By the Committee on Education

304-2311-04

1

3 4

5

6 7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

2425

2627

2.8

29

30

31

A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Corporate Tax Credit Scholarship Program; amending s. 220.187, F.S.; providing definitions; prohibiting certain private schools and other entities from participating in the scholarship program; prohibiting certain students from participating in the scholarship program; revising limitations on the allocation of annual credits granted under the program; providing limitations on eligible contributions; requiring the Auditor General to review certain audits, request certain information, and report to the Legislative Auditing Committee any findings of noncompliance; authorizing the Legislative Auditing Committee to conduct hearings and compel the Department of Education to revoke eligibility of certain nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations; providing for audit reports to be submitted to the Department of Education; requiring audits be conducted within 180 days after completion of the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization's fiscal year; requiring a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to make scholarship payments at least on a quarterly basis; prohibiting commingling of certain scholarship funds; requiring a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to maintain a separate account for scholarship funds; requiring a nonprofit

1 scholarship-funding organization to verify student attendance at a private school prior to 2 3 submission of scholarship funds; requiring a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to 4 5 verify income eligibility of qualified students 6 at least once a year in accordance with State 7 Board of Education rules; requiring a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to submit 8 9 certain reports to the Department of Education; 10 requiring certain individuals to undergo level 11 2 background screening requirements pursuant to s. 435.04, F.S.; providing for the Department 12 of Law Enforcement to retain and search 13 fingerprint records; providing for an annual 14 fee as provided by rule of the Department of 15 Law Enforcement; requiring costs of background 16 17 checks be borne by certain parties; requiring a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization 18 19 comply with antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 2000d; prohibiting an owner or a 20 nonprofit scholarship-funding organization from 21 owning, operating, or administering an eligible 22 private school under the scholarship program; 23 24 requiring a nonprofit scholarship-funding 25 organization to report any private school not in compliance with scholarship program 26 27 requirements to the Department of Education; 28 prohibiting provision of scholarship funds to a 29 student to attend a private school not in 30 compliance; authorizing a parent to transfer 31 the scholarship; requiring award of

1 scholarships on a first-come, first-served 2 basis; prohibiting a nonprofit 3 scholarship-funding organization from targeting certain students for scholarships; prohibiting 4 5 the award of scholarships to a child of an 6 owner of a nonprofit scholarship-funding 7 organization; prohibiting the transfer of an 8 eligible contribution between nonprofit 9 scholarship-funding organizations; prohibiting 10 a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization 11 from securing financing in anticipation of eligible contributions; prohibiting a nonprofit 12 13 scholarship-funding organization from participating in the program if the 14 organization fails to meet statutory 15 obligations; requiring students to meet certain 16 17 attendance policies; requiring parents to meet certain parental involvement requirements 18 19 unless excused; prohibiting a parent from 20 authorizing a power of attorney for endorsement of scholarship warrant; requiring a parent to 21 ensure that a scholarship student participates 22 in testing requirements; prohibiting a student 23 24 or parent of a student from participating in the scholarship program if the student or 25 parent fails to meet statutory obligations; 26 27 revising provisions with respect to private 28 schools; revising requirements that a 29 participating private school demonstrate fiscal soundness; requiring a surety bond; providing 30 31 an exception; requiring a private school to

1 employ or contract with teachers who have 2 regular and direct contact with students at the 3 school's physical location; requiring the private schools to employ or contract with 4 5 teachers who have at least a baccalaureate 6 degree, 3 years of teaching experience at a public or private school, or other skills that 7 8 qualify the teacher to provide appropriate instruction; requiring a private school to 9 10 report to the Department of Education the 11 qualifications of teachers; requiring a private school to annually register with the Department 12 of Education and provide certain information 13 concerning the private school organization, 14 student list, and notice of intent to 15 participate in the scholarship program; 16 17 requiring certain individuals to undergo level 2 background screening requirements pursuant to 18 s. 435.04, F.S.; providing for the Department 19 of Law Enforcement to retain and search 20 21 fingerprint records; providing for an annual fee as provided by rule of the Department of 22 Law Enforcement; requiring costs of background 23 24 checks be borne by certain parties; requiring a private school to administer or to make 25 provision for administering certain tests to 26 27 scholarship students; requiring reporting of 28 scores to the student's parent and to the 29 independent private research organization 30 selected by the Department of Education; 31 requiring a private school to file an

