2 An act relating to regulation of the funeral 3 and cemetery industry; providing a short title; 4 creating in the Department of Financial 5 Services the Division of Funeral, Cemetery, and 6 Consumer Services; creating in the Department 7 of Financial Services the Board of Funeral, 8 Cemetery, and Consumer Services; abolishing the 9 Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services; abolishing the Board of Funeral Directors and 10 Embalmers; consolidating regulation under chs. 11 470 and 497, F.S., into ch. 497, F.S., under 12 13 the Board of Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer 14 Services in the Department of Financial Services; removing responsibility regarding ch. 15 470, F.S., from the Department of Business and 16 Professional Regulation; dividing ch. 497, 17 18 F.S., into part I relating to general provisions, part II relating to cemetery 19 regulation, part III relating to funeral 20 directing, embalming, and related services, 21 22 part IV relating to preneed sales, part V 23 relating to monument establishments, and part 24 VI relating to cremation, crematories, and direct disposition; providing for the continued 25 validity of licenses, registrations, and 26 certificates issued under chs. 470 and 497, 27 28 F.S.; providing for continued validity of rules 29 of the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services, the Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers, 30 and the Department of Business and Professional 31

2004 Legislature CS for CS for SB 528, 1st Engrossed

1	Regulation, adopted under or in relation to ch.
2	470, F.S., or ch. 497, F.S.; providing for
3	continued validity of orders entered by the
4	Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services, the
5	Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers, and
6	the Department of Business and Professional
7	Regulation for or in relation to the
8	enforcement of ch. 470, F.S., or ch. 497, F.S.;
9	providing for the substitution of the
10	Department of Financial Services and the Board
11	of Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer Services as
12	parties in pending litigation; providing for
13	type two transfers; providing for a
14	transitional timeline and procedures;
15	eliminating or consolidating duplicative
16	provisions from chs. 470 and 497, F.S.;
17	replacing references to registrations,
18	registrants, certificates, and
19	certificateholders with references to licenses
20	and licensees; conforming internal statutory
21	references; amending ss. 497.001, 497.002,
22	497.005, 497.101, 497.103, and 497.107, F.S.,
23	to conform; amending and renumbering ss.
24	470.006, 470.007, 470.008, 470.0085, 470.0087,
25	470.009, 470.011, 470.012, 470.013, 470.014,
26	470.015, 470.016, 470.0165, 470.017, 470.018,
27	470.0201, 470.021, 470.022, 470.024, 470.025,
28	470.0255, 470.026, 470.029, 470.0294, 470.0295,
29	470.0301, 470.0315, 470.032, 470.0355,
30	470.0375, 470.038, 470.039, 470.0395, 497.003,
31	497.004, 497.025, 497.0255, 497.121, 497.133,

