1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to liens on real estate;
3	creating ch. 714, F.S., the "Real Estate Lien
4	Act"; providing definitions; specifying
5	conditions under which a broker is entitled to
6	a lien on real estate; requiring a written
7	instrument; requiring the recording of a notice
8	of lien; providing for the contents and service
9	of such notice; providing requirements with
10	respect to installment and future commissions,
11	leases, sales of property before commission is
12	due, and written instruments with transferees;
13	providing for enforcement of the lien by
14	lawsuit; requiring written demand to initiate
15	or file an answer to such lawsuit; providing
16	conditions for satisfaction or release of the
17	lien; providing for an alternative dispute
18	resolution process; providing for assessment of
19	costs, fees, and interest; declaring any waiver
20	of lien rights void; providing priority of
21	other recorded liens, mortgages, and
22	encumbrances; providing for escrow of disputed
23	amounts; amending s. 475.42, F.S.; providing
24	that brokers may place liens on property as
25	provided by law; providing an effective date.
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27	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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29	Section 1. Chapter 714, Florida Statutes, consisting
30	of sections 714.001, 714.003, 714.005, 714.007, and 714.009,
31	is created to read:

1	714.001 Popular nameThis chapter may be referred to
2	by the popular name the "Real Estate Lien Act."
3	714.003 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the
4	term:
5	(1) "Broker" has the same meaning as in s. 475.01.
6	(2) "Commission" means any compensation or
7	consideration that may be due a broker licensed in this state
8	for services performed within the scope of the broker's
9	license.
10	(3) "Future commission" means any additional
11	commission that may be due a broker as a result of future
12	actions, including, but not limited to, the exercise of an
13	option to expand the leased premises, to renew or extend a
14	<u>lease, or to purchase the property.</u>
15	(4) "Real estate" has the same meaning as in s.
16	475.01. For the purposes of ss. 714.001-714.009, the term
17	"real estate" does not include homestead property.
18	(5) "Transferee" means a person purchasing or
19	otherwise receiving any interest in real estate except a
20	sublessee or assignee of a lease.
21	(6) "Transferor" means the person selling or otherwise
22	conveying any interest in real estate except a sublessor or
23	assignor of a lease .
24	714.005 Broker's lien
25	(1) WRITTEN INSTRUMENTA broker shall have a lien
26	upon real estate or any interest in that real estate which is
27	the subject of a purchase, lease, or other conveyance to a
28	buyer or tenant of an interest in the real estate, in the
29	amount that the broker is due for licensed services,
30	including, but not limited to, brokerage fees, consulting
3 1	fees, and management fees, under a valid and enforceable

written instrument signed by a transferor or the transferor's duly authorized agent or by a prospective transferee or the transferee's duly authorized agent. The lien shall be 3 available to the broker named in the signed instrument, and 4 not to any employee or independent contractor of the broker. 5 (2) ENTITLEMENT OF BROKER TO LIEN. --6 7 (a) A lien under this chapter shall attach to the real 8 estate or any interest in the real estate if the broker: 9 1. Is entitled to a fee or commission under a written instrument signed in accordance with subsection (1); and 10 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 11 (4)-(7), records a notice of lien in the office of the clerk 12 13 of the circuit court of the county in which the property is 14 located prior to the actual conveyance or transfer of the real estate against which the broker is claiming the lien. 15 (b) The lien shall attach as of the date of the 16 recording of the notice of lien and shall not relate back to 17 18 the date of the written instrument. 19 (c) A broker shall not have the right under this act to a lien for commission or other compensation owed to that 20 broker pursuant to a sublease or assignment of lease. The 21 provisions of this subsection do not limit or otherwise affect 2.2 2.3 the claims or defenses a broker or any other party may have on 24 any other basis, in law or in equity. (3) CONTENTS OF NOTICE OF LIEN. -- A notice of lien 2.5 shall state the name of the claimant, the name of the owner of 26 record of the real estate, a description of the property upon 2.7 28 which the lien is being claimed, the amount for which the lien 29 is claimed, and the real estate license number of the broker. The notice of lien shall recite that the information contained 30 in the notice is true and accurate to the knowledge of the

