid to the clerk for
29	each civil action filed, \$7 of such charge to be remitted by
30	the clerk to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the
31	General Revenue Fund unallocated. An additional charge of
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\$2.50 shall be paid to the clerk for each civil action brought 1 in circuit or county court, to be remitted by the clerk to the 2 3 Department of Revenue for deposit into the Court Education 4 Trust Fund. Service charges in excess of those herein fixed 5 may be imposed by the governing authority of the county by ordinance or by special or local law; and such excess shall be 6 7 expended as provided by such ordinance or any special or local law, now or hereafter in force, to provide and maintain 8 9 facilities, including a law library, for the use of the courts of the county wherein the service charges are collected; to 10 provide and maintain equipment; or for a legal aid program in 11 12 such county. In addition, the county is authorized to impose, by ordinance or by special or local law, a fee of up to \$15 13 14 for each civil action filed, for the establishment, 15 maintenance, or supplementation of a public guardian pursuant to ss. 744.701-744.708, inclusive. Postal charges incurred by 16 17 the clerk of the circuit court in making service by certified or registered mail on defendants or other parties shall be 18 19 paid by the party at whose instance service is made. That part of the within fixed or allowable service charges which is not 20 by local or special law applied to the special purposes shall 21 constitute the total service charges of the clerk of such 22 23 court for all services performed by him or her in civil actions, suits, or proceedings. The sum of all service charges 24 and fees permitted under this subsection may not exceed \$200; 25 26 however, the \$200 cap may be increased to \$210 in order to 27 provide for the establishment, maintenance, or supplementation of a public guardian as indicated in this subsection. 28 29 (b) A party reopening any civil action, suit, or proceeding in the circuit court shall pay to the clerk of that 30 court a filing fee of \$50. Of fees collected for any civil 31 62

action, suit, or proceeding reopened in the circuit court 1 2 between July 1, 2003, and June 30, 2004, the clerk shall remit \$49 of each \$50 collected to the Department of Revenue for 3 4 deposit into the Department of Revenue Clerks of the Court 5 Trust Fund and shall retain the remaining \$1 for 6 administrative costs. In the case of a petition for 7 modification of a final judgment of dissolution, the amount of 8 the fee paid pursuant to s. 44.108 shall be deducted from the 9 portion of the fee required in this paragraph which is not retained by the clerk. For purposes of this section, a case is 10 reopened when a case previously reported as disposed of is 11 12 resubmitted to a court. Section 32. Effective July 1, 2004, section 28.241, 13 14 Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, is amended to read: 15 28.241 Filing fees charges for trial and appellate 16 proceedings.--17 (1)(a) The party instituting any civil action, suit, or proceeding in the circuit court shall pay to the clerk of 18 19 that court a filing fee a service charge of up to \$250;40 in all cases in which there are not more than five defendants and 20 21 an additional filing fee service charge of up to \$2 for each defendant in excess of five. Of the first \$57.50 in filing 22 23 fees, \$50 must be remitted by the clerk to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund; \$5 must be 24 25 remitted to the Clerk of Court Operations Conference; and 26 \$2.50 shall be paid to the clerk for each civil action brought in circuit or county court, to be remitted by the clerk to the 27 Department of Revenue for deposit into the Court Education 28 29 Trust Fund. One-third of any filing fees collected by the clerk of the circuit court in excess of \$57.50 shall be 30 remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the 31 63

Department of Revenue Clerks of the Court Trust Fund.An 1 additional filing fee service charge of up to \$15\$10 shall be 2 paid by the party seeking each severance that is granted. The 3 4 clerk may impose an additional filing fee service charge of up 5 to \$75\$35 shall be paid to the clerk for all proceedings of 6 garnishment, attachment, replevin, and distress. An additional 7 service charge of \$8 shall be paid to the clerk for each civil action filed, \$7 of such charge to be remitted by the clerk to 8 9 the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund unallocated. An additional charge of \$2.50 shall be paid 10 to the clerk for each civil action brought in circuit or 11 12 county court, to be remitted by the clerk to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Court Education Trust Fund. 13 14 Service charges in excess of those herein fixed may be imposed by the governing authority of the county by ordinance or by 15 special or local law; and such excess shall be expended as 16 provided by such ordinance or any special or local law, now or 17 hereafter in force, to provide and maintain facilities, 18 19 including a law library, for the use of the courts of the county wherein the service charges are collected; to provide 20 and maintain equipment; or for a legal aid program in such 21 county. In addition, the county is authorized to impose, by 22 23 ordinance or by special or local law, a fee of up to \$15 for each civil action filed, for the establishment, maintenance, 24 or supplementation of a public guardian pursuant to ss. 25 26 744.701-744.708, inclusive. Postal charges incurred by the 27 clerk of the circuit court in making service by certified or registered mail on defendants or other parties shall be paid 28 29 by the party at whose instance service is made. No additional fees, charges, or costs shall be added to the filing fees 30 imposed under this section, except as authorized by general 31

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law. That part of the within fixed or allowable service 1 charges which is not by local or special law applied to the 2 special purposes shall constitute the total service charges of 3 4 the clerk of such court for all services performed by him or 5 her in civil actions, suits, or proceedings. The sum of all service charges and fees permitted under this subsection may б 7 not exceed \$200; however, the \$200 cap may be increased to \$210 in order to provide for the establishment, maintenance, 8 9 or supplementation of a public guardian as indicated in this subsection. 10 (b) A party reopening any civil action, suit, or 11 12 proceeding in the circuit court shall pay to the clerk of that court a filing fee set by the clerk in an amount not to exceed 13 14 of \$50. Of fees collected for any civil action, suit, or proceeding reopened in the circuit court between July 1, 2003, 15 and June 30, 2004, the clerk shall remit \$49 of each \$50 16 17 collected to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Department of Revenue Clerks of the Court Trust Fund and shall 18 19 retain the remaining \$1 for administrative costs. In the case of a petition for modification of a final judgment of 20 dissolution, the amount of the fee paid pursuant to s. 44.108 21 shall be deducted from the portion of the fee required in this 22 paragraph which is not retained by the clerk. For purposes of 23 this section, a case is reopened when a case previously 24 reported as disposed of is resubmitted to a court and includes 25 26 petitions for modification of a final judgment of dissolution. (2) The clerk of the circuit court of any county in 27 the state who operates his or her office from fees and service 28 29 charges collected, as opposed to budgeted allocations from county general revenue, shall be paid by the county as service 30 charges for all services to be performed by him or her in any 31 65

criminal or juvenile action or proceeding in such court, in 1 lieu of all other service charges heretofore charged, except 2 3 as hereinafter provided, the sum of \$40 for each defendant or 4 juvenile. However, in cases involving capital punishment the 5 charge shall be \$50. In any county where a law creates a law library fund or other special fund, this charge may be б 7 increased for that purpose by a special or local law or an 8 ordinance. The sum of all service charges and fees permitted 9 under this subsection may not exceed \$200. (2) (3) Upon the institution of any appellate 10 proceeding from any inferior court to the circuit court of any 11 12 such county or from the circuit court to an appellate court of the state, the clerk shall charge and collect from the party 13 14 or parties instituting such appellate proceedings a service 15 charge of up to \$250\$75 for filing a notice of appeal from an inferior court or and \$50 for filing a notice of appeal to a 16 17 higher court. 18 (3) (4) A filing service charge or a fee may not be 19 imposed upon a party for responding by pleading, motion, or other paper to a civil or criminal action, suit, proceeding, 20 21 or appeal in a circuit court. 22 (4) (4) (5) The fees prescribed in this section do not 23 include the service charges required by law for the clerk as provided in s. 28.24 or by other sections of the Florida 24 Statutes. Filing fees Service charges authorized by this 25 26 section may not be added to any civil penalty imposed by chapter 316 or chapter 318. 27 28 Section 33. Effective July 1, 2004, section 28.245, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 28.245 Transmittal of funds to Department of Revenue; 30 uniform remittance form required .-- Notwithstanding any other 31 66

1	provision of law, all moneys collected by the clerks of the
2	court for subsequent distribution must be transmitted
3	electronically to a state agency or to the Supreme Court must
4	be transmitted to the Department of Revenue for appropriate
5	distribution. A uniform remittance form provided by the
6	Department of Revenue detailing the specific amounts due each
7	fund must accompany such submittal.
8	Section 34. Section 28.246, Florida Statutes, is
9	created to read:
10	28.246 Payment of court-related fees, charges, and
11	costs; partial payments; distribution of funds
12	(1) Beginning July 1, 2003, the clerk of the circuit
13	court shall report the following information to the
14	Legislature and the Clerk of Court Operations Conference on a
15	form developed by the Department of Financial Services:
16	(a) The total amount of mandatory fees, services
17	charges, and costs; the total amount actually assessed; the
18	total amount discharged or waived; and the total amount
19	collected.
20	(b) The maximum amount of discretionary fees, service
21	charges, and costs authorized; the total amount actually
22	assessed; the total amount discharged or waived; and the total
23	amount collected.
24	(c) The total amount of mandatory fines and other
25	monetary penalties; the total amount assessed; the total
26	amount discharged or waived; and the total amount collected.
27	(d) The maximum amount of discretionary fines and
28	other monetary penalties; the total amount assessed; the total
29 20	amount discharged or waived; and the total amount collected.
30 21	
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The clerk shall submit the report on a quarterly basis 30 days 1 2 after the end of the quarter for the period from July 1, 2003 3 through June 30, 2004, and on an annual basis thereafter, 60 days after the end of the county fiscal year. 4 5 (2) The clerk of the circuit court shall establish and 6 maintain a system of accounts receivable for court-related 7 fees, charges, and costs. 8 (3) Court costs, fines, and other dispositional 9 assessments shall be enforced by the courts, collected by the clerks of the circuit and county courts, and disbursed in 10 accordance with authorizations and procedures as established 11 12 by general law. Each clerk of the circuit court shall enter 13 into a payment plan with defendants determined to be indigent 14 and demonstrating an inability to pay court-related fees, 15 charges, and costs in full. (4) The clerk of the circuit court shall accept 16 17 partial payments for unpaid court-related fees, charges, and 18 costs in accordance with the terms of an established payment 19 plan. 20 (5) When receiving partial payment of fees, service charges, court costs, and fines, clerks shall distribute funds 21 according to the following order of priority: 22 23 (a) That portion of fees, services charges, court 24 costs, and fines payable to the clerk for the operations of the clerk and to be remitted to the state for deposit into the 25 26 General Revenue Fund. That portion of fees, service charges, court 27 (b) costs, and fines payable to state trust funds, allocated on a 28 29 pro rata basis among the various authorized funds if the total collection amount is insufficient to fully fund all such funds 30 31 as provided by law. 68

1 (c) That portion of fees, service charges, court
2 costs, and fines payable to counties, municipalities, or other
3 local entities, allocated on a pro rata basis among the
4 various authorized recipients if the total collection amount
5 is insufficient to fully fund all such recipients as provided
6 by law.
7
8 To offset processing costs, clerks may retain up to 1 percent
9 of all collections of fees, service charges, court costs, and
10 fines payable to other entities, except where otherwise
11 provided in general law.
12 (6) A clerk of court may pursue the collection of any
13 fees, fines, court costs, or other costs imposed by the court
14 which remain unpaid for 90 days or more, or refer such
15 <u>collection to a private attorney who is a member in good</u>
16 standing of The Florida Bar or collection agent who is
17 registered and in good standing pursuant to chapter 559. In
18 pursuing the collection of such unpaid financial obligations
19 through a private attorney or collection agent, the clerk of
20 the court must determine this is cost effective and follow
21 applicable procurement practices.
22 Section 35. Section 28.345, Florida Statutes, is
23 created to read:
24 <u>28.345</u> Exemption from fees and
25 <u>chargesNotwithstanding any other provision of this chapter</u>
26 or law to the contrary, state attorneys and public defenders
27 are exempt from all fees and charges assessed by the clerks of
28 the circuit courts.
29 Section 36. Section 28.35, Florida Statutes, is
30 created to read:
31 28.35 Clerk of Court Operations Conference
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1	(1) The Clerk of Court Operations Conference is
2	created and shall be composed of:
3	(a) Eight clerks elected by the clerks of the courts
4	for a term of 2 years, with two clerks from counties of fewer
5	than 100,000 residents, two clerks from counties of at least
6	100,000 residents but fewer than 500,000 residents, two clerks
7	from counties of at least 500,000 residents but fewer than 1
8	million residents, and two clerks from counties of more than 1
9	million residents.
10	(b) The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court or his or
11	her designee.
12	(2) The duties of the conference shall include:
13	(a) Periodically recommending to the Legislature
14	changes in the various court-related fines, fees, service
15	charges, and cost schedules established by law to ensure
16	reasonable and adequate funding of the clerks of the court in
17	the performance of their court-related functions.
18	(b) Establishing a process for the review and approval
19	of court-related proposed budgets submitted by clerks of the
20	court pursuant to s. 28.36.
21	(c) Certifying to the Legislature, the Governor, the
22	Chief Financial Officer, and the Department of Revenue which
23	clerks of court will have court-related revenues insufficient
24	to fund the anticipated court-related functions of their
25	offices and the actions taken to resolve any deficits pursuant
26	<u>to s. 28.36.</u>
27	(d) Developing and approving a system of performance
28	accountability measurements and performance standards for each
29	clerk of the court. These measures must assess the fiscal
30	management, efficient operations, and effective collection of
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fines, fees, service charges, and costs using data reported in 1 2 28.246 as well as other data. 3 (e) Publishing a schedule of maximum fines, fees, 4 service charges, and costs that may be charged by a clerk of 5 the court for court-related functions pursuant to general law 6 that reflects any adjustments based on changes in the Consumer 7 Price Index. Effective July 1, 2004, the schedule shall 8 reflect the maximum fines, fees, service charges, and costs 9 established by general law. The schedule may be adjusted on or after October 1, 2005, and no more frequently than annually 10 thereafter, by the average percentage change in the Consumer 11 12 Price Index issued by the United States Department of Labor 13 since the last adjustment by the conference. Any adjustment to 14 the schedule authorized in this paragraph must be 15 affirmatively approved by a majority of the clerks of the 16 circuit courts before such adjustments may take effect. 17 (3) The Clerk of Court Operations Conference shall maintain a public depository to receive funds for its 18 19 operations. The Clerk of Court Operations Conference shall 20 receive a portion of the fees collected by the clerk for filing a civil action in circuit court as specified in s. 21 28.241. These funds shall be available to the conference for 22 23 the performance of the duties and responsibilities as set forth in this section. The conference may hire staff and pay 24 for other expenses from this fund only as necessary to perform 25 26 the official duties and responsibilities of the conference as 27 described in this section. The Clerk of Court Operations Conference shall 28 (4) 29 submit an annual audited financial statement to the Auditor 30 General in a form and manner prescribed by the Auditor General. The Auditor General shall conduct an annual audit of 31 71

the operations of the conference, including the use of funds 1 2 and compliance with the provisions of this section and ss. 3 28.36 and 28.37. Section 37. Section 28.36, Florida Statutes, is 4 5 created to read: 6 28.36 Budget review and approval procedure.--There is 7 established a budget procedure for the court-related functions 8 of the clerks of the court. 9 (1) For the period July 1, 2004, through September 30, 2004, and for each county fiscal year ending September 30 10 thereafter, each clerk of the court shall prepare a budget 11 12 relating solely to the performance of the court-related 13 functions. 14 (2) Each proposed budget shall conform to the 15 following requirements: (a) On May 1, 2004, for the fiscal period of July 1, 16 17 2004, through September 30, 2004, and on or before August 1 for each fiscal year thereafter, the proposed budget shall be 18 19 prepared, summarized, and submitted by the clerk in each 20 county to the Clerk of Court Operations Conference in the manner and form prescribed by the conference. The proposed 21 budget must provide detailed information on the anticipated 22 23 revenues available and expenditures necessary for the 24 performance of the court-related functions of the clerk's office for the county fiscal year beginning the following 25 26 October 1. (b) The proposed budget must be balanced, such that 27 the total of the estimated revenues available must equal or 28 29 exceed the total of the anticipated expenditures. These revenues include the following: cash balances brought forward 30 from the prior fiscal period; supplemental revenue that may be 31 72

1	requested pursuant to subsection (3); and the contingency
2	reserve authorized in paragraph (c). The anticipated
3	expenditures must be itemized as required by the Clerk of
4	Court Operations Conference.
5	(c) The proposed budget may include a contingency
6	reserve not to exceed 10 percent of the total budget.
7	(3) If a clerk of the court estimates that available
8	revenues are insufficient to meet the anticipated expenditures
9	for the court-related functions performed by his or her
10	office, the clerk must report the budget deficit to the Clerk
11	of Court Operations Conference in the manner and form
12	prescribed by the conference. The conference shall determine
13	whether the clerk is meeting his or her performance standards
14	for the current year relating to fiscal management, efficient
15	operations, and the effective collection of fines, fees,
16	service charges, and costs.
17	(a) If the conference determines that a clerk is
18	meeting his or her performance standards for fiscal
19	management; efficient operations; and effective collection of
20	fines, fees, service charges, and costs; and a deficit is
21	projected, that clerk shall increase all fines, fees, service
22	charges, and costs to the maximum amounts specified by law or
23	the amount necessary to resolve the deficit, whichever is
24	less. If, after increasing such fines, fees, service charges,
25	and costs, a budget deficit is still projected, the conference
26	shall certify a deficit and notify the Department of Revenue
27	that that clerk is authorized to retain revenues, in an amount
28	necessary to fully fund the projected deficit, which he or she
29	would otherwise be required to remit to the Department of
30	Revenue for deposit into the Department of Revenue Clerks of
31	the Court Trust Fund pursuant to s. 28.37. If a budget deficit
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1	is projected after retaining all of the collections from
2	court-related fines, fees, service charges, and costs, the
3	conference shall certify the deficit amount to the Chief
4	Financial Officer. An amount equal to the deficit is hereby
5	appropriated each year from the Department of Revenue Clerks
б	of the Court Trust Fund, without further legislative action,
7	period after period, until altered or revoked by the
8	Legislature. The Department of Revenue is directed to make a
9	monthly distribution of equal amounts to each clerk certified
10	to have a deficit until the Clerk of Court Operations
11	Conference certifies a different amount to be distributed.
12	(b) The Clerk of Court Operations Conference shall
13	notify the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the
14	Speaker of the House of Representatives prior to taking
15	actions specified in this subsection. The notification shall
16	include a certification by the conference that all of the
17	conditions in this subsection have been met.
18	(4) The Clerk of Court Operations Conference must
19	approve the court-related budget for each clerk in the state,
20	and shall certify to the Legislature by October 15 of each
21	year, the proposed budget amount approved for each clerk's
22	budget; the revenue projection supporting each clerk's budget;
23	each clerk who must retain some or all of the state's share of
24	fines, fees, service charges, and costs; the amount to be paid
25	from the Department of Revenue Clerks of the Court Trust Fund
26	to each clerk; and the performance measures and standards
27	approved by the conference for each clerk.
28	(5)(a) For the county fiscal year October 1, 2004,
29	through September 30, 2005, the maximum annual budget amount
30	that may be authorized by the Clerk of Court Operations
31	Conference for each clerk may not exceed 103 percent of the
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1	clerk's actual expenditures for the prior county fiscal year
2	for court-related functions that are required by law effective
3	July 1, 2004. The conference shall use the clerk's actual
4	expenditures for the prior county fiscal year for
5	court-related functions as reported by the Chief Financial
6	Officer based on the county financial reporting required under
7	<u>s. 218.32.</u>
8	(b) For the county fiscal year 2005-2006, the maximum
9	budget amount that may be authorized by the conference for
10	each clerk budget shall be the approved budget for county
11	fiscal year 2004-2005 adjusted by the projected percentage
12	change in revenue between the county fiscal years 2004-2005
13	and 2005-2006.
14	(c) For the county fiscal years 2006-2007 and
15	thereafter, the maximum budget amount that may be authorized
16	by the conference for each clerk shall be established by first
17	rebasing the prior fiscal year budget to reflect the actual
18	percentage change in the prior fiscal year revenue and then
19	adjusting the rebased prior fiscal year budget by the
20	projected percentage change in revenue for the proposed budget
21	year. The rebasing calculations and maximum annual budget
22	calculations shall be as follows:
23	1. For county fiscal year 2006-2007, the approved
24	budget for county fiscal year 2004-2005 shall be adjusted for
25	the actual percentage change in revenue between the two
26	12-month periods ending June 30, 2005, and June 30, 2006. This
27	result is the rebased budget for the county fiscal year
28	2005-2006. Then the rebased budget for the county fiscal year
29	2005-2006 shall be adjusted by the projected percentage change
30	in revenue between the county fiscal years 2005-2006 and
31	2006-2007. This result shall be the maximum annual budget
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amount that may be authorized by the conference for each clerk 1 2 for the county fiscal year 2006-2007. 3 2. For county fiscal year 2007-2008, the rebased 4 budget for county fiscal year 2005-2006 shall be adjusted for the actual percentage change in revenue between the two 5 6 12-month periods ending June 30, 2006, and June 30, 2007. This 7 result is the rebased budget for the county fiscal year 8 2006-2007. The rebased budget for county fiscal year 2006-2007 9 shall be adjusted by the projected percentage change in revenue between the county fiscal years 2006-2007 and 10 2007-2008. This result shall be the maximum annual budget 11 12 amount that may be authorized by the conference for each clerk budget for county fiscal year 2007-2008. 13 14 3. For county fiscal years 2008-2009 and thereafter, 15 the maximum budget amount that may be authorized by the conference for each clerk budget shall be calculated as the 16 17 rebased budget for the prior county fiscal year adjusted by the projected percentage change in revenues between the prior 18 19 county fiscal year and the county fiscal year for which the 20 maximum budget amount is being authorized. The rebased budget for the prior county fiscal year shall always be calculated by 21 adjusting the rebased budget for the year preceding the prior 22 23 county fiscal year by the actual percentage change in revenues between the 12-month period ending June 30 of the year 24 preceding the prior county fiscal year and the 12-month period 25 26 ending June 30 of the prior county fiscal year. 27 (6) The Clerk of Court Operations Conference may submit proposed legislation to the Governor, the President of 28 29 the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than November 1 in any year for approval of clerk budget 30 request amounts exceeding the restrictions in this section for 31 76

the following October 1. If proposed legislation is 1 2 recommended, the conference shall also submit supporting 3 justification with sufficient detail to identify the specific 4 proposed expenditures that would cause the limitations to be 5 exceeded for each affected clerk and the estimated fiscal 6 impact on state revenues. 7 Section 38. Section 28.37, Florida Statutes, is 8 created to read: 9 28.37 Fines, fees, service charges, and costs remitted 10 to the state.--(1) Pursuant to s. 14(b), Art. V of the State 11 12 Constitution, selected salaries, costs, and expenses of the 13 state courts system and court-related functions shall be 14 funded from a portion of the revenues derived from statutory fines, fees, service charges, and costs collected by the 15 16 clerks of the court. 17 (2) Beginning August 1, 2004, except as otherwise provided in ss. 28.241 and 34.041, one-third of all fines, 18 19 fees, service charges, and costs collected by the clerks of 20 the court during the prior month for the performance of 21 court-related functions shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Department of Revenue Clerks of the 22 Court Trust Fund. These collections do not include funding 23 received for the operation of the Title IV-D child support 24 25 collections and disbursement program. The clerk of the court 26 shall remit the revenues collected during the prior month due 27 to the state on or before the 5th day of each month. The 28 Department of Revenue shall make a monthly transfer of the 29 funds in the Department of Revenue Clerks of the Court Trust 30 Fund that are not needed to resolve clerk of the court budget 31 77

deficits, as specified in s. 28.36, to the General Revenue 1 2 Fund. 3 (3) Beginning January 1, 2005, for the period July 1, 2004, through September 30, 2004, and each January 1 4 5 thereafter for the preceding county fiscal year of October 1 6 through September 30, the clerk of the court must remit to the 7 Department of Revenue for deposit in the General Revenue Fund the cumulative excess of all statutory fines, fees, service 8 9 charges, and costs collected for the clerk's court-related functions over the amount needed to meet the approved budget 10 amounts established under s. 28.36. 11 12 (4) The Department of Revenue shall adopt rules 13 governing the remittance of the funds to be transferred to the 14 General Revenue Fund under this section, the required forms 15 and procedures, and penalties for failure to comply. The department shall collect any funds that the Clerk of Court 16 17 Operations Conference determines upon investigation were due on January 1 but not remitted to the department. 18 19 Section 39. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.001, 20 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 21 29.001 Intent; State courts system essential elements 22 and definitions; funding through filing fees, service charges, 23 and costs; county responsibilities. --(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that, For the 24 purpose of implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State 25 26 Constitution, the state courts system is be defined to include 27 the enumerated essential elements of the Supreme Court, district courts of appeal, circuit courts, county courts, and 28 29 certain essential supports thereto. Similarly, The offices of public defenders and state attorneys shall include those 30 essential elements as determined by general law. Further, the 31 78