1 affidavit; requiring a private school to notify 2 the Department of Education in writing within 7 3 days if a student is ineligible to participate in the scholarship program; requiring a private 4 5 school to report to the Department of Education 6 and distribute to scholarship applicants 7 information concerning accreditation and years in existence; requiring the Department of 8 Education to make certain information 9 10 concerning private school accreditation 11 available to the public; prohibiting a private school from participating in the scholarship 12 13 program if the private school fails to meet its statutory obligations; requiring the Department 14 of Education to determine the eligibility of 15 certain nonprofit scholarship-funding 16 17 organizations within 90 days after application; requiring a written notice with specific 18 19 reasons for approval or denial; requiring the 20 Department of Education to annually determine the eligibility of nonprofit 21 scholarship-funding organizations and private 22 schools; requiring the Department of Education 23 24 to make accessible to the public a list of eligible private schools; requiring the 25 Department of Education to annually verify the 26 27 eligibility of students; requiring the 28 Department of Education to maintain a student 29 database of program participants and to update 30 the database at least quarterly; requiring the 31 Department of Education to notify a nonprofit

2

3

4 5

6

7

8 9

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

252627

28 29

30

31

amended to read:

scholarship-funding organization of any ineligible student; requiring the Department of Education to annually account for and verify the eligibility of program expenditures; requiring the Department of Education to review audits; requiring the Department of Education to select an independent private research organization for reporting of student scores; providing limitations on reporting; requiring the Department of Education to revoke the eligibility of program participants for failure to comply with statutory obligations; requiring the Department of Education to annually report on accountability activities; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules regarding identification of documentation to establish eligibility of nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations, requiring an affidavit, and identification of independent income verification for determining the eligibility of students; authorizing the State Board of Education to delegate its authority to the Commissioner of Education with the exception of rulemaking authority; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 220.187, Florida Statutes, is Section 1.

6

1 220.187 Credits for contributions to nonprofit 2 scholarship-funding organizations.--

- (1) PURPOSE. -- The purpose of this section is to:
- (a) Encourage private, voluntary contributions to nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.
- (b) Expand educational opportunities for children of families that have limited financial resources.
- (c) Enable children in this state to achieve a greater level of excellence in their education.
 - (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
 - (a) "Department" means the Department of Revenue.

(a)(b) "Eligible contribution" means a monetary contribution from a taxpayer, subject to the restrictions provided in this section, to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization. The taxpayer making the contribution may not designate a specific child as the beneficiary of the contribution. The taxpayer may not contribute more than \$5 million to any single eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.

(b)(c) "Eligible private nonpublic school" means a private nonpublic school, as defined in s. 1002.01(2), located in Florida which that offers an education to students in any grades K-12 and that meets the requirements in subsection (6) (5). An eligible private school:

- 1. Must maintain a physical location in this state where each scholarship student regularly attends classes.
- 2. May not be a correspondence school or distance learning school.
- 3. May not direct or provide scholarship funds to a parent of a scholarship student who receives instruction under the program at home.

 $\underline{4.}$ May not be a home education program as defined in s. 1002.01(1).

 $\underline{(c)}$ "Eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization" means a charitable organization that is exempt from federal income tax pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, incorporated under laws of this state, and that complies with the provisions of subsection (4).

- (d) "Owner" means the owner, president, chairperson of the board of directors, superintendent, principal, or person with equivalent decisionmaking authority who owns, operates, or administers an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or eligible private school. In addition, the term "owner" means an individual who has access to or processes scholarship funds or eligible contributions at an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or eligible private school.
- (e) "Qualified student" means a student who qualifies for free or reduced-price school lunches under the National School Lunch Act and who:
- 1. Was counted as a full-time equivalent student during the previous state fiscal year for purposes of state per-student funding;
- 2. Received a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization during the previous school year; or
 - 3. Is eligible to enter kindergarten or first grade.

