## Florida Senate - 2004

By Senator Lynn

7-758-04 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to instruction for exceptional students; amending s. 1003.57, F.S.; providing 3 4 guidelines for determining the residency for a student who receives instruction as an 5 6 exceptional student; requiring the student's 7 state of residence to pay the cost of such instruction, facilities, and services; 8 9 providing responsibilities of the Department of Education; providing responsibilities of 10 residential facilities that educate exceptional 11 12 students; providing applicability; amending s. 1003.58, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; 13 providing an effective date. 14 15 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 17 Section 1. Section 1003.57, Florida Statutes, is 18 19 amended to read: 20 1003.57 Exceptional students instruction .--21 (1) Each district school board shall provide for an 22 appropriate program of special instruction, facilities, and services for exceptional students as prescribed by the State 23 Board of Education as acceptable, including provisions that: 24 25 (a) (1) The district school board provide the necessary professional services for diagnosis and evaluation of 26 27 exceptional students. 28 (b) (2) The district school board provide the special instruction, classes, and services, either within the district 29 30 school system, in cooperation with other district school 31 systems, or through contractual arrangements with approved 1 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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private schools or community facilities that meet standards
 established by the commissioner.

3 <u>(c)(3)</u> The district school board annually provide
4 information describing the Florida School for the Deaf and the
5 Blind and all other programs and methods of instruction
6 available to the parent of a sensory-impaired student.

7 <u>(d)(4)</u> The district school board, once every 3 years, 8 submit to the department its proposed procedures for the 9 provision of special instruction and services for exceptional 10 students.

11 (e) (e) (5) No student be given special instruction or services as an exceptional student until after he or she has 12 been properly evaluated, classified, and placed in the manner 13 14 prescribed by rules of the State Board of Education. The parent of an exceptional student evaluated and placed or 15 denied placement in a program of special education shall be 16 17 notified of each such evaluation and placement or denial. Such notice shall contain a statement informing the parent that he 18 19 or she is entitled to a due process hearing on the 20 identification, evaluation, and placement, or lack thereof. Such hearings shall be exempt from the provisions of ss. 21 120.569, 120.57, and 286.011, except to the extent that the 22 State Board of Education adopts rules establishing other 23 24 procedures and any records created as a result of such 25 hearings shall be confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). The hearing must be conducted by an 26 administrative law judge from the Division of Administrative 27 28 Hearings of the Department of Management Services. The 29 decision of the administrative law judge shall be final, except that any party aggrieved by the finding and decision 30 31 rendered by the administrative law judge shall have the right

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1 to bring a civil action in the circuit court. In such an 2 action, the court shall receive the records of the 3 administrative hearing and shall hear additional evidence at 4 the request of either party. In the alternative, any party 5 aggrieved by the finding and decision rendered by the б administrative law judge shall have the right to request an 7 impartial review of the administrative law judge's order by the district court of appeal as provided by s. 120.68. 8 9 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, during the pendency 10 of any proceeding conducted pursuant to this section, unless 11 the district school board and the parents otherwise agree, the student shall remain in his or her then-current educational 12 assignment or, if applying for initial admission to a public 13 school, shall be assigned, with the consent of the parents, in 14 the public school program until all such proceedings have been 15 16 completed.

17 (f) (f) (f) In providing for the education of exceptional 18 students, the district school superintendent, principals, and 19 teachers shall utilize the regular school facilities and adapt 20 them to the needs of exceptional students to the maximum extent appropriate. Segregation of exceptional students shall 21 occur only if the nature or severity of the exceptionality is 22 such that education in regular classes with the use of 23 24 supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved 25 satisfactorily.

26 (g)(7) In addition to the services agreed to in a 27 student's individual education plan, the district school 28 superintendent shall fully inform the parent of a student 29 having a physical or developmental disability of all available 30 services that are appropriate for the student's disability. 31

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1 The superintendent shall provide the student's parent with a 2 summary of the student's rights. 3 (2)(a) A student who receives special instruction, facilities, or services as an exceptional student is 4 5 considered a resident of the state in which the student's б parent or guardian is a resident. Such a student's state of 7 residence must pay the cost of such instruction, facilities, 8 and services for a nonresident student who receives instruction in this state as an exceptional student. 9 (b) The Department of Education shall provide to each 10 11 school district a statement of the specific limitations of the district's financial obligation for exceptional students under 12 federal and state law. The department shall also provide to 13 each school district technical assistance as necessary for 14 developing a local plan to impose on a student's home state 15 the fiscal responsibility for educating a nonresident 16 17 exceptional student. (c) The Department of Education shall develop a 18 19 process by which a school district must review the residency of each exceptional student who lives in a residential 20 21 facility in this state prior to providing services. The residential facility, not the district, is responsible for 22 billing and collecting from a nonresidential student's home 23 24 state payment for the student's educational and related 25 services. (d) This subsection applies to any nonresident student 26 27 who receives instruction as an exceptional student in any type of educational facility in this state, including a public 28 29 school, private school, or juvenile justice commitment 30 facility.

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district school board shall provide educational programs according to rules of the State Board of Education to students who reside in residential care facilities operated by the Department of Children and Family Services. (3) The district school board shall have full and complete authority in the matter of the assignment and placement of such students in educational programs. The parent of an exceptional student shall have the same due process rights as are provided under <u>s. 1003.57(1)(e)s. 1003.57(5)</u> . Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004. Frovides that a student who receives exceptional-student instruction in this state is a resident of the state in which the student's parent or guardian resides. Requires the state of residence to pay for exceptional-student esponsibilities of the Department of Education. Requires responsibilities of the Department of Education. Kequires the residential facility, not the school district, to bill an exceptional student's home state for the cost of the student's education. Provides applicability.	1	Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 1003.58, Florida
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