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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497.201, 497.205, 497.213, 497.229, 497.237,
 2
           497.241, 497.245, 497.249, 497.253, 497.255,
 3
           497.257, 497.305, 497.309, 497.313, 497.317,
           497.321, 497.325, 497.329, 497.333, 497.337,
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 5
           497.345, 497.349, 497.353, 497.357, 497.361,
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           497.401, 497.403, 497.405, 497.407, 497.409,
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           497.411, 497.413, 497.415, 497.417, 497.419,
           497.421, 497.423, 497.425, 497.427, 497.429,
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 9
           497.436, 497.437, 497.439, 497.441, 497.525,
           497.527, and 497.531, F.S., to conform;
10
           creating ss. 497.0021, 497.141, 497.142,
11
           497.143, 497.144, 497.145, 497.146, 497.147,
12
13
           497.148, 497.149, 497.150, 497.151, 497.152,
           497.153, 497.156, 497.157, 497.159, 497.161,
14
           497.163, 497.166, 497.167, 497.168, 497.274,
15
           497.275, 497.365, 497.366, 497.367, 497.551,
16
           497.552, 497.553, 497.554, 497.555, 497.556,
17
18
           and 497.608, F.S.; amending chapter name;
           clarifying purpose and intent of chapter;
19
           amending and providing additional definitions;
20
           creating the Board of Funeral, Cemetery, and
21
22
           Consumer Services, identifying criteria for
23
           membership, describing procedures for
24
           appointment of members, and providing
           administrative procedures regarding operation;
2.5
26
           allocating authority and responsibility between
           the board and the Department of Financial
27
28
           Services; providing procedures for establishing
29
           and processing fees; providing for creation of
           disciplinary guidelines; providing for the
30
           issuance of disciplinary citations; providing
31
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1	authority for judicial actions to terminate
2	violations and abate nuisances; establishing
3	health and safety education requirements;
4	establishing authority and requirements for the
5	regulation of solicitation of goods and
6	services; establishing liability of owners and
7	others for trust fund deficits; authorizing and
8	clarifying provisions regarding private
9	actions; prohibiting unauthorized arrangements
10	for the sale of funeral or burial merchandiser
11	services; clarifying authority and procedures
12	regarding complaints against unlicensed
13	cemeteries; establishing prohibitions against
14	discrimination based on race or color;
15	providing procedures for the transfer of
16	cemetery licenses; requiring reference to
17	authorizing statute in trust instrument's;
18	clarifying requirements for minimum acreage in
19	cemeteries; establishing requirements for sale,
20	leasing, or encumbering cemetery lands;
21	amending requirements regarding illegal tying
22	arrangements; establishing requirements
23	regarding burial rights brokers; establishing
24	requirements regarding informational brochures
25	to be provided by cemeteries to customers;
26	authorizing payment of court costs and attorney
27	fees in litigation to enforce reporting
28	requirements by unlicensed cemeteries;
29	authorizing fees to be specified by the board
30	subject to caps; providing rulemaking authority
31	to the board and the department; establishing

and	d clarifying requirements regarding the
pr	ocessing of the human bodies; establishing
re	quirements for the approval of preneed
CO	ntract forms and related forms; authorizing
ru	les regarding the reliance by preneed
tr	ustees on the advice of investment advisers,
and	d restricting payments to investment
ad ⁻	visers; establishing restrictions on the
in	vesting or loaning of preneed trust funds;
pr	oviding additional authority in the board
CO	ncerning orders to liquidate specified
pr	eneed trust fund investments; providing
ado	ditional authority in the board regarding the
re	quirements of preneed trust instrument's;
pr	oviding requirements and additional authority
in	the board regarding surrender of preneed
li	censes; providing procedures and requirements
re	garding application and issuance of licenses
to	preneed sales agents; clarifying and
es	tablishing requirements regarding persons
le	gally authorized to authorize burial and
fu	neral services and procedures; clarifying
ap	plicability of parts; providing general
pr	ocedures applicable to licensing; providing
au	thority and procedures regarding submission
and	d processing of fingerprints; providing
au	thority and procedures for limited licensing
of	retired professionals; providing procedures
and	d requirements regarding licensing
exa	aminations; allowing use of professional
te	sting services; providing requirements for

notification of licensee change of address;
providing procedures and requirements for
continuing education; providing requirements
for monitoring of continuing education by
licensees; providing procedures and authority
for investigations, inspections, and hearings
to be conducted by the department; providing
procedures and authority for financial and
compliance examinations of licensees by the
department; establishing requirements and
authority regarding retention of complaints and
creation of complaint logs; establishing
grounds for disciplinary action; establishing
disciplinary procedures and authorizing
penalties; providing authority and procedures
for action against unlicensed practice;
identifying conduct constituting criminal
violations; authorizing and providing
procedures for receivership proceedings;
authorizing rules; providing restrictions in
relation to citizenship; establishing
responsibility of licensees regarding preneed
sales by persons under their supervision;
clarifying the relationship of part IV to other
parts of the chapter; requiring toll-free
telephone hotline; identifying and providing
authority and procedures regarding executive
director of the board; establishing
requirements for submission for budget;
establishing requirements for training program
for the board members; authorizing newsletters