1	state attorneys' offices are defined to include the enumerated
2	essential elements of the 20 state attorneys' offices and the
3	enumerated public defenders' offices are defined to include
4	the essential elements of the 20 public defenders' offices.
5	Court-appointed counsel are defined to include the enumerated
6	elements for as counsel appointed to ensure due process in
7	criminal and civil proceedings in accordance with state and
8	federal constitutional guarantees. Funding for the state
9	courts system, the state attorneys' offices, the public
10	defenders' offices, and court-appointed counsel shall be
11	provided from state revenues appropriated by general law.
12	(2) All funding for the court-related functions of the
13	offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts shall
14	be provided by adequate and appropriate filing fees for
15	judicial proceedings and service charges and costs for
16	performing court-related functions.
17	(3) Pursuant to general law, Counties shall be
18	required to fund the cost of communications services, existing
19	radio systems, existing multiagency criminal justice
20	information systems, and the cost of construction or lease,
21	maintenance, utilities, and security of facilities for the
22	circuit courts and county courts, public defenders' offices,
23	state attorneys' offices, and the offices of the clerks of the
24	circuit and county courts, as defined by general law. In
25	addition, the counties will continue to fund existing elements
26	of the state courts system, state attorneys' offices, public
27	defenders' offices, court-appointed counsel, and the offices
28	of the clerks of the circuit and county courts performing
29	court-related functions, consistent with current law and
30	practice, until such time as the Legislature expressly assumes
31	the responsibility for funding those elements. Counties will
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1	fund the cost of criminal cases filed by the Office of
2	Statewide Prosecution. Additionally, the Legislature will
3	define by general law those local requirements of the state
4	courts system for which the counties must pay reasonable and
5	necessary salaries, costs, and expenses.
6	(2) (4) Although a program or function currently may be
7	funded by the state or prescribed or established in general
8	law, this does not designate the program or function as an
9	essential element of the state courts system, state attorneys'
10	offices, public defenders' offices, or the offices of the
11	circuit and county court clerks performing court-related
12	functions as described in s. 14, Art. V of the State
13	Constitution.
14	Section 40. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.004,
15	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
16	29.004 State courts systemFor purposes of
17	implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the
18	essential elements of the state courts system to be provided
19	from state revenues appropriated by general law are as
20	follows:
21	(1) Judges appointed or elected pursuant to chapters
22	25, 26, 34, and 35 , and essential staff, expenses, and costs
23	as determined by general law.
24	(2) Juror compensation and expenses and reasonable
25	juror accommodations when necessary.
26	(3) Reasonable court reporting and transcription
27	services necessary to meet constitutional requirements.
28	(4) Auxiliary aids and services for qualified
29	individuals with a disability which are necessary to ensure
30	access to the courts. Such auxiliary aids and services
31	include, but are not limited to, sign-language interpreters,
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translators, real-time transcription services for individuals 1 who are hearing impaired, and assistive listening devices. 2 3 This section does not include physical modifications to court 4 facilities; noncourtroom communication services; or other 5 accommodations, auxiliary aids, or services for which the counties are responsible pursuant to s. 14, Art. V of the 6 7 State Constitution. 8 (4) (4) (5) Construction or lease of facilities, 9 maintenance, utilities, and security for the district courts of appeal and the Supreme Court. 10 (5)(6) Court foreign language and sign-language 11 interpreters and translators essential to comply with 12 constitutional requirements. 13 14 (6) Expert witnesses not requested by any party which 15 are appointed by the court pursuant to an express grant of 16 statutory authority. 17 (7) Judicial assistants, law clerks, and resource 18 materials. 19 (8) Masters and hearing officers. 20 (9) Court administration. 21 (10) Case management. Case management includes: 22 (a) Initial review and evaluation of cases, including 23 assignment of cases to court divisions or dockets. (b) Case monitoring, tracking, and coordination. 24 25 (c) Scheduling of judicial events. 26 (d) Service referral, coordination, monitoring, and 27 tracking for treatment-based drug court programs under s. 28 397.334. 29 30 Case management may not include costs associated with the application of therapeutic jurisprudence principles by the 31 81 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1	courts. Case management also may not include case intake and
2	records management conducted by the clerk of court.
3	(11) Mediation and arbitration, limited to trial court
4	referral of a pending judicial case to a mediator or a
5	court-related mediation program, or to an arbitrator or a
6	court related arbitration program, for the limited purpose of
7	encouraging and assisting the litigants in partially or
8	completely settling the case prior to adjudication on the
9	merits by the court. This does not include citizen dispute
10	settlement centers under s. 44.201 and community arbitration
11	programs under s. 985.304.
12	(12) Basic legal materials reasonably accessible to
13	the public other than a public law library. These materials
14	may be provided in a courthouse facility or any library
15	facility.
16	(13) (7) Staff and expenses of The Judicial
17	Qualifications Commission.
18	(14) Offices of the appellate clerks and marshals and
19	appellate law libraries.
20	Section 41. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.005,
21	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
22	29.005 State attorneys' offices and prosecution
23	expensesFor purposes of implementing s. 14, Art. V of the
24	State Constitution, the essential elements of the state
25	attorneys' offices to be provided from state revenues
26	appropriated by general law are as follows:
27	(1) The state attorney of each judicial circuit and
28	assistant state attorneys and <u>other</u> essential staff as
29	determined by general law.
30	(2) Reasonable court reporting and transcription
31	services necessary to meet constitutional or statutory
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requirements, including the cost of transcribing and copying 1 2 depositions of witnesses and the cost of foreign-language and 3 sign-language interpreters and translators. 4 (3) Witnesses, including expert witnesses, summoned to 5 appear for an investigation, preliminary hearing, or trial in 6 a criminal case when the witnesses are summoned by a state 7 attorney, and any other expert witnesses the state attorney 8 deems necessary for the performance of his or her duties.+ 9 (4) Mental health professionals who are appointed pursuant to s. 394.473 and required in a court hearing 10 involving an indigent, + and mental health professionals expert 11 witnesses who are appointed pursuant to s. 916.115(2) and 12 required in a court hearing involving an indigent. 13 14 (5) Reasonable transportation services in the 15 performance of constitutional and statutory responsibilities. 16 (6) Travel expenses reimbursable under s. 112.061 17 reasonably necessary in the performance of constitutional and 18 statutory responsibilities. 19 (7) Reasonable library and electronic legal research 20 services, other than a public law library. 21 (8) Reasonable pretrial consultation fees and costs. 22 Section 42. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 24 29.006 Public defenders and indigent defense 25 costs.--For purposes of implementing s. 14, Art. V of the 26 State Constitution, the essential elements of the public defenders' offices to be provided from state revenues 27 28 appropriated by general law are as follows: 29 (1) The public defender of each judicial circuit and 30 assistant public defenders and other essential staff as determined by general law. 31 83 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	(2) Reasonable court reporting and transcription
2	services necessary to meet constitutional or statutory
3	requirements, including the cost of transcribing and copying
4	depositions of witnesses and the cost of foreign-language and
5	sign-language interpreters and translators.
6	(3) Witnesses, including expert witnesses, summoned to
7	appear for an investigation, preliminary hearing, or trial in
8	a criminal case when the witnesses are summoned on behalf of
9	an indigent defendant, and any other expert witnesses approved
10	by the court. +
11	(4) Mental health professionals who are appointed
12	pursuant to s. 394.473 and required in a court hearing
13	involving an indigent <u>,</u> ;and <u>mental health professionals</u> expert
14	witnesses who are appointed pursuant to s. 916.115(2) and
15	required in a court hearing involving an indigent.
16	(5) Reasonable transportation services in the
17	performance of constitutional and statutory responsibilities.
18	(6) Travel expenses reimbursable under s. 112.061
19	reasonably necessary in the performance of constitutional and
20	statutory responsibilities.
21	(7) Reasonable library and electronic legal research
22	services, other than a public law library.
23	(8) Reasonable pretrial consultation fees and costs.
24	Section 43. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.007,
25	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
26	29.007 Court-appointed counselFor purposes of
27	implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the
28	essential elements of court-appointed counsel to be provided
29	from state revenues appropriated by general law are as
30	follows:
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1 (1) Private attorneys appointed assigned by the court 2 to handle cases where the defendant is indigent and cannot be 3 represented by the public defender under ss. 27.42 and 27.53. 4 (2) Private attorneys appointed by the court to 5 represent indigents or other classes of litigants in civil 6 proceedings requiring court-appointed counsel in accordance 7 with state and federal constitutional guarantees and federal 8 and state statutes. 9 (3) Reasonable court reporting and transcription services necessary to meet constitutional or statutory 10 requirements, including the cost of transcribing and copying 11 12 depositions of witnesses and the cost of foreign-language and sign-language interpreters and translators. 13 14 (4) Witnesses, including expert witnesses, summoned to appear for an investigation, preliminary hearing, or trial in 15 16 a criminal case when the witnesses are summoned on behalf of 17 an indigent, and any other expert witnesses approved by the 18 court.defendant; 19 (5) Mental health professionals who are appointed 20 pursuant to s. 394.473 and required in a court hearing 21 involving an indigent, + and mental health professionals expert 22 witnesses who are appointed pursuant to s. 916.115(2) and 23 required in a court hearing involving an indigent. (6) Reasonable pretrial consultation fees and costs. 24 25 Travel expenses reimbursable under s. 112.061 (7) 26 reasonably necessary in the performance of constitutional and 27 statutory responsibilities. 28 (5) Investigating and assessing the indigency of any 29 person who seeks a waiver of court costs and fees, or any 30 portion thereof, or applies for representation by a public 31 defender or private attorney. 85 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Section 44. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 1 2 section 24 of chapter 2000-237, Laws of Florida, as amended by 3 section 1 of chapter 2001-265, Laws of Florida, is amended to 4 read: 5 Section 24. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 6 law, except for section 8 of this act, which shall take effect 7 July 1, 2004 2003. 8 Section 45. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.008, 9 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29.008 County funding of court-related functions .--10 (1) Counties are required by s. 14, Art. V of the 11 State Constitution to fund the cost of communications 12 services, existing radio systems, existing multiagency 13 14 criminal justice information systems, and the cost of 15 construction or lease, maintenance, utilities, and security of facilities for the circuit and county courts, public 16 17 defenders' offices, state attorneys' offices, and the offices 18 of the clerks of the circuit and county courts performing 19 court-related functions. For purposes of implementing these requirements, the term: 20 21 "Facility" means reasonable and necessary (a) 22 buildings and space, structures, real estate, easements, and 23 related interests in real estate, including, but not limited to, those for the purpose of housing personnel, equipment, or 24 functions of the circuit or county courts, public defenders' 25 offices, state attorneys' offices, and court-related functions 26 of the office of the clerks of the circuit and county courts 27 and all storage. The term also includes access to parking for 28 29 such facilities in connection with such court-related functions that may be available free or from a private 30 provider or a local government for a fee. The office space 31 86

provided by a county may not be less than the standards for 1 2 space allotment adopted by the Department of Management 3 Services. County funding must include physical modifications 4 and improvements to all facilities as are required for 5 compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act. Upon 6 mutual agreement of a county and the affected entity in this 7 paragraph, the office space provided by the county may vary 8 from the standards for space allotment adopted by the 9 Department of Management Services. This section applies only to facilities that are leased, or on which construction 10 commences, after June 30, 2003. 11 12 (b)1. "Construction or lease" includes, but is not 13 limited to, all reasonable and necessary costs of the 14 acquisition or lease of facilities, equipment, and furnishings for all judicial officers, staff, jurors, volunteers of a 15 16 tenant agency, and the public for the circuit and county 17 courts, the public defenders' offices, state attorneys' offices, and for performing the court-related functions of the 18 19 offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts. This includes expenses related to financing such facilities and the 20 existing and future cost and bonded indebtedness associated 21 22 with placing the facilities in use. 23 2. As of July 1, 2005, equipment and furnishings shall be limited to that appropriate and customary for courtrooms, 24 jury facilities, and other public areas in courthouses. 25 26 3. Equipment and furnishings under this paragraph in existence and owned by counties on July 1, 2005, for areas 27 other than courtrooms, jury facilities, and other public areas 28 29 in courthouses, shall be transferred to the state at no 30 charge. 31 87

1 "Maintenance" includes, but is not limited to, all (C) 2 reasonable and necessary costs of custodial and groundskeeping 3 services and renovation and reconstruction as needed to 4 accommodate functions for the circuit and county courts, the 5 public defenders' offices, and state attorneys' offices and for performing the court-related functions of the offices of 6 7 the clerks of the circuit and county court and for maintaining 8 the facilities in a condition appropriate and safe for the use 9 intended. "Utilities" means all electricity services for 10 (d) light, heat, or power; natural or manufactured gas services 11 12 for light, heat, or power; water and wastewater services and 13 systems, stormwater or runoff services and systems, sewer 14 services and systems, all costs or fees associated with these 15 services and systems, and any costs or fees associated with 16 the mitigation of environmental impacts directly related to 17 the facility. (e) "Security" includes but is not limited to, all 18 19 reasonable and necessary costs of services of law enforcement officers or licensed security guards and all electronic, 20 cellular, or digital monitoring and screening devices 21 22 necessary to ensure the safety and security of all persons 23 visiting or working in a facility; to provide for security of the facility, including protection of property owned by the 24 county or the state; and for security of prisoners brought to 25 26 any facility. This includes bailiffs while providing courtroom and other security for each judge and other 27 quasi-judicial officers. 28 29 "Communications systems or communications (f) services" are defined as any reasonable and necessary 30 transmission, emission, and reception of signs, signals, 31 88 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

writings, images, and sounds of intelligence of any nature by 1 wire, radio, optical, or other electromagnetic systems and 2 3 includes all facilities and equipment owned, leased, or used 4 by judges, clerks, public defenders, state attorneys, and all 5 staff of the state courts system, state attorneys' offices, 6 public defenders' offices, and clerks of the circuit and 7 county courts performing court-related functions. Such system or services shall include, but not be limited to: 8 9 Telephone system infrastructure, including computer 1. lines, telephone switching equipment, and maintenance. Each 10 county shall continue to provide access to a local carrier for 11 12 local and long distance service and shall pay for the local service. Telephone equipment, including facsimile and video 13 14 teleconferencing equipment, owned by the counties shall be transferred to the state at no charge, effective July 1, 2004 15 Telephone services and equipment, including facsimile, 16 17 wireless communications, video teleconferencing, pagers, computer lines, and telephone switching equipment and the 18 19 maintenance, supplies, hardware, software, and line charges, 20 including local and long-distance toll charges, and support staff or services necessary for operation. 21 22 2. All computer systems and equipment, including computer hardware and software, modems, printers, wiring, 23 network connections, maintenance, support staff or services, 24 25 training, supplies, and line charges necessary for an 26 integrated computer system to support the operations and 27 management of the state courts system, the offices of the 28 public defenders, the offices of the state attorneys, and the 29 offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts and the capability to connect those entities and reporting data to the 30 state as required for the transmission of revenue, performance 31 89

accountability, case management, data collection, budgeting, 1 and auditing purposes. The integrated computer system shall be 2 3 operational by January 1, 2006, and, at a minimum, must be 4 able to electronically exchange judicial case background, 5 sentencing guidelines and scoresheets, and video evidence 6 information stored in integrated case-management systems over 7 secure networks. 8 Postage, printed documents, radio, Courier 3. 9 messenger and subpoena services, support services, all 10 maintenance, supplies, and line charges. 4. Auxiliary aids and services for qualified 11 12 individuals with a disability which are necessary to ensure access to the courts. Such auxiliary aids and services 13 14 include, but are not limited to, real-time transcription 15 services for individuals who are hearing impaired, and assistive listening devices and the equipment necessary to 16 17 implement such accommodations. "Existing radio systems" includes, but is not 18 (q) 19 limited to, law enforcement radio systems that are used by the circuit and county courts, the offices of the public 20 defenders, the offices of the state attorneys, and for 21 court-related functions of the offices of the clerks of the 22 23 circuit and county courts. This includes radio systems that were operational or under contract at the time Revision No. 7, 24 1998, to Art. V of the State Constitution was adopted and any 25 26 enhancements made thereafter, the maintenance of those 27 systems, and the personnel and supplies necessary for operation. 28 29 "Existing multiagency criminal justice information (h) systems" includes, but is not limited to, those components of 30 the multiagency criminal justice information system as defined 31 90 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	in s. 943.045, supporting the offices of the circuit or county
2	courts, the public defenders' offices, the state attorneys'
3	offices, or those portions of the offices of the clerks of the
4	circuit and county courts performing court-related functions
5	that are used to carry out the court-related activities of
6	those entities. This includes upgrades and maintenance of the
7	current equipment, maintenance and upgrades of supporting
8	technology infrastructure and associated staff, and services
9	and expenses to assure continued information sharing and
10	reporting of information to the state. The counties shall
11	also provide additional information technology services,
12	hardware, and software as needed for new judges and staff of
13	the state courts system, state attorneys' offices, public
14	defenders' offices, and the offices of the clerks of the
15	circuit and county courts performing court-related functions.
16	(2) Counties shall pay reasonable and necessary
17	salaries, costs, and expenses of the state courts system_,
18	including associated staff and expenses, to meet local
19	requirements as determined by general law .
20	(a) Local requirements are those specialized programs,
21	nonjudicial staff, and other expenses associated with
22	specialized court programs, specialized prosecution needs,
23	specialized defense needs, or resources required of a local
24	jurisdiction as a result of special factors or circumstances.
25	Local requirements exist:
26	1. When imposed pursuant to an express statutory
27	directive, based on such factors as provided in paragraph (b);
28	or
29	2. When:
30	a. The county has enacted an ordinance, adopted a
31	local program, or funded activities with a financial or
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1	operational impact on the circuit or a county within the
2	circuit; or
3	b. Circumstances in a given circuit or county result
4	in or necessitate implementation of specialized programs, the
5	provision of nonjudicial staff and expenses to specialized
б	court programs, special prosecution needs, specialized defense
7	needs, or the commitment of resources to the court's
8	jurisdiction.
9	(b) Factors and circumstances resulting in the
10	establishment of a local requirement include, but are not
11	limited to:
12	1. Geographic factors;
13	2. Demographic factors;
14	3. Labor market forces;
15	4. The number and location of court facilities; or
16	5. The volume, severity, complexity, or mix of court
17	cases.
18	(c) Local requirements under subparagraph (a)2. must
19	be determined by the following method:
20	1. The chief judge of the circuit, in conjunction with
21	the state attorney and the public defender only on matters
22	that impact their offices, shall identify all local
23	requirements within the circuit or within each county in the
24	circuit and shall identify the reasonable and necessary
25	salaries, costs, and expenses to meet these local
26	requirements.
27	2. On or before June 1 of each year, the chief judge
28	shall submit to the board of county commissioners a tentative
29	budget request for local requirements for the ensuing fiscal
30	year. The tentative budget must certify a listing of all local
31	requirements and the reasonable and necessary salaries, costs,
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and expenses for each local requirement. The board of county 1 commissioners may, by resolution, require the certification to 2 3 be submitted earlier. 4 3. The board of county commissioners shall thereafter 5 treat the certification in accordance with the county's 6 budgetary procedures. A board of county commissioners may: 7 a. Determine whether to provide funding, and to what 8 extent it will provide funding, for salaries, costs, and 9 expenses under this section; b. Require a county finance officer to conduct a 10 preaudit review of any county funds provided under this 11 12 section prior to disbursement; 13 c. Require review or audit of funds expended under 14 this section by the appropriate county office; and 15 d. Provide additional financial support for the courts system, state attorneys, or public defenders. 16 17 (d) Counties may satisfy these requirements by entering into interlocal agreements for the collective funding 18 of these reasonable and necessary salaries, costs, and 19 20 expenses. 21 (3) The following shall be considered a local requirement pursuant to subparagraph (2)(a)1.: 22 23 (a) Legal aid programs. Counties with a population of less than 75,000 are exempt from this requirement. 24 25 (b) Alternative sanctions coordinators pursuant to ss. 26 984.09 and 985.216. Section 46. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.0085, 27 Florida Statutes, is created to read: 28 29 29.0085 Annual statement of certain revenues and expenditures.--30 31 93 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	(1) Each county shall submit annually to the Chief
2	Financial Officer a statement of revenues and expenditures as
3	set forth in this section in the form and manner prescribed by
4	the Chief Financial Officer in consultation with the
5	Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations, provided
6	that such statement identify total county expenditures on each
7	of the services outlined in s. 29.008.
, 8	(2)(a) Within 6 months of the close of the local
9	government fiscal year, each county shall submit to the Chief
10	Financial Officer a statement of compliance from its
11	independent certified public accountant, engaged pursuant to
12	s. 218.39, that the certified statement of expenditures was in
13	accordance with s. 29.008 and this section. All discrepancies
14	noted by the independent certified public accountant shall be
15	included in the statement furnished by the county to the Chief
16	Financial Officer.
17	(b) If the Chief Financial Officer determines that
18	additional auditing procedures are appropriate because:
19	1. The county failed to submit timely its annual
20	statement;
21	2. Discrepancies were noted by the independent
22	certified public accountant; or
23	3. The county failed to file before March 31 of each
24	year the certified public accountant statement of compliance,
25	the Chief Financial Officer may send his or her personnel or
26	contract for services to bring the county into compliance. The
27	costs incurred by the Chief Financial Officer shall be paid
28	promptly by the county upon certification by the Chief
29	Financial Officer.
30	(c) Where the Chief Financial Officer elects to
31	utilize the services of an independent contractor, such
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certification by the Chief Financial Officer may require the 1 2 county to make direct payment to a contractor. Any funds owed 3 by a county in such matters shall be recovered pursuant to s. 4 17.04 or s. 17.041. 5 (3) The Chief Financial Officer shall adopt any rules 6 necessary to implement his or her responsibilities pursuant to 7 this section. Section 47. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.0095, 8 9 Florida Statutes, is created to read: 29.0095 Budget expenditure reports.--10 (1) The chief judge of each circuit shall, by October 11 12 1 of each fiscal year, submit an itemized report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the 13 14 House of Representatives showing the amount of state funds 15 expended during the previous fiscal year ending in June for each of the items enumerated in s. 29.004 that pertain to 16 17 circuit and county courts. (2) Each state attorney shall, by October 1 of each 18 19 fiscal year, submit an itemized report to the Governor, the 20 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 21 Representatives showing the amount of state funds expended during the previous fiscal year ending in June for each of the 22 23 items enumerated in s. 29.005. (3) Each public defender shall, by October 1 of each 24 25 fiscal year, submit an itemized report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 26 27 Representatives showing the amount of state funds expended 28 during the previous fiscal year ending in June for each of the 29 items enumerated in s. 29.006. The Legislative Budget Commission shall prescribe 30 (4) 31 the format of the report required by this section in 95

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consultation with the Chief Justice and the Justice 1 2 Administrative Commission. 3 Section 48. Section 29.014, Florida Statutes, is 4 created to read: 5 29.014 Article V Indigent Services Advisory Board .--6 (1) There is created the Article V Indigent Services 7 Advisory Board. The board shall exist for the purpose of 8 advising the Legislature in establishing qualifications and 9 compensation standards governing the expenditure of state appropriated funds for those providing state-funded due 10 process services for indigents provided through the courts, 11 12 state attorneys, public defenders, and private court-appointed counsel. These services include, but are not limited to, 13 14 court-appointed counsel, court reporting and transcription 15 services, interpreter services, and expert witnesses. Standards recommended by the Board shall take into account 16 17 local variations and market conditions and availability of attorneys and other service providers. The board shall also 18 19 exist for the purpose of advising the Legislature on cost 20 containment strategies and policies. 21 (2) The board shall be composed of twelve members, 22 appointed as follows: 23 (a) The Governor shall appoint three members as follows: one state attorney, one public defender, and one 24 25 clerk of court. 26 (b) The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the 27 House of Representatives shall each appoint three members. Of 28 the members appointed by the President of the Senate one shall 29 be a county commissioner and one shall be an attorney in private practice with significant criminal trial experience. 30 31 Of the members appointed by the Speaker of the House of 96

Representatives one shall be a county commissioner and one 1 2 shall be an attorney in private practice with significant 3 civil trial experience. The President of the Senate and the 4 Speaker of the House of Representatives may each appoint a 5 member from their respective chambers. 6 The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall (C) 7 appoint three members as follows: three trial court judges, 8 representing a cross-section of small, medium, and large 9 circuits, different regions of the state, and court divisions. Appointments shall be made effective July 1, 2003. 10 (3) Members shall be appointed for 4-year terms, 11 12 except for an appointment to fill an unexpired term, in which event the appointment shall be for the remainder of the 13 14 unexpired term only. In the case where a member must hold 15 office to be qualified for board membership, the member's term shall also expire upon failure to maintain the office, 16 17 whichever occurs first. 18 (4) The members shall elect a chairperson annually and 19 shall meet at the call of the chairperson, at the request of a 20 majority of the membership, or at the request of the President 21 of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Members shall serve without pay but shall be entitled to 22 23 reimbursement for their expenses in carrying out their duties as provided in s. 112.061. Public officer members shall be 24 25 reimbursed through the budget entity through which they are 26 compensated. (5) The board shall: 27 28 (a) Recommend qualifications for those providing 29 authorized state-funded due process services, including 30 qualifications for state-funded court reporters, interpreters, 31 and private court-appointed counsel, in addition to those set 97

1	forth in s. 27.40. At a minimum, the board shall incorporate
2	into the eligibility and performance standards for
3	court-appointed counsel requirements relating to length of
4	membership in The Florida Bar, continuing legal education, and
5	relevant trial experience. At a minimum, the experience
6	standards for criminal cases must require participation in
7	three criminal trials for an attorney to be eligible for a
8	third-degree felony case and five criminal trials to be
9	eligible for a case involving a felony of the second degree or
10	<u>a higher degree.</u>
11	(b) Recommend any needed adjustments to existing
12	compensation standards for private court-appointed counsel and
13	other providers of due process services pursuant to s.
14	27.5304.
15	(c) Identify due process services for indigents that
16	should be included on the state contract and bid competitively
17	on a circuit, region, or statewide basis.
18	(d) Recommend statewide contracting standards for
19	procurement of state-funded due process services and
20	developing uniform contract forms for use in procuring
21	services.
22	(e) Advise the Legislature on strategies and policies
23	to contain costs.
24	(f) Recommend uniform standards to be applied by the
25	public defender and the court in determining whether or not
26	there is a conflict of interest pursuant to s. 27.5303.
27	(6) To aid in the transition to full implementation of
28	Revision 7 to Article V, the board shall issue its initial
29	recommendations by November 1, 2003. Thereafter, the board
30	shall issue any additional recommendations or revisions
30 31	shall issue any additional recommendations or revisions thereto by September 1 of each year.

