HB 0391 2004 A bill to be entitled

1

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

An act relating to tax administration; amending ss. 213.235 and 220.807, F.S.; providing an alternative to a requirement that the interest rate on certain tax deficiencies shall be the rounded adjusted prime rate charged by banks plus 4 percentage points; providing application of certain adjustments; requiring the Department of Revenue to use certain adjusted prime rates in certain calculations; amending ss. 213.24, 213.255, 220.723, and 220.809, F.S., to conform; providing an effective date.

11 12

13

10

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

14 15

Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (5) of section Section 1. 213.235, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

17 18

16

213.235 Determination of interest on deficiencies.--

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the annual

19 20

21

22

23

rate of interest applicable to tax payment deficiencies that arise on or after January 1, 2000, shall be the adjusted rate established by the executive director of the department under subsection (2) or subsection (3), unless a lower rate for the particular tax is specifically provided for in law, in which case the lower rate applies. This annual rate of interest

24 25

26

(2)(a) If the adjusted prime rate charged by banks, rounded to the nearest full percent, plus 4 percentage points, during either:

27 28 applies to all taxes enumerated in s. 213.05.

HB 0391 $\underline{1.(a)}$ The 6-month period ending on September 30 of any

calendar year, or

 $\underline{2.(b)}$ The 6-month period ending on March 31 of any calendar year

differs from the interest rate in effect on either such date, the executive director of the department shall, within 20 days, establish an adjusted rate of interest equal to such adjusted prime rate plus 4 percentage points.

- $\underline{\text{(b)}(3)}$ An adjusted rate of interest established under this subsection section becomes effective:
- 1.(a) On January 1 of the succeeding year, if based upon the adjusted prime rate plus 4 percentage points for the 6-month period ending on September 30; or
- 2.(b) On July 1 of the same calendar year, if based upon the adjusted prime rate plus 4 percentage points for the 6-month period ending on March 31.
- (3)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (2), if payment of a tax payment deficiency is made within 60 days after issuance of an assessment, billing, or notice and demand for payment, or an agreement for scheduling payments of taxes, interest, and penalties is made within 60 days after issuance of an assessment, billing, or notice and demand for payment, interest on the tax deficiency shall be the adjusted prime rate charged by banks, rounded to the nearest full percent. If the adjusted prime rate charged by banks, rounded to the nearest full percent during either:
- 1. The 6-month period ending on September 30 of any calendar year, or

2. The 6-month period ending on March 31 of any calendar year

- differs from the interest rate in effect on either such date,
 the executive director of the department shall, within 20 days,
 establish an adjusted rate of interest equal to such adjusted
 prime rate.
- (b) An adjusted rate of interest established under this subsection becomes effective:
- 1. On January 1 of the succeeding year, if based upon the adjusted prime rate for the 6-month period ending on September 30; or
- 2. On July 1 of the same calendar year, if based upon the adjusted prime rate for the 6-month period ending on March 31.
- (5) Once established, an adjusted rate of interest remains in effect until further adjusted under subsection (2) $\underline{\text{or}}$ subsection (3).
- Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 213.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 213.24 Accrual of penalties and interest on deficiencies; deficiency billing costs.--
- (1) If <u>an assessment</u>, <u>billing</u>, <u>or</u> notice and demand is made for the payment of any amount due under laws made applicable to this chapter and if such amount is paid within <u>60</u> 30 days after the date of such <u>assessment</u>, <u>billing</u>, or notice and demand, no additional penalties or interest under this section on the amount so paid shall be imposed for the period after the date of such <u>assessment</u>, <u>billing</u>, <u>or</u> notice and demand.