and other informational communications with	
licensees; authorizing screen of licensed	
records in relation to child support	
requirements; clarifying status in regard to	
insurance coverage and immunity of agents	
retained by the department; authorizing use of	
disciplinary settlement funds for training of	
staff; establishing deadlines for completeness	
of applications for submission and board	
meetings; authorizing rules record applicants	
to appear before the board for oral interview	
by the board; establishing procedures for	
calculating deadlines for filings by licensees;	
clarifying status of elected officials licensed	
under the chapter; providing for presentation	
of applications to the board by the department;	
providing standing to the department in	
judicial proceedings; providing for certain	
legal services to the board by the Department	
of Legal Affairs; establishing requirements and	
authority regarding member of the military	
reserves; establishing procedures and fees for	
application for licensure as a cemetery;	
establishing standards and mapping requirements	
for grave spaces; establishing requirements for	
placement of identification tags on grave	
vaults, mausoleum crypts, and other outer	
burial containers, in licensed cemeteries;	
establishing requirements and procedures	
regarding inactive and delinquent licenses	
under part III; establishing requirements for	

1	sending renewal and cancellation of licensed
2	notices; establishing requirements for
3	instruction on HIV and AIDS; authorizing fees
4	to be determined by the board subject to
5	specified caps; providing rulemaking authority
6	to the board and department; establishing and
7	clarifying requirements regarding the handling
8	and processing of dead human bodies;
9	establishing requirements regarding
10	identification of human remains in licensed and
11	unlicensed cemeteries, and by direct disposal
12	establishments; establishing procedures and
13	requirements regarding application for preneed
14	license; authorizing issuance of licenses on
15	probationary status; establishing procedures
16	and requirements for change in control of the
17	preneed license; establishing requirements
18	regarding renewal of preneed licenses;
19	establishing requirements and procedures for
20	the licensure and operation of preneed
21	branches; establishing requirements regarding
22	reports by preneed trusts; establishing
23	procedures and requirements for the licensure
24	of monument establishment businesses;
25	establishing requirements for the renewal of
26	monument establishment licenses; establishing
27	requirements for approval of sales agreement
28	forms used by monument establishments;
29	establishing requirements for procedures by
30	monument establishments in relation to
31	complaints from customers; establishing

1	requirements for refund of moneys to customers
2	in regard to failure to deliver monuments
3	according to contract terms; establishing
4	requirements and procedures for the licensing
5	of sales persons employed by monument
6	establishments; establishing procedures and
7	requirements regarding licensure of monument
8	establishments to engage in preneed sales;
9	establishing requirements and procedures for
10	licensure of direct disposers; establishing
11	requirements and procedures for licensure of
12	direct disposal establishments; establishing
13	requirements applicable to the operation of
14	direct disposal establishments; establishing
15	procedures and requirements for the licensure
16	of cinerator facilities; establishing
17	requirements and procedures for the supervision
18	and operation of cinerator facilities;
19	establishing restrictions on liability for
20	unintentional commingling of cremation
21	residues; amending ss. 20.121, 20.165,
22	316.1974, 381.0098, 382.002, 403.703, 406.02,
23	406.50, 406.52, 406.53, 455.2226, 501.022,
24	501.604, 626.785, and 765.519, F.S.; conforming
25	references; repealing ss. 470.001, 470.002,
26	470.003, 470.005, 470.019, 470.023, 470.027,
27	470.028, 470.031, 470.033, 470.034, 470.035,
28	470.036, 497.105, 497.109, 497.111, 497.113,
29	497.115, 497.117, 497.119, 497.123, 497.125,
30	497.127, 497.129, 497.131, 497.135, 497.137,
31	497.209, 497.217, 497.221, 497.225, 497.233,