1	(7) In preparing budgets and entering into contractual
2	arrangements for the procurement of state-funded due process
3	services for fiscal year 2004-2005, the Chief Justice and the
4	circuit Article V indigent services committees are authorized
5	and encouraged to consider the advice and recommendations of
б	the board.
7	(8) The Justice Administrative Commission shall
8	provide staff support to the board.
9	Section 49. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.015,
10	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
11	29.015 Contingency fund; limitation of authority to
12	transfer funds in contracted due process services
13	appropriation categories
14	(1) An appropriation may be provided in the General
15	Appropriations Act in the Justice Administrative Commission to
16	serve as a contingency fund for the purpose of alleviating
17	deficits in contracted due process services appropriation
18	categories, including private court-appointed counsel
19	appropriation categories, that may occur from time to time due
20	to extraordinary events that lead to unexpected expenditures.
21	(2) In the event that a state attorney or public
22	defender incurs a deficit in a contracted due process services
23	appropriation category, the following steps shall be taken in
24	<u>order:</u>
25	(a) The state attorney or public defender shall first
26	attempt to identify surplus funds from other appropriation
27	categories within his or her office and submit a budget
28	amendment pursuant to chapter 216 to transfer funds from
29	within the office.
30	(b) In the event that the state attorney or public
31	defender is unable to identify surplus funds from within his
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1	or her office, he or she shall certify this to the Justice
2	Administrative Commission along with a complete explanation of
3	the circumstances which led to the deficit and steps the
4	office has taken to reduce or alleviate the deficit. The
5	Justice Administrative Commission shall inquire as to whether
6	any other office has surplus funds in its contracted due
7	process services appropriation categories which can be
8	transferred to the office that is experiencing the deficit. If
9	other offices indicate that surplus funds are available, the
10	Justice Administrative Commission shall request a budget
11	amendment to transfer funds from the office or offices to
12	alleviate the deficit upon agreement of the contributing
13	office or offices.
14	(c) If no office indicates that surplus funds are
15	available to alleviate the deficit, the Justice Administrative
16	Commission may request a budget amendment to transfer funds
17	from the contingency fund. Such transfers shall be in
18	accordance with all applicable provisions of chapter 216 and
19	shall be subject to review and approval by the Legislative
20	Budget Commission. The Justice Administrative Commission shall
21	submit the documentation provided by the office explaining the
22	circumstances that led to the deficit and the steps taken by
23	the office and the Justice Administrative Commission to
24	identify surplus funds to the Legislative Budget Commission.
25	(3) In the event that there is a deficit in a
26	statewide contracted due process services appropriation
27	category provided for private court-appointed counsel
28	necessary due to withdrawal of the public defender due to an
29	ethical conflict, the following steps shall be taken in order:
30	(a) The Justice Administrative Commission shall first
31	attempt to identify surplus funds from other contracted due
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1	process services appropriation categories within the Justice
2	Administrative Commission and submit a budget amendment
3	pursuant to chapter 216 to transfer funds from within the
4	commission.
5	(b) In the event that the Justice Administrative
6	Commission is unable to identify surplus funds from within the
7	commission, the commission shall inquire of each of the public
8	defenders as to whether any office has surplus funds in its
9	contracted due process services appropriations categories
10	which can be transferred. If any public defender office or
11	offices indicate that surplus funds are available, the Justice
12	Administrative Commission shall request a budget amendment to
13	transfer funds from the office or offices to alleviate the
14	deficit upon agreement of the contributing office or offices.
15	(c) If no public defender office has surplus funds
16	available to alleviate the deficit, the Justice Administrative
17	commission may request a budget amendment to transfer funds
18	from the contingency fund. Such transfers shall be in
19	accordance with all applicable provisions of chapter 216 and
20	shall be subject to review and approval by the Legislative
21	Budget Commission. The Justice Administrative Commission shall
22	submit the documentation provided by the office explaining the
23	circumstances that led to the deficit and the steps taken by
24	the Justice Administrative Commission to identify surplus
25	funds to the Legislative Budget Commission.
26	(4) In the event that there is a deficit in a
27	statewide appropriation category provided for private
28	court-appointed counsel other than for conflict counsel as
29	described in subsection (3) , the following steps shall be
30	taken in order:
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1	(a) The Justice Administrative Commission shall first
1 2	
⊿ 3	attempt to identify surplus funds from other contracted due
	process services appropriation categories within the Justice Administrative Commission and submit a budget amendment
4 5	pursuant to chapter 216 to transfer funds from within the
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7	<u>commission.</u> (b) In the event that the Justice Administrative
8	Commission is unable to identify surplus funds from within the
9	commission, the commission may submit a budget amendment to
10	transfer funds from the contingency fund. Such transfers shall
11	be in accordance with all applicable provisions of chapter 216
12	and shall be subject to review and approval by the Legislative
13 14	Budget Commission. The Justice Administrative Commission shall
14	submit documentation explaining the circumstances that led to the deficit and the steps taken to identify surplus funds to
16	the Legislative Budget Commission.
17	(5) Notwithstanding any provisions in chapter 216 to
18	the contrary, no office shall transfer funds from a contracted
19	due process services appropriation category or from a
20	contingency fund category authorized in this section except as
20 21	specifically authorized in this section. In addition, funds
21	shall not be transferred from a state attorney office to
23	alleviate a deficit in a public defender office and funds
23 24	shall not be transferred from a public defender office to
25	alleviate a deficit in a state attorney office.
26	Section 50. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.016,
20	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
28	29.016 Contingency fund; judicial branch
29	(1) An appropriation may be provided in the General
30	Appropriations Act for the judicial branch to serve as a
31	contingency fund to alleviate deficits in contracted due
21	Southand I and to allottate activity in contracted due
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1	process services appropriation categories, including private
2	court-appointed counsel categories, that may occur from time
3	to time due to extraordinary events that lead to unexpected
4	expenditures.
5	(2) In the event that a chief judge incurs such a
6	deficit, the following steps shall be taken in order:
7	(a) The chief judge shall attempt to identify surplus
8	funds from other appropriation categories within his or her
9	circuit and submit a request to the Chief Justice for a budget
10	amendment pursuant to chapter 216 to transfer funds from
11	within the circuit budget.
12	(b) In the event that the chief judge is unable to
13	identify surplus funds from within his or her circuit, he or
14	she shall certify this to the Office of the State Courts
15	Administrator along with a complete explanation of the
16	circumstances which led to the deficit and steps taken to
17	reduce or alleviate the deficit. The Office of the State
18	Courts Administrator shall inquire as to whether any other
19	circuit has surplus funds in its contracted due process
20	service appropriation categories which can be transferred to
21	the circuit that is experiencing the deficit. If other
22	circuits indicate that surplus funds are available, the Office
23	of the State Courts Administrator shall notify the Trial Court
24	Budget Commission established within the judicial branch by
25	Rule of Judicial Administration. The Trial Court Budget
26	Commission shall make recommendations to the Chief Justice to
27	alleviate the deficit. The Chief Justice may authorize a
28	transfer of funds among circuits to alleviate the deficit.
29	(3) If no other circuits indicate that surplus funds
30	are available to alleviate the deficit, the Trial Court Budget
31	Commission may request the Chief Justice to request a budget
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amendment to transfer funds from the contingency fund. Such 1 2 transfers shall be requested subject to the notice and review 3 requirements set forth in s. 216.177. The Office of the State 4 Courts Administrator shall include in the budget amendment 5 documentation provided by the chief judge explaining the 6 circumstances that led to the deficit and the steps taken to 7 identify surplus funds to alleviate the deficit. 8 (4) Notwithstanding any provisions in chapter 216 to 9 the contrary, no circuit shall transfer funds from a contracted due process services appropriation category or from 10 a contingency fund category authorized in this section except 11 12 as specifically authorized in this section. Section 51. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (2) of 13 14 section 34.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 34.032 Power of clerk to appoint deputies .--15 (2) Any deputy county court clerk appointed for the 16 17 sole purpose of issuing arrest warrants for violation of 18 chapter 316 or county or municipal ordinances triable in the 19 county courts shall have and exercise only those powers of the clerk which are required to achieve such limited purpose, and 20 those arrest warrants issued for violation of county or 21 municipal ordinances shall be funded by the county or 22 23 municipality which approved the ordinance. Section 52. Effective July 1, 2004, section 34.041, 24 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 25 26 34.041 Filing fees Service charges and costs.--27 (1) Upon the institution of any civil action or proceeding in county court, the clerk of court may require the 28 29 plaintiff, when filing an action or proceeding, to shall pay the following filing fee, not to exceed service charges: 30 (a) For all claims less than \$100\$50 \$10.00. 31 104

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1	(b) For all claims of \$100 or more but not more than
	$\frac{500}{2,500}$ $\frac{575}{25.00}$
3	(c) For all claims of \$500 or more but not more than
4	\$2,500\$150.
5	<u>(d)(c) For all claims of more than \$2,500 .<u>\$250</u> 40.00.</u>
6	<u>(e)</u> (d) In addition, for all proceedings of
7	garnishment, attachment, replevin, and distress
8	35.00 .
9	<u>(f)</u> For removal of tenant action <u>\$75</u> 35.00 .
10	
11	The first \$50 of the filing fee collected under paragraph (d)
12	shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit
13	into the General Revenue Fund. One-third of any filing fees
14	collected by the clerk under paragraph (d) in excess of the
15	first \$50 shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for
16	deposit into the Department of Revenue Clerks of the Court
17	Trust Fund.Postal charges incurred by the clerk of the county
18	court in making service by mail on defendants or other parties
19	shall be paid by the party at whose instance service is made.
20	Except as provided herein, filing fees and service charges for
21	performing duties of the clerk relating to the county court
22	shall be as provided in ss. 28.24 and 28.241. Service charges
23	in excess of those herein fixed may be imposed by the
24	governing authority of the county by ordinance or by special
25	or local law, and such excess shall be expended as provided by
26	such ordinance or any special or local law now or hereafter in
27	force to provide and maintain facilities, including a law
28	library, for the use of the county court in the county in
29	which the charge is collected; to provide and maintain
30	equipment; or for a legal aid program.Except as otherwise
31	provided herein, all filing fees shall be retained as fee
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income of the office of the clerk of circuit court. Filing 1 fees Service charges imposed by this section may not be added 2 3 to any penalty imposed by chapter 316 or chapter 318. The sum 4 of all service charges and fees permitted under this 5 subsection may not exceed \$200. (2) The judge shall have full discretionary power to б 7 waive the prepayment of costs or the payment of costs accruing during the action upon the sworn written statement of the 8 9 plaintiff and upon other satisfactory evidence of the plaintiff's inability to pay such costs. When costs are so 10 waived, the notation to be made on the records shall be 11 12 "Prepayment of costs waived," or "Costs waived." The term "pauper" or "in forma pauperis" shall not be employed. If a 13 14 party shall fail to pay accrued costs, though able to do so, 15 the judge shall have power to deny that party the right to file any new case while such costs remain unpaid and, 16 17 likewise, to deny such litigant the right to proceed further in any case pending. The award of other court costs shall be 18 19 according to the discretion of the judge who may include therein the reasonable costs of bonds and undertakings and 20 other reasonable court costs incident to the suit incurred by 21 either party. 22 23 (3) In criminal proceedings in county courts, costs shall be taxed against a person in county court upon 24 conviction or estreature pursuant to chapter 939. The 25 26 provisions of s. 28.241(2) shall not apply to criminal 27 proceedings in county court. 28 (4) Upon the institution of any appellate proceeding 29 from the county court to the circuit court, there shall be charged and collected from the party or parties instituting 30 such appellate proceedings, including appeals filed by a 31 106 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

county or municipality, filing fees a service charge as 1 provided in chapter 28. 2 3 (5) A charge or a fee may not be imposed upon a party 4 for responding by pleading, motion, or other paper to a civil 5 or criminal action, suit, or proceeding in a county court or 6 to an appeal to the circuit court. 7 (6) For purposes of this section, "plaintiff" includes 8 a county or municipality filing any civil action. 9 (6) In addition to the filing fees provided in 10 subsection (1), in all civil cases, the sum of \$7.00 per case shall be paid by the plaintiff when filing an action for the 11 12 purpose of funding the court costs. Such funds shall be 13 remitted by the clerk to the Department of Revenue for deposit 14 to the General Revenue Fund. Section 53. Subsection (6) of section 34.13, Florida 15 Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 34.13 Method of prosecution. --18 (6) Any circuit court clerk acting as clerk of the 19 county court, or any deputy county court clerk appointed for the sole purpose of issuing arrest warrants, or any county 20 court clerk, may, at municipal expense, administer an oath to 21 and take affidavit of any person charging another person with 22 23 a violation of a municipal ordinance and may issue a warrant on the usual form, making it returnable to the appropriate 24 county court judge. The authority granted to a clerk or deputy 25 26 clerk under this section shall be subordinate to that of any 27 state judge. Section 54. Effective July 1, 2004, section 34.171, 28 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 34.171 Salaries and expenses. -- Unless the state shall 30 pay such expenses, The county shall pay all reasonable 31 107 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

salaries of bailiffs, secretaries, and assistants of the 1 circuit and county courts and all reasonable expenses of the 2 3 offices of circuit and county court judges. 4 Section 55. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (2) of 5 section 34.181, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6 34.181 Branch courts.--7 (2) Any municipality or county which so applies shall 8 be required to provide the appropriate physical facilities as 9 defined in s. 29.008 in which the county court may hold court. Section 56. Effective July 1, 2004, section 34.191, 10 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 12 34.191 Fines and, forfeitures, and costs.--(1) All fines and forfeitures arising from offenses 13 14 tried in the county court shall be collected and accounted for by the clerk of the court and deposited in a special trust 15 account. All fines and forfeitures received from violations of 16 17 ordinances or misdemeanors committed within a county, or of municipal ordinances committed within a municipality within 18 19 the territorial jurisdiction of the county court, shall be paid monthly to the county or municipality respectively except 20 as provided in s. 318.21 or s. 943.25. All other fines and 21 forfeitures collected by the clerk shall be considered income 22 of the office of the clerk for use in performing court-related 23 duties of the office. 24 25 (2) All court costs assessed in county court must be paid to and retained by the county, except as provided in s. 26 943.25 and subsection (3) of this section. 27 28 (3) If a municipality incurs any cost of operation of 29 the county court, including any cost of prosecution, it may apply to the chief judge of the circuit for an order directing 30 the county to distribute reasonable court costs to the 31 108 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

municipality. If not satisfied with the order of the chief 1 judge, the municipality may apply to the Supreme Court for an 2 order apportioning the costs. 3 4 (4) The board of county commissioners may assign the 5 collection of fines, court costs, and other costs imposed by the court that are past due for 90 days or more to a private 6 7 attorney or collection agency that is licensed or registered in this state, if the board of county commissioners determines 8 9 that the assignment is cost-effective and follows established 10 bid practices. The board of county commissioners may authorize a fee to be added to the outstanding balance to offset any 11 12 collection costs that will be incurred. Section 57. Effective July 1, 2004, section 39.0134, 13 14 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 39.0134 Appointed counsel; compensation.--15 (1) If counsel is entitled to receive compensation for 16 17 representation pursuant to a court appointment in a dependency proceeding pursuant to this chapter, such compensation shall 18 19 be paid in accordance with s. 27.5304 established by each 20 county. The state county may acquire and enforce a lien upon court-ordered payment of attorney's fees and costs in 21 22 accordance with s. 984.08. 23 (2) If counsel is entitled to receive compensation for representation pursuant to court appointment in a termination 24 25 of parental rights proceeding, such compensation shall not 26 exceed \$1,000 at the trial level and \$2,500 at the appellate level. 27 28 Section 58. Subsection (3) of section 39.4075, Florida 29 Statutes, is amended to read: 30 39.4075 Referral of a dependency case to mediation .--31 109 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	(3) The department shall advise the parties that they
2	are responsible for contributing to the cost of the dependency
3	mediation to the extent of their ability to pay .
4	Section 59. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (1) of
5	section 39.815, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
6	39.815 Appeal
7	(1) Any child, any parent or guardian ad litem of any
8	child, any other party to the proceeding who is affected by an
9	order of the court, or the department may appeal to the
10	appropriate district court of appeal within the time and in
11	the manner prescribed by the Florida Rules of Appellate
12	Procedure. The district court of appeal shall give an appeal
13	from an order terminating parental rights priority in
14	docketing and shall render a decision on the appeal as
15	expeditiously as possible. Appointed counsel shall be
16	compensated as provided in s. $27.5304(5)39.0134$.
17	Section 60. Effective July 1, 2004, section 40.001,
18	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
19	40.001 Chief judge; authority; dutiesThe chief
20	judge of each judicial circuit is vested with overall
21	authority and responsibility for the management, operation,
22	and oversight of the jury system within his or her circuit.
23	However, in accordance with this chapter and chapter 905, the
24	clerk of the circuit court has specific responsibilities
25	regarding the processing of jurors, including, but not limited
26	to, qualifications, summons, selection lists, reporting, and
27	compensation of jurors. The clerk of the circuit court may
28	contract with the chief judge for the court's assistance in
29	the provision of services to process jurors. The chief judge
30	may also designate to the clerk of the circuit court
31	additional duties consistent with established uniform
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standards of jury management practices that the Supreme Court 1 2 may adopt by rule or issue through administrative order. 3 Section 61. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (3) of 4 section 40.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 40.02 Selection of jury lists.--6 (3) The clerk of the court shall chief judge may 7 designate the court administrator to perform the duties set 8 forth in this section and in ss. 40.221, 40.23, and 40.231 in 9 counties having an approved, computerized jury selection system, the provisions of any special law or general law of 10 local application to the contrary notwithstanding. However, 11 12 the chief judge may designate the court administrator to perform these duties if the county provides funding to the 13 14 court administrator to provide the personnel and other costs 15 associated with jury services. Section 62. Effective July 1, 2004, section 40.29, 16 17 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 40.29 Clerks to make estimates and requisitions for 19 certain due process costs estimate amount for pay of jurors 20 and witnesses and make requisition. --21 (1) The clerk of the court in and for any county shall 22 make an estimate of the amount necessary during any quarterly 23 fiscal period beginning July 1 and during each succeeding quarterly fiscal period for the payment by the state of juror 24 compensation and expenses; court reporter, interpreter, and 25 26 translator services; witnesses, including expert witnesses; 27 mental health professionals; and private court-appointed 28 counsel, each in accordance with the applicable requirements 29 of ss. 29.005, 29.006, and 29.007. The clerk of such court÷ (a) Jurors in the circuit court and the county court; 30 31 (b) Witnesses before the grand jury; 111 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 (c) Witnesses summoned to appear for an investigation, 2 preliminary hearing, or trial in a criminal case when the witnesses are summoned by a state attorney or on behalf of an 3 4 indigent defendant; 5 (d) Mental health professionals who are appointed 6 pursuant to s. 394.473 and required in a court hearing 7 involving an indigent; and (e) Expert witnesses who are appointed pursuant to s. 8 9 916.115(2) and required in a court hearing involving an indigent; 10 11 and shall forward each such estimate to the Justice 12 Administrative Commission State Courts Administrator no later 13 14 than the date scheduled by the Justice Administrative Commission State Courts Administrator. At the time of any 15 forwarding of such estimate, the clerk of such court shall 16 17 make a requisition upon the Justice Administrative Commission State Courts Administrator for the amount of such estimate; 18 19 and the Justice Administrative Commission State Courts Administrator may reduce the amount upon finding that the 20 21 costs are unreasonable, inconsistent with applicable contractual terms, or inconsistent with compensation standards 22 23 established by general law if in his or her judgment the 24 requisition is excessive. 25 (2) The provisions of chapter 82-176, Laws of Florida, 26 shall take effect July 1, 1982, except that those provisions which provide for the state assumption of witness fees which 27 are currently paid by the counties shall take effect on a date 28 29 determined by the appropriation of funds for this purpose. Section 63. Effective July 1, 2004, section 40.30, 30 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31 112

1	40.30 Requisition endorsed by Justice Administrative
2	<u>Commission</u> State Courts Administrator or designeeUpon
3	receipt of such estimate and the requisition from the clerk of
4	the court pursuant to s. 40.29, the Justice Administrative
5	<u>Commission</u> State Courts Administrator or designee shall
6	endorse the amount <u>deemed</u> that he or she may deem necessary
7	for <u>payment to the state</u> the pay of jurors and witnesses
8	during the quarterly fiscal period and shall submit a request
9	for payment to the Chief Financial Officer Comptroller.
10	Section 64. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 43.16,
11	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
12	43.16 Justice Administrative Commission; membership,
13	powers and duties
14	(1) There is hereby created a Justice Administrative
15	Commission of the Judicial Branch of Florida , with
16	headquarters located in the state capital. The necessary
17	office space for use of the commission shall be furnished by
18	the proper state agency in charge of state buildings.
19	(5) The duties of the commission shall include, but
20	not be limited to, the following:
21	(a) The maintenance of a central state office for
22	administrative services and assistance when possible to and on
23	behalf of the state attorneys and public defenders of Florida,
24	the office of capital collateral representative of Florida,
25	and the Judicial Qualifications Commission.
26	(b) Each state attorney and public defender and the
27	Judicial Qualifications Commission shall continue to prepare
28	necessary budgets, vouchers which represent valid claims for
29	reimbursement by the state for authorized expenses, and other
30	things incidental to the proper administrative operation of
31	the office, such as revenue transmittals to the <u>Chief</u>
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Financial Officer and treasurer, automated systems plans, 1 etc., but will forward same to the commission for recording 2 and submission to the proper state officer. However, when 3 4 requested by a state attorney or a public defender or the 5 Judicial Qualifications Commission, the commission will either assist in the preparation of budget requests, voucher 6 7 schedules, and other forms and reports or accomplish the entire project involved. 8 9 Section 65. Section 43.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 11 43.26 Chief Presiding judge of circuit; selection; 12 powers.--13 (1)The chief presiding judge of each judicial 14 circuit, who shall be a circuit judge, shall exercise 15 administrative supervision over all the trial courts within the judicial circuit and over the judges and other officers of 16 17 such courts. (2) The chief presiding judge of the circuit shall 18 19 have the power: 20 (a) To assign judges to any division of the court the trial of civil or criminal cases, to preliminary hearings, or 21 to divisions and to determine the length of the assignment; 22 23 (b) To assign clerks and bailiffs; (b)(c) To regulate use of courtrooms; 24 (c)(d) To supervise dockets and calendars; 25 26 (d)(e) To require attendance of state attorneys, prosecutors and public defenders, clerks, bailiffs, and all 27 28 other officers of the court; and 29 (e)(f) To do everything necessary to promote the prompt and efficient administration of justice in the courts 30 over which he or she is chief judge presides. 31 114 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	(f) To delegate to the trial court administrator, by
2	administrative order, the authority to bind the circuit in
3	contract.
4	(g) To manage, operate, and oversee the jury system as
5	provided in s. 40.001.
6	(3) The <u>chief</u> presiding judge shall be responsible to
7	the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court for such information as
8	may be required by the Chief Justice, including, but not
9	limited to, caseload, status of dockets, and disposition of
10	cases in the courts over which he or she presides.
11	(4) The presiding judge of the circuit shall be
12	selected by a majority of the judges subject to this section
13	in that circuit for a term of 2 years. The presiding judge may
14	succeed himself or herself for successive terms.
15	<u>(4)</u> Failure of any judge, clerk, prosecutor, public
16	defender, or other officer of the court to comply with an
17	order or directive of the <u>chief</u> presiding judge under this
18	section shall constitute neglect of duty for which such
19	officer may be suspended from office as provided by law.
20	<u>(5)(6) There may be a trial court administrator</u> an
21	executive assistant to the presiding judge who shall perform
22	such duties as the <u>chief</u> presiding judge may direct.
23	Section 66. Effective July 1, 2004, section 44.108,
24	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
25	44.108 Funding of mediation and
26	arbitrationMediation should be accessible to all parties
27	regardless of financial status. <u>A filing fee of \$1 is levied</u>
28	on all proceedings in the circuit or county courts to fund
29	mediation and arbitration services which are the
30	responsibility of the Supreme Court pursuant to the provisions
31	of s. 44.106. The clerk of the court shall forward the monies
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1	collected to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the
2	state courts' Mediation and Arbitration Trust Fund. Each board
3	of county commissioners may support mediation and arbitration
4	services by appropriating moneys from county revenues and by:
5	(1) Levying, in addition to other service charges
6	levied by law, a service charge of no more than \$5 on any
7	circuit court proceeding, which shall be deposited in the
8	court's mediation-arbitration account fund under the
9	supervision of the chief judge of the circuit in which the
10	county is located; and
11	(2) Levying, in addition to other service charges
12	levied by law, a service charge of no more than \$5 on any
13	county court proceeding, which shall be deposited in the
14	county's mediation-arbitration account fund to be used to fund
15	county civil mediation services under the supervision of the
16	chief judge of the circuit in which the county is located.
17	(3) Levying, in addition to other service charges
18	levied by law, a service charge of no more than \$45 on any
19	petition for a modification of a final judgment of
20	dissolution, which shall be deposited in the court's family
21	mediation account fund to be used to fund family mediation
22	services under the supervision of the chief judge of the
23	circuit in which the county is located.
24	(4) If a board of county commissioners levies the
25	service charge authorized in subsection (1), subsection (2),
26	or subsection (3), the clerk of the court shall forward \$1 of
27	each charge to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the
28	state mediation and arbitration trust fund which is hereby
29	established. Such fund shall be used by the Supreme Court to
30	carry out its responsibilities set forth in s. 44.106.
31	
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Section 67. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1 2 49.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 49.10 Notice of action, publication, proof .--4 (1)5 (b) In proceedings described in s. 49.011(4), (10), 6 and (11), except in those counties where, pursuant to s. 7 50.071(3), notices are by law required to be published by 8 designated record newspaper, the clerk of the court shall post 9 notices of action in the manner prescribed by s. 49.11 when such notices are required of persons authorized to proceed as 10 indigent insolvent and poverty-stricken persons under s. 11 57.081. 12 Section 68. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (5) of 13 14 section 55.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 55.10 Judgments, orders, and decrees; lien of all, 15 16 generally; extension of liens; transfer of liens to other 17 security.--18 (5) Any lien claimed under this section may be 19 transferred, by any person having an interest in the real property upon which the lien is imposed or the contract under 20 21 which the lien is claimed, from such real property to other 22 security by either depositing in the clerk's office a sum of 23 money or filing in the clerk's office a bond executed as surety by a surety insurer licensed to do business in this 24 state. Such deposit or bond shall be in an amount equal to the 25 26 amount demanded in such claim of lien plus interest thereon at the legal rate for 3 years plus \$500 to apply on any court 27 costs which may be taxed in any proceeding to enforce said 28 29 lien. Such deposit or bond shall be conditioned to pay any judgment, order, or decree which may be rendered for the 30 satisfaction of the lien for which such claim of lien was 31 117

