	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)
	CHAMBER ACTION
	Senate House
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11	Representative Goodlette offered the following:
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13	Amendment (with title amendment)
14	Remove everything after the enacting clause
15	
16	and insert:
17	Section 1. Effective upon this act becoming a law,
18	subsections (1), (15), (29), (38), (39), (40), (41), and (42) of
19	section 440.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
20	440.02 DefinitionsWhen used in this chapter, unless the
21	context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms shall
22	have the following meanings:
23	(1) "Accident" means only an unexpected or unusual event
24	or result that happens suddenly. A mental or nervous injury due
25	to stress, fright, or excitement only, or Disability or death
26	due to the accidental acceleration or aggravation of a venereal
27	disease or of a disease due to the habitual use of alcohol or
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28 controlled substances or narcotic drugs, or a disease that 29 manifests itself in the fear of or dislike for an individual 30 because of the individual's race, color, religion, sex, national 31 origin, age, or handicap is not an injury by accident arising out of the employment. Subject to s. 440.15(5), if a preexisting 32 33 disease or anomaly is accelerated or aggravated by an accident 34 arising out of and in the course of employment, only 35 acceleration of death or acceleration or aggravation of the 36 preexisting condition reasonably attributable to the accident is 37 compensable, with respect to any compensation otherwise payable 38 under this chapter death or permanent impairment. An injury or 39 disease caused by exposure to a toxic substance, including, but not limited to, fungus or mold, is not an injury by accident 40 41 arising out of the employment unless there is clear and 42 convincing evidence establishing that exposure to the specific 43 substance involved, at the levels to which the employee was 44 exposed, can cause the injury or disease sustained by the 45 employee.

46 (15)(a) "Employee" means any person engaged in any
47 employment under any appointment or contract of hire or
48 apprenticeship, express or implied, oral or written, whether
49 lawfully or unlawfully employed, and includes, but is not
50 limited to, aliens and minors.

(b) "Employee" includes any person who is an officer of a corporation and who performs services for remuneration for such corporation within this state, whether or not such services are continuous.

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1. Any officer of a corporation may elect to be exempt
from this chapter by filing written notice of the election with
the department as provided in s. 440.05.

58 2. As to officers of a corporation who are actively 59 engaged in the construction industry, no more than three 60 officers may elect to be exempt from this chapter by filing 61 written notice of the election with the department as provided 62 in s. 440.05. However, any exemption obtained by a corporate 63 officer of a corporation actively engaged in the construction 64 industry is not applicable with respect to any commercial 65 building project estimated to be valued at \$250,000 or greater.

3. An officer of a corporation who elects to be exempt
from this chapter by filing a written notice of the election
with the department as provided in s. 440.05 is not an employee.

Services are presumed to have been rendered to the corporation
if the officer is compensated by other than dividends upon
shares of stock of the corporation which the officer owns.

73 (c)1. "Employee" includes a sole proprietor or a partner 74 who devotes full time to the proprietorship or partnership and, 75 except as provided in this paragraph, elects to be included in 76 the definition of employee by filing notice thereof as provided 77 in s. 440.05. Partners or sole proprietors actively engaged in 78 the construction industry are considered employees unless they 79 elect to be excluded from the definition of employee by filing 80 written notice of the election with the department as provided 81 in s. 440.05. However, no more than three partners in a 82 partnership that is actively engaged in the construction 83 industry may elect to be excluded. A sole proprietor or partner

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84 who is actively engaged in the construction industry and who 85 elects to be exempt from this chapter by filing a written notice 86 of the election with the department as provided in s. 440.05 is 87 not an employee. For purposes of this chapter, an independent 88 contractor is an employee unless he or she meets all of the 89 conditions set forth in subparagraph (d)1.

90 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph 1., the 91 term "employee" includes a sole proprietor or partner actively 92 engaged in the construction industry with respect to any 93 commercial building project estimated to be valued at \$250,000 94 or greater. Any exemption obtained is not applicable, with 95 respect to work performed at such a commercial building project.

96

(d) "Employee" does not include:

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98

1. An independent contractor, if:

a. The independent contractor maintains a separate

99 business with his or her own work facility, truck, equipment, 100 materials, or similar accommodations;

101 b. The independent contractor holds or has applied for a 102 federal employer identification number, unless the independent 103 contractor is a sole proprietor who is not required to obtain a 104 federal employer identification number under state or federal 105 requirements;

106 c. The independent contractor performs or agrees to
107 perform specific services or work for specific amounts of money
108 and controls the means of performing the services or work;

109 d. The independent contractor incurs the principal
110 expenses related to the service or work that he or she performs
111 or agrees to perform;

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112 The independent contractor is responsible for the e. 113 satisfactory completion of work or services that he or she 114 performs or agrees to perform and is or could be held liable for 115 a failure to complete the work or services; 116 f. The independent contractor receives compensation for 117 work or services performed for a commission or on a per-job or competitive-bid basis and not on any other basis; 118 119 The independent contractor may realize a profit or q. 120 suffer a loss in connection with performing work or services; 121 The independent contractor has continuing or recurring h. 122 business liabilities or obligations; and i. The success or failure of the independent contractor's 123 124 business depends on the relationship of business receipts to 125 expenditures. 126 However, the determination as to whether an individual included 127 in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual of 1987, 128 129 Industry Numbers 0711, 0721, 0722, 0751, 0761, 0762, 0781, 0782, 130 0783, 0811, 0831, 0851, 2411, 2421, 2435, 2436, 2448, or 2449, 131 or a newspaper delivery person, is an independent contractor is 132 governed not by the criteria in this paragraph but by common-law 133 principles, giving due consideration to the business activity of 134 the individual. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph 135 or any other provision of this chapter, with respect to any 136 commercial building project estimated to be valued at \$250,000 137 or greater, a person who is actively engaged in the construction 138 industry is not an independent contractor and is either an 139 employer or an employee who may not be exempt from the coverage 140 requirements of this chapter.

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141 2. A real estate salesperson or agent, if that person
142 agrees, in writing, to perform for remuneration solely by way of
143 commission.

Bands, orchestras, and musical and theatrical
performers, including disk jockeys, performing in licensed
premises as defined in chapter 562, if a written contract
evidencing an independent contractor relationship is entered
into before the commencement of such entertainment.

149 4. An owner-operator of a motor vehicle who transports 150 property under a written contract with a motor carrier which 151 evidences a relationship by which the owner-operator assumes the responsibility of an employer for the performance of the 152 153 contract, if the owner-operator is required to furnish the 154 necessary motor vehicle equipment and all costs incidental to 155 the performance of the contract, including, but not limited to, 156 fuel, taxes, licenses, repairs, and hired help; and the owneroperator is paid a commission for transportation service and is 157 158 not paid by the hour or on some other time-measured basis.

159 5. A person whose employment is both casual and not in the
160 course of the trade, business, profession, or occupation of the
161 employer.

6. A volunteer, except a volunteer worker for the state or a county, municipality, or other governmental entity. A person who does not receive monetary remuneration for services is presumed to be a volunteer unless there is substantial evidence that a valuable consideration was intended by both employer and employee. For purposes of this chapter, the term "volunteer" includes, but is not limited to:

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169 Persons who serve in private nonprofit agencies and who a. 170 receive no compensation other than expenses in an amount less 171 than or equivalent to the standard mileage and per-diem expenses 172 provided to salaried employees in the same agency or, if such 173 agency does not have salaried employees who receive mileage and 174 per diem, then such volunteers who receive no compensation other 175 than expenses in an amount less than or equivalent to the 176 customary mileage and per diem paid to salaried workers in the 177 community as determined by the department; and

b. Volunteers participating in federal programsestablished under Pub. L. No. 93-113.

180 7. Any officer of a corporation who elects to be exempt181 from this chapter.

182 8. A sole proprietor or officer of a corporation who 183 actively engages in the construction industry, and a partner in 184 a partnership that is actively engaged in the construction 185 industry, who elects to be exempt from the provisions of this 186 chapter. Such sole proprietor, officer, or partner is not an 187 employee for any reason until the notice of revocation of 188 election filed pursuant to s. 440.05 is effective.

9. An exercise rider who does not work for a single horse farm or breeder, and who is compensated for riding on a case-bycase basis, provided a written contract is entered into prior to the commencement of such activity which evidences that an employee/employer relationship does not exist.

194 10. A taxicab, limousine, or other passenger vehicle-for-195 hire driver who operates said vehicles pursuant to a written 196 agreement with a company which provides any dispatch, marketing, 197 insurance, communications, or other services under which the

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198 driver and any fees or charges paid by the driver to the company 199 for such services are not conditioned upon, or expressed as a 200 proportion of, fare revenues.

201 11. A person who performs services as a sports official 202 for an entity sponsoring an interscholastic sports event or for 203 a public entity or private, nonprofit organization that sponsors 204 an amateur sports event. For purposes of this subparagraph, such 205 a person is an independent contractor. For purposes of this 206 subparagraph, the term "sports official" means any person who is 207 a neutral participant in a sports event, including, but not limited to, umpires, referees, judges, linespersons, 208 209 scorekeepers, or timekeepers. This subparagraph does not apply 210to any person employed by a district school board who serves as 211 a sports official as required by the employing school board or 212 who serves as a sports official as part of his or her 213 responsibilities during normal school hours.

"Weekly compensation rate" means and refers to the 214 (29)amount of compensation payable for a period of 7 consecutive 215 216 calendar days, including any Saturdays, Sundays, holidays, and 217 other nonworking days which fall within such period of 7 218 consecutive calendar days. When Saturdays, Sundays, holidays, or 219 other nonworking days immediately follow the first 7 calendar 220 days of disability or occur at the end of a period of disability 221 as the last day or days of such period, such nonworking days 222 constitute a part of the period of disability with respect to 223 which compensation is payable.

224 (38) "Catastrophic injury" means a permanent impairment 225 constituted by:

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226	(a) Spinal cord injury involving severe paralysis of an
227	arm, a leg, or the trunk;
228	(b) Amputation of an arm, a hand, a foot, or a leg
229	involving the effective loss of use of that appendage;
230	(c) Severe brain or closed-head injury as evidenced by:
231	1. Severe sensory or motor disturbances;
232	2. Severe communication disturbances;
233	3. Severe complex integrated disturbances of cerebral
234	function;
235	4. Severe episodic neurological disorders; or
236	5. Other severe brain and closed-head injury conditions at
237	least as severe in nature as any condition provided in
238	subparagraphs 14.;
239	(d) Second-degree or third-degree burns of 25 percent or
240	more of the total body surface or third-degree burns of 5
241	percent or more to the face and hands;
242	(e) Total or industrial blindness; or
243	(f) Any other injury that would otherwise qualify under
244	this chapter of a nature and severity that would qualify an
245	employee to receive disability income benefits under Title II or
246	supplemental security income benefits under Title XVI of the
247	federal Social Security Act as the Social Security Act existed
248	on July 1, 1992, without regard to any time limitations provided
249	under that act.
250	<u>(38)</u> "Insurer" means a group self-insurers' fund
251	authorized by s. 624.4621, an individual self-insurer authorized
252	by s. 440.38, a commercial self-insurance fund authorized by s.
253	624.462, an assessable mutual insurer authorized by s. 628.6011,
254	and an insurer licensed to write workers' compensation and

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255 employer's liability insurance in this state. The term 256 "carrier," as used in this chapter, means an insurer as defined 257 in this subsection.

258 (39)(40) "Statement," for the purposes of ss. 440.105 and 259 440.106, shall include the exact fraud statement language in s. 260 440.105(7). This requirement includes, but is not limited to, 261 any notice, representation, statement, proof of injury, bill for 262 services, diagnosis, prescription, hospital or doctor record, X 263 ray, test result, or other evidence of loss, injury, or expense. 264 (40)(41) "Specificity" means information on the petition 265 for benefits sufficient to put the employer or carrier on notice of the exact statutory classification and outstanding time 266 period of benefits being requested and includes a detailed 267 268 explanation of any benefits received that should be increased, decreased, changed, or otherwise modified. If the petition is 269 for medical benefits, the information shall include specific 270 271 details as to why such benefits are being requested, why such 272 benefits are medically necessary, and why current treatment, if 273 any, is not sufficient. Any petition requesting alternate or 274 other medical care, including, but not limited to, petitions 275 requesting psychiatric or psychological treatment, must 276 specifically identify the physician, as defined in s. 440.13(1), 277 that is recommending such treatment. A copy of a report from 278 such physician making the recommendation for alternate or other 279 medical care shall also be attached to the petition. A judge of 280 compensation claims shall not order such treatment if a 281 physician is not recommending such treatment. "Commercial building" means any building or structure intended for 282 283 commercial or industrial use, or any building or structure

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intended for multifamily use of more than four dwelling units, as well as any accessory use structures constructed in conjunction with the principal structure. The term, "commercial building," does not include the conversion of any existing residential building to a commercial building.

289 (42) "Residential building" means any building or 290 structure intended for residential use containing four or fewer 291 dwelling units and any structures intended as an accessory use 292 to the residential structure.

293 Section 2. Effective January 1, 2004, subsections (8), 294 (15), and (16) of section 440.02, Florida Statutes, as amended 295 by this act, are amended to read:

296 440.02 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, unless the 297 context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms shall 298 have the following meanings:

"Construction industry" means for-profit activities 299 (8) involving the carrying out of any building, clearing, filling, 300 301 excavation, or substantial improvement in the size or use of any 302 structure or the appearance of any land. When appropriate to the 303 context, "construction" refers to the act of construction or the 304 result of construction. However, "construction" does shall not 305 mean a homeowner's landowner's act of construction or the result 306 of a construction upon his or her own premises, provided such 307 premises are not intended to be sold, or resold, or leased by 308 the owner within 1 year after the commencement of construction. 309 The division may, by rule, establish standard industrial 310 classification codes and definitions thereof which meet the 311 criteria of the term "construction industry" as set forth in 312 this section.

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(15)(a) "Employee" means any person who receives remuneration from an employer for the performance of any work or service while engaged in any employment under any appointment or contract for of hire or apprenticeship, express or implied, oral or written, whether lawfully or unlawfully employed, and includes, but is not limited to, aliens and minors.

(b) "Employee" includes any person who is an officer of a corporation and who performs services for remuneration for such corporation within this state, whether or not such services are continuous.

323 1. Any officer of a corporation may elect to be exempt 324 from this chapter by filing written notice of the election with 325 the department as provided in s. 440.05.

326 2. As to officers of a corporation who are actively 327 engaged in the construction industry, no more than three officers of a corporation or of any group of affiliated 328 329 corporations may elect to be exempt from this chapter by filing 330 written notice of the election with the department as provided in s. 440.05. Officers must be shareholders, each owning at 331 332 least 10 percent of the stock of such corporation and listed as 333 an officer of such corporation with the Division of Corporations 334 of the Department of State, in order to elect exemptions under 335 this chapter. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term 336 "affiliated" means and includes one or more corporations or 337 entities, any one of which is a corporation engaged in the 338 construction industry, under the same or substantially the same 339 control of a group of business entities which are connected or 340 associated so that one entity controls or has the power to 341 control each of the other business entities. The term

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342 <u>"affiliated" includes, but is not limited to, the officers,</u>

343 <u>directors, executives, shareholders active in management,</u> 344 <u>employees, and agents of the affiliated corporation. The</u> 345 <u>ownership by one business entity of a controlling interest in</u> 346 <u>another business entity or a pooling of equipment or income</u> 347 <u>among business entities shall be prima facie evidence that one</u> 348 <u>business is affiliated with the other.</u>

349 3. An officer of a corporation who elects to be exempt 350 from this chapter by filing a written notice of the election 351 with the department as provided in s. 440.05 is not an employee. 352

353 Services are presumed to have been rendered to the corporation 354 if the officer is compensated by other than dividends upon 355 shares of stock of the corporation which the officer owns.

356

(c) "Employee" includes<u>:</u>

357 1. A sole proprietor or a partner who is not engaged in 358 the construction industry, devotes full time to the 359 proprietorship or partnership, and, except as provided in this 360 paragraph, elects to be included in the definition of employee 361 by filing notice thereof as provided in s. 440.05. Partners or 362 sole proprietors actively engaged in the construction industry 363 are considered employees unless they elect to be excluded from the definition of employee by filing written notice of the 364 365 election with the department as provided in s. 440.05. However, 366 no more than three partners in a partnership that is actively 367 engaged in the construction industry may elect to be excluded. A 368 sole proprietor or partner who is actively engaged in the 369 construction industry and who elects to be exempt from this 370 chapter by filing a written notice of the election with the

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 371 department as provided in s. 440.05 is not an employee. For 372 purposes of this chapter, an independent contractor is an 373 employee unless he or she meets all of the conditions set forth 374 in subparagraph (d)1. 375 2. All persons who are being paid by a construction 376 contractor as a subcontractor, unless the subcontractor has 377 validly elected an exemption as permitted by this chapter, or 378 has otherwise secured the payment of compensation coverage as a 379 subcontractor, consistent with s. 440.10, for work performed by 380 or as a subcontractor. 381 3. An independent contractor working or performing 382 services in the construction industry. 383 4. A sole proprietor who engages in the construction 384 industry and a partner or partnership that is engaged in the 385 construction industry. (d) "Employee" does not include: 386 387 1. An independent contractor who is not engaged in the 388 construction industry., if: 389 In order to meet the definition of independent a. 390 contractor, at least four of the following criteria must be met: 391 (I) The independent contractor maintains a separate 392 business with his or her own work facility, truck, equipment, 393 materials, or similar accommodations; 394 (II) The independent contractor holds or has applied for a 395 federal employer identification number, unless the independent 396 contractor is a sole proprietor who is not required to obtain a 397 federal employer identification number under state or federal 398 regulations;

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399 (III) The independent contractor receives compensation for 400 services rendered or work performed and such compensation is 401 paid to a business rather than to an individual; 402 (IV) The independent contractor holds one or more bank 403 accounts in the name of the business entity for purposes of 404 paying business expenses or other expenses related to services 405 rendered or work performed for compensation; 406 (V) The independent contractor performs work or is able to 407 perform work for any entity in addition to or besides the 408 employer at his or her own election without the necessity of 409 completing an employment application or process; or 410 (VI) The independent contractor receives compensation for work or services rendered on a competitive-bid basis or 411 completion of a task or a set of tasks as defined by a 412 contractual agreement, unless such contractual agreement 413 expressly states that an employment relationship exists. The 414 415 independent contractor maintains a separate business with his or 416 her own work facility, truck, equipment, materials, or similar 417 accommodations; 418 If four of the criteria listed in sub-subparagraph a. b. 419 do not exist, an individual may still be presumed to be an 420 independent contractor and not an employee based on full 421 consideration of the nature of the individual situation with 422 regard to satisfying any of the following conditions: 423 (I) The independent contractor performs or agrees to 424 perform specific services or work for a specific amount of money 425 and controls the means of performing the services or work.

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 426 (II) The independent contractor incurs the principal 427 expenses related to the service or work that he or she performs 428 or agrees to perform. 429 (III) The independent contractor is responsible for the 430 satisfactory completion of the work or services that he or she 431 performs or agrees to perform. 432 (IV) The independent contractor receives compensation for 433 work or services performed for a commission or on a per-job 434 basis and not on any other basis. 435 (V) The independent contractor may realize a profit or 436 suffer a loss in connection with performing work or services. 437 (VI) The independent contractor has continuing or 438 recurring business liabilities or obligations. 439 (VII) The success or failure of the independent 440 contractor's business depends on the relationship of business receipts to expenditures. The independent contractor holds or 441 has applied for a federal employer identification number, unless 442 443 the independent contractor is a sole proprietor who is not 444 required to obtain a federal employer identification number 445 under state or federal requirements; 446 c. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this 447 subparagraph, an individual claiming to be an independent 448 contractor has the burden of proving that he or she is an 449 independent contractor for purposes of this chapter. The 450 independent contractor performs or agrees to perform specific services or work for specific amounts of money and controls the 451 452 means of performing the services or work;

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453	d. The independent contractor incurs the principal
454	expenses related to the service or work that he or she performs
455	or agrees to perform;
456	e. The independent contractor is responsible for the
457	satisfactory completion of work or services that he or she
458	performs or agrees to perform and is or could be held liable for
459	a failure to complete the work or services;
460	f. The independent contractor receives compensation for
461	work or services performed for a commission or on a per-job or
462	competitive-bid basis and not on any other basis;
463	g. The independent contractor may realize a profit or
464	suffer a loss in connection with performing work or services;
465	h. The independent contractor has continuing or recurring
466	business liabilities or obligations; and
467	i. The success or failure of the independent contractor's
468	business depends on the relationship of business receipts to
469	expenditures.
470	
471	However, the determination as to whether an individual included
472	in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual of 1987,
473	Industry Numbers 0711, 0721, 0722, 0751, 0761, 0762, 0781, 0782,
474	0783, 0811, 0831, 0851, 2411, 2421, 2435, 2436, 2448, or 2449,
475	or a newspaper delivery person, is an independent contractor is
476	governed not by the criteria in this paragraph but by common-law
477	principles, giving due consideration to the business activity of
478	the individual.
479	2. A real estate salesperson or agent, if that person
480	agrees, in writing, to perform for remuneration solely by way of
481	commission.

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3. Bands, orchestras, and musical and theatrical
performers, including disk jockeys, performing in licensed
premises as defined in chapter 562, if a written contract
evidencing an independent contractor relationship is entered
into before the commencement of such entertainment.

487 4. An owner-operator of a motor vehicle who transports 488 property under a written contract with a motor carrier which 489 evidences a relationship by which the owner-operator assumes the 490 responsibility of an employer for the performance of the 491 contract, if the owner-operator is required to furnish the 492 necessary motor vehicle equipment and all costs incidental to 493 the performance of the contract, including, but not limited to, 494 fuel, taxes, licenses, repairs, and hired help; and the owner-495 operator is paid a commission for transportation service and is 496 not paid by the hour or on some other time-measured basis.

497 5. A person whose employment is both casual and not in the
498 course of the trade, business, profession, or occupation of the
499 employer.

500 6. A volunteer, except a volunteer worker for the state or 501 a county, municipality, or other governmental entity. A person 502 who does not receive monetary remuneration for services is 503 presumed to be a volunteer unless there is substantial evidence 504 that a valuable consideration was intended by both employer and 505 employee. For purposes of this chapter, the term "volunteer" 506 includes, but is not limited to:

507 a. Persons who serve in private nonprofit agencies and who 508 receive no compensation other than expenses in an amount less 509 than or equivalent to the standard mileage and per diem expenses 510 provided to salaried employees in the same agency or, if such

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511 agency does not have salaried employees who receive mileage and 512 per diem, then such volunteers who receive no compensation other 513 than expenses in an amount less than or equivalent to the 514 customary mileage and per diem paid to salaried workers in the 515 community as determined by the department; and

516 b. Volunteers participating in federal programs517 established under Pub. L. No. 93-113.

518 7. <u>Unless otherwise prohibited by this chapter</u>, any 519 officer of a corporation who elects to be exempt from this 520 chapter. <u>Such officer is not an employee for any reason under</u> 521 <u>this chapter until the notice of revocation of election filed</u> 522 pursuant to s. 440.05 is effective.

523 8. An a sole proprietor or officer of a corporation who 524 actively engages in the construction industry, and a partner in 525 a partnership that is actively engaged in the construction 526 industry, who elects to be exempt from the provisions of this 527 chapter, as otherwise permitted by this chapter. Such sole 528 proprietor, officer, or partner is not an employee for any 529 reason until the notice of revocation of election filed pursuant 530 to s. 440.05 is effective.

9. An exercise rider who does not work for a single horse farm or breeder, and who is compensated for riding on a case-bycase basis, provided a written contract is entered into prior to the commencement of such activity which evidences that an employee/employer relationship does not exist.

536 10. A taxicab, limousine, or other passenger vehicle-for-537 hire driver who operates said vehicles pursuant to a written 538 agreement with a company which provides any dispatch, marketing, 539 insurance, communications, or other services under which the

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540 driver and any fees or charges paid by the driver to the company 541 for such services are not conditioned upon, or expressed as a 542 proportion of, fare revenues.

543 11. A person who performs services as a sports official 544 for an entity sponsoring an interscholastic sports event or for a public entity or private, nonprofit organization that sponsors 545 546 an amateur sports event. For purposes of this subparagraph, such 547 a person is an independent contractor. For purposes of this 548 subparagraph, the term "sports official" means any person who is 549 a neutral participant in a sports event, including, but not 550 limited to, umpires, referees, judges, linespersons, 551 scorekeepers, or timekeepers. This subparagraph does not apply 552 to any person employed by a district school board who serves as 553 a sports official as required by the employing school board or 554 who serves as a sports official as part of his or her 555 responsibilities during normal school hours.

556 <u>12. Medicaid-enrolled clients under chapter 393 who are</u>
557 <u>excluded from the definition of employment under s.</u>
558 <u>443.036(21)(d)5.</u> and served by Adult Day Training Services under
559 <u>the Home and Community-Based Medicaid Waiver program in a</u>
560 <u>sheltered workshop setting licensed by the United States</u>
561 <u>Department of Labor for the purpose of training and earning less</u>
562 than the federal hourly minimum wage.

(16)(a) "Employer" means the state and all political subdivisions thereof, all public and quasi-public corporations therein, every person carrying on any employment, and the legal representative of a deceased person or the receiver or trustees of any person. "Employer" also includes employment agencies, employee leasing companies, and similar agents who provide

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569 <u>employees to other persons.</u> If the employer is a corporation, 570 parties in actual control of the corporation, including, but not 571 limited to, the president, officers who exercise broad corporate 572 powers, directors, and all shareholders who directly or 573 indirectly own a controlling interest in the corporation, are 574 considered the employer for the purposes of ss. 440.105<u>, and</u> 575 440.106, and 440.107.

576 (b) A homeowner shall not be considered the employer of 577 persons hired by the homeowner to carry out construction on the 578 homeowner's own premises if those premises are not intended for 579 immediate lease, sale, or resale.

580 (c) Facilities serving individuals under subparagraph
 581 (15)(d)12. shall be considered agents of the Agency for Health
 582 Care Administration as it relates to providing Adult Day
 583 Training Services under the Home and Community-Based Medicaid
 584 Waiver program and not employers or third parties for the
 585 purpose of limiting or denying Medicaid benefits.

586 Section 3. Effective January 1, 2004, subsections (3), 587 (4), (6), (10), (11), and (12) of section 440.05, Florida 588 Statutes, are amended, present subsection (13) is renumbered as 589 subsection (11) and amended, and new subsections (12), (13), 590 (14), and (15) are added to said section, to read:

591 440.05 Election of exemption; revocation of election;
592 notice; certification.--

593 (3) Each sole proprietor, partner, or officer of a
594 corporation who is actively engaged in the construction industry
595 and who elects an exemption from this chapter or who, after
596 electing such exemption, revokes that exemption, must mail a
597 written notice to such effect to the department on a form

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598 prescribed by the department. The notice of election to be 599 exempt from the provisions of this chapter must be notarized and 600 under oath. The notice of election to be exempt which is 601 submitted to the department by the sole proprietor, partner, or 602 officer of a corporation who is allowed to claim an exemption as 603 provided by this chapter must list the name, federal tax 604 identification number, social security number, all certified or 605 registered licenses issued pursuant to chapter 489 held by the 606 person seeking the exemption, a copy of relevant documentation 607 as to employment status filed with the Internal Revenue Service 608 as specified by the department, a copy of the relevant 609 occupational license in the primary jurisdiction of the 610 business, and, for corporate officers and partners, the 611 registration number of the corporation or partnership filed with 612 the Division of Corporations of the Department of State along 613 with a copy of the stock certificate evidencing the required ownership under this chapter. The notice of election to be 614 exempt must identify each sole proprietorship, partnership, or 615 616 corporation that employs the person electing the exemption and 617 must list the social security number or federal tax 618 identification number of each such employer and the additional 619 documentation required by this section. In addition, the notice 620 of election to be exempt must provide that the sole proprietor, partner, or officer electing an exemption is not entitled to 621 622 benefits under this chapter, must provide that the election does 623 not exceed exemption limits for officers and partnerships 624 provided in s. 440.02, and must certify that any employees of 625 the corporation whose sole proprietor, partner, or officer 626 elects electing an exemption are covered by workers'

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627 compensation insurance. Upon receipt of the notice of the 628 election to be exempt, receipt of all application fees, and a 629 determination by the department that the notice meets the 630 requirements of this subsection, the department shall issue a 631 certification of the election to the sole proprietor, partner, 632 or officer, unless the department determines that the 633 information contained in the notice is invalid. The department 634 shall revoke a certificate of election to be exempt from 635 coverage upon a determination by the department that the person 636 does not meet the requirements for exemption or that the 637 information contained in the notice of election to be exempt is invalid. The certificate of election must list the name names of 638 639 the sole proprietorship, partnership, or corporation listed in 640 the request for exemption. A new certificate of election must be 641 obtained each time the person is employed by a new sole 642 proprietorship, partnership, or different corporation that is not listed on the certificate of election. A copy of the 643 certificate of election must be sent to each workers' 644 645 compensation carrier identified in the request for exemption. 646 Upon filing a notice of revocation of election, an a sole 647 proprietor, partner, or officer who is a subcontractor or an 648 officer of a corporate subcontractor must notify her or his 649 contractor. Upon revocation of a certificate of election of 650 exemption by the department, the department shall notify the 651 workers' compensation carriers identified in the request for 652 exemption.

(4) The notice of election to be exempt from the
provisions of this chapter must contain a notice that clearly
states in substance the following: "Any person who, knowingly

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656 and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive the department or 657 any employer or employee, insurance company, or any other person 658 purposes program, files a notice of election to be exempt 659 containing any false or misleading information is guilty of a 660 felony of the third degree." Each person filing a notice of 661 election to be exempt shall personally sign the notice and attest that he or she has reviewed, understands, and 662 663 acknowledges the foregoing notice.

(6) A construction industry certificate of election to be 664 exempt which is issued in accordance with this section shall be 665 666 valid for 2 years after the effective date stated thereon. Both the effective date and the expiration date must be listed on the 667 668 face of the certificate by the department. The construction 669 industry certificate must expire at midnight, 2 years from its 670 issue date, as noted on the face of the exemption certificate. 671 Any person who has received from the division a construction industry certificate of election to be exempt which is in effect 672 on December 31, 1998, shall file a new notice of election to be 673 674 exempt by the last day in his or her birth month following 675 December 1, 1998. A construction industry certificate of 676 election to be exempt may be revoked before its expiration by 677 the sole proprietor, partner, or officer for whom it was issued 678 or by the department for the reasons stated in this section. At 679 least 60 days prior to the expiration date of a construction 680 industry certificate of exemption issued after December 1, 1998, 681 the department shall send notice of the expiration date and an 682 application for renewal to the certificateholder at the address 683 on the certificate.

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684 (10) Each sole proprietor, partner, or officer of a 685 corporation who is actively engaged in the construction industry and who elects an exemption from this chapter shall maintain 686 687 business records as specified by the division by rule, which 688 rules must include the provision that any corporation with 689 exempt officers and any partnership actively engaged in the 690 construction industry with exempt partners must maintain written 691 statements of those exempted persons affirmatively acknowledging 692 each such individual's exempt status.

693 (11) Any sole proprietor or partner actively engaged in 694 the construction industry claiming an exemption under this 695 section shall maintain a copy of his or her federal income tax 696 records for each of the immediately previous 3 years in which he 697 or she claims an exemption. Such federal income tax records must 698 include a complete copy of the following for each year in which 699 an exemption is claimed:

700 (a) For sole proprietors, a copy of Federal Income Tax
701 Form 1040 and its accompanying Schedule C;

702 (b) For partners, a copy of the partner's Federal Income
 703 Tax Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) and Federal Income Tax Form 1040
 704 and its accompanying Schedule E.

705

A sole proprietor or partner shall produce, upon request by the division, a copy of those documents together with a statement by the sole proprietor or partner that the tax records provided are true and accurate copies of what the sole proprietor or partner has filed with the federal Internal Revenue Service. The statement must be signed under oath by the sole proprietor or partner and must be notarized. The division shall issue a stop-

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713 work order under s. 440.107(5) to any sole proprietor or partner 714 who fails or refuses to produce a copy of the tax records and 715 affidavit required under this paragraph to the division within 3 716 business days after the request is made.

717 (12) For those sole proprietors or partners that have not 718 been in business long enough to provide the information required 719 of an established business, the division shall require such sole 720 proprietor or partner to provide copies of the most recently 721 filed Federal Income Tax Form 1040. The division shall establish 722 by rule such other criteria to show that the sole proprietor or 723 partner intends to engage in a legitimate enterprise within the construction industry and is not otherwise attempting to evade 724 725 the requirements of this section. The division shall establish 726 by rule the form and format of financial information required to 727 be submitted by such employers.

728 (11)(13) Any corporate officer permitted by this chapter 729 to claim claiming an exemption under this section must be listed 730 on the records of this state's Secretary of State, Division of 731 Corporations, as a corporate officer. If the person who claims 732 an exemption as a corporate officer is not so listed on the 733 records of the Secretary of State, the individual must provide 734 to the division, upon request by the division, a notarized 735 affidavit stating that the individual is a bona fide officer of 736 the corporation and stating the date his or her appointment or 737 election as a corporate officer became or will become effective. 738 The statement must be signed under oath by both the officer and 739 the president or chief operating officer of the corporation and 740 must be notarized. The division shall issue a stop-work order 741 under s. 440.107(1) to any corporation who employs a person who

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742 claims to be exempt as a corporate officer but who fails or 743 refuses to produce the documents required under this subsection 744 to the division within 3 business days after the request is 745 made.

746 (12) Certificates of election to be exempt issued under 747 subsection (3) shall apply only to the corporate officer named 748 on the notice of election to be exempt and apply only within the 749 scope of the business or trade listed on the notice of election 750 to be exempt.

751 (13) Notices of election to be exempt and certificates of 752 election to be exempt shall be subject to revocation if, at any 753 time after the filing of the notice or the issuance of the certificate, the person named on the notice or certificate no 754 755 longer meets the requirements of this section for issuance of a 756 certificate. The department shall revoke a certificate at any 757 time for failure of the person named on the certificate to meet the requirements of this section. 758

759 (14) An officer of a corporation who elects exemption from 760 this chapter by filing a certificate of election under this 761 section may not recover benefits or compensation under this 762 chapter. For purposes of determining the appropriate premium for 763 workers' compensation coverage, carriers may not consider any 764 officer of a corporation who validly meets the requirements of 765 this section to be an employee.

