## Florida Senate - 2004

By the Committee on Natural Resources; and Senator Dockery

	312-2183-04
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to water resources; amending s.
3	163.3167, F.S.; requiring local governments to
4	include projected water use in comprehensive
5	plans; amending s. 163.3177, F.S.; requiring
6	local governments to consider regional water
7	supply plans in their work plans for building
8	water supply facilities; amending s. 373.116,
9	F.S.; providing for notice by electronic mail;
10	providing requirements for notices published
11	electronically; creating s. 373.2234, F.S.;
12	authorizing the governing board of a water
13	management district to adopt rules identifying
14	certain preferred water supply sources;
15	providing requirements with respect to such
16	rules; providing construction; amending s.
17	373.250, F.S.; authorizing water management
18	districts to require the use of reclaimed water
19	in lieu of surface or groundwater when the use
20	of uncommitted reclaimed water is
21	environmentally, economically, and technically
22	feasible; providing construction with respect
23	to such authority; providing legislative
24	findings and intent with regard to landscape
25	irrigation design; requiring water management
26	districts to develop landscape irrigation and
27	xeriscape design standards; providing an
28	effective date.
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30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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1 Section 1. Subsection (13) is added to section 2 163.3167, Florida Statutes, to read: 3 163.3167 Scope of act.--4 (13) Each local government shall address in its 5 comprehensive plan, as enumerated in this chapter, the water б supply projects necessary to meet and achieve the existing and 7 projected water use demand for the established planning 8 period, considering the applicable plan developed pursuant to 9 s. 373.0361. 10 Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 11 163.3177, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 163.3177 Required and optional elements of 12 13 comprehensive plan; studies and surveys .--(6) In addition to the requirements of subsections 14 15 (1)-(5), the comprehensive plan shall include the following elements: 16 17 (c) A general sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, potable water, and natural groundwater aquifer recharge 18 19 element correlated to principles and guidelines for future 20 land use, indicating ways to provide for future potable water, 21 drainage, sanitary sewer, solid waste, and aquifer recharge protection requirements for the area. The element may be a 22 detailed engineering plan including a topographic map 23 24 depicting areas of prime groundwater recharge. The element shall describe the problems and needs and the general 25 facilities that will be required for solution of the problems 26 27 and needs. The element shall also include a topographic map 28 depicting any areas adopted by a regional water management 29 district as prime groundwater recharge areas for the Floridan or Biscayne aquifers, pursuant to s. 373.0395. These areas 30 31 shall be given special consideration when the local government 2

1 is engaged in zoning or considering future land use for said 2 designated areas. For areas served by septic tanks, soil 3 surveys shall be provided which indicate the suitability of soils for septic tanks. By December 1, 2006 January 1, 2005, 4 5 or the Evaluation and Appraisal Report adoption deadline б established for the local government pursuant to s. 163.3191(1)<del>s. 163.3191(a)</del>, whichever date occurs first, the 7 element must consider the appropriate water management 8 9 district's regional water supply plan approved pursuant to s. 10 373.0361. The element must include a work plan, covering at 11 least a 10-year planning period, for building water supply facilities that are identified in the element as necessary to 12 13 serve existing and new development and for which the local government is responsible. The work plan shall be updated, at 14 a minimum, every 5 years within 12 months after the governing 15 board of a water management district adopts an updated 16 17 regional water supply plan. Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 373.116, Florida 18 19 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is added to that section, to read: 20 373.116 Procedure for water use and impoundment 21 22 construction permit applications. --(2) Upon receipt of an application for a permit of the 23 24 type referred to in subsection (1), the governing board shall 25 cause a notice thereof to be published in a newspaper having general circulation within the affected area or on the 26 official Internet website of the water management district. A 27 28 notice published on the website shall clearly state the date 29 the notice was first posted. In addition, the governing board shall send, by regular or electronic mail, a copy of such 30 31 notice to any person who has filed a written request for 3

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1 notification of any pending applications affecting this particular designated area. At the option of the applicable 2 3 county or city government, notice of application for the consumptive use of water shall be mailed by regular or 4 5 electronic mail to the county and appropriate city government б from which boundaries the withdrawal is proposed to be made. 7 The governing board may provide constructive (4) 8 notice of intended agency action on a permit application by 9 publication in a newspaper of general circulation within the 10 affected area or by publication on the official Internet 11 website of the water management district. A notice published on the website shall clearly state the date the notice was 12 first posted. For permit applicants and for persons who have 13 requested actual notice of intended agency action for that 14 specific permit application, such notice shall be mailed by 15 regular or electronic mail. 16 17 Section 4. Section 373.2234, Florida Statutes, is 18 created to read: 19 373.2234 Preferred water supply sources.--The governing board of a water management district is authorized 20 21 to adopt rules that identify preferred water supply sources for consumptive uses for which there is sufficient data to 22 establish that a preferred source will provide a substantial 23 24 new water supply to meet the existing and projected 25 reasonable-beneficial uses of a water supply planning region identified pursuant to s. 373.0361(1), while sustaining 26 27 existing water resources and natural systems. At a minimum, such rules must contain a description of the preferred water 28 29 supply source and an assessment of the water the preferred 30 source is projected to produce. If an applicant proposes to use a preferred water supply source, that applicant's proposed 31