Section 3. Subsection (12) of section 213.255, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 213.255 Interest.--Interest shall be paid on overpayments of taxes, payment of taxes not due, or taxes paid in error, subject to the following conditions:
- (12) The rate of interest shall be the adjusted rate established pursuant to s. 213.235(3), except that the annual rate of interest shall never be greater than 11 percent. This annual rate of interest shall be applied to all refunds of taxes administered by the department except for corporate income taxes and emergency excise taxes governed by ss. 220.721 and 220.723.
- Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 220.723, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 220.723 Overpayments; interest. --

- (1) Interest shall be allowed and paid in accordance with the provisions of s. 220.807(3) upon any overpayment of a tax imposed by this chapter. However, if any overpayment is refunded or credited within 3 months after the date upon which the taxpayer files written notice advising the department of such overpayment, no interest shall be allowed on such overpayment.
- Section 5. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (5) of section 220.807, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 220.807 Determination of rate of interest.--
- (1) The annual rate of interest applicable to this chapter shall be the adjusted rate established by the executive director of the Department of Revenue under subsection (2) or subsection (3), except that the annual rate of interest shall never be greater than 12 percent.
 - (2)(a) If the adjusted prime rate charged by banks,

Page 4 of 7

HB 0391 2004 116 rounded to the nearest full percent, plus 4 percentage points, 117 during either: 118 1.(a) The 6-month period ending on September 30 of any 119 calendar year; or 2.(b) The 6-month period ending on March 31 of any 120 121 calendar year, 122 123 differs from the interest rate in effect on either such date, 124 the executive director of the Department of Revenue shall, within 20 days, establish an adjusted rate of interest equal to 125 126 such adjusted prime rate plus 4 percentage points. 127 (b)(3) An adjusted rate of interest established under this 128 subsection section shall become effective: 129 1. (a) On January 1 of the succeeding year, if based upon 130 the adjusted prime rate plus 4 percentage points for the 6-month 131 period ending on September 30; or 132 2.(b) On July 1 of the same calendar year, if based upon the adjusted prime rate plus 4 percentage points for the 6-month 133 134 period ending on March 31. 135 (3)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (2), if payment of a tax payment deficiency is made within 60 days after issuance of an 136 137 assessment, billing, or notice and demand for payment, or if an agreement for scheduling payments of taxes, interest, and 138 penalties is made within 60 days after issuance of an 139 assessment, billing, or notice and demand for payment, interest 140 on the tax deficiency shall be the adjusted prime rate charged 141 142 by banks, rounded to the nearest full percent. If the adjusted 143 prime rate charged by banks, rounded to the nearest full percent

144

during either:

1. The 6-month period ending on September 30 of any calendar year, or

147

148

149

154

155

156

157

158

159

160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168169

170171

172

173

- 2. The 6-month period ending on March 31 of any calendar year
- differs from the interest rate in effect on either such date,
 the executive director of the department shall, within 20 days,
 establish an adjusted rate of interest equal to such adjusted
 prime rate.
 - (b) An adjusted rate of interest established under this subsection becomes effective:
 - 1. On January 1 of the succeeding year, if based upon the adjusted prime rate for the 6-month period ending on September 30; or
 - 2. On July 1 of the same calendar year, if based upon the adjusted prime rate for the 6-month period ending on March 31.
 - (5) Once established, an adjusted rate of interest shall remain in effect until an adjustment is made under subsection (2) or subsection (3).
 - Section 6. Subsection (5) of section 220.809, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 220.809 Interest on deficiencies.--
 - (5) If <u>an assessment</u>, <u>billing</u>, <u>or</u> notice and demand is made for the payment of any amount due under this chapter, and if such amount is paid within <u>60</u> 30 days after the date of such <u>assessment</u>, <u>billing</u>, <u>or</u> notice and demand, interest under this section on the amount so paid shall not be imposed for the period after the date of such <u>assessment</u>, <u>billing</u>, <u>or</u> notice and demand.

Section 7. Amendments made by this act to ss. 213.235 and 220.807, Florida Statutes, apply to interest due on tax payment deficiencies that arise on or after July 1, 2004, and also apply to interest due on tax payment deficiencies that arose on or after January 1, 2000, but remain unpaid as of July 1, 2004.

When calculating the rate that takes effect on July 1, 2004, the department shall use in making that calculation the adjusted prime rate charged by banks, rounded to the nearest full percent, during the 6-month period ending on March 31, 2004.

Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2004.