Florida Senate - 2004

By Senator Margolis

35-1473-04 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to tax administration; amending s. 198.32, F.S.; allowing the personal 3 4 representative of an estate that is not subject to tax under ch. 198, F.S., to execute an 5 6 affidavit attesting that the estate is not 7 taxable; amending s. 199.135, F.S.; providing for taxation of sales of timeshare interests in 8 9 timeshare plans; amending s. 201.02, F.S.; 10 providing special provisions for the tax on 11 deeds and other instruments relating to real 12 property or interests in real property as applied to the sales of timeshare interests in 13 timeshare plans; amending s. 201.08, F.S.; 14 providing special provisions for the tax on 15 notes as applied to the sales of timeshare 16 interests in timeshare plans; amending s. 17 202.11, F.S.; expanding the definition of the 18 19 term "service address"; amending s. 212.12, 20 F.S.; providing that a person who willfully 21 attempts in any manner to evade or defeat a tax 22 or fee imposed under ch. 212, F.S., commits a 23 felony of the third degree; providing an additional penalty; amending s. 213.21, F.S.; 24 25 providing that taxes imposed under ss. 124.0104 and 125.0108, F.S., qualify for the automatic 26 27 penalty compromise or settlement provided for 2.8 in that section; providing an exception; 29 providing for retroactivity; creating s. 30 213.758, F.S.; providing the Department of 31 Revenue direction for the retention and

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1 destruction of unclaimed evidence; providing 2 for rulemaking; providing effective dates. 3 4 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 5 б Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 198.32, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 8 198.32 Prima facie liability for tax.--9 (2) Whenever an estate is not subject to tax under 10 this chapter and is not required to file a return, the 11 personal representative may execute an affidavit attesting that the estate is not taxable. The form of the affidavit 12 shall be prescribed by the department, and shall include, but 13 14 not be limited to, statements regarding the decedent's domicile and whether a federal estate tax return will be 15 filed, and acknowledgment of the personal representative's 16 17 personal liability under s. 198.23. This affidavit shall be subject to record and admissible in evidence to show 18 19 nonliability for tax. This subsection applies to all estates, 20 regardless of the date of death of the decedent. Section 2. Subsection (5) is added to section 199.135, 21 Florida Statutes, to read: 22 199.135 Due date and payment of nonrecurring tax.--The 23 24 nonrecurring tax imposed on notes, bonds, and other 25 obligations for payment of money secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or other lien evidenced by a written instrument 26 presented for recordation shall be due and payable when the 27 28 instrument is presented for recordation. If there is no 29 written instrument or if it is not so presented within 30 days following creation of the obligation, then the tax shall be 30 31

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1	due and payable within 30 days following creation of the
2	obligation.
3	(5)(a) In recognition of the special escrow
4	requirements that apply to sales of timeshare interests in
5	timeshare plans pursuant to s. 721.08, taxes on notes or other
6	obligations and mortgages or other liens executed in
7	conjunction with the sale by a developer of a timeshare
8	interest in a timeshare plan are due on the earlier of the
9	date on which:
10	1. The mortgage or other lien is recorded; or
11	2. All of the conditions precedent to the release of
12	the purchaser's escrowed funds or other property pursuant to
13	s. 721.08(2)(c) have been complied with, regardless of whether
14	the developer has posted an alternative assurance. Taxes due
15	under this subparagraph shall be paid on or before the 20th
16	day of the month following the month in which they become due.
17	(b)1. If tax has been paid to the department by the
18	taxpayer under subparagraph (a)2., and the mortgage or other
19	lien with respect to which the tax is remitted is subsequently
20	recorded, a notation reflecting the prior payment of the tax
21	must be made upon the mortgage.
22	2. Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if moneys are
23	designated on a closing statement as taxes collected from the
24	purchaser, but the mortgage or other lien with respect to
25	which the tax was collected is never recorded, the tax moneys
26	shall be paid to the department on or before the 20th day of
27	the month following the month in which the funds are available
28	for release from escrow, unless the moneys are refunded to the
29	purchaser before that date.
30	3. The department may adopt rules to implement the
31	method for reporting taxes due under this subsection.