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1 water use is subject to s. 373.223(1), except that the use of a preferred water supply source shall be deemed a factor 2 3 consistent with the public interest pursuant to s. 373.223(1)(c). A consumptive use permit issued for the use of 4 5 a preferred water supply source must be granted for at least a б 20-year period and may be subject to the compliance reporting 7 provisions of s. 373.236(3). Nothing in this section shall be 8 construed to exempt the use of preferred water supply sources from the provisions of ss. 373.016(4) and 373.223(2) and (3), 9 10 or be construed to provide that permits issued for the use of 11 a nonpreferred water supply source must be issued for a duration of less than 20 years or that the use of a 12 nonpreferred water supply source is not consistent with the 13 public interest. Additionally, nothing in this section shall 14 be interpreted to require the use of a preferred water supply 15 source or to restrict or prohibit the use of a nonpreferred 16 17 water supply source. Rules adopted by the governing board of a water management district to implement this section shall 18 19 specify that the use of a preferred water supply source is not required, and that the use of a nonpreferred water supply 20 source is not restricted or prohibited. 21 Section 5. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (2) of 22 section 373.250, Florida Statutes, to read: 23 24 373.250 Reuse of reclaimed water.--25 (2)(c) A water management district may require the use of 26 27 reclaimed water in lieu of surface water or groundwater when 28 the use of uncommitted reclaimed water is environmentally, 29 economically, and technically feasible and of such quality and 30 reliability as is necessary to the user. However, this 31 paragraph does not authorize a water management district to 5

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1 require a provider of reclaimed water to redirect reclaimed water from one user to another or to provide uncommitted water 2 3 to a specific user if such water is anticipated to be used by the provider, or a different user selected by the provider, 4 5 within a reasonable amount of time. б Section 6. Landscape irrigation design .--7 The Legislature finds that multiple areas (1)8 throughout the state have been identified by water management districts as water resource caution areas, which indicates 9 10 that in the near future water demand in those areas will 11 exceed the current available water supply and that conservation is one of the mechanisms by which future water 12 demand will be met. 13 (2) The Legislature finds that landscape irrigation 14 comprises a significant portion of water use and that the 15 current typical landscape irrigation system and xeriscape 16 designs offer significant potential water conservation 17 benefits. 18 19 (3) It is the intent of the Legislature to improve 20 landscape irrigation water use efficiency by ensuring that 21 landscape irrigation systems meet or exceed minimum design 22 criteria. (4) The water management districts shall develop and 23 24 adopt by rule landscape irrigation and xeriscape design 25 standards for new construction which incorporate a landscape irrigation system. The standards must be based on the 26 27 irrigation code defined in the Florida Building Code, Plumber's Volume, Appendix F. Such design standards should 28 29 promote the effective and efficient use of irrigation water 30 and include a consideration of local demographic, hydrologic, 31 and other considerations as they apply to landscape irrigation 6

1 water use. When adopting an ordinance or regulation, local governments shall use these approved irrigation design 2 3 standards. (5) The water management districts shall work with the 4 5 Florida Chapter of the American Society of Landscape б Architects, the Florida Irrigation Society, the Florida 7 Nurserymen and Growers Association, the Department of 8 Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, the Department of Environmental 9 10 Protection, the Department of Transportation, the Florida 11 League of Cities, and the Florida Association of Counties to develop scientifically based model guidelines for urban, 12 commercial, and residential landscape irrigation, including 13 drip irrigation, for plants, trees, sod, and other 14 landscaping. Local governments shall use the scientific 15 information when developing landscape irrigation ordinances or 16 17 guidelines. Every 3 years, the agencies and entities specified in this subsection shall review the model guidelines 18 19 to determine whether new research findings require a change or modification of the guidelines. 20 Section 7. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 21 22 law. 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

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1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2	Senate Bill 1104
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4	The committee substitute retains original provisions of the bill relating to water supply projects addressed in local
5	comprehensive plans and amends the date by which certain local comprehensive plan elements must consider a regional water
6	supply plan. The committee substitute clarifies original provisions of the bill relating to preferred water supply
7	sources and provides that the use of a preferred water source must be consistent with current provisions of law providing
8	for the conditions of a consumptive use permit. The committee substitute further provides that the use of a preferred water
9	source must comply with state laws governing the use of water from local sources first. Original provisions relating to the
10	reuse of reclaimed water and landscape irrigation design are retained. The committee substitute provides the water
11	management districts with the authority to electronically post consumptive use permit applications on their official
12	websites. At the option of a local government, the water management district may also provide electronic notice of
13	consumptive use permit applications. Finally, the committee substitute provides that the water management districts can
14	electronically provide constructive notice of intended agency action.
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