A student is not eligible to receive a scholarship under this section if the student is participating in the Opportunity Scholarship Program under s. 1002.38, the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program under s.

4

5

6

7

8

9 10

11

12

13 14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21 22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

30

1002.39, or a home education program as defined in s. 1002.01(1). A student is not eligible to receive a scholarship from more than one eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization at the same time.

- (3) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT SCHOLARSHIP FUNDING TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS ON INDIVIDUAL AND TOTAL CREDITS .--
- (a) There is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eliqible contribution against any tax due for a taxable year under this chapter. However, such a credit may not exceed 75 percent of the tax due under this chapter for the taxable year, after the application of any other allowable credits by the taxpayer. However, at least 5 percent of the total statewide amount authorized for the tax credit shall be reserved for taxpayers who meet the definition of a small business provided in s. 288.703(1) at the time of application. The credit granted by this section shall be reduced by the difference between the amount of federal corporate income tax taking into account the credit granted by this section and the amount of federal corporate income tax without application of the credit granted by this section.
- (b) The total amount of tax credits and carryforward of tax credits that which may be granted each state fiscal year under this section is \$88 million. One percent of the total statewide amount authorized for the tax credit must be reserved for taxpayers who are small businesses as defined in s. 288.703(1) at the time of application.
- (c) A taxpayer who files a Florida consolidated return as a member of an affiliated group pursuant to s. 220.131(1) may be allowed the credit on a consolidated return basis; however, the total credit taken by the affiliated group is 31 subject to the limitation established under paragraph (a).

2 3

4 5

6

7

8

9 10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

30

(d) A taxpayer may rescind its application for tax credit under this section, and the amount approved in the application for tax credit shall become available for purposes of the cap for that state fiscal year under this section to an eligible taxpayer as approved by the Department of Revenue, if the taxpayer receives notice from the Department of Revenue that the rescindment application has been accepted by the Department of Revenue, the taxpayer has not previously rescinded its application for tax credit under this section more than once in the previous 3 tax years, and the taxpayer has not made a contribution pursuant to its approved application for tax credit under this section. Any amount rescinded under this paragraph shall become available to an eligible taxpayer on a first-come, first-served basis based on tax credit applications received after the date the rescindment is accepted by the Department of Revenue.

- (4) OBLIGATIONS OF ELIGIBLE NONPROFIT SCHOLARSHIP-FUNDING ORGANIZATIONS. --
- (a) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall provide scholarships, from eligible contributions, to qualified students for:
- Tuition or textbook expenses for, or transportation to, an eligible private nonpublic school. At least 75 percent of each the scholarship funding must be used to pay tuition expenses; or
- 2. Transportation expenses to a Florida public school that is located outside the district in which the student resides.
- (b) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall give priority to qualified students who 31 received a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit

 scholarship-funding organization during the previous school year.

- (c) The amount of a scholarship provided to any child for any single school year by all eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations from eligible contributions shall not exceed the following annual limits:
- 1. Three thousand five hundred dollars for a scholarship awarded to a student enrolled in an eligible private nonpublic school.
- 2. Five hundred dollars for a scholarship awarded to a student enrolled in a Florida public school that is located outside the district in which the student resides.
- (d) The amount of an eligible contribution that which may be accepted by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization is limited to the amount needed to provide scholarships for qualified students that which the organization has identified and for which vacancies in eligible private nonpublic schools have been identified.
- (e) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization that receives an eligible contribution must spend 100 percent of the eligible contribution to provide scholarships in the same state fiscal year in which the contribution was received. No portion of eligible contributions may be used for administrative expenses. All interest accrued from contributions must be used for scholarships.
- (f) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization that receives eligible contributions must provide to the Auditor General and the Department of Education, within 180 days after completion of the organization's fiscal year, an annual financial and compliance audit of its accounts and

3

4 5

6

7

8

9 10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

30

records conducted by an independent certified public accountant and in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General. The Auditor General shall review all audit reports submitted pursuant to this section. The Auditor General shall request any significant items that were omitted in violation of a rule adopted by the Auditor General. The items must be provided within 45 days after the date of the request. If the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization does not comply with the Auditor General's request, the Auditor General shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee. The Legislative Auditing Committee may schedule a hearing. If a hearing is scheduled, the committee shall determine if the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization should be subject to further state action. If the committee determines that the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization should be subject to further state action, the committee shall notify the Department of Education, which shall terminate the eligibility of the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to participate in the program under this section.