766 (15) Any corporate officer who is an affiliated person 767 of a person who is delinquent in paying a stop-work order and 768 penalty assessment order issued pursuant to s. 440.107, or owed 769 pursuant to a court order, is ineligible for an election of 770 exemption. The stop-work order and penalty assessment shall be

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 771 in effect against any such affiliated person. As used in this 772 subsection, the term "affiliated person" means: 773 (a) The spouse of such other person; 774 (b) Any person who directly or indirectly owns or 775 controls, or holds with the power to vote, 10 percent or more of 776 the outstanding voting securities of such other person; 777 (c) Any person who directly or indirectly owns 10 percent 778 or more of the outstanding voting securities that are directly 779 or indirectly owned, controlled, or held with the power to vote 780 by such other person; 781 (d) Any person or group of persons who directly or 782 indirectly control, are controlled by, or are under common 783 control with such other person; 784 (e) Any person who directly or indirectly acquires all or 785 substantially all of the other assets of such other person; (f) Any officer, director, trustee, partner, owner, 786 787 manager, joint venturer, or employee of such other person or a 788 person performing duties similar to persons in such positions; 789 or 790 (q) Any person who has an officer, director, trustee, 791 partner, or joint venturer in common with such person. 792 Section 4. Section 440.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to 793 read: 794 440.06 Failure to secure compensation; effect.--Every 795 employer who fails to secure the payment of compensation, as provided in s. 440.10, by failing to meet the requirements of 796 797 under this chapter as provided in s. 440.38 may not, in any suit 798 brought against him or her by an employee subject to this 799 chapter to recover damages for injury or death, defend such a 286063

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800 suit on the grounds that the injury was caused by the negligence 801 of a fellow servant, that the employee assumed the risk of his 802 or her employment, or that the injury was due to the comparative 803 negligence of the employee. 804 Section 5. Effective January 1, 2004, section 440.077, 805 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 806 440.077 When a corporate sole proprietor, partner, or 807 officer rejects chapter, effect. -- An A sole proprietor, partner, 808 or officer of a corporation who is permitted to elect an 809 exemption under this chapter actively engaged in the 810 construction industry and who elects to be exempt from the 811 provisions of this chapter may not recover benefits under this 812 chapter. 813 Section 6. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 440.09, 814 Florida Statutes, are amended and paragraph (e) is added to subsection (7) of said section, to read: 815 440.09 Coverage. --816 817 The employer must shall pay compensation or furnish (1)818 benefits required by this chapter if the employee suffers an 819 accidental compensable injury or death arising out of work 820 performed in the course and the scope of employment. The injury, 821 its occupational cause, and any resulting manifestations or 822 disability must shall be established to a reasonable degree of 823 medical certainty, based on and by objective relevant medical 824 findings, and the accidental compensable injury must be the 825 major contributing cause of any resulting injuries. For purposes 826 of this section, "major contributing cause" means the cause 827 which is more than 50 percent responsible for the injury as 828 compared to all other causes combined for which treatment or

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829 benefits are sought. In cases involving occupational disease or repetitive exposure, both causation and sufficient exposure to 830 831 support causation must be proven by clear and convincing 832 evidence. Pain or other subjective complaints alone, in the absence of objective relevant medical findings, are not 833 834 compensable. For purposes of this section, "objective relevant 835 medical findings" are those objective findings that correlate to 836 the subjective complaints of the injured employee and are 837 confirmed by physical examination findings or diagnostic 838 testing. Establishment of the causal relationship between a 839 compensable accident and injuries for conditions that are not 840 readily observable must be by medical evidence only, as demonstrated by physical examination findings or diagnostic 841 842 testing. Major contributing cause must be demonstrated by medical evidence only. Mental or nervous injuries occurring as a 843 844 manifestation of an injury compensable under this section shall 845 be demonstrated by clear and convincing evidence.

(a) This chapter does not require any compensation or
benefits for any subsequent injury the employee suffers as a
result of an original injury arising out of and in the course of
employment unless the original injury is the major contributing
cause of the subsequent injury. <u>Major contributing cause must be</u>
<u>demonstrated by medical evidence only.</u>

(b) If an injury arising out of and in the course of employment combines with a preexisting disease or condition to cause or prolong disability or need for treatment, the employer must pay compensation or benefits required by this chapter only to the extent that the injury arising out of and in the course of employment is and remains more than 50 percent responsible

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858 for the injury as compared to all other causes combined and

859 <u>thereafter remains</u> the major contributing cause of the
860 disability or need for treatment. <u>Major contributing cause must</u>
861 <u>be demonstrated by medical evidence only.</u>

(c) Death resulting from an operation by a surgeon furnished by the employer for the cure of hernia as required in s. 440.15(6)[F.S. 1981] shall for the purpose of this chapter be considered to be a death resulting from the accident causing the hernia.

867 If an accident happens while the employee is employed (d) 868 elsewhere than in this state, which would entitle the employee 869 or his or her dependents to compensation if it had happened in 870 this state, the employee or his or her dependents are entitled 871 to compensation if the contract of employment was made in this 872 state, or the employment was principally localized in this 873 state. However, if an employee receives compensation or damages 874 under the laws of any other state, the total compensation for 875 the injury may not be greater than is provided in this chapter.

876 (4)(a) An employee shall not be entitled to compensation or benefits under this chapter if any judge of compensation 877 878 claims, administrative law judge, court, or jury convened in 879 this state determines that the employee has knowingly or 880 intentionally engaged in any of the acts described in s. 440.105 881 or any criminal act for the purpose of securing workers' 882 compensation benefits. For purposes of this section, the term 883 "intentional" shall include, but is not limited to, pleas of 884 guilty or nolo contendere in criminal matters. This section 885 shall apply to accidents, regardless of the date of the 886 accident. For injuries occurring prior to January 1, 1994, this

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887	section shall pertain to the acts of the employee described in
888	s. 440.105 or criminal activities occurring subsequent to
889	January 1, 1994.
890	(b) A judge of compensation claims, administrative law
891	judge, or court of this state shall take judicial notice of a
892	finding of insurance fraud by a court of competent jurisdiction
893	and terminate or otherwise disallow benefits.
894	(c) Upon the denial of benefits in accordance with this
895	section, a judge of compensation claims shall have the
896	jurisdiction to order any benefits payable to the employee to be
897	paid into the court registry or an escrow account during the
898	pendency of an appeal or until such time as the time in which to
899	file an appeal has expired.
900	(7)
901	(e) As a part of rebutting any presumptions under
902	paragraph (b), the injured worker must prove the actual
903	quantitative amounts of the drug or its metabolites as measured
904	on the initial and confirmation post-accident drug tests of the
905	injured worker's urine sample and provide additional evidence
906	regarding the absence of drug influence other than the worker's
907	denial of being under the influence of a drug. No drug test
908	conducted on a urine sample shall be rejected as to its results
909	or the presumption imposed under paragraph (b) on the basis of
910	the urine being bodily fluid tested.
911	Section 7. Section 440.093, Florida Statutes, is created
912	to read:
913	440.093 Mental and nervous injuries
914	(1) A mental or nervous injury due to stress, fright, or
915	excitement only is not an injury by accident arising out of the
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916 employment. Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow 917 for the payment of benefits under this chapter for mental or 918 nervous injuries without an accompanying physical injury 919 requiring medical treatment. A physical injury resulting from 920 mental or nervous injuries unaccompanied by physical trauma 921 requiring medical treatment shall not be compensable under this 922 chapter. 923 (2) Mental or nervous injuries occurring as a 924 manifestation of an injury compensable under this chapter shall 925 be demonstrated by clear and convincing medical evidence by a 926 licensed psychiatrist meeting criteria established in the most 927 recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of 928 mental disorders published by the American Psychiatric 929 Association. The compensable physical injury must be and remain 930 the major contributing cause of the mental or nervous condition 931 and the compensable physical injury as determined by reasonable 932 medical certainty must be at least 50 percent responsible for 933 the mental or nervous condition as compared to all other 934 contributing causes combined. Compensation is not payable for the mental, psychological, or emotional injury arising out of 935 936 depression from being out of work or losing employment 937 opportunities, resulting from a preexisting mental, 938 psychological, or emotional condition or due to pain or other 939 subjective complaints that cannot be substantiated by objective, 940 relevant medical findings. 941 (3) Subject to the payment of permanent benefits under s. 942 440.15, in no event shall temporary benefits for a compensable 943 mental or nervous injury be paid for more than 6 months after 944 the date of maximum medical improvement for the injured 286063

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945 employee's physical injury or injuries, which shall be included

946 in the period of 104 weeks as provided in s. 440.15(2) and (4).
947 Mental or nervous injuries are compensable only in accordance

948 with the terms of this section.

949Section 8. Effective January 1, 2004, subsection (1) of950section 440.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

951

440.10 Liability for compensation.--

952 (1)(a) Every employer coming within the provisions of this 953 chapter, including any brought within the chapter by waiver of 954 exclusion or of exemption, shall be liable for, and shall 955 secure, the payment to his or her employees, or any physician, 956 surgeon, or pharmacist providing services under the provisions 957 of s. 440.13, of the compensation payable under ss. 440.13, 958 440.15, and 440.16. Any contractor or subcontractor who engages 959 in any public or private construction in the state shall secure 960 and maintain compensation for his or her employees under this 961 chapter as provided in s. 440.38.

962 In case a contractor sublets any part or parts of his (b) 963 or her contract work to a subcontractor or subcontractors, all 964 of the employees of such contractor and subcontractor or 965 subcontractors engaged on such contract work shall be deemed to 966 be employed in one and the same business or establishment, + and 967 the contractor shall be liable for, and shall secure, the 968 payment of compensation to all such employees, except to 969 employees of a subcontractor who has secured such payment.

970 (c) A contractor <u>shall</u> may require a subcontractor to
971 provide evidence of workers' compensation insurance or a copy of
972 <u>his or her certificate of election</u>. A subcontractor <u>who is a</u>
973 <u>corporation and has an officer who elects</u> electing to be exempt

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974 as <u>permitted under this chapter</u> a sole proprietor, partner, or
975 officer of a corporation shall provide a copy of his or her
976 certificate of <u>exemption</u> election to the contractor.

977 (d)1. If a contractor becomes liable for the payment of 978 compensation to the employees of a subcontractor who has failed 979 to secure such payment in violation of s. 440.38, the contractor 980 or other third-party payor shall be entitled to recover from the 981 subcontractor all benefits paid or payable plus interest unless 982 the contractor and subcontractor have agreed in writing that the 983 contractor will provide coverage.

984 2. If a contractor or third-party payor becomes liable for 985 the payment of compensation to the corporate officer employee of 986 a subcontractor who is actively engaged in the construction 987 industry and has elected to be exempt from the provisions of 988 this chapter, but whose election is invalid, the contractor or 989 third-party payor may recover from the claimant, partnership, or 990 corporation all benefits paid or payable plus interest, unless 991 the contractor and the subcontractor have agreed in writing that 992 the contractor will provide coverage.

993 (e) A subcontractor providing services in conjunction with 994 a contractor on the same project or contract work is not liable 995 for the payment of compensation to the employees of another 996 subcontractor or the contractor on such contract work and is not 997 protected by the exclusiveness-of-liability provisions of s. 998 440.11 from any action at law or in admiralty on account of 999 injury to an of such employee of another subcontractor, or of 1000 the contractor, provided that:

10011. The subcontractor has secured workers' compensation1002insurance for its employees or the contractor has secured such

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- 1003 insurance on behalf of the subcontractor and its employees in 1004 accordance with paragraph (b); and
- 10052. The subcontractor's own gross negligence was not the1006major contributing cause of the injury.

1007 (f) If an employer fails to secure compensation as 1008 required by this chapter, the department shall may assess 1009 against the employer a penalty not to exceed \$5,000 for each 1010 employee of that employer who is classified by the employer as 1011 an independent contractor but who is found by the department to 1012 not meet the criteria for an independent contractor that are set 1013 forth in s. 440.02. The division shall adopt rules to administer 1014 the provisions of this paragraph.

1015 Subject to s. 440.38, any employer who has employees (q) 1016 engaged in work in this state shall obtain a Florida policy or 1017 endorsement for such employees which utilizes Florida class 1018 codes, rates, rules, and manuals that are in compliance with and 1019 approved under the provisions of this chapter and the Florida 1020 Insurance Code. Failure to comply with this paragraph is a 1021 felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. The department shall adopt 1022 1023 rules for construction industry and nonconstruction-industry 1024 employers with regard to the activities that define what 1025 constitutes being "engaged in work" in this state, using the 1026 following standards: 1027 1. For employees of nonconstruction-industry employers who 1028 have their headquarters outside of Florida and also operate in

1029 Florida and who are routinely crossing state lines, but usually 1030 return to their homes each night, the employee shall be assigned

1031 to the headquarters' state. However, the construction industry

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1032	employees performing new construction or alterations in Florida
1033	shall be assigned to Florida even if the employees return to
1034	their home state each night.
1035	2. The payroll of executive supervisors who may visit a
1036	Florida location but who are not in direct charge of a Florida
1037	location shall be assigned to the state in which the
1038	headquarters is located.
1039	3. For construction contractors who maintain a permanent
1040	staff of employees and superintendents, if any of these
1041	employees or superintendents are assigned to a job that is
1042	located in Florida, either for the duration of the job or any
1043	portion thereof, their payroll shall be assigned to Florida
1044	rather than headquarters' state.
1045	4. Employees who are hired for a specific project in
1046	Florida shall be assigned to Florida. For purposes of this
1047	section, a person is conclusively presumed to be an independent
1048	contractor if:
1049	1. The independent contractor provides the general
1050	contractor with an affidavit stating that he or she meets all
1051	the requirements of s. 440.02; and
1052	2. The independent contractor provides the general
1053	contractor with a valid certificate of workers' compensation
1054	insurance or a valid certificate of exemption issued by the
1055	department.
1056	
1057	A sole proprietor, partner, or officer of a corporation who
1058	elects exemption from this chapter by filing a certificate of
1059	election under s. 440.05 may not recover benefits or
1060	compensation under this chapter. An independent contractor who
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1061 provides the general contractor with both an affidavit stating 1062 that he or she meets the requirements of s. 440.02 and a 1063 certificate of exemption is not an employee under s. 440.02 and 1064 may not recover benefits under this chapter. For purposes of 1065 determining the appropriate premium for workers' compensation 1066 coverage, carriers may not consider any person who meets the 1067 requirements of this paragraph to be an employee.

1068 Section 9. Section 440.1025, Florida Statutes, is amended 1069 to read:

1070440.1025Consideration of publicEmployer workplace safety1071program in rate-setting; program requirements; rulemaking.-

1072 (1) For a public or private employer to be eligible for 1073 receipt of specific identifiable consideration under s. 627.0915 1074 for a workplace safety program in the setting of rates, the 1075 public employer must have a workplace safety program. At a 1076 minimum, the program must include a written safety policy and 1077 safety rules, and make provision for safety inspections, 1078 preventative maintenance, safety training, first-aid, accident 1079 investigation, and necessary recordkeeping. For purposes of this 1080 section, "public employer" means any agency within state, 1081 county, or municipal government employing individuals for 1082 salary, wages, or other remuneration. The division may adopt 1083 promulgate rules for insurers to utilize in determining public 1084 employer compliance with the requirements of this section.

1085(2) The division shall publicize on the Internet, and1086shall encourage insurers to publicize, the availability of free1087safety consultation services and safety program resources.

1088Section 10.Section 440.103, Florida Statutes, is amended1089to read:

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1090 440.103 Building permits; identification of minimum 1091 premium policy. -- Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, Every employer shall, as a condition to applying for and 1092 1093 receiving a building permit, show proof and certify to the 1094 permit issuer that it has secured compensation for its employees 1095 under this chapter as provided in ss. 440.10 and 440.38. Such 1096 proof of compensation must be evidenced by a certificate of 1097 coverage issued by the carrier, a valid exemption certificate 1098 approved by the department or the former Division of Workers' 1099 Compensation of the Department of Labor and Employment Security, 1100 or a copy of the employer's authority to self-insure and shall be presented each time the employer applies for a building 1101 1102 permit. As provided in s. 627.413(5), each certificate of 1103 coverage must show, on its face, whether or not coverage is 1104 secured under the minimum premium provisions of rules adopted by 1105 rating organizations licensed by the department. The words "minimum premium policy" or equivalent language shall be typed, 1106 1107 printed, stamped, or legibly handwritten.

1108 Section 11. Section 440.105, Florida Statutes, is amended 1109 to read:

1110 440.105 Prohibited activities; reports; penalties; 1111 limitations.--

(1)(a) Any insurance carrier, any individual self-insured, any commercial or group self-insurance fund, any professional practitioner licensed or regulated by the Department of <u>Health</u> Business and Professional Regulation, except as otherwise provided by law, any medical review committee as defined in s. 766.101, any private medical review committee, and any insurer, agent, or other person licensed under the insurance code, or any

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1119 employee thereof, having knowledge or who believes that a 1120 fraudulent act or any other act or practice which, upon 1121 conviction, constitutes a felony or misdemeanor under this 1122 chapter is being or has been committed shall send to the 1123 Division of Insurance Fraud, Bureau of Workers' Compensation 1124 Fraud, a report or information pertinent to such knowledge or 1125 belief and such additional information relative thereto as the 1126 bureau may require. The bureau shall review such information or 1127 reports and select such information or reports as, in its 1128 judgment, may require further investigation. It shall then cause 1129 an independent examination of the facts surrounding such 1130 information or report to be made to determine the extent, if 1131 any, to which a fraudulent act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor 1132 1133 under this chapter is being committed. The bureau shall report 1134 any alleged violations of law which its investigations disclose to the appropriate licensing agency and state attorney or other 1135 1136 prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to any such 1137 violations of this chapter. If prosecution by the state attorney 1138 or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to 1139 such violation is not begun within 60 days of the bureau's 1140 report, the state attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to such violation shall inform the 1141 bureau of the reasons for the lack of prosecution. 1142

(b) In the absence of fraud or bad faith, a person is not subject to civil liability for libel, slander, or any other relevant tort by virtue of filing reports, without malice, or furnishing other information, without malice, required by this

1147 section or required by the bureau, and no civil cause of action
1148 of any nature shall arise against such person:

1149 1. For any information relating to suspected fraudulent 1150 acts furnished to or received from law enforcement officials, 1151 their agents, or employees;

1152 2. For any information relating to suspected fraudulent 1153 acts furnished to or received from other persons subject to the 1154 provisions of this chapter; or

1155 3. For any such information relating to suspected
1156 fraudulent acts furnished in reports to the bureau, or the
1157 National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

(2) Whoever violates any provision of this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the <u>first</u> second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

1161

(a) It shall be unlawful for any employer to knowingly:

1162 1. Coerce or attempt to coerce, as a precondition to 1163 employment or otherwise, an employee to obtain a certificate of 1164 election of exemption pursuant to s. 440.05.

1165 2. Discharge or refuse to hire an employee or job 1166 applicant because the employee or applicant has filed a claim 1167 for benefits under this chapter.

1168 3. Discharge, discipline, or take any other adverse 1169 personnel action against any employee for disclosing information 1170 to the department or any law enforcement agency relating to any 1171 violation or suspected violation of any of the provisions of 1172 this chapter or rules promulgated hereunder.

1173 4. Violate a stop-work order issued by the department1174 pursuant to s. 440.107.

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

(b) It shall be unlawful for any insurance entity to revoke or cancel a workers' compensation insurance policy or membership because an employer has returned an employee to work or hired an employee who has filed a workers' compensation claim.

(3) Whoever violates any provision of this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any employer to knowingly
fail to update applications for coverage as required by s.
440.381(1) and department of Insurance rules within 7 days after
the reporting date for any change in the required information,
or to post notice of coverage pursuant to s. 440.40.

1188 (b) It shall be unlawful for any employer to knowingly 1189 participate in the creation of the employment relationship in 1190 which the employee has used any false, fraudulent, or misleading 1191 oral or written statement as evidence of identity.

1192 (c)(b) It is unlawful for any attorney or other person, in 1193 his or her individual capacity or in his or her capacity as a 1194 public or private employee, or for any firm, corporation, 1195 partnership, or association to receive any fee or other 1196 consideration or any gratuity from a person on account of 1197 services rendered for a person in connection with any 1198 proceedings arising under this chapter, unless such fee, 1199 consideration, or gratuity is approved by a judge of 1200 compensation claims or by the Deputy Chief Judge of Compensation 1201 Claims.

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(4) Whoever violates any provision of this subsection
commits insurance fraud, punishable as provided in paragraph
(f).

1205

(a) It shall be unlawful for any employer to knowingly:

Present or cause to be presented any false, fraudulent,
 or misleading oral or written statement to any person as
 evidence of compliance with s. 440.38.

1209 2. Make a deduction from the pay of any employee entitled 1210 to the benefits of this chapter for the purpose of requiring the 1211 employee to pay any portion of premium paid by the employer to a 1212 carrier or to contribute to a benefit fund or department 1213 maintained by such employer for the purpose of providing 1214 compensation or medical services and supplies as required by 1215 this chapter.

1216 3. Fail to secure payment of compensation if required to1217 do so by this chapter.

1218

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person:

1219 1. To knowingly make, or cause to be made, any false, 1220 fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement for the 1221 purpose of obtaining or denying any benefit or payment under 1222 this chapter.

1223 2. To present or cause to be presented any written or oral 1224 statement as part of, or in support of, a claim for payment or 1225 other benefit pursuant to any provision of this chapter, knowing 1226 that such statement contains any false, incomplete, or 1227 misleading information concerning any fact or thing material to 1228 such claim.

1229 3. To prepare or cause to be prepared any written or oral1230 statement that is intended to be presented to any employer,

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insurance company, or self-insured program in connection with,
or in support of, any claim for payment or other benefit
pursuant to any provision of this chapter, knowing that such
statement contains any false, incomplete, or misleading
information concerning any fact or thing material to such claim.

1236 4. To knowingly assist, conspire with, or urge any person1237 to engage in activity prohibited by this section.

5. To knowingly make any false, fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement, or to knowingly omit or conceal material information, required by s. 440.185 or s. 440.381, for the purpose of obtaining workers' compensation coverage or for the purpose of avoiding, delaying, or diminishing the amount of payment of any workers' compensation premiums.

1244 6. To knowingly misrepresent or conceal payroll,
1245 classification of workers, or information regarding an
1246 employer's loss history which would be material to the
1247 computation and application of an experience rating modification
1248 factor for the purpose of avoiding or diminishing the amount of
1249 payment of any workers' compensation premiums.

1250 7. To knowingly present or cause to be presented any 1251 false, fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to 1252 any person as evidence of compliance with s. 440.38, as evidence 1253 of eligibility for a certificate of exemption under s. 440.05.

12548. To knowingly violate a stop-work order issued by the1255department pursuant to s. 440.107.

1256 <u>9. To knowingly present or cause to be presented any</u>
 1257 <u>false, fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to</u>
 1258 <u>any person as evidence of identity for the purpose of obtaining</u>

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1259 <u>employment or filing or supporting a claim for workers'</u> 1260 compensation benefits.

(c) It shall be unlawful for any physician licensed under 1261 1262 chapter 458, osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, 1263 chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, podiatric 1264 physician licensed under chapter 461, optometric physician 1265 licensed under chapter 463, or any other practitioner licensed 1266 under the laws of this state to knowingly and willfully assist, 1267 conspire with, or urge any person to fraudulently violate any of 1268 the provisions of this chapter.

(d) It shall be unlawful for any person or governmental entity licensed under chapter 395 to maintain or operate a hospital in such a manner so that such person or governmental entity knowingly and willfully allows the use of the facilities of such hospital by any person, in a scheme or conspiracy to fraudulently violate any of the provisions of this chapter.

(e) It shall be unlawful for any attorney or other person,
in his or her individual capacity or in his or her capacity as a
public or private employee, or any firm, corporation,
partnership, or association, to knowingly assist, conspire with,
or urge any person to fraudulently violate any of the provisions
of this chapter.

1281 (f) If the <u>monetary value</u> amount of any claim or workers' 1282 compensation insurance premium involved in any violation of this 1283 subsection:

1284 1. Is less than \$20,000, the offender commits a felony of 1285 the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 1286 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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1287 2. Is \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000, the 1288 offender commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as 1289 provided in s. 775.082,. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

1290 3. Is \$100,000 or more, the offender commits a felony of
1291 the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
1292 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(5) It shall be unlawful for any attorney or other person, 1293 1294 in his or her individual capacity or in his or her capacity as a 1295 public or private employee or for any firm, corporation, 1296 partnership, or association, to unlawfully solicit any business 1297 in and about city or county hospitals, courts, or any public institution or public place; in and about private hospitals or 1298 1299 sanitariums; in and about any private institution; or upon 1300 private property of any character whatsoever for the purpose of 1301 making workers' compensation claims. Whoever violates any 1302 provision of this subsection commits a felony of the second third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, 1303 1304 or s. 775.085.

1305 (6) This section shall not be construed to preclude the
1306 applicability of any other provision of criminal law that
1307 applies or may apply to any transaction.

1308 (7) For the purpose of the section, the term "statement" 1309 includes, but is not limited to, any notice, representation, 1310 statement, proof of injury, bill for services, diagnosis, 1311 prescription, hospital or doctor records, X ray, test result, or 1312 other evidence of loss, injury, or expense.

1313(7)(8)An injured employee or any other party making a1314claim under this chapter shall provide his or her personal1315signature attesting that he or she has reviewed, understands,

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1316 and acknowledges All claim forms as provided for in this chapter shall contain a notice that clearly states in substance the 1317 1318 following statement: "Any person who, knowingly and with intent 1319 to injure, defraud, or deceive any employer or employee, 1320 insurance company, or self-insured program, files a statement of 1321 claim containing any false or misleading information commits 1322 insurance fraud, punishable as provided in s. 817.234." If the 1323 injured employee or other party refuses to sign the document 1324 attesting Each claimant shall personally sign the claim form and 1325 attest that he or she has reviewed, understands, and 1326 acknowledges the statement, benefits or payments under this 1327 chapter shall be suspended until such signature is obtained 1328 foregoing notice.

1329 Section 12. Subsection (3) of section 440.1051, Florida 1330 Statutes, is amended to read:

1331440.1051Fraud reports; civil immunity; criminal1332penalties.--

(2) Any person who reports workers' compensation fraud to the division under subsection (1) is immune from civil liability for doing so, and the person or entity alleged to have committed the fraud may not retaliate against him or her for providing such report, unless the person making the report knows it to be false.

(3) A person who calls and, knowingly and falsely, reports
workers' compensation fraud or who, in violation of subsection
(2) retaliates against a person for making such report, <u>commits</u>
is guilty of a <u>felony misdemeanor</u> of the <u>third first</u> degree,
punishable as provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.083, or <u>s.</u>
775.084 both.

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1345Section 13.Section 440.107, Florida Statutes, is amended1346to read:

1347440.107Department powers to enforce employer compliance1348with coverage requirements.--

(1) The Legislature finds that the failure of an employer to comply with the workers' compensation coverage requirements under this chapter poses an immediate danger to public health, safety, and welfare. The Legislature authorizes the department to secure employer compliance with the workers' compensation coverage requirements and authorizes the department to conduct investigations for the purpose of ensuring employer compliance.

(2) For the purposes of this section, "securing the 1356 1357 payment of workers' compensation" means obtaining coverage that 1358 meets the requirements of this chapter and the Florida Insurance Code. However, if at any time an employer materially understates 1359 or conceals payroll, materially misrepresents or conceals 1360 1361 employee duties so as to avoid proper classification for premium 1362 calculations, or materially misrepresents or conceals 1363 information pertinent to the computation and application of an experience rating modification factor, such employer shall be 1364 1365 deemed to have failed to secure payment of workers' compensation 1366 and shall be subject to the sanctions set forth in this section. 1367 A stop-work order issued because an employer is deemed to have 1368 failed to secure the payment of workers' compensation required 1369 under this chapter because the employer has materially 1370 understated or concealed payroll, materially misrepresented or 1371 concealed employee duties so as to avoid proper classification for premium calculations, or materially misrepresented or 1372 1373 concealed information pertinent to the computation and

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1374 application of an experience rating modification factor shall 1375 have no effect upon an employer's or carrier's duty to provide 1376 benefits under this chapter or upon any of the employer's or carrier's rights and defenses under this chapter, including 1377 exclusive remedy. The department and its authorized 1378 1379 representatives may enter and inspect any place of business at any reasonable time for the limited purpose of investigating 1380 1381 compliance with workers' compensation coverage requirements 1382 under this chapter. Each employer shall keep true and accurate 1383 business records that contain such information as the department 1384 prescribes by rule. The business records must contain 1385 information necessary for the department to determine compliance 1386 with workers' compensation coverage requirements and must be 1387 maintained within this state by the business, in such a manner 1388 as to be accessible within a reasonable time upon request by the 1389 department. The business records must be open to inspection and 1390 be available for copying by the department at any reasonable 1391 time and place and as often as necessary. The department may require from any employer any sworn or unsworn reports, 1392 1393 pertaining to persons employed by that employer, deemed necessary for the effective administration of the workers' 1394 1395 compensation coverage requirements. 1396 The department shall enforce workers' compensation (3) 1397 coverage requirements, including the requirement that the 1398 employer secure the payment of workers' compensation, and the 1399 requirement that the employer provide the carrier with 1400 information to accurately determine payroll and correctly assign

- 1401 classification codes. In addition to any other powers under this
- 1402 chapter, the department shall have the power to:

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 1403 (a) Conduct investigations for the purpose of ensuring 1404 employer compliance. 1405 (b) Enter and inspect any place of business at any reasonable time for the purpose of investigating employer 1406 1407 compliance. (c) Examine and copy business records. 1408 1409 (d) Administer oaths and affirmations. 1410 (e) Certify to official acts. (f) Issue and serve subpoenas for attendance of witnesses 1411 1412 or production of business records, books, papers, 1413 correspondence, memoranda, and other records. 1414 (g) Issue stop-work orders, penalty assessment orders, and 1415 any other orders necessary for the administration of this 1416 section. 1417 (h) Enforce the terms of a stop-work order. 1418 (i) Levy and pursue actions to recover penalties. 1419 (j) Seek injunctions and other appropriate relief. In 1420 discharging its duties, the department may administer oaths and 1421 affirmations, certify to official acts, issue subpoenas to 1422 compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, 1423 papers, correspondence, memoranda, and other records deemed 1424 necessary by the department as evidence in order to ensure 1425 proper compliance with the coverage provisions of this chapter. (4) 1426 The department shall designate representatives who may 1427 serve subpoenas and other process of the department issued under 1428 this section. 1429 (5) The department shall specify by rule the business 1430 records that employers must maintain and produce to comply with this section. 1431

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1432 (6) (4) If a person has refused to obey a subpoena to 1433 appear before the department or its authorized representative or 1434 and produce evidence requested by the department or to give 1435 testimony about the matter that is under investigation, a court 1436 has jurisdiction to issue an order requiring compliance with the 1437 subpoena if the court has jurisdiction in the geographical area 1438 where the inquiry is being carried on or in the area where the 1439 person who has refused the subpoena is found, resides, or 1440 transacts business. Failure to obey such a court order may be 1441 punished by the court as contempt, either civilly or criminally. 1442 Costs, including reasonable attorney's fees, incurred by the 1443 department to obtain an order granting, in whole or in part, a 1444 petition to enforce a subpoena or a subpoena duces tecum shall 1445 be taxed against the subpoenaed party.

1446 (7)(a) (5) Whenever the department determines that an 1447 employer who is required to secure the payment to his or her employees of the compensation provided for by this chapter has 1448 1449 failed to secure the payment of workers' compensation required by this chapter or to produce the required business records 1450 1451 under subsection (5) within 5 business days after receipt of the 1452 written request of the department do so, such failure shall be 1453 deemed an immediate serious danger to public health, safety, or 1454 welfare sufficient to justify service by the department of a 1455 stop-work order on the employer, requiring the cessation of all 1456 business operations at the place of employment or job site. If 1457 the department division makes such a determination, the 1458 department division shall issue a stop-work order within 72 1459 hours. The order shall take effect when served upon the date of 1460 service upon the employer or, for a particular employer work

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site, when served at that work site, unless the employer 1461 provides evidence satisfactory to the department of having 1462 secured any necessary insurance or self-insurance and pays a 1463 civil penalty to the department, to be deposited by the 1464 1465 department into the Workers' Compensation Administration Trust 1466 Fund, in the amount of \$100 per day for each day the employer was not in compliance with this chapter. In addition to serving 1467 1468 a stop-work order at a particular work site which shall be 1469 effective immediately, the department shall immediately proceed 1470 with service upon the employer which shall be effective upon all 1471 employer work sites in the state for which the employer is not 1472 in compliance. A stop-work order may be served with regard to an employer's work site by posting a copy of the stop-work order in 1473 a conspicuous location at the work site. The order shall remain 1474 1475 in effect until the department issues an order releasing the 1476 stop-work order upon a finding that the employer has come into 1477 compliance with the coverage requirements of this chapter and 1478 has paid any penalty assessed under this section. The department 1479 may require an employer who is found to have failed to comply with the coverage requirements of s. 440.38 to file with the 1480 1481 department, as a condition of release from a stop-work order, 1482 periodic reports for a probationary period that shall not exceed 1483 2 years that demonstrate the employer's continued compliance 1484 with this chapter. The department shall by rule specify the 1485 reports required and the time for filing under this subsection. 1486 (b) Stop-work orders and penalty assessment orders issued under this section against a corporation, partnership, or sole 1487 proprietorship shall be in effect against any successor 1488 1489 corporation or business entity that has one or more of the same

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1490 principals or officers as the corporation or partnership against

1491 which the stop-work order was issued and are engaged in the same
1492 or equivalent trade or activity.

(c) The department shall assess a penalty of \$1,000 per
 day against an employer for each day that the employer conducts
 business operations that are in violation of a stop-work order.

1496 (d)1. In addition to any penalty, stop-work order, or 1497 injunction, the department shall assess against any employer who 1498 has failed to secure the payment of compensation as required by 1499 this chapter a penalty equal to 1.5 times the amount the 1500 employer would have paid in premium when applying approved 1501 manual rates to the employer's payroll during periods for which it failed to secure the payment of workers' compensation 1502 1503 required by this chapter within the preceding 3-year period or 1504 \$1,000, whichever is greater.

1505 <u>2. Any subsequent violation within 5 years after the most</u> 1506 recent violation shall, in addition to the penalties set forth 1507 in this subsection, be deemed a knowing act within the meaning 1508 of s. 440.105.

1509 (e) When an employer fails to provide business records 1510 sufficient to enable the department to determine the employer's payroll for the period requested for the calculation of the 1511 1512 penalty provided in paragraph (d), for penalty calculation 1513 purposes, the imputed weekly payroll for each employee, 1514 corporate officer, sole proprietor, or partner shall be the 1515 statewide average weekly wage as defined in s. 440.12(2) 1516 multiplied by 1.5. 1517 (f) In addition to any other penalties provided for in

1518 this chapter, the department may assess against the employer a

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1519 penalty of \$5,000 for each employee of that employer who the 1520 employer represents to the department or carrier as an 1521 independent contractor but who is determined by the department 1522 not to be an independent contractor as defined in s. 440.02.

(8) (6) In addition to the issuance of a stop-work order 1523 1524 under subsection (7), the department may file a complaint in the 1525 circuit court in and for Leon County to enjoin any employer, who 1526 has failed to secure the payment of workers' compensation as 1527 required by this chapter, from employing individuals and from conducting business until the employer presents evidence 1528 1529 satisfactory to the department of having secured the payment of 1530 workers' for compensation required by this chapter and pays a 1531 civil penalty assessed by $\frac{1}{10}$ the department under this section, 1532 to be deposited by the department into the Workers ' Compensation 1533 Administration Trust Fund, in the amount of \$100 per day for each day the employer was not in compliance with this chapter. 1534

1535 <u>(9)</u>(7) In addition to any penalty, stop-work order, or 1536 injunction, the department shall assess against any employer, 1537 who has failed to secure the payment of compensation as required 1538 by this chapter, a penalty in the following amount:

(a) An amount equal to at least the amount that the
employer would have paid or up to twice the amount the employer
would have paid during periods it illegally failed to secure
payment of compensation in the preceding 3-year period based on
the employer's payroll during the preceding 3-year period; or

(b) One thousand dollars, whichever is greater. Any
penalty assessed under this subsection is due within 30 days
after the date on which the employer is notified, except that,
if the department has posted a stop-work order or obtained

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1548 injunctive relief against the employer, payment is due, in 1549 addition to those conditions set forth in this section, as a 1550 condition to relief from a stop-work order or an injunction. 1551 Interest shall accrue on amounts not paid when due at the rate 1552 of 1 percent per month. The <u>department</u> division shall adopt 1553 rules to administer this section.

1554 <u>(10)(8)</u> The department may bring an action in circuit 1555 court to recover penalties assessed under this section, 1556 including any interest owed to the department pursuant to this 1557 section. In any action brought by the department pursuant to 1558 this section in which it prevails, the circuit court shall award 1559 costs, including the reasonable costs of investigation and a 1560 reasonable attorney's fee.

1561 (11) (9) Any judgment obtained by the department and any 1562 penalty due pursuant to the service of a stop-work order or 1563 otherwise due under this section shall, until collected, constitute a lien upon the entire interest of the employer, 1564 legal or equitable, in any property, real or personal, tangible 1565 1566 or intangible; however, such lien is subordinate to claims for 1567 unpaid wages and any prior recorded liens, and a lien created by 1568 this section is not valid against any person who, subsequent to 1569 such lien and in good faith and for value, purchases real or 1570 personal property from such employer or becomes the mortgagee on 1571 real or personal property of such employer, or against a subsequent attaching creditor, unless, with respect to real 1572 1573 estate of the employer, a notice of the lien is recorded in the 1574 public records of the county where the real estate is located, and with respect to personal property of the employer, the 1575 1576 notice is recorded with the Secretary of State.