recorded and costs plus \$500 for court costs. Upon such 1 deposit being made or such bond being filed, the clerk shall 2 make and record a certificate showing the transfer of the lien 3 4 from the real property to the security and mail a copy thereof 5 by registered or certified mail to the lienor named in the claim of lien so transferred, at the address stated therein. 6 7 Upon the filing of the certificate of transfer, the real property shall thereupon be released from the lien claimed, 8 9 and such lien shall be transferred to said security. The clerk shall be entitled to a fee of up to $$15\frac{10}{10}$ for making and 10 serving the certificate. If the transaction involves the 11 12 transfer of multiple liens, an additional charge of up to \$7.50\$5 for each additional lien shall be charged. Any number 13 14 of liens may be transferred to one such security. 15 Section 69. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (2) of section 55.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 55.141 Satisfaction of judgments and decrees; duties 18 of clerk and judge.--19 (2) Upon such payment, the clerk, or the judge if 20 there is no clerk, shall issue his or her receipt therefor and shall record a satisfaction of judgment, provided by the 21 judgment holder, upon payment of the recording charge 22 23 prescribed in s. $28.24(12)\frac{(15)}{plus}$ the necessary costs of mailing to the clerk or judge. The clerk or judge shall 24 formally notify the owner of record of such judgment or 25 26 decree, if such person and his or her address are known to the 27 clerk or judge receiving such payment, and, upon request therefor, shall pay over to the person entitled, or to his or 28 29 her order, the full amount of the payment so received, less his or her fees for issuing execution on such judgment or 30 decree, if any has been issued, and less his or her fees for 31 118

receiving into and paying out of the registry of the court 1 such payment, together with the fees of the clerk for 2 3 receiving into and paying such money out of the registry of 4 the court. 5 Section 70. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (3) of 6 section 55.505, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 7 55.505 Notice of recording; prerequisite to 8 enforcement.--9 (3) No execution or other process for enforcement of a foreign judgment recorded hereunder shall issue until 30 days 10 after the mailing of notice by the clerk and payment of a 11 12 service charge of up to 37.50 to the clerk. When an action authorized in s. 55.509(1) is filed, it acts as an 13 14 automatic stay of the effect of this section. Section 71. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (1) of 15 section 57.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 57.081 Costs; right to proceed where prepayment of 18 costs waived. --19 (1) Any indigent person, except a prisoner as defined in s. 57.085, who is a party or intervenor in any judicial or 20 administrative agency proceeding or who initiates such 21 22 proceeding shall receive the services of the courts, sheriffs, 23 and clerks, with respect to such proceedings, despite his or her present inability to pay for these services without 24 charge. Such services are limited to filing fees; service of 25 26 process; certified copies of orders or final judgments; a 27 single photocopy of any court pleading, record, or instrument filed with the clerk; examining fees; mediation services and 28 29 fees; private court-appointed counsel fees; subpoena fees and services; service charges for collecting and disbursing funds; 30 and any other cost or service arising out of pending 31 119

litigation. In any appeal from an administrative agency 1 decision, for which the clerk is responsible for preparing the 2 3 transcript, the clerk shall record waive the cost of preparing 4 the transcripts and the cost for copies of any exhibits in the 5 record. Prepayment of costs to any court, clerk, or sheriff is not required in any action if the party has obtained from the 6 7 clerk in each proceeding a certification of indigence in accordance with s. 27.52 indigency, based on an affidavit of 8 9 the applicant claiming that the applicant is indigent and 10 unable to pay the charges otherwise payable by law to any of such officers, providing the details of the applicant's 11 12 financial condition, and containing a statement that certifies that no person has been paid or promised any payment of any 13 remuneration by the applicant for services performed on behalf 14 of the applicant in connection with the action or proceeding. 15 16 However, when the person is represented by an attorney, the 17 person need not file an affidavit in order to be exempt from payment of charges under this subsection. A represented person 18 19 is exempt from charges under this subsection if the attorney of such person files a written certificate, signed by the 20 attorney, certifying that the attorney has made an 21 investigation to ascertain the financial condition of the 22 23 client and has found the client to be indigent; that the attorney has investigated the nature of the applicant's 24 position and in the attorney's opinion it is meritorious as a 25 26 matter of law; and that the attorney has not been paid or 27 promised payment of any remuneration for services and intends to act as attorney for the applicant without compensation. On 28 29 the failure or refusal of the clerk to issue a certificate of indigency, the applicant is entitled to a review of the 30 31 120

application for the certificate by the court having 1 jurisdiction of the cause of action. 2 3 Section 72. Effective July 1, 2004, subsections (2), (3), (4), (5), and (8) of section 57.085, Florida Statutes, 4 5 are amended to read: 57.085 Waiver of prepayment of court costs and fees б 7 for indigent prisoners.--8 (2) When a prisoner who is intervening in or 9 initiating a judicial proceeding seeks to defer the waiver of 10 prepayment of court costs and fees because of indigence indigency, the prisoner must file an affidavit of indigence 11 12 indigency with the appropriate clerk of the court. The affidavit must contain complete information about the 13 14 prisoner's identity; the nature and amount of the prisoner's 15 income; all real property owned by the prisoner; all tangible 16 and intangible property worth more than \$100 which is owned by 17 the prisoner; the amount of cash held by the prisoner; the balance of any checking, savings, or money market account held 18 19 by the prisoner; the prisoner's dependents, including their names and ages; the prisoner's debts, including the name of 20 each debtor and the amount owed to each debtor; and the 21 prisoner's monthly expenses. The prisoner must certify in the 22 23 affidavit whether the prisoner has been adjudicated indigent under this section, certified indigent under s. 57.081, or 24 authorized to proceed as an indigent under 28 U.S.C. s. 1915 25 26 by a federal court. The prisoner must attach to the affidavit 27 a photocopy of the prisoner's trust account records for the preceding 6 months or for the length of the prisoner's 28 29 incarceration, whichever period is shorter. The affidavit must contain the following statements: "I am unable to pay court 30 31 121

costs and fees. Under penalty of perjury, I swear or affirm 1 that all statements in this affidavit are true and complete." 2 3 (3) Before a prisoner may receive a deferral waiver of 4 prepayment of any court costs and fees for an action brought 5 under this section, the clerk of court must review the affidavit of indigency and certify adjudicate the prisoner is б 7 indigent. 8 (4) When the clerk has issued a certificate of 9 indigence under this section a court adjudicates a prisoner 10 indigent but concludes, from the affidavit of indigency or other information, that the prisoner is able to pay part of 11 12 the court costs and fees required by law, the court shall order the prisoner to make, prior to service of process, an 13 14 initial partial payment of those court costs and fees. The 15 initial partial payment must total at least 20 percent of the 16 average monthly balance of the prisoner's trust account for 17 the preceding 6 months or for the length of the prisoner's 18 incarceration, whichever period is shorter. 19 (5) When the clerk has issued a certificate of 20 indigence a court adjudicates a prisoner indigent under this section, the court shall order the prisoner to make monthly 21 22 payments of no less than 20 percent of the balance of the 23 prisoner's trust account as payment of court costs and fees. When a court orders such payment, the Department of 24 Corrections or the local detention facility shall place a lien 25 26 on the inmate's trust account for the full amount of the court 27 costs and fees, and shall withdraw money maintained in that trust account and forward the money, when the balance exceeds 28 29 \$10, to the appropriate clerk of the court until the prisoner's court costs and fees are paid in full. 30 31 122

1 (8) In any judicial proceeding in which a certificate 2 of indigence has been issued to a prisoner has been 3 adjudicated indigent and has been granted a full or partial 4 waiver of court costs and fees, the court may at any time 5 dismiss the prisoner's action, in whole or in part, upon a 6 finding that: 7 (a) The prisoner's claim of indigence indigency is 8 false or misleading; 9 (b) The prisoner provided false or misleading information regarding another judicial or administrative 10 proceeding in which the prisoner was a party; 11 12 (c) The prisoner failed to pay court costs and fees 13 assessed under this section despite having the ability to pay; 14 or 15 (d) The prisoner's action or a portion of the action 16 is frivolous or malicious. 17 Section 73. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of subsection (6) of section 61.14, Florida 18 19 Statutes, are amended to read: 20 61.14 Enforcement and modification of support, 21 maintenance, or alimony agreements or orders .--22 (6) 23 The court shall hear the obligor's motion to (d) contest the impending judgment within 15 days after the date 24 of the filing of the motion. Upon the court's denial of the 25 26 obligor's motion, the amount of the delinquency and all other 27 amounts which thereafter become due, together with costs and a fee of up to \$7.50, become a final judgment by operation of 28 29 law against the obligor. The depository shall charge interest at the rate established in s. 55.03 on all judgments for 30 support. 31 123 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(e) If the obligor fails to file a motion to contest 1 2 the impending judgment within the time limit prescribed in 3 paragraph (c) and fails to pay the amount of the delinquency 4 and all other amounts which thereafter become due, together 5 with costs and a fee of up to \$7.50, such amounts become a 6 final judgment by operation of law against the obligor at the 7 expiration of the time for filing a motion to contest the 8 impending judgment. 9 (f)1. Upon request of any person, the local depository 10 shall issue, upon payment of a fee of up to \$7.50, a payoff statement of the total amount due under the judgment at the 11 12 time of the request. The statement may be relied upon by the person for up to 30 days from the time it is issued unless 13 14 proof of satisfaction of the judgment is provided. 15 2. When the depository records show that the obligor's account is current, the depository shall record a satisfaction 16 17 of the judgment upon request of any interested person and upon 18 receipt of the appropriate recording fee. Any person shall be 19 entitled to rely upon the recording of the satisfaction. 20 The local depository, at the direction of the 3. department, or the obligee in a non-IV-D case, may partially 21 22 release the judgment as to specific real property, and the 23 depository shall record a partial release upon receipt of the 24 appropriate recording fee. 25 The local depository is not liable for errors in 4. 26 its recordkeeping, except when an error is a result of 27 unlawful activity or gross negligence by the clerk or his or her employees. 28 29 Section 74. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 30 61.181, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31 124 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

61.181 Depository for alimony transactions, support, 1 2 maintenance, and support payments; fees. --3 (2)For the period of July 1, 1992, through June 30, 4 (b)1. 5 2004 2003, The fee imposed in paragraph (a) shall be increased 6 to 4 percent of the support payments which the party is 7 obligated to pay, except that no fee shall be more than 8 \$5.25. The fee shall be considered by the court in 9 determining the amount of support that the obligor is, or may be, required to pay. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 10 145.022, 75 percent of the additional revenues generated by 11 12 this paragraph shall be remitted monthly to the Clerk of the Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System Trust Fund 13 14 administered by the department as provided in subparagraph 15 2. These funds shall be used exclusively for the development, implementation, and operation of the Clerk of the Court Child 16 17 Support Enforcement Collection System to be operated by the depositories, including the automation of civil case 18 19 information necessary for the State Case Registry. The department shall contract with the Florida Association of 20 21 Court Clerks and the depositories to design, establish, operate, upgrade, and maintain the automation of the 22 23 depositories to include, but not be limited to, the provision of on-line electronic transfer of information to the IV-D 24 agency as otherwise required by this chapter. The department's 25 26 obligation to fund the automation of the depositories is limited to the state share of funds available in the Clerk of 27 the Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System Trust 28 29 Fund. Each depository created under this section shall fully participate in the Clerk of the Court Child Support 30 Enforcement Collection System and transmit data in a readable 31 125

format as required by the contract between the Florida 1 Association of Court Clerks and the department. 2 3 2. Moneys to be remitted to the department by the 4 depository shall be done daily by electronic funds transfer 5 and calculated as follows: 6 a. For each support payment of less than \$33, 18.75 7 cents. b. For each support payment between \$33 and \$140, an 8 9 amount equal to 18.75 percent of the fee charged. 10 For each support payment in excess of \$140, 18.75 с. 11 cents. 12 3. The fees established by this section shall be set forth and included in every order of support entered by a 13 14 court of this state which requires payment to be made into the 15 depository. Section 75. Subsections (2) and (6) of section 61.21, 16 17 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 18 61.21 Parenting course authorized; fees; required 19 attendance authorized; contempt. --20 The Department of Children and Family Services All (2) judicial circuits in the state shall approve a parenting 21 course which shall be a course of a minimum of 4 hours 22 23 designed to educate, train, and assist divorcing parents in regard to the consequences of divorce on parents and children. 24 (a) The parenting course referred to in this section 25 26 shall be named the Parent Education and Family Stabilization 27 Course and may include, but need not be limited to, the following topics as they relate to court actions between 28 29 parents involving custody, care, visitation, and support of a child or children: 30 31 126

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Legal aspects of deciding child-related issues 1 1. 2 between parents. 2. Emotional aspects of separation and divorce on 3 4 adults. 5 3. Emotional aspects of separation and divorce on 6 children. 7 4. Family relationships and family dynamics. 5. Financial responsibilities to a child or children. 8 9 6. Issues regarding spousal or child abuse and 10 neglect. 7. Skill-based relationship education that may be 11 12 generalized to parenting, workplace, school, neighborhood, and 13 civic relationships. 14 (b) Information regarding spousal and child abuse and 15 neglect shall be included in every parent education and family 16 stabilization course. A list of local agencies that provide assistance with such issues shall also be provided. 17 18 (c) The parent education and family stabilization 19 course shall be educational in nature and shall not be designed to provide individual mental health therapy for 20 21 parents or children, or individual legal advice to parents or 22 children. 23 (d) Course providers shall not solicit participants from the sessions they conduct to become private clients or 24 25 patients. 26 (e) Course providers shall not give individual legal advice or mental health therapy. 27 28 The department shall provide each judicial circuit (6) 29 with may establish a list of approved registry of course providers and sites at which the parent education and family 30 stabilization course required by this section may be 31 127 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 completed. The <u>department</u> court shall also include <u>on</u> within 2 the <u>list</u> registry of course providers and sites at least one 3 site in each circuit at which the parent education and family 4 stabilization course may be completed on a sliding fee scale, 5 if available.

6 Section 76. Effective July 1, 2004, section 77.28,7 Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

8 77.28 Garnishment; attorney's fees, costs, expenses; 9 deposit required. -- Before issuance of any writ of garnishment, the party applying for it shall deposit \$100 in the registry 10 of the court which shall be paid to the garnishee on the 11 12 garnishee's demand at any time after the service of the writ for the payment or part payment of his or her attorney's fee 13 14 which the garnishee expends or agrees to expend in obtaining 15 representation in response to the writ. At the time of deposit, the clerk shall collect the statutory fee provided by 16 17 s. $28.24(10)\frac{(13)}{(13)}$ in addition to the \$100 deposited into the 18 registry of the court. On rendering final judgment, the court 19 shall determine the garnishee's costs and expenses, including a reasonable attorney's fee, and in the event of a judgment in 20 favor of the plaintiff, the amount shall be subject to offset 21 22 by the garnishee against the defendant whose property or debt 23 owing is being garnished. In addition, the court shall tax the garnishee's costs and expenses as costs. Plaintiff may recover 24 in this manner the sum advanced by plaintiff and paid into 25 registry of court, and if the amount allowed by the court is 26 27 greater than the amount of the deposit, together with any offset, judgment for the garnishee shall be entered against 28 29 the party against whom the costs are taxed for the deficiency. Section 77. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 30 92.153, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31

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1 92.153 Production of documents by witnesses; 2 reimbursement of costs. --(2) REIMBURSEMENT OF A DISINTERESTED WITNESS.--3 4 (a) In any proceeding, a disinterested witness shall be paid for any costs the witness reasonably incurs either 5 6 directly or indirectly in producing, searching for, 7 reproducing, or transporting documents pursuant to a summons; 8 however, the cost of documents produced pursuant to a subpoena 9 or records request by a state attorney or public defender may not exceed 15 cents per page and \$10 per hour for research or 10 retrieval. 11 12 Section 78. Effective July 1, 2004, section 92.231, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 13 14 92.231 Expert witnesses; fee.--15 (1) The term "expert witness" as used herein shall apply to any witness who offers himself or herself in the 16 17 trial of any civil action as an expert witness or who is 18 subpoenaed to testify in such capacity before a state attorney 19 in the investigation of a criminal matter, or before a grand jury, and who is permitted by the court to qualify and testify 20 as such, upon any matter pending before any court. 21 22 (2) Any expert or skilled witness who shall have 23 testified in any cause shall be allowed a witness fee including the cost of any exhibits used by such witness in an 24 25 the amount agreed to by the parties of \$10 per hour or such 26 amount as the trial judge may deem reasonable, and the same 27 shall be taxed as costs. In instances where services are 28 provided for the state, including for state-paid private 29 court-appointed counsel, payment from state funds shall be in 30 accordance with standards adopted by the Legislature after 31 129

receiving recommendations from the Article V Indigent Services 1 2 Advisory Board. 3 (3) In a criminal case in which the state or an 4 indigent defendant requires the services of an expert witness 5 whose opinion is relevant to the issues of the case, the 6 expert witness shall be compensated in accordance with 7 standards adopted by the Legislature after receiving 8 recommendations from the Article V Indigent Services Advisory 9 Board. Section 79. Section 914.09, Florida Statutes, is 10 renumbered as section 92.233, Florida Statutes, and amended to 11 12 read: 13 92.233 914.09 Compensation of witness summoned in two 14 or more criminal cases. -- A witness subpoenaed in two or more 15 criminal cases pending at the same time shall be paid one 16 charge for per diem and mileage, but when the costs are taxed 17 against the defendant, a witness may charge the full amount in 18 each case. 19 Section 80. Effective July 1, 2004, section 125.69, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 125.69 Penalties; enforcement by code inspectors.--22 (1) Violations of county ordinances shall be 23 prosecuted in the same manner as misdemeanors are prosecuted. Such violations shall be prosecuted in the name of the county 24 state in a court having jurisdiction of misdemeanors by the 25 26 prosecuting attorney thereof and upon conviction shall be 27 punished by a fine not to exceed \$500 or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed 60 days or by both such fine and 28 29 imprisonment. However, a county may specify, by ordinance, a violation of a county ordinance which is punishable by a fine 30 in an amount exceeding \$500, but not exceeding \$2,000 a day, 31 130 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

if the county must have authority to punish a violation of 1 2 that ordinance by a fine in an amount greater than \$500 in 3 order for the county to carry out a federally mandated 4 program. 5 (2) For the purpose of prosecuting violations of 6 special laws and county ordinances notwithstanding the 7 prosecutorial authority of the state attorney pursuant to s. 8 27.02(1), the board of county commissioners of each county and 9 the governing board of each charter county may designate as the county's prosecuting attorney an attorney employed by the 10 county or a contract attorney. Subject to the control and 11 12 oversight of the appointing authority, such attorney may employ assistants as necessary. Such person shall have all 13 14 powers exercisable by the state attorney in the prosecution of 15 violations of county ordinances under this section as of June 30, 2004. Such person shall be subject to suspension and 16 17 removal by the Governor and Senate from the exercise of prosecutorial powers in the same manner as state attorneys. 18 19 (3) Each county is authorized and required to pay any 20 attorney appointed by the court to represent a defendant 21 prosecuted under this section if the provision of an attorney at public expense is required by the Constitution of the 22 23 United States or the Constitution of the State of Florida and if the party is indigent as established pursuant to s. 27.52. 24 In such cases, the court shall appoint counsel to represent 25 26 the defendant in accordance with s. 27.40, and shall order the county to pay the reasonable fees, expenses, and costs of such 27 28 defense. 29 (4) The county shall bear all court fees and costs of any prosecution under this section, and may, if it prevails, 30 recover the court fees and costs paid by it and the fees and 31 131

expenses paid to court-appointed counsel as part of its 1 2 judgment. The state shall bear no expense of actions brought 3 under this section except those that it would bear in an 4 ordinary civil action between private parties in county court. 5 (5) (5) (2) The board of county commissioners of each 6 county may designate its agents or employees as code 7 inspectors whose duty it is to assure code compliance. Any 8 person designated as a code inspector may issue citations for 9 violations of county codes and ordinances, respectively, or subsequent amendments thereto, when such code inspector has 10 actual knowledge that a violation has been committed. 11 12 (a) Prior to issuing a citation, a code inspector shall provide notice to the violator that the violator has 13 14 committed a violation of a code or ordinance and shall establish a reasonable time period within which the violator 15 must correct the violation. Such time period shall be no more 16 17 than 30 days. If, upon personal investigation, a code inspector finds that the violator has not corrected the 18 19 violation within the time period, a code inspector may issue a citation to the violator. A code inspector does not have to 20 provide the violator with a reasonable time period to correct 21 22 the violation prior to issuing a citation and may immediately 23 issue a citation if the code inspector has reason to believe 24 that the violation presents a serious threat to the public health, safety, or welfare, or if the violation is irreparable 25 26 or irreversible. 27 (b) A citation issued by a code inspector shall state the date and time of issuance, name and address of the person 28 29 in violation, date of the violation, section of the codes or ordinances, or subsequent amendments thereto, violated, name 30 31

of the code inspector, and date and time when the violator 1 shall appear in county court. 2 3 (c) If a repeat violation is found subsequent to the 4 issuance of a citation, the code inspector is not required to 5 give the violator a reasonable time to correct the violation 6 and may immediately issue a citation. For purposes of this 7 subsection, the term "repeat violation" means a violation of a 8 provision of a code or ordinance by a person who has 9 previously been found to have violated the same provision within 5 years prior to the violation, notwithstanding the 10 violations occurred at different locations. 11 12 (d) If the owner of property which is subject to an enforcement proceeding before county court transfers ownership 13 14 of such property between the time the initial citation or citations are issued and the date the violator has been 15 16 summoned to appear in county court, such owner shall: 17 1. Disclose, in writing, the existence and the nature of the proceeding to the prospective transferee. 18 19 2. Deliver to the prospective transferee a copy of the 20 pleadings, notices, and other materials relating to the county court proceeding received by the transferor. 21 22 3. Disclose, in writing, to the prospective transferee 23 that the new owner will be responsible for compliance with the applicable code and with orders issued in the county court 24 25 proceeding. 26 4. File a notice with the code enforcement official of 27 the transfer of the property, with the identity and address of the new owner and copies of the disclosures made to the new 28 29 owner, within 5 days after the date of the transfer. 30 31 133 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

A failure to make the disclosure described in subparagraphs 1 1., 2., and 3. before the transfer creates a rebuttable 2 3 presumption of fraud. If the property is transferred before 4 the date the violator has been summoned to appear in county 5 court, the proceeding shall not be dismissed but the new owner 6 will be substituted as the party of record and thereafter 7 provided a reasonable period of time to correct the violation 8 before the continuation of proceedings in county court. 9 (e) If the code inspector has reason to believe a violation or the condition causing the violation presents a 10 serious threat to the public health, safety, and welfare or if 11 12 the violation is irreparable or irreversible in nature, or if after attempts under this section to bring a repeat violation 13 14 into compliance with a provision of a code or ordinance prove 15 unsuccessful, the local governing body may make all reasonable repairs which are required to bring the property into 16 17 compliance and charge the owner with the reasonable cost of the repairs along with the fine imposed pursuant to this 18 19 section. Making such repairs does not create a continuing 20 obligation on the part of the local governing body to make further repairs or to maintain the property and does not 21 22 create any liability against the local governing body for any 23 damages to the property if such repairs were completed in good faith. 24 (f) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to

(f) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize any person designated as a code inspector to perform any function or duties of a law enforcement officer other than as specified in this subsection. A code inspector shall not make physical arrests or take any person into custody and shall be exempt from requirements relating to the Special Risk Class of the Florida Retirement System, bonding, and the

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Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission, as defined 1 and provided by general law. 2 3 (g) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply 4 to the enforcement pursuant to ss. 553.79 and 553.80 of the 5 Florida Building Code adopted pursuant to s. 553.73 as applied to construction, provided that a building permit is either not 6 7 required or has been issued by the county. (h) The provisions of this subsection may be used by a 8 9 county in lieu of the provisions of part II of chapter 162. (i) The provisions of this subsection are additional 10 or supplemental means of enforcing county codes and 11 12 ordinances. Except as provided in paragraph (h), nothing in this subsection shall prohibit a county from enforcing its 13 14 codes or ordinances by any other means. Section 81. Effective July 1, 2004, section 142.01, 15 16 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 142.01 Fine and forfeiture fund contents.--There shall 17 be established by the clerk of the circuit court in each every 18 19 county of this state a separate fund to be known as the fine and forfeiture fund for use by the clerk of the circuit court 20 in performing court-related functions. The Said fund shall 21 22 consist of all fines and forfeitures collected by the clerk of 23 the court for violations of in the county under the penal or traffic laws of the state, except those fines imposed under s. 24 775.0835(1); allocations of court costs and civil penalties 25 26 pursuant to ss. 318.18 and 318.21; and assessments imposed 27 under ss. 938.21, 938.23, and 938.25; and all costs refunded to the county.; all funds arising from the hire or other 28 29 disposition of convicts; and the proceeds of any special tax that may be levied by the county commissioners for expenses of 30 criminal prosecutions. Said funds shall be paid out only for 31 135