(g) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall make payment of the scholarship, at a minimum, on a quarterly basis. Payment of the scholarship by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall be by individual warrant or check made payable to the student's parent. If the parent chooses for his or her child to attend an eligible private nonpublic school, the warrant or check must be mailed by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to the private nonpublic school of the parent's choice, and the parent shall restrictively endorse the warrant or check to the private 31 nonpublic school. An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding

organization shall ensure that, upon receipt of a scholarship warrant or check, the parent to whom the warrant or check is made restrictively endorses the warrant or check to the private nonpublic school of the parent's choice for deposit into the account of the private nonpublic school.

- (h) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization may not commingle scholarship funds with any other funds and must maintain a separate account for scholarship funds.
- (i) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall obtain verification from a private school of each student's continued attendance at the private school prior to each scholarship payment.
- organization must verify the income of all scholarship applicants participating in the program at least once each school year through independent income documentation as provided in rules of the State Board of Education.
- (k) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must prepare and submit quarterly reports to the Department of Education pursuant to subsection (8). In addition, an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must immediately submit to the Department of Education any information requested by the Department of Education relating to the scholarship program.
- (1) All owners of a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall, upon employment, entry into the contract, or engagement to provide services, undergo background screening pursuant to s. 435.04 by filing with the Department of Education a complete set of fingerprints taken by an authorized law enforcement agency or an employee of the

```
scholarship-funding organization who is trained to take
    fingerprints. These fingerprints shall be submitted to the
 2
3
    Department of Law Enforcement for state processing, which
    shall in turn submit the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of
 4
5
    Investigation for federal processing. The Department of
6
    Education shall screen the background results and report to
7
    the scholarship-funding organization any owner who fails to
8
    meet level 2 screening standards pursuant to s. 435.04 or any
    owner who has been convicted of a crime involving moral
9
10
    turpitude. Owners found through fingerprint processing to have
11
    been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude or failing
    to meet level 2 screening standards pursuant to s. 435.04 may
12
    not be employed, contracted with, or engaged to provide
13
    services in any position with the scholarship-funding
14
    organization. The cost of the background screening may be
15
    borne by the scholarship-funding organization or the owner.
16
17
           1. Every 5 years following employment, entry into a
    contract, or engagement to provide services with a
18
    scholarship-funding organization, each owner must meet level 2
19
    screening requirements as described in s. 435.04, at which
20
    time the Department of Education shall request the Department
21
    of Law Enforcement to forward the fingerprints to the Federal
22
    Bureau of Investigation for level 2 screening. If the
23
24
    fingerprints of an owner are not retained by the Department of
    Law Enforcement under subparagraph 2., the owner must file a
25
    complete set of fingerprints with the Department of Education.
26
27
    Upon submission of fingerprints for this purpose, the
    Department of Education shall request the Department of Law
28
29
    Enforcement to forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau
30
    of Investigation for level 2 screening, and the fingerprints
31
    shall be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement under
```

subparagraph 2. The cost of the state and federal criminal history check required by level 2 screening may be borne by the scholarship-funding organization or the owner. Under penalty of perjury, each owner must agree to inform the scholarship-funding organization immediately if convicted of any disqualifying offense while he or she is employed, under contract, or engaged to provide services with the scholarship-funding organization. If it is found that an owner does not meet the level 2 requirements, the owner shall be immediately suspended from working in that capacity and shall remain suspended until final resolution of any appeals.