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1577 (12)(10) Any law enforcement agency in the state may, at 1578 the request of the department, render any assistance necessary 1579 to carry out the provisions of this section, including, but not 1580 limited to, preventing any employee or other person from 1581 remaining at a place of employment or job site after a stop-work 1582 order or injunction has taken effect.

1583 Agency action Actions by the department under (13)(11) 1584 this section, if contested, must be contested as provided in 1585 chapter 120. All civil penalties assessed by the department must 1586 be paid into the Workers' Compensation Administration Trust 1587 Fund. The department shall return any sums previously paid, upon 1588 conclusion of an action, if the department fails to prevail and 1589 if so directed by an order of court or an administrative hearing 1590 officer. The requirements of this subsection may be met by posting a bond in an amount equal to twice the penalty and in a 1591 form approved by the department. 1592

1593 (14)(12) If the <u>department</u> division finds that an employer 1594 who is certified or registered under part I or part II of 1595 chapter 489 and who is required to secure <u>the</u> payment of 1596 <u>workers'</u> the compensation <u>under</u> provided for by this chapter to 1597 his or her employees has failed to do so, the <u>department</u> 1598 <u>division</u> shall immediately notify the Department of Business and 1599 Professional Regulation.

1600 Section 14. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 440.11, 1601 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1602

440.11 Exclusiveness of liability.--

1603 (1) The liability of an employer prescribed in s. 440.10
1604 shall be exclusive and in place of all other liability,
1605 <u>including vicarious liability</u>, of such employer to any third-

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1606 party tortfeasor and to the employee, the legal representative 1607 thereof, husband or wife, parents, dependents, next of kin, and 1608 anyone otherwise entitled to recover damages from such employer 1609 at law or in admiralty on account of such injury or death, 1610 except as follows: that

1611 (a) If an employer fails to secure payment of compensation 1612 as required by this chapter, an injured employee, or the legal 1613 representative thereof in case death results from the injury, 1614 may elect to claim compensation under this chapter or to 1615 maintain an action at law or in admiralty for damages on account 1616 of such injury or death. In such action the defendant may not 1617 plead as a defense that the injury was caused by negligence of a 1618 fellow employee, that the employee assumed the risk of the 1619 employment, or that the injury was due to the comparative 1620 negligence of the employee.

(b) When an employer commits an intentional tort that
(causes the injury or death of the employee. For purposes of this
paragraph, an employer's actions shall be deemed to constitute
an intentional tort and not an accident only when the employee
proves, by clear and convincing evidence, that:

16261. The employer deliberately intended to injure the1627employee; or

1628 <u>2. The employer engaged in conduct that the employer knew,</u> 1629 <u>based on prior similar accidents or on explicit warnings</u> 1630 <u>specifically identifying a known danger, was virtually certain</u> 1631 <u>to result in injury or death to the employee, and the employee</u> 1632 <u>was not aware of the risk because the danger was not apparent</u> 1633 and the employer deliberately concealed or misrepresented the

1634 <u>danger so as to prevent the employee from exercising informed</u>
1635 judgment about whether to perform the work.

1637 The same immunities from liability enjoyed by an employer shall 1638 extend as well to each employee of the employer when such 1639 employee is acting in furtherance of the employer's business and 1640 the injured employee is entitled to receive benefits under this 1641 chapter. Such fellow-employee immunities shall not be applicable 1642 to an employee who acts, with respect to a fellow employee, with 1643 willful and wanton disregard or unprovoked physical aggression 1644 or with gross negligence when such acts result in injury or death or such acts proximately cause such injury or death, nor 1645 1646 shall such immunities be applicable to employees of the same 1647 employer when each is operating in the furtherance of the 1648 employer's business but they are assigned primarily to unrelated 1649 works within private or public employment. The same immunity provisions enjoyed by an employer shall also apply to any sole 1650 1651 proprietor, partner, corporate officer or director, supervisor, 1652 or other person who in the course and scope of his or her duties 1653 acts in a managerial or policymaking capacity and the conduct 1654 which caused the alleged injury arose within the course and 1655 scope of said managerial or policymaking duties and was not a violation of a law, whether or not a violation was charged, for 1656 1657 which the maximum penalty which may be imposed does not exceed 1658 60 days' imprisonment as set forth in s. 775.082. The immunity 1659 from liability provided in this subsection extends to county 1660 governments with respect to employees of county constitutional officers whose offices are funded by the board of county 1661 1662 commissioners.

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1663 (3) An employer's workers' compensation carrier, service 1664 agent, or safety consultant shall not be liable as a third-party 1665 tortfeasor to employees of the employer or employees of its 1666 subcontractors for assisting the employer and its 1667 subcontractors, if any, in carrying out the employer's rights 1668 and responsibilities under this chapter by furnishing any safety inspection, safety consultative service, or other safety service 1669 1670 incidental to the workers' compensation or employers' liability 1671 coverage or to the workers' compensation or employer's liability 1672 servicing contract. Without limitation, a safety consultant may 1673 include an owner, as defined in chapter 713, or an owner's related, affiliated, or subsidiary companies and the employees 1674 1675 of each. The exclusion from liability under this subsection shall not apply in any case in which injury or death is 1676 1677 proximately caused by the willful and unprovoked physical 1678 aggression, or by the negligent operation of a motor vehicle, by employees, officers, or directors of the employer's workers' 1679 compensation carrier, service agent, or safety consultant. 1680

1681Section 15. Section 440.13, Florida Statutes, is amended1682to read:

1683 440.13 Medical services and supplies; penalty for 1684 violations; limitations.--

(1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:

1686 (a) "Alternate medical care" means a change in treatment1687 or health care provider.

(b) "Attendant care" means care rendered by trained
professional attendants which is beyond the scope of household
duties. Family members may provide nonprofessional attendant
care, but may not be compensated under this chapter for care

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1692 that falls within the scope of household duties and other 1693 services normally and gratuitously provided by family members. 1694 "Family member" means a spouse, father, mother, brother, sister, 1695 child, grandchild, father-in-law, mother-in-law, aunt, or uncle. 1696 "Carrier" means, for purposes of this section, (C) 1697 insurance carrier, self-insurance fund or individually self-1698 insured employer, or assessable mutual insurer. 1699 (d) "Catastrophic injury" means an injury as defined in s. 1700 440.02 (d)(e) "Certified health care provider" means a health 1701 1702 care provider who has been certified by the agency or who has 1703 entered an agreement with a licensed managed care organization 1704 to provide treatment to injured workers under this section. 1705 Certification of such health care provider must include 1706 documentation that the health care provider has read and is 1707 familiar with the portions of the statute, impairment guides, practice parameters, protocols of treatment, and rules which 1708 1709 govern the provision of remedial treatment, care, and 1710 attendance.

1711 (e)(f) "Compensable" means a determination by a carrier or 1712 judge of compensation claims that a condition suffered by an 1713 employee results from an injury arising out of and in the course 1714 of employment.

1715 (f)(g) "Emergency services and care" means emergency
 1716 services and care as defined in s. 395.002.

1717 (g)(h) "Health care facility" means any hospital licensed 1718 under chapter 395 and any health care institution licensed under 1719 chapter 400.

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(h)(i) "Health care provider" means a physician or any
recognized practitioner who provides skilled services pursuant
to a prescription or under the supervision or direction of a
physician and who has been certified by the agency as a health
care provider. The term "health care provider" includes a health
care facility.

1726 <u>(i)(j)</u> "Independent medical examiner" means a physician 1727 selected by either an employee or a carrier to render one or 1728 more independent medical examinations in connection with a 1729 dispute arising under this chapter.

1730 <u>(j)(k)</u> "Independent medical examination" means an 1731 objective evaluation of the injured employee's medical 1732 condition, including, but not limited to, impairment or work 1733 status, performed by a physician or an expert medical advisor at 1734 the request of a party, a judge of compensation claims, or the 1735 agency to assist in the resolution of a dispute arising under 1736 this chapter.

1737 (k)(1) "Instance of overutilization" means a specific
1738 inappropriate service or level of service provided to an injured
1739 employee that includes the provision of treatment in excess of
1740 established practice parameters and protocols of treatment
1741 established in accordance with this chapter.

(1)(m) "Medically necessary" or "medical necessity" means any medical service or medical supply which is used to identify or treat an illness or injury, is appropriate to the patient's diagnosis and status of recovery, and is consistent with the location of service, the level of care provided, and applicable practice parameters. The service should be widely accepted among practicing health care providers, based on scientific criteria,

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1749 and determined to be reasonably safe. The service must not be of 1750 an experimental, investigative, or research nature, except in 1751 those instances in which prior approval of the Agency for Health 1752 Care Administration has been obtained. The Agency for Health 1753 Care Administration shall adopt rules providing for such 1754 approval on a case-by-case basis when the service or supply is 1755 shown to have significant benefits to the recovery and well-1756 being of the patient.

1757 (m)(n) "Medicine" means a drug prescribed by an authorized 1758 health care provider and includes only generic drugs or single-1759 source patented drugs for which there is no generic equivalent, unless the authorized health care provider writes or states that 1760 1761 the brand-name drug as defined in s. 465.025 is medically 1762 necessary, or is a drug appearing on the schedule of drugs 1763 created pursuant to s. 465.025(6), or is available at a cost 1764 lower than its generic equivalent.

1765 <u>(n)</u>(o) "Palliative care" means noncurative medical 1766 services that mitigate the conditions, effects, or pain of an 1767 injury.

1768 (o)(p) "Pattern or practice of overutilization" means 1769 repetition of instances of overutilization within a specific 1770 medical case or multiple cases by a single health care provider.

1771 <u>(p)(q)</u> "Peer review" means an evaluation by two or more 1772 physicians licensed under the same authority and with the same 1773 or similar specialty as the physician under review, of the 1774 appropriateness, quality, and cost of health care and health 1775 services provided to a patient, based on medically accepted 1776 standards.

1777 (q)(r) "Physician" or "doctor" means a physician licensed 1778 under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician licensed under 1779 chapter 459, a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 1780 460, a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, an 1781 optometrist licensed under chapter 463, or a dentist licensed 1782 under chapter 466, each of whom must be certified by the agency 1783 as a health care provider.

1784 <u>(r)(s)</u> "Reimbursement dispute" means any disagreement 1785 between a health care provider or health care facility and 1786 carrier concerning payment for medical treatment.

1787 <u>(s)(t)</u> "Utilization control" means a systematic process of 1788 implementing measures that assure overall management and cost 1789 containment of services delivered, including compliance with 1790 practice parameters and protocols of treatment as provided for 1791 in this chapter.

(t)(u) "Utilization review" means the evaluation of the 1792 1793 appropriateness of both the level and the quality of health care 1794 and health services provided to a patient, including, but not 1795 limited to, evaluation of the appropriateness of treatment, 1796 hospitalization, or office visits based on medically accepted 1797 standards. Such evaluation must be accomplished by means of a 1798 system that identifies the utilization of medical services based 1799 on practice parameters and protocols of treatment as provided 1800 for in this chapter medically accepted standards as established 1801 by medical consultants with qualifications similar to those 1802 providing the care under review, and that refers patterns and 1803 practices of overutilization to the agency.

1804

(2) MEDICAL TREATMENT; DUTY OF EMPLOYER TO FURNISH.--

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1805 Subject to the limitations specified elsewhere in this (a) 1806 chapter, the employer shall furnish to the employee such 1807 medically necessary remedial treatment, care, and attendance for 1808 such period as the nature of the injury or the process of 1809 recovery may require, which is in accordance with established 1810 practice parameters and protocols of treatment as provided for 1811 in this chapter, including medicines, medical supplies, durable 1812 medical equipment, orthoses, prostheses, and other medically 1813 necessary apparatus. Remedial treatment, care, and attendance, 1814 including work-hardening programs or pain-management programs 1815 accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities or Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health 1816 1817 Organizations or pain-management programs affiliated with 1818 medical schools, shall be considered as covered treatment only 1819 when such care is given based on a referral by a physician as 1820 defined in this chapter. Each facility shall maintain outcome data, including work status at discharges, total program 1821 1822 charges, total number of visits, and length of stay. The 1823 department shall utilize such data and report to the President 1824 of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives regarding the efficacy and cost-effectiveness of such program, 1825 1826 no later than October 1, 1994. Medically necessary treatment, 1827 care, and attendance does not include chiropractic services in excess of 24 18 treatments or rendered 12 8 weeks beyond the 1828 1829 date of the initial chiropractic treatment, whichever comes first, unless the carrier authorizes additional treatment or the 1830 1831 employee is catastrophically injured.

1832(b) The employer shall provide appropriate professional or1833nonprofessional attendant care performed only at the direction

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1834 and control of a physician when such care is medically necessary. The physician shall prescribe such care in writing. 1835 The employer or carrier shall not be responsible for such care 1836 1837 until the prescription for attendant care is received by the 1838 employer and carrier, which shall specify the time periods for 1839 such care, the level of care required, and the type of 1840 assistance required. A prescription for attendant care shall not 1841 prescribe such care retroactively. The value of nonprofessional 1842 attendant care provided by a family member must be determined as 1843 follows:

1844 1. If the family member is not employed <u>or if the family</u> 1845 <u>member is employed and is providing attendant care services</u> 1846 <u>during hours that he or she is not engaged in employment</u>, the 1847 per-hour value equals the federal minimum hourly wage.

1848 2. If the family member is employed and elects to leave 1849 that employment to provide attendant or custodial care, the perhour value of that care equals the per-hour value of the family 1850 1851 member's former employment, not to exceed the per-hour value of 1852 such care available in the community at large. A family member 1853 or a combination of family members providing nonprofessional 1854 attendant care under this paragraph may not be compensated for 1855 more than a total of 12 hours per day.

1856 <u>3. If the family member remains employed while providing</u>
1857 <u>attendant or custodial care, the per-hour value of that care</u>
1858 <u>equals the per-hour value of the family member's employment, not</u>
1859 <u>to exceed the per-hour value of such care available in the</u>
1860 <u>community at large.</u>

1861(c) If the employer fails to provide initial treatment or1862care required by this section after request by the injured

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1863 employee, the employee may obtain such initial treatment at the 1864 expense of the employer, if the initial treatment or care is 1865 compensable and medically necessary and is in accordance with 1866 established practice parameters and protocols of treatment as 1867 provided for in this chapter. There must be a specific request 1868 for the initial treatment or care, and the employer or carrier 1869 must be given a reasonable time period within which to provide 1870 the initial treatment or care. However, the employee is not 1871 entitled to recover any amount personally expended for the 1872 initial treatment or care service unless he or she has requested 1873 the employer to furnish that initial treatment or service and 1874 the employer has failed, refused, or neglected to do so within a 1875 reasonable time or unless the nature of the injury requires such initial treatment, nursing, and services and the employer or his 1876 1877 or her superintendent or foreman, having knowledge of the 1878 injury, has neglected to provide the initial treatment or care 1879 service.

(d) The carrier has the right to transfer the care of an
injured employee from the attending health care provider if an
independent medical examination determines that the employee is
not making appropriate progress in recuperation.

1884 Except in emergency situations and for treatment (e) 1885 rendered by a managed care arrangement, after any initial 1886 examination and diagnosis by a physician providing remedial 1887 treatment, care, and attendance, and before a proposed course of 1888 medical treatment begins, each insurer shall review, in 1889 accordance with the requirements of this chapter, the proposed course of treatment, to determine whether such treatment would 1890 1891 be recognized as reasonably prudent. The review must be in

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1892 accordance with all applicable workers' compensation practice 1893 parameters and protocols of treatment established in accordance 1894 with this chapter. The insurer must accept any such proposed 1895 course of treatment unless the insurer notifies the physician of 1896 its specific objections to the proposed course of treatment by 1897 the close of the tenth business day after notification by the 1898 physician, or a supervised designee of the physician, of the 1899 proposed course of treatment.

Upon the written request of the employee, the carrier 1900 (f) 1901 shall give the employee the opportunity for one change of 1902 physician during the course of treatment for any one accident. 1903 Upon the granting of a change of physician, the originally authorized physician in the same specialty as the changed 1904 1905 physician shall become deauthorized upon written notification by the employer or carrier. The carrier shall authorize an 1906 1907 alternative physician who shall not be professionally affiliated 1908 with the previous physician within 5 days after receipt of the 1909 request. If the carrier fails to provide a change of physician 1910 as requested by the employee, the employee may select the 1911 physician and such physician shall be considered authorized if 1912 the treatment being provided is compensable and medically 1913 necessary.

1914

1915 Failure of the carrier to timely comply with this subsection

1916 shall be a violation of this chapter and the carrier shall be

1917 subject to penalties as provided for in s. 440.525. The employee

1918 shall be entitled to select another physician from among not

- 1919 fewer than three carrier-authorized physicians who are not
- 1920 professionally affiliated.

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1921

(3) PROVIDER ELIGIBILITY; AUTHORIZATION.--

(a) As a condition to eligibility for payment under this
chapter, a health care provider who renders services must be a
certified health care provider and must receive authorization
from the carrier before providing treatment. This paragraph does
not apply to emergency care. The agency shall adopt rules to
implement the certification of health care providers.

1928 A health care provider who renders emergency care must (b) 1929 notify the carrier by the close of the third business day after 1930 it has rendered such care. If the emergency care results in 1931 admission of the employee to a health care facility, the health 1932 care provider must notify the carrier by telephone within 24 1933 hours after initial treatment. Emergency care is not compensable 1934 under this chapter unless the injury requiring emergency care arose as a result of a work-related accident. Pursuant to 1935 1936 chapter 395, all licensed physicians and health care providers 1937 in this state shall be required to make their services available 1938 for emergency treatment of any employee eligible for workers' 1939 compensation benefits. To refuse to make such treatment 1940 available is cause for revocation of a license.

1941 A health care provider may not refer the employee to (C) 1942 another health care provider, diagnostic facility, therapy center, or other facility without prior authorization from the 1943 1944 carrier, except when emergency care is rendered. Any referral 1945 must be to a health care provider that has been certified by the 1946 agency, unless the referral is for emergency treatment, and the 1947 referral must be made in accordance with practice parameters and 1948 protocols of treatment as provided for in this chapter.

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1949 (d) A carrier must respond, by telephone or in writing, to 1950 a request for authorization from an authorized health care 1951 provider by the close of the third business day after receipt of 1952 the request. A carrier who fails to respond to a written request 1953 for authorization for referral for medical treatment by the 1954 close of the third business day after receipt of the request 1955 consents to the medical necessity for such treatment. All such 1956 requests must be made to the carrier. Notice to the carrier does 1957 not include notice to the employer.

(e) Carriers shall adopt procedures for receiving,
reviewing, documenting, and responding to requests for
authorization. Such procedures shall be for a health care
provider certified under this section.

1962 (f) By accepting payment under this chapter for treatment 1963 rendered to an injured employee, a health care provider consents 1964 to the jurisdiction of the agency as set forth in subsection (11) and to the submission of all records and other information 1965 1966 concerning such treatment to the agency in connection with a 1967 reimbursement dispute, audit, or review as provided by this 1968 section. The health care provider must further agree to comply 1969 with any decision of the agency rendered under this section.

(g) The employee is not liable for payment for medical
treatment or services provided pursuant to this section except
as otherwise provided in this section.

(h) The provisions of s. 456.053 are applicable to
referrals among health care providers, as defined in subsection
(1), treating injured workers.

1976 (i) Notwithstanding paragraph (d), a claim for specialist1977 consultations, surgical operations, physiotherapeutic or

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1978 occupational therapy procedures, X-ray examinations, or special 1979 diagnostic laboratory tests that cost more than \$1,000 and other 1980 specialty services that the agency identifies by rule is not 1981 valid and reimbursable unless the services have been expressly 1982 authorized by the carrier, or unless the carrier has failed to 1983 respond within 10 days to a written request for authorization, 1984 or unless emergency care is required. The insurer shall not 1985 refuse to authorize such consultation or procedure unless the 1986 health care provider or facility is not authorized or certified, 1987 unless such treatment is not in accordance with practice 1988 parameters and protocols of treatment established in this 1989 chapter, or unless a judge of compensation claims an expert 1990 medical advisor has determined that the consultation or 1991 procedure is not medically necessary, not in accordance with the 1992 practice parameters and protocols of treatment established in 1993 this chapter, or otherwise not compensable under this chapter. 1994 Authorization of a treatment plan does not constitute express 1995 authorization for purposes of this section, except to the extent 1996 the carrier provides otherwise in its authorization procedures. 1997 This paragraph does not limit the carrier's obligation to 1998 identify and disallow overutilization or billing errors.

1999 (j) Notwithstanding anything in this chapter to the 2000 contrary, a sick or injured employee shall be entitled, at all 2001 times, to free, full, and absolute choice in the selection of 2002 the pharmacy or pharmacist dispensing and filling prescriptions 2003 for medicines required under this chapter. It is expressly 2004 forbidden for the agency, an employer, or a carrier, or any agent or representative of the agency, an employer, or a carrier 2005 2006 to select the pharmacy or pharmacist which the sick or injured

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2007 employee must use; condition coverage or payment on the basis of 2008 the pharmacy or pharmacist utilized; or to otherwise interfere 2009 in the selection by the sick or injured employee of a pharmacy 2010 or pharmacist.

2011 (4) NOTICE OF TREATMENT TO CARRIER; FILING WITH 2012 DEPARTMENT.--

2013 (a) Any health care provider providing necessary remedial 2014 treatment, care, or attendance to any injured worker shall 2015 submit treatment reports to the carrier in a format prescribed 2016 by the department in consultation with the agency. A claim for 2017 medical or surgical treatment is not valid or enforceable 2018 against such employer or employee, unless, by the close of the 2019 third business day following the first treatment, the physician 2020 providing the treatment furnishes to the employer or carrier a 2021 preliminary notice of the injury and treatment in a format on 2022 forms prescribed by the department in consultation with the agency and, within 15 days thereafter, furnishes to the employer 2023 2024 or carrier a complete report, and subsequent thereto furnishes 2025 progress reports, if requested by the employer or insurance 2026 carrier, at intervals of not less than 3 weeks apart or at less 2027 frequent intervals if requested in a format on forms prescribed 2028 by the department in consultation with the agency.

(b) Upon the request of the department or agency, each medical report or bill obtained or received by the employer, the carrier, or the injured employee, or the attorney for the employer, carrier, or injured employee, with respect to the remedial treatment, care, and attendance of the injured employee, including any report of an examination, diagnosis, or disability evaluation, must be produced by the health care

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2036 provider to filed with the department or agency pursuant to 2037 rules adopted by the department in consultation with the agency. 2038 The health care provider shall also furnish to the injured 2039 employee or to his or her attorney and the employer or carrier 2040 or its attorney, on demand, a copy of his or her office chart, records, and reports, and may charge the injured employee no 2041 2042 more than 50 cents per page for copying the records and the 2043 actual direct cost to the health care provider or health care 2044 facility for X rays, microfilm, or other nonpaper records an 2045 amount authorized by the department for the copies. Each such 2046 health care provider shall provide to the agency or department 2047 information about the remedial treatment, care, and attendance 2048 which the agency or department reasonably requests.

2049 It is the policy for the administration of the (C) 2050 workers' compensation system that there shall be reasonable 2051 access to medical information by all parties to facilitate the self-executing features of the law. An employee who reports an 2052 2053 injury or illness alleged to be work-related waives any 2054 physician-patient privilege with respect to any condition or 2055 complaint reasonably related to the condition for which the employee claims compensation. Notwithstanding the limitations in 2056 2057 s. 456.057 and subject to the limitations in s. 381.004, upon the request of the employer, the carrier, an authorized 2058 2059 qualified rehabilitation provider, or the attorney for the 2060 employer or carrier, the medical records, reports, and 2061 information of an injured employee relevant to the particular 2062 injury or illness for which compensation is sought must be furnished to those persons and the medical condition of the 2063 2064 injured employee must be discussed with those persons, if the

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2065 records and the discussions are restricted to conditions 2066 relating to the workplace injury. Release of medical information 2067 by the health care provider or other physician does not require 2068 the authorization of the injured employee. If medical records, 2069 reports, and information of an injured employee are sought from 2070 health care providers who are not subject to the jurisdiction of 2071 the state, the injured employee shall sign an authorization 2072 allowing for the employer or carrier to obtain the medical 2073 records, reports, or information. Any such discussions or 2074 release of information may be held before or after the filing of 2075 a claim or petition for benefits without the knowledge, consent, 2076 or presence of any other party or his or her agent or 2077 representative. A health care provider who willfully refuses to 2078 provide medical records or to discuss the medical condition of 2079 the injured employee, after a reasonable request is made for 2080 such information pursuant to this subsection, shall be subject 2081 by the department agency to one or more of the penalties set 2082 forth in paragraph (8)(b). The department may adopt rules to 2083 carry out this subsection.

2084

(5) INDEPENDENT MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS. --

2085 In any dispute concerning overutilization, medical (a) 2086 benefits, compensability, or disability under this chapter, the 2087 carrier or the employee may select an independent medical 2088 examiner. If the parties agree, the examiner may be a health 2089 care provider treating or providing other care to the employee. 2090 An independent medical examiner may not render an opinion 2091 outside his or her area of expertise, as demonstrated by 2092 licensure and applicable practice parameters. The employer and 2093 employee shall be entitled to only one independent medical

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2094 examination per accident and not one independent medical 2095 examination per medical specialty. The party requesting and 2096 selecting the independent medical examination shall be 2097 responsible for all expenses associated with said examination, including, but not limited to, medically necessary diagnostic 2098 2099 testing performed and physician or medical care provider fees for the evaluation. The party selecting the independent medical 2100 2101 examination shall identify the choice of the independent medical 2102 examiner to all other parties within 15 days after the date the 2103 independent medical examination is to take place. Failure to 2104 timely provide such notification shall preclude the requesting 2105 party from submitting the findings of such independent medical 2106 examiner in a proceeding before a judge of compensation claims. 2107 The independent medical examiner may not provide followup care 2108 if such recommendation for care is found to be medically 2109 necessary. If the employee prevails in a medical dispute as 2110 determined in an order by a judge of compensation claims or if 2111 benefits are paid or treatment provided after the employee has 2112 obtained an independent medical examination based upon the examiner's findings, the costs of such examination shall be paid 2113 2114 by the employer or carrier.

(b) Each party is bound by his or her selection of an independent medical examiner, including the selection of the independent medical examiner in accordance with s. 440.134 and the opinions of such independent medical examiner. Each party and is entitled to an alternate examiner only if:

2120 1. The examiner is not qualified to render an opinion upon 2121 an aspect of the employee's illness or injury which is material 2122 to the claim or petition for benefits;

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2123 2. The examiner ceases to practice in the specialty 2124 relevant to the employee's condition;

2125 3. The examiner is unavailable due to injury, death, or
2126 relocation outside a reasonably accessible geographic area; or
2127 4. The parties agree to an alternate examiner.

2128

2129 Any party may request, or a judge of compensation claims may 2130 require, designation of an agency medical advisor as an 2131 independent medical examiner. The opinion of the advisors acting 2132 as examiners shall not be afforded the presumption set forth in 2133 paragraph (9)(c).

The carrier may, at its election, contact the claimant 2134 (C) 2135 directly to schedule a reasonable time for an independent 2136 medical examination. The carrier must confirm the scheduling 2137 agreement in writing with the claimant and the within 5 days and 2138 notify claimant's counsel, if any, at least 7 days before the date upon which the independent medical examination is scheduled 2139 2140 to occur. An attorney representing a claimant is not authorized to schedule the self-insured employer's or carrier's independent 2141 2142 medical evaluations under this subsection. Neither the self-2143 insured employer nor the carrier shall be responsible for scheduling any independent medical examination other than an 2144 2145 employer or carrier independent medical examination.

(d) If the employee fails to appear for the independent medical examination <u>scheduled by the employer or carrier</u> without good cause and fails to advise the physician at least 24 hours before the scheduled date for the examination that he or she cannot appear, the employee is barred from recovering compensation for any period during which he or she has refused

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2152 to submit to such examination. Further, the employee shall 2153 reimburse the employer or carrier 50 percent of the physician's 2154 cancellation or no-show fee unless the employer or carrier that 2155 schedules the examination fails to timely provide to the 2156 employee a written confirmation of the date of the examination 2157 pursuant to paragraph (c) which includes an explanation of why 2158 he or she failed to appear. The employee may appeal to a judge 2159 of compensation claims for reimbursement when the employer or 2160 carrier withholds payment in excess of the authority granted by 2161 this section.

(e) No medical opinion other than the opinion of a medical advisor appointed by the judge of compensation claims or <u>the</u> <u>department</u> agency, an independent medical examiner, or an authorized treating provider is admissible in proceedings before the judges of compensation claims.

(f) Attorney's fees incurred by an injured employee in connection with delay of or opposition to an independent medical examination, including, but not limited to, motions for protective orders, are not recoverable under this chapter.

2171 (g) When a medical dispute arises, the parties may 2172 mutually agree to refer the employee to a licensed physician 2173 specializing in the diagnosis and treatment of the medical 2174 condition at issue for an independent medical examination and 2175 report. Such medical examination shall be referred to as a 2176 "consensus independent medical examination." The findings and 2177 conclusions of such mutually agreed upon consensus independent 2178 medical examination shall be binding on the parties and shall 2179 constitute resolution of the medical dispute addressed in the 2180 independent consensus medical examination and in any proceeding.

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2181 <u>Agreement by the parties to a consensus independent medical</u> 2182 <u>examination shall not affect the employer's, carrier's, or</u> 2183 <u>employee's entitlement to one independent medical examination</u> 2184 <u>per accident as provided for in this subsection.</u>

2185 (6) UTILIZATION REVIEW.--Carriers shall review all bills, 2186 invoices, and other claims for payment submitted by health care 2187 providers in order to identify overutilization and billing 2188 errors, including compliance with practice parameters and 2189 protocols of treatment established in accordance with this 2190 chapter, and may hire peer review consultants or conduct 2191 independent medical evaluations. Such consultants, including 2192 peer review organizations, are immune from liability in the 2193 execution of their functions under this subsection to the extent 2194 provided in s. 766.101. If a carrier finds that overutilization 2195 of medical services or a billing error has occurred, or there is a violation of the practice parameters and protocols of 2196 2197 treatment established in accordance with this chapter, it must 2198 disallow or adjust payment for such services or error without 2199 order of a judge of compensation claims or the agency, if the 2200 carrier, in making its determination, has complied with this 2201 section and rules adopted by the agency.

2202

(7) UTILIZATION AND REIMBURSEMENT DISPUTES.--

(a) Any health care provider, carrier, or employer who elects to contest the disallowance or adjustment of payment by a carrier under subsection (6) must, within 30 days after receipt of notice of disallowance or adjustment of payment, petition the agency to resolve the dispute. The petitioner must serve a copy of the petition on the carrier and on all affected parties by certified mail. The petition must be accompanied by all

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2210 documents and records that support the allegations contained in 2211 the petition. Failure of a petitioner to submit such 2212 documentation to the agency results in dismissal of the 2213 petition.

(b) The carrier must submit to the agency within 10 days after receipt of the petition all documentation substantiating the carrier's disallowance or adjustment. Failure of the carrier to <u>timely</u> submit the requested documentation to the agency within 10 days constitutes a waiver of all objections to the petition.

2220 (c) Within 60 days after receipt of all documentation, the 2221 agency must provide to the petitioner, the carrier, and the 2222 affected parties a written determination of whether the carrier 2223 properly adjusted or disallowed payment. The agency must be 2224 guided by standards and policies set forth in this chapter, 2225 including all applicable reimbursement schedules, practice parameters, and protocols of treatment, in rendering its 2226 2227 determination.

(d) If the agency finds an improper disallowance or improper adjustment of payment by an insurer, the insurer shall reimburse the health care provider, facility, insurer, or employer within 30 days, subject to the penalties provided in this subsection.

(e) The agency shall adopt rules to carry out this subsection. The rules may include provisions for consolidating petitions filed by a petitioner and expanding the timetable for rendering a determination upon a consolidated petition.

2237 (f) Any carrier that engages in a pattern or practice of 2238 arbitrarily or unreasonably disallowing or reducing payments to

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2239 health care providers may be subject to one or more of the 2240 following penalties imposed by the agency:

2241 1. Repayment of the appropriate amount to the health care 2242 provider.

2243 2. An administrative fine assessed by the agency in an 2244 amount not to exceed \$5,000 per instance of improperly 2245 disallowing or reducing payments.

2246 3. Award of the health care provider's costs, including a 2247 reasonable attorney's fee, for prosecuting the petition.

2248

(8) PATTERN OR PRACTICE OF OVERUTILIZATION.--

2249 Carriers must report to the agency all instances of (a) 2250 overutilization including, but not limited to, all instances in 2251 which the carrier disallows or adjusts payment or a 2252 determination has been made that the provided or recommended 2253 treatment is in excess of the practice parameters and protocols 2254 of treatment established in this chapter. The agency shall 2255 determine whether a pattern or practice of overutilization 2256 exists.

(b) If the agency determines that a health care provider has engaged in a pattern or practice of overutilization or a violation of this chapter or rules adopted by the agency, <u>including a pattern or practice of providing treatment in excess</u> <u>of the practice parameters or protocols of treatment</u>, it may impose one or more of the following penalties:

2263 1. An order of the agency barring the provider from2264 payment under this chapter;

2265 2266 2. Deauthorization of care under review;

3. Denial of payment for care rendered in the future;

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2267 4. Decertification of a health care provider certified as
2268 an expert medical advisor under subsection (9) or of a
2269 rehabilitation provider certified under s. 440.49;

5. An administrative fine assessed by the agency in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 per instance of overutilization or violation; and

6. Notification of and review by the appropriate licensing authority pursuant to s. 440.106(3).

2275

(9) EXPERT MEDICAL ADVISORS.--

The agency shall certify expert medical advisors in 2276 (a) 2277 each specialty to assist the agency and the judges of compensation claims within the advisor's area of expertise as 2278 2279 provided in this section. The agency shall, in a manner 2280 prescribed by rule, in certifying, recertifying, or decertifying 2281 an expert medical advisor, consider the qualifications, 2282 training, impartiality, and commitment of the health care 2283 provider to the provision of quality medical care at a 2284 reasonable cost. As a prerequisite for certification or 2285 recertification, the agency shall require, at a minimum, that 2286 an expert medical advisor have specialized workers' compensation 2287 training or experience under the workers' compensation system of 2288 this state and board certification or board eligibility.

(b) The agency shall contract with <u>one or more entities</u> that employ, contract with, or otherwise secure or employ expert medical advisors to provide peer review or <u>expert</u> medical consultation, <u>opinions</u>, and testimony to the agency or to a judge of compensation claims in connection with resolving disputes relating to reimbursement, differing opinions of health care providers, and health care and physician services rendered

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2296 under this chapter, including utilization issues. The agency 2297 shall by rule establish the qualifications of expert medical 2298 advisors, including training and experience in the workers' 2299 compensation system in the state and the expert medical 2300 advisor's knowledge of and commitment to the standards of care, 2301 practice parameters, and protocols established pursuant to this 2302 chapter. Expert medical advisors contracting with the agency 2303 shall, as a term of such contract, agree to provide consultation 2304 or services in accordance with the timetables set forth in this 2305 chapter and to abide by rules adopted by the agency, including, 2306 but not limited to, rules pertaining to procedures for review of 2307 the services rendered by health care providers and preparation 2308 of reports and testimony or recommendations for submission to 2309 the agency or the judge of compensation claims.

2310 (C) If there is disagreement in the opinions of the health 2311 care providers, if two health care providers disagree on medical 2312 evidence supporting the employee's complaints or the need for 2313 additional medical treatment, or if two health care providers 2314 disagree that the employee is able to return to work, the agency 2315 may, and the judge of compensation claims shall, upon his or her 2316 own motion or within 15 days after receipt of a written request 2317 by either the injured employee, the employer, or the carrier, order the injured employee to be evaluated by an expert medical 2318 2319 advisor. The opinion of the expert medical advisor is presumed 2320 to be correct unless there is clear and convincing evidence to 2321 the contrary as determined by the judge of compensation claims. 2322 The expert medical advisor appointed to conduct the evaluation shall have free and complete access to the medical records of 2323 2324 the employee. An employee who fails to report to and cooperate

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2325 with such evaluation forfeits entitlement to compensation during 2326 the period of failure to report or cooperate.