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497.301, 497.341, 497.431, 497.435, 497.443,
 2
           497.445, 497.447, 497.515, 497.517, 497.519,
 3
           and 497.529, F.S., to conform; providing
 4
           effective dates.
 5
   Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
 6
 7
 8
           Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Senator
 9
    Howard E. Futch Act."
           Section 2. Part I of chapter 497, Florida Statutes,
10
    consisting of sections 497.001, 497.002, 497.0021, 497.005,
11
    497.101, 497.103, 497.107, 497.140, 497.141, 497.142, 497.143,
12
13
    497.144, 497.145, 497.146, 497.147, 497.148, 497.149, 497.150,
    497.151, 497.152, 497.153, 497.154, 497.155, 497.156, 497.157,
14
    497.158, 497.159, 497.160, 497.161, 497.162, 497.163, 497.164,
15
    497.165, 497.166, 497.167, 497.168, 497.169, and 497.170, is
16
   created to read:
17
18
                                PART I
19
                        GENERAL PROVISIONS
           Section 3. Section 497.001, Florida Statutes, is
20
   amended to read:
2.1
22
           497.001 Short title.--This chapter may be cited as the
23
    "Florida Funeral, and Cemetery, and Consumer Services Act."
24
           Section 4. Section 497.002, Florida Statutes, is
    amended to read:
2.5
           497.002 Purpose and intent.--
26
27
           (1) The Legislature recognizes that purchasers of
28
   preneed burial rights, funeral or burial merchandise, or
29
   funeral or burial services may suffer serious economic harm if
30
   purchase money is not set aside for future use as intended by
31 | the purchaser and that the failure to maintain cemetery
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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grounds properly may cause significant emotional stress.
   Therefore, it is necessary in the interest of the public
    welfare to regulate preneed sales and cemeteries
 3
    certificateholders, licensees, registrants, and cemetery
 4
    companies in this state. However, restrictions shall be
 5
 6
    imposed only to the extent necessary to protect the public
    from significant or discernible harm or damage and not in a
 8
    manner which will unreasonably affect the competitive market.
 9
           (2) Subject to certain interests of society, the
   Legislature finds that every competent adult has the right to
10
    control the decisions relating to her or his own funeral
11
    arrangements. Accordingly, unless otherwise stated herein, it
12
13
    is the Legislature's express intent that nothing contained in
14
    this chapter should be construed or interpreted in any manner
    as to subject preneed contract purchasers to federal income
15
    taxation under the grantor trust rules contained in ss. 671 et
16
    seq. of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
17
18
          (3) The Legislature deems it necessary in the interest
19
    of public health and safety to establish minimum
    qualifications for entry into the professions and occupations
20
    of embalming, funeral directing, cremation, direct
21
22
    disposition, and monument sales, to regulate such activities,
    and to provide for swift and effective discipline for those
2.3
24
   practitioners who violate the law.
           Section 5. Section 497.0021, Florida Statutes, is
2.5
    created to read:
26
27
           497.0021 Applicability of parts. -- The provisions of
    this part shall be applicable to and supplement the provisions
28
29
   of parts II, III, IV, V, and VI of this chapter and shall be
    applicable to all licensees under this chapter, except to the
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extent specifically provided otherwise in this chapter.

1	Section 6. Section 497.005, Florida Statutes, is
2	amended to read:
3	497.005 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter:
4	(1) "Alternative container" means a nonmetal
5	receptacle or enclosure which is less expensive than a casket
6	and of sufficient strength to be used to hold and transport a
7	dead human body.
8	$\frac{(2)}{(1)}$ "At-need solicitation" means any uninvited
9	contact by a licensee or her or his agent for the purpose of
10	the sale of burial services or merchandise to the family or
11	next of kin of a person after her or his death has occurred.
12	(3)(2) "Bank of belowground crypts" means any
13	construction unit of belowground crypts which is acceptable to
14	the department and which a cemetery uses to initiate its
15	belowground crypt program or to add to existing belowground
16	crypt structures.
17	$\frac{(4)}{(3)}$ "Belowground crypts" consist of interment space
18	in preplaced chambers, either side by side or multiple depth,
19	covered by earth and sod and known also as "lawn crypts,"
20	"westminsters," or "turf-top crypts."
21	(5)(4) "Board" means the Board of Funeral, and
22	Cemetery, and Consumer Services.
23	(6) "Body parts" means:
24	(a) Limbs or other portions of the anatomy which are
25	removed from a person or human remains for medical purposes
26	during treatment, surgery, biopsy, autopsy, or medical
27	research; or
28	(b) Human bodies or any portions of human bodies which
29	have been donated to science for medical research purposes.
30	(7)(5) "Burial merchandise," "funeral merchandise," or
31	"merchandise" means any personal property offered or sold by

