### CS for SB 1590

## 2004 Legislature

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2		An act relating to primary and comprehensive
3		stroke centers; providing legislative intent
4		relating to primary and comprehensive stroke
5		centers; providing definitions; directing the
6		Agency for Health Care Administration to create
7		a list of primary and comprehensive stroke
8		centers; directing the agency to adopt rules
9		establishing criteria for primary and
10		comprehensive stroke centers; requiring the
11		Department of Health to distribute the list to
12		certain persons and entities; prohibiting a
13		person from advertising that a facility is a
14		state-listed stroke center unless the facility
15		meets the established criteria; directing the
16		department to develop a stroke triage
17		assessment tool; requiring licensed emergency
18		medical services providers to use the stroke
19		triage assessment tool; requiring licensed
20		emergency medical services providers to develop
21		and use certain specified protocols; providing
22		an effective date.
23		
24		WHEREAS, stroke is the third leading killer in the
25	United	States and in Florida, and
26		WHEREAS, stroke is also a leading cause of serious
27	long-t	erm disability in this state, and
28		WHEREAS, 165,000 people die from stroke in the United
29	States	every year, including 10,000 persons in this state, and
30		WHEREAS, 60 percent of death from strokes occurs in
31	women,	and

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WHEREAS, approximately 4.5 million survivors of a 1 2 stroke are alive today, and as many as 25 percent are 3 permanently disabled, and WHEREAS, nearly 30 percent of all people who suffer a 4 stroke are younger than 65 years of age, and 5 6 WHEREAS, it is estimated that strokes cost the United 7 States nearly \$50 billion a year in total costs, with direct 8 costs estimated at \$28 billion, and 9 WHEREAS, as the population ages, death and disability from stroke will increase dramatically if this state does not 10 implement strategies that will improve the survival of victims 11 of stroke in all communities across this state, and 12 13 WHEREAS, emergency medical services may currently be 14 transporting stroke victims to hospitals that do not have specialized programs to provide timely and effective treatment 15 for stroke victims, NOW, THEREFORE, 16 17 18 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 19 Section 1. Legislative intent. --20 (1) The Legislature finds that rapid identification, 21 22 diagnosis, and treatment of stroke can save the lives of 23 stroke victims and in some cases can reverse impairments such 24 as paralysis, leaving stroke victims with few or no neurological deficits. 25 (2) The Legislature further finds that a strong system 26 to support stroke survival is needed in our communities in 27 28 order to treat stroke victims in a timely manner and to 29 improve the overall treatment of stroke victims. Therefore, the Legislature intends to promote the development of an 30 emergency treatment system in this state which will provide 31

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that stroke victims may be quickly identified and transported 1 2 to and treated in facilities that have specialized programs for providing timely and effective treatment for stroke 3 4 victims. 5 Section 2. Definitions .-- As used in this act, the б term: 7 (1) "Department" means the Department of Health. 8 (2) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care 9 Administration. Section 3. State-listed primary stroke centers and 10 comprehensive stroke centers; notification of hospitals .--11 (1) The agency shall make available on its website and 12 13 to the department a list of the name and address of each 14 hospital that meets the criteria for a primary stroke center and the name and address of each hospital that meets the 15 criteria for a comprehensive stroke center. The list of 16 primary and comprehensive stroke centers shall include only 17 18 those hospitals that attest in an affidavit submitted to the 19 agency that the hospital meets the named criteria, or those hospitals that attest in an affidavit submitted to the agency 20 that the hospital is certified as a primary or a comprehensive 21 22 stroke center by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of 23 Healthcare Organizations. 24 (2)(a) If a hospital no longer chooses to meet the criteria for a primary or comprehensive stroke center, the 25 hospital shall notify the agency and the agency shall 26 immediately remove the hospital from the list. 27 28 (b)1. This subsection does not apply if the hospital 29 is unable to provide stroke treatment services for a period of time not to exceed 2 months. The hospital shall immediately 30 notify all local emergency medical services providers when the 31

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temporary unavailability of stroke treatment services begins 1 2 and when the services resume. 3 If stroke treatment services are unavailable for 2. more than 2 months, the agency shall remove the hospital from 4 the list of primary or comprehensive stroke centers until the 5 hospital notifies the agency that stroke treatment services б 7 have been resumed. 8 (3) The agency shall notify all hospitals in this 9 state by February 15, 2005, that the agency is compiling a list of primary stroke centers and comprehensive stroke 10 centers in this state. The notice shall include an explanation 11 of the criteria necessary for designation as a primary stroke 12 13 center and the criteria necessary for designation as a comprehensive stroke center. The notice shall also advise 14 hospitals of the process by which a hospital might be added to 15 the list of primary or comprehensive stroke centers. 16 (4) The agency shall adopt by rule criteria for a 17 18 primary stroke center which are substantially similar to the 19 certification standards for primary stroke centers of the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations. 20 (5) The agency shall adopt by rule criteria for a 21 22 comprehensive stroke center. However, if the Joint Commission 23 on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations establishes 24 criteria for a comprehensive stroke center, the agency shall establish criteria for a comprehensive stroke center which are 25 substantially similar to those criteria established by the 26 Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations. 27 28 (6) This act is not a medical practice guideline and 29 may not be used to restrict the authority of a hospital to provide services for which it has received a license under 30 chapter 395, Florida Statutes. The Legislature intends that 31

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1	all patients be treated individually based on each patient's	
2	needs and circumstances.	
3	Section 4. Advertising restrictionsA person may not	
4	advertise to the public, by way of any medium whatsoever, that	
5	a hospital is a state-listed primary or comprehensive stroke	
б	center unless the hospital has provided notice to the agency	
7	as required by this act.	
8	Section 5. <u>Emergency medical services providers;</u>	
9	triage and transportation of stroke victims to a stroke	
10	center	
11	(1) By June 1 of each year, the department shall send	
12	the list of primary stroke centers and comprehensive stroke	
13	centers to the medical director of each licensed emergency	
14	medical services provider in this state.	
15	(2) The department shall develop a sample	
16	stroke-triage assessment tool. The department must post this	
17	sample assessment tool on its website and provide a copy of	
18	the assessment tool to each licensed emergency medical	
19	services provider no later than June 1, 2005. Each licensed	
20	<u>emergency medical services provider must use a stroke-triage</u>	
21	assessment tool that is substantially similar to the sample	
22	stroke-triage assessment tool provided by the department.	
23	(3) The medical director of each licensed emergency	
24	medical services provider shall develop and implement	
25	assessment, treatment, and transport-destination protocols for	
26	stroke patients with the intent to assess, treat, and	
27	transport stroke patients to the most appropriate hospital.	
28	(4) Each emergency medical services provider licensed	
29	under chapter 401, Florida Statutes, must comply with all	
30	sections of this act by July 1, 2005.	
31	Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004.	

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