By the Committee on Judiciary; and Senators Carlton and Posey

308-2044-04

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to assets held in benefit
3	plans; amending s. 222.22, F.S.; exempting from
4	legal process in favor of creditors or other
5	claimants assets held in qualified tuition
6	programs, in certain medical savings accounts,
7	or in Coverdell education savings accounts;
8	amending s. 710.102, F.S.; redefining the term
9	"benefit plan," and defining the term
10	"qualified minor's trust," as used in the
11	Florida Uniform Transfers to Minors Act;
12	amending s. 710.104, F.S.; including benefit
13	plans in the types of property that a custodian
14	may be named to receive on behalf of a minor;
15	amending s. 710.108, F.S.; allowing a benefit
16	plan to be transferred to a custodian of a
17	minor who does not have a conservator by an
18	obligor of the minor; amending s. 710.116,
19	F.S.; allowing a minor's custodian, without
20	court order, to transfer custodial property to
21	a qualified minor's trust; providing
22	implications of the transfer; amending s.
23	733.808, F.S.; providing for the disposition of
24	benefits under a benefit plan after the death
25	of an owner of or participant in the plan;
26	amending s. 744.301, F.S.; providing for the
27	parents or natural guardians of a minor child
28	to collect, receive, manage, and dispose of and
29	make elections regarding the proceeds of an
30	annuity contract payable to a minor child or of
31	a benefit plan of which the minor is a

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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           beneficiary, participant, or owner, without
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           appointment, authority, or bond, if the
           proceeds equal less than a specified maximum
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           amount; providing an effective date.
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   Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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           Section 1. Section 222.22, Florida Statutes, is
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    amended to read:
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           222.22 Exemption of assets in qualified tuition
   programs, medical savings accounts, and Coverdell education
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    savings accounts moneys in the Prepaid College Trust Fund or
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    in a Medical Savings Account from legal process. --
           (1) (a) Moneys paid into or out of, the assets of, and
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    the income of any validly existing qualified tuition program
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    authorized by s. 529 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
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    amended, including, but not limited to, the Florida Prepaid
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    College Trust Fund advance payment contracts under s. 1009.98
    and Florida Prepaid College Trust Fund participation
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    agreements under s. 1009.981 the Florida Prepaid College Trust
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    Fund by or on behalf of a purchaser or qualified beneficiary
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   pursuant to an advance payment contract made under part IV of
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    chapter 1009, which contract has not been terminated, are not
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    liable to attachment, <u>levy</u>, garnishment, or legal process in
    the state in favor of any creditor of or claimant against any
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    program participant, purchaser, owner or contributor, or
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   program beneficiary the purchaser or beneficiary of such
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   advance payment contract.
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          (2)(b) Moneys paid into or out of, the assets of, and
    the income of a medical savings account authorized under s.
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    220 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, are not
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liable to attachment, levy, garnishment, or legal process in this state in favor of any creditor of or claimant against any 2 account participant, purchaser, owner or contributor, or 3 4 account beneficiary. 5 (3) Moneys paid into or out of, the assets of, and the 6 income of any Coverdell education savings account, also known 7 as an educational IRA, established or existing in accordance with s. 530 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 8 are not liable to attachment, levy, garnishment, or legal 9 10 process in this state in favor of any creditor of or claimant against any account participant, purchaser, owner or 11 12 contributor, or account beneficiary. the Prepaid College Trust 13 Fund by or on behalf of a benefactor or designated beneficiary pursuant to a participation agreement made under s. 1009.981, 14 15 which agreement has not been terminated, are not liable to 16 attachment, garnishment, or legal process in the state in favor of any creditor of the purchaser or beneficiary of such 18 participation agreement. 19 (2) Moneys paid into or out of a Medical Savings 20 Account by or on behalf of a person depositing money into such 21 account or a qualified beneficiary are not liable to 2.2 attachment, garnishment, or legal process in the state in 23 favor of any creditor of such person or beneficiary of such 2.4 Medical Savings Account. Section 2. Section 710.102, Florida Statutes, is 2.5 amended to read: 26 27 710.102 Definitions.--As used in this act, the term: 2.8 (1) "Adult" means an individual who has attained the 29 age of 21 years. 30 (2) "Benefit plan" means a retirement plan and may

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stock-bonus, or stock-ownership plan or individual retirement

account an employer's plan for the benefit of an employee or

partner.

