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A bill to be entitled An act relating to crimes against minors; amending ss. 787.01 and 787.02, F.S.; revising the elements of the crimes of kidnapping a minor child and false imprisonment of a minor child; amending s. 787.025, F.S.; revising the elements of the crime of luring or enticing a minor child for an unlawful purpose; increasing the penalty imposed for committing that offense; reenacting ss. 435.03(2)(j) and (k), 435.04(2)(k) and (1), 775.21(4), 903.133, and 910.14, F.S., relating to screening standards, the Florida Sexual Predators Act, bail on appeal, and kidnapping, to incorporate the amendments to ss. 787.01, 787.02, 787.025, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting and amending s. 921.0022(3)(f), (i), and (j), F.S., relating to the offense severity ranking chart of the Criminal Punishment Code, to incorporate the amendments to s. 787.02, F.S., in references thereto; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reenacting ss. 943.0435(1)(a), 943.0585, 943.059, 944.606(1)(b), 944.607(1)(a), 948.01(15), and 948.06(2)(a), F.S., relating to the registration of sexual offenders, expunction and court-ordered sealing of criminal history records, the definition of the term "sexual offender, " and probation and community control, to incorporate the amendments to ss. 787.01,

1 787.02, 787.025, F.S., in references thereto; 2 providing an effective date. 3 4 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 5 6 Section 1. Section 787.01, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 787.01 Kidnapping; kidnapping of child under age 16 9 13, aggravating circumstances. --10 (1)(a) The term "kidnapping" means forcibly, secretly, 11 or by threat confining, abducting, or imprisoning another person against her or his will and without lawful authority, 12 13 with intent to: 1. Hold for ransom or reward or as a shield or 14 15 hostage. 2. Commit or facilitate commission of any felony. 16 17 Inflict bodily harm upon or to terrorize the victim 18 or another person. 19 Interfere with the performance of any governmental 20 or political function. (b) Confinement of a child under the age of 16 13 is 21 22 against her or his will within the meaning of this subsection if such confinement is without the consent of her or his 23 24 parent or legal guardian. 25 (2) A person who kidnaps a person is guilty of a felony of the first degree, punishable by imprisonment for a 26 term of years not exceeding life or as provided in s. 775.082, 27 28 s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 29 (3)(a) A person who commits the offense of kidnapping upon a child under the age of 16 13 and who, in the course of 30

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- 1. Aggravated child abuse, as defined in s. 827.03;
- 2. Sexual battery, as defined in chapter 794, against the child;
- 3. Lewd or lascivious battery, lewd or lascivious molestation, lewd or lascivious conduct, or lewd or lascivious exhibition, in violation of s. 800.04;
- 4. A violation of s. 796.03 or s. 796.04, relating to prostitution, upon the child; or
- 5. Exploitation of the child or allowing the child to be exploited, in violation of s. 450.151,

commits a life felony, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(b) Pursuant to s. 775.021(4), nothing contained herein shall be construed to prohibit the imposition of separate judgments and sentences for the life felony described in paragraph (a) and for each separate offense enumerated in subparagraphs (a)1.-5.

Section 2. Section 787.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

787.02 False imprisonment; false imprisonment of child under age 16 13, aggravating circumstances.--

- (1)(a) The term "false imprisonment" means forcibly, by threat, or secretly confining, abducting, imprisoning, or restraining another person without lawful authority and against her or his will.
- (b) Confinement of a child under the age of $\underline{16}$ is against her or his will within the meaning of this section if such confinement is without the consent of her or his parent or legal guardian.

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- (2) A person who commits the offense of false imprisonment is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (3)(a) A person who commits the offense of false imprisonment upon a child under the age of <u>16</u> 13 and who, in the course of committing the offense, commits any offense enumerated in subparagraphs 1.-5., commits a felony of the first degree, punishable by imprisonment for a term of years not exceeding life or as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
 - 1. Aggravated child abuse, as defined in s. 827.03;
- 2. Sexual battery, as defined in chapter 794, against the child;
- 3. Lewd or lascivious battery, lewd or lascivious molestation, lewd or lascivious conduct, or lewd or lascivious exhibition, in violation of s. 800.04;
- 4. A violation of s. 796.03 or s. 796.04, relating to prostitution, upon the child; or
- 5. Exploitation of the child or allowing the child to be exploited, in violation of $s.\ 450.151.$
- (b) Pursuant to s. 775.021(4), nothing contained herein shall be construed to prohibit the imposition of separate judgments and sentences for the first degree offense described in paragraph (a) and for each separate offense enumerated in subparagraphs (a)1.-5.
- Section 3. Section 787.025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 787.025 Luring or enticing a child.--
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Structure" means a building of any kind, either temporary or permanent, which has a roof over it, together with the curtilage thereof.
- (b) "Dwelling" means a building or conveyance of any kind, either temporary or permanent, mobile or immobile, which has a roof over it and is designed to be occupied by people lodging together therein at night, together with the curtilage thereof.
- (c) "Conveyance" means any motor vehicle, ship, vessel, railroad car, trailer, aircraft, or sleeping car.
- (2)(a) A person over the age of 18 who, having been previously convicted of a violation of chapter 794 or s. 800.04, or a violation of a similar law of another jurisdiction, intentionally lures or entices, or attempts to lure or entice, a child under the age of 16 12 into a structure, dwelling, or conveyance for other than a lawful purpose commits a felony of the second third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) For purposes of this section, the luring or enticing, or attempted luring or enticing, of a child under the age of $\underline{16}$ into a structure, dwelling, or conveyance without the consent of the child's parent or legal guardian shall be prima facie evidence of other than a lawful purpose.
- (3) It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under this section that:
- (a) The person reasonably believed that his or her action was necessary to prevent the child from being seriously injured.

