Florida Senate - 2004

By Senator Argenziano

	3-1623B-04 See HB 1631
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to air quality; amending s.
3	366.8255, F.S.; redefining the term
4	"environmental laws or regulations" to include
5	certain agreements entered into by electric
6	utilities with the Department of Environmental
7	Protection; redefining the term "environmental
8	compliance costs" to include costs related to
9	certain air pollution control equipment;
10	providing for cost recovery by electric
11	utilities under certain circumstances; creating
12	s. 366.8252, F.S.; providing for compliance
13	with the Air Quality Improvement Act; providing
14	a definition; requiring specified public
15	utilities to submit a petition to the Public
16	Service Commission for recovery of costs
17	related to plans to achieve compliance;
18	requiring the commission to establish
19	regulatory conditions for approval of cost
20	recovery; providing legislative findings that
21	certain conditions imposed by the act are in
22	the public interest; creating s. 403.0874,
23	F.S.; creating the Air Quality Improvement Act;
24	providing definitions; providing limits on
25	emissions of nitrogen oxide and sulfur dioxide
26	from certain electric generating units;
27	requiring the department to expedite certain
28	permits under certain circumstances; providing
29	an effective date.
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1 WHEREAS, the Legislature intends to encourage and 2 promote the reduction of air emissions throughout the state, 3 and WHEREAS, in an attempt to improve the state's air 4 5 quality, the Legislature wishes to provide incentives for and б encourage innovative approaches to lowering emissions from 7 existing generating facilities, NOW, THEREFORE, 8 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 11 Section 1. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 366.8255, Florida Statutes, are 12 13 amended to read: 366.8255 Environmental cost recovery .--14 15 (1) As used in this section, the term: "Environmental laws or regulations" includes all 16 (C) 17 federal, state, or local statutes, administrative regulations, 18 orders, ordinances, resolutions, or other requirements, 19 including, but not limited to, voluntary agreements for air 20 quality improvement programs entered into with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection prior to December 31, 21 22 2011, that apply to electric utilities and are designed to 23 protect or improve the environment. 24 (d) "Environmental compliance costs" includes all 25 costs or expenses incurred by an electric utility in complying 26 with environmental laws or regulations, including, but not 27 limited to: 28 Inservice capital investments, including the 1. 29 electric utility's last authorized rate of return on equity 30 thereon.+ 31 2. Operation and maintenance expenses.+ 2

1 3. Fuel procurement costs.+ 2 4. Purchased power costs.+ 3 Emission allowance costs.+ 5. Direct taxes on environmental equipment. ; and 4 6. 5 Costs or expenses prudently incurred by an electric 7. б utility pursuant to an agreement entered into on or after the 7 effective date of this act and prior to October 1, 2002, between the electric utility and the Florida Department of 8 Environmental Protection or the United States Environmental 9 10 Protection Agency for the exclusive purpose of ensuring 11 compliance with ozone ambient air quality standards by an electrical generating facility owned by the electric utility. 12 8. Costs or expenses the commission determines are 13 prudently incurred by an electric utility for the addition of 14 air pollution control equipment for purposes of attaining or 15 maintaining compliance status with ambient air quality 16 standards or reducing emissions of hazardous air pollutants or 17 visibility-impairing pollutants. In order to seek recovery of 18 19 costs and expenses described in this subparagraph, an electric 20 utility must enter into an agreement with the Florida 21 Department of Environmental Protection prior to December 31, 22 2011, for the expeditious installation of this pollution 23 control equipment. 24 (2) An electric utility may submit to the commission a petition describing the utility's proposed environmental 25 26 compliance activities and projected environmental compliance 27 costs in addition to any Clean Air Act and Air Quality 28 Improvement Act compliance activities and costs shown in a 29 utility's filing under ss.s.366.825 and 366.8252 and may 30 include a proposal for nontraditional recovery of any such 31 costs and the reasons supporting approval of the proposal. If