signator. The notice of lien must be signed by the broker or a person authorized to sign on behalf of the broker and must be 3 notarized. (4) COMMISSION DUE IN INSTALLMENTS. -- Except as 4 otherwise provided in subsections (5)-(7), when payment to a 5 broker is due in installments, a portion of which is due only 6 7 after the conveyance or transfer of the real estate, any 8 notice of lien for those payments due after the conveyance or 9 transfer may be recorded at any time subsequent to the conveyance or transfer of the real estate but not later than 10 90 days after the date the payment is due. A notice of lien 11 recorded prior to conveyance or transfer of the real estate 12 13 claiming all moneys due under an installment payment agreement 14 or for future commissions as described in subsection (6) shall be valid and enforceable only to the extent it pertains to 15 payments due from the transferee to the transferor after the 16 conveyance or transfer. As payments or partial payments of 17 18 commission are received, a broker shall provide partial 19 releases therefor, thereby reducing the amount due the broker under the broker's notice of lien. 20 (5) LEASE OF REAL ESTATE. -- In the case of a lease, a 21 22 notice of lien must be recorded no later than 90 days after 23 the transferee takes possession of the leased premises. 24 However, if a transferor personally serves written notice of the intended execution of the lease on a broker entitled to 2.5 claim a lien, at least 10 days prior to the date of the 26 intended execution of the lease, a notice of lien must be 2.7 28 recorded before the date indicated in such notice for the 29 execution of the lease. The lien shall attach as of the date of the recording of the notice of lien and shall not relate 30 back to the date of the written instrument.

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(6) FUTURE COMMISSION. -- If a broker may be due future commissions pursuant to a written instrument signed by the then transferor or transferee, the broker may record a notice of lien at any time after execution of the lease or other written instrument which contains such option or options, but may not record the notice of lien later than 90 days after the event or occurrence on which the claimed future commission occurs. Notwithstanding subsection (10), an action to enforce a lien under this subsection must be commenced within 2 years after the occurrence or transaction on which the future commission is claimed. (7) REAL ESTATE SOLD BEFORE COMMISSION DUE. -- In the event that the real estate is sold or otherwise conveyed prior to the date on which either a future commission or an unpaid installment of a commission is due, if the broker has recorded a valid notice of lien prior to the sale or other conveyance of the real estate, then the purchaser or transferee shall be deemed to have notice of and shall take title to the real estate subject to the lien. However, if a broker claiming a future commission fails to record a notice of lien for future commission prior to the recording of a deed conveying legal title to the real estate to the transferee, then such broker may not claim a lien on the real estate. The provisions of this subsection do not limit or otherwise affect claims or defenses a broker or any other party may have on any other basis, in law or in equity. (8) WRITTEN INSTRUMENT WITH TRANSFEREE. -- If a transferee has executed a written instrument in accordance with subsection (1), then a lien shall attach to the transferee's interest upon the transferee purchasing or

otherwise accepting conveyance or transfer of the real estate

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and the recording of a notice of lien by the broker in the

office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county in

which the property is located, within 90 days after the

purchase or other conveyance or transfer to the transferee.

The lien shall attach as of the date of the recording of the

notice of lien and shall not relate back to the date of the

written instrument.

(9) SERVICE OF NOTICE OF LIEN. -- A broker shall, within 10 days after recording a notice of lien, personally deliver or mail, by registered or certified mail, a copy of the notice of lien to the owner of record of the real estate or the duly authorized agent of the owner of record at the address of the owner of record as stated in the written instrument on which the claim for lien is based or, if no such address is given, to the address of the property on which the claim of lien is based. Mailing of the copy of the notice of lien is effective when deposited in the United States mail with postage prepaid. A broker's lien on real estate shall be unenforceable if delivery or mailing of the copy of notice of lien does not occur within the time period and in the manner required by this subsection.