(d) The expert medical advisor must complete his or her
evaluation and issue his or her report to the agency or to the
judge of compensation claims within <u>15</u> 45 days after receipt of
all medical records. The expert medical advisor must furnish a
copy of the report to the carrier and to the employee.

(e) An expert medical advisor is not liable under any
theory of recovery for evaluations performed under this section
without a showing of fraud or malice. The protections of s.
766.101 apply to any officer, employee, or agent of the agency
and to any officer, employee, or agent of any entity with which
the agency has contracted under this subsection.

2338 If the agency or a judge of compensation claims orders (f) determines that the services of a certified expert medical 2339 2340 advisor are required to resolve a dispute under this section, 2341 the party requesting such examination carrier must compensate 2342 the advisor for his or her time in accordance with a schedule adopted by the agency. If the employee prevails in a dispute as 2343 2344 determined in an order by a judge of compensation claims based 2345 upon the expert medical advisor's findings, the employer or 2346 carrier shall pay for the costs of such expert medical advisor. 2347 If a judge of compensation claims, upon his or her motion, finds 2348 that an expert medical advisor is needed to resolve the dispute, 2349 the carrier must compensate the advisor for his or her time in 2350 accordance with a schedule adopted by the agency. The agency may 2351 assess a penalty not to exceed \$500 against any carrier that 2352 fails to timely compensate an advisor in accordance with this 2353 section.

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2354 WITNESS FEES. -- Any health care provider who gives a (10)2355 deposition shall be allowed a witness fee. The amount charged by the witness may not exceed \$200 per hour. An expert witness who 2356 2357 has never provided direct professional services to a party but 2358 has merely reviewed medical records and provided an expert 2359 opinion or has provided only direct professional services that 2360 were unrelated to the workers' compensation case may not be 2361 allowed a witness fee in excess of \$200 per day.

(11) AUDITS BY AGENCY FOR HEALTH CARE ADMINISTRATION AND
THE DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE; JURISDICTION. --

2364 The Agency for Health Care Administration may (a) 2365 investigate health care providers to determine whether providers 2366 are complying with this chapter and with rules adopted by the 2367 agency, whether the providers are engaging in overutilization, 2368 and whether providers are engaging in improper billing 2369 practices, and whether providers are adhering to practice 2370 parameters and protocols established in accordance with this 2371 chapter. If the agency finds that a health care provider has 2372 improperly billed, overutilized, or failed to comply with agency 2373 rules or the requirements of this chapter, including, but not 2374 limited to, practice parameters and protocols established in 2375 accordance with this chapter, it must notify the provider of its 2376 findings and may determine that the health care provider may not 2377 receive payment from the carrier or may impose penalties as set 2378 forth in subsection (8) or other sections of this chapter. If 2379 the health care provider has received payment from a carrier for 2380 services that were improperly billed, that constitute overutilization, or that were outside practice parameters or 2381 2382 protocols established in accordance with this chapter or for

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2383 overutilization, it must return those payments to the carrier.
2384 The agency may assess a penalty not to exceed \$500 for each
2385 overpayment that is not refunded within 30 days after
2386 notification of overpayment by the agency or carrier.

2387 The department shall monitor and audit carriers as (b) 2388 provided in s. 624.3161, to determine if medical bills are paid 2389 in accordance with this section and department rules. Any 2390 employer, if self-insured, or carrier found by the division not 2391 to be within 90 percent compliance as to the payment of medical 2392 bills after July 1, 1994, must be assessed a fine not to exceed 2393 1 percent of the prior year's assessment levied against such 2394 entity under s. 440.51 for every quarter in which the entity 2395 fails to attain 90-percent compliance. The department shall fine 2396 or otherwise discipline an employer or carrier, pursuant to this 2397 chapter, the insurance code, or rules adopted by the department, 2398 for each late payment of compensation that is below the minimum 2399 95-percent 90-percent performance standard. Any carrier that is 2400 found to be not in compliance in subsequent consecutive quarters 2401 must implement a medical-bill review program approved by the 2402 division, and the carrier is subject to disciplinary action by 2403 the Department of Insurance.

(c) The agency has exclusive jurisdiction to decide any matters concerning reimbursement, to resolve any overutilization dispute under subsection (7), and to decide any question concerning overutilization under subsection (8), which question or dispute arises after January 1, 1994.

(d) The following agency actions do not constitute agency
action subject to review under ss. 120.569 and 120.57 and do not
constitute actions subject to s. 120.56: referral by the entity

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2412 responsible for utilization review; a decision by the agency to 2413 refer a matter to a peer review committee; establishment by a 2414 health care provider or entity of procedures by which a peer 2415 review committee reviews the rendering of health care services; 2416 and the review proceedings, report, and recommendation of the 2417 peer review committee.

2418 (12) CREATION OF THREE-MEMBER PANEL; GUIDES OF MAXIMUM 2419 REIMBURSEMENT ALLOWANCES.--

2420 A three-member panel is created, consisting of the (a) 2421 Insurance Commissioner, or the Insurance Commissioner's 2422 designee, and two members to be appointed by the Governor, 2423 subject to confirmation by the Senate, one member who, on 2424 account of present or previous vocation, employment, or 2425 affiliation, shall be classified as a representative of 2426 employers, the other member who, on account of previous 2427 vocation, employment, or affiliation, shall be classified as a representative of employees. The panel shall determine statewide 2428 2429 schedules of maximum reimbursement allowances for medically 2430 necessary treatment, care, and attendance provided by 2431 physicians, hospitals, ambulatory surgical centers, work-2432 hardening programs, pain programs, and durable medical 2433 equipment. The maximum reimbursement allowances for inpatient 2434 hospital care shall be based on a schedule of per diem rates, to 2435 be approved by the three-member panel no later than March 1, 2436 1994, to be used in conjunction with a precertification manual 2437 as determined by the department, including maximum hours in 2438 which an outpatient may remain in observation status, which shall not exceed 23 hours agency. All compensable charges for 2439 2440 hospital outpatient care shall be reimbursed at 75 percent of

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2441 usual and customary charges, except as otherwise provided by 2442 this subsection. Until the three-member panel approves a 2443 schedule of per diem rates for inpatient hospital care and it 2444 becomes effective, all compensable charges for hospital 2445 inpatient care must be reimbursed at 75 percent of their usual 2446 and customary charges. Annually, the three-member panel shall 2447 adopt schedules of maximum reimbursement allowances for 2448 physicians, hospital inpatient care, hospital outpatient care, 2449 ambulatory surgical centers, work-hardening programs, and pain 2450 programs. However, the maximum percentage of increase in the 2451 individual reimbursement allowance may not exceed the percentage 2452 of increase in the Consumer Price Index for the previous year. 2453 An individual physician, hospital, ambulatory surgical center, 2454 pain program, or work-hardening program shall be reimbursed 2455 either the usual and customary charge for treatment, care, and 2456 attendance, the agreed-upon contract price, or the maximum 2457 reimbursement allowance in the appropriate schedule, whichever 2458 is less.

(b) It is the intent of the Legislature to increase the schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances for selected physicians effective January 1, 2004, and to pay for the increases through reductions in payments to hospitals. Revisions developed pursuant to this subsection are limited to the following:

2465 <u>1. Payments for outpatient physical, occupational, and</u>
2466 <u>speech therapy provided by hospitals shall be reduced to the</u>
2467 <u>schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances for these services</u>
2468 which applies to nonhospital providers.

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2469 <u>2. Payments for scheduled outpatient nonemergency</u>
2470 radiological and clinical laboratory services that are not
2471 provided in conjunction with a surgical procedure shall be
2472 reduced to the schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances for
2473 these services which applies to nonhospital providers.

24743. Outpatient reimbursement for scheduled surgeries shall2475be reduced from 75 percent of charges to 60 percent of charges.

<u>4. Maximum reimbursement for a physician licensed under</u>
<u>chapter 458 or chapter 459 shall be increased to 110 percent of</u>
<u>the reimbursement allowed by Medicare, using appropriate codes</u>
<u>and modifiers or the medical reimbursement level adopted by the</u>
<u>three-member panel as of January 1, 2003, whichever is greater.</u>
<u>Maximum reimbursement for surgical procedures shall be</u>

24813. Maximum reimbursement for surgreat procedures shart be2482increased to 140 percent of the reimbursement allowed by2483Medicare or the medical reimbursement level adopted by the2484three-member panel as of January 1, 2003, whichever is greater.

2485 (c) (b) As to reimbursement for a prescription medication, 2486 the reimbursement amount for a prescription shall be the average wholesale price times 1.2 plus \$4.18 for the dispensing fee, 2487 2488 except where the carrier has contracted for a lower amount. Fees 2489 for pharmaceuticals and pharmaceutical services shall be 2490 reimbursable at the applicable fee schedule amount. Where the 2491 employer or carrier has contracted for such services and the 2492 employee elects to obtain them through a provider not a party to 2493 the contract, the carrier shall reimburse at the schedule, 2494 negotiated, or contract price, whichever is lower. No such 2495 contract shall rely on a provider that is not reasonably 2496 accessible to the employee.

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2497 (d)(c) Reimbursement for all fees and other charges for 2498 such treatment, care, and attendance, including treatment, care, 2499 and attendance provided by any hospital or other health care 2500 provider, ambulatory surgical center, work-hardening program, or 2501 pain program, must not exceed the amounts provided by the 2502 uniform schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances as 2503 determined by the panel or as otherwise provided in this 2504 section. This subsection also applies to independent medical 2505 examinations performed by health care providers under this 2506 chapter. Until the three-member panel approves a uniform schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances and it becomes 2507 2508 effective, all compensable charges for treatment, care, and 2509 attendance provided by physicians, ambulatory surgical centers, 2510 work-hardening programs, or pain programs shall be reimbursed at 2511 the lowest maximum reimburgement allowance across all 1992 schedules of maximum reimburgement allowances for the services 2512 provided regardless of the place of service. In determining the 2513 2514 uniform schedule, the panel shall first approve the data which 2515 it finds representative of prevailing charges in the state for 2516 similar treatment, care, and attendance of injured persons. Each 2517 health care provider, health care facility, ambulatory surgical 2518 center, work-hardening program, or pain program receiving 2519 workers' compensation payments shall maintain records verifying their usual charges. In establishing the uniform schedule of 2520 2521 maximum reimbursement allowances, the panel must consider:

2522 1. The levels of reimbursement for similar treatment, 2523 care, and attendance made by other health care programs or 2524 third-party providers;

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2525 2. The impact upon cost to employers for providing a level 2526 of reimbursement for treatment, care, and attendance which will 2527 ensure the availability of treatment, care, and attendance 2528 required by injured workers;

2529 The financial impact of the reimbursement allowances 3. 2530 upon health care providers and health care facilities, including 2531 trauma centers as defined in s. 395.4001, and its effect upon 2532 their ability to make available to injured workers such 2533 medically necessary remedial treatment, care, and attendance. 2534 The uniform schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances must be 2535 reasonable, must promote health care cost containment and 2536 efficiency with respect to the workers' compensation health care 2537 delivery system, and must be sufficient to ensure availability 2538 of such medically necessary remedial treatment, care, and 2539 attendance to injured workers; and

4. The most recent average maximum allowable rate of
increase for hospitals determined by the Health Care Board under
chapter 408.

2543(e)(d)In addition to establishing the uniform schedule of2544maximum reimbursement allowances, the panel shall:

1. Take testimony, receive records, and collect data to evaluate the adequacy of the workers' compensation fee schedule, nationally recognized fee schedules and alternative methods of reimbursement to certified health care providers and health care facilities for inpatient and outpatient treatment and care.

2550 2. Survey certified health care providers and health care 2551 facilities to determine the availability and accessibility of 2552 workers' compensation health care delivery systems for injured 2553 workers.

3. Survey carriers to determine the estimated impact on carrier costs and workers' compensation premium rates by implementing changes to the carrier reimbursement schedule or implementing alternative reimbursement methods.

4. Submit recommendations on or before January 1, 2003, and biennially thereafter, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on methods to improve the workers' compensation health care delivery system. 2562

The division shall provide data to the panel, including but not limited to, utilization trends in the workers' compensation health care delivery system. The division shall provide the panel with an annual report regarding the resolution of medical reimbursement disputes and any actions pursuant to s. 440.13(8). The division shall provide administrative support and service to the panel to the extent requested by the panel.

(13) REMOVAL OF PHYSICIANS FROM LISTS OF THOSE AUTHORIZED TO RENDER MEDICAL CARE.--The agency shall remove from the list of physicians or facilities authorized to provide remedial treatment, care, and attendance under this chapter the name of any physician or facility found after reasonable investigation to have:

(a) Engaged in professional or other misconduct or incompetency in connection with medical services rendered under this chapter;

(b) Exceeded the limits of his or her or its professional competence in rendering medical care under this chapter, or to have made materially false statements regarding his or her or its qualifications in his or her application;

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(c) Failed to transmit copies of medical reports to the employer or carrier, or failed to submit full and truthful medical reports of all his or her or its findings to the employer or carrier as required under this chapter;

(d) Solicited, or employed another to solicit for himself or herself or itself or for another, professional treatment, examination, or care of an injured employee in connection with any claim under this chapter;

(e) Refused to appear before, or to answer upon request of, the agency or any duly authorized officer of the state, any legal question, or to produce any relevant book or paper concerning his or her conduct under any authorization granted to him or her under this chapter;

2596 (f) Self-referred in violation of this chapter or other 2597 laws of this state; or

(g) Engaged in a pattern of practice of overutilization or
a violation of this chapter or rules adopted by the agency,
<u>including failure to adhere to practice parameters and protocols</u>
established in accordance with this chapter.

2602

(14) PAYMENT OF MEDICAL FEES. --

Except for emergency care treatment, fees for medical 2603 (a) 2604 services are payable only to a health care provider certified 2605 and authorized to render remedial treatment, care, or attendance 2606 under this chapter. Carriers shall pay, disallow, or deny 2607 payment to health care providers in the manner and at times set 2608 forth in this chapter. A health care provider may not collect or 2609 receive a fee from an injured employee within this state, except as otherwise provided by this chapter. Such providers have 2610 2611 recourse against the employer or carrier for payment for

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 2612 services rendered in accordance with this chapter. <u>Payment to</u> 2613 <u>health care providers or physicians shall be subject to the</u> 2614 <u>medical fee schedule and applicable practice parameters and</u> 2615 <u>protocols, regardless of whether the health care provider or</u> 2616 <u>claimant is asserting that the payment should be made.</u>

2617 (b) Fees charged for remedial treatment, care, and 2618 attendance, except for independent medical examinations and 2619 consensus independent medical examinations, may not exceed the 2620 applicable fee schedules adopted under this chapter and 2621 department rule. Notwithstanding any other provision in this 2622 chapter, if a physician or health care provider specifically 2623 agrees in writing to follow identified procedures aimed at providing quality medical care to injured workers at reasonable 2624 2625 costs, deviations from established fee schedules shall be 2626 permitted. Written agreements warranting deviations may include, but are not limited to, the timely scheduling of appointments 2627 for injured workers, participating in return-to-work programs 2628 2629 with injured workers' employers, expediting the reporting of 2630 treatments provided to injured workers, and agreeing to continuing education, utilization review, quality assurance, 2631 2632 precertification, and case management systems that are designed 2633 to provide needed treatment for injured workers.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter,
following overall maximum medical improvement from an injury
compensable under this chapter, the employee is obligated to pay
a copayment of \$10 per visit for medical services. The copayment
shall not apply to emergency care provided to the employee.

2639(15)PRACTICE PARAMETERS.--The practice parameters and2640protocols mandated under this chapter shall be the practice

2641 parameters and protocols adopted by the United States Agency for

2642 Healthcare Research and Quality in effect on January 1, 2003. 2643 (a) The Agency for Health Care Administration, in 2644 conjunction with the department and appropriate health 2645 professional associations and health-related organizations shall 2646 develop and may adopt by rule scientifically sound practice 2647 parameters for medical procedures relevant to workers' 2648 compensation claimants. Practice parameters developed under this section must focus on identifying effective remedial treatments 2649 2650 and promoting the appropriate utilization of health care 2651 resources. Priority must be given to those procedures that involve the greatest utilization of resources either because 2652 2653 they are the most costly or because they are the most frequently 2654 performed. Practice parameters for treatment of the 10 top procedures associated with workers' compensation injuries 2655 including the remedial treatment of lower-back injuries must be 2656 developed by December 31, 1994. 2657

2658 (b) The quidelines may be initially based on quidelines prepared by nationally recognized health care institutions and 2659 2660 professional organizations but should be tailored to meet the 2661 workers' compensation goal of returning employees to full employment as quickly as medically possible, taking into 2662 consideration outcomes data collected from managed care 2663 2664 providers and any other inpatient and outpatient facilities 2665 serving workers' compensation claimants.

2666 (c) Procedures must be instituted which provide for the 2667 periodic review and revision of practice parameters based on the 2668 latest outcomes data, research findings, technological

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2669 advancements, and clinical experiences, at least once every 3 2670 years.

2671 (d) Practice parameters developed under this section must
2672 be used by carriers and the agency in evaluating the
2673 appropriateness and overutilization of medical services provided
2674 to injured employees.

2675 (16) STANDARDS OF CARE.--The following standards of care
 2676 shall be followed in providing medical care under this chapter:
 2677 (a) Abnormal anatomical findings alone, in the absence of
 2678 objective relevant medical findings, shall not be an indicator
 2679 of injury or illness, a justification for the provision of
 2680 remedial medical care or the assignment of restrictions, or a

2681 <u>foundation for limitations.</u>

2682 (b) At all times during evaluation and treatment, the 2683 provider shall act on the premise that returning to work is an integral part of the treatment plan. The goal of removing all 2684 2685 restrictions and limitations as early as appropriate shall be 2686 part of the treatment plan on a continuous basis. The assignment of restrictions and limitations shall be reviewed with each 2687 2688 patient exam and upon receipt of new information, such as 2689 progress reports from physical therapists and other providers. 2690 Consideration shall be given to upgrading or removing the restrictions and limitations with each patient exam, based upon 2691 2692 the presence or absence of objective relevant medical findings. 2693 (c) Reasonable necessary medical care of injured employees shall in all situations: 2694 2695 1. Utilize a high intensity, short duration treatment 2696 approach that focuses on early activation and restoration of

2697 <u>function whenever possible.</u>

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2698	2. Include reassessment of the treatment plans, regimes,
2699	therapies, prescriptions, and functional limitations or
2700	restrictions prescribed by the provider every 30 days.
2701	3. Be focused on treatment of the individual employee's
2702	specific clinical dysfunction or status and shall not be based
2703	upon nondescript diagnostic labels.
2704	
2705	All treatment shall be inherently scientifically logical and the
2706	evaluation or treatment procedure must match the documented
2707	physiologic and clinical problem. Treatment shall match the
2708	type, intensity, and duration of service required by the problem
2709	identified.
2710	(17) Failure to comply with this section shall be
2711	considered a violation of this chapter and is subject to
2712	penalties as provided for in s. 440.525.
2713	Section 16. Paragraphs (d) and (i) of subsection (1) and
2714	subsections (2), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (17), and (25)
2715	of section 440.134, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2715 2716	of section 440.134, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 440.134 Workers' compensation managed care arrangement
2716	440.134 Workers' compensation managed care arrangement
2716 2717	440.134 Workers' compensation managed care arrangement (1) As used in this section, the term:
2716 2717 2718	440.134 Workers' compensation managed care arrangement (1) As used in this section, the term: (d) "Grievance" means <u>a written complaint, other than a</u>
2716 2717 2718 2719	<pre>440.134 Workers' compensation managed care arrangement (1) As used in this section, the term: (d) "Grievance" means <u>a written complaint, other than a</u> petition for benefits, filed by the injured worker pursuant to</pre>
2716 2717 2718 2719 2720	<pre>440.134 Workers' compensation managed care arrangement (1) As used in this section, the term: (d) "Grievance" means <u>a written complaint, other than a</u> petition for benefits, filed by the injured worker pursuant to the requirements of the managed care arrangement, expressing</pre>
2716 2717 2718 2719 2720 2721	<pre>440.134 Workers' compensation managed care arrangement (1) As used in this section, the term: (d) "Grievance" means <u>a written complaint, other than a</u> petition for benefits, filed by the injured worker pursuant to the requirements of the managed care arrangement, expressing dissatisfaction with the medical care provided by an insurer's</pre>
2716 2717 2718 2719 2720 2721 2722	440.134 Workers' compensation managed care arrangement (1) As used in this section, the term: (d) "Grievance" means <u>a written complaint</u> , other than a <u>petition for benefits</u> , filed by the injured worker pursuant to <u>the requirements of the managed care arrangement</u> , <u>expressing</u> dissatisfaction with the <u>medical care provided by an</u> insurer's workers' compensation managed care <u>arrangement's refusal to</u>
2716 2717 2718 2719 2720 2721 2722 2723	440.134 Workers' compensation managed care arrangement (1) As used in this section, the term: (d) "Grievance" means <u>a written complaint</u> , <u>other than a</u> <u>petition for benefits</u> , <u>filed by the injured worker pursuant to</u> <u>the requirements of the managed care arrangement</u> , <u>expressing</u> dissatisfaction with the <u>medical care provided by an</u> insurer's workers' compensation managed care <u>arrangement's refusal to</u> <u>provide medical care or the medical care provided</u> arrangement

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2726 "Medical care coordinator" means a primary care (i) 2727 provider within a provider network who is responsible for 2728 managing the medical care of an injured worker including 2729 determining other health care providers and health care 2730 facilities to which the injured employee will be referred for 2731 evaluation or treatment. A medical care coordinator shall be a 2732 physician licensed under chapter 458, or an osteopathic 2733 physician licensed under chapter 459, a chiropractic physician 2734 licensed under chapter 460, or a podiatric physician licensed 2735 under chapter 461.

2736 (2)(a) The self-insured employer or carrier may, subject 2737 to the terms and limitations specified elsewhere in this section 2738 and chapter, furnish to the employee solely through managed care 2739 arrangements such medically necessary remedial treatment, care, 2740 and attendance for such period as the nature of the injury or 2741 the process of recovery requires and which shall be in accordance with practice parameters and protocols established 2742 2743 pursuant to this chapter. For any self-insured employer or 2744 carrier who elects to deliver the medical benefits required by 2745 this chapter through a method other than a workers' compensation 2746 managed care arrangement, the discontinuance of the use of the 2747 workers' compensation managed care arrangement shall be without 2748 regard to the date of the accident, notwithstanding any other 2749 provision of law or rule.

(b) The agency shall authorize an insurer to offer or utilize a workers' compensation managed care arrangement after the insurer files a completed application along with the payment of a \$1,000 application fee, and upon the agency's being satisfied that the applicant has the ability to provide quality

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2755 of care consistent with the prevailing professional standards of 2756 care and the insurer and its workers' compensation managed care 2757 arrangement otherwise meets the requirements of this section. No 2758 insurer may offer or utilize a managed care arrangement without 2759 such authorization. The authorization, unless sooner suspended 2760 or revoked, shall automatically expire 2 years after the date of 2761 issuance unless renewed by the insurer. The authorization shall 2762 be renewed upon application for renewal and payment of a renewal 2763 fee of \$1,000, provided that the insurer is in compliance with 2764 the requirements of this section and any rules adopted 2765 hereunder. An application for renewal of the authorization shall 2766 be made 90 days prior to expiration of the authorization, on 2767 forms provided by the agency. The renewal application shall not 2768 require the resubmission of any documents previously filed with 2769 the agency if such documents have remained valid and unchanged 2770 since their original filing.

2771 (6) The proposed managed care plan of operation must 2772 include:

(a) A statement or map providing a clear description ofthe service area.

2775

(b) A description of the grievance procedure to be used.

(c) A description of the quality assurance program which assures that the health care services provided to workers shall be rendered under reasonable standards of quality of care consistent with the prevailing standards of medical practice in the medical community. The program shall include, but not be limited to:

2782 1. A written statement of goals and objectives that2783 stresses health and return-to-work outcomes as the principal

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2784 criteria for the evaluation of the quality of care rendered to 2785 injured workers.

2786 2. A written statement describing how methodology has been 2787 incorporated into an ongoing system for monitoring of care that 2788 is individual case oriented and, when implemented, can provide 2789 interpretation and analysis of patterns of care rendered to 2790 individual patients by individual providers.

3. Written procedures for taking appropriate remedial
action whenever, as determined under the quality assurance
program, inappropriate or substandard services have been
provided or services that should have been furnished have not
been provided.

4. A written plan, which includes ongoing review, for
providing review of physicians and other licensed medical
providers.

2799 5. Appropriate financial incentives to reduce service
2800 costs and utilization without sacrificing the quality of
2801 service.

6. Adequate methods of peer review and utilization review.
The utilization review process shall include a health care
<u>facility's</u> facilities precertification mechanism, including, but
not limited to, all elective admissions and nonemergency
surgeries and adherence to practice parameters and protocols
established in accordance with this chapter.

2808 7. Provisions for resolution of disputes arising between a 2809 health care provider and an insurer regarding reimbursements and 2810 utilization review.

2811 8. Availability of a process for aggressive medical care2812 coordination, as well as a program involving cooperative efforts

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2813 by the workers, the employer, and the workers' compensation 2814 managed care arrangement to promote early return to work for 2815 injured workers.

2816 9. A written plan allowing for the independent medical examination provided for in s. 440.13(5). Notwithstanding any 2817 2818 provision to the contrary, the costs for the independent medical 2819 examination shall be paid by the carrier if such examination is 2820 performed by a physician in the provider network. Otherwise, 2821 such costs shall be paid in accordance with s. 440.13(5). An 2822 independent medical examination requested by a claimant and paid 2823 for by the carrier shall constitute the claimant's one 2824 independent medical examination per accident under s. 440.13(5). 2825 A process allowing employees to obtain one second medical 2826 opinion in the same specialty and within the provider network 2827 during the course of treatment for a work-related injury.

2828 10. A provision for the selection of a primary care
2829 provider by the employee from among primary providers in the
2830 provider network.

2831 11. The written information proposed to be used by the2832 insurer to comply with subparagraph 8.

(7) Written procedures to provide the insurer with timely
medical records and information including, but not limited to,
work status, work restrictions, date of maximum medical
improvement, permanent impairment ratings, and other information
as required, including information demonstrating compliance with
the practice parameters and protocols of treatment established
pursuant to this chapter.

2840 (8) Evidence that appropriate health care providers and 2841 administrative staff of the insurer's workers' compensation

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2842 managed care arrangement have received training and education on 2843 the provisions of this chapter; and the administrative rules 2844 that govern the provision of remedial treatment, care, and 2845 attendance of injured workers; and the practice parameters and 2846 protocols of treatment established pursuant to this chapter.

(9) Written procedures and methods to prevent inappropriate or excessive treatment <u>that are in accordance with</u> <u>the practice parameters and protocols of treatment established</u> pursuant to this chapter.

(10) Written procedures and methods for the management of an injured worker's medical care by a medical care coordinator including:

(a) The mechanism for assuring that covered employees
receive all initial covered services from a primary care
provider participating in the provider network, except for
emergency care.

(b) The mechanism for assuring that all continuing covered services be received from the same primary care provider participating in the provider network that provided the initial covered services, except when services from another provider are authorized by the medical care coordinator pursuant to paragraph (d).

(c) The policies and procedures for allowing an employee one change to another provider within the same specialty and provider network as the authorized treating physician during the course of treatment for a work-related injury, in accordance with the procedures provided in s. 440.13(2)(f), if a request is made to the medical care coordinator by the employee; and

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2870 requiring that special provision be made for more than one such 2871 referral through the arrangement's grievance procedures.

(d) The process for assuring that all referrals authorized
by a medical care coordinator, in accordance with the practice
parameters and protocols of treatment established pursuant to
this chapter, are made to the participating network providers,
unless medically necessary treatment, care, and attendance are
not available and accessible to the injured worker in the
provider network.

2879 (e) Assignment of a medical care coordinator licensed 2880 under chapter 458 or chapter 459 to manage care by physicians 2881 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a medical care 2882 coordinator licensed under chapter 460 to manage care by 2883 physicians licensed under chapter 460, and a medical care 2884 coordinator licensed under chapter 461 to manage care by 2885 physicians licensed under chapter 461 upon request by an injured 2886 employee for care by a physician licensed under chapter 458, 2887 chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461.

(11) A description of the use of workers' compensation
practice parameters <u>and protocols of treatment</u> for health care
services when adopted by the agency.

2891 (17) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, 2892 when a carrier provides medical care through a workers' 2893 compensation managed care arrangement, pursuant to this section, 2894 those workers who are subject to the arrangement must receive 2895 medical services for work-related injuries and diseases as 2896 prescribed in the contract, provided the employer and carrier 2897 have provided notice to the employees of the arrangement in a 2898 manner approved by the agency and the medical services are in

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2899 accordance with the practice parameters and protocols 2900 established pursuant to this chapter. Treatment received outside 2901 the workers' compensation managed care arrangement is not 2902 compensable, regardless of the purpose of the treatment, including, but not limited to, evaluations, examinations, or 2903 2904 diagnostic studies to determine causation between medical 2905 findings and a compensable accident, the existence or extent of 2906 impairments or disabilities, and whether the injured employee 2907 has reached maximum medical improvement, unless authorized by 2908 the carrier prior to the treatment date. 2909 (25) The agency shall adopt rules that specify: 2910 Procedures for authorization and examination of (a) 2911 workers' compensation managed care arrangements by the agency. 2912 Requirements and procedures for authorization of (b) 2913 workers' compensation arrangement provider networks and 2914 procedures for the agency to grant exceptions from accessibility 2915 of services. 2916 Requirements and procedures for case management, (C) 2917 utilization management, and peer review. 2918 Requirements and procedures for quality assurance and (d) 2919 medical records. 2920 Requirements and procedures for dispute resolution in (e) 2921 conformance with this chapter. 2922 (f) Requirements and procedures for employee and provider 2923 education. 2924 Requirements and procedures for reporting data (q) 2925 regarding grievances, return-to-work outcomes, and provider 2926 networks.

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2927 Section 17. Subsections (1) and (4)and paragraph (b) of 2928 subsection (5) of section 440.14, Florida Statutes, are amended 2929 to read:

2930

440.14 Determination of pay.--

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the average weekly wages of the injured employee <u>on the date of the</u> <u>accident</u> at the time of the injury shall be taken as the basis upon which to compute compensation and shall be determined, subject to the limitations of s. 440.12(2), as follows:

2936 If the injured employee has worked in the employment (a) 2937 in which she or he was working on the date of the accident at 2938 the time of the injury, whether for the same or another 2939 employer, during substantially the whole of 13 weeks immediately 2940 preceding the accident injury, her or his average weekly wage 2941 shall be one-thirteenth of the total amount of wages earned in 2942 such employment during the 13 weeks. As used in this paragraph, 2943 the term "substantially the whole of 13 weeks" means the 2944 calendar shall be deemed to mean and refer to a constructive 2945 period of 13 weeks as a whole, which shall be defined as the 13 2946 calendar weeks before the date of the accident, excluding the 2947 week during which the accident occurred. a consecutive period of 2948 91 days, and The term "during substantially the whole of 13 2949 weeks" shall be deemed to mean during not less than 75 90 2950 percent of the total customary full-time hours of employment 2951 within such period considered as a whole.

(b) If the injured employee has not worked in such employment during substantially the whole of 13 weeks immediately preceding the <u>accident</u> injury, the wages of a similar employee in the same employment who has worked

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2958 If an employee is a seasonal worker and the foregoing (C) 2959 method cannot be fairly applied in determining the average 2960 weekly wage, then the employee may use, instead of the 13 weeks immediately preceding the accident injury, the calendar year or 2961 2962 the 52 weeks immediately preceding the accident injury. The 2963 employee will have the burden of proving that this method will 2964 be more reasonable and fairer than the method set forth in 2965 paragraphs (a) and (b) and, further, must document prior 2966 earnings with W-2 forms, written wage statements, or income tax 2967 returns. The employer shall have 30 days following the receipt 2968 of this written proof to adjust the compensation rate, including 2969 the making of any additional payment due for prior weekly 2970 payments, based on the lower rate compensation.

(d) If any of the foregoing methods cannot reasonably and fairly be applied, the full-time weekly wages of the injured employee shall be used, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e) or paragraph (f).

(e) If it is established that the injured employee was under 22 years of age when <u>the accident occurred</u> injured and that under normal conditions her or his wages should be expected to increase during the period of disability, the fact may be considered in arriving at her or his average weekly wages.

(f) If it is established that the injured employee was a part-time worker <u>on the date of the accident</u> at the time of the injury, that she or he had adopted part-time employment as a customary practice, and that under normal working conditions she or he probably would have remained a part-time worker during the

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2985 period of disability, these factors shall be considered in 2986 arriving at her or his average weekly wages. For the purpose of 2987 this paragraph, the term "part-time worker" means an individual 2988 who customarily works less than the full-time hours or full-time 2989 workweek of a similar employee in the same employment.

(g) If compensation is due for a fractional part of the week, the compensation for such fractional part shall be determined by dividing the weekly compensation rate by the number of days employed per week to compute the amount due for each day.

2995 (4) Upon termination of the employee or upon termination 2996 of the payment of fringe benefits of any employee who is 2997 collecting indemnity benefits pursuant to s. 440.15(2) or 2998 (3)(b), the employer shall within 7 days of such termination 2999 file a corrected 13-week wage statement reflecting the wages 3000 paid and the fringe benefits that had been paid to the injured 3001 employee, as provided in s. 440.02(27).

3002 (5)

3003 The employee waives any entitlement to interest, (b) 3004 penalties, and attorney's fees during the period in which the 3005 employee has not provided information concerning the loss of 3006 earnings from concurrent employment. Carriers are not subject to penalties by the division under s. 440.20(8)(b) and (c) for 3007 3008 unpaid compensation related to concurrent employment during the 3009 period in which the employee has not provided information 3010 concerning the loss of earnings from concurrent employment.

3011 Section 18. Section 440.15, Florida Statutes, is amended 3012 to read:

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3013 440.15 Compensation for disability.--Compensation for 3014 disability shall be paid to the employee, subject to the limits 3015 provided in s. 440.12(2), as follows: 3016 (1) PERMANENT TOTAL DISABILITY. --3017 In case of total disability adjudged to be permanent, (a) 3018 66 2/3 percent of the average weekly wages shall be paid to the 3019 employee during the continuance of such total disability. No 3020 compensation shall be payable under this section if the employee is engaged in, or is physically capable of engaging in, at least 3021 3022 sedentary employment. 3023 In the following cases, an injured employee is (b) 3024 presumed to be permanently and totally disabled unless the 3025 employer or carrier establishes that the employee is physically 3026 capable of engaging in at least sedentary employment within a 3027 50-mile radius of the employee's residence: 1. Spinal cord injury involving severe paralysis of an 3028 3029 arm, a leq, or the trunk; 3030 Amputation of an arm, a hand, a foot, or a leg 2. 3031 involving the effective loss of use of that appendage; 3. Severe brain or closed-head injury as evidenced by: 3032 3033 a. Severe sensory or motor disturbances; 3034 b. Severe communication disturbances; 3035 c. Severe complex integrated disturbances of cerebral 3036 function; 3037 d. Severe episodic neurological disorders; or 3038 e. Other severe brain and closed-head injury conditions at 3039 least as severe in nature as any condition provided in sub-3040 subparagraphs a.-d.;

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 3041 4. Second-degree or third-degree burns of 25 percent or 3042 more of the total body surface or third-degree burns of 5 3043 percent or more to the face and hands; or 3044 5. Total or industrial blindness. 3045 3046 In all other cases, in order to obtain permanent total 3047 disability benefits, the employee must establish that he or she 3048 is not able to engage in at least sedentary employment, within a 3049 50-mile radius of the employee's residence, due to his or her 3050 physical limitation. Entitlement to such benefits shall cease 3051 when the employee reaches age 75, unless the employee is not 3052 eligible for social security benefits under 42 U.S.C. s. 402 or 3053 s. 423 because the employee's compensable injury has prevented 3054 the employee from working sufficient quarters to be eligible for 3055 such benefits, notwithstanding any age limits. If the accident 3056 occurred on or after the employee reaches age 70, benefits shall 3057 be payable during the continuance of permanent total disability, 3058 not to exceed 5 years following the determination of permanent 3059 total disability. Only a catastrophic injury as defined in s. 3060 440.02 shall, in the absence of conclusive proof of a 3061 substantial earning capacity, constitute permanent total 3062 disability. Only claimants with catastrophic injuries or 3063 claimants who are incapable of engaging in employment, as 3064 described in this paragraph, are eligible for permanent total 3065 benefits. In no other case may permanent total disability be 3066 awarded. 3067 In cases of permanent total disability resulting from (C) 3068 injuries that occurred prior to July 1, 1955, such payments

3069 shall not be made in excess of 700 weeks.

