By the Committee on Banking and Insurance; and Senator Atwater

311-2452-04

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to trusts and other agency relationships; amending s. 711.501, F.S.; including additional investment instruments within the definition of the term "security account"; amending s. 737.402, F.S.; revising the powers conferred upon a trustee; amending s. 737.403, F.S.; specifying circumstances in which court authorization is not required for a trustee to exercise his or her power when a conflict of interest exists; amending s. 738.104, F.S.; revising the circumstances in which a trustee is prohibited from making an adjustment when such adjustment would benefit the trustee; clarifying the application of law pertaining to the trustee's power to adjust; amending s. 738.1041, F.S.; providing definitions governing certain trust conversions; specifying consequences when a court determines that a fiduciary has not acted in good faith; amending s. 738.303, F.S.; defining the term "undistributed income" for purposes of a trust that is administered as a unitrust; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Subsection (10) of section 711.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 711.501 Definitions.--In ss. 711.50-711.512, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

- (10) "Security account" means:
- (a) A reinvestment account associated with a security, a securities account with a broker, a cash balance in a brokerage account, cash, interest, earnings, or dividends earned or declared on a security in an account, a reinvestment account, or a brokerage account, whether or not credited to the account before the owner's death; or
- (b) An investment management, investment advisory, investment agency, custody, or other account with a bank or trust company, including the securities in the account, the cash balance in the account, cash equivalents, and interest, earnings, or dividends earned or declared on a security in the account, whether or not credited to the account before the owner's death; or
- (c)(b) A cash balance or other property held for or due to the owner of a security as a replacement for or product of an account security, whether or not credited to the account before the owner's death.
- Section 2. Paragraphs (y) and (z) of subsection (2) of section 737.402, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 737.402 Powers of trustees conferred by this part.--
- (2) Unless otherwise provided in the trust instrument, a trustee has the power:
- (y) To employ persons, including attorneys, auditors, investment advisers, or agents, even if they are the trustee or associated with the trustee, to advise or assist the trustee in the performance of his or her administrative duties and to pay compensation and costs incurred in connection with such employment from the assets of the trust; to act without independent investigation upon their recommendations; and, instead of acting personally, to employ one or more agents to

perform any act of administration, whether or not discretionary.

(z) To prosecute or defend actions, claims, or proceedings, including appeals, for the protection of trust assets and of the trustee in the performance of his or her duties; to employ attorneys and other agents to advise and assist the trustee in the exercise of those powers; and to pay compensation and costs incurred in connection with such employment from the assets of the trust.

Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 737.403, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

737.403 Power of court to permit deviation or to approve transactions involving conflict of interest.--

- (2) If the duty of the trustee and the trustee's individual interest or his or her interest as trustee of another trust conflict in the exercise of a trust power, the power may be exercised only by court authorization, except as provided in s. 737.402(2)(a), (e), (g), (s) or (y). Under this section, personal profit or advantage to an affiliated or subsidiary company or association is personal profit to any corporate trustee. Court authorization is not required for any of the following:
- (a) The exercise of any power described in s. 737.402(2)(a), (e), (g), (s), or (y);
- (b) The exercise of any power for which the trust instrument acknowledges the trustee's conflict of interest and expressly authorizes the exercise of that power notwithstanding conflict;
- (c) The exercise of any power consented to in writing by a settlor of the trust while the settlor holds the right of revocation of the trust;

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(d) The exercise of any power consented to in writing by each of the beneficiaries to whom the trustee is required to provide any annual or periodic accounting. Consent under this paragraph may be given by a person who represents the interest of the beneficiary under s. 731.303, or by the legal guardian of the beneficiary or, if there is no legal guardian, by the natural guardian of the beneficiary; or

(e) Payment of costs or attorney's fees incurred in any trust proceeding from the assets of the trust unless an action has been filed or defense asserted against the trustee based upon a breach of trust. Court authorization is not required if the action or defense is later withdrawn or dismissed by the party that is alleging a breach of trust, or resolved without a determination by the court that the trustee has committed a breach of trust.

Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 738.104, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (11) is added to that section, to read:

738.104 Trustee's power to adjust.--

- (3) A trustee may not make an adjustment:
- (a) That diminishes the income interest in a trust that requires all of the income to be paid at least annually to a spouse and for which an estate tax or gift tax marital deduction would be allowed, in whole or in part, if the trustee did not have the power to adjust;
- (b) That reduces the actuarial value of the income interest in a trust to which a person transfers property with the intent to qualify for a gift tax exclusion;
- (c) That changes the amount payable to a beneficiary as a fixed annuity or a fixed fraction of the value of the 31 trust assets;