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The person lured or enticed, or attempted to lure or entice, the child under the age of 16 12 into a structure, dwelling, or conveyance for a lawful purpose.

(c) The person's actions were reasonable under the circumstances and the defendant did not have any intent to harm the health, safety, or welfare of the child.

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 787.01 and 787.02, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraphs (j) and (k) of subsection (2) of section 435.03, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

435.03 Level 1 screening standards.--

- (2) Any person for whom employment screening is required by statute must not have been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any offense prohibited under any of the following provisions of the Florida Statutes or under any similar statute of another jurisdiction:
 - (j) Section 787.01, relating to kidnapping.
 - (k) Section 787.02, relating to false imprisonment.

Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 787.01 and 787.02, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraphs (k) and (1) of subsection (2) of section 435.04, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

435.04 Level 2 screening standards.--

(2) The security background investigations under this section must ensure that no persons subject to the provisions of this section have been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty 31 to, any offense prohibited under any of the following

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provisions of the Florida Statutes or under any similar statute of another jurisdiction:

- Section 787.01, relating to kidnapping. (k)
- Section 787.02, relating to false imprisonment.

Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 787.01, 787.02, and 787.025, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (4) of section 775.21, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

775.21 The Florida Sexual Predators Act; definitions; legislative findings, purpose, and intent; criteria; designation; registration; community and public notification; immunity; penalties. --

- (4) SEXUAL PREDATOR CRITERIA. --
- (a) For a current offense committed on or after October 1, 1993, upon conviction, an offender shall be designated as a "sexual predator" under subsection (5), and subject to registration under subsection (6) and community and public notification under subsection (7) if:
 - The felony is:
- A capital, life, or first-degree felony violation, or any attempt thereof, of s. 787.01 or s. 787.02, where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent, or of chapter 794, s. 800.04, or s. 847.0145, or a violation of a similar law of another jurisdiction; or
- b. Any felony violation, or any attempt thereof, of s. 787.01, s. 787.02, or s. 787.025, where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent; chapter 794, excluding ss. 794.011(10) and 794.0235; s. 796.03; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025(2)(b); s. 827.071; or s. 847.0145; or a violation of a similar law of another jurisdiction, and the offender has 31 previously been convicted of or found to have committed, or

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has pled nolo contendere or guilty to, regardless of adjudication, any violation of s. 787.01, s. 787.02, or s. 787.025, where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent; s. 794.011(2), (3), (4), (5), or (8); s. 794.05; s. 796.03; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135; or s. 847.0145, or a violation of a similar law of another jurisdiction;

- The offender has not received a pardon for any felony or similar law of another jurisdiction that is necessary for the operation of this paragraph; and
- A conviction of a felony or similar law of another jurisdiction necessary to the operation of this paragraph has not been set aside in any postconviction proceeding.
- (b) In order to be counted as a prior felony for purposes of this subsection, the felony must have resulted in a conviction sentenced separately, or an adjudication of delinquency entered separately, prior to the current offense and sentenced or adjudicated separately from any other felony conviction that is to be counted as a prior felony. If the offender's prior enumerated felony was committed more than 10 years before the primary offense, it shall not be considered a prior felony under this subsection if the offender has not been convicted of any other crime for a period of 10 consecutive years from the most recent date of release from confinement, supervision, or sanction, whichever is later.
- (c) If an offender has been registered as a sexual predator by the Department of Corrections, the department, or any other law enforcement agency and if:
- The court did not, for whatever reason, make a written finding at the time of sentencing that the offender 31 was a sexual predator; or

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The offender was administratively registered as a sexual predator because the Department of Corrections, the department, or any other law enforcement agency obtained information that indicated that the offender met the criteria for designation as a sexual predator based on a violation of a similar law in another jurisdiction,

the department shall remove that offender from the department's list of sexual predators and, for an offender described under subparagraph 1., shall notify the state

attorney who prosecuted the offense that met the criteria for administrative designation as a sexual predator, and, for an

offender described under this subparagraph, shall notify the

state attorney of the county where the offender establishes or maintains a permanent or temporary residence. The state

attorney shall bring the matter to the court's attention in

order to establish that the offender meets the criteria for designation as a sexual predator. If the court makes a written

finding that the offender is a sexual predator, the offender

must be designated as a sexual predator, must register or be

registered as a sexual predator with the department as provided in subsection (6), and is subject to the community

and public notification as provided in subsection (7). If the

court does not make a written finding that the offender is a sexual predator, the offender may not be designated as a

sexual predator with respect to that offense and is not

required to register or be registered as a sexual predator with the department.

Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to section 787.01, Florida

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Statutes, in references thereto, section 903.133, Florida
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    Statutes, is reenacted to read:
3
           903.133 Bail on appeal; prohibited for certain felony
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   convictions. -- Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 903.132, no
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   person adjudged guilty of a felony of the first degree for a
   violation of s. 782.04(2) or (3), s. 787.01, s. 794.011(4), s.
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    806.01, s. 893.13, or s. 893.135, or adjudged quilty of a
   violation of s. 794.011(2) or (3), shall be admitted to bail
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   pending review either by posttrial motion or appeal.
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           Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the
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    amendments made by this act to sections 787.01 and 787.02,
    Florida Statutes, in references thereto, section 910.14,
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   Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
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           910.14 Kidnapping.--A person who commits an offense
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   provided for in s. 787.01 or s. 787.02 may be tried in any
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    county in which the person's victim has been taken or confined
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    during the course of the offense.
           Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the
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    amendments made by this act to sections 787.01 and 787.02,
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    Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraphs (f), (i),
21
    and (j) of subsection (3) of section 921.0022, Florida
    Statutes, are reenacted and amended to read:
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23
           921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity
24
    ranking chart .--
25
           (3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART
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   Florida
                      Felony
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    Statute
                                         Description
                      Degree
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                                (f) LEVEL 6
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1	316.193(2)(b)	3rd	Felony DUI, 4th or subsequent
2			conviction.
3	499.0051(3)	2nd	Forgery of pedigree papers.
4	499.0051(4)	2nd	Purchase or receipt of legend
5			drug from unauthorized person.
6	499.0051(5)	2nd	Sale of legend drug to
7			unauthorized person.
8	775.0875(1)	3rd	Taking firearm from law
9			enforcement officer.
10	775.21(10)	3rd	Sexual predators; failure to
11			register; failure to renew
12			driver's license or
13			identification card.
14	784.021(1)(a)	3rd	Aggravated assault; deadly weapon
15			without intent to kill.
16	784.021(1)(b)	3rd	Aggravated assault; intent to
17			commit felony.
18	784.041	3rd	Felony battery.
19	784.048(3)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; credible
20			threat.
21	784.048(5)	3rd	Aggravated stalking of person
22			under 16.
23	784.07(2)(c)	2nd	Aggravated assault on law
24			enforcement officer.
25	784.074(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated assault on sexually
26			violent predators facility staff.
27	784.08(2)(b)	2nd	Aggravated assault on a person 65
28			years of age or older.
29	784.081(2)	2nd	Aggravated assault on specified
30			official or employee.
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1	784.082(2)	2nd	Aggravated assault by detained
2			person on visitor or other
3			detainee.
4	784.083(2)	2nd	Aggravated assault on code
5			inspector.
6	787.02(2)	3rd	False imprisonment; restraining
7			with purpose other than those in
8			s. 787.01.
9	790.115(2)(d)	2nd	Discharging firearm or weapon on
10			school property.
11	790.161(2)	2nd	Make, possess, or throw
12			destructive device with intent to
13			do bodily harm or damage
14			property.
15	790.164(1)	2nd	False report of deadly explosive,
16			weapon of mass destruction, or
17			act of arson or violence to state
18			property.
19	790.19	2nd	Shooting or throwing deadly
20			missiles into dwellings, vessels,
21			or vehicles.
22	794.011(8)(a)	3rd	Solicitation of minor to
23			participate in sexual activity by
24			custodial adult.
25	794.05(1)	2nd	Unlawful sexual activity with
26			specified minor.
27	800.04(5)(d)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious molestation;
28			victim 12 years of age or older
29			but less than 16 years; offender
30			less than 18 years.
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1	800.04(6)(b)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious conduct;
2			offender 18 years of age or
3			older.
4	806.031(2)	2nd	Arson resulting in great bodily
5			harm to firefighter or any other
6			person.
7	810.02(3)(c)	2nd	Burglary of occupied structure;
8			unarmed; no assault or battery.
9	812.014(2)(b)1.	2nd	Property stolen \$20,000 or more,
10			but less than \$100,000, grand
11			theft in 2nd degree.
12	812.014(2)(b)2.	2nd	Property stolen; cargo valued at
13			less than \$50,000, grand theft in
14			2nd degree.
15	812.015(9)	2nd	Retail theft; property stolen
16			\$300 or more; second or
17			subsequent conviction.
18	812.13(2)(c)	2nd	Robbery, no firearm or other
19			weapon (strong-arm robbery).
20	817.034(4)(a)1.	1st	Communications fraud, value
21			greater than \$50,000.
22	817.4821(5)	2nd	Possess cloning paraphernalia
23			with intent to create cloned
24			cellular telephones.
25	825.102(1)	3rd	Abuse of an elderly person or
26			disabled adult.
27	825.102(3)(c)	3rd	Neglect of an elderly person or
28			disabled adult.
29	825.1025(3)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious molestation of
30			an elderly person or disabled
31			adult.