(10) LAWSUIT TO ENFORCE LIEN. --

(a) A broker may bring suit to enforce a lien on real estate in the circuit court in the county in which the property is located by filing a complaint and sworn affidavit that the notice of lien has been recorded.

(b) A broker claiming a lien on real estate shall, within 2 years after recording the notice of lien, commence proceedings by filing a complaint. Failure to commence proceedings within 2 years after recording the notice of lien shall extinguish the lien. No subsequent notice of lien may be

given for the same claim, nor may that claim be asserted in any proceedings under this chapter. 3 (c) A broker claiming a lien on real estate based upon an option or other right to purchase or lease shall, within 2 4 5 years after the conveyance or transfer of the real estate under the exercise of the option to purchase or lease, 6 7 commence proceedings by filing a complaint. Failure to 8 commence proceedings within this time period shall extinguish the lien. No subsequent notice of lien may be given for the 9 same claim, nor may that claim be asserted in any proceedings 10 under this chapter. 11 (d) A complaint under this section shall contain a 12 13 brief statement of the contract or instrument on which the lien is based as well as its effective date, a description of 14 the services performed, the amount due and unpaid, a 15 description of the property that is subject to the lien, and 16 other facts necessary for a full understanding of the rights 17 18 of the parties. The plaintiff shall make all interested 19 parties of whose interest the plaintiff is notified or has knowledge defendants to the action and shall issue summons and 20 provide service as in other civil actions filed in this state. 2.1 22 When any defendant resides or has gone out of the state, or on 2.3 inquiry cannot be found, or is concealed within the state so 24 that process cannot be served on the defendant, the plaintiff shall cause a notice to be given to the defendant or cause a 2.5 copy of the complaint to be served on the defendant in the 26 manner and on the same conditions as in other civil actions 2.7 28 filed in this state. Failure of the plaintiff to provide 29 proper summons or notice to the defendant as required by this paragraph shall be grounds for judgment against the plaintiff 30

and in favor of the defendant with prejudice. All liens

claimed under this chapter shall be foreclosed in the manner of foreclosing a mortgage under the provisions of chapter 702. (11) DEMAND TO INITIATE OR FILE ANSWER TO 3 LAWSUIT .-- Upon written demand of the owner of record or a 4 lienee of the real estate, or a duly authorized agent of the 5 owner or lienee, served on the broker claiming the lien to 6 7 require suit to be commenced to enforce the lien or an answer 8 to be filed in a pending suit to enforce the lien, the suit must be commenced or the answer filed within 30 days 9 thereafter or the lien shall be extinguished. Service of such 10 written demand may be made by registered or certified mail, 11 return receipt requested, or by personal service. 12 13 (12) SATISFACTION OR RELEASE OF LIEN. --(a) Whenever a notice of lien on real estate has been 14 recorded with the clerk of the circuit court and the claimed 15 commission has been paid to a broker claiming a lien on the 16 property, or when there is a failure to initiate a suit to 17 18 enforce the lien within the time period provided by this 19 section, the broker shall acknowledge satisfaction or release of the lien in writing, upon written demand of the owner of 20 the real estate, within 5 days after payment of the amount 2.1 claimed or within 5 days after expiration of the time period 2.2 2.3 in which the complaint to initiate the lawsuit was to be 24 filed. (b) Whenever a notice of lien on real estate has been 2.5 recorded with the clerk of the circuit court and a condition 26 occurs that would preclude a broker from receiving 2.7 2.8 compensation under the terms of the written agreement on which 29 the lien is based, the broker shall provide to the owner of

record, within 10 days following written demand by the owner

of record, a written release or satisfaction of the lien.