First Engrossed

SB 34-A

1	criminal expenses, fees, and costs, where the crime was
2	committed in the county and the fees and costs are a legal
3	claim against the county, in accordance with the provisions of
4	this chapter. Any surplus funds remaining in the fine and
5	forfeiture fund at the end of a fiscal year may be transferred
6	to the county general fund.
7	Section 82. Effective July 1, 2004, section 142.02,
8	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
9	142.02 Levy of a special taxThe board of county
10	commissioners of every county may levy a special tax, not to
11	exceed 2 mills, upon the real and personal property of the
12	respective counties, to be assessed and collected as other
13	county taxes are assessed and collected, for such costs of
14	criminal prosecutions. Proceeds of the special tax funds shall
15	be paid out only for criminal expenses, fees, and costs, if
16	the crime was committed in the county, and the fees and costs
17	are a legal claim against the county, in accordance with the
18	provisions of this chapter. Any surplus funds remaining from
19	the tax to fund criminal prosecutions at the end of a fiscal
20	year may be transferred to the county general revenue fund.
21	Section 83. Effective July 1, 2004, section 142.03,
22	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
23	142.03 Disposition of fines, forfeitures, and civil
24	penaltiesExcept as to fines, forfeitures, and civil
25	penalties collected in cases involving violations of municipal
26	ordinances, violations of chapter 316 committed within a
27	municipality, or infractions under the provisions of chapter
28	318 committed within a municipality, in which cases such
29	fines, forfeitures, and civil penalties shall be fully paid
30	monthly to the appropriate municipality as provided in ss.
31	34.191, 316.660, and 318.21, and except as to fines imposed
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under s. 775.0835(1), and assessments imposed under ss. 1 938.21, 938.23, and 938.25, all fines imposed under the penal 2 3 laws of this state in all other cases, and the proceeds of all 4 forfeited bail bonds or recognizances in all other cases, 5 shall be paid into the fine and forfeiture fund of the clerk of the county in which the indictment was found or the б 7 prosecution commenced, and judgment must be entered therefor in favor of the state for the use by the clerk of the circuit 8 court in performing court-related functions of the particular 9 10 county. Section 84. Effective July 1, 2004, section 142.15, 11 12 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 142.15 Prisoner confined in different county.--Where 13 14 the prisoner is confined in the jail of a different county from the one in which the crime was committed, then the 15 sheriff's bill for feeding such prisoner shall be presented to 16 17 the board of county commissioners of the county in which the crime is alleged to have been committed, and paid by such 18 19 county. If the sheriff should subsequently collect any such fees for feeding a prisoner, he or she shall pay the same to 20 the county in which the crime is alleged to have been 21 22 committed depository, to go into the fine and forfeiture fund. 23 The county commissioners shall see that there is always set aside and retained in the fine and forfeiture fund out of the 24 moneys collected from the special tax authorized to be 25 26 collected for such fund, enough cash to pay for keeping and 27 feeding such prisoners. Section 85. Effective July 1, 2004, section 142.16, 28 29 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 142.16 Change of venue. -- In case of change of venue in 30 any case, all fines and forfeitures in such case go to the 31 137 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

clerk in the county in which the case was adjudicated 1 indictment was found, and the fees of all officers and 2 3 witnesses are a charge upon the county in which the indictment 4 was found, in like manner as if the trial had not been 5 removed. All costs and fees arising from the coroner's inquest 6 shall be a charge upon the county where the inquest is held, 7 and shall be payable from the general revenue fund of the 8 county. Section 86. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (3) of 9 section 145.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 145.022 Guaranteed salary upon resolution of board of 11 12 county commissioners. --(3) This section shall not apply to county property 13 14 appraisers or clerks of the circuit and county courts in the performance of their court-related functions . 15 Section 87. Effective July 1, 2004, section 162.30, 16 17 Florida Statutes, is created to read: 18 162.30 Civil actions to enforce county and municipal 19 ordinances.--In addition to other provisions of law 20 authorizing the enforcement of county and municipal codes and 21 ordinances, a county or municipality may enforce any violation 22 of a county or municipal code or ordinance by filing a civil 23 action in the same manner as instituting a civil action. The action shall be brought in county or circuit court, whichever 24 25 is appropriate depending upon the relief sought. Counties and 26 municipalities are authorized and required to pay any counsel appointed by the court to represent a private party in such 27 28 action if the provision of counsel at public expense is 29 required by the Constitution of the United States or the 30 Constitution of the State of Florida and if the party is 31 indigent as established pursuant to s. 27.52. The county or 138

municipality shall bear all court fees and costs of any such 1 2 action, and may, if it prevails, recover the court fees and 3 costs and expense of the court-appointed counsel as part of 4 its judgment. The state shall bear no expense of actions 5 brought under this section except those that it would bear in 6 an ordinary civil action between private parties in county 7 court. 8 Section 88. Effective July 1, 2004, section 197.532, 9 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 197.532 Fees for mailing additional notices, when 10 application is made by holder. -- When the certificateholder 11 12 makes a written request of the clerk and furnishes the names and addresses at the time of the filing of the application, 13 14 the clerk shall send a copy of the notice referred to in s. 197.522 to anyone to whom the certificateholder may request 15 him or her to send it, and the clerk shall include in such 16 17 notice the statement required in s. 197.522. The certificateholder shall pay the clerk the service charges as 18 19 prescribed in s. $28.24(5)\frac{(8)}{(8)}$ for preparing and mailing each copy of notice requested by the holder. When the charges are 20 made, they shall be added by the clerk to the amount required 21 to redeem the land from sale. 22 23 Section 89. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (3) of section 197.542, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 197.542 Sale at public auction.--25 26 (3) If the sale is canceled for any reason, the clerk shall immediately readvertise the sale to be held no later 27 28 than 30 days after the date the sale was canceled. Only one 29 advertisement is necessary. No further notice is required. The amount of the statutory (opening) bid shall be increased by 30 the cost of advertising, additional clerk's fees as provided 31 139 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

for in s. $28.24(21)\frac{(26)}{(26)}$, and interest as provided for in 1 subsection (1). The clerk shall receive full payment prior to 2 3 the issuance of the tax deed. 4 Section 90. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (2) of 5 section 197.582, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6 197.582 Disbursement of proceeds of sale .--7 (2) If the property is purchased for an amount in 8 excess of the statutory bid of the certificateholder, the 9 excess shall be paid over and disbursed by the clerk. If the 10 property purchased is homestead property and the statutory bid includes an amount equal to at least one-half of the assessed 11 12 value of the homestead, that amount shall be treated as excess and distributed in the same manner. The clerk shall distribute 13 14 the excess to the governmental units for the payment of any 15 lien of record held by a governmental unit against the 16 property. In the event the excess is not sufficient to pay all 17 of such liens in full, the excess shall then be paid to each governmental unit pro rata. If, after all liens of record of 18 19 the governmental units upon the property are paid in full, there remains a balance of undistributed funds, the balance of 20 the purchase price shall be retained by the clerk for the 21 benefit of the persons described in s. 197.522(1)(a), as their 22 23 interests may appear. The clerk shall mail notices to such persons notifying them of the funds held for their benefit. 24 Any service charges, at the same rate as prescribed in s. 25 26 $28.24(10)\frac{(13)}{(13)}$, and costs of mailing notices shall be paid out 27 of the excess balance held by the clerk. Excess proceeds shall be held and disbursed in the same manner as unclaimed 28 29 redemption moneys in s. 197.473. In the event excess proceeds are not sufficient to cover the service charges and mailing 30 31 140

costs, the clerk shall receive the total amount of excess 1 2 proceeds as a service charge. 3 Section 91. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (d) of 4 subsection (2) of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, is 5 amended to read: 6 212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; authorization and use of proceeds.--It is the 7 8 legislative intent that any authorization for imposition of a 9 discretionary sales surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a subsection of this section, irrespective of the 10 duration of the levy. Each enactment shall specify the types 11 12 of counties authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be 13 imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, 14 if any; the procedure which must be followed to secure voter 15 approval, if required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; and such other requirements as the Legislature 16 17 may provide. Taxable transactions and administrative 18 procedures shall be as provided in s. 212.054. 19 (2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX. 20 (d)1. The proceeds of the surtax authorized by this subsection and any interest accrued thereto shall be expended 21 22 by the school district or within the county and municipalities 23 within the county, or, in the case of a negotiated joint county agreement, within another county, to finance, plan, and 24 construct infrastructure and to acquire land for public 25 26 recreation or conservation or protection of natural resources and to finance the closure of county-owned or municipally 27 owned solid waste landfills that are already closed or are 28 29 required to close by order of the Department of Environmental Protection. Any use of such proceeds or interest for purposes 30 of landfill closure prior to July 1, 1993, is ratified. 31 141

Neither the proceeds nor any interest accrued thereto shall be 1 used for operational expenses of any infrastructure, except 2 3 that any county with a population of less than 75,000 that is 4 required to close a landfill by order of the Department of Environmental Protection may use the proceeds or any interest 5 accrued thereto for long-term maintenance costs associated 6 7 with landfill closure. Counties, as defined in s. 125.011(1), 8 and charter counties may, in addition, use the proceeds and 9 any interest accrued thereto to retire or service indebtedness incurred for bonds issued prior to July 1, 1987, for 10 infrastructure purposes, and for bonds subsequently issued to 11 12 refund such bonds. Any use of such proceeds or interest for purposes of retiring or servicing indebtedness incurred for 13 14 such refunding bonds prior to July 1, 1999, is ratified. 15 2. For the purposes of this paragraph, 16 "infrastructure" means: 17 a. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay associated with the construction, reconstruction, or 18 19 improvement of public facilities which have a life expectancy of 5 or more years and any land acquisition, land improvement, 20 design, and engineering costs related thereto. 21 A fire department vehicle, an emergency medical 22 b. service vehicle, a sheriff's office vehicle, a police 23 24 department vehicle, or any other vehicle, and such equipment necessary to outfit the vehicle for its official use or 25 26 equipment that has a life expectancy of at least 5 years. 27 c. Any expenditure for the construction, lease, or maintenance of, or provision of utilities or security for, 28 29 facilities as defined in s. 29.008. Notwithstanding any other provision of this 30 3. subsection, a discretionary sales surtax imposed or extended 31 142 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	after the effective date of this act may provide for an amount
2	not to exceed 15 percent of the local option sales surtax
3	proceeds to be allocated for deposit to a trust fund within
4	the county's accounts created for the purpose of funding
5	economic development projects of a general public purpose
6	targeted to improve local economies, including the funding of
7	operational costs and incentives related to such economic
8	development. The ballot statement must indicate the intention
9	to make an allocation under the authority of this
10	subparagraph.
11	Section 92. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (d) of
12	subsection (6) of section 212.20, Florida Statutes, as amended
13	by section 1 of chapter 2002-291, Laws of Florida, is amended
14	to read:
15	212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers
16	of department; operational expense; refund of taxes
17	adjudicated unconstitutionally collected
18	(6) Distribution of all proceeds under this chapter
19	and s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be as follows:
20	(d) The proceeds of all other taxes and fees imposed
21	pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s.
22	202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be distributed as follows:
23	1. In any fiscal year, the greater of \$500 million,
24	minus an amount equal to 4.6 percent of the proceeds of the
25	taxes collected pursuant to chapter 201, or 5 percent of all
26	other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter or
27	remitted pursuant to s. $202.18(1)(b)$ and $(2)(b)$ shall be
28	deposited in monthly installments into the General Revenue
29	Fund.
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Two-tenths of one percent shall be transferred to 1 2. 2 the Ecosystem Management and Restoration Trust Fund to be used 3 for water quality improvement and water restoration projects. 4 3. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1. and 5 2., 8.814 9.653 percent of the amount remitted by a sales tax 6 dealer located within a participating county pursuant to s. 7 218.61 shall be transferred into the Local Government 8 Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund. 9 4. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., 0.095 0.065 percent shall be transferred to the Local 10 Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund and 11 12 distributed pursuant to s. 218.65. 5. For proceeds received after July 1, 2000, and After 13 14 the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., 3., and 4., 15 $2.0440 \frac{2.25}{2.25}$ percent of the available proceeds pursuant to this paragraph shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing 16 17 Trust Fund for Counties pursuant to s. 218.215. For proceeds received after July 1, 2000, and After 18 6. 19 the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., 3., and 4., 1.3409 1.0715 percent of the available proceeds pursuant to 20 this paragraph shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue 21 22 Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities pursuant to s. 218.215. 23 If the total revenue to be distributed pursuant to this subparagraph is at least as great as the amount due from the 24 Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the 25 26 Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 27 1999-2000, no municipality shall receive less than the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and 28 29 the Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000. If the total proceeds to be distributed are 30 less than the amount received in combination from the Revenue 31 144

Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the Municipal
 Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year
 1999-2000, each municipality shall receive an amount
 proportionate to the amount it was due in state fiscal year
 1999-2000.

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7. Of the remaining proceeds:

7 Beginning July 1, 2000, and In each fiscal year a. 8 thereafter, the sum of \$29,915,500 shall be divided into as 9 many equal parts as there are counties in the state, and one part shall be distributed to each county. The distribution 10 among the several counties shall begin each fiscal year on or 11 12 before January 5th and shall continue monthly for a total of 4 months. If a local or special law required that any moneys 13 14 accruing to a county in fiscal year 1999-2000 under the then-existing provisions of s. 550.135 be paid directly to the 15 district school board, special district, or a municipal 16 17 government, such payment shall continue until such time that 18 the local or special law is amended or repealed. The state 19 covenants with holders of bonds or other instruments of indebtedness issued by local governments, special districts, 20 or district school boards prior to July 1, 2000, that it is 21 not the intent of this subparagraph to adversely affect the 22 23 rights of those holders or relieve local governments, special districts, or district school boards of the duty to meet their 24 obligations as a result of previous pledges or assignments or 25 26 trusts entered into which obligated funds received from the distribution to county governments under then-existing s. 27 550.135. This distribution specifically is in lieu of funds 28 29 distributed under s. 550.135 prior to July 1, 2000. The department shall distribute \$166,667 monthly 30 b. pursuant to s. 288.1162 to each applicant that has been 31

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certified as a "facility for a new professional sports 1 franchise" or a "facility for a retained professional sports 2 3 franchise" pursuant to s. 288.1162. Up to \$41,667 shall be 4 distributed monthly by the department to each applicant that has been certified as a "facility for a retained spring 5 training franchise" pursuant to s. 288.1162; however, not more 6 7 than \$208,335 may be distributed monthly in the aggregate to all certified facilities for a retained spring training 8 9 franchise. Distributions shall begin 60 days following such certification and shall continue for not more than 30 years. 10 Nothing contained in this paragraph shall be construed to 11 12 allow an applicant certified pursuant to s. 288.1162 to 13 receive more in distributions than actually expended by the 14 applicant for the public purposes provided for in s. 288.1162(6). However, a certified applicant is entitled to 15 receive distributions up to the maximum amount allowable and 16 17 undistributed under this section for additional renovations and improvements to the facility for the franchise without 18 19 additional certification. 20 c. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to the Department of 21 22 Revenue that an applicant has been certified as the 23 professional golf hall of fame pursuant to s. 288.1168 and is open to the public, \$166,667 shall be distributed monthly, for 24 up to 300 months, to the applicant. 25 26 Beginning 30 days after notice by the Office of d. 27 Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to the Department of Revenue that the applicant has been certified as the 28 29 International Game Fish Association World Center facility pursuant to s. 288.1169, and the facility is open to the 30 public, \$83,333 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 168 31 146

months, to the applicant. This distribution is subject to 1 reduction pursuant to s. 288.1169. A lump sum payment of 2 \$999,996 shall be made, after certification and before July 1, 3 4 2000. 5 8. All other proceeds shall remain with the General 6 Revenue Fund. 7 Section 93. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (6) of 8 section 218.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 218.21 Definitions.--As used in this part, the following words and terms shall have the meanings ascribed 10 them in this section, except where the context clearly 11 12 indicates a different meaning: 13 (6) "Guaranteed entitlement" means the amount of 14 revenue which must be shared with an eligible unit of local 15 government so that: (a) No eligible county shall receive less funds from 16 17 the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Counties in any fiscal year than the amount received in the aggregate from the state in 18 19 fiscal year 1971-1972 under the provisions of the 20 then-existing s. 210.20(2)(c), tax on cigarettes; the then-existing s. 323.16(4), road tax; and the then-existing s. 21 22 199.292(4), tax on intangible personal property. 23 (b) No eligible municipality shall receive less funds from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities in any 24 25 fiscal year than the aggregate amount it received from the 26 state in fiscal year 1971-1972 under the provisions of the 27 then-existing s. 210.20(2)(a), tax on cigarettes; the then-existing s. 323.16(3), road tax; and s. 206.605, tax on 28 motor fuel. Any government exercising municipal powers under 29 s. 6(f), Art. VIII of the State Constitution may not receive 30 less than the aggregate amount it received from the Revenue 31 147 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities in the preceding fiscal
2	year, plus a percentage increase in such amount equal to the
3	percentage increase of the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for
4	Municipalities for the preceding 2003-2004 fiscal year.
5	Section 94. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (4) is
6	added to section 218.25, Florida Statutes, to read:
7	218.25 Limitation of shared funds; holders of bonds
8	protected; limitation on use of second guaranteed entitlement
9	for counties
10	(4) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), a county
11	may assign, pledge, or set aside as a trust for the payment of
12	principal or interest on bonds, tax anticipation certificates,
13	or any other form of indebtedness an amount up to 50 percent
14	of the funds received in the prior year.
15	Section 95. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (2) of
16	section 218.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
17	218.35 County fee officers; financial matters
18	(2) The clerk of the circuit court, functioning in his
19	or her capacity as clerk of the circuit and county courts and
20	as clerk of the board of county commissioners, shall prepare
21	his or her budget in two parts:
22	(a) The budget for funds necessary to perform
23	court-related functions as provided for in s. 28.36, which
24	shall detail the methodologies used to apportion costs between
25	court-related and non-court-related functions performed by the
26	<u>clerk. The budget relating to the state courts system,</u>
27	including recording, which shall be filed with the State
28	Courts Administrator as well as with the board of county
29	commissioners; and
30	(b) The budget relating to the requirements of the
31	clerk as clerk of the board of county commissioners, county
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auditor, and custodian or treasurer of all county funds and
 other county-related duties.

3 Section 96. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (b) of 4 subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 318.15, Florida 5 Statutes, are amended to read:

6 318.15 Failure to comply with civil penalty or to 7 appear; penalty.--

(1)

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9 (b) However, a person who elects to attend driver improvement school and has paid the civil penalty as provided 10 in s. 318.14(9), but who subsequently fails to attend the 11 12 driver improvement school within the time specified by the court shall be deemed to have admitted the infraction and 13 14 shall be adjudicated guilty. In such case the person must pay 15 the clerk of the court the 18 percent deducted pursuant to s. 318.14(9), and a\$10 processing fee of up to \$15, after which 16 17 no additional penalties, court costs, or surcharges shall be 18 imposed for the violation. The clerk of the court shall notify 19 the department of the person's failure to attend driver 20 improvement school and points shall be assessed pursuant to s. 21 322.27.

(2) After suspension of the driver's license and 22 23 privilege to drive of a person under subsection (1), the license and privilege may not be reinstated until the person 24 complies with all obligations and penalties imposed on him or 25 26 her under s. 318.18 and presents to a driver license office a 27 certificate of compliance issued by the court, together with a the \$25 nonrefundable service fee of up to \$37.50 imposed 28 29 under s. 322.29, or pays the aforementioned \$25 service fee of up to \$37.50 to the clerk of the court or tax collector 30 clearing such suspension. Such person shall also be in 31

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compliance with requirements of chapter 322 prior to 1 2 reinstatement. 3 Section 97. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (2), 4 paragraphs (c), (d), (e), and (f) of subsection (3), and 5 subsections (6), (7), and (11) of section 318.18, Florida 6 Statutes, are amended to read: 7 318.18 Amount of civil penalties.--The penalties 8 required for a noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 9 are as follows: 10 (2) Thirty dollars for all nonmoving traffic violations and: 11 12 (a) For all violations of s. 322.19. (b) For all violations of ss. 320.0605, 320.07(1), 13 14 322.065, and 322.15(1). Any person who is cited for a violation of s. 320.07(1) shall be charged a delinguent fee 15 16 pursuant to s. 320.07(4). 17 1. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 18 320.0605 or s. 320.07 can show proof of having a valid 19 registration at the time of arrest, the clerk of the court may dismiss the case and may assess a \$5 dismissal fee of up to 20 \$7.50. A person who finds it impossible or impractical to 21 obtain a valid registration certificate must submit an 22 23 affidavit detailing the reasons for the impossibility or impracticality. The reasons may include, but are not limited 24 to, the fact that the vehicle was sold, stolen, or destroyed; 25 26 that the state in which the vehicle is registered does not issue a certificate of registration; or that the vehicle is 27 owned by another person. 28 29 If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 2. 30 322.03, s. 322.065, or s. 322.15 can show a driver's license issued to him or her and valid at the time of arrest, the 31 150 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

clerk of the court may dismiss the case and may assess a \$5
 dismissal fee of up to \$7.50.

If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 3 3. 4 316.646 can show proof of security as required by s. 627.733, 5 issued to the person and valid at the time of arrest, the clerk of the court may dismiss the case and may assess a \$5 6 7 dismissal fee of up to \$7.50. A person who finds it impossible 8 or impractical to obtain proof of security must submit an 9 affidavit detailing the reasons for the impracticality. The reasons may include, but are not limited to, the fact that the 10 vehicle has since been sold, stolen, or destroyed; that the 11 12 owner or registrant of the vehicle is not required by s. 627.733 to maintain personal injury protection insurance; or 13 14 that the vehicle is owned by another person.

(c) For all violations of ss. 316.2935 and 316.610. 15 However, for a violation of s. 316.2935 or s. 316.610, if the 16 17 person committing the violation corrects the defect and obtains proof of such timely repair by an affidavit of 18 19 compliance executed by the law enforcement agency within 30 days from the date upon which the traffic citation was issued, 20 and pays \$4 to the law enforcement agency, thereby completing 21 the affidavit of compliance, then upon presentation of said 22 23 affidavit by the defendant to the clerk within the 30-day time period set forth under s. 318.14(4), the fine must be reduced 24 to\$7.50, which the clerk of the court shall retain. 25 26 (d) For all violations of s. 316.126(1)(b), unless

27 otherwise specified.

28 (3)

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), a person cited for
exceeding the speed limit by up to 5 m.p.h. in a legally
posted school zone will be fined \$50. A person exceeding the

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speed limit in a school zone shall pay will be assessed a fine 1 double the amount listed in paragraph (b). 2 3 (d) A person cited for exceeding the speed limit in a 4 posted construction zone shall pay will be assessed a fine double the amount listed in paragraph (b). The fine shall be 5 doubled for construction zone violations only if construction б 7 personnel are present or operating equipment on the road or 8 immediately adjacent to the road under construction. 9 If a violation of s. 316.1301 or s. 316.1303 (e) results in an injury to the pedestrian or damage to the 10 property of the pedestrian, an additional fine of up to \$250 11 12 shall be paid must be assessed. This amount must be distributed pursuant to s. 318.21. 13 14 (f) A person cited for exceeding the speed limit 15 within a zone posted for any electronic or manual toll collection facility shall pay will be assessed a fine double 16 17 the amount listed in paragraph (b). However, no person cited for exceeding the speed limit in any toll collection zone 18 19 shall be subject to a doubled fine unless the governmental entity or authority controlling the toll collection zone first 20 installs a traffic control device providing warning that 21 speeding fines are doubled. Any such traffic control device 22 23 must meet the requirements of the uniform system of traffic control devices. 24 (6) One hundred dollars or the fine amount designated 25 26 by county ordinance, plus court costs for illegally parking, 27 under s. 316.1955, in a parking space provided for people who have disabilities. However, this fine will be waived if a 28 29 person provides to the law enforcement agency that issued the citation for such a violation proof that the person committing 30

the violation has a valid parking permit or license plate

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issued pursuant to s. 316.1958, s. 320.0842, s. 320.0843, s. 1 320.0845, or s. 320.0848 or a signed affidavit that the owner 2 of the disabled parking permit or license plate was present at 3 4 the time the violation occurred, and that such a parking 5 permit or license plate was valid at the time the violation occurred. The law enforcement officer, upon determining that 6 7 all required documentation has been submitted verifying that the required parking permit or license plate was valid at the 8 9 time of the violation, must sign an affidavit of compliance. Upon provision of the affidavit of compliance and payment of a 10 \$5 dismissal fee of up to \$7.50 to the clerk of the circuit 11 12 court, the clerk shall dismiss the citation. (7) One hundred dollars for a violation of s. 13 14 316.1001. However, a person may elect to pay \$30 to the clerk 15 of the court, in which case adjudication is withheld, and no points are assessed under s. 322.27. Upon receipt of the fine, 16 17 the clerk of the court must retain \$5 for administrative purposes and must forward the \$25 to the governmental entity 18 19 that issued the citation. Any funds received by a governmental entity for this violation may be used for any lawful purpose 20 related to the operation or maintenance of a toll facility. 21 22 (11)(a) Court costs that are to be in addition to the 23 stated fine must be paid shall be imposed by the court in an amount not less than the following and shall be deposited by 24 the clerk into the fine and forfeiture fund established 25 26 pursuant to s. 142.01: 27 For pedestrian infractions.....\$ 3. 28 29 For nonmoving traffic infractions......\$ $16\frac{5}{6}$. For moving traffic infractions.....\$ 30\$ 10. 30 31 153 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(b) In addition to the court cost required assessed 1 2 under paragraph (a), the court shall impose a \$3 court cost 3 must be paid for each infraction to be distributed as provided 4 in s. 938.01 and a \$2 court cost as provided in s. 938.15 when 5 assessed by a municipality or county. 6 7 Court costs imposed under this subsection may not exceed \$30. A criminal justice selection center or other local 8 9 criminal justice access and assessment center may be funded from these court costs. 10 Section 98. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraphs (g) and 11 12 (h) of subsection (2) of section 318.21, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 13 14 318.21 Disposition of civil penalties by county 15 courts.--All civil penalties received by a county court pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be 16 17 distributed and paid monthly as follows: (2) Of the remainder: 18 19 (g)1. If the violation occurred within a municipality 20 or a special improvement district of the Seminole Indian Tribe 21 or Miccosukee Indian Tribe, 56.4 percent shall be paid to that 22 municipality or special improvement district. 23 2. If the violation occurred within the unincorporated area of a county that is not within a special improvement 24 district of the Seminole Indian Tribe or Miccosukee Indian 25 26 Tribe, 56.4 percent shall be deposited into the fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01 paid to that 27 28 county. 29 (h) Fifteen percent must be deposited into the General 30 Revenue County Article V Trust Fund. 31 154 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Section 99. Effective July 1, 2004, section 318.325, 1 2 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 318.325 Jurisdiction and procedure for parking 4 infractions.--Any county or municipality may adopt an 5 ordinance that allows the county or municipality to refer 6 cases involving the violation of a county or municipal parking 7 ordinance to a hearing officer funded by the county or municipality designated to preside over civil traffic 8 9 infractions in the county. Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 318.14 and 775.08(3), any parking violation shall be 10 deemed to be an infraction as defined in s. 318.13(3). 11 12 However, the violation must be enforced and disposed of in accordance with the provisions of general law applicable to 13 14 parking violations and with the charter or code of the county 15 or municipality where the violation occurred. The clerk of the court or the designated traffic violations bureau must collect 16 17 and distribute the fines, forfeitures, and court costs assessed under this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of 18 19 s. 318.21, fines and forfeitures received from parking violations committed within the unincorporated areas of the 20 county or within the boundaries of the municipality must be 21 22 collected and paid monthly to the county or municipality, 23 respectively. Court costs assessed by the hearing officer must 24 be paid to the county. 25 Section 100. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (1) of 26 section 322.245, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 27 322.245 Suspension of license upon failure of person charged with specified offense under chapter 316, chapter 320, 28 29 or this chapter to comply with directives ordered by traffic court or upon failure to pay child support in non-IV-D cases 30 as provided in chapter 61.--31