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3070 If an employee who is being paid compensation for (d) 3071 permanent total disability becomes rehabilitated to the extent 3072 that she or he establishes an earning capacity, the employee 3073 shall be paid, instead of the compensation provided in paragraph 3074 (a), benefits pursuant to subsection (3). The department shall 3075 adopt rules to enable a permanently and totally disabled 3076 employee who may have reestablished an earning capacity to 3077 undertake a trial period of reemployment without prejudicing her 3078 or his return to permanent total status in the case that such 3079 employee is unable to sustain an earning capacity.

3080 (e)1. The employer's or carrier's right to conduct 3081 vocational evaluations or testing by the employer's or carrier's 3082 chosen rehabilitation advisor or provider pursuant to s. 440.491 3083 continues even after the employee has been accepted or 3084 adjudicated as entitled to compensation under this chapter and 3085 costs for such evaluations and testing shall be borne by the 3086 employer or carrier, respectively. This right includes, but is 3087 not limited to, instances in which such evaluations or tests are 3088 recommended by a treating physician or independent medical-3089 examination physician, instances warranted by a change in the 3090 employee's medical condition, or instances in which the employee 3091 appears to be making appropriate progress in recuperation. This 3092 right may not be exercised more than once every calendar year.

3093 2. The carrier must confirm the scheduling of the 3094 vocational evaluation or testing in writing, and must notify <u>the</u> 3095 <u>employee and the</u> employee's counsel, if any, at least 7 days 3096 before the date on which vocational evaluation or testing is 3097 scheduled to occur.

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3098 3. Pursuant to an order of the judge of compensation 3099 claims, The employer or carrier may withhold payment of benefits 3100 for permanent total disability or supplements for any period 3101 during which the employee willfully fails or refuses to appear 3102 without good cause for the scheduled vocational evaluation or 3103 testing.

3104 If permanent total disability results from injuries (f)1. 3105 that occurred subsequent to June 30, 1955, and for which the 3106 liability of the employer for compensation has not been 3107 discharged under s. 440.20(11), the injured employee shall 3108 receive additional weekly compensation benefits equal to 3 $\frac{5}{5}$ 3109 percent of her or his weekly compensation rate, as established 3110 pursuant to the law in effect on the date of her or his injury, 3111 multiplied by the number of calendar years since the date of 3112 injury. The weekly compensation payable and the additional 3113 benefits payable under this paragraph, when combined, may not exceed the maximum weekly compensation rate in effect at the 3114 3115 time of payment as determined pursuant to s. 440.12(2). 3116 Entitlement to These supplemental payments shall not be paid or 3117 payable after the employee attains cease at age 62, regardless 3118 of whether if the employee has applied for or is eligible to 3119 apply is eligible for social security benefits under 42 U.S.C. s. ss. 402 or s. and 423, unless the employee is not eligible 3120 3121 for social security benefits under 42 U.S.C. s. 402 or s. 423 3122 because the employee's compensable injury has prevented the 3123 employee from working sufficient quarters to be eligible for 3124 such benefits whether or not the employee has applied forsuch 3125 benefits. These supplemental benefits shall be paid by the 3126 department out of the Workers' Compensation Administration Trust

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Fund when the injury occurred subsequent to June 30, 1955, and before July 1, 1984. These supplemental benefits shall be paid by the employer when the injury occurred on or after July 1, 1984. Supplemental benefits are not payable for any period prior to October 1, 1974.

3132 2.a. The department shall provide by rule for the periodic 3133 reporting to the department of all earnings of any nature and 3134 social security income by the injured employee entitled to or 3135 claiming additional compensation under subparagraph 1. Neither 3136 the department nor the employer or carrier shall make any 3137 payment of those additional benefits provided by subparagraph 1. for any period during which the employee willfully fails or 3138 3139 refuses to report upon request by the department in the manner 3140 prescribed by such rules.

3141 b. The department shall provide by rule for the periodic 3142 reporting to the employer or carrier of all earnings of any nature and social security income by the injured employee 3143 3144 entitled to or claiming benefits for permanent total disability. The employer or carrier is not required to make any payment of 3145 3146 benefits for permanent total disability for any period during 3147 which the employee willfully fails or refuses to report upon 3148 request by the employer or carrier in the manner prescribed by such rules or if any employee who is receiving permanent total 3149 disability benefits refuses to apply for or cooperate with the 3150 3151 employer or carrier in applying for social security benefits.

3152 3. When an injured employee receives a full or partial 3153 lump-sum advance of the employee's permanent total disability 3154 compensation benefits, the employee's benefits under this

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3155 paragraph shall be computed on the employee's weekly 3156 compensation rate as reduced by the lump-sum advance. 3157

TEMPORARY TOTAL DISABILITY. --(2)

3158 Subject to subsection (7), in case of disability total (a) 3159 in character but temporary in quality, 66 2/3 percent of the 3160 average weekly wages shall be paid to the employee during the 3161 continuance thereof, not to exceed 104 weeks except as provided 3162 in this subsection, s. 440.12(1), and s. 440.14(3). Once the 3163 employee reaches the maximum number of weeks allowed, or the 3164 employee reaches the date of maximum medical improvement, 3165 whichever occurs earlier, temporary disability benefits shall cease and the injured worker's permanent impairment shall be 3166 3167 determined.

3168 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), an 3169 employee who has sustained the loss of an arm, leg, hand, or 3170 foot, has been rendered a paraplegic, paraparetic, quadriplegic, or quadriparetic, or has lost the sight of both eyes shall be 3171 3172 paid temporary total disability of 80 percent of her or his 3173 average weekly wage. The increased temporary total disability 3174 compensation provided for in this paragraph must not extend 3175 beyond 6 months from the date of the accident; however, such 3176 benefits shall not be due or payable if the employee is eligible for, entitled to, or collecting permanent total disability 3177 3178 benefits. The compensation provided by this paragraph is not 3179 subject to the limits provided in s. 440.12(2), but instead is 3180 subject to a maximum weekly compensation rate of \$700. If, at 3181 the conclusion of this period of increased temporary total disability compensation, the employee is still temporarily 3182 3183 totally disabled, the employee shall continue to receive

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3184 temporary total disability compensation as set forth in 3185 paragraphs (a) and (c). The period of time the employee has 3186 received this increased compensation will be counted as part of, 3187 and not in addition to, the maximum periods of time for which 3188 the employee is entitled to compensation under paragraph (a) but 3189 not paragraph (c).

3190 Temporary total disability benefits paid pursuant to (C) 3191 this subsection shall include such period as may be reasonably 3192 necessary for training in the use of artificial members and 3193 appliances, and shall include such period as the employee may be 3194 receiving training and education under a program pursuant to s. 3195 440.491. Notwithstanding s. 440.02, the date of maximum medical 3196 improvement for purposes of paragraph (3)(b) shall be no earlier 3197 than the last day for which such temporary disability benefits 3198 are paid.

3199 The department shall, by rule, provide for the (d) periodic reporting to the department, employer, or carrier of 3200 3201 all earned income, including income from social security, by the 3202 injured employee who is entitled to or claiming benefits for 3203 temporary total disability. The employer or carrier is not 3204 required to make any payment of benefits for temporary total 3205 disability for any period during which the employee willfully fails or refuses to report upon request by the employer or 3206 3207 carrier in the manner prescribed by the rules. The rule must 3208 require the claimant to personally sign the claim form and 3209 attest that she or he has reviewed, understands, and 3210 acknowledges the foregoing.

3211

(3) PERMANENT IMPAIRMENT AND WAGE-LOSS BENEFITS.--

3212

(a) Impairment benefits.--

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3213 $\frac{1}{100}$ Once the employee has reached the date of maximum 3214 medical improvement, impairment benefits are due and payable 3215 within $\frac{14}{20}$ days after the carrier has knowledge of the 3216 impairment.

3217 (b)^{2.} The three-member panel, in cooperation with the 3218 department, shall establish and use a uniform permanent 3219 impairment rating schedule. This schedule must be based on 3220 medically or scientifically demonstrable findings as well as the 3221 systems and criteria set forth in the American Medical 3222 Association's Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment; 3223 the Snellen Charts, published by American Medical Association 3224 Committee for Eye Injuries; and the Minnesota Department of 3225 Labor and Industry Disability Schedules. The schedule must 3226 should be based upon objective findings. The schedule shall be 3227 more comprehensive than the AMA Guides to the Evaluation of 3228 Permanent Impairment and shall expand the areas already addressed and address additional areas not currently contained 3229 in the guides. On August 1, 1979, and pending the adoption, by 3230 3231 rule, of a permanent schedule, Guides to the Evaluation of 3232 Permanent Impairment, copyright 1977, 1971, 1988, by the 3233 American Medical Association, shall be the temporary schedule 3234 and shall be used for the purposes hereof. For injuries after 3235 July 1, 1990, pending the adoption by rule of a uniform 3236 disability rating agency schedule, the Minnesota Department of 3237 Labor and Industry Disability Schedule shall be used unless that 3238 schedule does not address an injury. In such case, the Guides to 3239 the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment by the American Medical Association shall be used. Determination of permanent impairment 3240 3241 under this schedule must be made by a physician licensed under

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3242 chapter 458, a doctor of osteopathic medicine licensed under 3243 chapters 458 and 459, a chiropractic physician licensed under 3244 chapter 460, a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, 3245 an optometrist licensed under chapter 463, or a dentist licensed 3246 under chapter 466, as appropriate considering the nature of the 3247 injury. No other persons are authorized to render opinions 3248 regarding the existence of or the extent of permanent 3249 impairment.

3250 (c) All impairment income benefits shall be based on an 3251 impairment rating using the impairment schedule referred to in 3252 paragraph (b) subparagraph 2. Impairment income benefits are paid biweekly weekly at the rate of 75 50 percent of the 3253 3254 employee's average weekly temporary total disability benefit not 3255 to exceed the maximum weekly benefit under s. 440.12; provided, 3256 however, that such benefits shall be reduced by 50 percent for 3257 each week in which the employee has earned income equal to or in 3258 excess of the employee's average weekly wage. An employee's 3259 entitlement to impairment income benefits begins the day after 3260 the employee reaches maximum medical improvement or the 3261 expiration of temporary benefits, whichever occurs earlier, and 3262 continues until the earlier of:

32631.a.The expiration of a period computed at the rate of 33264weeks for each percentage point of impairment; or

3265

2.b. The death of the employee.

3266 3267

Impairment income benefits as defined by this subsection are

3268 payable only for impairment ratings for physical impairments. If

3269 objective medical findings can substantiate a permanent

3270 psychiatric impairment resulting from the accident, permanent

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3271 <u>impairment benefits are limited for the permanent psychiatric</u> 3272 impairment to 1-percent permanent impairment.

3273 (d)4. After the employee has been certified by a doctor as 3274 having reached maximum medical improvement or 6 weeks before the 3275 expiration of temporary benefits, whichever occurs earlier, the 3276 certifying doctor shall evaluate the condition of the employee 3277 and assign an impairment rating, using the impairment schedule 3278 referred to in paragraph (b) subparagraph 2. Compensation is not 3279 payable for the mental, psychological, or emotional injury 3280 arising out of depression from being out of work. If the 3281 certification and evaluation are performed by a doctor other than the employee's treating doctor, the certification and 3282 3283 evaluation must be submitted to the treating doctor, the 3284 employee, and the carrier within 10 days after the evaluation. 3285 and The treating doctor must indicate to the carrier agreement 3286 or disagreement with the other doctor's certification and 3287 evaluation.

3288 The certifying doctor shall issue a written report to 1. 3289 the department, the employee, and the carrier certifying that 3290 maximum medical improvement has been reached, stating the 3291 impairment rating to the body as a whole, and providing any 3292 other information required by the department by rule. The 3293 carrier shall establish an overall maximum medical improvement 3294 date and permanent impairment rating, based upon all such 3295 reports.

32962. Within 14 days after the carrier's knowledge of each3297maximum medical improvement date and impairment rating to the3298body as a whole upon which the carrier is paying benefits, the3299carrier shall report such maximum medical improvement date and,

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3300 when determined, the overall maximum medical improvement date 3301 and associated impairment rating to the department in a format 3302 as set forth in department rule. If the employee has not been 3303 certified as having reached maximum medical improvement before 3304 the expiration of <u>98</u> 102 weeks after the date temporary total 3305 disability benefits begin to accrue, the carrier shall notify 3306 the treating doctor of the requirements of this section.

3307 (e)5. The carrier shall pay the employee impairment income
 3308 benefits for a period based on the impairment rating.

3309 (f)6. The department may by rule specify forms and 3310 procedures governing the method of payment of wage loss and 3311 impairment benefits under this section for dates of accidents 3312 before January 1, 1994, and for dates of accidents on or after 3313 January 1, 1994.

3314

(b) Supplemental benefits.--

3315 1. All supplemental benefits must be paid in accordance 3316 with this subsection. An employee is entitled to supplemental 3317 benefits as provided in this paragraph as of the expiration of 3318 the impairment period, if:

3319 a. The employee has an impairment rating from the 3320 compensable injury of 20 percent or more as determined pursuant 3321 to this chapter;

3322 b. The employee has not returned to work or has returned
3323 to work earning less than 80 percent of the employee's average
3324 weekly wage as a direct result of the employee's impairment; and

3325 c. The employee has in good faith attempted to obtain
3326 employment commensurate with the employee's ability to work.

33272. If an employee is not entitled to supplemental benefits3328at the time of payment of the final weekly impairment income

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3329 benefit because the employee is earning at least 80 percent of 3330 the employee's average weekly wage, the employee may become 3331 entitled to supplemental benefits at any time within 1 year 3332 after the impairment income benefit period ends if:

3333 a. The employee earns wages that are less than 80 percent 3334 of the employee's average weekly wage for a period of at least 3335 90 days;

3336 3337 b. The employee meets the other requirements of subparagraph 1.; and

3338 c. The employee's decrease in earnings is a direct result
3339 of the employee's impairment from the compensable injury.

3340 3. If an employee earns wages that are at least 80 percent 3341 of the employee's average weekly wage for a period of at least 3342 90 days during which the employee is receiving supplemental 3343 benefits, the employee ceases to be entitled to supplemental benefits for the filing period. Supplemental benefits that have 3344 3345 been terminated shall be reinstated when the employee satisfies 3346 the conditions enumerated in subparagraph 2. and files the 3347 statement required under subparagraph 4. Notwithstanding any 3348 other provision, if an employee is not entitled to supplemental 3349 benefits for 12 consecutive months, the employee ceases to be 3350 entitled to any additional income benefits for the compensable 3351 injury. If the employee is discharged within 12 months after 3352 losing entitlement under this subsection, benefits may be 3353 reinstated if the employee was discharged at that time with the 3354 intent to deprive the employee of supplemental benefits. 3355

3355 4. After the initial determination of supplemental
3356 benefits, the employee must file a statement with the carrier
3357 stating that the employee has earned less than 80 percent of the

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3358 employee's average weekly wage as a direct result of the 3359 employee's impairment, stating the amount of wages the employee 3360 earned in the filing period, and stating that the employee has 3361 in good faith sought employment commensurate with the employee's 3362 ability to work. The statement must be filed quarterly on a form 3363 and in the manner prescribed by the department. The department 3364 may modify the filing period as appropriate to an individual 3365 case. Failure to file a statement relieves the carrier of liability for supplemental benefits for the period during which 3366 3367 a statement is not filed.

3368 5. The carrier shall begin payment of supplemental benefits not later than the seventh day after the expiration date of the impairment income benefit period and shall continue to timely pay those benefits. The carrier may request a mediation conference for the purpose of contesting the employee's entitlement to or the amount of supplemental income benefits.

3375 6. Supplemental benefits are calculated quarterly and paid 3376 monthly. For purposes of calculating supplemental benefits, 80 3377 percent of the employee's average weekly wage and the average 3378 wages the employee has earned per week are compared quarterly. 3379 For purposes of this paragraph, if the employee is offered a 3380 bona fide position of employment that the employee is capable of 3381 performing, given the physical condition of the employee and the 3382 geographic accessibility of the position, the employee's weekly 3383 wages are considered equivalent to the weekly wages for the 3384 position offered to the employee.

3385 7. Supplemental benefits are payable at the rate of 80
3386 percent of the difference between 80 percent of the employee's

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3387 average weekly wage determined pursuant to s. 440.14 and the 3388 weekly wages the employee has earned during the reporting 3389 period, not to exceed the maximum weekly income benefit under s. 3390 440.12.

3391 8. The department may by rule define terms that are 3392 necessary for the administration of this section and forms and 3393 procedures governing the method of payment of supplemental 3394 benefits for dates of accidents before January 1, 1994, and for 3395 dates of accidents on or after January 1, 1994.

3396 (c) Duration of temporary impairment and supplemental 3397 income benefits.--The employee's eligibility for temporary 3398 benefits, impairment income benefits, and supplemental benefits 3399 terminates on the expiration of 401 weeks after the date of 3400 injury.

3401 (g) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), for accidents occurring 3402 on or after October 1, 2003, an employee's entitlement to 3403 impairment income benefits begins the day after the employee 3404 reaches maximum medical improvement or the expiration of 3405 temporary benefits, whichever occurs earlier, and continues for 3406 the following periods:

3407 <u>1. Two weeks of benefits are to be paid to the employee</u> 3408 <u>for each percentage point of impairment from 1 percent up to and</u> 3409 <u>including 10 percent.</u>

3410 <u>2. For each percentage point of impairment from 11 percent</u> 3411 <u>up to and including 15 percent, 3 weeks of benefits are to be</u> 3412 <u>paid.</u>

3413 <u>3. For each percentage point of impairment from 16 percent</u> 3414 <u>up to and including 20 percent, 4 weeks of benefits are to be</u> 3415 <u>paid.</u>

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3416 <u>4. For each percentage point of impairment from 21 percent</u>
 3417 and higher, 6 weeks of benefits are to be paid.

3418

(4) TEMPORARY PARTIAL DISABILITY.--

3419 Subject to subsection (7), in case of temporary (a) 3420 partial disability, compensation shall be equal to 80 percent of 3421 the difference between 80 percent of the employee's average 3422 weekly wage and the salary, wages, and other remuneration the 3423 employee is able to earn post injury, as compared weekly; 3424 however, the weekly temporary partial disability benefits may 3425 not exceed an amount equal to 66 2/3 percent of the employee's 3426 average weekly wage at the time of accident injury. In order to 3427 simplify the comparison of the preinjury average weekly wage with the salary, wages, and other remuneration the employee is 3428 3429 able to earn post injury, the department may by rule provide for 3430 payment of the initial installment of temporary partial 3431 disability benefits to be paid as a partial week so that payment 3432 for remaining weeks of temporary partial disability can the 3433 modification of the weekly comparison so as to coincide as closely as possible with the post injury employer's work week 3434 3435 injured worker's pay periods. The amount determined to be the 3436 salary, wages, and other remuneration the employee is able to 3437 earn shall in no case be less than the sum actually being earned 3438 by the employee, including earnings from sheltered employment. 3439 Benefits shall be payable under this subsection only if overall 3440 maximum medical improvement has not been reached and the medical 3441 conditions resulting from the accident create restrictions on 3442 the injured employee's ability to return to work.

3443(b) Within 5 business days after the carrier's knowledge3444of the employee's release to restricted work, the carrier shall

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3445 mail to the employee and employer an informational letter,

3446 adopted by department rule, explaining the employee's possible

3447 eligibility and responsibilities for temporary partial

3448 <u>disability benefits.</u>

3449 (c) When an employee returns to work with the restrictions 3450 resulting from the accident and is earning wages less than 80 3451 percent of the preinjury average weekly wage, the first 3452 installment of temporary partial disability benefits is due 7 3453 days after the last date of the post injury employer's first 3454 biweekly work week. Thereafter, payment for temporary partial benefits shall be paid biweekly no later than the 7th day 3455 3456 following the last day of each biweekly work week.

(d) If the employee is unable to return to work with the 3457 3458 restrictions resulting from the accident and is not earning wages, salary, or other remuneration, temporary partial 3459 3460 disability benefits shall be paid no later than the last day of 3461 each biweekly period. The employee shall notify the carrier 3462 within 5 business days after returning to work. Failure to 3463 notify the carrier of the establishment of an earning capacity 3464 in the required time shall result in a suspension or nonpayment 3465 of temporary partial disability benefits until the proper 3466 notification is provided.

3467 (e)(b) Such benefits shall be paid during the continuance 3468 of such disability, not to exceed a period of 104 weeks, as 3469 provided by this subsection and subsection (2). Once the injured 3470 employee reaches the maximum number of weeks, temporary 3471 disability benefits cease and the injured worker's permanent 3472 impairment must be determined. <u>If the employee is terminated</u> 3473 from post injury employment based on the employee's misconduct,

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3474 <u>temporary partial disability benefits are not payable as</u> 3475 <u>provided for in this section.</u> The department <u>shall may</u> by rule 3476 specify forms and procedures governing the method <u>and time for</u> 3477 of payment of temporary disability benefits for dates of 3478 accidents before January 1, 1994, and for dates of accidents on 3479 or after January 1, 1994.

3480

(5) SUBSEQUENT INJURY.--

3481 The fact that an employee has suffered previous (a) 3482 disability, impairment, anomaly, or disease, or received 3483 compensation therefor, shall not preclude her or him from 3484 benefits, as specified in paragraph (b), for a subsequent 3485 aggravation or acceleration of the preexisting condition or nor 3486 preclude benefits for death resulting therefrom, except that no 3487 benefits shall be payable if the employee, at the time of 3488 entering into the employment of the employer by whom the 3489 benefits would otherwise be payable, falsely represents herself 3490 or himself in writing as not having previously been disabled or 3491 compensated because of such previous disability, impairment, 3492 anomaly, or disease and the employer detrimentally relies on the 3493 misrepresentation. Compensation for temporary disability, 3494 medical benefits, and wage-loss benefits shall not be subject to 3495 apportionment.

(b) If a compensable <u>injury</u>, <u>disability</u>, <u>or need for</u>
<u>medical care</u> permanent impairment, or any portion thereof, is a
result of aggravation or acceleration of a preexisting
condition, or is the result of merger with a preexisting
<u>condition</u>, <u>only</u> the disabilities and medical treatment
<u>associated with such compensable injury shall be payable under</u>
this chapter, excluding the degree of disability or medical

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3503 conditions existing at the time of the impairment rating or at the time of the accident, regardless of whether the preexisting 3504 condition was disabling at the time of the accident or at the 3505 3506 time of the impairment rating and without considering whether 3507 the preexisting condition would be disabling without the compensable accident impairment, an employee eligible to receive 3508 3509 impairment benefits under paragraph (3)(a) shall receive such 3510 benefits for the total impairment found to result, excluding the degree of impairment existing at the time of the subject 3511 3512 accident or injury or which would have existed by the time of 3513 the impairment rating without the intervention of the 3514 compensable accident or injury. The degree of permanent 3515 impairment or disability attributable to the accident or injury 3516 shall be compensated in accordance with this section, 3517 apportioning out the preexisting condition based on the anatomical impairment rating attributable to the preexisting 3518 3519 condition. Medical benefits shall be paid apportioning out the 3520 percentage of the need for such care attributable to the 3521 preexisting condition $\frac{1}{2}$ 3522 paragraph, "merger" means the combining of a preexisting 3523 permanent impairment or disability with a subsequent compensable 3524 permanent impairment or disability which, when the effects of 3525 both are considered together, result in a permanent impairment 3526 or disability rating which is greater than the sum of the two 3527 permanent impairment or disability ratings when each impairment 3528 or disability is considered individually.

3529 (6) OBLIGATION TO REHIRE.--If the employer has not in good 3530 faith made available to the employee, within a 100-mile radius 3531 of the employee's residence, work appropriate to the employee's

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3532 physical limitations within 30 days after the carrier notifies the employer of maximum medical improvement and the employee's 3533 physical limitations, the employer shall pay to the department 3534 3535 for deposit into the Workers' Compensation Administration Trust 3536 Fund a fine of \$250 for every \$5,000 of the employer's workers' 3537 compensation premium or payroll, not to exceed \$2,000 per 3538 violation, as the department requires by rule. The employer is 3539 not subject to this subsection if the employee is receiving permanent total disability benefits or if the employer has 50 or 3540 3541 fewer employees.

3542 (6)(7) EMPLOYEE REFUSES EMPLOYMENT.--If an injured 3543 employee refuses employment suitable to the capacity thereof, 3544 offered to or procured therefor, such employee shall not be 3545 entitled to any compensation at any time during the continuance 3546 of such refusal unless at any time in the opinion of the judge 3547 of compensation claims such refusal is justifiable. Time periods for the payment of benefits in accordance with this section 3548 3549 shall be counted in determining the limitation of benefits as 3550 provided for in paragraphs (2)(a), (3)(c), and (4)(b).

3551 (7)(8) EMPLOYEE LEAVES EMPLOYMENT. -- If an injured 3552 employee, when receiving compensation for temporary partial 3553 disability, leaves the employment of the employer by whom she or 3554 he was employed at the time of the accident for which such 3555 compensation is being paid, the employee shall, upon securing 3556 employment elsewhere, give to such former employer an affidavit 3557 in writing containing the name of her or his new employer, the 3558 place of employment, and the amount of wages being received at 3559 such new employment; and, until she or he gives such affidavit, 3560 the compensation for temporary partial disability will cease.

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3561 The employer by whom such employee was employed at the time of 3562 the accident for which such compensation is being paid may also 3563 at any time demand of such employee an additional affidavit in 3564 writing containing the name of her or his employer, the place of 3565 her or his employment, and the amount of wages she or he is 3566 receiving; and if the employee, upon such demand, fails or refuses to make and furnish such affidavit, her or his right to 3567 3568 compensation for temporary partial disability shall cease until 3569 such affidavit is made and furnished. If the employee leaves her 3570 or his employment while receiving temporary partial benefits 3571 without just cause as determined by the judge of compensation 3572 claims, temporary partial benefits shall be payable based on the 3573 deemed earnings of the employee as if she or he had remained 3574 employed.

3575 (8)(9) EMPLOYEE BECOMES INMATE OF INSTITUTION. -- In case an 3576 employee becomes an inmate of a public institution, then no 3577 compensation shall be payable unless she or he has dependent 3578 upon her or him for support a person or persons defined as 3579 dependents elsewhere in this chapter, whose dependency shall be 3580 determined as if the employee were deceased and to whom 3581 compensation would be paid in case of death; and such 3582 compensation as is due such employee shall be paid such 3583 dependents during the time she or he remains such inmate.

3584(9)(10)EMPLOYEE ELIGIBLE FOR BENEFITS UNDER THIS CHAPTER3585AND FEDERAL OLD-AGE, SURVIVORS, AND DISABILITY INSURANCE ACT.--

(a) Weekly compensation benefits payable under this
chapter for disability resulting from injuries to an employee
who becomes eligible for benefits under 42 U.S.C. s. 423 shall
be reduced to an amount whereby the sum of such compensation

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3590 benefits payable under this chapter and such total benefits 3591 otherwise payable for such period to the employee and her or his 3592 dependents, had such employee not been entitled to benefits 3593 under this chapter, under 42 U.S.C. ss. 402 and 423, does not 3594 exceed 80 percent of the employee's average weekly wage. 3595 However, this provision shall not operate to reduce an injured 3596 worker's benefits under this chapter to a greater extent than 3597 such benefits would have otherwise been reduced under 42 U.S.C. 3598 s. 424(a). This reduction of compensation benefits is not 3599 applicable to any compensation benefits payable for any week 3600 subsequent to the week in which the injured worker reaches the 3601 age of 62 years.

3602 If the provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 424(a) are amended (b) 3603 to provide for a reduction or increase of the percentage of 3604 average current earnings that the sum of compensation benefits 3605 payable under this chapter and the benefits payable under 42 U.S.C. ss. 402 and 423 can equal, the amount of the reduction of 3606 benefits provided in this subsection shall be reduced or 3607 3608 increased accordingly. The department may by rule specify forms 3609 and procedures governing the method for calculating and 3610 administering the offset of benefits payable under this chapter 3611 and benefits payable under 42 U.S.C. ss. 402 and 423. The 3612 department shall have first priority in taking any available 3613 social security offsets on dates of accidents occurring before July 1, 1984. 3614

3615 (c) No disability compensation benefits payable for any 3616 week, including those benefits provided by paragraph (1)(f), 3617 shall be reduced pursuant to this subsection until the Social 3618 Security Administration determines the amount otherwise payable

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3619 to the employee under 42 U.S.C. ss. 402 and 423 and the employee 3620 has begun receiving such social security benefit payments. The 3621 employee shall, upon demand by the department, the employer, or 3622 the carrier, authorize the Social Security Administration to 3623 release disability information relating to her or him and 3624 authorize the Division of Unemployment Compensation to release 3625 unemployment compensation information relating to her or him, in 3626 accordance with rules to be adopted by the department 3627 prescribing the procedure and manner for requesting the 3628 authorization and for compliance by the employee. Neither the 3629 department nor the employer or carrier shall make any payment of 3630 benefits for total disability or those additional benefits 3631 provided by paragraph (1)(f) for any period during which the 3632 employee willfully fails or refuses to authorize the release of 3633 information in the manner and within the time prescribed by such 3634 rules. The authority for release of disability information 3635 granted by an employee under this paragraph shall be effective for a period not to exceed 12 months, such authority to be 3636 3637 renewable as the department may prescribe by rule.

3638 (d) If compensation benefits are reduced pursuant to this
3639 subsection, the minimum compensation provisions of s. 440.12(2)
3640 do not apply.

3641 (10)(11) EMPLOYEE ELIGIBLE FOR BENEFITS UNDER THIS CHAPTER
3642 WHO HAS RECEIVED OR IS ENTITLED TO RECEIVE UNEMPLOYMENT
3643 COMPENSATION.--

(a) No compensation benefits shall be payable for
temporary total disability or permanent total disability under
this chapter for any week in which the injured employee has
received, or is receiving, unemployment compensation benefits.

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(b) If an employee is entitled to temporary partial
benefits pursuant to subsection (4) and unemployment
compensation benefits, such unemployment compensation benefits
shall be primary and the temporary partial benefits shall be
supplemental only, the sum of the two benefits not to exceed the
amount of temporary partial benefits which would otherwise be
payable.

3655 (11) (12) FULL-PAY STATUS FOR CERTAIN LAW ENFORCEMENT 3656 OFFICERS. -- Any law enforcement officer as defined in s. 3657 943.10(1), (2), or (3) who, while acting within the course of 3658 employment as provided by s. 440.091, is maliciously or 3659 intentionally injured and who thereby sustains a job-connected 3660 disability compensable under this chapter shall be carried in 3661 full-pay status rather than being required to use sick, annual, 3662 or other leave. Full-pay status shall be granted only after 3663 submission to the employing agency's head of a medical report which gives a current diagnosis of the employee's recovery and 3664 ability to return to work. In no case shall the employee's 3665 3666 salary and workers' compensation benefits exceed the amount of 3667 the employee's regular salary requirements.

3668 (12) (13) REPAYMENT. -- If an employee has received a sum as 3669 an indemnity benefit under any classification or category of 3670 benefit under this chapter to which she or he is not entitled, 3671 the employee is liable to repay that sum to the employer or the carrier or to have that sum deducted from future benefits, 3672 3673 regardless of the classification of benefits, payable to the 3674 employee under this chapter; however, a partial payment of the 3675 total repayment may not exceed 20 percent of the amount of the 3676 biweekly payment.

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3677Section 19.Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section3678440.151, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

3679

440.151 Occupational diseases.--

3680 (1)(a) Where the employer and employee are subject to the 3681 provisions of the Workers' Compensation Law, the disablement or 3682 death of an employee resulting from an occupational disease as 3683 hereinafter defined shall be treated as the happening of an 3684 injury by accident, notwithstanding any other provisions of this 3685 chapter, and the employee or, in case of death, the employee's 3686 dependents shall be entitled to compensation as provided by this 3687 chapter, except as hereinafter otherwise provided; and the 3688 practice and procedure prescribed by this chapter shall apply to 3689 all proceedings under this section, except as hereinafter 3690 otherwise provided. Provided, however, that in no case shall an 3691 employer be liable for compensation under the provisions of this 3692 section unless such disease has resulted from the nature of the 3693 employment in which the employee was engaged under such 3694 employer, and was actually contracted while so engaged, and the nature of the employment was the major contributing cause of the 3695 3696 disease. Major contributing cause must be shown by medical 3697 evidence only, as demonstrated by physical examination findings 3698 and diagnostic testing. meaning by "Nature of the employment" 3699 means that in to the occupation in which the employee was so 3700 engaged there is attached a particular hazard of such disease 3701 that distinguishes it from the usual run of occupations, or the 3702 incidence of such disease is substantially higher in the 3703 occupation in which the employee was so engaged than in the 3704 usual run of occupations. In claims for death under s. 440.16, death must occur or, in case of death, unless death follows 3705

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3706 continuous disability from such disease, commencing within the 3707 period above limited, for which compensation has been paid or awarded, or timely claim made as provided in this section, and 3708 results within 350 weeks after such last exposure. Both 3710 causation and sufficient exposure to a specific harmful 3711 substance shown to be present in the workplace to support 3712 causation shall be proven by clear and convincing evidence.

3713 (b) No compensation shall be payable for an occupational 3714 disease if the employee, at the time of entering into the 3715 employment of the employer by whom the compensation would 3716 otherwise be payable, falsely represents herself or himself in 3717 writing as not having previously been disabled, laid off or 3718 compensated in damages or otherwise, because of such disease.

3719 (c) Where an occupational disease is appravated by any 3720 other disease or infirmity, not itself compensable, or where 3721 disability or death from any other cause, not itself compensable, is appravated, prolonged, accelerated or in anywise 3722 3723 contributed to by an occupational disease, the compensation 3724 shall be payable only if the occupational disease is the major contributing cause of the injury. Any compensation shall be 3725 3726 reduced and limited to such proportion only of the compensation 3727 that would be payable if the occupational disease were the sole cause of the disability or death as such occupational disease, 3728 3729 as a causative factor, bears to all the causes of such 3730 disability or death, such reduction in compensation to be 3731 effected by reducing the number of weekly or monthly payments or 3732 the amounts of such payments, as under the circumstances of the particular case may be for the best interest of the claimant or 3733 3734 claimants. Major contributing cause must be demonstrated by

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3735 <u>medical evidence based on physical examination findings and</u>
3736 diagnostic testing.

(d) No compensation for death from an occupational disease
shall be payable to any person whose relationship to the
deceased, which under the provisions of this Workers'
Compensation Law would give right to compensation, arose
subsequent to the beginning of the first compensable disability,
save only to afterborn children of a marriage existing at the
beginning of such disability.

(e) No compensation shall be payable for disability or death resulting from tuberculosis arising out of and in the course of employment by the Department of Health at a state tuberculosis hospital, or aggravated by such employment, when the employee had suffered from said disease at any time prior to the commencement of such employment.