1	825.103(2)(c)	3rd	Exploiting an elderly person or
2			disabled adult and property is
3			valued at less than \$20,000.
4	827.03(1)	3rd	Abuse of a child.
5	827.03(3)(c)	3rd	Neglect of a child.
6	827.071(2)&(3)	2nd	Use or induce a child in a sexual
7			performance, or promote or direct
8			such performance.
9	836.05	2nd	Threats; extortion.
10	836.10	2nd	Written threats to kill or do
11			bodily injury.
12	843.12	3rd	Aids or assists person to escape.
13	847.0135(3)	3rd	Solicitation of a child, via a
14			computer service, to commit an
15			unlawful sex act.
16	914.23	2nd	Retaliation against a witness,
17			victim, or informant, with bodily
18			injury.
19	943.0435(9)	3rd	Sex offenders; failure to comply
20			with reporting requirements.
21	944.35(3)(a)2.	3rd	Committing malicious battery upon
22			or inflicting cruel or inhuman
23			treatment on an inmate or
24			offender on community
25			supervision, resulting in great
26			bodily harm.
27	944.40	2nd	Escapes.
28	944.46	3rd	Harboring, concealing, aiding
29			escaped prisoners.
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1	944.47(1)(a)5.	2nd	Introduction of contraband
2			(firearm, weapon, or explosive)
3			into correctional facility.
4	951.22(1)	3rd	Intoxicating drug, firearm, or
5			weapon introduced into county
6			facility.
7			(i) LEVEL 9
8	316.193		
9	(3)(c)3.b.	1st	DUI manslaughter; failing to
10			render aid or give information.
11	327.35(3)(c)3.b.	1st	BUI manslaughter; failing to
12			render aid or give information.
13	499.0053	1st	Sale or purchase of contraband
14			legend drugs resulting in great
15			bodily harm.
16	560.123(8)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report currency or
17			payment instruments totaling or
18			exceeding \$100,000 by money
19			transmitter.
20	560.125(5)(c)	1st	Money transmitter business by
21			unauthorized person, currency, or
22			payment instruments totaling or
23			exceeding \$100,000.
24	655.50(10)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report financial
25			transactions totaling or
26			exceeding \$100,000 by financial
27			institution.
28	775.0844	1st	Aggravated white collar crime.
29	782.04(1)	1st	Attempt, conspire, or solicit to
30			commit premeditated murder.
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1	782.04(3)	1st,PBL	Accomplice to murder in
2	, ,	•	connection with arson, sexual
3			battery, robbery, burglary, and
4			other specified felonies.
5	782.051(1)	1st	Attempted felony murder while
6			perpetrating or attempting to
7			perpetrate a felony enumerated in
8			s. 782.04(3).
9	782.07(2)	1st	Aggravated manslaughter of an
10			elderly person or disabled adult.
11	787.01(1)(a)1.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping; hold for ransom or
12			reward or as a shield or hostage.
13	787.01(1)(a)2.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to commit
14			or facilitate commission of any
15			felony.
16	787.01(1)(a)4.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to
17			interfere with performance of any
18			governmental or political
19			function.
20	787.02(3)(a)	1st	False imprisonment; child under
21			age <u>16</u> 13 ; perpetrator also
22			commits aggravated child abuse,
23			sexual battery, or lewd or
24			lascivious battery, molestation,
25			conduct, or exhibition.
26	790.161	1st	Attempted capital destructive
27			device offense.
28	790.166(2)	1st,PBL	Possessing, selling, using, or
29			attempting to use a weapon of
30			mass destruction.
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1	794.011(2)	1st	Attempted sexual battery; victim
2			less than 12 years of age.
3	794.011(2)	Life	Sexual battery; offender younger
4			than 18 years and commits sexual
5			battery on a person less than 12
6			years.
7	794.011(4)	1st	Sexual battery; victim 12 years
8			or older, certain circumstances.
9	794.011(8)(b)	1st	Sexual battery; engage in sexual
10			conduct with minor 12 to 18 years
11			by person in familial or
12			custodial authority.
13	800.04(5)(b)	1st	Lewd or lascivious molestation;
14			victim less than 12 years;
15			offender 18 years or older.
16	812.13(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Robbery with firearm or other
17			deadly weapon.
18	812.133(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Carjacking; firearm or other
19			deadly weapon.
20	817.568(7)	2nd,PBL	Fraudulent use of personal
21			identification information of an
22			individual under the age of 18 by
23			his or her parent, legal
24			guardian, or person exercising
25			custodial authority.
26	827.03(2)	1st	Aggravated child abuse.
27	847.0145(1)	1st	Selling, or otherwise
28			transferring custody or control,
29			of a minor.
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1	847.0145(2)	1st	Purchasing, or otherwise
2			obtaining custody or control, of
3			a minor.
4	859.01	1st	Poisoning or introducing
5			bacteria, radioactive materials,
6			viruses, or chemical compounds
7			into food, drink, medicine, or
8			water with intent to kill or
9			injure another person.
10	893.135	1st	Attempted capital trafficking
11			offense.
12	893.135(1)(a)3.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more
13			than 10,000 lbs.
14	893.135		
15	(1)(b)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than
16			400 grams, less than 150
17			kilograms.
18	893.135		
19	(1)(c)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs,
20			more than 28 grams, less than 30
21			kilograms.
22	893.135		
23	(1)(d)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine,
24			more than 400 grams.
25	893.135		
26	(1)(e)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more
27			than 25 kilograms.
28	893.135		
29	(1)(f)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more
30			than 200 grams.
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1	893.135		
2	(1)(h)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in
3			gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB),
4			10 kilograms or more.
5	893.135		
6	(1)(j)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 10
7			kilograms or more.
8	893.135		
9	(1)(k)2.c.	1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamines,
10			400 grams or more.
11	896.101(5)(c)	1st	Money laundering, financial
12			instruments totaling or exceeding
13			\$100,000.
14	896.104(4)(a)3.	1st	Structuring transactions to evade
15			reporting or registration
16			requirements, financial
17			transactions totaling or
18			exceeding \$100,000.
19			(j) LEVEL 10
20	499.0054	1st	Sale or purchase of contraband
21			legend drugs resulting in death.
22	782.04(2)	1st,PBL	Unlawful killing of human; act is
23			homicide, unpremeditated.
24	787.01(1)(a)3.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping; inflict bodily harm
25			upon or terrorize victim.
26	787.01(3)(a)	Life	Kidnapping; child under age $\underline{16}$
27			13, perpetrator also commits
28			aggravated child abuse, sexual
29			battery, or lewd or lascivious
30			battery, molestation, conduct, or
31			exhibition.