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1	(1) If a person who is charged with a violation of any
2	of the criminal offenses enumerated in s. 318.17 or with the
3	commission of any offense constituting a misdemeanor under
4	chapter 320 or this chapter fails to comply with all of the
5	directives of the court within the time allotted by the court,
6	the clerk of the traffic court shall mail to the person, at
7	the address specified on the uniform traffic citation, a
8	notice of such failure, notifying him or her that, if he or
9	she does not comply with the directives of the court within 30
10	days after the date of the notice and pay a delinquency fee of
11	up to $$15$
12	be suspended. The notice shall be mailed no later than 5 days
13	after such failure. The delinquency fee may be retained by the
14	office of the clerk to defray the operating costs of the
15	office.
16	Section 101. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (a) of
17	subsection (9) of section 327.73, Florida Statutes, is amended
18	to read:
19	327.73 Noncriminal infractions
20	(9)(a) Any person who fails to comply with the court's
21	requirements or who fails to pay the civil penalties specified
22	in this section within the 30-day period provided for in s.
23	327.72 must pay an additional court cost of <u>up to $\$18$</u> ,
24	which shall be used by the clerks of the courts to defray the
25	costs of tracking unpaid uniform boating citations.
26	Section 102. Effective July 1, 2004, section 382.023,
27	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
28	382.023 Department to receive dissolution-of-marriage
29	records; feesClerks of the circuit courts shall collect for
30	their services at the time of the filing of a final judgment
31	of dissolution of marriage a fee of <u>up to 10.50</u> , of which
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43 percent3 shall be retained by the circuit court as a part 1 2 of the cost in the cause in which the judgment is granted. The remaining 57 percent \$4 shall be remitted to the Department of 3 4 Revenue for deposit to the Department of Health to defray part 5 of the cost of maintaining the dissolution-of-marriage records. A record of each and every judgment of dissolution of 6 7 marriage granted by the court during the preceding calendar month, giving names of parties and such other data as required 8 9 by forms prescribed by the department, shall be transmitted to the department, on or before the 10th day of each month, along 10 with an accounting of the funds remitted to the Department of 11 12 Revenue pursuant to this section. 13 Section 103. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (c) of 14 subsection (4) of section 392.55, Florida Statutes, is amended 15 to read: 392.55 Physical examination and treatment.--16 17 (4) A warrant requiring a person to be apprehended or examined on an outpatient basis may not be issued unless: 18 19 (c) The court advises the person of the right to have 20 legal counsel present. If the person is insolvent and unable to employ counsel, the court shall appoint legal counsel for 21 22 the person pursuant to the indigence indigency criteria in s. 27.52. 23 24 Section 104. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 392.56, Florida Statutes, is amended 25 26 to read: 27 392.56 Hospitalization, placement, and residential isolation.--28 29 (3) A person may not be ordered by a circuit court to be hospitalized, placed in another health care facility or 30 31 157 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

residential facility, or isolated from the general public in 1 2 the home, unless: 3 (c) The court advises the person of the right to have 4 counsel present. If the person is insolvent and unable to 5 employ counsel, the court shall appoint legal counsel for the 6 person pursuant to the indigence indigency criteria in s. 7 27.52. 8 Section 105. Effective July 1, 2004, section 394.473, 9 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 394.473 Attorney's fee; expert witness fee .--10 (1) In case of the indigence indigency of any person 11 12 for whom an attorney is appointed pursuant to the provisions of this part, the attorney shall be entitled to a reasonable 13 14 fee to be determined by the court and paid from the general 15 fund of the county from which the patient was involuntarily detained. In case of the indigence indigency of any such 16 17 person, the court may appoint a public defender. The public 18 defender shall receive no additional compensation other than 19 that usually paid his or her office. 20 (2) In case of the indigence indigency of any person 21 for whom expert testimony is required in a court hearing 22 pursuant to the provisions of this act, the expert, except one 23 who is classified as a full-time employee of the state or who is receiving remuneration from the state for his or her time 24 in attendance at the hearing, shall be entitled to a 25 26 reasonable fee to be determined by the court and paid from the general fund of the county from which the patient was 27 involuntarily detained. 28 29 Section 106. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (1) of 30 section 395.3025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31 158 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

395.3025 Patient and personnel records; copies; 1 2 examination.--3 (1) Any licensed facility shall, upon written request, 4 and only after discharge of the patient, furnish, in a timely 5 manner, without delays for legal review, to any person 6 admitted therein for care and treatment or treated thereat, or 7 to any such person's guardian, curator, or personal representative, or in the absence of one of those persons, to 8 9 the next of kin of a decedent or the parent of a minor, or to anyone designated by such person in writing, a true and 10 correct copy of all patient records, including X rays, and 11 12 insurance information concerning such person, which records are in the possession of the licensed facility, provided the 13 14 person requesting such records agrees to pay a charge. The 15 exclusive charge for copies of patient records may include 16 sales tax and actual postage, and, except for nonpaper records 17 which are subject to a charge not to exceed \$2 as provided in s. $28.24(6)\frac{(9)}{(c)}$, may not exceed \$1 per page, as provided in 18 19 s. 28.24(5)(8)(a). A fee of up to \$1 may be charged for each year of records requested. These charges shall apply to all 20 records furnished, whether directly from the facility or from 21 a copy service providing these services on behalf of the 22 23 facility. However, a patient whose records are copied or searched for the purpose of continuing to receive medical care 24 is not required to pay a charge for copying or for the search. 25 26 The licensed facility shall further allow any such person to 27 examine the original records in its possession, or microforms or other suitable reproductions of the records, upon such 28 29 reasonable terms as shall be imposed to assure that the records will not be damaged, destroyed, or altered. 30 31 159

Section 107. Effective July 1, 2004, section 397.334, 1 2 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 397.334 Treatment-based drug court programs.--(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to implement 4 5 treatment-based drug court programs in each judicial circuit 6 in an effort to reduce crime and recidivism, abuse and neglect 7 cases, and family dysfunction by breaking the cycle of addiction which is the most predominant cause of cases 8 9 entering the justice system. The Legislature recognizes that 10 the integration of judicial supervision, treatment, accountability, and sanctions greatly increases the 11 12 effectiveness of substance abuse treatment. The Legislature also seeks to ensure that there is a coordinated, integrated, 13 14 and multidisciplinary response to the substance abuse problem in this state, with special attention given to creating 15 16 partnerships between the public and private sectors and to the 17 coordinated, supported, and integrated delivery of 18 multiple-system services for substance abusers, including a 19 multiagency team approach to service delivery. 20 (1)(2) Each county may fund judicial circuit shall establish a model of a treatment-based drug court program 21 under which persons in the justice system assessed with a 22 23 substance abuse problem will be processed in such a manner as to appropriately address the severity of the identified 24 substance abuse problem through treatment plans tailored to 25 26 the individual needs of the participant. These treatment-based 27 drug court program models may be established in the misdemeanor, felony, family, delinquency, and dependency 28 29 divisions of the judicial circuits. It is the intent of the Legislature to encourage the Department of Corrections, the 30 Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of 31 160

1	Juvenile Justice, the Department of Health, the Department of
2	Law Enforcement, and such other agencies, local governments,
3	law enforcement agencies, and other interested public or
4	private sources to support the creation and establishment of
5	these problem-solving court programs. Participation in the
6	treatment-based drug court programs does not divest any public
7	or private agency of its responsibility for a child or adult,
8	but allows these agencies to better meet their needs through
9	shared responsibility and resources.
10	(2) (3) The treatment-based drug court programs shall
11	include therapeutic jurisprudence principles and adhere to the
12	following 10 key components, recognized by the Drug Courts
13	Program Office of the Office of Justice Programs of the United
14	States Department of Justice and adopted by the Florida
15	Supreme Court Treatment-Based Drug Court Steering Committee:
16	(a) Drug court programs integrate alcohol and other
17	drug treatment services with justice system case processing.
18	(b) Using a nonadversarial approach, prosecution and
19	defense counsel promote public safety while protecting
20	participants' due process rights.
21	(c) Eligible participants are identified early and
22	promptly placed in the drug court program.
23	(d) Drug court programs provide access to a continuum
24	of alcohol, drug, and other related treatment and
25	rehabilitation services.
26	(e) Abstinence is monitored by frequent testing for
27	alcohol and other drugs.
28	(f) A coordinated strategy governs drug court program
29	responses to participants' compliance.
30	(g) Ongoing judicial interaction with each drug court
31	program participant is essential.
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(h) Monitoring and evaluation measure the achievement 1 2 of program goals and gauge program effectiveness. 3 (i) Continuing interdisciplinary education promotes 4 effective drug court program planning, implementation, and 5 operations. 6 (j) Forging partnerships among drug court programs, 7 public agencies, and community-based organizations generates 8 local support and enhances drug court program effectiveness. 9 (3) (4) Treatment-based drug court programs may include pretrial intervention programs as provided in ss. 948.08, 10 948.16, and 985.306. 11 12 (4)(5)(a) The Florida Association of Drug Court Program Professionals is created. The membership of the 13 14 association may consist of drug court program practitioners 15 who comprise the multidisciplinary drug court program team, including, but not limited to, judges, state attorneys, 16 17 defense counsel, drug court program coordinators, probation 18 officers, law enforcement officers, members of the academic 19 community, and treatment professionals. Membership in the association shall be voluntary. 20 21 (b) The association shall annually elect a chair whose 22 duty is to solicit recommendations from members on issues 23 relating to the expansion, operation, and institutionalization of drug court programs. The chair is responsible for providing 24 the association's recommendations to the Supreme Court 25 26 Treatment-Based Drug Court Steering Committee, and shall 27 submit a report each year, on or before October 1, to the steering committee. 28 29 (5) If a county chooses to fund a treatment-based drug court program, the county must secure funding from sources 30 31 other than the state for those costs not otherwise assumed by 162 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. 1

2 interlocal agreement, for the collective funding of these 3 programs. 4 Section 108. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (3) of 5 section 712.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6 712.06 Contents of notice; recording and indexing .--7 (3) The clerk of the circuit court shall, upon such filing, mail by registered or certified mail to the purported 8 9 owner of said property, as stated in such notice, a copy thereof and shall enter on the original, before recording the 10 same, a certificate showing such mailing. For preparing the 11 12 certificate, the claimant shall pay to the clerk the service 13 charge as prescribed in s. 28.24(8) (11) and the necessary 14 costs of mailing, in addition to the recording charges as 15 prescribed in s. 28.24(12)(15). If the notice names purported owners having more than one address, the person filing the 16 17 same shall furnish a true copy for each of the several addresses stated, and the clerk shall send one such copy to 18 19 the purported owners named at each respective address. Such certificate shall be sufficient if the same reads 20 21 substantially as follows: 22 23 I hereby certify that I did on this _____, mail by registered (or certified) mail a copy of the foregoing notice 24 to each of the following at the address stated: 25 26 ... (Clerk of the circuit court) . . . of _____ County, Florida, 27 By ... (Deputy clerk) ... 28 29 30 The clerk of the circuit court is not required to mail to the purported owner of such property any such notice that pertains 31 163 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

the state pursuant to s. 29.004. Counties may provide, by

solely to the preserving of any covenant or restriction or any 1 portion of a covenant or restriction. 2 3 Section 109. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (1) of 4 section 713.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 713.24 Transfer of liens to security .--6 (1) Any lien claimed under this part may be 7 transferred, by any person having an interest in the real property upon which the lien is imposed or the contract under 8 9 which the lien is claimed, from such real property to other security by either: 10 11 (a) Depositing in the clerk's office a sum of money, 12 or 13 (b) Filing in the clerk's office a bond executed as 14 surety by a surety insurer licensed to do business in this 15 state, 16 17 either to be in an amount equal to the amount demanded in such claim of lien, plus interest thereon at the legal rate for 3 18 19 years, plus \$1,000 or 25 percent of the amount demanded in the 20 claim of lien, whichever is greater, to apply on any attorney's fees and court costs that may be taxed in any 21 22 proceeding to enforce said lien. Such deposit or bond shall be 23 conditioned to pay any judgment or decree which may be rendered for the satisfaction of the lien for which such claim 24 of lien was recorded. Upon making such deposit or filing such 25 26 bond, the clerk shall make and record a certificate showing 27 the transfer of the lien from the real property to the security and shall mail a copy thereof by registered or 28 29 certified mail to the lienor named in the claim of lien so transferred, at the address stated therein. Upon filing the 30 certificate of transfer, the real property shall thereupon be 31 164

released from the lien claimed, and such lien shall be 1 2 transferred to said security. In the absence of allegations of 3 privity between the lienor and the owner, and subject to any 4 order of the court increasing the amount required for the lien 5 transfer deposit or bond, no other judgment or decree to pay money may be entered by the court against the owner. The clerk 6 7 shall be entitled to a fee for making and serving the certificate, in the sum of up to $$15\frac{10}{10}$. If the transaction 8 9 involves the transfer of multiple liens, an additional charge of up to 7.50 for each additional lien shall be 10 charged. For recording the certificate and approving the 11 12 bond, the clerk shall receive her or his usual statutory service charges as prescribed in s. 28.24. Any number of liens 13 14 may be transferred to one such security. Section 110. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (3) is 15 added to section 721.83, Florida Statutes, to read: 16 721.83 Consolidation of foreclosure actions.--17 (3) The clerk of court shall require a plaintiff to 18 19 pay separate filing fees and service charges as provided by 20 general law for each defendant in a consolidated foreclosure action filed pursuant to this section. 21 Section 111. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (c) of 22 23 subsection (2) of section 741.30, Florida Statutes, is amended 24 to read: 741.30 Domestic violence; injunction; powers and 25 26 duties of court and clerk; petition; notice and hearing; 27 temporary injunction; issuance of injunction; statewide verification system; enforcement. --28 29 (2) (c)1. The clerk of the court shall assist petitioners 30 in seeking both injunctions for protection against domestic 31 165 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

violence and enforcement for a violation thereof as specified 1 2 in this section. 2. All clerks' offices shall provide simplified 3 4 petition forms for the injunction, any modifications, and the 5 enforcement thereof, including instructions for completion. 6 3. The clerk of the court shall advise petitioners of 7 the opportunity to apply for a certificate of indigence 8 availability of affidavits of insolvency or indigence in lieu 9 of prepayment payment for the cost of the filing fee, as 10 provided in paragraph (a). The clerk of the court shall ensure the 4. 11 12 petitioner's privacy to the extent practical while completing the forms for injunctions for protection against domestic 13 14 violence. 5. The clerk of the court shall provide petitioners 15 with a minimum of two certified copies of the order of 16 17 injunction, one of which is serviceable and will inform the 18 petitioner of the process for service and enforcement. 19 6. Clerks of court and appropriate staff in each 20 county shall receive training in the effective assistance of 21 petitioners as provided or approved by the Florida Association 22 of Court Clerks. 23 7. The clerk of the court in each county shall make available informational brochures on domestic violence when 24 25 such brochures are provided by local certified domestic 26 violence centers. The clerk of the court in each county shall 27 8. distribute a statewide uniform informational brochure to 28 29 petitioners at the time of filing for an injunction for protection against domestic or repeat violence when such 30 brochures become available. The brochure must include 31 166

information about the effect of giving the court false 1 2 information about domestic violence. 3 Section 112. Effective July 1, 2004, section 744.3135, 4 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 744.3135 Credit and criminal investigation.--The court 6 may require a nonprofessional guardian and shall require a 7 professional or public guardian, and all employees of a 8 professional guardian who have a fiduciary responsibility to a 9 ward, to submit, at their own expense, to an investigation of the guardian's credit history and to undergo level 2 10 background screening as required under s. 435.04. The clerk of 11 12 the court shall obtain fingerprint cards from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and make them available to guardians. 13 14 Any guardian who is so required shall have his or her 15 fingerprints taken and forward the proper fingerprint card along with the necessary fee to the Florida Department of Law 16 17 Enforcement for processing. The professional guardian shall pay to the clerk of the court a fee of up to \$7.50 for 18 19 handling and processing professional guardian files. The results of the fingerprint checks shall be forwarded to the 20 clerk of court who shall maintain the results in a guardian 21 file and shall make the results available to the court. If 22 23 credit or criminal investigations are required, the court must consider the results of the investigations in appointing a 24 guardian. Guardians and all employees of a professional 25 26 guardian who have a fiduciary responsibility to a ward, so appointed, must resubmit, at their own expense, to an 27 investigation of credit history, and undergo level 1 28 29 background screening as required under s. 435.03, every 2 years after the date of their appointment. The court must 30 consider the results of these investigations in reappointing a 31 167

1	guardian. This section shall not apply to a professional		
2	guardian, or to the employees of a professional guardian, that		
3	is a trust company, a state banking corporation or state		
4	savings association authorized and qualified to exercise		
5	fiduciary powers in this state, or a national banking		
6	association or federal savings and loan association authorized		
7	and qualified to exercise fiduciary powers in this state.		
8	Section 113. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (a) of		
9	subsection (6) of section 744.365, Florida Statutes, is		
10	amended to read:		
11	744.365 Verified inventory		
12	(6) AUDIT FEE		
13	(a) Where the value of the ward's property exceeds		
14	\$25,000, a guardian shall pay from the ward's property to the		
15	clerk of the circuit court a fee of <u>up to $\$75$</u> , upon the		
16	filing of the verified inventory, for the auditing of the		
17	inventory. Any guardian unable to pay the auditing fee may		
18	petition the court for waiver of the fee. The court may waive		
19	the fee after it has reviewed the documentation filed by the		
20	guardian in support of the waiver. If the fee is waived for a		
21	ward, the audit fee must be paid from the general fund of the		
22	county in which the guardianship proceeding is conducted.		
23	Section 114. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (4) of		
24	section 744.3678, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:		
25	744.3678 Annual accounting		
26	(4) The guardian shall pay from the ward's estate to		
27	the clerk of the circuit court a fee based upon the following		
28	graduated fee schedule, upon the filing of the annual		
29	financial return, for the auditing of the return:		
30			
31			
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(a) For estates with a value of \$25,000 or less the 1 2 clerk of the court may charge a fee of up to \$15 the fee shall 3 be \$10. 4 (b) For estates with a value of more than \$25,000 up 5 to and including \$100,000 the clerk of the court may charge a 6 fee of up to \$75 the fee shall be \$50. 7 (c) For estates with a value of more than \$100,000 up 8 to and including \$500,000 the clerk of the court may charge a 9 fee of up to \$150 the fee shall be \$100. (d) For estates with a value in excess of \$500,000 the 10 clerk of the court may charge a fee of up to \$225 the fee 11 12 shall be \$150. 13 14 Any guardian unable to pay the auditing fee may petition the court for a waiver of the fee. The court may waive the fee 15 after it has reviewed the documentation filed by the guardian 16 17 in support of the waiver. Upon such waiver, the clerk of the 18 circuit court shall bill the board of county commissioners for 19 the auditing fee. 20 Section 115. Effective July 1, 2004, section 775.083, 21 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 775.083 Fines.--22 23 (1) A person who has been convicted of an offense other than a capital felony may be sentenced to pay a fine in 24 addition to any punishment described in s. 775.082; when 25 26 specifically authorized by statute, he or she may be sentenced 27 to pay a fine in lieu of any punishment described in s. 775.082. A person who has been convicted of a noncriminal 28 29 violation may be sentenced to pay a fine. Fines for designated crimes and for noncriminal violations shall not exceed: 30 (a) \$15,000, when the conviction is of a life felony. 31 169 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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(b) \$10,000, when the conviction is of a felony of the 1 2 first or second degree. 3 (c) \$5,000, when the conviction is of a felony of the 4 third degree. 5 (d) \$1,000, when the conviction is of a misdemeanor of 6 the first degree. 7 (e) \$500, when the conviction is of a misdemeanor of 8 the second degree or a noncriminal violation. 9 (f) Any higher amount equal to double the pecuniary gain derived from the offense by the offender or double the 10 pecuniary loss suffered by the victim. 11 12 (g) Any higher amount specifically authorized by 13 statute. 14 15 Fines imposed in this subsection shall be deposited by the 16 clerk of the court in the fine and forfeiture fund established 17 pursuant to s. 142.01. If a defendant is unable to pay a fine, the court may defer payment of the fine to a date certain. 18 19 (2) (2) (a) In addition to the fines set forth in 20 subsection (1), court costs shall be assessed and collected in 21 each instance a defendant pleads nolo contendere to, or is convicted of, or adjudicated delinquent for, a felony, a 22 23 misdemeanor, or a criminal traffic offense under state law, or a violation of any municipal or county ordinance if the 24 25 violation constitutes a misdemeanor under state law. The court 26 costs imposed by this section shall be \$50 for a felony and 27 \$20 for any other offense and shall be deposited by the clerk of the court into an appropriate county account for 28 29 disbursement for the purposes provided in this subsection. A county shall account for the funds separately from other 30 31 county funds as crime prevention funds. The county, in 170

consultation with the sheriff, must expend such funds for 1 2 crime prevention programs in the county, including safe 3 neighborhood programs under ss. 163.501-163.523. A county may 4 adopt an ordinance imposing, in addition to any other fine, 5 penalty, or cost imposed by subsection (1) or any other 6 provision of law, a fine upon any person who, with respect to 7 a charge, indictment, or prosecution commenced in that county, 8 pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, or is convicted of or 9 adjudicated delinquent for, a felony, a misdemeanor, or a criminal traffic offense under state law, or a violation of 10 any municipal or county ordinance if the violation constitutes 11 12 a misdemeanor under state law. (b) The fine is \$50 for a felony and \$20 for any other 13 14 offense. When the defendant enters the plea or is convicted or adjudicated, in a court in that county, the court may order 15 the defendant to pay such fine if the court finds that the 16 defendant has the ability to pay the fine and that the 17 defendant would not be prevented thereby from being 18 19 rehabilitated or making restitution. 20 (c) The clerk of the court shall collect and deposit 21 the fines in an appropriate county account for disbursement for the purposes provided in this subsection. 22 23 (d) A county that imposes the additional fines authorized under this subsection shall account for the fines 24 separately from other county funds, as crime prevention 25 26 funds. The county, in consultation with the sheriff, must expend such fines for the costs of collecting the fines and 27 for crime prevention programs in the county, including safe 28 29 neighborhood programs under ss. 163.501-163.523. 30 (3) The purpose of this section is to provide uniform penalty authorization for criminal offenses and, to this end, 31 171 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

a reference to this section constitutes a general reference 1 under the doctrine of incorporation by reference. 2 3 Section 116. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (6) of 4 section 796.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 796.07 Prohibiting prostitution, etc.; evidence; 6 penalties; definitions.--7 (6) A person who violates paragraph (2)(f) shall be 8 assessed a civil penalty of \$500 if the violation results in 9 any judicial disposition other than acquittal or dismissal. The proceeds from penalties assessed under this subsection 10 shall be paid to the circuit court courts administrator for 11 12 the sole purpose of paying the administrative costs of mandatory treatment-based drug court programs provided under 13 14 s. 397.334. 15 Section 117. Effective July 1, 2004, section 914.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 914.11 Indigent defendants.--If a court decides, on the basis of an affidavit, that a defendant in a criminal case 18 19 is indigent pursuant to s. 27.52 and presently unable to pay 20 the cost of procuring the attendance of witnesses, the defendant may seek a deferral of these costs; however, the 21 22 such defendant may subpoena the witnesses, and the costs, 23 including the cost of the defendant's copy of all depositions and transcripts which are certified by the defendant's 24 attorney as serving a useful purpose in the disposition of the 25 26 case, shall be paid by the state county. When depositions are 27 taken outside the circuit in which the case is pending, travel expenses shall be paid by the state county in accordance with 28 29 s. 112.061 and shall also be taxed as costs payable to the 30 state. 31 172

Section 118. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (a) of 1 2 subsection (2) of section 916.107, Florida Statutes, is 3 amended to read: 4 916.107 Rights of forensic clients.--5 (2) RIGHT TO TREATMENT.--6 (a) The policy of the state is that the department 7 shall not deny treatment or training to any client and that no 8 services shall be delayed at a facility because the forensic 9 client is indigent pursuant to s. 27.52 and presently unable 10 to pay. However, every reasonable effort to collect appropriate reimbursement for the cost of providing services 11 12 to clients able to pay for the services, including reimbursement from insurance or other third-party payments, 13 14 shall be made by facilities providing services pursuant to 15 this chapter and in accordance with the provisions of s. 16 402.33. 17 Section 119. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (3) of section 916.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 916.15 Involuntary commitment of defendant adjudicated 20 not guilty by reason of insanity .--21 (3) In all proceedings under this subsection, both the 22 defendant and the state shall have the right to a hearing 23 before the committing court. Evidence at such hearing may be presented by the hospital administrator or the administrator's 24 designee as well as by the state and the defendant. The 25 26 defendant shall have the right to counsel at any such hearing. 27 In the event that a defendant is determined to be indigent pursuant to s. 27.52 cannot afford counsel, the court shall 28 29 appoint the public defender shall to represent the defendant. The parties shall have access to the defendant's records at 30 the treating facilities and may interview or depose personnel 31 173