3750 (2) Whenever used in this section the term "occupational 3751 disease" shall be construed to mean only a disease which is due 3752 to causes and conditions which are characteristic of and 3753 peculiar to a particular trade, occupation, process, or 3754 employment, and to exclude all ordinary diseases of life to 3755 which the general public is exposed, unless the incidence of the 3756 disease is substantially higher in the particular trade, 3757 occupation, process, or employment than for the general public. 3758 "Occupational disease" means only a disease for which there are 3759 epidemiological studies showing that exposure to the specific 3760 substance involved, at the levels to which the employee was 3761 exposed, may cause the precise disease sustained by the 3762 employee.

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3763 (3) Except as hereinafter otherwise provided in this
3764 section, "disablement" means <u>disability as described in s.</u>
3765 <u>440.02(13)</u> the event of an employee's becoming actually
3766 incapacitated, partially or totally, because of an occupational
3767 disease, from performing her or his work in the last occupation
3768 in which injuriously exposed to the hazards of such disease; and
3769 "disability" means the state of being so incapacitated.

3770 Section 20. Subsections (1) and (7) of section 440.16, 3771 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

3772

440.16 Compensation for death.--

(1) If death results from the accident within 1 year thereafter or follows continuous disability and results from the accident within 5 years thereafter, the employer shall pay:

3776 (a) Within 14 days after receiving the bill, actual 3777 funeral expenses not to exceed $\frac{57,500}{5,000}$.

3778 Compensation, in addition to the above, in the (b) 3779 following percentages of the average weekly wages to the 3780 following persons entitled thereto on account of dependency upon 3781 the deceased, and in the following order of preference, subject 3782 to the limitation provided in subparagraph 2., but such 3783 compensation shall be subject to the limits provided in s. 3784 440.12(2), shall not exceed \$150,000 \$100,000, and may be less 3785 than, but shall not exceed, for all dependents or persons 3786 entitled to compensation, 66 2/3 percent of the average wage:

3787 1. To the spouse, if there is no child, 50 percent of the 3788 average weekly wage, such compensation to cease upon the 3789 spouse's death.

3790 2. To the spouse, if there is a child or children, the 3791 compensation payable under subparagraph 1. and, in addition, 16

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3792 2/3 percent on account of the child or children. However, when 3793 the deceased is survived by a spouse and also a child or 3794 children, whether such child or children are the product of the 3795 union existing at the time of death or of a former marriage or 3796 marriages, the judge of compensation claims may provide for the 3797 payment of compensation in such manner as may appear to the 3798 judge of compensation claims just and proper and for the best 3799 interests of the respective parties and, in so doing, may 3800 provide for the entire compensation to be paid exclusively to 3801 the child or children; and, in the case of death of such spouse, 3802 33 1/3 percent for each child. However, upon the surviving 3803 spouse's remarriage, the spouse shall be entitled to a lump-sum 3804 payment equal to 26 weeks of compensation at the rate of 50 3805 percent of the average weekly wage as provided in s. 440.12(2), 3806 unless the \$150,000 \$100,000 limit provided in this paragraph is 3807 exceeded, in which case the surviving spouse shall receive a lump-sum payment equal to the remaining available benefits in 3808 3809 lieu of any further indemnity benefits. In no case shall a 3810 surviving spouse's acceptance of a lump-sum payment affect 3811 payment of death benefits to other dependents.

3812 3. To the child or children, if there is no spouse, 33 1/33813 percent for each child.

3814 4. To the parents, 25 percent to each, such compensation3815 to be paid during the continuance of dependency.

3816 5. To the brothers, sisters, and grandchildren, 15 percent3817 for each brother, sister, or grandchild.

3818 (c) To the surviving spouse, payment of postsecondary 3819 student fees for instruction at any area technical center 3820 established under s. 1001.44 for up to 1,800 classroom hours or

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3821 payment of student fees at any community college established 3822 under part III of chapter 1004 for up to 80 semester hours. The 3823 spouse of a deceased state employee shall be entitled to a full 3824 waiver of such fees as provided in ss. 1009.22 and 1009.23 in 3825 lieu of the payment of such fees. The benefits provided for in 3826 this paragraph shall be in addition to other benefits provided 3827 for in this section and shall terminate 7 years after the death 3828 of the deceased employee, or when the total payment in eligible 3829 compensation under paragraph (b) has been received. To qualify 3830 for the educational benefit under this paragraph, the spouse 3831 shall be required to meet and maintain the regular admission 3832 requirements of, and be registered at, such area technical 3833 center or community college, and make satisfactory academic 3834 progress as defined by the educational institution in which the 3835 student is enrolled.

3836 Compensation under this chapter to aliens not (7) 3837 residents (or about to become nonresidents) of the United States 3838 or Canada shall be the same in amount as provided for residents, 3839 except that dependents in any foreign country shall be limited 3840 to surviving spouse and child or children, or if there be no 3841 surviving spouse or child or children, to surviving father or 3842 mother whom the employee has supported, either wholly or in 3843 part, for the period of 1 year prior to the date of the injury, 3844 and except that the judge of compensation claims may, at the 3845 option of the judge of compensation claims, or upon the 3846 application of the insurance carrier, commute all future 3847 installments of compensation to be paid to such aliens by paying 3848 or causing to be paid to them one-half of the commuted amount of 3849 such future installments of compensation as determined by the

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3850 judge of compensation claims, and provided further that 3851 compensation to dependents referred to in this subsection shall 3852 in no case exceed \$75,000 \$50,000.

3853 Section 21. Subsection (9) of section 440.185, Florida 3854 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (12) is added to said 3855 section, to read:

3856 440.185 Notice of injury or death; reports; penalties for 3857 violations.--

3858 (9) Any employer or carrier who fails or refuses to timely 3859 send any form, report, or notice required by this section shall 3860 be subject to an administrative fine by the department a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 \$500 for each such failure or 3861 3862 refusal. If, within 1 calendar year, an employer fails to timely submit to the carrier more than 10 percent of its notices of 3863 3864 injury or death, the employer shall be subject to an 3865 administrative fine by the department not to exceed \$2,000 for each such failure or refusal. However, any employer who fails to 3866 3867 notify the carrier of the injury on the prescribed form or by 3868 letter within the 7 days required in subsection (2) shall be 3869 liable for the administrative fine civil penalty, which shall be 3870 paid by the employer and not the carrier. Failure by the 3871 employer to meet its obligations under subsection (2) shall not relieve the carrier from liability for the administrative fine 3872 3873 civil penalty if it fails to comply with subsections (4) and 3874 (5).

3875 (12) Upon receiving notice of an injury from an employee 3876 under subsection (1), the employer or carrier shall provide the 3877 employee with a written notice, in the form and manner 3878 determined by the department by rule, of the availability of

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3883(b) A listing of the toll-free telephone number of, the3884email address, and the postal address of the office.3885(c) A statement that the informational brochure referred

3886to in subsection (4) will be mailed to the employee within 33887days after the carrier receives notice of the injury.

3888 (d) Any other information regarding access to assistance 3889 that the department finds is immediately necessary for an 3890 injured employee.

3891 Section 22. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 440.192, 3892 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (9) is added to 3893 said section, to read:

440.192 Procedure for resolving benefit disputes.-

3895 Subject to s. 440.191, Any employee may, for any (1)3896 benefit that is ripe, due, and owing, who has not received a 3897 benefit to which the employee believes she or he is entitled 3898 under this chapter shall file by certified mail, or by 3899 electronic means approved by the Deputy Chief Judge, with the 3900 Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims a petition for 3901 benefits which meets the requirements of this section and the definition of specificity in s. 440.02. The department shall 3902 3903 inform employees of the location of the Office of the Judges of 3904 Compensation Claims for purposes of filing a petition for 3905 benefits. The employee shall also serve copies of the petition for benefits by certified mail, or by electronic means approved 3906 3907 by the Deputy Chief Judge, upon the employer and the employer's

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3908 carrier. The Deputy Chief Judge shall refer the petitions to the 3909 judges of compensation claims.

3910 (2) Upon receipt, the Office of the Judges of Compensation 3911 Claims shall review each petition and shall dismiss each 3912 petition or any portion of such a petition, upon the judge's own 3913 motion or upon the motion of any party, that does not on its 3914 face specifically identify or itemize the following:

3915 (a) Name, address, telephone number, and social security3916 number of the employee.

3917

(b) Name, address, and telephone number of the employer.

3918 (c) A detailed description of the injury and cause of the 3919 injury, including the location of the occurrence and the date or 3920 dates of the accident.

(d) A detailed description of the employee's job, work responsibilities, and work the employee was performing when the injury occurred.

3924 (e) The time period for which compensation and the
3925 specific classification of compensation were not timely
3926 provided.

3927 (f) Date of maximum medical improvement, character of
3928 disability, and specific statement of all benefits or
3929 compensation that the employee is seeking.

(g) All specific travel costs to which the employee believes she or he is entitled, including dates of travel and purpose of travel, means of transportation, and mileage and including the date the request for mileage was filed with the carrier and a copy of the request filed with the carrier.

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3935	(h) Specific listing of all medical charges alleged
3936	unpaid, including the name and address of the medical provider,
3937	the amounts due, and the specific dates of treatment.
3938	(i) The type or nature of treatment care or attendance
3939	sought and the justification for such treatment. If the employee
3940	is under the care of a physician for an injury identified under
3941	paragraph (c), a copy of the physician's request, authorization,
3942	or recommendation for treatment, care, or attendance must
3943	accompany the petition.
3944	(j) Specific explanation of any other disputed issue that
3945	a judge of compensation claims will be called to rule upon.
3946	
3947	The dismissal of any petition or portion of such a petition
3948	under this section is without prejudice and does not require a
3949	hearing.
3950	(9) A petition for benefits must contain claims for all
3951	benefits that are ripe, due, and owing on the date the petition
3951 3952	benefits that are ripe, due, and owing on the date the petition is filed. Unless stipulated in writing by the parties, only
3952	is filed. Unless stipulated in writing by the parties, only
3952 3953	is filed. Unless stipulated in writing by the parties, only claims which have been properly raised in a petition for
3952 3953 3954	is filed. Unless stipulated in writing by the parties, only claims which have been properly raised in a petition for benefits and have undergone mediation may be considered for
3952 3953 3954 3955	is filed. Unless stipulated in writing by the parties, only claims which have been properly raised in a petition for benefits and have undergone mediation may be considered for adjudication by a judge of compensation claims.
3952 3953 3954 3955 3956	is filed. Unless stipulated in writing by the parties, only claims which have been properly raised in a petition for benefits and have undergone mediation may be considered for adjudication by a judge of compensation claims. Section 23. Section 440.1926, Florida Statutes, is created
3952 3953 3954 3955 3956 3957	is filed. Unless stipulated in writing by the parties, only claims which have been properly raised in a petition for benefits and have undergone mediation may be considered for adjudication by a judge of compensation claims. Section 23. Section 440.1926, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
3952 3953 3954 3955 3956 3957 3958	<pre>is filed. Unless stipulated in writing by the parties, only claims which have been properly raised in a petition for benefits and have undergone mediation may be considered for adjudication by a judge of compensation claims. Section 23. Section 440.1926, Florida Statutes, is created to read: <u>440.1926</u> Alternate dispute resolution; claim</pre>
 3952 3953 3954 3955 3956 3957 3958 3959 	<pre>is filed. Unless stipulated in writing by the parties, only claims which have been properly raised in a petition for benefits and have undergone mediation may be considered for adjudication by a judge of compensation claims. Section 23. Section 440.1926, Florida Statutes, is created to read: <u>440.1926 Alternate dispute resolution; claim arbitrationNotwithstanding any other provision of this</u></pre>
 3952 3953 3954 3955 3956 3957 3958 3959 3960 	<pre>is filed. Unless stipulated in writing by the parties, only claims which have been properly raised in a petition for benefits and have undergone mediation may be considered for adjudication by a judge of compensation claims. Section 23. Section 440.1926, Florida Statutes, is created to read: <u>440.1926</u> Alternate dispute resolution; claim arbitrationNotwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the employer, carrier, and employee may mutually agree</pre>
 3952 3953 3954 3955 3956 3957 3958 3959 3960 3961 	<pre>is filed. Unless stipulated in writing by the parties, only claims which have been properly raised in a petition for benefits and have undergone mediation may be considered for adjudication by a judge of compensation claims. Section 23. Section 440.1926, Florida Statutes, is created to read: <u>440.1926 Alternate dispute resolution; claim</u> arbitrationNotwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the employer, carrier, and employee may mutually agree to seek consent from a judge of compensation claims to enter</pre>

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3964 regarding an injury. Arbitrations agreed to pursuant to this
3965 section shall be governed by chapter 682, the Florida
3966 Arbitration Code, except that, notwithstanding any provision in
3967 chapter 682, the term "court" shall mean a judge of compensation
3968 claims. An arbitration award in accordance with this section
3969 shall be enforceable in the same manner and with the same powers
3970 as any final compensation order.

3971 Section 24. Subsections (2), (3), (4), (6), and (8) and 3972 paragraph (d) of subsection (11) of section 440.20, Florida 3973 Statutes, are amended to read:

3974 440.20 Time for payment of compensation <u>and medical bills</u>; 3975 penalties for late payment.--

3976 (2)(a) The carrier must pay the first installment of 3977 compensation for total disability or death benefits or deny 3978 compensability no later than the 14th calendar day after the 3979 employer receives notification notice of the injury or death, 3980 when disability is immediate and continuous for 8 calendar days 3981 or more after the injury. If the first 7 days after disability 3982 are nonconsecutive or delayed, the first installment of 3983 compensation is due on the 6th day after the first 8 calendar 3984 days of disability. The carrier shall thereafter pay 3985 compensation in biweekly installments or as otherwise provided 3986 in s. 440.15, unless the judge of compensation claims determines 3987 or the parties agree that an alternate installment schedule is 3988 in the best interests of the employee.

3989 (b) The carrier must pay, disallow, or deny all medical, 3990 dental, pharmacy, and hospital bills submitted to the carrier in 3991 accordance with department rule no later than 45 calendar days 3992 after the carrier's receipt of the bill.

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3993 (3) Upon making initial payment of indemnity benefits, or 3994 upon suspension or cessation of payment for any reason, the 3995 carrier shall immediately notify the injured employee, the 3996 employer, and the department that it has commenced, suspended, 3997 or ceased payment of compensation. The department may require 3998 such notification to the injured employee, employer, and the 3999 department in a any format and manner it deems necessary to 4000 obtain accurate and timely notification reporting.

4001 If the carrier is uncertain of its obligation to (4) 4002 provide all benefits or compensation, it may initiate payment 4003 without prejudice and without admitting liability. the carrier 4004 shall immediately and in good faith commence investigation of 4005 the employee's entitlement to benefits under this chapter and 4006 shall admit or deny compensability within 120 days after the 4007 initial provision of compensation or benefits as required under subsection (2) or s. 440.192(8). Additionally, the carrier shall 4008 4009 initiate payment and continue the provision of all benefits and 4010 compensation as if the claim had been accepted as compensable, without prejudice and without admitting liability. Upon 4011 4012 commencement of payment as required under subsection (2) or s. 4013 440.192 (8), the carrier shall provide written notice to the 4014 employee that it has elected to pay all or part of the claim 4015 pending further investigation, and that it will advise the employee of claim acceptance or denial within 120 days. A 4016 4017 carrier that fails to deny compensability within 120 days after 4018 the initial provision of benefits or payment of compensation as 4019 required under subsection (2) or s. 440.192(8) waives the right 4020 to deny compensability, unless the carrier can establish 4021 material facts relevant to the issue of compensability that it

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4022 could not have discovered through reasonable investigation 4023 within the 120-day period. The initial provision of compensation 4024 or benefits, for purposes of this subsection, means the first 4025 installment of compensation or benefits to be paid by the 4026 carrier under subsection (2) or pursuant to a petition for 4027 benefits under s. 440.192(8).

4028 (6)(a) If any installment of compensation for death or 4029 dependency benefits, or compensation for disability benefits, 4030 permanent impairment, or wage loss payable without an award is 4031 not paid within 7 days after it becomes due, as provided in 4032 subsection (2), subsection (3), or subsection (4), there shall 4033 be added to such unpaid installment a punitive penalty of an 4034 amount equal to 20 percent of the unpaid installment or \$5, 4035 which shall be paid at the same time as, but in addition to, 4036 such installment of compensation. This penalty shall not apply for late payments resulting , unless notice is filed under 4037 4038 subsection (4) or unless such nonpayment results from conditions 4039 over which the employer or carrier had no control. When any 4040 installment of compensation payable without an award has not 4041 been paid within 7 days after it became due and the claimant 4042 concludes the prosecution of the claim before a judge of 4043 compensation claims without having specifically claimed 4044 additional compensation in the nature of a penalty under this 4045 section, the claimant will be deemed to have acknowledged that, 4046 owing to conditions over which the employer or carrier had no 4047 control, such installment could not be paid within the period 4048 prescribed for payment and to have waived the right to claim 4049 such penalty. However, during the course of a hearing, the judge 4050 of compensation claims shall on her or his own motion raise the

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4051 question of whether such penalty should be awarded or excused. 4052 The department may assess without a hearing the punitive penalty 4053 against either the employer or the insurance carrier, depending 4054 upon who was at fault in causing the delay. The insurance policy 4055 cannot provide that this sum will be paid by the carrier if the 4056 department or the judge of compensation claims determines that 4057 the punitive penalty should be paid made by the employer rather 4058 than the carrier. Any additional installment of compensation 4059 paid by the carrier pursuant to this section shall be paid 4060 directly to the employee by check or, if authorized by the 4061 employee, by direct deposit into the employee's account at a 4062 financial institution. As used in this subsection, the term "financial institution" means a financial institution as defined 4063 4064 in s. 655.005(1)(h).

4065 (b) For medical services provided on or after January 1, 4066 2004, the department shall require that all medical, hospital, 4067 pharmacy, or dental bills properly submitted by the provider, 4068 except for bills that are disallowed or denied by the carrier or 4069 its authorized vendor in accordance with department rule, are 4070 timely paid within 45 calendar days after the carrier's receipt 4071 of the bill. The department shall impose penalties for late 4072 payments or disallowances or denials of medical, hospital, 4073 pharmacy, or dental bills that are below a minimum 95 percent 4074 timely performance standard. The carrier shall pay to the 4075 Workers' Compensation Administration Trust Fund a penalty of: 4076 1. Twenty-five dollars for each bill below the 95 percent 4077 timely performance standard, but meeting a 90 percent timely 4078 standard.

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40792. Fifty dollars for each bill below a 90 percent timely4080performance standard.

4081 (8)(a) In addition to any other penalties provided by this 4082 chapter for late payment, if any installment of compensation is 4083 not paid when it becomes due, the employer, carrier, or 4084 servicing agent shall pay interest thereon at the rate of 12 4085 percent per year from the date the installment becomes due until 4086 it is paid, whether such installment is payable without an order 4087 or under the terms of an order. The interest payment shall be 4088 the greater of the amount of interest due or \$5.

4089 (a) Within 30 days after final payment of compensation has 4090 been made, the employer, carrier, or servicing agent shall send 4091 to the department a notice, in accordance with a format and 4092 manner prescribed by the department, stating that such final 4093 payment has been made and stating the total amount of 4094 compensation paid, the name of the employee and of any other 4095 person to whom compensation has been paid, the date of the 4096 injury or death, and the date to which compensation has been 4097 paid.

4098 (b) If the employer, carrier, or servicing agent fails to 4099 so notify the department within such time, the department shall 4100 assess against such employer, carrier, or servicing agent a 4101 civil penalty in an amount not over \$100.

4102 (b)(c) In order to ensure carrier compliance under this 4103 chapter and provisions of the Florida Insurance Code, the office 4104 department shall monitor, audit, and investigate the performance 4105 of carriers by conducting market conduct examinations, as 4106 provided in s. 624.3161, and conducting investigations, as 4107 provided in s. 624.317. The office department shall require

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4108 establish by rule minimum performance standards for carriers to 4109 ensure that a minimum of 90 percent of all compensation benefits 4110 are timely paid in accordance with this section. The office 4111 department shall impose penalties fine a carrier as provided in 4112 s. 440.13(11)(b) up to \$50 for each late payments payment of 4113 compensation that are is below a the minimum 95 90 percent 4114 timely payment performance standard. The carrier shall pay to 4115 the Workers' Compensation Administration Trust Fund a penalty 4116 of:

4117 1. Fifty dollars per number of installments of 4118 compensation below the 95 percent timely payment performance 4119 standard and equal to or greater than a 90 percent timely payment performance standard. 4120

4121 2. One hundred dollars per number of installments of 4122 compensation below a 90 percent timely payment performance 4123 standard.

4124

4125 This section does not affect the imposition of any penalties or interest due to the claimant. If a carrier contracts with a 4126 4127 servicing agent to fulfill its administrative responsibilities 4128 under this chapter, the payment practices of the servicing agent 4129 are deemed the payment practices of the carrier for the purpose 4130 of assessing penalties against the carrier.

4131 (11)

4132 (d)1. With respect to any lump-sum settlement under this 4133 subsection, a judge of compensation claims must consider at the 4134 time of the settlement, whether the settlement allocation 4135 provides for the appropriate recovery of child support 4136

arrearages. An employer or carrier does not have a duty to

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4137 <u>investigate or collect information regarding child support</u>
4138 <u>arrearages.</u>

4139 2. When reviewing any settlement of lump-sum payment 4140 pursuant to this subsection, judges of compensation claims shall 4141 consider the interests of the worker and the worker's family 4142 when approving the settlement, which must consider and provide 4143 for appropriate recovery of past due support.

4144 <u>3. With respect to any lump-sum settlement under this</u>
4145 <u>subsection, any correspondence to a clerk of the circuit court</u>
4146 <u>of this state regarding child support documentation shall be</u>
4147 <u>exempt from any fees or costs ordinarily assessed by the clerk's</u>
4148 <u>office.</u>

4149 Section 25. Section 440.25, Florida Statutes, is amended 4150 to read:

4151

440.25 Procedures for mediation and hearings.--

4152 (1) Forty days Within 90 days after a petition for benefits is filed under s. 440.192, a mediation conference 4153 4154 concerning such petition shall be held. Within 40 days after such petition is filed, the judge of compensation claims shall 4155 4156 notify the interested parties by order that a mediation 4157 conference concerning such petition has been scheduled will be 4158 held unless the parties have notified the judge Office of the 4159 Judges of compensation claims that a private mediation has been 4160 held or is scheduled to be held. A mediation, whether private or 4161 public, shall be held within 130 days after the filing of the 4162 petition. Such order must give the date by which the mediation 4163 conference is to must be held. Such order may be served personally upon the interested parties or may be sent to the 4164 4165 interested parties by mail. If multiple petitions are pending,

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4166 or if additional petitions are filed after the scheduling of a mediation, the judge of compensation claims shall consolidate 4167 all petitions into one mediation. The claimant or the adjuster 4168 4169 of the employer or carrier may, at the mediator's discretion, 4170 attend the mediation conference by telephone or, if agreed to by 4171 the parties, other electronic means. A continuance may be 4172 granted upon the agreement of the parties or if the requesting 4173 party demonstrates to the judge of compensation claims that the 4174 reason for requesting the continuance arises from circumstances 4175 beyond the party's control. Any order granting a continuance 4176 must set forth the date of the rescheduled mediation conference. 4177 A mediation conference may not be used solely for the purpose of 4178 mediating attorney's fees.

4179 Any party who participates in a mediation conference (2) 4180 shall not be precluded from requesting a hearing following the 4181 mediation conference should both parties not agree to be bound by the results of the mediation conference. A mediation 4182 4183 conference is required to be held unless this requirement is 4184 waived by the Deputy Chief Judge. No later than 3 days prior to 4185 the mediation conference, all parties must submit any applicable motions, including, but not limited to, a motion to waive the 4186 4187 mediation conference, to the judge of compensation claims.

4188 (3)(a) Such mediation conference shall be conducted 4189 informally and does not require the use of formal rules of 4190 evidence or procedure. Any information from the files, reports, 4191 case summaries, mediator's notes, or other communications or 4192 materials, oral or written, relating to a mediation conference 4193 under this section obtained by any person performing mediation 4194 duties is privileged and confidential and may not be disclosed

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4195 without the written consent of all parties to the conference. 4196 Any research or evaluation effort directed at assessing the 4197 mediation program activities or performance must protect the 4198 confidentiality of such information. Each party to a mediation 4199 conference has a privilege during and after the conference to 4200 refuse to disclose and to prevent another from disclosing 4201 communications made during the conference whether or not the 4202 contested issues are successfully resolved. This subsection and 4203 paragraphs (4)(a) and (b) shall not be construed to prevent or 4204 inhibit the discovery or admissibility of any information that 4205 is otherwise subject to discovery or that is admissible under 4206 applicable law or rule of procedure, except that any conduct or 4207 statements made during a mediation conference or in negotiations 4208 concerning the conference are inadmissible in any proceeding 4209 under this chapter.

4210 (a)1. Unless the parties conduct a private mediation under paragraph (b) subparagraph 2., mediation shall be conducted by a 4211 4212 mediator selected by the Director of the Division of 4213 Administrative Hearings from among mediators employed on a full-4214 time basis by the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims. A 4215 mediator must be a member of The Florida Bar for at least 5 4216 years and must complete a mediation training program approved by 4217 the Deputy Chief Judge Director of the Division of 4218 Administrative Hearings. Adjunct mediators may be employed by the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims on an as-needed 4219 4220 basis and shall be selected from a list prepared by the Director 4221 of the Division of Administrative Hearings. An adjunct mediator must be independent of all parties participating in the 4222 4223 mediation conference. An adjunct mediator must be a member of

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The Florida Bar for at least 5 years and must complete a
mediation training program approved by the <u>Office of the Judges</u>
<u>of Compensation Claims</u> Director of the Division of
Administrative Hearings. An adjunct mediator shall have access
to the office, equipment, and supplies of the judge of
compensation claims in each district.

4230 (b)2. With respect to any private mediation occurring on 4231 or after January 1, 2003, if the parties agree or if mediators 4232 are not available under paragraph (a), pursuant to notice from 4233 the judge of compensation claims, subparagraph 1. to conduct the 4234 required mediation within the period specified in this section, 4235 the parties shall hold a mediation conference at the carrier's 4236 expense within the 130-day 90-day period set for mediation. The 4237 mediation conference shall be conducted by a mediator certified 4238 under s. 44.106. If the parties do not agree upon a mediator 4239 within 10 days after the date of the order, the claimant shall notify the judge in writing and the judge shall appoint a 4240 4241 mediator under this subparagraph within 7 days. In the event 4242 both parties agree, the results of the mediation conference 4243 shall be binding and neither party shall have a right to appeal 4244 the results. In the event either party refuses to agree to the 4245 results of the mediation conference, the results of the 4246 mediation conference as well as the testimony, witnesses, and 4247 evidence presented at the conference shall not be admissible at 4248 any subsequent proceeding on the claim. The mediator shall not 4249 be called in to testify or give deposition to resolve any claim 4250 for any hearing before the judge of compensation claims. The 4251 employer may be represented by an attorney at the mediation

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4252 conference if the employee is also represented by an attorney at4253 the mediation conference.

4254 (b) The parties shall complete the pretrial stipulations
4255 before the conclusion of the mediation conference if the claims,
4256 except for attorney's fees and costs, have not been settled and
4257 if any claims in any filed petition remain unresolved. The judge
4258 of compensation claims may impose sanctions against a party or
4259 both parties for failing to complete the pretrial stipulations
4260 before the conclusion of the mediation conference.

4261 (4)(a) If the parties fail to agree to upon written 4262 submission of pretrial stipulations at the mediation conference, the judge of compensation claims shall conduct a live order a 4263 4264 pretrial hearing to occur within 14 days after the date of mediation ordered by the judge of compensation claims. The judge 4265 4266 of compensation claims shall give the interested parties at 4267 least 14 7 days' advance notice of the pretrial hearing by mail. At the pretrial hearing, the judge of compensation claims shall, 4268 4269 subject to paragraph (b), set a date for the final hearing that 4270 allows the parties at least 60 days to conduct discovery unless 4271 the parties consent to an earlier hearing date.

4272 The final hearing must be held and concluded within 90 (b) 4273 days after the mediation conference is held, allowing the 4274 parties sufficient time to complete discovery. Except as set 4275 forth in this section, continuances may be granted only if the 4276 requesting party demonstrates to the judge of compensation 4277 claims that the reason for requesting the continuance arises 4278 from circumstances beyond the party's control. The written 4279 consent of the claimant must be obtained before any request from 4280 a claimant's attorney is granted for an additional continuance

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4281 after the initial continuance has been granted. Any order 4282 granting a continuance must set forth the date and time of the 4283 rescheduled hearing. A continuance may be granted only if the 4284 requesting party demonstrates to the judge of compensation 4285 claims that the reason for requesting the continuance arises 4286 from circumstances beyond the control of the parties. The judge 4287 of compensation claims shall report any grant of two or more 4288 continuances to the Deputy Chief Judge.

4289 (c) The judge of compensation claims shall give the
4290 interested parties at least <u>14</u> 7 days' advance notice of the
4291 final hearing, served upon the interested parties by mail.

4292 (d) The final hearing shall be held within 210 days after 4293 receipt of the petition for benefits in the county where the 4294 injury occurred, if the injury occurred in this state, unless 4295 otherwise agreed to between the parties and authorized by the 4296 judge of compensation claims in the county where the injury 4297 occurred. However, the claimant may waive the timeframes within 4298 this section for good cause shown. If the injury occurred 4299 outside the state and is one for which compensation is payable 4300 under this chapter, then the final hearing may be held in the 4301 county of the employer's residence or place of business, or in any other county of the state that will, in the discretion of 4302 4303 the Deputy Chief Judge, be the most convenient for a hearing. 4304 The final hearing shall be conducted by a judge of compensation 4305 claims, who shall, within 30 days after final hearing or closure 4306 of the hearing record, unless otherwise agreed by the parties, 4307 enter a final order on the merits of the disputed issues. The 4308 judge of compensation claims may enter an abbreviated final 4309 order in cases in which compensability is not disputed. Either

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4310 party may request separate findings of fact and conclusions of 4311 law. At the final hearing, the claimant and employer may each 4312 present evidence with respect to the claims presented by the 4313 petition for benefits and may be represented by any attorney 4314 authorized in writing for such purpose. When there is a conflict 4315 in the medical evidence submitted at the hearing, the provisions 4316 of s. 440.13 shall apply. The report or testimony of the expert 4317 medical advisor shall be admitted into evidence in a made a part 4318 of the record of the proceeding and shall be given the same consideration by the judge of compensation claims as is accorded 4319 4320 other medical evidence submitted in the proceeding; and all 4321 costs incurred in connection with such examination and testimony 4322 may be assessed as costs in the proceeding, subject to the 4323 provisions of s. 440.13. No judge of compensation claims may 4324 make a finding of a degree of permanent impairment that is 4325 greater than the greatest permanent impairment rating given the claimant by any examining or treating physician, except upon 4326 4327 stipulation of the parties. Any benefit due but not raised at 4328 the final hearing which was ripe, due, or owing at the time of 4329 the final hearing is waived.

4330 The order making an award or rejecting the claim, (e) 4331 referred to in this chapter as a "compensation order," shall set forth the findings of ultimate facts and the mandate; and the 4332 4333 order need not include any other reason or justification for 4334 such mandate. The compensation order shall be filed in the 4335 Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims at Tallahassee. A 4336 copy of such compensation order shall be sent by mail to the parties and attorneys of record at the last known address of 4337 4338 each, with the date of mailing noted thereon.

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4339 (f) Each judge of compensation claims is required to submit a special report to the Deputy Chief Judge in each 4340 4341 contested workers ' compensation case in which the case is not 4342 determined within 30 days of final hearing or closure of the 4343 hearing record. Said form shall be provided by the director of 4344 the Division of Administrative Hearings and shall contain the names of the judge of compensation claims and of the attorneys 4345 4346 involved and a brief explanation by the judge of compensation 4347 claims as to the reason for such a delay in issuing a final 4348 order.

4349 (f)(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the judge of compensation claims may require the 4350 4351 appearance of the parties and counsel before her or him without 4352 written notice for an emergency conference where there is a bona 4353 fide emergency involving the health, safety, or welfare of an 4354 employee. An emergency conference under this section may result in the entry of an order or the rendering of an adjudication by 4355 4356 the judge of compensation claims.

4357 (g) (h) To expedite dispute resolution and to enhance the 4358 self-executing features of the Workers' Compensation Law, the 4359 Deputy Chief Judge shall make provision by rule or order for the 4360 resolution of appropriate motions by judges of compensation claims without oral hearing upon submission of brief written 4361 4362 statements in support and opposition, and for expedited discovery and docketing. Unless the judge of compensation 4363 4364 claims, for good cause, orders a hearing under paragraph (h)(i), 4365 each claim in a petition relating to the determination of the average weekly wage pay under s. 440.14 shall be resolved under 4366 4367 this paragraph without oral hearing.

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4368 (h)(i) To further expedite dispute resolution and to 4369 enhance the self-executing features of the system, those petitions filed in accordance with s. 440.192 that involve a 4370 4371 claim for benefits of \$5,000 or less shall, in the absence of 4372 compelling evidence to the contrary, be presumed to be 4373 appropriate for expedited resolution under this paragraph; and 4374 any other claim filed in accordance with s. 440.192, upon the 4375 written agreement of both parties and application by either 4376 party, may similarly be resolved under this paragraph. A claim 4377 in a petition or \$5,000 or less for medical benefits only or a 4378 petition for reimbursement for mileage for medical purposes shall, in the absence of compelling evidence to the contrary, be 4379 4380 resolved through the expedited dispute resolution process 4381 provided in this paragraph. For purposes of expedited resolution 4382 pursuant to this paragraph, the Deputy Chief Judge shall make 4383 provision by rule or order for expedited and limited discovery and expedited docketing in such cases. At least 15 days prior to 4384 4385 hearing, the parties shall exchange and file with the judge of 4386 compensation claims a pretrial outline of all issues, defenses, 4387 and witnesses on a form adopted by the Deputy Chief Judge; 4388 provided, in no event shall such hearing be held without 15 4389 days' written notice to all parties. No pretrial hearing shall 4390 be held and no mediation scheduled unless requested by a party. 4391 The judge of compensation claims shall limit all argument and 4392 presentation of evidence at the hearing to a maximum of 30 4393 minutes, and such hearings shall not exceed 30 minutes in 4394 length. Neither party shall be required to be represented by counsel. The employer or carrier may be represented by an 4395 4396 adjuster or other qualified representative. The employer or

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4397 carrier and any witness may appear at such hearing by telephone.
4398 The rules of evidence shall be liberally construed in favor of
4399 allowing introduction of evidence.

4400 (i)(j) A judge of compensation claims may, upon the motion 4401 of a party or the judge's own motion, dismiss a petition for 4402 lack of prosecution if a petition, response, motion, order, 4403 request for hearing, or notice of deposition has not been filed 4404 during the previous 12 months unless good cause is shown. A 4405 dismissal for lack of prosecution is without prejudice and does 4406 not require a hearing.

4407 (j)(k) A judge of compensation claims may not award 4408 interest on unpaid medical bills and the amount of such bills 4409 may not be used to calculate the amount of interest awarded. 4410 Regardless of the date benefits were initially requested, 4411 attorney's fees do not attach under this subsection until 30 4412 days after the date the carrier or self-insured employer 4413 receives the petition.

4414 (5)(a) Procedures with respect to appeals from orders of
4415 judges of compensation claims shall be governed by rules adopted
4416 by the Supreme Court. Such an order shall become final 30 days
4417 after mailing of copies of such order to the parties, unless
4418 appealed pursuant to such rules.