1	782.07(3)	1st	Aggravated manslaughter of a
2	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		child.
3	794.011(3)	Life	Sexual battery; victim 12 years
4			or older, offender uses or
5			threatens to use deadly weapon or
6			physical force to cause serious
7			injury.
8	876.32	1st	Treason against the state.
9	Section 10.	For the	purpose of incorporating the
10	amendments made by	this act	to sections 787.01, 787.02, and
11	787.025, Florida St	atutes,	in references thereto, paragraph
12	(a) of subsection (1) of se	ction 943.0435, Florida Statutes,
13	is reenacted to rea	ıd:	
14	943.0435 Se	xual off	enders required to register with
15	the department; pen	alty	
16	(1) As used	l in this	section, the term:
17	(a) "Sexual	offende:	r" means a person who:
18	1. Has been	convict	ed of committing, or attempting,
19	soliciting, or cons	piring to	o commit, any of the criminal
20	offenses proscribed	l in the	following statutes in this state or
21			jurisdiction: s. 787.01, s.
22			e the victim is a minor and the
23			's parent; chapter 794, excluding
24			5; s. 796.03; s. 800.04; s.
25			7.0133; s. 847.0135; s. 847.0137;
26			r any similar offense committed in
27			edesignated from a former statute
28			ed in this subparagraph; and
29			d on or after October 1, 1997, from
30			y conviction of an offense
31	described in subpar	agraph I	. For purposes of subparagraph 1.,

 a sanction imposed in this state or in any other jurisdiction includes, but is not limited to, a fine, probation, community control, parole, conditional release, control release, or incarceration in a state prison, federal prison, private correctional facility, or local detention facility; or

- 3. Establishes or maintains a residence in this state and who has not been designated as a sexual predator by a court of this state but who has been designated as a sexual predator, as a sexually violent predator, or by another sexual offender designation in another state or jurisdiction and was, as a result of such designation, subjected to registration or community or public notification, or both, or would be if the person were a resident of that state or jurisdiction; or
- 4. Establishes or maintains a residence in this state who is in the custody or control of, or under the supervision of, any other state or jurisdiction as a result of a conviction for committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, any of the criminal offenses proscribed in the following statutes or similar offense in another jurisdiction: s. 787.01, s. 787.02, or s. 787.025, where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent; chapter 794, excluding ss. 794.011(10) and 794.0235; s. 796.03; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135; s. 847.0137; s. 847.0138; s. 847.0145; or any similar offense committed in this state which has been redesignated from a former statute number to one of those listed in this subparagraph.