- (3) "Broker" means a person lawfully engaged in the business of effecting transactions in securities or commodities for the person's own account or for the account of others.
- (4) "Conservator" means a person appointed or qualified by a court to act as general, limited, or temporary guardian of a minor's property or a person legally authorized to perform substantially the same functions.
- 12 (5) "Court" means the circuit court.
 - (6) "Custodial property" means any interest in property transferred to a custodian under this act and the income from and proceeds of that interest in property.
 - (7) "Custodian" means a person so designated under s.
 710.111 or a successor or substitute custodian designated
 under s. 710.121.
 - (8) "Financial institution" means a bank, trust company, savings institution, or credit union, chartered and supervised under state or federal law.
 - (9) "Legal representative" means an individual's personal representative or conservator.
- (10) "Member of the minor's family" means the minor's parent, stepparent, spouse, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, or aunt, whether of the whole or half blood or by adoption.
- 28 (11) "Minor" means an individual who has not attained 29 the age of 21 years.
- (12) "Person" means an individual, corporation,organization, or other legal entity.

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- (13) "Personal representative" means an executor, administrator, successor personal representative, or special administrator of a decedent's estate or a person legally authorized to perform substantially the same functions.
- (14) "Qualified minor's trust" means a trust that
 meets the requirements of s. 2503(c) of the Internal Revenue
 Code of 1986, as amended.

(15)(14) "State" includes any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and any territory or possession subject to the legislative authority of the United States.

(16)(15) "Transfer" means a transaction that creates custodial property under s. 710.111.

 $\underline{(17)(16)}$ "Transferor" means a person who makes a transfer under this act.

(18)(17) "Trust company" means a financial institution, corporation, or other legal entity, authorized to exercise general trust powers.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 710.104, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

710.104 Nomination of custodian.--

(1) A person having the right to designate the recipient of property transferable upon the occurrence of a future event may revocably nominate a custodian to receive the property for a minor beneficiary upon the occurrence of the event by naming the custodian followed in substance by the words: "as custodian for (name of minor) under the Florida Uniform Transfers to Minors Act." The nomination may name one or more persons as substitute custodians to whom the property must be transferred, in the order named, if the first nominated custodian dies before the transfer or is unable,

declines, or is ineligible to serve. The nomination may be made in a will, a trust, a deed, an instrument exercising a power of appointment, or in a writing designating a 3 beneficiary of contractual rights, including, but not limited 4 to, the right to a benefit plan, which is registered with or 5 delivered to the payor, issuer, or other obligor of the 7 contractual rights. Section 4. Section 710.108, Florida Statutes, is 8 amended to read: 9 10 710.108 Transfer by obligor.--(1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), a person not 11 12 subject to s. 710.106 or s. 710.107 who holds property, 13 including, but not limited to, a benefit plan, of a minor not having a conservator, or who owes a liquidated debt to, a 14 minor not having a conservator, may make an irrevocable 15 transfer to a custodian for the benefit of the minor pursuant 16 17 to s. 710.111. (2) If a person having the right to do so under s. 18 710.104 has nominated a custodian under that section to 19 receive the custodial property, the transfer must be made to 20 21 that person. 22 (3) If no custodian has been nominated under s. 23 710.104, or all persons so nominated as custodian die before the transfer or are unable, decline, or are ineligible to 2.4 serve, a transfer under this section may be made to an adult 2.5 member of the minor's family or to a trust company unless the 26

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amended to read:

710.116 Use of custodial property.--

Section 5. Section 710.116, Florida Statutes, is

property exceeds\$15,000\$10,000 in value.

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- (1) A custodian may deliver or pay to the minor or expend for the minor's benefit so much of the custodial property as the custodian considers advisable for the use and benefit of the minor, without court order and without regard to the duty or ability of the custodian personally or of any other person to support the minor, or to any other income or property of the minor which may be applicable or available for that purpose.
- (2) A custodian may, without court order, transfer all or part of the custodial property to a qualified minor's trust. A transfer of property pursuant to this subsection terminates the custodianship to the extent of the property transferred.
- (3) (2) On petition of an interested person or the minor if the minor has attained the age of 14 years, the court may order the custodian to deliver or pay to the minor or expend for the minor's benefit so much of the custodial property as the court considers advisable for the use and benefit of the minor.
- (4)(3) A delivery, payment, or expenditure under this section is in addition to, not in substitution for, and does not affect any obligation of a person to support the minor.
- Section 6. Section 733.808, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 733.808 Death benefits; disposition of proceeds.--
- (1) Death benefits of any kind, including, but not 26 27 limited to, proceeds of:
 - (a) An individual life insurance policy;
 - (b) A group life insurance policy;
- (c) A benefit plan as defined by s. 710.102 An 31 employees' trust or under a contract purchased by an