(13) ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION If the broker
and the party or parties from whom the commission is claimed
agree to alternative dispute resolution, the claim shall be
heard and resolved in the forum on which these parties have
agreed. The court before which the action to enforce the lien
is brought shall retain jurisdiction to enter judgment on the
award or other result made or reached in alternative dispute
resolution on all parties to the action to enforce the lien.
The broker's notice of lien shall remain of record and the
action to enforce the lien shall be stayed during the pendency
of the alternative dispute resolution process.
(14) ASSESSMENT OF COSTS, FEES, AND INTERESTThe
cost of proceedings brought under this section, including
reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and prejudgment interest
due to the prevailing party, shall be borne by the
nonprevailing party or parties. When more than one party is
responsible for costs, fees, and prejudgment interest, the
costs, fees, and prejudgment interest shall be equitably
apportioned by the court or alternative dispute resolution
tribunal among the responsible parties.
(15) WAIVER OF LIEN RIGHTS VOID Except for a
satisfaction or release of lien provided in consideration of
payment of the fee or commission claimed by a broker or other
consideration acceptable to broker or pursuant to subsection
(12), any waiver of a broker's right to a lien on real estate
under this section and any other waiver or release of such a
lien is void.
714.007 Priority of other recorded liens, mortgages,
and encumbrances Valid prior recorded liens, mortgages, and
other encumbrances shall have priority over a broker's lien

2 encumbrances shall include, without limitation: 3 (1) Any valid mechanic's lien claim that is recorded subsequent to the broker's notice of lien but which relates 4 5 back to a date prior to the recording date of the broker's notice of lien. 6 7 (2) Prior recorded liens securing revolving credit and 8 future advances of construction loans. 9 714.009 Escrow of disputed amounts.--Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, whenever a notice of lien 10 on real estate has been filed with the clerk of the circuit 11 court that would prevent the closing of a transaction or 12 13 conveyance, an escrow account shall be established from the 14 proceeds from the transaction or conveyance, or other collateral or security in an amount sufficient to release the 15 lien. The requirement to establish an escrow account as 16 provided in this section shall not be cause for any party to 17 18 refuse to close the transaction or conveyance. The moneys or 19 other collateral or security required to be held in escrow under this section shall be held until the rights of the 20 parties to the escrowed moneys or other collateral or security 2.1 22 have been determined by written agreement of the parties, by a 23 court of law, or by any other process that may be agreed to by 24 the parties for resolution of their dispute. Upon the escrow of funds or other collateral or security in the amount claimed 2.5 in the lien, the lien and notice of lien shall be 26 automatically dissolved. Upon release of the lien by the 2.7 2.8 broker, the broker shall be deemed to have an equitable lien 29 on the escrow funds or other collateral or security, pending a resolution of the broker's claim, and the escrow shall not be 30 released until a resolution is reached and agreed to by all

under this chapter. Such prior recorded liens, mortgages, and

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necessary parties or ordered by a court. The parties are not required to follow the escrow procedure in this section if alternative procedures that would allow the transaction to close are available and are acceptable to the transferee in the transaction. If the proceeds from the transaction are insufficient to release all liens claimed against the real estate, including the broker's lien, then the parties are not required to follow the escrow procedure in this section.

Section 2. Paragraph (j) of subsection (1) of section 475.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.42 Violations and penalties.--

- (1) VIOLATIONS.--
- (j) A broker or sales associate may not place, or cause to be placed, upon the public records of any county, any contract, assignment, deed, will, mortgage, affidavit, or other writing which purports to affect the title of, or encumber, any real property if the same is known to her or him to be false, void, or not authorized to be placed of record, or not executed in the form entitling it to be recorded, or the execution or recording whereof has not been authorized by the owner of the property, maliciously or for the purpose of collecting a commission, or to coerce the payment of money to the broker or sales associate or other person, or for any unlawful purpose. However, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prohibit a broker or a sales associate from recording a judgment rendered by a court of this state or to prohibit a broker from placing a lien on a property where expressly permitted by contractual agreement or otherwise allowed by law.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004.

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