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any person for use in connection with the final disposition, memorialization, interment, entombment, or inurnment of human remains. (8)(6) "Burial right" means the right to use a grave space, mausoleum, columbarium, ossuary, or scattering garden for the interment, entombment, inurnment, or other disposition of human remains. (9)(7) "Burial service," "funeral service," or "service" means any service offered or provided by any person in connection with the final disposition, memorialization, interment, entombment, or inurnment of human remains. (10)(8) "Care and maintenance" means the perpetual process of keeping a cemetery and its lots, graves, grounds, landscaping, roads, paths, parking lots, fences, mausoleums,

columbaria, vaults, crypts, utilities, and other improvements, structures, and embellishments in a well-cared-for and dignified condition, so that the cemetery does not become a nuisance or place of reproach and desolation in the community. As specified in the rules of the licensing authority board, "care and maintenance" may include, but is not limited to, any or all of the following activities: mowing the grass at reasonable intervals; raking and cleaning the grave spaces and adjacent areas; pruning of shrubs and trees; suppression of weeds and exotic flora; and maintenance, upkeep, and repair of drains, water lines, roads, buildings, and other improvements. "Care and maintenance" may include, but is not limited to, reasonable overhead expenses necessary for such purposes, including maintenance of machinery, tools, and equipment used for such purposes. "Care and maintenance" may also include repair or restoration of improvements necessary or desirable 31 as a result of wear, deterioration, accident, damage, or

destruction. "Care and maintenance" does not include expenses for the construction and development of new grave spaces or interment structures to be sold to the public. 3 (11)(9) "Casket" means a rigid container which is 4 designed for the encasement of human remains and which is 5 usually constructed of wood or metal, ornamented, and lined 6 7 with fabric. 8 (12)(10) "Cemetery" means a place dedicated to and 9 used or intended to be used for the permanent interment of human remains. A cemetery may contain land or earth interment; 10 mausoleum, vault, or crypt interment; a columbarium, ossuary, 11 scattering garden, or other structure or place used or 12 13 intended to be used for the interment or disposition of 14 cremated human remains; or any combination of one or more of 15 such structures or places. (13)(11) "Cemetery company" means any legal entity 16 that owns or controls cemetery lands or property. 17 18 (14) "Centralized embalming facility" means a facility, not physically connected with a funeral 19 establishment, in which embalming takes place. 20 (12) "Certificateholder" or "licensee" means the 21 22 person or entity that is authorized under this chapter to sell 23 preneed funeral or burial services, preneed funeral or burial 24 merchandise, or burial rights. Each term shall include the 2.5 other, as applicable, as the context requires. For the purposes of chapter 120, all certificateholders, licensees, 26 and registrants shall be considered licensees. 27 (15) "Cinerator" means a facility where dead human 28 29 bodies are reduced to a residue, including bone fragments, by direct flame, also known as "cremation," or by intense heat, 30 also known as "calcination."

1	(16) "Closed container" means any container in which
2	cremated remains can be placed and closed in a manner so as to
3	prevent leakage or spillage of the remains.
4	(17)(13) "Columbarium" means a structure or building
5	which is substantially exposed above the ground and which is
6	intended to be used for the inurnment of cremated human
7	remains.
8	(18)(14) "Common business enterprise" means a group of
9	two or more business entities that share common ownership in
10	excess of 50 percent.
11	(19) "Control" means the possession, directly or
12	indirectly, through the ownership of voting shares, by
13	contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship, or
14	otherwise, of the power to direct or cause the direction of
15	the management and policies of a person or entity. However, a
16	person or entity shall not be deemed to have control if the
17	person or entity holds voting shares, in good faith and not
18	for the purpose of circumventing this definition, as an agent,
19	bank, broker, nominee, custodian, or trustee for one or more
20	beneficial owners who do not individually or as a group have
21	control.
22	(20) "Cremated remains" means all the remains of the
23	human body recovered after the completion of the cremation
24	process, including processing or pulverization which leaves
25	only bone fragments reduced to unidentifiable dimensions and
26	may include the residue of any foreign matter, including
27	casket material, bridgework, or eyeglasses that were cremated
28	with the human remains.
29	(21)(15) "Cremation" means the technical process,
30	using direct flame and heat or chemical means, which reduces
31	human remains to hone fragments through heat and evaporation