(b) An appellant may be relieved of any necessary filing fee by filing a verified petition of indigency for approval as provided in s. 57.081(1) and may be relieved in whole or in part from the costs for preparation of the record on appeal if, within 15 days after the date notice of the estimated costs for the preparation is served, the appellant files with the judge of compensation claims a copy of the designation of the record on

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4426 appeal, and a verified petition to be relieved of costs. A 4427 verified petition filed prior to the date of service of the 4428 notice of the estimated costs shall be deemed not timely filed. 4429 The verified petition relating to record costs shall contain a 4430 sworn statement that the appellant is insolvent and a complete, 4431 detailed, and sworn financial affidavit showing all the 4432 appellant's assets, liabilities, and income. Failure to state in 4433 the affidavit all assets and income, including marital assets 4434 and income, shall be grounds for denying the petition with 4435 prejudice. The Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims shall 4436 adopt rules as may be required pursuant to this subsection, 4437 including forms for use in all petitions brought under this 4438 subsection. The appellant's attorney, or the appellant if she or he is not represented by an attorney, shall include as a part of 4439 4440 the verified petition relating to record costs an affidavit or 4441 affirmation that, in her or his opinion, the notice of appeal was filed in good faith and that there is a probable basis for 4442 4443 the District Court of Appeal, First District, to find reversible 4444 error, and shall state with particularity the specific legal and 4445 factual grounds for the opinion. Failure to so affirm shall be 4446 grounds for denying the petition. A copy of the verified 4447 petition relating to record costs shall be served upon all 4448 interested parties. The judge of compensation claims shall 4449 promptly conduct a hearing on the verified petition relating to 4450 record costs, giving at least 15 days' notice to the appellant, 4451 the department, and all other interested parties, all of whom 4452 shall be parties to the proceedings. The judge of compensation claims may enter an order without such hearing if no objection 4453 4454 is filed by an interested party within 20 days from the service

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4455 date of the verified petition relating to record costs. Such 4456 proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions 4457 of this section and with the workers' compensation rules of 4458 procedure, to the extent applicable. In the event an insolvency 4459 petition is granted, the judge of compensation claims shall 4460 direct the department to pay record costs and filing fees from 4461 the Workers' Compensation Administration Trust Fund pending 4462 final disposition of the costs of appeal. The department may 4463 transcribe or arrange for the transcription of the record in any 4464 proceeding for which it is ordered to pay the cost of the 4465 record.

4466 (C) As a condition of filing a notice of appeal to the 4467 District Court of Appeal, First District, an employer who has 4468 not secured the payment of compensation under this chapter in 4469 compliance with s. 440.38 shall file with the notice of appeal a 4470 good and sufficient bond, as provided in s. 59.13, conditioned to pay the amount of the demand and any interest and costs 4471 4472 payable under the terms of the order if the appeal is dismissed, 4473 or if the District Court of Appeal, First District, affirms the 4474 award in any amount. Upon the failure of such employer to file 4475 such bond with the judge of compensation claims or the District Court of Appeal, First District, along with the notice of 4476 4477 appeal, the District Court of Appeal, First District, shall 4478 dismiss the notice of appeal.

4479 (6) An award of compensation for disability may be made4480 after the death of an injured employee.

4481 (7) An injured employee claiming or entitled to
4482 compensation shall submit to such physical examination by a
4483 certified expert medical advisor approved by the agency or the

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4484 judge of compensation claims as the agency or the judge of 4485 compensation claims may require. The place or places shall be reasonably convenient for the employee. Such physician or 4486 4487 physicians as the employee, employer, or carrier may select and 4488 pay for may participate in an examination if the employee, 4489 employer, or carrier so requests. Proceedings shall be suspended 4490 and no compensation shall be payable for any period during which 4491 the employee may refuse to submit to examination. Any interested 4492 party shall have the right in any case of death to require an 4493 autopsy, the cost thereof to be borne by the party requesting 4494 it; and the judge of compensation claims shall have authority to 4495 order and require an autopsy and may, in her or his discretion, 4496 withhold her or his findings and award until an autopsy is held.

4497 Section 26. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 4498 440.34, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (7) is 4499 added to said section, to read:

4500

440.34 Attorney's fees; costs.--

4501 A fee, gratuity, or other consideration may not be (1)4502 paid for services rendered for a claimant in connection with any 4503 proceedings arising under this chapter, unless approved as 4504 reasonable by the judge of compensation claims or court having 4505 jurisdiction over such proceedings. Except as provided by this subsection, Any attorney's fee approved by a judge of 4506 4507 compensation claims for benefits secured on behalf of services 4508 rendered to a claimant must equal to 20 percent of the first 4509 \$5,000 of the amount of the benefits secured, 15 percent of the 4510 next \$5,000 of the amount of the benefits secured, 10 percent of the remaining amount of the benefits secured to be provided 4511 4512 during the first 10 years after the date the claim is filed, and

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4513	5 percent of the benefits secured after 10 years. <u>The judge of</u>					
4514	compensation claims shall not approve a compensation order, a					
4515	joint stipulation for lump-sum settlement, a stipulation or					
4516	agreement between a claimant and his or her attorney, or any					
4517	other agreement related to benefits under this chapter that					
4518	provides for an attorney's fee in excess of the amount permitted					
4519	by this section. The judge of compensation claims is not					
4520	required to approve any retainer agreement between the claimant					
4521	and his or her attorney. The retainer agreement as to fees and					
4522	costs may not be for compensation in excess of the amount					
4523	allowed under this section. However, The judge of compensation					
4524	claims shall consider the following factors in each case and may					
4525	increase or decrease the attorney's fee if, in her or his					
4526	judgment, the circumstances of the particular case warrant such					
4527	action:					
4528	(a) The time and labor required, the novelty and					
4529	difficulty of the questions involved, and the skill requisite to					
4530	perform the legal service properly.					
4531	(b) The fee customarily charged in the locality for					
4532	similar legal services.					
4533	(c) The amount involved in the controversy and the					
4534	benefits resulting to the claimant.					
4535	(d) The time limitation imposed by the claimant or the					
4536	circumstances.					
4537	(e) The experience, reputation, and ability of the lawyer					
4538	or lawyers performing services.					
4539	(f) The contingency or certainty of a fee.					
4540	(2) In awarding a reasonable claimant's attorney's fee,					
4541	the judge of compensation claims shall consider only those					
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4542 benefits secured by to the claimant that the attorney is 4543 responsible for securing. An attorney is not entitled to 4544 attorney's fees for representation in any issue that was ripe, 4545 due, and owing and that reasonably could have been addressed, 4546 but was not addressed, during the pendency of other issues for 4547 the same injury. The amount, statutory basis, and type of 4548 benefits obtained through legal representation shall be listed 4549 on all attorney's fees awarded by the judge of compensation 4550 claims. For purposes of this section, the term "benefits 4551 secured" means benefits obtained as a result of the claimant's 4552 attorney's legal services rendered in connection with the claim 4553 for benefits. However, such term does not include future 4554 medical benefits to be provided on any date more than 5 years 4555 after the date the claim is filed. In the event an offer to settle an issue pending before a judge of compensation claims, 4556 4557 including attorney's fees as provided for in this section, is 4558 communicated in writing to the claimant or the claimant's 4559 attorney at least 30 days prior to the trial date on such issue, 4560 for purposes of calculating the amount of attorney's fees to be 4561 taxed against the employer or carrier, the term "benefits 4562 secured" shall be deemed to include only that amount awarded to 4563 the claimant above the amount specified in the offer to settle. 4564 If multiple issues are pending before the judge of compensation 4565 claims, said offer of settlement shall address each issue 4566 pending and shall state explicitly whether or not the offer on each issue is severable. The written offer shall also 4567 4568 unequivocally state whether or not it includes medical witness 4569 fees and expenses and all other costs associated with the claim.

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4570 If any party the claimant should prevail in any (3) 4571 proceedings before a judge of compensation claims or court, 4572 there shall be taxed against the nonprevailing party employer 4573 the reasonable costs of such proceedings, not to include the 4574 attorney's fees of the claimant. A claimant shall be 4575 responsible for the payment of her or his own attorney's fees, 4576 except that a claimant shall be entitled to recover a reasonable 4577 attorney's fee from a carrier or employer:

(a) Against whom she or he successfully asserts a petition
for medical benefits only, if the claimant has not filed or is
not entitled to file at such time a claim for disability,
permanent impairment, wage-loss, or death benefits, arising out
of the same accident;

(b) In any case in which the employer or carrier files a
response to petition denying benefits with the Office of the
Judges of Compensation Claims and the injured person has
employed an attorney in the successful prosecution of the
petition;

(c) In a proceeding in which a carrier or employer denies that an accident occurred for which compensation benefits are payable, and the claimant prevails on the issue of compensability; or

4592(d) In cases where the claimant successfully prevails in4593proceedings filed under s. 440.24 or s. 440.28.

4595 Regardless of the date benefits were initially requested,
4596 attorney's fees shall not attach under this subsection until 30
4597 days after the date the carrier or employer, if self-insured,
4598 receives the petition. In applying the factors set forth in

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4599 subsection (1) to cases arising under paragraphs (a), (b), (c), 4600 and (d), the judge of compensation claims must only consider 4601 only such benefits and the time reasonably spent in obtaining 4602 them as were secured for the claimant within the scope of 4603 paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d).

4604 (7) If an attorney's fee is owed under paragraph (3)(a), 4605 the judge of compensation claims may approve an alternative 4606 attorney's fee not to exceed \$1,500 only once per accident, 4607 based on a maximum hourly rate of \$150 per hour, if the judge of 4608 compensation claims expressly finds that the attorney's fee 4609 amount provided for in subsection (1), based on benefits secured, fails to fairly compensate the attorney for disputed 4610 4611 medical-only claims as provided in paragraph (3)(a) and the 4612 circumstances of the particular case warrant such action.

4613 Section 27. Subsection (7) is added to section 440.38, 4614 Florida Statutes, to read:

4615 440.38 Security for compensation; insurance carriers and 4616 self-insurers.-

(7) Any employer who meets the requirements of subsection 4617 4618 (1) through a policy of insurance issued outside of this state 4619 must at all times, with respect to all employees working in this 4620 state, maintain the required coverage under a Florida 4621 endorsement using Florida rates and rules pursuant to payroll 4622 reporting that accurately reflects the work performed in this 4623 state by such employees. 4624 Section 28. Subsections (2) and (6) of section 440.381, 4625 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 440.381 Application for coverage; reporting payroll; 4626

4627 payroll audit procedures; penalties.--

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4628 Submission of an application that contains false, (2) 4629 misleading, or incomplete information provided with the purpose 4630 of avoiding or reducing the amount of premiums for workers' 4631 compensation coverage is a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 4632 4633 The application must contain a statement that the filing of an 4634 application containing false, misleading, or incomplete 4635 information provided with the purpose of avoiding or reducing 4636 the amount of premiums for workers' compensation coverage is a 4637 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 4638 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. The application must contain 4639 a sworn statement by the employer attesting to the accuracy of 4640 the information submitted and acknowledging the provisions of 4641 former s. 440.37(4). The application must contain a sworn 4642 statement by the agent attesting that the agent explained to the 4643 employer or officer the classification codes that are used for premium calculations. 4644

4645 (6)(a) If an employer understates or conceals payroll, or 4646 misrepresents or conceals employee duties so as to avoid proper 4647 classification for premium calculations, or misrepresents or 4648 conceals information pertinent to the computation and 4649 application of an experience rating modification factor, the 4650 employer, or the employer's agent or attorney, shall pay to the 4651 insurance carrier a penalty of 10 times the amount of the 4652 difference in premium paid and the amount the employer should 4653 have paid and reasonable attorney's fees. The penalty may be 4654 enforced in the circuit courts of this state.

4655(b) If the department determines that an employer has4656materially understated or concealed payroll, has materially

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4657 misrepresented or concealed employee duties so as to avoid proper classification for premium calculations, or has 4658 4659 materially misrepresented or concealed information pertinent to 4660 the computation and application of an experience rating modification factor, the department shall immediately notify the 4661 4662 employer's carrier of such determination. The carrier shall commence a physical onsite audit of the employer within 30 days 4663 4664 after receiving notification from the department. If the carrier 4665 fails to commence the audit as required by this section, the 4666 department shall contract with auditing professionals to conduct 4667 the audit at the carrier's expense. A copy of the carrier's audit of the employer shall be provided to the department upon 4668 4669 completion. The carrier is not required to conduct the physical 4670 onsite audit of the employer as set forth in this paragraph if the carrier gives written notice of cancellation to the employer 4671 4672 within 30 days after receiving notification from the department of the material misrepresentation, understatement, or 4673 4674 concealment and an audit is conducted in conjunction with the 4675 cancellation. 4676 Section 29. Subsection (3) of section 440.42, Florida 4677 Statutes, is amended to read:

4678

440.42 Insurance policies; liability.--

4679 (3) No contract or policy of insurance issued by a carrier
4680 under this chapter shall expire or be canceled until at least 30
4681 days have elapsed after a notice of cancellation has been sent
4682 to the department and to the employer in accordance with the
4683 provisions of s. 440.185(7). For cancellation due to nonpayment
4684 of premium, the insurer shall mail notification to the employer
4685 at least 10 days prior to the effective date of the

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4686 cancellation. However, when duplicate or dual coverage exists by 4687 reason of two different carriers having issued policies of 4688 insurance to the same employer securing the same liability, it 4689 shall be presumed that only that policy with the later effective 4690 date shall be in force and that the earlier policy terminated 4691 upon the effective date of the latter. In the event that both policies carry the same effective date, one of the policies may 4692 4693 be canceled instanter upon filing a notice of cancellation with 4694 the department and serving a copy thereof upon the employer in 4695 such manner as the department prescribes by rule. The department 4696 may by rule prescribe the content of the notice of retroactive 4697 cancellation and specify the time, place, and manner in which 4698 the notice of cancellation is to be served.

4699 Section 30. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 4700 440.49, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

4701 440.49 Limitation of liability for subsequent injury
4702 through Special Disability Trust Fund.--

4703 (4) PERMANENT IMPAIRMENT OR PERMANENT TOTAL DISABILITY,
4704 TEMPORARY BENEFITS, MEDICAL BENEFITS, OR ATTENDANT CARE AFTER
4705 OTHER PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT.--

4706 Permanent impairment.--If an employee who has a (a) 4707 preexisting permanent physical impairment incurs a subsequent 4708 permanent impairment from injury or occupational disease arising 4709 out of, and in the course of, her or his employment which merges with the preexisting permanent physical impairment to cause a 4710 4711 permanent impairment, the employer shall, in the first instance, 4712 pay all benefits provided by this chapter; but, subject to the limitations specified in subsection (6), such employer shall be 4713 4714 reimbursed from the Special Disability Trust Fund created by

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4715 subsection (9) for 50 percent of all impairment benefits which

4716 the employer has been required to provide pursuant to s.

4717 440.15(3)(a) as a result of the subsequent accident or

4718 occupational disease.

4719 Section 31. Subsection (6) of section 440.491, Florida4720 Statutes, is amended to read:

4721

440.491 Reemployment of injured workers; rehabilitation.--(6) TRAINING AND EDUCATION.--

4722

4723 Upon referral of an injured employee by the carrier, (a) 4724 or upon the request of an injured employee, the department shall 4725 conduct a training and education screening to determine whether it should refer the employee for a vocational evaluation and, if 4726 4727 appropriate, approve training and education or other vocational 4728 services for the employee. The department may not approve formal 4729 training and education programs unless it determines, after 4730 consideration of the reemployment assessment, pertinent 4731 reemployment status reviews or reports, and such other relevant 4732 factors as it prescribes by rule, that the reemployment plan is 4733 likely to result in return to suitable gainful employment. The 4734 department is authorized to expend moneys from the Workers' 4735 Compensation Administration Trust Fund, established by s. 4736 440.50, to secure appropriate training and education at a 4737 community college established under part III of chapter 240 or 4738 at a vocational-technical school established under s. 230.63, or 4739 to secure other vocational services when necessary to satisfy 4740 the recommendation of a vocational evaluator. As used in this paragraph, "appropriate training and education" includes 4741 4742 securing a general education diploma (GED), if necessary. The 4743 department shall establish training and education standards

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4744 pertaining to employee eligibility, course curricula and4745 duration, and associated costs.

4746 When it appears that an employee who has attained (b) 4747 maximum medical improvement is unable to earn at least 80 4748 percent of the compensation rate and requires training and 4749 education to obtain suitable gainful employment, the employer or 4750 carrier shall pay the employee additional training and education 4751 temporary total compensation benefits while the employee 4752 receives such training and education for a period not to exceed 4753 26 weeks, which period may be extended for an additional 26 4754 weeks or less, if such extended period is determined to be necessary and proper by a judge of compensation claims. The 4755 4756 benefits provided under this paragraph shall not be in addition to the 104 weeks as specified in s. 440.15(2). However, a 4757 4758 carrier or employer is not precluded from voluntarily paying 4759 additional temporary total disability compensation beyond that 4760 period. If an employee requires temporary residence at or near a 4761 facility or an institution providing training and education 4762 which is located more than 50 miles away from the employee's 4763 customary residence, the reasonable cost of board, lodging, or 4764 travel must be borne by the department from the Workers' 4765 Compensation Administration Trust Fund established by s. 440.50. An employee who refuses to accept training and education that is 4766 recommended by the vocational evaluator and considered necessary 4767 4768 by the department will forfeit any additional training and 4769 education benefits and any additional payment for lost wages 4770 under this chapter. The department shall adopt rules to implement this section, which shall include requirements placed 4771 4772 upon the carrier to notify the injured employee of the

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4773 availability of training and education benefits as specified in 4774 this chapter. The department shall also include information 4775 regarding the eligibility for training and education benefits in informational materials specified in ss. 440.207 and 440.40 is 4776 4777 subject to a 50-percent reduction in weekly compensation 4778 benefits, including wage-loss benefits, as determined under s. 4779 440.15(3)(b). 4780 Section 32. Section 440.525, Florida Statutes, is amended 4781 to read: 440.525 Examination and investigation of carriers and 4782 4783 claims-handling entities.--4784 (1) The department may examine, or investigate any each carrier, third-party administrator, servicing agent, or other 4785 4786 claims-handling entity as often as is warranted to ensure that 4787 it is carriers are fulfilling its their obligations under this 4788 chapter the law. The examination may cover any period of the 4789 carrier's operations since the last previous examination. 4790 (2) An examination may cover any period of the carrier's, 4791 third-party administrator's, servicing agent's, or other claims-4792 handling entity's operations since the last previous 4793 examination. An investigation based upon a reasonable belief by 4794 the department that a material violation of this chapter has 4795 occurred may cover any time period, but may not predate the last 4796 examination by more than 5 years. The department may by rule 4797 establish procedures, standards, and protocols for examinations 4798 and investigations. If the department finds any violation of 4799 this chapter, it may impose administrative penalties pursuant to 4800 this chapter. If the department finds any self-insurer in 4801 violation of this chapter, it may take action pursuant s.

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4802	440.38(3). Examinations or investigations by the department may
4803	address, but are not limited to addressing, patterns or
4804	practices of unreasonable delay in claims handling; timeliness
4805	and accuracy of payments and reports under ss. 440.13, 440.16,
4806	and 440.185; or patterns or practices of harassment, coercion,
4807	or intimidation of claimants. The department may also specify by
4808	rule the documentation to be maintained for each claim file.

4809 (3) As to any examination or investigation conducted under 4810 this chapter, the department shall have the power to conduct 4811 onsite inspections of claims records and documentation of a 4812 carrier, third-party administrator, servicing agent, or other 4813 claims-handling entity, and conduct interviews, both sworn and unsworn, of claims-handling personnel. Carriers, third-party 4814 4815 administrators, servicing agents, and other claims-handling 4816 entities shall make all claims records, documentation, 4817 communication, and correspondence available to department 4818 personnel during regular business hours. If any person fails to 4819 comply with a request for production of records or documents or 4820 fails to produce an employee for interview, the department may 4821 compel production or attendance by subpoena. The results of an 4822 examination or investigation shall be provided to the carrier, 4823 third-party administrator, servicing agent, or other claims-4824 handling entity in a written report setting forth the basis for 4825 any violations that are asserted. Such report is agency action 4826 for purposes of chapter 120, and the aggrieved party may request 4827 a proceeding under s. 120.57 with regard to the findings and 4828 conclusion of the report.

4829(4) If the department finds that violations of this4830chapter have occurred, the department may impose an

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4831 administrative penalty upon the offending entity or entities. For each offending entity, such penalties shall not exceed 4832 4833 \$2,500 for each pattern or practice constituting nonwillful 4834 violation and shall not exceed an aggregate amount of \$10,000 for all nonwillful violations arising out of the same action. If 4835 4836 the department finds a pattern of practice that constitutes a 4837 willful violation, the department may impose an administrative 4838 penalty upon each offending entity not to exceed \$20,000 for 4839 each willful pattern or practice. Such fines shall not exceed 4840 \$100,000 for all willful violations arising out of the same 4841 action. No penalty assessed under this section may be recouped 4842 by any carrier in the rate base, the premium, or any rate 4843 filing. Any administrative penalty imposed under this section 4844 for a nonwillful violation shall not duplicate an administrative 4845 penalty imposed under another provision of this chapter or the 4846 Insurance Code. The department may adopt rules to implement this 4847 section. The department shall adopt penalty quidelines by rule 4848 to set penalties under this chapter.

4849 Section 33. Subsection (2) of section 627.162, Florida 4850 Statutes, is amended to read:

4851 627.162 Requirements for premium installments;
4852 delinquency, collection, and check return charges; attorney's
4853 fees.--

4854 (2) Insurers providing workers' compensation coverage
4855 under chapter 440 may charge the insured a delinquency and
4856 collection fee on each installment in default for a period of
4857 not less than 5 days in an amount not to exceed \$25 \$10 or 5
4858 percent of the delinquent installment, whichever is greater.
4859 Only one such delinquency and collection fee may be collected on

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4860 any such installment regardless of the period during which it 4861 remains in default.

4862 Section 34. Section 627.285, Florida Statutes, is created 4863 to read:

4864 627.285 Independent actuarial peer review of workers' compensation rating organization. -- The Financial Services 4865 4866 Commission shall at least once every other year contract for an 4867 independent actuarial peer review and analysis of the ratemaking 4868 processes of any licensed rating organization that makes rate 4869 filings for workers' compensation insurance and the rating 4870 organization shall fully cooperate in the peer review. The 4871 contract shall require submission of a final report to the 4872 commission, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the 4873 House of Representatives by February 1. The first report shall be submitted by February 1, 2004. The costs of the independent 4874 4875 actuarial peer review shall be paid from the Workers' 4876 Compensation Administration Trust Fund.

4877 Section 35. Effective July, 1, 2003, paragraphs (b), (c), 4878 and (d) of subsection (4) of section 627.311, Florida Statutes, 4879 are amended to read

627.311 Joint underwriters and joint reinsurers.--

4881

(4)

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(b) The operation of the plan is subject to the
supervision of a <u>9-member</u> 13-member board of governors. The
board of governors shall be comprised of:

4885 <u>1. Three members appointed by the Financial Services</u>
4886 <u>Commission. Each member appointed by the commission shall serve</u>
4887 at the pleasure of the commission;

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4888 <u>2.1.</u> <u>Two</u> Five of the 20 domestic insurers, as defined in 4889 s. 624.06(1), having the largest voluntary direct premiums 4890 written in this state for workers' compensation and employer's 4891 liability insurance, which shall be elected by those 20 domestic 4892 insurers;

4893 <u>3.2.</u> <u>Two</u> Five of the 20 foreign insurers as defined in s.
4894 624.06(2) having the largest voluntary direct premiums written
4895 in this state for workers' compensation and employer's liability
4896 insurance, which shall be elected by those 20 foreign insurers;

4897 3. One person, who shall serve as the chair, appointed by
4898 the Insurance Commissioner;

4899 4. One person appointed by the largest property and 4900 casualty insurance agents' association in this state; and

49015. The consumer advocate appointed under s. 627.0613 or4902the consumer advocate's designee.

4904 Each board member shall serve a 4-year term and may serve 4905 consecutive terms. A vacancy on the board shall be filled in the 4906 same manner as the original appointment for the unexpired 4907 portion of the term. The Financial Services Commission shall 4908 designate a member of the board to serve as chair. No board 4909 member shall be an insurer which provides service to the plan or 4910 which has an affiliate which provides services to the plan or 4911 which is serviced by a service company or third-party 4912 administrator which provides services to the plan or which has 4913 an affiliate which provides services to the plan. The minutes, 4914 audits, and procedures of the board of governors are subject to 4915 chapter 119.

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(c) The operation of the plan shall be governed by a plan of operation that is prepared at the direction of the board of governors. The plan of operation may be changed at any time by the board of governors or upon request of the department. The plan of operation and all changes thereto are subject to the approval of the department. The plan of operation shall:

4922 1. Authorize the board to engage in the activities
4923 necessary to implement this subsection, including, but not
4924 limited to, borrowing money.

4925 Develop criteria for eligibility for coverage by the 2. 4926 plan, including, but not limited to, documented rejection by at 4927 least two insurers which reasonably assures that insureds 4928 covered under the plan are unable to acquire coverage in the 4929 voluntary market. Any insured may voluntarily elect to accept 4930 coverage from an insurer for a premium equal to or greater than 4931 the plan premium if the insurer writing the coverage adheres to 4932 the provisions of s. 627.171.

4933 3. Require notice from the agent to the insured at the 4934 time of the application for coverage that the application is for 4935 coverage with the plan and that coverage may be available 4936 through an insurer, group self-insurers' fund, commercial self-4937 insurance fund, or assessable mutual insurer through another 4938 agent at a lower cost.

4939 4. Establish programs to encourage insurers to provide
4940 coverage to applicants of the plan in the voluntary market and
4941 to insureds of the plan, including, but not limited to:

4942 a. Establishing procedures for an insurer to use in
4943 notifying the plan of the insurer's desire to provide coverage
4944 to applicants to the plan or existing insureds of the plan and

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4945 in describing the types of risks in which the insurer is
4946 interested. The description of the desired risks must be on a
4947 form developed by the plan.

4948 b. Developing forms and procedures that provide an insurer 4949 with the information necessary to determine whether the insurer 4950 wants to write particular applicants to the plan or insureds of 4951 the plan.

4952 c. Developing procedures for notice to the plan and the 4953 applicant to the plan or insured of the plan that an insurer 4954 will insure the applicant or the insured of the plan, and notice 4955 of the cost of the coverage offered; and developing procedures 4956 for the selection of an insuring entity by the applicant or 4957 insured of the plan.

4958 d. Provide for a market-assistance plan to assist in the 4959 placement of employers. All applications for coverage in the 4960 plan received 45 days before the effective date for coverage 4961 shall be processed through the market-assistance plan. A market-4962 assistance plan specifically designed to serve the needs of 4963 small good policyholders as defined by the board must be 4964 finalized by January 1, 1994.

4965 5. Provide for policy and claims services to the insureds
4966 of the plan of the nature and quality provided for insureds in
4967 the voluntary market.

4968 6. Provide for the review of applications for coverage
4969 with the plan for reasonableness and accuracy, using any
4970 available historic information regarding the insured.

4971 7. Provide for procedures for auditing insureds of the 4972 plan which are based on reasonable business judgment and are

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4973 designed to maximize the likelihood that the plan will collect4974 the appropriate premiums.

4975 8. Authorize the plan to terminate the coverage of and 4976 refuse future coverage for any insured that submits a fraudulent 4977 application to the plan or provides fraudulent or grossly 4978 erroneous records to the plan or to any service provider of the 4979 plan in conjunction with the activities of the plan.

4980 9. Establish service standards for agents who submit4981 business to the plan.

4982 10. Establish criteria and procedures to prohibit any
4983 agent who does not adhere to the established service standards
4984 from placing business with the plan or receiving, directly or
4985 indirectly, any commissions for business placed with the plan.

4986 11. Provide for the establishment of reasonable safety
4987 programs for all insureds in the plan. <u>All insureds of the plan</u>
4988 <u>must participate in the safety program.</u>

4989 12. Authorize the plan to terminate the coverage of and 4990 refuse future coverage to any insured who fails to pay premiums 4991 or surcharges when due; who, at the time of application, is 4992 delinquent in payments of workers' compensation or employer's 4993 liability insurance premiums or surcharges owed to an insurer, group self-insurers' fund, commercial self-insurance fund, or 4994 assessable mutual insurer licensed to write such coverage in 4995 4996 this state; or who refuses to substantially comply with any 4997 safety programs recommended by the plan.

4998 13. Authorize the board of governors to provide the 4999 services required by the plan through staff employed by the 5000 plan, through reasonably compensated service providers who 5001 contract with the plan to provide services as specified by the

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5002 board of governors, or through a combination of employees and 5003 service providers.

5004 14. Provide for service standards for service providers, 5005 methods of determining adherence to those service standards, 5006 incentives and disincentives for service, and procedures for 5007 terminating contracts for service providers that fail to adhere 5008 to service standards.

5009 15. Provide procedures for selecting service providers and 5010 standards for qualification as a service provider that 5011 reasonably assure that any service provider selected will 5012 continue to operate as an ongoing concern and is capable of 5013 providing the specified services in the manner required.

5014 16. Provide for reasonable accounting and data-reporting 5015 practices.

5016 17. Provide for annual review of costs associated with the 5017 administration and servicing of the policies issued by the plan 5018 to determine alternatives by which costs can be reduced.

501918. Authorize the acquisition of such excess insurance or5020reinsurance as is consistent with the purposes of the plan.

5021 19. Provide for an annual report to the department on a 5022 date specified by the department and containing such information 5023 as the department reasonably requires.

5024 20. Establish multiple rating plans for various 5025 classifications of risk which reflect risk of loss, hazard 5026 grade, actual losses, size of premium, and compliance with loss 5027 control. At least one of such plans must be a preferred-rating 5028 plan to accommodate small-premium policyholders with good 5029 experience as defined in sub-subparagraph 22.a.

21. Establish agent commission schedules.

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22. Establish <u>four</u> three subplans as follows:

a. Subplan "A" must include those insureds whose annual
premium does not exceed \$2,500 and who have neither incurred any
lost-time claims nor incurred medical-only claims exceeding 50
percent of their premium for the immediate 2 years.

5036 b. Subplan "B" must include insureds that are employers 5037 identified by the board of governors as high-risk employers due 5038 solely to the nature of the operations being performed by those 5039 insureds and for whom no market exists in the voluntary market, 5040 and whose experience modifications are less than 1.00.

5041 c. Subplan "C" must include all other insureds within the 5042 plan <u>that are not eligible for subplan "A," subplan "B," or</u> 5043 subplan "D."

d. Subplan "D" must include any employer, regardless of 5044 5045 the length of time for which it has conducted business 5046 operations, which has an experience modification factor of 1.10 5047 or less and either employs 15 or fewer employees or is an 5048 organization that is exempt from federal income tax pursuant to 5049 s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and receives more than 50 percent of its funding from gifts, grants, endowments, or 5050 5051 federal or state contracts. The rate plan for subplan "D" shall 5052 be the same rate plan as the plan approved under ss. 627.091-5053 627.151 and each participant in subplan "D" shall pay the 5054 premium determined under such rate plan, plus a surcharge 5055 determined by the board to be sufficient to ensure that the plan 5056 does not compete with the voluntary market rate for any 5057 participant, but not to exceed 25 percent. However, the 5058 surcharge shall not exceed 10 percent for an organization that

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5059	is exempt from federal income tax pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of				
5060	the Internal Revenue Code.				
5061	23. Provide for a depopulation program to reduce the				
5062	number of insureds in subplan "D." If an employer insured				
5063	through subplan "D" is offered coverage from a voluntary market				
5064	<u>carrier:</u>				
5065	a. During the first 30 days of coverage under the subplan;				
5066	b. Before a policy is issued under the subplan;				
5067	c. By issuance of a policy upon expiration or cancellation				
5068	of the policy under the subplan; or				
5069	d. By assumption of the subplan's obligation with respect				
5070	<u>to an in-force policy,</u>				
5071					
5072	that employer is no longer eligible for coverage through the				
5073	plan. The premium for risks assumed by the voluntary market				
5074	carrier must be the same premium plus, for the first 2 years,				
5075	the surcharge as determined in sub-subparagraph 22.d. A premium				
5076	under this subparagraph, including surcharge, is deemed approved				
5077	and is not an excess premium for purposes of s. 627.171.				
5078	24. Require that policies issued under subplan "D" and				
5079	applications for such policies must include a notice that the				
5080	policy issued under subplan "D" could be replaced by a policy				
5081	issued from a voluntary market carrier and that, if an offer of				
5082	coverage is obtained from a voluntary market carrier, the				
5083	policyholder is no longer eligible for coverage through subplan				
5084	"D." The notice must also specify that acceptance of coverage				
5085	under subplan "D" creates a conclusive presumption that the				
5086	applicant or policyholder is aware of this potential.				

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5087(d)1.The plan must be funded through actuarially sound5088premiums charged to insureds of the plan.

5089 2. The plan may issue assessable policies only to those 5090 insureds in subplan "C-" and subplan "D." Subject to 5091 verification by the department, the board may levy assessments 5092 against insureds in subplan "C" or subplan "D," on a pro rata 5093 earned premium basis, to fund any deficits that exist in those 5094 subplans. Assessments levied against subplan "C" participants 5095 shall cover only the deficits attributable to subplan "C," and 5096 assessments levied against subplan "D" participants shall cover 5097 only the deficits attributable to subplan "D." In no event may 5098 the plan levy assessments against any person or entity, except 5099 as authorized by this paragraph. Those assessable policies must 5100 be clearly identified as assessable by containing, in 5101 contrasting color and in not less than 10-point type, the 5102 following statements: "This is an assessable policy. If the plan is unable to pay its obligations, policyholders will be required 5103 to contribute on a pro rata earned premium basis the money 5104 5105 necessary to meet any assessment levied."

5106 <u>3.</u> The plan may issue assessable policies with differing 5107 terms and conditions to different groups within <u>subplans "C" and</u> 5108 <u>"D" the plan</u> when a reasonable basis exists for the 5109 differentiation.

5110 <u>4.</u> The plan may offer rating, dividend plans, and other 5111 plans to encourage loss prevention programs.