- 2. Beginning July 1, 2004, all fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement as required by paragraph (1), shall be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement in a manner provided by rule and entered in the statewide automated fingerprint identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b). Such fingerprints shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint cards entered in the statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051.
- 3. Beginning December 15, 2004, the Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprint cards received under s. 943.051 against the fingerprints retained in the statewide automated fingerprint identification system under subparagraph 2. Any arrest record that is identified with an owner's fingerprints shall be reported to the Department of Education. Each scholarship-funding organization shall participate in this search process by paying an annual fee to the Department of Law Enforcement and by informing the Department of Law Enforcement of any change in the employment, contractual status, or engagement status or place of

employment, contracting, or engagement of its owners whose fingerprints are retained under subparagraph 2. The Department of Law Enforcement shall adopt a rule setting the amount of the annual fee to be imposed upon each scholarship-funding organization for performing these searches and establishing the procedures for the retention of owner fingerprints and the dissemination of search results. The fee may be borne by the scholarship-funding organization or by the owner.

- (m) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 2000d.
- (n) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or an owner of an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization may not own, operate, or administer an eligible private school participating in the program.
- organization must report to the Department of Education any private school participating in the scholarship program under this section which does not comply with the requirements of the scholarship program. The eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization may not provide additional scholarship funds to a parent for a student to attend a private school until the State Board of Education determines that the school is in compliance with this section.
- (p) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must allow a qualified student to attend any eligible private school and must allow the parent to transfer the scholarship during the school year to another eligible private school of the parent's choice.

- (q) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must provide a scholarship to a qualified student on a first-come, first-served basis unless the student qualifies for priority pursuant to paragraph (4)(b). An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization may not target scholarships to a particular private school or provide scholarships to a child of an owner.
- (r) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization may not transfer scholarship funds to another eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.
- (s) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization may not secure a promissory note, a line of credit, or other financing to fund a scholarship in anticipation of an eligible contribution. An eligible scholarship-funding organization may only fund scholarships through eligible contributions received under the scholarship program.
- (t) A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization that fails to comply with this section may not participate in the scholarship program.
 - (5) PARENT OBLIGATIONS.--
- $\underline{(a)}$ As a condition for scholarship payment pursuant to paragraph (4)(g), if the parent chooses for his or her child to attend an eligible $\underline{private}$ $\underline{nonpublic}$ school, the parent must inform the child's school district within 15 days after such decision.
- (b) Any student participating in the scholarship program must remain in attendance throughout the school year, unless excused by the school for illness or other good cause, and must comply fully with the school's code of conduct.

2 3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28 29

30

- (c) The parent of each student participating in the scholarship program must comply fully with the eligible private school's parental-involvement requirements unless excused by the school for good cause.
- (d) Upon receipt of scholarship funds from the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, the parent to whom the warrant is made must restrictively endorse the warrant to the private school for deposit into the account of the private school. The parent may not authorize the eligible private school, its owners, or employees to act as an attorney in fact for purposes of endorsing scholarship warrants.
- (e) The parent of each qualified student participating in the scholarship program must ensure that the student participates in the required testing pursuant to this section.
- (f) A student or parent who fails to comply with this subsection forfeits the scholarship.
- (6) ELIGIBLE PRIVATE NONPUBLIC SCHOOL OBLIGATIONS.--An eligible private nonpublic school must:
- (a) Demonstrate fiscal soundness by filing with being in operation for one school year or provide the Department of Education with a surety bond for the amount equal to the scholarship amount for each quarter of the school year. The surety bond must be filed at the time of the private school's initial registration to participate in the program under this section with the Department of Education and at each annual registration period thereafter for a total of 3 consecutive years. This requirement does not apply to an eligible private school that:
- 1. Has participated in the program for 3 consecutive 31 | years or longer; and

2. Has had no action taken by the Department of Education against the private school for any violation of this section for 3 consecutive years or longer.

345

6

7 8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

2223

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

1

2

However, any private school that was subject to an action taken by the Department of Education for any violation of this section shall, following the date on which action was taken against the private school for a violation of this section, but prior to receiving the next quarterly payment, and for 2 additional consecutive years thereafter, file a surety bond with the Department of Education. statement by a certified public accountant confirming that the nonpublic school desiring to participate is insured and the owner or owners have sufficient capital or credit to operate the school for the upcoming year serving the number of students anticipated with expected revenues from tuition and other sources that may be reasonably expected. In lieu of such a statement, a surety bond or letter of credit for the amount equal to the scholarship funds for any quarter may be filed with the department.