employees' trust forming part of a pension, stock bonus, or 2 profit sharing plan; (d) An annuity or endowment contract; and 3 (e) A health or and accident policy, 4 5 6 may be made payable to the trustee under a trust agreement or declaration of trust in existence at the time of the death of 8 the insured, employee, or annuitant or the owner of or participant in the benefit plan. The death benefits shall be 9 held and disposed of by the trustee in accordance with the 10 terms of the trust as they appear in writing on the date of 11 12 the death of the insured, employee, or annuitant, owner, or 13 participant. It shall not be necessary to the validity of the trust agreement or declaration of trust, whether revocable or 14 irrevocable, that it have a trust corpus other than the right 15 of the trustee to receive death benefits. 16 17 (2) Death benefits of any kind, including, but not 18 limited to, proceeds of: (a) An individual life insurance policy; 19 (b) A group life insurance policy; 20 21 (c) A benefit plan as defined by s. 710.102 An 22 employees' trust, or under a contract purchased by an 23 employees' trust, forming part of a pension, stock bonus, or 2.4 profit sharing plan; (d) An annuity or endowment contract; and 25 26 (e) A health or and accident policy, 27 2.8 may be made payable to the trustee named, or to be named, in a 29 written instrument that is admitted to probate as the last will of the insured, the owner of the policy, the employee_ 30

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other person, whether or not the will is in existence at the time of designation. Upon the admission of the will to probate, the death benefits shall be paid to the trustee, to be held, administered, and disposed of in accordance with the terms of the trust or trusts created by the will.

- (3) In the event no trustee makes proper claim to the proceeds from the insurance company or other obligor within a period of 6 months after the date of the death of the insured, employee, or annuitant, owner, or participant, or if satisfactory evidence is furnished to the insurance company or obligor within that period that there is, or will be, no trustee to receive the proceeds, payment shall be made by the insurance company or obligor to the personal representative of the person making the designation, unless otherwise provided by agreement with the insurer or obligor during the lifetime of the insured, employee, or annuitant, owner, or participant.
- (4) Death benefits payable as provided in subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (3), unless paid to a personal representative under the provisions of subsection (3), shall not be deemed to be part of the decedent's estate, and shall not be subject to any obligation to pay the expenses of the administration and obligations of the decedent's estate or for contribution required from a trust under s. 733.607(2) to any greater extent than if the proceeds were payable directly to the beneficiaries named in the trust.
- (5) The death benefits held in trust may be commingled with any other assets that may properly come into the trust.
- (6) Nothing in This section does not shall affect the validity of any designation of a beneficiary of proceeds previously made that designates as beneficiary the trustee of

any trust established under a trust agreement or declaration 2 of trust or by will. Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 744.301, Florida 3 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 744.301 Natural quardians.--5 6 (2) The natural guardian or guardians are authorized, 7 on behalf of any of their minor children, to: 8 (a) Settle and consummate a settlement of any claim or cause of action accruing to any of their minor children for 9 damages to the person or property of any of said minor 10 11 children; and to (b) Collect, receive, manage, and dispose of the 12 13 proceeds of any such settlement; and (c) Collect, receive, manage, and dispose of any other 14 real or personal property distributed from an estate or trust: 15 16 or 17 (d) Collect, receive, manage, and dispose of and make 18 elections regarding the proceeds from a life insurance policy or annuity contract payable to, or otherwise accruing to the 19 benefit of, the child; and 20 21 (e) Collect, receive, manage, dispose of, and make 22 elections regarding the proceeds of any benefit plan as 23 defined by s. 710.102, of which the minor is a beneficiary, 2.4 participant, or owner, 25 without appointment, authority, or bond during minority, when 26 27 the amount involved in any instance does not exceed \$15,000-2.8 without appointment, authority, or bond. 29 Section 8. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 30 law. 31

1		STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2		<u>Senate Bill 1486</u>
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	Amends the Florida Uniform Minors Act to expand the scope of authority to manage or transfer monies for or on	
5	5 behalf of proceeds t	behalf of a minor by expanding the category of plan proceeds that may be made payable to a trust to include
stock ownership plans, individual retother options, to expand the authority transfer part or all of custodial acceptable (2503(c)) Qualified Minor's Trust, to a nomination of a custodian in any beneated fined in the Act, and to increase	stock ownership plans, individual retirement accounts and other options, to expand the authority of a custodian to	
	2503(c) Qualified Minor's Trust, to allow for the nomination of a custodian in any benefit plan as	
	redefined in the Act, and to increase from \$10,000 to \$15,000 which may be transferred under specified	
10	circumstances, directly to a family member or trus	circumstances, directly to a family member or trust
11		Amends the Probate Code to add to the categories of plans
or policies from which death benefit proceeds payable to a trust to recognize that these types and the proceeds may be payable from any type of bone	payable to a trust to recognize that these type of proceeds may be payable from any type of benefit plan as	
13	is newly redefined in the Florida Uniform Transfer	is newly redefined in the Florida Uniform Transfer to Minor's Act.
14	4	Amends the Florida Guardianship Law to expand a natural
guardian's authority to act without a court or legal monetary matters relating to a minor committed with the changes made to the Florida Uniform T	guardian's authority to act without a court order on	
	with the changes made to the Florida Uniform Transfers to Minors Act, but without exceeding the statutory threshold	
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