## Bill No. CS for CS for SB 2994

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_ Barcode 861492

## CHAMBER ACTION

	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
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1	WD/2R . 04/24/2004 09:37 AM .
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10	Constant American and Minim moved the fellowing amendment:
11	Senators Aronberg and Klein moved the following amendment:
12	Canata Amandmant (with title amandmant)
13	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
14 15	On page 80, between lines 10 and 11,
	ingont:
16	insert:
17	Section 82. Section 732.103, Florida Statutes, is
18	amended to read:
19	732.103 Share of other heirsThe part of the
20	intestate estate not passing to the surviving spouse under s.
21	732.102, or the entire intestate estate if there is no
22	surviving spouse, descends as follows:
23	(1) To the lineal descendants of the decedent.
24	(2) If there is no lineal descendant, to the
25	decedent's father and mother equally, or to the survivor of
26	them.
27	(3) If there is none of the foregoing, to the
28	decedent's brothers and sisters and the descendants of
29	deceased brothers and sisters.
30	(4) If there is none of the foregoing, the estate
31	shall be divided, one-half of which shall go to the decedent's
	5:16 PM 04/23/04 s2994c2c-27k8h

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paternal, and the other half to the decedent's maternal, kindred in the following order:

- (a) To the grandfather and grandmother equally, or to the survivor of them.
- (b) If there is no grandfather or grandmother, to uncles and aunts and descendants of deceased uncles and aunts of the decedent.
- (c) If there is either no paternal kindred or no maternal kindred, the estate shall go to the other kindred who survive, in the order stated above.
- (5) If there is no kindred of either part, the whole of the property shall go to the kindred of the last deceased spouse of the decedent as if the deceased spouse had survived the decedent and then died intestate entitled to the estate.
- (6) If there are none of the foregoing and part of the normal family lineage of the intestate decedent cannot be documented because it includes a Holocaust victim, the probate court may extend the right of succession to other persons who the best available evidence shows are surviving heirs. A petition by a person claiming to be such an heir may not be dismissed for failure to comply with an applicable statute of limitations or laches. In addition, the court may allow such a claimant to meet a reasonable, not unduly restrictive, standard to substantiate a claim, including a claim that a person's whereabouts are unknown as evidence of a decedent if such claim is from a source that a reasonable person would accept as reliable in the conduct of his or her affairs. For purposes of this subsection, the term "Holocaust victim" means a person who disappeared or lost his or her life or property as a result of discriminatory laws, policies, or actions 31 targeted against discreet groups or persons between 1900 and

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1 | 1945, inclusive, in Nazi Germany, areas occupied by Nazi
   Germany, or countries allied or cooperating with Nazi Germany.
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    (Redesignate subsequent sections.)
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   ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==========
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   And the title is amended as follows:
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          On page 4, line 30, after the semicolon,
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    insert:
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          amending s. 723.103, F.S.; authorizing the
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          court, under specified conditions, to extend
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          the right of succession to surviving heirs when
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          the decent's lineage cannot be fully documented
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          because it includes a Holocaust victim;
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          limiting the application of statutes of
          limitation under certain circumstances;
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          defining the term "Holocaust victim";
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