Section 11. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to section 787.025, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, section 943.0585, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

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943.0585 Court-ordered expunction of criminal history records. -- The courts of this state have jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the maintenance, expunction, and correction of judicial records containing criminal history information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established by this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may order a criminal justice agency to expunde the criminal history record of a minor or an adult who complies with the requirements of this section. The court shall not order a criminal justice agency to expunge a criminal history record until the person seeking to expunge a criminal history record has applied for and received a certificate of eligibility for expunction pursuant to subsection (2). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of s. 787.025, chapter 794, s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, or a violation enumerated in s. 907.041 may not be expunged, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld, if the defendant was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to the offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing, the offense as a delinquent act. The court may only order expunction of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, except as provided in this section. The court may, at its sole discretion, order the expunction of a criminal history record pertaining to more than one arrest if the additional arrests directly relate to the original arrest. If the court intends to order the expunction of records pertaining to such additional arrests, such intent must be specified in the

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order. A criminal justice agency may not expunge any record pertaining to such additional arrests if the order to expunge does not articulate the intention of the court to expunge a record pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does not prevent the court from ordering the expunction of only a portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply with laws, court orders, and official requests of other jurisdictions relating to expunction, correction, or confidential handling of criminal history records or information derived therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the expunction of any criminal history record, and any request for expunction of a criminal history record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court.

- (1) PETITION TO EXPUNGE A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD. -- Each petition to a court to expunge a criminal history record is complete only when accompanied by:
- (a) A certificate of eligibility for expunction issued by the department pursuant to subsection (2).
- (b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that the petitioner:
- Has never, prior to the date on which the petition is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
- Has not been adjudicated quilty of, or adjudicated delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition 31 pertains.

- 3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058, or from any jurisdiction outside the state.
- 4. Is eligible for such an expunction to the best of his or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other petition to expunge or any petition to seal pending before any court.
- Any person who knowingly provides false information on such sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR EXPUNCTION.--Prior to petitioning the court to expunge a criminal history record, a person seeking to expunge a criminal history record shall apply to the department for a certificate of eligibility for expunction. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the application for and issuance of certificates of eligibility for expunction. The department shall issue a certificate of eligibility for expunction to a person who is the subject of a criminal history record if that person:
- (a) Has obtained, and submitted to the department, a written, certified statement from the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor which indicates:
- 1. That an indictment, information, or other charging document was not filed or issued in the case.
- 2. That an indictment, information, or other charging document, if filed or issued in the case, was dismissed or

 nolle prosequi by the state attorney or statewide prosecutor, or was dismissed by a court of competent jurisdiction.

- 3. That the criminal history record does not relate to a violation of s. 787.025, chapter 794, s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, or a violation enumerated in s. 907.041, where the defendant was found guilty of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to any such offense, or that the defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing, such an offense as a delinquent act, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld.
- (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director.
- (c) Has submitted to the department a certified copy of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to expunge pertains.
- (d) Has never, prior to the date on which the application for a certificate of eligibility is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
- (e) Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains.
- (f) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058.

- (g) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains.
- (h) Is not required to wait a minimum of 10 years prior to being eligible for an expunction of such records because all charges related to the arrest or criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains were dismissed prior to trial, adjudication, or the withholding of adjudication. Otherwise, such criminal history record must be sealed under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 for at least 10 years before such record is eligible for expunction.
 - (3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO EXPUNGE. --
- (a) In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy of the completed petition to expunge shall be served upon the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency may respond to the court regarding the completed petition to expunge.
- (b) If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency. The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the order to any other agency to which the arresting agency disseminated the criminal history record information to which the order pertains. The department shall forward the order to expunge to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The clerk of the court shall certify a copy of the order to any other

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agency which the records of the court reflect has received the criminal history record from the court.

- (c) For an order to expunge entered by a court prior to July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor of an order to expunge which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and petition the court to void the order to expunge. The department shall seal the record until such time as the order is voided by the court.
- (d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an order to expunge entered by a court when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of such an order, the department must notify the issuing court, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, and the arresting agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to comply with an order to expunge when the petitioner for such order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as required by this section or such order does not otherwise comply with the requirements of this section.

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- EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD EXPUNCTION. -- Any criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered expunged by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to this section must be physically destroyed or obliterated by any criminal justice agency having custody of such record; except that any criminal history record in the custody of the department must be retained in all cases. A criminal history record ordered expunded that is retained by the department is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and not available to any person or entity except upon order of a court of competent jurisdiction. A criminal justice agency may retain a notation indicating compliance with an order to expunge.
- The person who is the subject of a criminal history record that is expunged under this section or under other provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests covered by the expunged record, except when the subject of the record:
- Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice agency;
 - Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;
- Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under this section or s. 943.059;
 - Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar; 4.
- Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract with the Department of Children and Family Services or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position 31 | having direct contact with children, the developmentally