1	Cremation includes the processing and usually includes the
2	pulverization of the bone fragments includes any mechanical or
3	thermal process whereby a dead human body is reduced to ashes.
4	Cremation also includes any other mechanical or thermal
5	process whereby human remains are pulverized, burned,
6	recremated, or otherwise further reduced in size or quantity.
7	(22) "Cremation chamber" means the enclosed space
8	within which the cremation process takes place. Cremation
9	chambers covered by these procedures must be used exclusively
10	for the cremation of human remains.
11	(23) "Cremation container" means the container in
12	which the human remains are transported to and placed in the
13	cremation chamber for a cremation. A cremation container
14	should meet substantially all of the following standards:
15	(a) Be composed of readily combustible materials
16	suitable for cremation.
17	(b) Be able to be closed in order to provide a
18	complete covering for the human remains.
19	(c) Be resistant to leakage or spillage.
20	(d) Be rigid enough to be handled with ease.
21	(e) Be able to provide protection for the health,
22	safety, and personal integrity of crematory personnel.
23	(24) "Cremation interment container" means a rigid
24	outer container that, subject to a cemetery's rules and
25	regulations, is composed of concrete, steel, fiberglass, or
26	some similar material in which an urn is placed prior to being
27	interred in the ground and that is designed to support the
28	earth above the urn.
29	(25)(16) "Department" means the Department of
30	Financial Services.
31	

1	(26) "Direct disposal establishment" means a facility
2	licensed under this chapter where a direct disposer practices
3	direct disposition.
4	(27)(17) "Direct disposer" means any person <u>licensed</u>
5	under this chapter who is registered in this state to practice
6	direct disposition in this state pursuant to the provisions of
7	chapter 470 .
8	(28) "Director" means the director of the Division of
9	Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer Services.
10	(29) "Disinterment" means removal of a dead human body
11	from earth interment or aboveground interment.
12	(30) "Division" means the Division of Funeral,
13	Cemetery, and Consumer Services within the Department of
14	Financial Services.
15	(31) "Embalmer" means any person licensed under this
16	chapter to practice embalming in this state.
17	(32) (18) "Final disposition" means the final disposal
18	of a dead human body by earth interment, aboveground
19	interment, cremation, burial at sea, or delivery to a medical
20	institution for lawful dissection if the medical institution
21	assumes responsibility for disposal. "Final disposition" does
22	not include the disposal or distribution of ashes and residue
23	of cremated remains whether by interment, entombment, burial
24	at sea, cremation, or any other means and includes, but is not
25	limited to, any other disposition of remains for which a
26	segregated charge is imposed.
27	(33) "Funeral" or "funeral service" means the
28	observances, services, or ceremonies held to commemorate the
29	life of a specific deceased human being and at which the human
30	remains are present.
31	

(34)(19) "Funeral director" means any person licensed under this chapter in this state to practice funeral directing in this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter 470 . 3 (35) "Funeral establishment" means a facility licensed 4 under this chapter where a funeral director or embalmer 5 6 practices funeral directing or embalming. 7 (36) "Funeral merchandise" or "merchandise" means any 8 merchandise commonly sold in connection with the funeral, 9 final disposition, or memorialization of human remains, including, but not limited to, caskets, outer burial 10 containers, alternative containers, cremation containers, 11 cremation interment containers, urns, monuments, private 12 mausoleums, flowers, benches, vases, acknowledgment cards, 13 14 register books, memory folders, prayer cards, and clothing. (37)(20) "Grave space" means a space of ground in a 15 cemetery intended to be used for the interment in the ground 16 17 of human remains. 18 (38)(21) "Human remains" or "remains," or "dead human body" or "dead human bodies," means the body of a deceased 19 human person for which a death certificate or fetal death 20 certificate is required under chapter 382 and includes the 2.1 22 body in any stage of decomposition and the residue of cremated 23 human bodies means the bodies of deceased persons and includes 24 bodies in any stage of decomposition and cremated remains. (39) "Legally authorized person" means, in the 2.5 priority listed, the decedent, when written inter vivos 26 authorizations and directions are provided by the decedent; 2.7 28 the surviving spouse, unless the spouse has been arrested for 29 committing against the deceased an act of domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28 which resulted in or contributed to the 30 death of the deceased; a son or daughter who is 18 years of

