Florida Senate - 2004

By Senator Constantine

22-162A-04 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to the Wekiva River Basin; creating s. 163.3247, F.S.; providing a short 3 4 title; providing legislative intent with 5 respect to protecting the Wekiva River Basin and implementing the findings and 6 7 recommendations of the Wekiva River Basin Coordinating Committee; providing an effective 8 9 date. 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 12 Section 1. Section 163.3247, Florida Statutes, is 13 created to read: 14 163.3247 Wekiva River Basin Parkway and Protection 15 16 Act.--17 (1) SHORT TITLE.--This section may be cited as the "Wekiva River Basin Parkway and Protection Act." 18 19 (2) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.--20 (a) The Legislature recognizes the Wekiva River and its tributaries, along with the St. Johns River and associated 21 22 lands in central Florida, as one of the most valuable natural 23 assets of the state. The Wekiva River and its tributaries have been designated an Outstanding Florida Water, a National Wild 24 25 and Scenic River, a Florida Wild and Scenic River, and a 26 Florida Aquatic Preserve. 27 (b) In 1988, the Legislature enacted the Wekiva River 28 Protection Act, codified in part II of chapter 369, to protect 29 the resources of the Wekiva River Basin. The Wekiva River 30 Protection Act delineates an area comprising portions of Lake, 31

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1 Orange, and Seminole Counties as the Wekiva River Protection 2 Area. 3 (c) The Wekiva River is a spring-fed system associated with 19 second-magnitude and third-magnitude springs and 4 5 numerous smaller springs. The Legislature recognizes that a spring is only as healthy as its groundwater recharge basin. б 7 The groundwater that feeds springs is recharged by seepage 8 from the surface and through direct conduits, such as sinkholes. Because of this, the health of the spring system is 9 10 directly influenced by activities and land uses within the 11 spring recharge basin. (d) Protection of groundwater that recharges the 12 springs connected to the Wekiva River is crucial to the 13 long-term viability of the Wekiva River ecosystem and the 14 region's water supply. The volume of groundwater moving toward 15 discharge to form the Wekiva River spring system has 16 diminished over time, given withdrawals of water for 17 consumptive use and loss of recharge due to land development. 18 19 The Water Needs and Sources Assessment indicates that the Wekiva Basin is located in a Priority Water Resource Caution 20 21 Area, indicating that water supply problems are projected to become critical by 2010 and projected water use may result in 22 unacceptable impacts to natural systems and groundwater 23 24 quality, including a decline in the water table affecting wetland vegetation and reduced spring flows. The St. Johns 25 26 Water Management District projects a 20-percent reduction in 27 spring flows by the year 2020. (e) Because the majority of the groundwater recharge 28 29 basin of the Wekiva River is located outside the Wekiva River 30 Protection Area as delineated in part II of chapter 369, no 31 special protection currently exists for critical groundwater 2

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recharge lands. The Wekiva River Springs Protection Area shall consist of the study area, as determined by the Wekiva River Basin Coordinating Committee, which was created by Executive Order Number 03-112. It is the intent of the Legislature to implement (f) б those findings and recommendations of the committee. Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004. SENATE SUMMARY Creates the "Wekiva River Basin Parkway and Protection Act." Provides legislative intent with respect to protecting the basin and implementing the findings and recommendations of the Wekiva River Basin Coordinating Committee.

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