By Senator Atwater

25-112-04

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A bill to be entitled
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           An act relating to certificates of need;
           amending s. 408.036, F.S., relating to
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           health-care-related projects subject to review
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           for a certificate of need; exempting certain
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           projects involving percutaneous coronary
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           intervention from review; providing
           requirements by which certain hospitals may
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           obtain an exemption; providing an effective
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           date.
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    Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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           Section 1. Present paragraphs (j), (k), (1), (m), (n),
    (o), (p), (q), (r), (s), and (t) of subsection (3) of section
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    408.036, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (k),
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    (1), (m), (n), (o), (p), (q), (r), (s), (t), and (u),
    respectively, and a new paragraph (j) is added to that
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   subsection, to read:
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           408.036 Projects subject to review; exemptions .--
           (3) EXEMPTIONS.--Upon request, the following projects
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    are subject to exemption from the provisions of subsection
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    (1):
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          (j) For the provision of percutaneous coronary
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    intervention for patients presenting with emergency myocardial
    infarctions in a hospital without an approved adult
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    open-heart-surgery program. In addition to any other
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    documentation required by the agency, a request for an
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    exemption submitted under this paragraph must comply with the
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    following:
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1. The applicant must certify that it will meet and
continuously maintain the requirements adopted by the agency
for the provision of these services. These licensure
requirements shall be adopted by rule pursuant to ss.
120.536(1) and 120.54 and must be consistent with the
guidelines published by the American College of Cardiology and
the American Heart Association for the provision of
percutaneous coronary interventions in hospitals without adult
open-heart services. At a minimum, the rules shall require the
following:

- <u>a. Cardiologists must be experienced</u>

 <u>interventionalists who have performed a minimum of 75</u>

 interventions within the previous 12 months.
- b. The hospital must provide a minimum of 36 emergency interventions annually in order to continue to provide the service.
- c. The hospital must offer sufficient physician, nursing, and laboratory staff to provide the services 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- d. Nursing and technical staff must have demonstrated experience in handling acutely ill patients requiring intervention based on previous experience in dedicated interventional laboratories or surgical centers.
- <u>e. Cardiac care nursing staff must be adept in</u>

 <u>hemodynamic monitoring and Intra-aortic Balloon Pump (IABP)</u>

 management.
- f. Formalized written transfer agreements must be developed with a hospital with an adult open-heart-surgery program, and written transport protocols must be in place to ensure safe and efficient transfer of a patient within 60 minutes. Transfer and transport agreements must be reviewed

 and tested, with appropriate documentation maintained at least every 3 months.

- g. Hospitals implementing the service must first undertake a training program of 3 to 6 months, which includes establishing standards and testing logistics, creating quality assessment and error management practices, and formalizing patient-selection criteria.
- 2. The applicant must certify that it will use at all times the patient-selection criteria for the performance of primary angioplasty at hospitals without adult open-heart-surgery programs issued by the American College of Cardiology and the American Heart Association. At a minimum, these criteria would provide for the following:
- a. Avoidance of interventions in hemodynamically stable patients who have identified symptoms or medical histories.
- b. Transfer of patients who have a history of coronary disease and clinical presentation of hemodynamic instability.
- 3. The applicant must agree to submit a quarterly report to the agency detailing patient characteristics, treatment, and outcomes for all patients receiving emergency percutaneous coronary interventions pursuant to this paragraph. This report must be submitted within 15 days after the close of each calendar quarter.
- 4. The exemption provided by this paragraph does not apply unless the agency determines that the hospital has taken all necessary steps to be in compliance with all requirements of this paragraph, including the training program required under sub-subparagraph 1.g.
- 5. Failure of the hospital to continuously comply with the requirements of sub-subparagraphs 1.c.-f. and

1 subparagraphs 2. and 3. will result in the immediate 2 expiration of this exemption. 3 6. Failure of the hospital to meet the volume requirements of sub-subparagraphs 1.a.-b. within 18 months 4 5 after the program begins offering the service will result in 6 the immediate expiration of the exemption. 7 8 If the exemption for this service expires under subparagraph 5. or subparagraph 6., the agency may not grant another 9 10 exemption for this service to the same hospital for 2 years and then only upon a showing that the hospital will remain in 11 compliance with the requirements of this paragraph through a 12 13 demonstration of corrections to the deficiencies that caused 14 expiration of the exemption. Compliance with the requirements 15 of this paragraph includes compliance with the rules adopted 16 pursuant to this paragraph. 17 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004. 18 ********** 19 20 SENATE SUMMARY Provides an exemption from certificate-of-need review for the provision of pertaneous coronary intervention to patients who have emergency myocardial infarctions in a 21 22 hospital without an approved adult open-heart-surgery 23 program. 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31