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1	approved, the commission shall allow recovery of the utility's
2	prudently incurred environmental compliance costs, including
3	the costs incurred in compliance with the Clean Air Act and
4	the Air Quality Improvement Act, and any amendments thereto or
5	any change in the application or enforcement thereof, through
6	an environmental compliance cost-recovery factor that is
7	separate and apart from the utility's base rates. An
8	adjustment for the level of costs currently being recovered
9	through base rates or other rate-adjustment clauses must be
10	included in the filing.
11	Section 2. Section 366.8252, Florida Statutes, is
12	created to read:
13	366.8252 Air Quality Improvement Act compliance;
14	definitions; plans; conditions
15	(1) For the purposes of this section, the term " Air
16	Quality Improvement Act" or "act" refers to s. 403.0874.
17	(2) Each public utility subject to the air emission
18	limitations of the Air Quality Improvement Act may petition
19	the commission for approval to recover the costs of a plan to
20	achieve compliance with the act. Such petition shall be filed
21	with the commission on or before September 1 of the year prior
22	to the calendar year for which requested cost recovery is to
23	commence and shall include:
24	(a) The number and identity of affected generating
25	units.
26	(b) A description of the compliance plan submitted by
27	the public utility to the Department of Environmental
28	Protection for certification pursuant to s. 403.0874(7).
29	(c) The estimated effects of the compliance plan on
30	the public utility's requirements for construction and
31	operation of proposed or alternative generating facilities.
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1	(d) The public utility's proposed schedule for
2	implementation of compliance activities.
3	(e) The estimated costs, including capital investment
4	and operating expenses, that the public utility will incur to
5	implement its compliance plan.
6	(f) A description of any changes in the public
7	utility's future sources of fuel as a result of the compliance
8	plan and the estimated effects of any such changes on the
9	public utility's fuel costs.
10	(3) The commission shall review the costs submitted
11	pursuant to paragraph (2)(e) to determine whether such
12	estimated costs are reasonable. If, after such review, the
13	commission determines that the estimated costs of the public
14	utility's plan are reasonable, it shall approve the costs for
15	recovery from the utility's retail customers in accordance
16	with the provisions of s. 366.8255, subject to the additional
17	regulatory conditions provided in subsection (4). The
18	commission shall render its decision on a plan filed by a
19	public utility within 8 months after the date of filing.
20	Notwithstanding the date of the commission's decision,
21	recovery of the public utility's estimated costs shall be
22	allowed commencing with the beginning of the calendar year
23	requested in the utility's petition and shall be made subject
24	to refund if the commission has not rendered its decision
25	prior to such time. Approval by the commission shall establish
26	that the public utility's estimated costs to implement the
27	plan are recoverable, subject to true-up based on a subsequent
28	determination of the utility's reasonable actual costs.
29	(4) The commission shall establish the following
30	regulatory conditions in conjunction with the approval of cost
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1 recovery for a public utility's compliance plan pursuant to 2 subsection (3): 3 (a) If requested by the public utility in its petition filed pursuant to subsection (2), the commission shall 4 5 authorize recovery of the public utility's total costs to б implement the compliance plan on a levelized basis over a 7 period not to exceed 7 years beginning with the year in which 8 cost recovery commences. The public utility shall have the discretion in any year during such cost recovery period to 9 increase or decrease such levelized recovery amount to the 10 11 extent of any net over-recovery or under-recovery in the aggregate for its combined adjustment clauses, provided that 12 the utility's estimated costs to implement the compliance plan 13 are fully recovered by the conclusion of the cost recovery 14 period. Any over-recovery or under-recovery of the public 15 utility's actual costs to implement the compliance plan shall 16 17 be trued up in the year following the conclusion of the cost recovery period. Costs to implement the compliance plan that 18 19 are incurred beyond the recovery period shall be recovered through applicable adjustment clauses in accordance with the 20 21 commission's normal practice and procedure. 22 (b) If cost recovery is implemented pursuant to paragraph (a), the base rates and related rate schedules of 23 24 the public utility in effect on the effective date of this section shall remain unchanged and frozen during the initial 5 25 years of the recovery period, the adjustment clause recovery 26 27 factors of the public utility in effect on the effective date of this section shall remain unchanged and frozen during the 28 29 recovery period, and the depreciation rates and any annual 30 adjustments to depreciation expenses and reserves allowed in a rate settlement agreement approved by the commission for the 31

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1	public utility that are in effect on the effective date of
2	this section shall remain in effect and capped during the
3	recovery period, provided, however, that:
4	1. The base rate freeze shall not apply during the
5	initial fixed term of any such base rate settlement agreement.
6	Beyond the initial fixed term, any such rate settlement
7	agreement shall be deemed to be superseded and replaced by the
8	provisions of this subsection. The public utility may elect to
9	extend the base rate freeze for the full cost recovery period
10	by written notice to the commission at least 3 months prior to
11	the expiration of the initial 5-year rate freeze period.
12	2. Any revenue-sharing mechanism contained in a base
13	rate settlement agreement approved by the commission in lieu
14	of rate of return regulation that is in effect on the
15	effective date of this section shall be extended for the
16	period of the base rate freeze and shall be the appropriate
17	and exclusive mechanism to address earnings levels; provided,
18	however, that:
19	a. The revenue-sharing threshold for the year
20	following the initial fixed term of the base rate settlement
21	agreement shall be established by using actual calendar year
22	2003 gross retail base rate revenues increased annually for
23	the intermediate years by the average annual growth rate in
24	retail kilowatt hour sales for the 10-calendar-year period
25	ending December 31, 2003. The revenue cap for the year
26	following the initial fixed term of the base rate settlement
27	agreement shall be established by adding to the aforementioned
28	threshold the difference between the threshold and the cap
29	amounts for 2003, increased annually for the intermediate
30	years by the average growth rate in retail kilowatt hour sales
31	for the 10-calendar-year period ending December 31, 2003.