- (b) Comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 2000d.
- $\mbox{(c)}$ Meet state and local health and safety laws and codes.
- (d) Comply with all state laws relating to general regulation of private nonpublic schools.
- (e) Employ or contract with teachers who have regular and direct contact with each student receiving a scholarship under this section at the school's physical location. All teachers must hold at least a baccalaureate degree or have at least 3 years' teaching experience in public or private

schools or have special skills, knowledge, or expertise that qualifies them to provide instruction in subjects taught. As part of the sworn-compliance form authorized under subsection (7), an eligible private school must report to the Department of Education the number of teachers employed or under contract with the private school, along with the manner in which the teacher meets the requirements of this paragraph.

- (f) Annually register with the Department of Education. Each private school must annually provide the following information to the Department of Education:
- 1. The legal business and trade names, mailing address, and business location of the private school;
- 2. The legal name, mailing address, and telephone numbers of an owner of the private school;
- 3. A list of students at the private school receiving a scholarship under this section; and
- 4. A notification of the private school's intent to participate in the program under this section.
- (g) Ensure that all personnel who are hired, contracted, or engaged to provide services to fill positions requiring direct contact with students in the private school, and all owners of a private school shall, upon employment, entry into the contract, engagement to provide services, or assumption of a position of ownership, a position of decisionmaking authority, or a position having access to scholarship funds, undergo background screening pursuant to s. 435.04 by filing with the Department of Education a complete set of fingerprints taken by an authorized law enforcement agency or an employee of the private school who is trained to take fingerprints. These fingerprints shall be submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing, which

Investigation for federal processing. The Department of 2 3 Education shall screen the background results and report to the private school any person described in this paragraph who 4 5 fails to meet level 2 screening standards pursuant to s. 435.04 or any person described in this paragraph who has been 6 convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude. Employees, 7 8 contractors, personnel engaged to provide services, or owners found through fingerprint processing to have been convicted of 9 10 a crime involving moral turpitude or failing to meet level 2 11 screening standards pursuant to s. 435.04 may not be employed, contracted with, or engaged to provide services in any 12 position in the private school requiring direct contact with 13 14 students, and may not assume a position of ownership, a position of decisionmaking authority, or a position having 15 access to scholarship funds. The cost of the background 16 17 screening may be borne by the private school, the employee, 18 the contractor, the person engaged to provide services, or the 19 owner. 1. Every 5 years each person described in this 20 21 paragraph must meet level 2 screening requirements as described in s. 435.04, at which time the Department of 22 Education shall request the Department of Law Enforcement to 23 24 forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for level 2 screening. If the fingerprints of a 25 person described in this paragraph are not retained by the 26 27 Department of Law Enforcement under subparagraph 2., the person must file a complete set of fingerprints with the 28 29 Department of Education. Upon submission of fingerprints for 30 this purpose, the Department of Education shall request the Department of Law Enforcement to forward the fingerprints to 31

shall in turn submit the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of

the Federal Bureau of Investigation for level 2 screening, and the fingerprints shall be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement under subparagraph 2. The cost of the state and federal criminal history check required by level 2 screening may be borne by the private school, the employee, the contractor, the person engaged to provide services, or the owner. Under penalty of perjury, each person described in this paragraph must agree to inform the private school immediately if convicted of any disqualifying offense while in a capacity with the private school as described in this paragraph. If it is found that a person described in this paragraph does not meet the level 2 requirements, the person shall be immediately suspended from working in that capacity and shall remain suspended until final resolution of any appeals.