5112 Section 36. Paragraphs (c) and (e) of subsection (3) of 5113 section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

5114 921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity 5115 ranking chart.--

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	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)				
5116	(3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART				
	Florida	Felony			
	Statute	Degree	Description		
5117					
5110			(c) LEVEL 3		
5118	316.193(2)(b)	3rd	Felony DUI, 3rd conviction.		
5119					
	316.1935(2)	3rd	Fleeing or attempting to elude law		
			enforcement officer in marked patrol		
			vehicle with siren and lights		
			activated.		
5120	319.30(4)	3rd	Possession by junkyard of motor vehicle		
	519.30(4)	JIU	with identification number plate		
			removed.		
5121					
0121	319.33(1)(a)	3rd	Alter or forge any certificate of title		
			to a motor vehicle or mobile home.		
5122					
	319.33(1)(c)	3rd	Procure or pass title on stolen		
5102			vehicle.		
5123	319.33(4)	3rd	With intent to defraud, possess, sell,		
			etc., a blank, forged, or unlawfully		
			obtained title or registration.		
5124					
	327.35(2)(b)	3rd	Felony BUI.		
5125	328.05(2)	3rd	Possess, sell, or counterfeit		
	520.05(2)	JIU	fictitious, stolen, or fraudulent		
			titles or bills of sale of vessels.		
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5126			
	328.07(4)	3rd	Manufacture, exchange, or possess
			vessel with counterfeit or wrong ID
5127			number.
5127	376.302(5)	3rd	Fraud related to reimbursement for
			cleanup expenses under the Inland
			Protection Trust Fund.
5128	440, 105(2)(b)	2 2 2	Descipt of fee on consideration without
	<u>440.105(3)(b)</u>	<u>3rd</u>	Receipt of fee or consideration without approval by judge of compensation
			claims.
5129			
	440.1051(3)	<u>3rd</u>	False report of workers' compensation
			fraud or retaliation for making such a
			report.
5130	501.001(2)(b)	2nd	Tampers with a consumer product or the
			container using materially
			false/misleading information.
5131			
- /	697.08	3rd	Equity skimming.
5132	790.15(3)	3rd	Person directs another to discharge
			firearm from a vehicle.
5133			
	796.05(1)	3rd	Live on earnings of a prostitute.
5134	806.10(1)	3rd	Maliciously injure, destroy, or
		0 - 0	interfere with vehicles or equipment
			used in firefighting.
5135			
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	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)		
	806.10(2)	3rd	Interferes with or assaults firefighter
			in performance of duty.
5136		a 1	
	810.09(2)(c)	3rd	Trespass on property other than
			structure or conveyance armed with
			firearm or dangerous weapon.
5137	812.014(2)(c)2.	3rd	Grand theft; \$5,000 or more but less
			than \$10,000.
5138	812.0145(2)(c)	3rd	Theft from person 65 years of age or older; \$300 or more but less than
			\$10,000.
5139			
	815.04(4)(b)	2nd	Computer offense devised to defraud or
			obtain property.
5140			
	817.034(4)(a)3.	3rd	Engages in scheme to defraud (Florida
			Communications Fraud Act), property
5141			valued at less than \$20,000.
5141	817.233	3rd	Burning to defraud insurer.
5142			
	817.234(8)&(9)	3rd	Unlawful solicitation of persons
			involved in motor vehicle accidents.
5143			
	817.234(11)(a)	3rd	Insurance fraud; property value less
			than \$20,000.
5144	817.505(4)	3rd	Patient brokering.
5145	017.505(1)	Sid	racient brokering.
5175	828.12(2)	3rd	Tortures any animal with intent to
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	Amendment No. (for draft	zer's use only)
5146			inflict intense pain, serious physical injury, or death.
5146	831.28(2)(a)	3rd	Counterfeiting a payment instrument with intent to defraud or possessing a counterfeit payment instrument.
5147	831.29	2nd	Possession of instruments for counterfeiting drivers' licenses or identification cards.
5148	838.021(3)(b)	3rd	Threatens unlawful harm to public servant.
5149	843.19	3rd	Injure, disable, or kill police dog or horse.
5150	870.01(2)	3rd	Riot; inciting or encouraging.
5151	893.13(1)(a)2.	3rd	<pre>Sell, manufacture, or deliver cannabis (or other s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (3), or (4) drugs).</pre>
5152	893.13(1)(d)2.	2nd	<pre>Sell, manufacture, or deliver s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (3), or (4) drugs within 200 feet of university or public park.</pre>
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	893.13(1)(f)2.	3rd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2.,
			(2)(c)3., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7.,
			(2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (3), or (4) drugs
			within 200 feet of public housing
			facility.
5154	893.13(6)(a)	3rd	Possession of any controlled substance other than felony possession of cannabis.
5155			
	893.13(7)(a)8.	3rd	Withhold information from practitioner regarding previous receipt of or prescription for a controlled substance.
5156	893.13(7)(a)9.	3rd	Obtain or attempt to obtain controlled substance by fraud, forgery, misrepresentation, etc.
5157	893.13(7)(a)10.	3rd	Affix false or forged label to package of controlled substance.
5158	893.13(7)(a)11.	3rd	Furnish false or fraudulent material information on any document or record required by chapter 893.
5159	893.13(8)(a)1.	3rd	Knowingly assist a patient, other person, or owner of an animal in obtaining a controlled substance through deceptive, untrue, or
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			fraudulent representations in or
5160			related to the practitioner's practice.
5100	893.13(8)(a)2.	3rd	Employ a trick or scheme in the
			practitioner's practice to assist a
			patient, other person, or owner of an
			animal in obtaining a controlled
			substance.
5161			
	893.13(8)(a)3.	3rd	Knowingly write a prescription for a
			controlled substance for a fictitious
5162			person.
5102	893.13(8)(a)4.	3rd	Write a prescription for a controlled
			substance for a patient, other person,
			or an animal if the sole purpose of
			writing the prescription is a monetary
			benefit for the practitioner.
5163			
	918.13(1)(a)	3rd	Alter, destroy, or conceal
71 < 4			investigation evidence.
5164	944.47(1)(a)1	3rd	Introduce contraband to correctional
	2.		facility.
5165			-
	944.47(1)(c)	2nd	Possess contraband while upon the
			grounds of a correctional institution.
5166	985.3141	2 ~ d	Egganog from a juronila fagility
	905.5141	3rd	Escapes from a juvenile facility (secure detention or residential
			commitment facility).
5167			CONNITCHICITE TACTITEY / .
5107	286063		
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	Amendment No. (f	or draft	er's use only)
			(e) LEVEL 5
5168	316.027(1)(a)	3rd	Accidents involving personal injuries, failure to stop; leaving scene.
5169			Tallule to stop, reaving scene.
	316.1935(4)	2nd	Aggravated fleeing or eluding.
5170	322.34(6)	3rd	Careless operation of motor vehicle
			with suspended license, resulting in
			death or serious bodily injury.
5171		2]	Wennel envidente incolorine neuronal
	327.30(5)	3rd	Vessel accidents involving personal
5172			injury; leaving scene.
5172	381.0041(11)(b)	3rd	Donate blood, plasma, or organs knowing
			HIV positive.
5173			
5174			
5174	440.10(1)(g)	<u>2nd</u>	Failure to obtain workers' compensation
			coverage.
5175		0 1	
	440.105(5)	<u>2nd</u>	Unlawful solicitation for the purpose
5176			of making workers' compensation claims.
5170	440.381(2)	2nd	Submission of false, misleading, or
			incomplete information with the purpose
			of avoiding or reducing workers'
			compensation premiums.
5177	790.01(2)	3rd	Carrying a concealed firearm.
5178	/ 9 U • U • (Z)	STU	Carrying a conceated fifearm.
5170			
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	Amendment No. (:	for draft	er's use only)
	790.162	2nd	Threat to throw or discharge
			destructive device.
5179		01	
	790.163(1)	2nd	False report of deadly explosive or
-100			weapon of mass destruction.
5180	790.221(1)	2nd	Possession of short-barreled shotgun or
			machine gun.
5181			-
	790.23	2nd	Felons in possession of firearms or
			electronic weapons or devices.
5182		a 1	
	800.04(6)(c)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious conduct; offender
5102			less than 18 years.
5183	800.04(7)(c)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition; offender
			18 years or older.
5184			-
	806.111(1)	3rd	Possess, manufacture, or dispense fire
			bomb with intent to damage any
			structure or property.
5185	010 014E(0)(b)	Jand	Theft from newson (E record of eac on
	812.0145(2)(b)	2nd	Theft from person 65 years of age or older; \$10,000 or more but less than
			\$50,000.
5186			\$50,000.
5180	812.015(8)	3rd	Retail theft; property stolen is valued
			at \$300 or more and one or more
			specified acts.
5187			
	812.019(1)	2nd	Stolen property; dealing in or
			trafficking in.
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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 5188 812.131(2)(b) 3rd Robbery by sudden snatching. 5189 812.16(2) Owning, operating, or conducting a chop 3rd shop. 5190 817.034(4)(a)2. 2nd Communications fraud, value \$20,000 to \$50,000. 5191 817.234(11)(b) Insurance fraud; property value \$20,000 2nd or more but less than \$100,000. 5192 Fraudulent use of personal 817.568(2)(b) 2nd identification information; value of benefit, services received, payment avoided, or amount of injury or fraud, \$75,000 or more. 5193 817.625(2)(b) 2nd Second or subsequent fraudulent use of scanning device or reencoder. 5194 Lewd or lascivious exhibition in the 825.1025(4) 3rd presence of an elderly person or disabled adult. 5195 827.071(4) 2nd Possess with intent to promote any photographic material, motion picture, etc., which includes sexual conduct by a child. 5196 839.13(2)(b) 2nd Falsifying records of an individual in the care and custody of a state agency 286063

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	Amendment No. (f	for draft	cer's use only)
5105			involving great bodily harm or death.
5197	843.01	3rd	Resist officer with violence to person; resist arrest with violence.
5198	874.05(2)	2nd	Encouraging or recruiting another to join a criminal street gang; second or subsequent offense.
5199	893.13(1)(a)1.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4.
5200			drugs).
	893.13(1)(c)2.	2nd	<pre>Sell, manufacture, or deliver cannabis (or other s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (3), or (4) drugs) within 1,000 feet of a child care facility or school.</pre>
5201	893.13(1)(d)1.	lst	<pre>Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4. drugs) within 200 feet of university or public park.</pre>
5202	893.13(1)(e)2.	2nd	<pre>Sell, manufacture, or deliver cannabis or other drug prohibited under s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7.,</pre>
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(2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (3), or (4) within 1,000 feet of property used for religious services or a specified business site.

893.13(1)(f)1. 1st Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), or (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4. drugs) within 200 feet of public housing facility.

893.13(4)(b) 2nd Deliver to minor cannabis (or other s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (3), or (4) drugs).

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5206 Section 37. Report to the Legislature regarding 5207 outstanding enforcement issues .-- The Department of Financial 5208 Services shall, no later than January 1, 2004, provide a report 5209 to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 5210 Representatives, the minority leaders of the Senate and the 5211 House of Representatives, and the chairs of the standing 5212 committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives having jurisdiction over insurance issues, containing the following 5213 5214 information: 5215 (1) Any provision of chapter 440, Florida Statutes, 5216 relating to workers' compensation carrier compliance and 5217 enforcement, that the department finds it is unable to enforce.

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5218	(2) Any administrative rule relating to workers'
5219	compensation carrier compliance and enforcement that the
5220	department finds it is unable to enforce.
5221	(3) Any other impediment to enforcement of chapter 440,
5222	Florida Statutes, resulting from the transfer of activities from
5223	the former Department of Labor and Employment Security to the
5224	department or the reorganization of the former Department of
5225	Insurance into the department.
5226	Section 38. Subsection (2) of section 946.523, Florida
5227	Statutes, is amended to read:
5228	946.523 Prison industry enhancement (PIE) programs
5229	(2) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary,
5230	including s. 440.15 <u>(8)(9)</u> , private sector employers shall
5231	provide workers' compensation coverage to inmates who
5232	participate in prison industry enhancement (PIE) programs under
5233	subsection (1). However, inmates are not entitled to
5234	unemployment compensation.
5235	Section 39. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section
5236	985.315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
5237	985.315 Educational/technical and vocational work-related
5238	programs
5239	(5)
5240	(c) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary,
5241	including s. 440.15 <u>(8)(9)</u> , private sector employers shall
5242	provide juveniles participating in juvenile work programs under
5243	paragraph (b) with workers' compensation coverage, and juveniles
5244	shall be entitled to the benefits of such coverage. Nothing in
5245	this subsection shall be construed to allow juveniles to
5246	participate in unemployment compensation benefits.

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5247 Section 40. (1) There is established a Joint Select 5248 Committee on Workers' Compensation Rating Reform. The committee 5249 shall study the merits of requiring each workers' compensation 5250 insurer to individually file its expense and profit portion of a 5251 rate filing, while permitting each insurer to use a lost cost 5252 filing made by a licensed rating organization. The committee 5253 shall also study options for the current prior approval system 5254 for workers' compensation rate filings, including, but not 5255 limited to, rate filing procedures that would promote greater 5256 competition and would encourage insurers to write workers' 5257 compensation coverage in the state while protecting employers 5258 from rates that are excessive, inadequate, or unfairly 5259 discriminatory. 5260 (2) The committee shall be composed of three Senators 5261 appointed by the President of the Senate and three 5262 Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of 5263 Representatives. The appointed members of the committee shall 5264 elect a chair and vice chair. The Department of Financial 5265 Services shall provide information and assistance as requested 5266 by the committee. 5267 (3) The committee shall issue its final report and 5268 recommendations to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2003. The 5269 committee shall terminate on December 1, 2003. 5270 5271 Section 41. The board of governors of the joint 5272 underwriting plan for workers' compensation insurance created by 5273 s. 627.311(4), Florida Statutes, shall, by January 1, 2005, 5274 submit a report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of 5275 the House of Representatives, the minority party leaders of the 286063

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Bill No.SB 50A

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 5276 Senate and the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the 5277 standing committees of the Senate and the House of 5278 Representatives having jurisdiction over matters relating to 5279 workers' compensation. The report shall include the board's 5280 findings and recommendations on the following issues: 5281 (1) The number of policies and the aggregate premium of 5282 the workers' compensation joint underwriting plan, before and 5283 after enactment of this act, and projections for future policy 5284 and premium growth. 5285 (2) Increases or decreases in availability of workers' 5286 compensation coverage in the voluntary market and the 5287 effectiveness of this act in improving the availability of 5288 workers' compensation coverage in the state. 5289 (3) The board's efforts to depopulate the plan and the 5290 willingness of insurers in the voluntary market to avail 5291 themselves of depopulation incentives. 5292 (4) Further actions that could be taken by the Legislature 5293 to improve availability of workers' compensation coverage in the 5294 voluntary and residual markets. 5295 (5) Actions that the board has taken to restructure the 5296 joint underwriting plan and recommendations for legislative 5297 action to restructure the plan. 5298 (6) Projected surpluses or deficits and possible means of 5299 providing funding to ensure the continued solvency of the plan. 5300 (7) An independent actuarial review of all rates under the 5301 plan. The costs of the independent actuarial review shall be 5302 paid from the Workers' Compensation Administration Trust Fund, 5303 pursuant to a budget amendment approved by the Legislative

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5304 <u>Budget Commission. The board shall submit a plan for such review</u> 5305 to the Legislative Budget Commission by October 1, 2003.

5306 (8) Such other issues as the board determines are worthy 5307 of the Legislature's consideration.

5308 Section 42. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 443.1715, 5309 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

5310

443.1715 Disclosure of information; confidentiality.--

5311 RECORDS AND REPORTS. -- Information revealing the (1)5312 employing unit's or individual's identity obtained from the 5313 employing unit or from any individual pursuant to the 5314 administration of this chapter, and any determination revealing 5315 such information, except to the extent necessary for the proper 5316 presentation of a claim or upon written authorization of the 5317 claimant who has a workers' compensation claim pending or is receiving compensation benefits, must be held confidential and 5318 5319 exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Such information may be made 5320 5321 available only to public employees in the performance of their 5322 public duties, including employees of the Department of 5323 Education in obtaining information for the Florida Education and 5324 Training Placement Information Program and the Office of 5325 Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development in its administration of the qualified defense contractor tax refund program 5326 5327 authorized by s. 288.1045 and the qualified target industry tax 5328 refund program authorized by s. 288.106. Except as otherwise 5329 provided by law, public employees receiving such information 5330 must retain the confidentiality of such information. Any claimant, or the claimant's legal representative, at a hearing 5331 5332 before an appeals referee or the commission shall be supplied

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5333 with information from such records to the extent necessary for 5334 the proper presentation of her or his claim. Any employee or 5335 member of the commission or any employee of the division, or any 5336 other person receiving confidential information, who violates 5337 any provision of this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the 5338 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 5339 775.083. However, the division may furnish to any employer 5340 copies of any report previously submitted by such employer, upon 5341 the request of such employer, and may furnish to any claimant 5342 copies of any report previously submitted by such claimant, upon 5343 the request of such claimant, and the division is authorized to 5344 charge therefor such reasonable fee as the division may by rule 5345 prescribe not to exceed the actual reasonable cost of the preparation of such copies. Fees received by the division for 5346 5347 copies as provided in this subsection must be deposited to the 5348 credit of the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.

5349

(2) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.-

5350 Subject to such restrictions as the division (a) 5351 prescribes by rule, information declared confidential under this 5352 section may be made available to any agency of this or any other 5353 state, or any federal agency, charged with the administration of 5354 any unemployment compensation law or the maintenance of a system 5355 of public employment offices, or the Bureau of Internal Revenue 5356 of the United States Department of the Treasury, or the Florida 5357 Department of Revenue and information obtained in connection 5358 with the administration of the employment service may be made 5359 available to persons or agencies for purposes appropriate to the 5360 operation of a public employment service or a job-preparatory or 5361 career education or training program. The division shall on a

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5362 quarterly basis, furnish the National Directory of New Hires 5363 with information concerning the wages and unemployment 5364 compensation paid to individuals, by such dates, in such format 5365 and containing such information as the Secretary of Health and 5366 Human Services shall specify in regulations. Upon request 5367 therefor, the division shall furnish any agency of the United 5368 States charged with the administration of public works or 5369 assistance through public employment, and may furnish to any 5370 state agency similarly charged, the name, address, ordinary 5371 occupation, and employment status of each recipient of benefits 5372 and such recipient's rights to further benefits under this chapter. Except as otherwise provided by law, the receiving 5373 5374 agency must retain the confidentiality of such information as 5375 provided in this section. The division may request the 5376 Comptroller of the Currency of the United States to cause an 5377 examination of the correctness of any return or report of any national banking association rendered pursuant to the provisions 5378 5379 of this chapter and may in connection with such request transmit 5380 any such report or return to the Comptroller of the Currency of 5381 the United States as provided in s. 3305(c) of the federal 5382 Internal Revenue Code.

5383 (b)1. The employer or the employer's workers' compensation 5384 carrier against whom a claim for benefits under chapter 440 has 5385 been made, or a representative of either, may request from the 5386 division records of wages of the employee reported to the 5387 division by any employer for the quarter that includes the date 5388 of the accident that is the subject of such claim and for subsequent quarters. The request must be made with the 5389 5390 authorization or consent of the employee or any employer who

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5391 paid wages to the employee subsequent to the date of the 5392 accident.

5393 <u>2. The employer or carrier shall make the request on a</u> 5394 <u>form prescribed by rule for such purpose by the division. Such</u> 5395 <u>form shall contain a certification by the requesting party that</u> 5396 <u>it is a party entitled to the information requested as</u> 5397 <u>authorized by this paragraph.</u>

53983. The division shall provide the most current information5399readily available within 15 days after receiving the request.5400Section 43. Subsection (9) of section 626.989, Florida

5401 Statutes, is amended to read:

5402 626.989 Investigation by department or Division of
5403 Insurance Fraud; compliance; immunity; confidential information;
5404 reports to division; division investigator's power of arrest.--

5405 (9) In recognition of the complementary roles of 5406 investigating instances of workers' compensation fraud and 5407 enforcing compliance with the workers' compensation coverage 5408 requirements under chapter 440, the Department of Financial 5409 Services shall Insurance is directed to prepare and submit a 5410 joint performance report to the President of the Senate and the 5411 Speaker of the House of Representatives by November 1, 2003, and 5412 then by January 1 of each year November 1 every 3 years 5413 thereafter, describing the results obtained in achieving 5414 compliance with the workers' compensation coverage requirements 5415 and reducing the incidence of workers' compensation fraud. The 5416 annual report must include, but need not be limited to: 5417 (a) The total number of initial referrals received, cases

5418opened, cases presented for prosecution, cases closed, and5419convictions resulting from cases presented for prosecution by

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	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)
5420	the Bureau of Workers' Compensation Insurance Fraud by type of
5421	workers' compensation fraud and circuit.
5422	(b) The number of referrals received from insurers and the
5423	Division of Workers' Compensation and the outcome of those
5424	referrals.
5425	(c) The number of investigations undertaken by the office
5426	which were not the result of a referral from an insurer or the
5427	Division of Workers' Compensation.
5428	(d) The number of investigations that resulted in a
5429	referral to a regulatory agency and the disposition of those
5430	referrals.
5431	(e) The number and reasons provided by local prosecutors
5432	or the statewide prosecutor for declining prosecution of a case
5433	presented by the office by circuit.
5434	(f) The total number of employees assigned to the office
5435	and the Division of Workers' Compliance unit delineated by
5436	location of staff assigned and the number and location of
5437	employees assigned to the office who were assigned to work other
5438	types of fraud cases.
5439	(g) The average caseload and turnaround time by type of
5440	case for each investigator and division compliance employee.
5441	(h) The training provided during the year to workers'
5442	compensation fraud investigators and the division's compliance
5443	employees.
5444	Section 44. Section 626.9891, Florida Statutes, is amended
5445	to read:
5446	626.9891 Insurer anti-fraud investigative units; reporting
5447	requirements; penalties for noncompliance

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

5448 (1) Every insurer admitted to do business in this state
5449 who in the previous calendar year, at any time during that year,
5450 had \$10 million or more in direct premiums written shall:

(a) Establish and maintain a unit or division within the
company to investigate possible fraudulent claims by insureds or
by persons making claims for services or repairs against
policies held by insureds; or

(b) Contract with others to investigate possible
fraudulent claims for services or repairs against policies held
by insureds.

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An insurer subject to this subsection shall file with the Division of Insurance Fraud of the department on or before July 1, 1996, a detailed description of the unit or division established pursuant to paragraph (a) or a copy of the contract and related documents required by paragraph (b).

5464 (2) Every insurer admitted to do business in this state, 5465 which in the previous calendar year had less than \$10 million in 5466 direct premiums written, must adopt an anti-fraud plan and file 5467 it with the Division of Insurance Fraud of the department on or 5468 before July 1, 1996. An insurer may, in lieu of adopting and 5469 filing an anti-fraud plan, comply with the provisions of 5470 subsection (1).

(3) Each insurers anti-fraud plans shall include:

5472(a) A description of the insurer's procedures for5473detecting and investigating possible fraudulent insurance acts;

(b) A description of the insurer's procedures for the
mandatory reporting of possible fraudulent insurance acts to the
Division of Insurance Fraud of the department;

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5477 (c) A description of the insurer's plan for anti-fraud
5478 education and training of its claims adjusters or other
5479 personnel; and

(d) A written description or chart outlining the
organizational arrangement of the insurer's anti-fraud personnel
who are responsible for the investigation and reporting of
possible fraudulent insurance acts.

5484 (4) Any insurer who obtains a certificate of authority
5485 after July 1, 1995, shall have 18 months in which to comply with
5486 the requirements of this section.

5487 For purposes of this section, the term "unit or (5) division" includes the assignment of fraud investigation to 5488 5489 employees whose principal responsibilities are the investigation 5490 and disposition of claims. If an insurer creates a distinct unit 5491 or division, hires additional employees, or contracts with 5492 another entity to fulfill the requirements of this section, the 5493 additional cost incurred must be included as an administrative 5494 expense for ratemaking purposes.

5495 (6) Each insurer writing workers' compensation insurance
5496 shall report to the department, on or before August 1 of each
5497 year, on its experience in implementing and maintaining an anti5498 fraud investigative unit or an anti-fraud plan. The report must
5499 include, at a minimum:

5500 (a) The dollar amount of recoveries and losses 5501 attributable to workers' compensation fraud delineated by the 5502 type of fraud: claimant, employer, provider, agent, or other. 5503 (b) The number of referrals to the Bureau of Workers' 5504 Compensation Fraud for the prior year.

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5505 (c) A description of the organization of the anti-fraud investigative unit, if applicable, including the position titles 5506 5507 and descriptions of staffing.

5508 (d) The rationale for the level of staffing and resources being provided for the anti-fraud investigative unit, which may 5509 5510 include objective criteria such as number of policies written, number of claims received on an annual basis, volume of 5511 5512 suspected fraudulent claims currently being detected, other 5513 factors, and an assessment of optimal caseload that can be 5514 handled by an investigator on an annual basis.

5515 (e) The in-service education and training provided to 5516 underwriting and claims personnel to assist in identifying and 5517 evaluating instances of suspected fraudulent activity in 5518 underwriting or claims activities.

5519 (f) A description of a public awareness program focused on 5520 the costs and frequency of insurance fraud and methods by which 5521 the public can prevent it.

5522 (7) If an insurer fails to submit a final anti-fraud plan 5523 or otherwise fails to submit a plan, fails to implement the 5524 provisions of a plan or an anti-fraud investigative unit, or 5525 otherwise refuses to comply with the provisions of this section, 5526 the department may:

5527 (a) Impose an administrative fine of not more than \$2,000 5528 per day for such failure by an insurer, until the department 5529 deems the insurer to be in compliance;

5530 Impose upon the insurer a fraud detection and (b) 5531 prevention plan that is deemed to be appropriate by the 5532 department and that must be implemented by the insurer; or 5533

(c) Impose the provisions of both paragraphs (a) and (b).

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Bill No.SB 50A

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

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5535 section. 5536 Section 45. Section 440.1925, Florida Statutes, is 5537 repealed. 5538 Section 46. Paragraph (h) of subsection (2) of section 5539 112.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5540 112.19 Law enforcement, correctional, and correctional 5541 probation officers; death benefits. --5542 (2)5543 (h)1. Any employer who employs a full-time law 5544 enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer who, on or after January 1, 1995, suffers a catastrophic injury, 5545 5546 as defined in s. 440.02, Florida Statutes 2002, in the line of 5547 duty shall pay the entire premium of the employer's health 5548 insurance plan for the injured employee, the injured employee's 5549 spouse, and for each dependent child of the injured employee until the child reaches the age of majority or until the end of 5550 5551 the calendar year in which the child reaches the age of 25 if 5552 the child continues to be dependent for support, or the child is 5553 a full-time or part-time student and is dependent for support. 5554 The term "health insurance plan" does not include supplemental 5555 benefits that are not part of the basic group health insurance 5556 plan. If the injured employee subsequently dies, the employer 5557 shall continue to pay the entire health insurance premium for 5558 the surviving spouse until remarried, and for the dependent 5559 children, under the conditions outlined in this paragraph. 5560 However:

(8) The department may adopt rules to administer this

5561a. Health insurance benefits payable from any other source5562shall reduce benefits payable under this section.

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5563 b. It is unlawful for a person to willfully and knowingly 5564 make, or cause to be made, or to assist, conspire with, or urge 5565 another to make, or cause to be made, any false, fraudulent, or 5566 misleading oral or written statement to obtain health insurance 5567 coverage as provided under this paragraph. A person who violates 5568 this sub-subparagraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, 5569 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

5570 In addition to any applicable criminal penalty, upon c. 5571 conviction for a violation as described in sub-subparagraph b., 5572 a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation 5573 officer or other beneficiary who receives or seeks to receive 5574 health insurance benefits under this paragraph shall forfeit the 5575 right to receive such health insurance benefits, and shall 5576 reimburse the employer for all benefits paid due to the fraud or 5577 other prohibited activity. For purposes of this sub-5578 subparagraph, "conviction" means a determination of guilt that is the result of a plea or trial, regardless of whether 5579 5580 adjudication is withheld.

In order for the officer, spouse, and dependent 5581 2. 5582 children to be eliqible for such insurance coverage, the injury must have occurred as the result of the officer's response to 5583 5584 fresh pursuit, the officer's response to what is reasonably 5585 believed to be an emergency, or an unlawful act perpetrated by 5586 another. Except as otherwise provided herein, nothing in this 5587 paragraph shall be construed to limit health insurance coverage 5588 for which the officer, spouse, or dependent children may 5589 otherwise be eligible, except that a person who qualifies under 5590 this section shall not be eligible for the health insurance 5591 subsidy provided under chapter 121, chapter 175, or chapter 185.

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5592 Section 47. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 5593 112.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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112.191 Firefighters; death benefits.--

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(2)

5596 (g)1. Any employer who employs a full-time firefighter 5597 who, on or after January 1, 1995, suffers a catastrophic injury, 5598 as defined in s. 440.02, Florida Statutes 2002, in the line of 5599 duty shall pay the entire premium of the employer's health 5600 insurance plan for the injured employee, the injured employee's 5601 spouse, and for each dependent child of the injured employee 5602 until the child reaches the age of majority or until the end of 5603 the calendar year in which the child reaches the age of 25 if 5604 the child continues to be dependent for support, or the child is 5605 a full-time or part-time student and is dependent for support. 5606 The term "health insurance plan" does not include supplemental 5607 benefits that are not part of the basic group health insurance 5608 plan. If the injured employee subsequently dies, the employer 5609 shall continue to pay the entire health insurance premium for 5610 the surviving spouse until remarried, and for the dependent 5611 children, under the conditions outlined in this paragraph. 5612 However:

5613a. Health insurance benefits payable from any other source5614shall reduce benefits payable under this section.

5615 b. It is unlawful for a person to willfully and knowingly 5616 make, or cause to be made, or to assist, conspire with, or urge 5617 another to make, or cause to be made, any false, fraudulent, or 5618 misleading oral or written statement to obtain health insurance 5619 coverage as provided under this paragraph. A person who violates

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5620 this sub-subparagraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, 5621 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

5622 с. In addition to any applicable criminal penalty, upon 5623 conviction for a violation as described in sub-subparagraph b., 5624 a firefighter or other beneficiary who receives or seeks to 5625 receive health insurance benefits under this paragraph shall 5626 forfeit the right to receive such health insurance benefits, and 5627 shall reimburse the employer for all benefits paid due to the 5628 fraud or other prohibited activity. For purposes of this sub-5629 subparagraph, "conviction" means a determination of guilt that 5630 is the result of a plea or trial, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld. 5631

5632 2. In order for the firefighter, spouse, and dependent children to be eliqible for such insurance coverage, the injury 5633 5634 must have occurred as the result of the firefighter's response 5635 to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency involving the protection of life or property, or an unlawful act perpetrated 5636 5637 by another. Except as otherwise provided herein, nothing in this 5638 paragraph shall be construed to limit health insurance coverage 5639 for which the firefighter, spouse, or dependent children may 5640 otherwise be eligible, except that a person who qualifies for 5641 benefits under this section shall not be eligible for the health 5642 insurance subsidy provided under chapter 121, chapter 175, or 5643 chapter 185.

5644 Section 48. <u>The amendments to ss. 440.02 and 440.15</u>, 5645 <u>Florida Statutes</u>, which are made by this act shall not be 5646 <u>construed to affect any determination of disability under s.</u> 5647 112.18, s. 112.181, or s. 112.19, Florida Statutes.

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Bill No.SB 50A

	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)
5648	Section 49. If any law amended by this act was also
5649	amended by a law enacted at the 2003 Regular Session of the
5650	Legislature, such laws shall be construed as if they had been
5651	enacted at the same session of the Legislature, and full effect
5652	shall be given to each if possible.
5653	Section 50. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act
5654	shall take effect October 1, 2003.
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5656	======================================
5657	Remove the entire title
5658	
5659	and insert:
5660	A bill to be entitled
5661	An act relating to workers' compensation; amending s.
5662	440.02, F.S.; providing, revising, and deleting
5663	definitions; amending s. 440.05, F.S.; revising
5664	authorization to claim exemptions and requirements
5665	relating to submitting notice of election of exemption;
5666	specifying effect of exemption; providing a definition;
5667	amending s. 440.06, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
5668	failure to secure compensation; amending s. 440.077, F.S.;
5669	providing that a corporate officer electing to be exempt
5670	may not receive benefits; amending s. 440.09, F.S.;
5671	revising provisions relating to compensation for
5672	subsequent injuries; providing definitions; revising
5673	provisions relating to drug testing; specifying effect of
5674	criminal acts; creating s. 440.093, F.S.; providing for
5675	compensability of mental and nervous injuries; amending s.
5676	440.10, F.S.; revising provisions relating to contractors

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5677 and subcontractors with regard to liability for 5678 compensation; requiring subcontractors to provide evidence 5679 of workers' compensation coverage or proof of exemption to 5680 a contractor; deleting provisions relating to independent 5681 contractors; amending s. 440.1025, F.S.; revising 5682 requirements relating to workplace safety programs; amending s. 440.103, F.S.; providing conditions for 5683 5684 applying for building permits; amending s. 440.105, F.S.; 5685 increasing criminal penalties for certain violations; 5686 providing sanctions for violation of stop-work orders and 5687 presentation of certain false or misleading statements as evidence; amending s. 440.1051, F.S.; increasing criminal 5688 5689 penalty for false reports; amending s. 440.107, F.S.; 5690 providing additional powers to the Department of Financial 5691 Services relating to compliance and enforcement; providing 5692 a definition; providing penalties; amending s. 440.11, 5693 F.S.; providing exclusiveness of liability; revising 5694 provisions relating to employer and safety consultant 5695 immunity from liability; amending s. 440.13, F.S.; 5696 providing for practice parameters and treatment protocols; 5697 revising provisions relating to provider reimbursement; 5698 requiring revision of specified reimbursement schedules; 5699 providing for release of information; providing additional 5700 criteria for independent medical examinations; providing a 5701 definition; providing standards for medical care under ch. 5702 440, F.S.; providing penalties; amending s. 440.134, F.S.; 5703 revising provisions relating to managed care arrangements; 5704 revising definitions; providing for assignment of a 5705 medical care coordinator; amending s. 440.14, F.S.;

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Bill No.SB 50A

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

5706 revising provisions relating to calculation of average 5707 weekly wage for injured employees; conforming cross references; amending s. 440.15, F.S.; providing additional 5708 5709 limitations on compensation for permanent total 5710 disability; providing a definition; specifying impairment 5711 benefits and providing for partial reduction under certain 5712 circumstances; deleting provisions relating to 5713 supplemental benefits; amending s. 440.151, F.S.; 5714 specifying compensability of occupational disease; 5715 providing a definition; amending s. 440.16, F.S.; 5716 increasing the limits on the amount of certain benefits 5717 paid as compensation for death; amending s. 440.185, F.S.; 5718 specifying duty of employer upon receipt of notice of 5719 injury or death; increasing penalties for noncompliance; 5720 amending s. 440.192, F.S.; revising procedure for 5721 resolving benefit disputes; requiring a petition for benefits to include all claims which are ripe, due, and 5722 5723 owing; providing that the Chief Judge, rather than the 5724 Deputy Chief Judge, shall refer petitions for benefits; 5725 creating s. 440.1926, F.S.; providing for alternative 5726 dispute resolution and arbitration of claims; amending s. 5727 440.20, F.S.; revising provisions relating to timely payment of compensation and medical bills and penalties 5728 5729 for late payment; prohibiting the clerk of the circuit 5730 court from assessing certain fees or costs; amending s. 5731 440.25, F.S.; revising procedures for mediation and 5732 hearings; amending s. 440.34, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the award of attorney's fees; amending s. 5733 5734 440.38, F.S.; providing requirement for employers with

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

5735 coverage provided by insurers from outside the state; 5736 amending s. 440.381, F.S.; providing criminal penalty for 5737 unlawful applications; requiring on-site audits of 5738 employers under certain circumstances; amending s. 440.42, 5739 F.S.; revising provision relating to notice of 5740 cancellation of coverage; amending s. 440.49, F.S., to 5741 conform cross references; amending s. 440.491, F.S.; 5742 providing training and education requirements and benefits 5743 relating to reemployment of injured workers; providing for 5744 rules; amending s. 440.525, F.S.; providing for the Office 5745 of Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services Commission to conduct examinations and investigations of 5746 5747 claims-handing entities; providing penalties; providing 5748 for rules; amending s. 627.162, F.S.; revising delinguency 5749 and collection fee for late payment of premium 5750 installments; creating s. 627.285, F.S.; providing for annual actuarial peer review of rating organization 5751 5752 processes; requiring a report; amending s. 627.311, F.S.; 5753 revising membership of the board of governors of the 5754 workers' compensation joint underwriting plan; requiring 5755 participation in safety programs; providing for an 5756 additional subplan within the joint underwriting plan for workers' compensation insurance; providing for rates, 5757 5758 surcharges, and assessments; limiting assessment powers; 5759 amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; revising the offense severity 5760 ranking chart to reflect changes in penalties under the 5761 act; requiring a report to the Legislature from the Department of Financial Services regarding provisions of 5762 5763 law relating to enforcement; amending ss. 946.523 and

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5764 985.315, F.S., to conform cross references; establishing a 5765 Joint Select Committee on Workers' Compensation Rating 5766 Reform and specifying duties thereof; providing for 5767 termination of the committee; requiring the board of 5768 governors of the workers' compensation joint underwriting 5769 plan to submit a report to the Legislature; amending s. 5770 443.1715, F.S.; revising provisions relating to records 5771 and reports; providing for disclosure of specified 5772 information; amending s. 625.989, F.S.; providing that the 5773 Department of Financial Services shall prepare an annual 5774 report relating to workers' compensation fraud and compliance; amending s. 626.9891, F.S.; amending reporting 5775 5776 requirements for insurers; providing penalties for 5777 noncompliance; providing for rules; repealing s. 440.1925, 5778 F.S., relating to procedure for resolving maximum medical 5779 improvement or permanent impairment disputes; amending ss. 112.19 and 112.191, F.S., to conform references to changes 5780 5781 made by the act; providing that amendments to ss. 440.02 5782 and 440.15, F.S., do not affect certain disability, 5783 determination, and benefits; providing for construction of 5784 the act in pari materia with laws enacted during the 2003 5785 Regular Session of the Legislature; providing effective 5786 dates.

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