1 Thereafter, both the revenue-sharing threshold and the cap shall increase annually by the average annual growth rate in 2 3 retail kilowatt hour sales for the 10-calendar-year period ending December 31, 2003. 4 5 Incremental revenues attributable to a business b. б combination or acquisition involving the public utility or to a change in rates pursuant to paragraph (d) shall be excluded 7 8 in determining retail base rate revenues for purposes of 9 revenue sharing. 10 c. For purposes other than reporting or assessing 11 earnings, such as cost recovery clauses and allowance for funds used during construction, the public utility shall have 12 an authorized return-on-equity rate of 12 percent. 13 3. The commission shall continue to review and approve 14 the public utility's costs and programs subject to the 15 adjustment clauses as it would in the absence of the 16 17 adjustment clause freeze. During the adjustment clause freeze, the utility may allocate the total annual revenues from all 18 19 adjustment clause cost recovery factors combined among the adjustment clauses in a manner that minimizes the year-end 20 over-recovery or under-recovery balance in each individual 21 clause. For any calendar year in which the net year-end 22 over-recovery or under-recovery balance, after any 23 24 discretionary adjustment to levelized compliance cost recovery pursuant to paragraph (a), for the utility's combined 25 adjustment clauses in the aggregate is projected to exceed 10 26 27 percent of the total costs subject to the clauses, the commission shall make an adjustment to be implemented through 28 29 a separate credit or charge on customer bills no later than 30 the beginning of the following calendar year. Any year-end 31 over-recovery or under-recovery balance in the utility's

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1 adjustment clauses for the final year of the cost recovery period shall be trued up in the following year in accordance 2 3 with the commission's normal practice and procedure. During the cost recovery period set forth in 4 (C) 5 paragraph (a), the public utility shall be allowed to: б 1. Recover through the capacity cost recovery 7 mechanism of the fuel and purchased power adjustment clause 8 its annual revenue requirements associated with any generating unit subject to the Florida Electrical Power Plant Siting Act, 9 ss. 403.501-403.518, that is placed in service by the public 10 11 utility during such period. 2. Suspend up to 100 percent of the annual accruals to 12 its reserves for the dismantlement and decommissioning of 13 generating facilities without limiting the utility's right to 14 recover through future accruals or otherwise the reasonable 15 and prudent costs of such dismantlement and decommissioning. 16 17 3. Accelerate the amortization of regulatory assets 18 previously approved by the commission. 19 (d) Notwithstanding the foregoing base rate and adjustment clause freeze, the commission may take the 20 21 following actions consistent with the public interest, which shall not be construed to impair the continued effectiveness 22 of the regulatory conditions provided in this subsection: 23 24 1. Allow adjustments to the rates, defer costs or revenues, or implement other remedial regulatory treatment of 25 26 the public utility to take into account one or more of the 27 following conditions occurring during the rate freeze period: a. Governmental action pursuant to any law, 28 29 regulation, rule, or order that results in significant cost 30 reductions or requires major expenditures. Such actions include, but are not limited to, a requirement for the utility 31 9

1 to alter its structure, to divest itself of assets, to establish a regional transmission organization, or to install 2 3 pollution control equipment solely for compliance purposes pursuant to a settlement agreement entered into with or 4 5 approved by a government agency. б b. Major expenditures to restore or replace property 7 damaged or destroyed by force majeure, including, but not 8 limited to, hurricanes, tropical storms, or tornadoes. 9 The public utility's retail base rate earnings с. 10 falling below a 10-percent return on equity as reported on a 11 commission-adjusted or pro forma basis on a monthly earnings surveillance report. The public utility's achieved return on 12 equity shall be calculated based upon an adjusted equity ratio 13 to the extent provided for in the public utility's last base 14 rate settlement agreement approved by the commission. 15 d. Changes in accounting requirements that 16 substantially affect the utility's recognition of revenues and 17 18 expenses. 19 2. Approve any reduction in base rates or base rate charges requested by the public utility or approve any new or 20 21 revised tariff provisions or rate schedules requested by the utility, provided that such tariff request does not increase 22 any existing base rate component of a tariff or rate schedule 23 24 during the period the base rate freeze is in effect unless the application of such new or revised tariff or rate schedule is 25 26 optional to the utility's customers. 27 (e) The Legislature finds that the regulatory conditions established by this subsection provide the 28 29 necessary and appropriate recognition of the obligations 30 imposed on a public utility by the Air Quality Improvement Act and that such conditions are therefore in the public interest. 31