- 2. Beginning July 1, 2004, all fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement as required by this paragraph shall be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement in a manner provided by rule and entered in the statewide automated fingerprint identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b). Such fingerprints shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint cards entered in the statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051.
- 3. Beginning December 15, 2004, the Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprint cards received under s. 943.051 against the fingerprints retained in the statewide automated fingerprint identification system under subparagraph 2. Any arrest record that is identified with the fingerprints of a person described in this paragraph shall be reported to the Department of Education. Each eligible private

4 5

school shall participate in this search process by paying an annual fee to the Department of Law Enforcement and by informing the Department of Law Enforcement of any change in the status or place of employment, contracting, or engagement of services of its personnel as described in this paragraph whose fingerprints are retained under subparagraph 2. The Department of Law Enforcement shall adopt a rule setting the amount of the annual fee to be imposed upon each private school for performing these searches and establishing the procedures for the retention of private school personnel fingerprints and the dissemination of search results. The fee may be borne by the private school, the employee, the contracted person, the person engaged to provide services, or the owner.

- (h) Annually administer or make provisions for scholarship students to take the Iowa Test of Basic Skills, the Stanford-9, or the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test, or subsequent versions of these tests. A participating private school must report a student's scores to the parent and to the independent private research organization selected by the Department of Education pursuant to subsection (7).
- (i) Annually comply with the Department of Education's affidavit requirements as provided in subsection (8).
- (j) Notify in writing the Department of Education and the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization within 7 days if a student is ineligible to participate in the scholarship program.
- (k) Publish and report annually to the Department of Education and distribute to the scholarship applicants if the school has been in existence for 3 years or less.

(1) Publish and report annually to the Department of Education and distribute to the scholarship applicants if the private school is or is not accredited by a regional accrediting association that is validated by a third-party accreditor at the national level, the name of the accrediting association that accredits the private school, and if the private school is in the process of receiving candidate status. The Department of Education shall make the annual list of accredited and nonaccredited private schools available to the public and shall make that list available by county.

4 5

A private school that fails to comply with this section is ineligible to participate in the scholarship program under this section.

- (7) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION; RESPONSIBILITIES.--The Department of Education must:
- (a) Annually submit, by March 15, to the Department of Revenue a list of eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements of this section.
- (b) Annually determine the eligibility of nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements of this section. The Department of Education must determine the eligibility of the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization within 90 days after the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization's application for approval to participate in the program. The Department of Education must provide written notice of approval or denial to participate in the program to the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization. The notice must contain the specific reasons for approval or denial.

4 5

(c) Annually determine the eligibility of private schools that meet the requirements of this section. The Department of Education must maintain a list of eligible private schools, and that list must be made accessible to the public.

- (d) Annually verify the eligibility of students that meet the requirements of this section. The Department of Education must maintain a database of students participating in the program. The Department of Education must, at least quarterly, update its database to ensure that a student continues to meet the requirements of this section. The Department of Education must immediately notify an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization of any student that fails to meet the requirements of this section.
- (e) Annually account for and verify the eligibility of expenditures under this section.
- (f) Annually review all audit reports of nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations for compliance with this section.
- (g) Annually submit, administer, and retain records of affidavits from private schools certifying compliance with this section.
- (h) Select an independent private research organization to which participating private schools must report the scores of participating students on the Iowa Test of Basic Skills, the Stanford-9, or the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test, or subsequent versions of these tests administered by the private school. The independent private research organization must annually report to the Department of Education on the year-to-year improvements of the participating students. The independent research organization

4 5

6

7

8

9 10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20 21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

must analyze and report student performance data in a manner that protects the rights of students and parents as mandated in 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g and must not disaggregate data to a level that will disclose the identity of students or of private schools. To the extent possible, the independent private research organization must accumulate historical performance data on students from the Department of Education and private schools to describe baseline performance and to conduct longitudinal studies.

- (i) Revoke the eligibility of a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, private school, or student to participate in the program for noncompliance with this section.
- (j) Annually report, by December 15, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Department of Education's actions with respect to implementing accountability in the scholarship program under this section including, but not limited to, any substantiated allegations or violations of law or rule by a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or private school under this program and the corrective action taken by the Department of Education.
 - (8)(7) ADMINISTRATION; RULES.--
- (a) If the credit granted pursuant to this section is not fully used in any one year because of insufficient tax liability on the part of the corporation, the unused amount may be carried forward for a period not to exceed 3 years; however, any taxpayer that seeks to carry forward an unused amount of tax credit must submit an application for allocation of tax credits or carryforward credits as required in 31 paragraph (d) in the year that the taxpayer intends to use the

4 5

carryforward. The total amount of tax credits and carryforward of tax credits granted each state fiscal year under this section is \$88 million. This carryforward applies to all approved contributions made after January 1, 2002. A taxpayer may not convey, assign, or transfer the credit authorized by this section to another entity unless all of the assets of the taxpayer are conveyed, assigned, or transferred in the same transaction.