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age or older; a parent; a brother or sister who is 18 years of
   age or older; a grandchild who is 18 years of age or older; a
   grandparent; or any person in the next degree of kinship. In
 3
    addition, the term may include, if no family member exists or
 4
    is available, the quardian of the dead person at the time of
 5
    death; the personal representative of the deceased; the
 6
 7
    attorney in fact of the dead person at the time of death; the
 8
    health surrogate of the dead person at the time of death; a
 9
    public health officer; the medical examiner, county
    commission, or administrator acting under part II of chapter
10
    406 or other public administrator; a representative of a
11
    nursing home or other health care institution in charge of
12
13
    final disposition; or a friend or other person not listed in
14
    this subsection who is willing to assume the responsibility as
    the legally authorized person. Where there is a person in any
15
    priority class listed in this subsection, the funeral
16
    establishment shall rely upon the authorization of any one
17
18
    legally authorized person of that class if that individual
19
    represents that she or he is not aware of any objection to the
    cremation of the deceased's human remains by others in the
20
    same class of the person making the representation or of any
2.1
22
   person in a higher priority class.
23
          (40) "License" includes all authorizations required or
24
    issued under this chapter, except where expressly indicated
    otherwise, and shall be understood to include authorizations
2.5
    previously referred to as registrations or certificates of
26
    authority in chapters 470 and 497 as those chapters appeared
2.7
2.8
    in the 2004 edition of the Florida Statutes.
29
          (41) "Licensee" means the person or entity holding any
    license or other authorization issued under this chapter,
30
    except where expressly indicated otherwise.
```

1	(42)(22) "Mausoleum" means a structure or building
2	which is substantially exposed above the ground and which is
3	intended to be used for the entombment of human remains.
4	(43)(23) "Mausoleum section" means any construction
5	unit of a mausoleum which is acceptable to the department and
6	which a cemetery uses to initiate its mausoleum program or to
7	add to its existing mausoleum structures.
8	(44)(24) "Monument" means any product used for
9	identifying a grave site and cemetery memorials of all types,
10	including monuments, markers, and vases.
11	(45)(25) "Monument establishment" means a facility
12	that operates independently of a cemetery or funeral
13	establishment and that offers to sell monuments or monument
14	services to the public for placement in a cemetery.
15	(46) (26) "Net assets" means the amount by which the
16	total assets of a <u>licensee</u> certificateholder , excluding
17	goodwill, franchises, customer lists, patents, trademarks, and
18	receivables from or advances to officers, directors,
19	employees, salespersons, and affiliated companies, exceed
20	total liabilities of the <u>licensee</u> certificateholder . For
21	purposes of this definition, the term "total liabilities" does
22	not include the capital stock, paid-in capital, or retained
23	earnings of the <u>licensee</u> certificateholder .
24	(47)(27) "Net worth" means total assets minus total
25	liabilities pursuant to generally accepted accounting
26	principles.
27	(48) "Niche" means a compartment or cubicle for the
28	memorialization or permanent placement of a container or urn
29	containing cremated remains.
30	(49) (28) "Ossuary" means a receptacle used for the

31 communal placement of cremated human remains without benefit

1	of an urn or any other container in which cremated remains may
2	be commingled with other cremated remains and are
3	nonrecoverable. It may or may not include memorialization.
4	(50)(29) "Outer burial container" means an enclosure
5	into which a casket is placed and includes, but is not limited
6	to, vaults made of concrete, steel, fiberglass, or copper;
7	sectional concrete enclosures; crypts; and wooden enclosures.
8	(51) "Person" when used without qualification such as
9	"natural" or "individual" includes both natural persons and
10	legal entities.
11	(52) "Personal residence" means any residential
12	building in which one temporarily or permanently maintains her
13	or his abode, including, but not limited to, an apartment or a