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disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided in s.
110.1127(3), s. 393.063(15), s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s.
402.302(3), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s.
985.407, or chapter 400; or
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- 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Office of Teacher Education, Certification, Staff Development, and Professional Practices of the Department of Education, any district school board, or any local governmental entity that licenses child care facilities.
- Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted an expunction under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge an expunged criminal history record.
- Information relating to the existence of an expunged criminal history record which is provided in accordance with paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the existence of a criminal history record ordered expunged to the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. for their respective licensing and employment purposes, and to criminal justice agencies for their respective criminal justice purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a)5., or subparagraph (a)6. to disclose information relating to the existence of an expunged criminal history record of a person seeking employment or licensure 31 with such entity or contractor, except to the person to whom

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the criminal history record relates or to persons having direct responsibility for employment or licensure decisions. Any person who violates this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(5) STATUTORY REFERENCES. -- Any reference to any other chapter, section, or subdivision of the Florida Statutes in this section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of incorporation by reference.

Section 12. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to section 787.025, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, section 943.059, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

943.059 Court-ordered sealing of criminal history records. -- The courts of this state shall continue to have jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the maintenance, sealing, and correction of judicial records containing criminal history information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established by this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may order a criminal justice agency to seal the criminal history record of a minor or an adult who complies with the requirements of this section. The court shall not order a criminal justice agency to seal a criminal history record until the person seeking to seal a criminal history record has applied for and received a certificate of eligibility for sealing pursuant to subsection (2). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of s. 787.025, chapter 794, s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, 31 s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, or a violation enumerated in s.

907.041 may not be sealed, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld, if the defendant was found quilty 2 3 of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to the offense, or if the 4 defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed or pled 5 guilty or nolo contendere to committing the offense as a 6 delinquent act. The court may only order sealing of a criminal 7 history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, except as provided in this section. 8 The court may, at its sole discretion, order the sealing of a 9 10 criminal history record pertaining to more than one arrest if 11 the additional arrests directly relate to the original arrest. If the court intends to order the sealing of records 12 pertaining to such additional arrests, such intent must be 13 specified in the order. A criminal justice agency may not seal 14 any record pertaining to such additional arrests if the order 15 to seal does not articulate the intention of the court to seal 16 17 records pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does not prevent the court from ordering the sealing of only a 18 19 portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest 20 or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply 21 with laws, court orders, and official requests of other 22 jurisdictions relating to sealing, correction, or confidential 23 24 handling of criminal history records or information derived therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the 25 sealing of any criminal history record, and any request for 26 sealing a criminal history record may be denied at the sole 27 discretion of the court. 28 29 (1) PETITION TO SEAL A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD. -- Each

petition to a court to seal a criminal history record is

complete only when accompanied by:

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- 1 (a) A certificate of eligibility for sealing issued by 2 the department pursuant to subsection (2).
 - The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that the petitioner:
 - Has never, prior to the date on which the petition is filed, been adjudicated quilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
 - Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to seal pertains.
 - 3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, former s. 943.058, or from any jurisdiction outside the state.
 - Is eligible for such a sealing to the best of his or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other petition to seal or any petition to expunge pending before any court.

Any person who knowingly provides false information on such sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR SEALING. -- Prior to petitioning the court to seal a criminal history record, a person seeking to seal a criminal history record shall apply to the department for a certificate of eligibility for 31 sealing. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to

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chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the application for and issuance of certificates of eligibility for sealing. The department shall issue a certificate of eligibility for sealing to a person who is the subject of a criminal history record provided that such person:

- (a) Has submitted to the department a certified copy of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to seal pertains.
- (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director.
- (c) Has never, prior to the date on which the application for a certificate of eliqibility is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
- (d) Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to seal pertains.
- (e) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058.
- (f) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to seal pertains.
 - (3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO SEAL.--
- In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy of the completed petition to seal shall be served upon the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and 31 upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to

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make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency may respond to the court regarding the completed petition to seal.

- (b) If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and to the arresting agency. The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the order to any other agency to which the arresting agency disseminated the criminal history record information to which the order pertains. The department shall forward the order to seal to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The clerk of the court shall certify a copy of the order to any other agency which the records of the court reflect has received the criminal history record from the court.
- (c) For an order to seal entered by a court prior to July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor of any order to seal which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and petition the court to void the order to seal. The department shall seal the record until such time as the order is voided by the court.
- (d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an 31 order to seal entered by a court when such order does not

comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of such an order, the department must notify the issuing court, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, and the arresting agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to comply with an order to seal when the petitioner for such order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as required by this section or when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section.