- (b) An application for a tax credit pursuant to this section shall be submitted to the Department of Revenue on forms established by rule of the Department of Revenue.
- (c) The Department of Revenue and the Department of Education shall develop a cooperative agreement to assist in the administration of this section. The Department of Education shall be responsible for annually submitting, by March 15, to the department a list of eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(d) and for monitoring eligibility of nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(d), eligibility of nonpublic schools that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(c), and eligibility of expenditures under this section as provided in subsection (4).
- (d) The Department of Revenue shall adopt rules necessary to administer this section, including rules establishing application forms and procedures and governing the allocation of tax credits and carryforward credits under this section on a first-come, first-served basis.
- (e) The <u>State Board of Education</u> Department of Education shall adopt rules <u>pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and</u>

1 120.54 to administer this section, including, but not limited 2 to, rules: necessary to 3 1. Determining determine eligibility of nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations and private schools; as 4 defined in paragraph (2)(d) and according to the provisions of 5 6 subsection (4) and 7 2. Identifying identify qualified students; as defined 8 in paragraph (2)(e). 9 3. Identifying the documentation required to establish eligibility for nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations; 10 11 4. Requiring an affidavit, which comports with this section's requirements for private schools that participate in 12 the scholarship program; and 13 5. Identifying the independent income-verification 14 documentation required to establish student eligibility under 15 16 this section. 17 The State Board of Education may delegate its authority under this section to the Commissioner of Education 18 19 with the exception of rulemaking authority. 20 (9)(8) DEPOSITS OF ELIGIBLE CONTRIBUTIONS.--All 21 eligible contributions received by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall be deposited in a 22 23 manner consistent with s. 17.57(2). Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 24 25 law. 26 27 28 29 30 31

1 2	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 2978
3	
4	This committee substitute provides that a private school:
5	Must maintain a physical location in this state where each scholarship student regularly attends classes;
6 7	May not be a correspondence school or distance learning school;
8 9	May not direct or provide scholarship funds to a parent of a scholarship student who receives instruction under the program at home; and
10	May not be a home education program as defined in s. 1002.01(1), F.S.
11 12	The committee substitute:
13	Requires all owners of a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, all owners of a private school, and
14	all private school personnel having direct contact with students to undergo background screening
15	pursuant to s. 435.04, F.S.;
16	Prohibits any owner or personnel that fails to meet the background standards from being employed, contracted
17	with, or engaged to provide services with a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or private school respectively;
18	Provides that the owner, the nonprofit
19 20	scholarship-funding organization, the private school, or the private school personnel must pay for the background screening; and
21	Requires the Department of Law Enforcement to retain
22	fingerprint records and match the records with any arrest records received. The Department of Law
23	Enforcement shall adopt rules setting the annual fee for the retention and search.
24	The committee substitute eliminates the requirement that a
25	nonprofit scholarship-funding organization provide a statement from an independent certified public accountant regarding the sufficiency of its capital or credit to operate the program as
26	a condition of participation in the program.
27	The committee substitute requires a private school to annually administer or make provisions for scholarship students to take
28	the Iowa Test of Basic Skills, the Stanford-9, or the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test, or subsequent versions of these
29	tests.
30	The committee substitute requires a private school to report to the Department of Education and to scholarship applicants whether the private school has been in existence less than 3 years. In addition, a private school must report to the 29

Department of Education and to scholarship applicants whether the private school is accredited, the name of the accrediting association, and whether the private school is in candidate status. The Department of Education shall make the list of accredited and nonaccredited private schools available to the public by county. The committee substitute requires the Department of Education to annually review the audits of all nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.