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who have had contact with the defendant at the treating 1 2 facilities. 3 Section 120. Section 938.01, Florida Statutes, as 4 amended by section 77 of chapter 2002-402, Laws of Florida, is 5 amended to read: 6 938.01 Additional Court Cost Clearing Trust Fund .--7 (1) All courts created by Art. V of the State 8 Constitution shall, in addition to any fine or other penalty, 9 require assess \$3 as a court cost against every person convicted for violation of a state penal or criminal statute 10 or convicted for violation of a municipal or county ordinance 11 12 to pay \$3 as a court cost. Any person whose adjudication is withheld pursuant to the provisions of s. 318.14(9) or (10) 13 14 shall also be liable for payment of be assessed such cost. In 15 addition, \$3 from every bond estreature or forfeited bail bond 16 related to such penal statutes or penal ordinances shall be 17 remitted to the Department of Revenue as described in this subsection. However, no such assessment may be made against 18 19 any person convicted for violation of any state statute, municipal ordinance, or county ordinance relating to the 20 parking of vehicles. 21 22 (a) All costs collected by the courts pursuant to this 23 subsection shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the executive 24 director of the Department of Revenue for deposit in the 25 26 Additional Court Cost Clearing Trust Fund. These funds and the 27 funds deposited in the Additional Court Cost Clearing Trust Fund pursuant to s. 318.21(2)(c) shall be distributed as 28 29 follows: 30 31 174 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1. Ninety-two percent to the Department of Law 1 2 Enforcement Criminal Justice Standards and Training Trust 3 Fund. 4 2. Six and three-tenths percent to the Department of 5 Law Enforcement Operating Trust Fund for the Criminal Justice 6 Grant Program. 7 3. One and seven-tenths percent to the Department of 8 Children and Family Services Domestic Violence Trust Fund for 9 the domestic violence program pursuant to s. 39.903(3). (b) The funds deposited in the Department of Law 10 Enforcement Criminal Justice Standards and Training Trust 11 12 Fund, the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust Fund, and the Department of Children and Family Services Domestic 13 14 Violence Trust Fund may be invested. Any interest earned from 15 investing such funds and any unencumbered funds remaining at 16 the end of the budget cycle shall remain in the respective 17 trust fund. 18 (c) All funds in the Department of Law Enforcement 19 Criminal Justice Standards and Training Trust Fund shall be disbursed only in compliance with s. 943.25(9). 20 21 (2) Except as provided by s. 938.15 and 22 notwithstanding any other provision of law, no funds collected 23 and deposited pursuant to this section or s. 943.25 shall be 24 expended unless specifically appropriated by the Legislature. 25 Section 121. Section 938.03, Florida Statutes, is 26 amended to read: 938.03 Crimes Compensation Trust Fund .--27 28 (1) When Any person pleading pleads guilty or nolo 29 contendere to, or being is convicted of or adjudicated 30 delinquent for, any felony, misdemeanor, delinquent act, or criminal traffic offense under the laws of this state or the 31 175 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

violation of any municipal or county ordinance which adopts by 1 reference any misdemeanor under state law, there shall pay be 2 3 imposed as an additional cost in the case, in addition and 4 prior to any other cost required to be imposed by law, the sum 5 of \$50. Any person whose adjudication is withheld shall also 6 be assessed such cost. 7 (2) These costs shall not be are considered assessed 8 unless specifically waived by the court. If the court does not 9 order these costs, it shall state on the record, in detail, the reasons therefor. 10 (3) In the event that the individual has been ordered 11 12 to pay restitution in accordance with s. 775.089, costs referenced in this section shall be included in a judgment. 13 14 (4) The clerk of the court shall collect and forward \$49 of each \$50 collected to the Department of Revenue, to be 15 deposited in the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund. The clerk 16 17 shall retain the remaining \$1 of each \$50 collected as an additional cost by a service charge of the clerk's office. 18 19 Under no condition shall a political subdivision be held liable for the payment of this sum of \$50. 20 21 Section 122. Effective July 1, 2004, section 938.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 22 23 938.05 Additional court costs for felonies, misdemeanors, and criminal traffic offenses Local Government 24 Criminal Justice Trust Fund .--25 26 (1) When Any person pleading pleads nolo contendere to a misdemeanor or criminal traffic offense under s. 27 318.14(10)(a) or pleading pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, 28 29 or being is found guilty of, any felony, misdemeanor, or criminal traffic offense under the laws of this state or the 30 violation of any municipal or county ordinance which adopts by 31 176 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

reference any misdemeanor under state law, there shall pay be 1 imposed as a cost in the case, in addition to any other cost 2 3 required to be imposed by law, a sum in accordance with the 4 following schedule: 5 (a) Felonies.....\$200 6 (b) Misdemeanors.....\$50 7 (c) Criminal traffic offenses.....\$50 8 (2) Payment of the additional court costs provided for 9 in subsection (1) shall be made part of any plea agreement reached by the prosecuting attorney and defense counsel or the 10 criminal defendant where the plea agreement provides for the 11 12 defendant to plead guilty or nolo contendere to any felony, misdemeanor, or criminal traffic offense under the laws of 13 14 this state or any municipal or county ordinance which adopts 15 by reference any misdemeanor under state law. (3) The clerk of the court shall collect such 16 17 additional costs for deposit in the fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01 and shall notify the agency 18 19 supervising a person upon whom costs have been imposed upon full payment of fees. The clerk shall deposit all but \$3 for 20 each misdemeanor or criminal traffic case and all but \$5 for 21 22 each felony case in a special trust fund of the county. Such 23 funds shall be used exclusively for those purposes set forth in s. 27.3455(3). The clerk shall retain \$3 for each 24 25 misdemeanor or criminal traffic case and \$5 for each felony 26 case of each scheduled amount collected as a service charge of 27 the clerk's office. A political subdivision shall not be held liable for the payment of the additional costs imposed by this 28 29 section. 30 Section 123. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (1) of section 938.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31 177 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	938.06 Additional cost for crime stoppers programs
2	(1) In addition to any fine prescribed by law for any
3	criminal offense, there is hereby assessed as a court cost an
4	additional surcharge of \$20 on such fine, which shall be
5	imposed by all county and circuit courts and collected by the
б	clerks of the courts together with such fine. No political
7	subdivision shall be held liable for payment of costs under
8	this section.
9	Section 124. Effective July 1, 2004, section 938.19,
10	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
11	938.19 Teen courts ; operation and
12	administrationCounties are hereby authorized to fund teen
13	<u>courts.Notwithstanding s. 318.121, in each county in which a</u>
14	teen court has been created, a county may adopt a mandatory
15	cost to be assessed in specific cases as provided for in
16	subsection (1) by incorporating by reference the provisions of
17	this section in a county ordinance. Assessments collected by
18	the clerk of the circuit court pursuant to this section shall
19	be deposited into an account specifically for the operation
20	and administration of the teen court:
21	(1) A sum of \$3, which shall be assessed as a court
22	cost by both the circuit court and the county court in the
23	county against every person who pleads guilty or nolo
24	contendere to, or is convicted of, regardless of adjudication,
25	a violation of a state criminal statute or a municipal
26	ordinance or county ordinance or who pays a fine or civil
27	penalty for any violation of chapter 316. Any person whose
28	adjudication is withheld pursuant to the provisions of s.
29	318.14(9) or (10) shall also be assessed such cost. The \$3
30	assessment for court costs shall be assessed in addition to
31	any fine, civil penalty, or other court cost and shall not be
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1	deducted from the proceeds of that portion of any fine or
2	civil penalty which is received by a municipality in the
3	county or by the county in accordance with ss. 316.660 and
4	318.21. The \$3 assessment shall specifically be added to any
5	civil penalty paid for a violation of chapter 316, whether
6	such penalty is paid by mail, paid in person without request
7	for a hearing, or paid after hearing and determination by the
8	court. However, the \$3 assessment shall not be made against a
9	person for a violation of any state statutes, county
10	ordinance, or municipal ordinance relating to the parking of
11	vehicles, with the exception of a violation of the handicapped
12	parking laws. The clerk of the circuit court shall collect the
13	respective \$3 assessments for court costs established in this
14	subsection and shall remit the same to the teen court monthly,
15	less 5 percent, which is to be retained as fee income of the
16	office of the clerk of the circuit court.
17	(2) Such other moneys as become available for
18	establishing and operating teen courts under the provisions of
19	Florida law.
20	Section 125. Section 938.27, Florida Statutes, is
21	amended to read:
22	938.27 Judgment for costs on conviction
23	(1) In all criminal cases, convicted persons are
24	liable for payment of the documented costs of prosecution,
25	including investigative costs incurred by law enforcement
26	agencies, by fire departments for arson investigations, and by
27	investigations of the Division of Financial Investigations of
28	the Department of Financial Services or the Office of
29	Financial Regulation of the Financial Services Commission
30	Banking and Finance, if requested and documented by such
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agencies. These costs, shall be included and entered in the 1 2 judgment rendered against the convicted person. 3 (2) If the court does not enter costs, or orders only 4 partial costs under this section, it shall state on the record the reasons therefor. 5 6 (2)(3)(a) The court shall may require that the 7 defendant to pay the costs within a specified period or in 8 specified installments. (b) The end of such period or the last such 9 installment shall not be later than: 10 The end of the period of probation or community 11 1. 12 control, if probation or community control is ordered; 2. Five years after the end of the term of 13 14 imprisonment imposed, if the court does not order probation or 15 community control; or 3. Five years after the date of sentencing in any 16 17 other case. 18 19 However, in no event shall the obligation to pay any unpaid 20 amounts expire if not paid in full within the period specified 21 in this paragraph. (c) If not otherwise provided by the court under this 22 23 section, costs shall be paid immediately. (3) (4) If a defendant is placed on probation or 24 25 community control, payment of any costs ordered under this 26 section shall be a condition of such probation or community 27 control. The court may revoke probation or community control if the defendant fails to pay these costs comply with such 28 29 order. (5) The court, in determining whether to order costs 30 and the amount of such costs, shall consider the amount of the 31 180 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

costs incurred, the financial resources of the defendant, 1 the financial needs and earning ability of the defendant, and such 2 other factors which it deems appropriate. 3 4 (4) (4) (6) Any dispute as to the proper amount or type of 5 costs ordered shall be resolved by the court by the 6 preponderance of the evidence. The burden of demonstrating the 7 amount of costs incurred is on the state attorney. The burden of demonstrating the financial resources of the defendant and 8 9 the financial needs of the defendant is on the defendant. The burden of demonstrating such other matters as the court deems 10 appropriate is upon the party designated by the court as 11 12 justice requires. 13 (5) (7) Any default in payment of costs ordered may be 14 collected by any means authorized by law for enforcement of a 15 judgment. (6)(8) The court may order the clerk of the court 16 17 shall to collect and dispense cost payments in any case. 18 (7)(9) Investigative costs which are recovered shall 19 be returned to the appropriate investigative agency which incurred the expense. Costs shall include actual expenses 20 incurred in conducting the investigation and prosecution of 21 the criminal case; however, costs may also include the 22 23 salaries of permanent employees. Any investigative costs recovered on behalf of a state agency must be remitted to the 24 Department of Revenue for deposit in the agency operating 25 26 trust fund, and a report of the payment must be sent to the 27 agency. 28 (8) (10) Costs that are collected by the state attorney 29 under this section shall be deposited into the state attorney's grants and donations trust fund to be used during 30 the fiscal year in which the funds are collected, or in any 31 181 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

subsequent fiscal year, for actual expenses incurred in 1 2 investigating and prosecuting criminal cases, which may 3 include the salaries of permanent employees. 4 Section 126. Section 938.29, Florida Statutes, is 5 amended to read: 938.29 Legal assistance; lien for payment of 6 7 attorney's fees or costs. --8 (1)(a) A defendant The court having jurisdiction over 9 any defendant who has been determined to be guilty of a criminal act by a court or jury or through a plea of guilty or 10 nolo contendere and who has received the assistance of the 11 12 public defender's office, a special assistant public defender, 13 or a conflict attorney shall be liable for payment of assess 14 attorney's fees and costs. The court against the defendant at 15 the sentencing hearing and shall determine the appropriate amount of the obligation and method of payment. Such costs 16 17 shall may include, but not be limited to, the cost of 18 depositions; cost of transcripts of depositions, including the 19 cost of defendant's copy, which transcripts are certified by the defendant's attorney as having served a useful purpose in 20 the disposition of the case; investigative costs; witness 21 fees; the cost of psychiatric examinations; or other 22 23 reasonable costs specially incurred by the state and the clerk of court county for the defense of the defendant in criminal 24 prosecutions within the county. Costs shall not include 25 26 expenses inherent in providing a constitutionally guaranteed jury trial or expenditures in connection with the maintenance 27 and operation of government agencies that must be made by the 28 29 public irrespective of specific violations of law. Any costs assessed pursuant to this paragraph shall be reduced by any 30 amount assessed against a defendant pursuant to s. 938.05. 31

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(b) Upon entering a judgment of conviction, the trial 1 2 court shall order the defendant shall be liable to pay the 3 costs assessed by the court in full, or within a time certain 4 as set by the court, after the judgment of conviction becomes 5 final. 6 (c) After assessment of the application fee under s. 7 27.52(1)(c) and attorney's fees and costs, the court shall 8 order The defendant shall to pay the application fee under s. 9 27.52(2)(a) and attorney's fees and costs in full or in installments, at the time or times specified. The court may 10 order payment of the assessed application fee and attorney's 11 12 fees and costs as a condition of probation, of suspension of sentence, or of withholding the imposition of sentence. 13 14 Attorney's fees and costs collected under this section shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.All fees and costs 15 16 may be assessed under one judgment. 17 (2)(a) When payment of the application fee and attorney's fees and costs has been ordered by the court, There 18 19 is created in the name of the state county in which such assistance was rendered a lien, enforceable as hereinafter 20 provided, upon all the property, both real and personal, of 21 22 any person who: 1. Has received any assistance from any public 23 defender of the state, from any special assistant public 24 25 defender, or from any conflict attorney; or 26 2. Is a parent of an accused minor or an accused adult tax-dependent person who is being, or has been, represented by 27 28 any public defender of the state, by any special assistant 29 public defender, or by a conflict attorney. 30 31 183 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	Such lien constitutes a claim against the defendant-recipient
2	or parent and his or her estate, enforceable according to law $\overline{,}$
3	in an amount to be determined by the court in which such
4	assistance was rendered.
5	(b) Immediately after the issuance of an order for the
6	payment of the application fee and attorney's fees and costs,
7	A judgment showing the name and residence of the
8	defendant-recipient or parent shall be filed for record in the
9	office of the clerk of the circuit court in the county where
10	the defendant-recipient or parent resides and in each county
11	in which such defendant-recipient or parent then owns or later
12	acquires any property. Such judgments shall be enforced on
13	behalf of the state county by the clerk of the circuit court
14	board of county commissioners of the county in which
15	assistance was rendered.
16	(3) The clerk of the circuit court within the county
17	board of county commissioners of the county wherein the
18	defendant-recipient was tried or received the services of a
19	public defender, special assistant public defender, or
20	appointed private legal counsel shall enforce, satisfy,
21	compromise, settle, subordinate, release, or otherwise dispose
22	of any debt or lien imposed under this section. A
23	defendant-recipient or parent, <u>liable</u> who has been ordered to
24	pay attorney's fees or costs and who is not in willful default
25	in the payment thereof, may, at any time, petition the court
26	which entered the order for <u>deferral</u> remission of the payment
27	of attorney's fees or costs or of any unpaid portion
28	thereof. If it appears to the satisfaction of the court that
29	payment of the amount due will impose manifest hardship on
30	such person or his or her immediate family, the court may
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remit all or part of the amount due in attorney's fees or 1 costs or may modify the method of payment. 2 3 (4) The clerk board of county commissioners of the 4 county claiming such lien is authorized to contract with a 5 private attorney or collection agency for collection of such 6 debts or liens, provided the fee for such collection shall be 7 on a contingent basis not to exceed 50 percent of the 8 recovery. However, no fee shall be paid to any collection 9 agency by reason of foreclosure proceedings against real property or from the proceeds from the sale or other 10 disposition of real property. 11 12 (5) No lien thus created shall be foreclosed upon the homestead of such defendant-recipient or parent, nor shall any 13 14 defendant-recipient or parent liable for payment of who is 15 ordered to pay attorney's fees or costs be denied any of the protections afforded any other civil judgment debtor. 16 17 (6) The court having jurisdiction of the 18 defendant-recipient shall may, at such stage of the 19 proceedings as the court may deem appropriate, determine the value of the services of the public defender, special 20 assistant public defender, or appointed private legal counsel 21 and costs, at which time the defendant-recipient or parent, 22 23 after adequate notice thereof, shall have opportunity to be heard and offer objection to the determination, and to be 24 represented by counsel, with due opportunity to exercise and 25 26 be accorded the procedures and rights provided in the laws and 27 court rules pertaining to civil cases at law. 28 Section 127. Section 938.30, Florida Statutes, is 29 amended to read: 938.30 Court-imposed Financial obligations in criminal 30 31 cases; supplementary proceedings .--185 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(1) Any person <u>liable for payment of</u> who has been
 ordered to pay any financial obligation in any criminal case
 is subject to the provisions of this section. Courts operating
 under the provisions of this section shall have jurisdiction
 over such court-imposed financial obligations to ensure
 compliance.

7 (2) The court may require a person liable for payment 8 of ordered to pay an obligation to appear and be examined 9 under oath concerning the person's financial ability to pay 10 the obligation. The court may reduce a person's court-ordered financial obligation based on the court's determination of the 11 12 person's ability to pay the obligation. The judge may convert the statutory financial court-ordered obligation into to pay 13 14 court costs to a court-ordered obligation to perform community 15 service after examining a person under oath and determining a person's inability to pay. Any person failing to attend a 16 17 hearing may be arrested on warrant or capias which may be issued by the clerk upon order of the court. 18

19 (3) The order requiring the person's appearance shall 20 be served a reasonable time before the date of the examination 21 in the manner provided for service of summons, as provided for 22 service of papers under rules of civil procedure, or by actual 23 notice.

Testimony may be taken regarding any subject 24 (4) relevant to the financial interests of the person tending to 25 26 aid in satisfying the obligation. Other witnesses who may have 27 information relevant to the issue of the person's ability or lack of ability to pay the obligation may be examined. 28 29 Documents and other exhibits may also be produced as evidence. 30 31 186

1 (5) The court may order that any nonexempt property of 2 the person which is in the hands of another be applied toward 3 satisfying the obligation. 4 (6) If judgment has not been previously entered on any court-imposed financial obligation, the court may enter 5 6 judgment thereon and issue any writ necessary to enforce the 7 judgment in the manner allowed in civil cases. Any judgment 8 issued under this section constitutes a civil lien against the 9 judgment debtor's presently owned or after-acquired property, when recorded pursuant to s. 55.10. Supplementary proceedings 10 undertaken by any governmental entity to satisfy a judgment 11 12 imposed pursuant to this section may proceed without bond. (7) Provisions of the Uniform Fraudulent Transfer Act 13 14 apply to collection matters under this section and may be used 15 to collect any court-imposed financial obligation subject to 16 this section. 17 (8) In lieu of examining the person, or in addition 18 thereto, the court may order the person to comply with a 19 payment schedule to satisfy the obligation. 20 (9) Any person failing to appear or willfully failing to comply with an order under this section, including an order 21 to comply with a payment schedule established by the clerk of 22 23 court, may be held in civil contempt. (10) Administrative costs incurred in enforcing 24 25 compliance under this section shall be paid by may be assessed 26 against the person. Such costs may include postage, copying, docketing fees, service fees, court reporter's fees, and 27 reimbursements for the costs of processing bench warrants and 28 29 pickup orders. Reasonable attorney's fees may be assessed at the court's discretion. Judges may assess such administrative 30 costs and attorney's fees against the person as the court 31 187 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

deems necessary to offset such fees and costs incurred under 1 this section. 2 3 (11) The court may refer any proceeding under this 4 section to a special master who shall report findings and make 5 recommendations to the court. The court shall act on such 6 recommendations within a reasonable amount of time. 7 (12) A record of court-imposed financial obligations 8 collected by the clerk of court under the provisions of this 9 section shall be reported quarterly by the clerk of court to 10 the chief judge of the judicial circuit. (13) Court-imposed financial obligations arising from 11 12 criminal cases which are past due, and which have been reduced to judgment by the court, may be referred by the county 13 commission to a collection agent who is registered and in good 14 15 standing pursuant to chapter 559 or a private attorney. Such referrals must be made in accordance with established bid 16 17 practices. (12)(14) The provisions of this section may be used in 18 19 addition to, or in lieu of, other provisions of law for enforcing payment of court-imposed financial obligations in 20 criminal cases. The court may enter any orders necessary to 21 22 carry out the purposes of this section. 23 Section 128. Section 938.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 25 938.35 Collection of court-related financial 26 obligations .-- The board of county commissioners may pursue the collection of any fines, court costs, or other costs to which 27 it is entitled which remain unpaid for 90 days or more, or 28 29 refer such collection to a private attorney who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar or collection agent who is 30 registered and in good standing pursuant to chapter 559. In 31 188

pursuing the collection of such unpaid financial obligations 1 2 through a private attorney or collection agent, the board of 3 county commissioners must determine this is cost-effective and 4 follow applicable procurement practices. Any provision of law 5 notwithstanding, a county may pursue the collection of any fines, court costs, or other costs imposed by the court which 6 7 remain unpaid for 90 days or more, or refer such collection to a private attorney who is a member in good standing of The 8 9 Florida Bar or collection agent who is registered and in good 10 standing pursuant to chapter 559. In pursuing the collection of such unpaid financial obligations through a private 11 12 attorney or collection agent, the governing body of the county must determine that such collection is cost-effective and the 13 14 county must follow applicable procurement practices. The costs 15 of collection, including a reasonable attorney's fee, may be recovered, except that such fees and costs of collection may 16 17 not exceed 40 percent of the total fines and costs owed. Section 129. Effective July 1, 2004, section 939.06, 18 19 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 939.06 Acquitted defendant not liable for costs.--No 20 defendant in a criminal prosecution who is acquitted or 21 discharged shall be liable for any costs or fees of the court 22 23 or any ministerial office, or for any charge of subsistence while detained in custody. If the defendant shall have paid 24 any taxable costs in the case, the clerk or judge shall give 25 26 him or her a certificate of the payment of such costs, with the items thereof, which, when audited and approved according 27 to law, shall be refunded to the defendant by the county. 28 29 Section 130. Effective July 1, 2004, section 939.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 30 (Substantial rewording of section. See 31 189

1	s. 939.08, F.S., for present text.)
2	939.08 Costs to be certified before auditIn all
3	cases wherein is claimed the payment of applicable bills of
4	costs, fees, or expenses of the state courts system as
5	provided in s. 29.004, other than juror and witness fees, in
6	the adjudication of any case payable by the state, the trial
7	court administrator shall review the itemized bill. The bill
8	shall not be paid until the trial court administrator has
9	approved it and certified that it is just, correct, and
10	reasonable and contains no unnecessary or illegal item.
11	Section 131. Effective July 1, 2004, section 939.12,
12	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
13	939.12 Cost against state in Supreme CourtThe clerk
14	of the Supreme Court shall give, upon application, a certified
15	copy of any judgment against the state upon appeal in criminal
16	cases, and the <u>state</u> county commissioners of the county from
17	the court of which such appeal was taken shall pay the same to
18	the appellant, or the appellant's agent or attorney, on
19	demand.
20	Section 132. For the purpose of incorporating the
21	amendments made by this act to sections 27.51 and 27.53,
22	Florida Statutes, in references thereto, effective July 1,
23	2004, section 943.053, Florida Statutes, as otherwise amended
24	is reenacted to read:
25	943.053 Dissemination of criminal justice information;
26	fees
27	(1) The Department of Law Enforcement shall
28	disseminate criminal justice information only in accordance
29	with federal and state laws, regulations, and rules.
30	(2) Criminal justice information derived from federal
31	criminal justice information systems or criminal justice
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information systems of other states shall not be disseminated 1 2 in a manner inconsistent with the laws, regulations, or rules 3 of the originating agency. 4 (3) Criminal history information, including 5 information relating to minors, compiled by the Criminal 6 Justice Information Program from intrastate sources shall be 7 available on a priority basis to criminal justice agencies for 8 criminal justice purposes free of charge and, otherwise, to 9 governmental agencies not qualified as criminal justice agencies on an approximate-cost basis. After providing the 10 program with all known identifying information, persons in the 11 12 private sector may be provided criminal history information upon tender of fees as established and in the manner 13 14 prescribed by rule of the Department of Law Enforcement. Such 15 fees shall approximate the actual cost of producing the record information. As used in this subsection, the department's 16 determination of actual cost shall take into account the total 17 cost of creating, storing, maintaining, updating, retrieving, 18 19 improving, and providing criminal history information in a centralized, automated database, including personnel, 20 technology, and infrastructure expenses. Actual cost shall be 21 22 computed on a fee-per-record basis, and any access to criminal 23 history information by the private sector as provided in this subsection shall be assessed the per-record fee without regard 24 to the quantity or category of criminal history record 25 26 information requested. Fees may be waived by the executive 27 director of the Department of Law Enforcement for good cause 28 shown. 29 (4) Criminal justice information provided by the Department of Law Enforcement shall be used only for the 30

31 purpose stated in the request.

