SENATE STAFF ANALYSIS AND ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

BILL:		CS/SB 272			
SPONSOR:		Regulated Industries Committee and Senator Geller			
SUBJECT:		Bingo			
DATE:		January 7, 200	4 REVISED:		
	ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1.	Sumner		Imhof	RI	Fav/CS
2.	Dugger		Cannon	CJ	Favorable
3.				FT	
4.				AGG	
5.				AP	
6.					

I. Summary:

The bill authorizes instant bingo games, a game played by purchasing a ticket for \$1 or less and removing a cover from the ticket to reveal a set of numbers, letters, objects, or patterns, some of which have been designated in advance as prize winners. The bill requires that each deal or package of instant bingo tickets have a minimum prize payout of at least 65 percent of the total receipts from the sale of the entire deal. The bill exempts instant bingo from current jackpot restrictions, such that instant bingo is not limited to three jackpots on any one day of play, and is not limited to a maximum value on jackpots of \$250. It also allows instant bingo tickets to be sold by any organization currently authorized under the statute to conduct bingo games. The bill provides the standards of the North American Gaming Regulators Association in relation to the sale of instant bingo ticket manufacturers that are authorized to sell instant bingo tickets in Florida. It also requires the Lottery to process all applications to be placed on the list of instant bingo ticket manufacturers pursuant to s. 120.60, F.S.

The bill substantially amends section 849.0931 of the Florida Statutes.

II. Present Situation:

Section 849.0931, F.S., authorizes and regulates the playing of bingo.

Charitable, nonprofit, or veterans' organizations engaged in charitable, civic, community, benevolent, religious, or scholastic works or other similar endeavors, which have been in existence and active for a period of three years or more, may conduct bingo games, provided the entire proceeds derived from the conduct of the games, less actual business expenses, are donated to the listed endeavors.

If an organization is not engaged in endeavors of the type listed, its right to conduct bingo games is conditioned upon the return of all the proceeds from the games to the players in the form of prizes. If at the conclusion of play on any day there remain proceeds which have not been paid out as prizes, the organization must, at the next scheduled day of play, conduct bingo games without any charge to the players and must continue to do so until the proceeds carried over from the previous days played have been exhausted.

The section also establishes restrictions on jackpots. No jackpot may exceed the value of \$250 in actual money or its equivalent. An organization cannot conduct bingo more than two days per week. There cannot be more than three jackpots on any one day of play. All other game prizes shall not exceed \$50.

Any organization or person who willfully and knowingly violates any provision of the section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, F.S., or s. 775.083, F.S., - potential imprisonment not exceeding one year and a fine not exceeding \$1,000. For a second or subsequent offense, the organization or other person is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, F.S., or s. 775.083, F.S., or s. 775.084, F.S., - potential imprisonment not exceeding 5 years and a fine not exceeding \$5,000.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill authorizes instant bingo games. An "instant bingo" game is defined as a game that is played using tickets by which a player wins a prize by opening and removing a cover from the ticket to reveal a set of numbers, letters, objects, or patterns, some of which have been designated in advance as prize winners. The bill also defines a "deal" of instant bingo tickets as a separate set or package of not more than 4,000 instant bingo tickets in which the predetermined minimum prize payout is at least 65 percent of the total receipts from the sale of the entire deal.

Instant bingo tickets could be sold by any organization that can currently conduct regular bingo games. The bill incorporates the following standards of the North American Gaming Regulators Association for the sale of instant bingo tickets:

- The tickets must be sold at the price printed on the ticket, by the manufacturer, which may not exceed \$1. Discounts cannot be given for purchases of multiple tickets, and tickets cannot be given away free of charge.
- The sets of numbers, letters, objects, or patterns that have been pre-designated by the manufacturer as winning combinations for a deal of instant bingo tickets must be posted before the sale of any tickets from that deal.
- Each instant bingo ticket in a deal must bear the same serial number and there may not be more than one serial number in each deal. Serial numbers printed on a deal may not be repeated by the manufacturer on the same form for three years.
- The serial number for each deal must be clearly and legibly placed on the outside of each deal's package, box, or other container.
- Instant bingo tickets, rules of play, recordkeeping, and reporting for instant bingo games manufactured, sold, or distributed in Florida must comply with the standards on pull-tabs of the North American Gaming Regulators Association.

- Be manufactured so that it is not possible to identify whether it is a winning or losing ticket until it has been opened by the player.
- Be manufactured using at least a two-ply paper stock construction so that the ticket is opaque.
- Have the form number, the deal's serial number and the name or logo of the manufacturer conspicuously printed on the face or cover of the ticket.
- Have a form of winner protection that allows the organization to verify, after the ticket has been played, that the winning ticket presented for payment is an authentic winning ticket for the deal in play. The manufacturer is required to provide a written description of the winner protection verification with each deal of tickets.

Each manufacturer and distributor that sells or distributes instant bingo tickets in Florida to charitable, nonprofit, or veterans' organizations must prepare an invoice that contains the following:

- Date of sale;
- Form number and the serial number of each deal sold;
- Number of instant bingo tickets in each deal sold;
- Name of distributor or organization to whom each deal is sold; and
- Price of each deal sold.

The distributor or manufacturer is required to maintain the information contained in the invoice for three years. The invoice or a true and accurate copy must be kept on the premises where any deal is stored or played.

The Florida Department of the Lottery (Lottery) is required to keep a list of at least six qualified instant bingo ticket manufacturers that are authorized to sell instant bingo tickets in Florida. The Lottery is also required to process all applications to be placed on the list of instant bingo ticket manufacturers pursuant to s. 120.60, F.S. Distributors and charitable, nonprofit or veterans' organizations are prohibited from purchasing, distributing, or selling instant bingo tickets manufactured by any other manufacturer other than those listed by the Department of the Lottery.

The bill exempts instant bingo from the jackpot restrictions, so that instant bingo is not limited to three jackpots on any one day of play and is not limited to the \$250 maximum value on jackpots of \$250. Current criminal penalties, first-degree misdemeanor for first offense and third degree felony for subsequent offense, would continue to apply to violators who willfully and knowingly violate any provision of s. 849.0931, F.S.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2004.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. Other Constitutional Issues:

According to the Department of Lottery, the bill creates a type of instant lottery game. Under art. X, s. 15(a), Fla. Const., only the State of Florida may operate a lottery and therefore the bill is contrary to the plain language of the Florida Constitution.

V. Economic Impact and Fiscal Note:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Organizations operating bingo games should have increased revenues.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

According to the Department of the Lottery, it is unclear under what criteria a manufacturer would have to meet in order to be "qualified" instant bingo ticket manufacturers. The department asserts that it is also unclear under what authority the Lottery would "authorize" a manufacturer to sell instant bingo tickets in Florida.

The department also states that it was established to operate not as a regulatory agency, but as an entrepreneurial business enterprise. Trying to combine the entrepreneurial purpose for which the department was created with regulatory responsibilities would detract from the department's mandate to maximize revenues for education.

VIII. Amendments:

None.

This Senate staff analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's sponsor or the Florida Senate.