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1 Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subsection, in the event circumstances arise which demonstrate that there 2 3 will be a substantial harm to the public interest, the commission may take such action otherwise within its 4 5 jurisdiction as it finds necessary to prevent or mitigate such б harm. 7 Section 3. Section 403.0874, Florida Statutes, is 8 created to read: 403.0874 Emissions of nitrogen oxide, sulfur dioxide, 9 10 and particulate matter from certain electric generating 11 units.--(1) This section shall be known by the popular name 12 the "Air Quality Improvement Act." 13 14 (2) As used in this section: "Electric utility steam generating unit" means an 15 (a) electric utility steam generating unit that has more than 100 16 17 megawatts of potential electric output capacity and supplies 18 more than one-third of such capacity to any utility power 19 distribution system for sale. "Investor-owned public utility" means a public 20 (b) utility, as defined in s. 366.02, that supplies electricity to 21 22 or for the public in this state. (3) An investor-owned public utility that on the 23 24 effective date of this act owns or operates coal-fired 25 electric utility steam generating units for which the collective emissions of nitrogen oxide from all such 26 27 coal-fired generating units were between 32,000 tons and 36,000 tons in calendar year 2002, as reported in the United 28 States Environmental Protection Agency clean air markets 29 30 program database, shall not collectively emit from all such 31

1 coal-fired generating units more than 17,000 tons of nitrogen oxide in calendar year 2010 or any calendar year thereafter. 2 3 (4) An investor-owned public utility that on the effective date of this act owns or operates coal-fired 4 5 electric utility steam generating units for which the б collective emissions of sulfur dioxide from all such 7 coal-fired generating units were between 96,000 tons and 8 100,000 tons in calendar year 2002, as reported in the United States Environmental Protection Agency clean air markets 9 program database, shall not collectively emit from all such 10 11 coal-fired generating units more than 50,000 tons of sulfur dioxide in calendar year 2010 or any calendar year thereafter. 12 (5) An investor-owned public utility that on the 13 effective date of this act owns or operates residual oil and 14 natural gas-fired or residual oil-fired electric utility steam 15 generating units for which the collective emissions of 16 17 nitrogen oxide from all such oil and gas-fired or oil-fired generating units exceeded 11,000 tons in calendar year 2002, 18 19 as reported in the United States Environmental Protection Agency clean air markets program database, shall not 20 21 collectively emit from all such oil and gas-fired or oil-fired generating units more than an annual weighted average of 0.26 22 pounds of nitrogen oxide per million BTUs of fuel consumed in 23 24 calendar year 2010 or any calendar year thereafter. 25 (6) An investor-owned public utility that on the 26 effective date of this act owns or operates residual oil and 27 natural gas-fired or residual oil-fired electric utility steam generating units for which the collective emissions of 28 particulates from all such oil and gas-fired or oil-fired 29 30 generating units exceeded 7,000 tons in calendar year 2002, as 31 reported in the Annual Operating Reports of the investor-owned

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1	public utility filed under Title V of the Clean Air Act, shall
2	not collectively emit from all such oil and gas-fired or
3	oil-fired generating units more than an annual weighted
4	average of 0.030 pounds per million BTUs of fuel consumed in
5	calendar year 2012 or any calendar year thereafter.
6	(7) An investor-owned public utility to which this
7	section applies may determine how it will achieve compliance
8	with the collective air emissions limitations imposed by this
9	section and shall submit its compliance plan to the Department
10	of Environmental Protection no later than August 1 of the year
11	this section becomes effective. Within 30 days after such
12	compliance plan or any subsequent revised compliance plan is
13	submitted, the department shall certify whether the compliance
14	plan or revised compliance plan is capable of achieving the
15	emissions limitations required under this section. Compliance
16	with the air emissions limitations set out in this section
17	does not alter any obligation to comply with any other federal
18	or state law, regulation, or rule related to air quality or
19	visibility.
20	(8) The electric utility steam generating units that
21	are subject to the collective air emissions limitations set
22	out in this section on the effective date of this act shall
23	remain subject to the collective air emissions limitations
24	regardless of whether each individual generating unit
25	thereafter continues to be owned or operated by an
26	investor-owned public utility.
27	(9) The Department of Environmental Protection shall
28	expedite the issuance of any permit or modified permit to an
29	investor-owned public utility for electric utility steam
30	generating units subject to this section and shall include
31	conditions that provide for compliance with the requirements
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1	of this section by incorporating the emissions limitations
2	contained herein and requiring testing, monitoring,
3	recordkeeping, and reporting adequate to ensure compliance
4	therewith.
5	Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
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