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1 Section 3. Subsection (10) is added to section 201.02, Florida Statutes, to read: 2 3 201.02 Tax on deeds and other instruments relating to 4 real property or interests in real property .--5 (10)(a) In recognition of the special escrow б requirements that apply to sales of timeshare interests in 7 timeshare plans pursuant to s. 721.08, taxes on deeds or other 8 instruments conveying interest in Florida real property which 9 are executed in conjunction with the sale by a developer of a 10 timeshare interest in a timeshare plan shall be due on the 11 earlier of the date on which: 1. The deed or other instrument conveying interest in 12 13 Florida real property is recorded; or 2. All of the conditions precedent to the release of 14 the purchaser's escrowed funds or other property pursuant to 15 the requirements of s. 721.08(2)(c) have been complied with, 16 17 regardless of whether the developer has posted an alternative assurance. Taxes due under this subparagraph shall be paid on 18 19 or before the 20th day of the month following the month in 20 which they become due. (b)1. If tax has been paid to the department pursuant 21 to subparagraph (a)2., and the deed or other instrument 22 conveying interest in Florida real property with respect to 23 24 which the tax was remitted is subsequently recorded, a 25 notation reflecting the prior payment of the tax must be made upon the deed or other instrument conveying interest in 26 27 Florida real property moneys. 2. Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if moneys are 28 29 designated on a closing statement as taxes collected from the purchaser, but a default or cancellation occurs and no deed or 30 31 other instrument conveying interest in Florida real property 4

1 is ever recorded or delivered to the purchaser, the tax moneys shall be paid to the department on or before the 20th day of 2 3 the month following the month in which such funds are available for release from escrow pursuant to s. 721.08(2)(a) 4 5 or s. 721.08(b), unless such moneys are refunded to the б purchaser before that date. 7 The department may adopt rules to implement the 3. 8 method for reporting taxes due pursuant to this subsection. 9 Section 4. Subsection (8) is added to section 201.08, 10 Florida Statutes, to read: 11 201.08 Tax on promissory or nonnegotiable notes, written obligations to pay money, or assignments of wages or 12 13 other compensation; exception. --14 (8)(a) In recognition of the special escrow 15 requirements that apply to sales of timeshare interests in timeshare plans pursuant to s. 721.08, taxes on notes or other 16 17 written obligations and mortgages or other evidences of indebtedness executed in conjunction with the sale by a 18 19 developer of a timeshare interest in a timeshare plan shall be due on the earlier of the date on which: 20 The mortgage or other evidence of indebtedness is 21 1. 22 recorded; or 2. All of the conditions precedent to the release of 23 24 the purchaser's escrowed funds or other property pursuant to 25 the requirements of s. 721.08(2)(c) have been complied with, regardless of whether the developer has posted an alternative 26 27 assurance. Taxes due pursuant to this subparagraph shall be paid on or before the 20th day of the month following the 28 29 month in which they become due. 30 (b)1. If tax has been paid to the department pursuant

31 to subparagraph (a)2., and the mortgage or other evidence of

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indebtedness with respect to which the tax was remitted is 1 subsequently recorded, a notation reflecting the prior payment 2 3 of the tax must be made upon the mortgage. 2. Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if moneys are 4 5 designated on a closing statement as taxes collected from the б purchaser, but the mortgage or other evidence of indebtedness 7 with respect to which the tax is collected is never recorded, 8 the tax moneys shall be paid to the department on or before 9 the 20th day of the month following the month in which the 10 funds are available for release from escrow, unless the moneys 11 are refunded to the purchaser before that date. 3. The department may adopt rules to implement the 12 method for reporting taxes due pursuant to this subsection. 13 14 Section 5. Effective July 1, 2004, paragraph (a) of subsection (15) of section 202.11, Florida Statutes, is 15 amended to read: 16 17 202.11 Definitions.--As used in this chapter: (15) "Service address" means: 18 19 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section: -20 1. The location of the communications equipment from 21 which communications services originate or at which 22 communications services are received by the customer. 2. In the case of a communications service paid 23 24 through a credit or payment mechanism that does not relate to 25 a service address, such as a bank, travel, debit, or credit card, and in the case of third-number and calling-card calls, 26 27 the service address is the address of the central office, as 28 determined by the area code and the first three digits of the 29 seven-digit originating telephone number. 3. If the location of the equipment applicant 30 described in subparagraph 1. is not known and if subparagraph 31 6