- (e) An order sealing a criminal history record pursuant to this section does not require that such record be surrendered to the court, and such record shall continue to be maintained by the department and other criminal justice agencies.
- (4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD SEALING.--A criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered sealed by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to this section is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and is available only to the person who is the subject of the record, to the subject's attorney, to criminal justice agencies for their respective criminal justice purposes, or to those entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. for their respective licensing and employment purposes.
- (a) The subject of a criminal history record sealed under this section or under other provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may

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lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests covered by the sealed record, except when the subject of the record:

- Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice agency;
 - Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;
- Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under this section or s. 943.0585;
 - Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;
- Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract with the Department of Children and Family Services or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position having direct contact with children, the developmentally disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided in s. 110.1127(3), s. 393.063(15), s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s. 402.302(3), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 415.103, s. 985.407, or chapter 400; or
- 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Office of Teacher Education, Certification, Staff Development, and Professional Practices of the Department of Education, any district school board, or any local governmental entity which licenses child care facilities.
- (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted a sealing under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge a sealed criminal history record.
- (c) Information relating to the existence of a sealed 31 criminal record provided in accordance with the provisions of

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paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the sealed criminal history record to the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. for their respective licensing and employment purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a)5., or subparagraph (a)6. to disclose information relating to the existence of a sealed criminal history record of a person seeking employment or licensure with such entity or contractor, except to the person to whom the criminal history record relates or to persons having direct responsibility for employment or licensure decisions. Any person who violates the provisions of this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(5) STATUTORY REFERENCES.--Any reference to any other chapter, section, or subdivision of the Florida Statutes in this section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of incorporation by reference.

Section 13. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 787.01, 787.02, and 787.025, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 944.606, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

944.606 Sexual offenders; notification upon release.--

- (1) As used in this section:
- (b) "Sexual offender" means a person who has been convicted of committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, any of the criminal offenses proscribed in the following statutes in this state or similar offenses in

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another jurisdiction: s. 787.01, s. 787.02, or s. 787.025, where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent; chapter 794, excluding ss. 794.011(10) and 794.0235; s. 796.03; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135; s. 847.0137; s. 847.0138; s. 847.0145; or any similar offense committed in this state which has been redesignated from a former statute number to one of those listed in this subsection, when the department has received verified information regarding such conviction; an offender's computerized criminal history record is not, in and of itself, verified information.

Section 14. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 787.01, 787.02, and 787.025, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 944.607, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

944.607 Notification to Department of Law Enforcement of information on sexual offenders.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Sexual offender" means a person who is in the custody or control of, or under the supervision of, the department or is in the custody of a private correctional facility:
- 1. On or after October 1, 1997, as a result of a conviction for committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, any of the criminal offenses proscribed in the following statutes in this state or similar offenses in another jurisdiction: s. 787.01, s. 787.02, or s. 787.025, where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent; chapter 794, excluding ss. 794.011(10) and 794.0235; s. 796.03; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s.

 847.0133; s. 847.0135; s. 847.0137; s. 847.0138; s. 847.0145; or any similar offense committed in this state which has been redesignated from a former statute number to one of those listed in this paragraph; or

2. Who establishes or maintains a residence in this state and who has not been designated as a sexual predator by a court of this state but who has been designated as a sexual predator, as a sexually violent predator, or by another sexual offender designation in another state or jurisdiction and was, as a result of such designation, subjected to registration or community or public notification, or both, or would be if the person were a resident of that state or jurisdiction.

Section 15. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 787.01, 787.02, and 787.025, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (15) of section 948.01, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

948.01 When court may place defendant on probation or into community control.--

(15) Effective for an offense committed on or after July 1, 1998, a person is ineligible for placement on administrative probation if the person is sentenced to or is serving a term of probation or community control, regardless of the conviction or adjudication, for committing, or attempting, conspiring, or soliciting to commit, any of the felony offenses described in s. 787.01 or s. 787.02, where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent; s. 787.025; chapter 794; s. 796.03; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025(2)(b); s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135; or s. 847.0145.

1 Section 16. For the purpose of incorporating the 2 amendments made by this act to section 787.025, Florida 3 Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection 4 (2) of section 948.06, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 5 948.06 Violation of probation or community control; 6 revocation; modification; continuance; failure to pay 7 restitution or cost of supervision. --(2)(a) When any state or local law enforcement agency 8 9 investigates or arrests a person for committing, or 10 attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, a violation s. 787.025, chapter 794, s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, 11 s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, or s. 847.0145, the law enforcement 12 agency shall contact the Department of Corrections to verify 13 14 whether the person under investigation or under arrest is on 15 probation, community control, parole, conditional release, or 16 control release. Section 17. This act shall take effect October 1, 17 2004. 18 19 20 21 SENATE SUMMARY Provides that kidnapping a child under the age of 16 rather than under the age of 13 is a first-degree felony. Provides that kidnapping and committing certain sexual offenses against a child under the age of 16 rather than under the age of 13 is a life felony. Provides that falsely imprisoning a child under the age of 16 rather than under the age of 13 is a third-degree felony. Provides that falsely imprisoning a child and committing certain sexual offenses against a child under the age of 16 rather than under the age of 13 is a first-degree felony. Provides that luring or enticing, or attempting to lure or entice, a child under the age of 16 rather than under the age of 12 for an unlawful purpose is a second-degree felony. (See bill for details.) 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30