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(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 1 2 department shall provide to the Florida Department of Revenue 3 Child Support Enforcement access to Florida criminal records 4 which are not exempt from disclosure under chapter 119, and to 5 such information as may be lawfully available from other 6 states via the National Law Enforcement Telecommunications 7 System, for the purpose of locating subjects who owe or 8 potentially owe support, as defined in s. 409.2554, or to whom 9 such obligation is owed pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act. Such information may be provided to child 10 support enforcement authorities in other states for these 11 12 specific purposes. 13 (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 14 department shall provide to each office of the public defender 15 on-line access to criminal records of this state which are not exempt from disclosure under chapter 119 or confidential under 16 17 law. Such access shall be used solely in support of the duties of a public defender as provided in s. 27.51 or of any 18 19 attorney specially assigned as authorized in s. 27.53 in the representation of any person who is determined indigent as 20 provided in s. 27.52. The costs of establishing and 21 maintaining such on-line access shall be borne by the office 22 23 to which the access has been provided. (7) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 943.0525, and 24 any user agreements adopted pursuant thereto, and 25 26 notwithstanding the confidentiality of sealed records as provided for in s. 943.059, the sheriff of any county that has 27 contracted with a private entity to operate a county detention 28 29 facility pursuant to the provisions of s. 951.062 shall provide that private entity, in a timely manner, copies of the 30

Florida criminal history records for its inmates. The sheriff

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may assess a charge for the Florida criminal history records 1 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 119. Sealed records 2 3 received by the private entity under this section remain 4 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). 5 (8) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 943.0525, and 6 any user agreements adopted pursuant thereto, and 7 notwithstanding the confidentiality of sealed records as 8 provided for in s. 943.059, the Department of Corrections 9 shall provide, in a timely manner, copies of the Florida criminal history records for inmates housed in a private state 10 correctional facility to the private entity under contract to 11 12 operate the facility pursuant to the provisions of s. 944.105 or s. 957.03. The department may assess a charge for the 13 14 Florida criminal history records pursuant to the provisions of 15 chapter 119. Sealed records received by the private entity under this section remain confidential and exempt from the 16 17 provisions of s. 119.07(1). (9) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 943.0525 and 18 19 any user agreements adopted pursuant thereto, and notwithstanding the confidentiality of sealed records as 20 provided for in s. 943.059, the Department of Juvenile Justice 21 or any other state or local criminal justice agency may 22 provide copies of the Florida criminal history records for 23 juvenile offenders currently or formerly detained or housed in 24 a contracted juvenile assessment center or detention facility 25 26 or serviced in a contracted treatment program and for 27 employees or other individuals who will have access to these facilities, only to the entity under direct contract with the 28 29 Department of Juvenile Justice to operate these facilities or programs pursuant to the provisions of s. 985.411. The 30 criminal justice agency providing such data may assess a 31 193

charge for the Florida criminal history records pursuant to 1 the provisions of chapter 119. Sealed records received by the 2 3 private entity under this section remain confidential and 4 exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). Information 5 provided under this section shall be used only for the criminal justice purpose for which it was requested and may б 7 not be further disseminated. Section 133. Effective July 1, 2004, section 947.18, 8 9 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 947.18 Conditions of parole.--No person shall be 10 placed on parole merely as a reward for good conduct or 11 12 efficient performance of duties assigned in prison. No person shall be placed on parole until and unless the commission 13 14 finds that there is reasonable probability that, if the person 15 is placed on parole, he or she will live and conduct himself or herself as a respectable and law-abiding person and that 16 17 the person's release will be compatible with his or her own welfare and the welfare of society. No person shall be placed 18 19 on parole unless and until the commission is satisfied that he or she will be suitably employed in self-sustaining employment 20 or that he or she will not become a public charge. The 21 22 commission shall determine the terms upon which such person 23 shall be granted parole. If the person's conviction was for a controlled substance violation, one of the conditions must be 24 that the person submit to random substance abuse testing 25 26 intermittently throughout the term of supervision, upon the direction of the correctional probation officer as defined in 27 s. 943.10(3). In addition to any other lawful condition of 28 29 parole, the commission may make the payment of the debt due and owing to the state under s. 960.17 or the payment of the 30 attorney's fees and costs due and owing to the state a county 31

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under s. 938.29 a condition of parole subject to modification 1 based on change of circumstances. 2 3 Section 134. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (i) of 4 subsection (1) of section 948.03, Florida Statutes, is amended 5 to read: 948.03 Terms and conditions of probation or community б 7 control.--8 (1) The court shall determine the terms and conditions 9 of probation or community control. Conditions specified in 10 paragraphs (a)-(m) do not require oral pronouncement at the time of sentencing and may be considered standard conditions 11 12 of probation. Conditions specified in paragraphs (a)-(m) and (2)(a) do not require oral pronouncement at sentencing and may 13 14 be considered standard conditions of community control. These 15 conditions may include among them the following, that the probationer or offender in community control shall: 16 17 (i) Pay any application fee assessed under s. $27.52(2)(a)\frac{(1)(c)}{and}$ attorney's fees and costs assessed under 18 19 s. 938.29, subject to modification based on change of circumstances. 20 21 Section 135. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraphs (a) 22 and (1) of subsection (1) of section 960.001, Florida 23 Statutes, are amended to read: 960.001 Guidelines for fair treatment of victims and 24 witnesses in the criminal justice and juvenile justice 25 26 systems.--27 (1) The Department of Legal Affairs, the state attorneys, the Department of Corrections, the Department of 28 29 Juvenile Justice, the Parole Commission, the State Courts Administrator and circuit court administrators, the Department 30 of Law Enforcement, and every sheriff's department, police 31 195 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	department, or other law enforcement agency as defined in s.
2	943.10(4) shall develop and implement guidelines for the use
3	of their respective agencies, which guidelines are consistent
4	with the purposes of this act and s. 16(b), Art. I of the
5	State Constitution and are designed to implement the
6	provisions of s. 16(b), Art. I of the State Constitution and
7	to achieve the following objectives:
8	(a) Information concerning services available to
9	victims of adult and juvenile crimeWitness coordination
10	offices As provided in s. 27.0065, state attorneys and public
11	defenders 43.35 shall gather information regarding the
12	following services in the geographic boundaries of their
13	respective circuits and shall provide such information to each
14	law enforcement agency with jurisdiction within such
15	geographic boundaries. Law enforcement personnel shall ensure,
16	through distribution of a victim's rights information card or
17	brochure at the crime scene, during the criminal
18	investigation, and in any other appropriate manner, that
19	victims are given, as a matter of course at the earliest
20	possible time, information about:
21	1. The availability of crime victim compensation, when
22	applicable;
23	2. Crisis intervention services, supportive or
24	bereavement counseling, social service support referrals, and
25	community-based victim treatment programs;
26	3. The role of the victim in the criminal or juvenile
27	justice process, including what the victim may expect from the
28	system as well as what the system expects from the victim;
29	4. The stages in the criminal or juvenile justice
30	process which are of significance to the victim and the manner
31	in which information about such stages can be obtained;
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1	5. The right of a victim, who is not incarcerated,	
2	including the victim's parent or guardian if the victim is a	
3	minor, the lawful representative of the victim or of the	
4	victim's parent or guardian if the victim is a minor, and the	
5	next of kin of a homicide victim, to be informed, to be	
6	present, and to be heard when relevant, at all crucial stages	
7	of a criminal or juvenile proceeding, to the extent that this	
8	right does not interfere with constitutional rights of the	
9	accused, as provided by s. 16(b), Art. I of the State	
10	Constitution;	
11	6. In the case of incarcerated victims, the right to	
12	be informed and to submit written statements at all crucial	
13	stages of the criminal proceedings, parole proceedings, or	
14	juvenile proceedings; and	
15	7. The right of a victim to a prompt and timely	
16	disposition of the case in order to minimize the period during	
17	which the victim must endure the responsibilities and stress	
18	involved to the extent that this right does not interfere with	
19	the constitutional rights of the accused.	
20	(1) Local witness <u>coordination services</u> coordinating	
21	officeThe requirements for notification provided for in	
22	paragraphs (b), (d), (f), and (i) may be performed by the	
23	state attorney or public defender as provided in local witness	
24	coordinating office established by s. <u>27.0065</u> 43.35 , as	
25	appropriate.	
26	Section 136. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (a) of	
27	subsection (1) of section 984.08, Florida Statutes, is amended	
28	to read:	
29	984.08 Attorney's fees	
30		
31		
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(1) The court may appoint an attorney to represent a 1 2 parent or legal guardian under this chapter only upon a 3 finding that the parent or legal guardian is indigent. 4 (a) The finding of indigence indigency of any parent 5 or legal guardian may be made by the court at any stage of the 6 proceedings. Any parent or legal guardian claiming indigence 7 indigency shall file with the court an affidavit containing 8 the factual information required in paragraphs (c) and (d). 9 Section 137. Effective July 1, 2004, subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 985.203, Florida Statutes, are amended 10 to read: 11 12 985.203 Right to counsel. --(1) A child is entitled to representation by legal 13 14 counsel at all stages of any proceedings under this part. If 15 the child and the parents or other legal guardian are indigent 16 and unable to employ counsel for the child, the court shall 17 appoint counsel pursuant to s. 27.52. Determination of indigence indigency and costs of representation shall be as 18 19 provided by ss. 27.52 and 938.29. Legal counsel representing a child who exercises the right to counsel shall be allowed to 20 provide advice and counsel to the child at any time subsequent 21 to the child's arrest, including prior to a detention hearing 22 23 while in secure detention care. A child shall be represented by legal counsel at all stages of all court proceedings unless 24 the right to counsel is freely, knowingly, and intelligently 25 26 waived by the child. If the child appears without counsel, the court shall advise the child of his or her rights with respect 27 to representation of court-appointed counsel. 28 29 (2) If the parents or legal guardian of an indigent child are not indigent but refuse to employ counsel, the court 30 shall appoint counsel pursuant to s. $27.52(3)\frac{(2)}{(2)}(d)$ to 31 198 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	represent the child at the detention hearing and until counsel
2	is provided. Costs of representation <u>are hereby imposed</u> shall
3	be assessed as provided by ss. $27.52(3)(2)(d)$ and 938.29.
4	Thereafter, the court shall not appoint counsel for an
5	indigent child with nonindigent parents or legal guardian but
6	shall order the parents or legal guardian to obtain private
7	counsel. A parent or legal guardian of an indigent child who
8	has been ordered to obtain private counsel for the child and
9	who willfully fails to follow the court order shall be
10	punished by the court in civil contempt proceedings.
11	(3) An indigent child with nonindigent parents or
12	legal guardian may have counsel appointed pursuant to s.
13	27.52(2)(d) if the parents or legal guardian have willfully
14	refused to obey the court order to obtain counsel for the
15	child and have been punished by civil contempt and then still
16	have willfully refused to obey the court order. Costs of
17	representation <u>are hereby imposed</u> shall be assessed as
18	provided by ss. 27.52(2)(d) and 938.29.
19	Section 138. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (b) of
20	subsection (6) of section 985.215, Florida Statutes, is
21	amended to read:
22	985.215 Detention
23	(6)
24	(b) At the time of the detention hearing, the
25	department shall report to the court, verbally or in writing,
26	any available information concerning the ability of the parent
27	or guardian of the child to pay such fee. If the court makes a
28	finding of <u>indigence</u> indigency, the parent or guardian shall
29	pay to the department a nominal subsistence fee of \$2 per day
30	that the child is securely detained outside the home or \$1 per
31	day if the child is otherwise detained in lieu of other fees
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related to the parent's obligation for the child's cost of 1 care. The nominal subsistence fee may only be waived or 2 reduced if the court makes a finding that such payment would 3 4 constitute a significant financial hardship. Such finding 5 shall be in writing and shall contain a detailed description of the facts that led the court to make both the finding of б 7 indigence indigency and the finding of significant financial 8 hardship. 9 Section 139. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (b) of 10 subsection (1) of section 985.231, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 12 985.231 Powers of disposition in delinquency cases .--13 (1)14 (b)1. When any child is adjudicated by the court to 15 have committed a delinquent act and temporary legal custody of 16 the child has been placed with a licensed child-caring agency 17 or the Department of Juvenile Justice, the court shall order the parents of such child to pay fees to the department in the 18 19 amount of \$5 per day that the child is under the care or supervision of the department in order to partially offset the 20 cost of the care, support, maintenance, and other usual and 21 22 ordinary obligations of parents to provide for the needs of 23 their children while in the recommended residential commitment level, unless the court makes a finding on the record that the 24 parent or guardian of the child is indigent. 25 26 No later than the disposition hearing, the 2. 27 department shall provide the court with information concerning the actual cost of care, support, and maintenance of the child 28 29 in the recommended residential commitment level and concerning the ability of the parent or guardian of the child to pay any 30 fees. If the court makes a finding of indigence indigency, the 31 200

parent or guardianship shall pay to the department a nominal 1 subsistence fee of \$2 per day that the child is committed 2 3 outside the home or \$1 per day if the child is otherwise 4 supervised in lieu of other fees related to the parents' 5 obligation for the child's cost of care. The nominal subsistence fee may only be waived or reduced if the court 6 7 makes a finding that such payment would constitute a significant financial hardship. Such finding shall be in 8 9 writing and shall contain a detailed description of the facts that led the court to make both the finding of indigence 10 indigency and the finding of significant financial hardship. 11 12 3. In addition, the court may reduce the fees or waive the fees as to each parent or guardian if the court makes a 13 14 finding on the record that the parent or guardian was the 15 victim of the delinquent act or violation of law for which the child is subject to placement under this section and that the 16 17 parent or quardian has cooperated in the investigation and prosecution of the offense. 18 19 4. All orders committing a child to a residential commitment program shall include specific findings as to what 20 fees are ordered, reduced, or waived. If the court fails to 21 22 enter an order as required by this paragraph, it shall be 23 presumed that the court intended the parent or guardian to pay fees to the department in an amount of \$5 per day related to 24 the care, support, and maintenance of the child. With regard 25 26 to a child who reaches the age of 18 prior to the disposition 27 hearing, the court may elect to direct an order required by this paragraph to such child, rather than the parent or 28 29 guardian. With regard to a child who reaches the age of 18 while in the custody of the department, the court may, upon 30 proper motion of any party, hold a hearing as to whether any 31

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1 party should be further obligated respecting the payment of 2 fees. When the order affects the guardianship estate, a 3 certified copy of the order shall be delivered to the judge 4 having jurisdiction of the guardianship estate.

5 5. The clerk of the circuit court shall act as a 6 depository for these fees. Upon each payment received, the 7 clerk of the circuit court shall receive a fee from the total 8 payment of 3 percent of any payment made except that no fee 9 shall be less than \$1 nor more than \$5 per payment made. This fee shall serve as a service charge for the administration, 10 management, and maintenance of each payment. At the end of 11 12 each month, the clerk of the circuit court shall send all money collected under this section to the state Grants and 13 14 Donations Trust Fund.

15 б. The parent or quardian shall provide to the department the parent or guardian's name, address, social 16 17 security number, state of birth, and driver's license number or identification card number and sufficient financial 18 19 information for the department to be able to determine the parent or guardian's ability to pay. If the parent or guardian 20 refuses to provide the department with any identifying 21 information or financial information, the court shall order 22 23 the parent to comply and may pursue contempt of court sanctions for failure to comply. 24

7. The department may employ a collection agency for the purpose of receiving, collecting, and managing the payment of unpaid and delinquent fees. The collection agency must be registered and in good standing under chapter 559. The department may pay to the collection agency a fee from the amount collected under the claim or may authorize the agency to deduct the fee from the amount collected. The department

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may also pay for collection services from available authorized 1 2 funds. 3 The department may enter into agreements with 8. 4 parents or guardians to establish a schedule of periodic 5 payments if payment of the obligation in full presents an 6 undue hardship. Any such agreement may provide for payment of 7 interests consistent with prevailing loan rates. 8 The Department of Juvenile Justice shall provide to 9. 9 the payor documentation of any amounts paid by the payor to the Department of Juvenile Justice on behalf of the child. All 10 payments received by the department pursuant to this 11 12 subsection shall be deposited in the state Grants and Donations Trust Fund. 13 14 10. Neither the court nor the department may extend 15 the child's length of stay in placement care solely for the 16 purpose of collecting fees. 17 Section 140. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 985.233, Florida Statutes, is 18 19 amended to read: 20 985.233 Sentencing powers; procedures; alternatives for juveniles prosecuted as adults. --21 (4) SENTENCING ALTERNATIVES.--22 23 (d) Recoupment of cost of care in juvenile justice facilities.--24 25 1. When the court orders commitment of a child to the 26 Department of Juvenile Justice for treatment in any of the 27 department's programs for children, the court shall order the parents of such child to pay fees in the amount of \$5 per day 28 29 that the child is under the care or supervision of the department in order to partially offset the cost of the care, 30 support, maintenance, and other usual and ordinary obligations 31 203 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. of parents to provide for the needs of their children, unless
 the court makes a finding on the record that the parent or
 legal guardian of the child is indigent.

4 2. Prior to commitment, the department shall provide 5 the court with information concerning the actual cost of care 6 in the recommended residential commitment level and concerning 7 the ability of the parent or guardian of the child to pay 8 specified fees. If the court makes a finding of indigence 9 indigency, the parent or guardian shall pay to the department a nominal subsistence fee of \$2 per day that the child is 10 committed outside the home or \$1 per day if the child is 11 12 otherwise supervised in lieu of other fees related to the parent's obligation for the child's cost of care. The nominal 13 14 subsistence fee may only be waived or reduced if the court 15 makes a finding that such payment would constitute a significant financial hardship. Such finding shall be in 16 17 writing and shall contain a detailed description of the facts that led the court to make both the finding of indigence 18 19 indigency and the finding of significant financial hardship. 20 In addition, the court may reduce the fees or waive 3. the fees as to each parent or guardian if the court makes a 21 finding on the record that the parent or guardian was the 22 23 victim of the delinquent act or violation of law for which the child is subject to commitment under this section and that the 24 parent or guardian has cooperated in the investigation and 25 26 prosecution of the offense. When the order affects the 27 guardianship estate, a certified copy of the order shall be delivered to the judge having jurisdiction of the guardianship 28

29 estate.

30 4. All orders committing a child to a residential31 commitment program shall include specific findings as to what

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fees are ordered, reduced, or waived. If the court fails to 1 enter an order as required by this paragraph, it shall be 2 3 presumed that the court intended the parent or guardian to pay 4 fees to the department in an amount of \$5 per day related to 5 the care, support, and maintenance of the child. With regard to a child who reaches the age of 18 prior to the disposition 6 7 hearing, the court may elect to direct an order required by 8 this paragraph to such child, rather than the parent or 9 guardian. With regard to a child who reaches the age of 18 10 while in the custody of the department, the court may, upon proper motion of any party, hold a hearing as to whether any 11 12 party should be further obligated respecting the payment of 13 fees.

14 5. The clerk of the circuit court shall act as a 15 depository for these fees. Upon each payment received, the clerk of the circuit court shall receive a fee from the total 16 17 payment of 3 percent of any payment made except that no fee shall be less than \$1 nor more than \$5 per payment made. This 18 19 fee shall serve as a service charge for the administration, management, and maintenance of each payment. At the end of 20 each month, the clerk of the circuit court shall send all 21 money collected under this section to the state Grants and 22 23 Donations Trust Fund.

The parent or guardian shall provide to the 24 6. department the parent or guardian's name, address, social 25 26 security number, date of birth, and driver's license number or identification card number and sufficient financial 27 information for the department to be able to determine the 28 parent or guardian's ability to pay. If the parent or guardian 29 refuses to provide the department with any identifying 30 information or financial information, the court shall order 31

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the parent to comply and may pursue contempt of court 1 sanctions for failure to comply. 2 3 7. The department may employ a collection agency for 4 the purpose of receiving, collecting, and managing the payment 5 of unpaid and delinquent fees. The collection agency must be registered and in good standing under chapter 559. The 6 7 department may pay to the collection agency a fee from the 8 amount collected under the claim or may authorize the agency 9 to deduct the fee from the amount collected. The department may also pay for collection services from available authorized 10 funds. The Department of Juvenile Justice shall provide to the 11 12 payor documentation of any amounts paid by the payor to the Department of Juvenile Justice on behalf of the child. All 13 14 payments received by the department pursuant to this 15 subsection shall be deposited in the state Grants and 16 Donations Trust Fund. 17 8. Neither the court nor the department may extend the child's length of stay in commitment care solely for the 18 19 purpose of collecting fees. 20 21 It is the intent of the Legislature that the criteria and 22 guidelines in this subsection are mandatory and that a 23 determination of disposition under this subsection is subject to the right of the child to appellate review under s. 24 985.234. 25 26 Section 141. The Department of Financial Services 27 shall undertake a review of the Florida Accounting Information Resource subsystem and Uniform Accounting System Manual in 28 29 accounting for state and county expenditures and revenues associated with Article V of the Florida Constitution. 30 Necessary revisions to account codes, account descriptions, 31 206 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	categories, and object codes shall be implemented prior to
2	July 1, 2004. In completing this review, the department shall
3	consult with clerks of court, county commissioners, judges,
4	state attorneys, and public defenders. The Auditor General
5	shall provide technical advice to the department in
6	undertaking this review.
7	Section 142. Effective July 1, 2003, the Chief
8	Financial Officer shall undertake a study to determine county
9	expenditures for court-related services for the county fiscal
10	year ended September 30, 2002. The Chief Financial Officer
11	shall provide the form and manner in which the clerks of
12	court, or the appropriate county officer in those counties
13	where the clerk of court is not the county's chief financial
14	officer, shall submit expenditure data and the timeframes
15	within which the data must be provided. The clerks of court,
16	state attorneys, public defenders, court administrators,
17	boards of county commissioners, and sheriffs shall assist the
18	Chief Financial Officer in the collection of the necessary
19	expenditure data. The Legislative Committee on
20	Intergovernmental Relations may also assist in gathering and
21	assessing the expenditure data and provide technical
22	assistance. The Auditor General shall provide technical advice
23	with respect to the collection and analysis of the expenditure
24	data.
25	(1) Expenditure data shall be reported to the Chief
26	Financial Officer at the transaction code level and, for
27	specific transaction codes specified by the Chief Financial
28	Officer, object/sub-object level, as set forth in the Uniform
29	Accounting System Manual developed by the Chief Financial
30	Officer pursuant to section 218.33, Florida Statutes.
31	Expenditure data provided for specific programs or purposes
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1	shall include identification of the specific account codes
2	within the Uniform Accounting System Manual in which the costs
3	were recorded. The clerks of the court, or the appropriate
4	county officer in those counties where the clerk of court is
5	not the county's chief financial officer, must reconcile the
6	expenditure data provided to the Chief Financial Officer with
7	the Annual Financial Report required by section 218.32,
8	Florida Statutes. The clerks of court must attest to the
9	accuracy of the expenditure data provided to the Chief
10	Financial Officer. State attorneys, public defenders, court
11	administrators, boards of county commissions chairpersons, and
12	sheriffs shall each attest to the accuracy of any expenditure
13	data they submit to the clerks.
14	(2) The Chief Financial Officer shall reimburse
15	individuals for travel costs incurred as a result of
16	participation in the collection and analysis of the
17	expenditure data from funds specifically appropriated for such
18	purpose.
19	(3) The Chief Financial Officer shall submit a report
20	to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of
21	Representatives no later than November 1, 2003, summarizing
22	the court-related cost information submitted by the clerks of
23	court.
24	(4) The sum of \$200,000 from the Insurance Regulatory
25	Trust Fund is appropriated to the Department of Financial
26	Services for state fiscal year 2003-2004 to support this
27	project.
28	Section 143. It is the intent of the Legislature to
29	implement Revision 7 to Article V of the Florida Constitution
30	in a way which recognizes the allocation of funding
31	responsibilities among the state, counties, and system users.
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The Legislature hereby declares that the provisions of this 1 2 act designed to achieve that allocation of responsibility 3 fulfills an important state interest. 4 Section 144. For the purpose of implementing Section 5 14, Article V of the State Constitution, the transfer of the 6 funding responsibility for the state courts system shall not 7 affect the validity of any judicial or administrative 8 proceeding pending on the day of the transfer. The entity 9 providing appropriations on and after July 1, 2004, shall be considered the successor in interest to any existing contracts 10 ratified by the successor entity, but is not responsible for 11 12 funding or payment of any service rendered or provided, in whole or in part, prior to July 1, 2004. 13 14 Section 145. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, 15 any judicial act may be taken or performed on any day of the 16 week, including Sundays and holidays. 17 Section 146. Notwithstanding section 938.19, Florida Statutes, to the contrary, any court may use surplus funds 18 19 provided for teen courts for juvenile drug courts. This 20 section expires July 1, 2004. 21 Section 147. Service charges and fees imposed by the governing authority of counties by ordinance and special law 22 pursuant to authority granted in sections 28.242-34.041, 23 Florida Statutes, prior to June 30, 2004, are repealed and 24 25 abolished effective July 1, 2004. 26 Section 148. Each clerk of the court shall submit to 27 the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 28 Representatives by November 1, 2003, a report identifying 29 court-related functions and associated costs for county fiscal 30 year 2003-2004. The report shall detail the methodologies used 31 209

to apportion costs between court-related and non-court-related 1 2 functions performed by the clerk. Section 149. By October 1, 2003, each clerk of the 3 court must notify the Clerk of Court Operations Conference 4 created pursuant to section 28.35, Florida Statutes, of the 5 6 entire schedule of court-related fees, service charges, and 7 costs that he or she elects to charge effective July 1, 2004, based on the statutory authorizations that are effective July 8 9 1, 2004. The Clerk of Court Operations Conference shall submit this information to the Legislature in a uniform format with 10 appropriate summaries and explanatory information no later 11 12 than November 1, 2003. 13 Section 150. Sections 25.402 and 34.201, Florida 14 Statutes, are repealed. 15 Section 151. Effective July 1, 2004, sections 27.005, 27.006, 27.271, 27.33, 27.3455, 27.36, 27.385, 27.605, 29.002, 16 17 29.003, 29.009, 29.011, 43.28, 50.071, 57.091, 218.325, 914.06, 925.035, 925.036, 925.037, 939.05, 939.07, 939.10, and 18 19 939.15, Florida Statutes, are repealed. 20 Section 152. If any law amended by this act was also amended by a law enacted at the 2003 Regular Session of the 21 Legislature, such laws shall be construed as if they had been 22 23 enacted at the same session of the Legislature, and full 24 effect shall be given to each if possible. 25 Section 153. Except as otherwise provided herein, this 26 act shall take effect July 1, 2003. 27 28 29 30 31 210 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.