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- (d) From any amount that is permanently set aside for charitable purposes under a will or the terms of a trust unless both income and principal are so set aside;
- If possessing or exercising the power to adjust causes an individual to be treated as the owner of all or part of the trust for income tax purposes and the individual would not be treated as the owner if the trustee did not possess the power to adjust;
- (f) If possessing or exercising the power to adjust causes all or part of the trust assets to be included for estate tax purposes in the estate of an individual who has the power to remove a trustee or appoint a trustee, or both, and the assets would not be included in the estate of the individual if the trustee did not possess the power to adjust;
 - (g) If the trustee is a beneficiary of the trust; or
- (h) If the trustee is not a beneficiary of the trust but the adjustment would benefit the trustee directly or indirectly, except that in the case of a trustee whose compensation for acting as trustee is based upon the value of trust assets, an adjustment that affects the value of the trust assets shall not be deemed to benefit the trustee.
- (11) This section pertains to the administration of a trust and is available to any trust that is administered either in this state or under Florida law.
- Section 5. Subsections (1), (10), and (12) of section 738.1041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 738.1041 Total return unitrust.--
 - (1) For purposes of this section, the term:
- "Disinterested person" means a person who is not a "related or subordinate party" as defined in s. 672(c) of the 31 United States Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. ss. 1 et seq.,

or any successor provision thereof, with respect to the person then acting as trustee of the trust and excludes the grantor and any interested trustee.

- (b) "Income trust" means a trust, created by either an inter vivos or a testamentary instrument, which directs or permits the trustee to distribute the net income of the trust to one or more persons, either in fixed proportions or in amounts or proportions determined by the trustee.

 Notwithstanding the foregoing, no trust that otherwise is an "income trust" shall qualify hereunder, if it may be subject to taxation under the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. s. 2001 or s. 2501, until the expiration of the period for filing the return therefor, including extensions.
- (c) "Interested distributee" means a person to whom distributions of income or principal can currently be made who has the power to remove the existing trustee and designate as successor a person who may be a "related or subordinate party," as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. s. 672(c), with respect to such distributee.
- (d) "Interested trustee" means an individual trustee to whom the net income or principal of the trust can currently be distributed or would be distributed if the trust were then to terminate and be distributed, any trustee whom an interested distributee has the power to remove and replace with a related or subordinate party as defined in paragraph (c), or an individual trustee whose legal obligation to support a beneficiary may be satisfied by distributions of income and principal of the trust.
- (e) "Fair market value" means the fair market value of assets held by the trust as otherwise determined under this chapter, reduced by all known noncontingent liabilities except

for those liabilities that, upon payment, will represent expenses under s. 738.701 or s. 738.702.

- (f) "Unitrust amount" means the amount determined by multiplying the fair market value of the assets as defined in paragraph (e) by the percentage calculated under paragraph (2)(b).
- (10) Any trustee or disinterested person who in good faith takes or fails to take any action under this section shall not be liable to any person affected by such action or inaction, regardless of whether such person received written notice as provided in this section and regardless of whether such person was under a legal disability at the time of the delivery of such notice. Such person's exclusive remedy shall be to obtain, under subsection (11), an order of the court directing the trustee to convert an income trust to a total return unitrust, to reconvert from a total return unitrust to an income trust, or to change the percentage used to calculate the unitrust amount. If a court determines that the trustee or disinterested person has not acted in good faith in taking or failing to take any action under this section, the provisions of s. 738.105(3) shall apply.
- (12) This section shall be construed as pertaining to the administration of a trust and shall be available to any trust that is administered $\underline{\text{either}}$ in this state $\underline{\text{or}}$ under Florida law unless:
- (a) The governing instrument reflects an intention that the current beneficiary or beneficiaries are to receive an amount other than a reasonable current return from the trust;

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- 1 (b) The trust is a trust described in the Internal 2 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. s. 170(f)(2)(B), s. 642(c)(5), s. 3 664(d), s. 1361(d), s. 2702(a)(3), or s. 2702(b); 4
 - (c) One or more persons to whom the trustee could distribute income have a power of withdrawal over the trust:
 - That is not subject to an ascertainable standard under the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. s. 2041 or s. 2514, and exceeds in any calendar year the amount set forth in the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. s. 2041(b)(2) or s. 2514(e); or
 - A power of withdrawal over the trust that can be exercised to discharge a duty of support he or she possesses;
 - (d) The governing instrument expressly prohibits use of this section by specific reference to the section. provision in the governing instrument that, "The provisions of section 738.1041, Florida Statutes, as amended, or any corresponding provision of future law, shall not be used in the administration of this trust, " or similar words reflecting such intent shall be sufficient to preclude the use of this section; or
 - (e) The trust is a trust with respect to which a trustee currently possesses the power to adjust under s. 738.104.
 - Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 738.303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 738.303 Apportionment when income interest ends.--
- (1) For purposes of this section, "undistributed income" means net income received on or before the date on which an income interest ends. The term does not include an item of income or expense that is due or accrued or net income 31 that has been added or is required to be added to principal

under the terms of the trust. In the case of a trust being administered as a unitrust under s. 738.1041, "undistributed income" means the prorated unitrust amount computed on a daily basis through the date on which the income interest ends. Section 7. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 2926 Prevents a trustee from authorizing payment of attorney fees from trust assets when the trustee is the party who withdraws or dismisses the legal case involving the trust. Permits trustees to use the power of adjustment and unitrust provisions contained in the Uniform Principal and Income Act in trusts that are administered in Florida, even if the trust is governed by the laws of a state that has not adopted the Uniform Principle and Income Act.