2. does not apply, the service address is the location of the 1 customer's primary use of the communications service. For 2 3 purposes of this subparagraph, the location of the customer's primary use of a communications service is the residential 4 5 street address or the business street address of the customer. б Section 6. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (2) of 7 section 212.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 212.12 Dealer's credit for collecting tax; penalties 9 for noncompliance; powers of Department of Revenue in dealing 10 with delinquents; brackets applicable to taxable transactions; 11 records required .--(2)(a) When any person required hereunder to make any 12 13 return or to pay any tax or fee imposed by this chapter either fails to timely file such return or fails to pay the tax or 14 fee shown due on the return within the time required 15 hereunder, in addition to all other penalties provided herein 16 17 and by the laws of this state in respect to such taxes or fees, a specific penalty shall be added to the tax or fee in 18 19 the amount of 10 percent of either the tax or fee shown on the 20 return that is not timely filed or any tax or fee not paid timely. The penalty may not be less than \$50 for failure to 21 timely file a tax return required by s. 212.11(1) or timely 22 pay the tax or fee shown due on the return except as provided 23 24 in s. 213.21(10). If a person fails to timely file a return required by s. 212.11(1) and to timely pay the tax or fee 25 shown due on the return, only one penalty of 10 percent, which 26 may not be less than \$50, shall be imposed. 27 28 (b) When any person required under this section to 29 make a return or to pay a tax or fee imposed by this chapter fails to disclose the tax or fee on the return within the time 30 31 required, excluding a noncompliant filing event generated by

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1 situations covered in paragraph (a), in addition to all other 2 penalties provided in this section and by the laws of this 3 state in respect to such taxes or fees, a specific penalty 4 shall be added to the additional tax or fee owed in the amount 5 of 10 percent of any such unpaid tax or fee not paid timely if б the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional 7 10 percent of any such unpaid tax or fee for each additional 30 days, or fraction thereof, while the failure continues, not 8 9 to exceed a total penalty of 50 percent, in the aggregate, of 10 any unpaid tax or fee.

(c) Any person who knowingly and with a willful intent to evade any tax imposed under this chapter fails to file six consecutive returns as required by law commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(d) Any person who makes a false or fraudulent return with a willful intent to evade payment of any tax or fee imposed under this chapter shall, in addition to the other penalties provided by law, be liable for a specific penalty of 100 percent of the tax bill or fee and, upon conviction, for fine and punishment as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

If the total amount of unreported taxes or fees is 23 1. 24 less than \$300, the first offense resulting in conviction is a 25 misdemeanor of the second degree, the second offense resulting in conviction is a misdemeanor of the first degree, and the 26 third and all subsequent offenses resulting in conviction is a 27 28 misdemeanor of the first degree, and the third and all 29 subsequent offenses resulting in conviction are felonies of 30 the third degree.

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1 2. If the total amount of unreported taxes or fees is 2 \$300 or more but less than \$20,000, the offense is a felony of 3 the third degree. If the total amount of unreported taxes or fees is 4 3. 5 \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000, the offense is a б felony of the second degree. 7 If the total amount of unreported taxes or fees is 4. 8 \$100,000 or more, the offense is a felony of the first degree. 9 (e) A person who willfully attempts in any manner to 10 evade or defeat any tax or fee imposed under this chapter or 11 the payment thereof commits a felony of the third degree and, in addition to other penalties provided by law, is liable for 12 13 a specific penalty of 100 percent of the tax bill or fee and, 14 upon conviction, for fine and punishment as provided in s. 15 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. (f)(e) When any person, firm, or corporation fails to 16 17 timely remit the proper estimated payment required under s. 18 212.11, a specific penalty shall be added in an amount equal 19 to 10 percent of any unpaid estimated tax. Beginning with 20 January 1, 1985, returns, the department, upon a showing of 21 reasonable cause, is authorized to waive or compromise penalties imposed by this paragraph. However, other penalties 22 and interest shall be due and payable if the return on which 23 24 the estimated payment was due was not timely or properly filed. 25 (g)(f) Dealers filing a consolidated return pursuant 26 27 to s. 212.11(1)(e) shall be subject to the penalty established 28 in paragraph (e) unless the dealer has paid the required 29 estimated tax for his or her consolidated return as a whole without regard to each location. If the dealer fails to pay 30 31 the required estimated tax for his or her consolidated return 9

1 as a whole, each filing location shall stand on its own with 2 respect to calculating penalties pursuant to paragraph (e). 3 Section 7. Subsection (10) of section 213.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 213.21 Informal conferences; compromises.-б (10)(a) Effective July 1, 2003, Notwithstanding any 7 other provision of law and solely for the purpose of 8 administering the taxes tax imposed by ss. 125.0104 and 125.0108 and chapter 212, except s. 212.0606, under the 9 10 circumstances set forth in this subsection, the department 11 shall settle or compromise a taxpayer's liability for penalty without requiring the taxpayer to submit a written request for 12 13 compromise or settlement. (b) For taxpayers who file returns and remit tax on a 14 15 monthly basis: Any penalty related to a noncompliant filing event 16 1. 17 shall be settled or compromised if the taxpayer has: 18 a. No noncompliant filing event in the immediately 19 preceding 12-month period and no unresolved chapter 212 liability under s. 125.0104, s. 125.0108, or chapter 212 20 21 resulting from a noncompliant filing event; or b. One noncompliant filing event in the immediately 22 preceding 12-month period, resolution of the current 23 24 noncompliant filing event through payment of tax and interest 25 and the filing of a return within 30 days after notification by the department, and no unresolved chapter 212 liability 26 27 under s. 125.0104, s. 125.0108, or chapter 212 resulting from 28 a noncompliant filing event. 29 If a taxpayer has two or more noncompliant filing 2. 30 events in the immediately preceding 12-month period, the 31 taxpayer shall be liable, absent a showing by the taxpayer 10

