By Senator Cowin

20-1471-04

Senate Joint Resolution No. _____

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to
Section 2 of Article V of the State
Constitution, relating to the judiciary, to
abolish the power of the Supreme Court to adopt
rules of practice and procedure for all courts;
create a judicial conference to propose such
rules; and empower the Legislature to accept,
amend, or reject proposed rules, and to repeal
or amend rules, by general law.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

That the following amendment to Section 2 of Article V of the State Constitution is agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that purpose:

ARTICLE V

JUDICIARY

SECTION 2. Administration; practice and procedure. --

- (a) A judicial conference is created. The duty of the judicial conference is to propose rules of practice and procedure in all courts.
- (1) The judicial conference shall be composed of members selected in the manner provided by general law.
- (2) The members of the judicial conference shall, by majority vote, choose their chair and adopt rules to govern their proceedings.
- 30 (3) The clerk of the supreme court shall serve as 31 clerk of the judicial conference.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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- (4) Rules of practice and procedure proposed by the judicial conference shall be transmitted to the legislature for consideration. The legislature may amend, adopt, or reject such rules by general law. Unless and until adopted by general law, rules proposed by the judicial conference shall be of no force and effect. If the legislature takes no action upon a proposed rule before the general election next following its transmittal to the legislature, the proposed rule shall be deemed rejected.
 - (5) Rules proposed by the judicial conference may not be inconsistent with general law and may not abridge, enlarge, or modify any substantive right.
 - (6) Rules of practice and procedure may be repealed or amended by general law. The supreme court shall adopt rules for the practice and procedure in all courts including the time for seeking appellate review, the administrative supervision of all courts, the transfer to the court having jurisdiction of any proceeding when the jurisdiction of another court has been improvidently invoked, and a requirement that no cause shall be dismissed because an improper remedy has been sought. The supreme court shall adopt rules to allow the court and the district courts of appeal to submit questions relating to military law to the federal Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces for an advisory opinion. Rules of court may be repealed by general law enacted by two-thirds vote of the membership of each house of the legislature.
- (b) The chief justice of the supreme court shall be chosen by a majority of the members of the court; shall be the chief administrative officer of the judicial system; and shall 31 | have the power to assign justices or judges, including

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consenting retired justices or judges, to temporary duty in any court for which the judge is qualified and to delegate to a chief judge of a judicial circuit the power to assign judges for duty in that circuit.

- (c) A chief judge for each district court of appeal shall be chosen by a majority of the judges thereof or, if there is no majority, by the chief justice. The chief judge shall be responsible for the administrative supervision of the court.
- (d) A chief judge in each circuit shall be chosen from among the circuit judges as provided by supreme court rule. The chief judge shall be responsible for the administrative supervision of the circuit courts and county courts in his circuit.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be placed on the ballot:

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

ARTICLE V, SECTION 2

JUDICIAL CONFERENCE. -- Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to remove the Supreme Court's current authority to adopt rules of practice and procedure in all courts. The amendment creates a judicial conference empowered to propose rules of practice and procedure in all courts. The amendment provides that the judicial conference be composed of members in a manner provided by general law. The amendment requires the judicial conference to transmit its rule proposals to the Legislature. The amendment empowers the Legislature to amend, adopt, reject, or repeal rules of practice and procedure by general law. Under the amendment, rules proposed by the judicial conference will have no force 31 or effect unless and until adopted by general law. If no

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action is taken by the Legislature to adopt a rule by the next
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    general election, the proposed rule is deemed rejected. The
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    amendment provides that rules proposed by the judicial
    conference may not be inconsistent with general law and may
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    not abridge, enlarge, or modify any substantive right.
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