1 that the noncompliant filing event was due to extraordinary 2 circumstances, for the penalties provided in s. 125.0104 or s. 3 125.0108 and s. 212.12, including loss of collection allowance, and shall be reported to a credit bureau. 4 5 (c) For taxpayers who file returns and remit tax on a 6 quarterly basis, any penalty related to a noncompliant filing 7 event shall be settled or compromised if the taxpayer has no 8 noncompliant filing event in the immediately preceding 9 12-month period and no unresolved chapter 212 liability under s. 125.0104, s. 125.0108, or chapter 212 resulting from a 10 11 noncompliant filing event. (d) For purposes of this subsection: 12 13 1. "Noncompliant filing event" means a failure to 14 timely file a complete and accurate return required under s. 125.0104, s. 125.0108, or chapter 212 or a failure to timely 15 pay the amount of tax reported on a return required by s. 16 17 125.0104, s. 125.0108, or chapter 212. "Extraordinary circumstances" means the occurrence 2. 18 19 of events beyond the control of the taxpayer, such as, but not limited to, the death of the taxpayer, acts of war or 20 21 terrorism, natural disasters, fire, or other casualty, or the nonfeasance or misfeasance of the taxpayer's employees or 22 representatives responsible for compliance with s. 125.0104, 23 24 s. 125.0108, or the provisions of chapter 212. With respect to 25 the acts of an employee or representative, the taxpayer must show that the principals of the business lacked actual 26 27 knowledge of the noncompliance and that the noncompliance was 28 resolved within 30 days after actual knowledge. 29 Section 8. Section 7 of this act, which amends section 30 213.21, Florida Statutes, shall operate retroactively to July 31 1, 2003.

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1 Section 9. Effective July 1, 2004, section 213.758, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 2 3 213.758 Procedure regarding unclaimed evidence.--(1) Title to unclaimed evidence or unclaimed tangible 4 5 personal property lawfully seized pursuant to an б investigation, obtained for use as evidence in a proceeding, 7 or held as evidence by the department shall vest permanently 8 in the department 60 days after the conclusion of the related 9 legal proceeding. (a) 10 If the property is of appreciable value, the 11 department may elect to: 12 1. Retain the property for the department's own use; 13 or 14 2. Transfer the property to another unit of state or 15 local government. If the property is not of appreciable value, the 16 (b) 17 agency may elect to destroy it. The department shall prescribe by rule procedures 18 (2) 19 to be followed when transferring title or record of ownership of property of appreciable value or when destroying property 20 not of appreciable value. The rule must also set forth 21 criteria regarding treatment of unclaimed evidence or 22 unclaimed tangible personal property, including, but not 23 24 limited to, notice and timing requirements. 25 (3) This section applies to all unclaimed evidence or unclaimed tangible personal property possessed by the 26 27 department on the date this section takes effect. 28 Section 10. Except as otherwise expressly provided in 29 this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law. 30 31

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2	SENATE SUMMARY
3	Amends provisions relating to tax administration. Allows the personal representative of an estate that is not
4	subject to tax under ch. 198, F.S., to execute an affidavit attesting that the estate is not taxable.
5	Provides for taxation of sales of timeshare interests in timeshare plans. Provides special provisions for the tax
6	on deeds and other instruments relating to real property or interests in real property as applied to the sales of
7	timeshare interests in timeshare plans. Provides special provisions for the tax on notes as applied to the sales
8	of timeshare interests in timeshare plans. Expands the definition of the term "service address." Provides that a
9	defeat a tax or fee imposed under ch. 212, F.S., commits
10	a felony of the third degree. Provides an additional penalty. Provides that taxes imposed under ss. 124.0104
11	and 125.0108, F.S., qualify for the automatic penalty compromise or settlement provided for in s. 213.21, F.S.
12	Provides an exception. Provides for retroactivity. Provides the Department of Revenue direction for the
13	retention and destruction of unclaimed evidence. Provides for rulemaking.
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