14	hotel, motel, nursing home, convalescent home, home for the
15	aged, or a public or private institution.
16	(53) "Practice of direct disposition" means the
17	cremation of human remains without preparation of the human
18	remains by embalming and without any attendant services or
19	
	rites such as funeral or graveside services or the making of
20	rites such as funeral or graveside services or the making of arrangements for such final disposition.
20	arrangements for such final disposition.
20 21	arrangements for such final disposition. (54) "Practice of embalming" means disinfecting or
20 21 22	arrangements for such final disposition. (54) "Practice of embalming" means disinfecting or preserving or attempting to disinfect or preserve dead human
20212223	arrangements for such final disposition. (54) "Practice of embalming" means disinfecting or preserving or attempting to disinfect or preserve dead human bodies by replacing certain body fluids with preserving and
20 21 22 23 24	arrangements for such final disposition. (54) "Practice of embalming" means disinfecting or preserving or attempting to disinfect or preserve dead human bodies by replacing certain body fluids with preserving and disinfecting chemicals.
202122232425	arrangements for such final disposition. (54) "Practice of embalming" means disinfecting or preserving or attempting to disinfect or preserve dead human bodies by replacing certain body fluids with preserving and disinfecting chemicals. (55) "Practice of funeral directing" means the
20212223242526	arrangements for such final disposition. (54) "Practice of embalming" means disinfecting or preserving or attempting to disinfect or preserve dead human bodies by replacing certain body fluids with preserving and disinfecting chemicals. (55) "Practice of funeral directing" means the performance by a licensed funeral director of any of those
2021222324252627	arrangements for such final disposition. (54) "Practice of embalming" means disinfecting or preserving or attempting to disinfect or preserve dead human bodies by replacing certain body fluids with preserving and disinfecting chemicals. (55) "Practice of funeral directing" means the performance by a licensed funeral director of any of those functions authorized by s. 497.372.

31 furnish funeral merchandise or service in the future.

1	(57) "Preneed sales agent" means any person who is
2	licensed under this chapter to sell preneed burial or funeral
3	service and merchandise contracts or direct disposition
4	contracts in this state.
5	(58) "Principal" means and includes the sole
6	proprietor of a sole proprietorship; all partners of a
7	partnership; all members of a limited liability company;
8	regarding a corporation, all directors and officers, and all
9	stockholders controlling more than 10 percent of the voting
10	stock; and all other persons who can exercise control over the
11	person or entity.
12	(59) "Processing" means the reduction of identifiable
13	bone fragments after the completion of the cremation process
14	to unidentifiable bone fragments by manual means.
15	(60) "Profession" and "occupation" are used
16	interchangeably in this chapter. The use of the word
17	"profession" in this chapter with respect to any activities
18	regulated under this chapter shall not be deemed to mean that
19	such activities are not occupations for other purposes in
20	state or federal law.
21	(61) "Pulverization" means the reduction of
22	identifiable bone fragments after the completion of the
23	cremation and processing to granulated particles by manual or
24	mechanical means.
25	(62) "Refrigeration facility" means a facility that is
26	not physically connected with a funeral establishment,
27	crematory, or direct disposal establishment, that maintains
28	space and equipment for the storage and refrigeration of dead
29	human bodies, and that offers its service to funeral directors
30	and funeral establishments for a fee.
31	

1	(63)(31) "Religious institution" means an organization
2	formed primarily for religious purposes which has qualified
3	for exemption from federal income tax as an exempt
4	organization under the provisions of s. 501(c)(3) of the
5	Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
6	(64) "Removal service" means any service that operates
7	independently of a funeral establishment, that handles the
8	initial removal of dead human bodies, and that offers its
9	service to funeral establishments and direct disposal
10	establishments for a fee.
11	(65) "Rules" refers to rules adopted under this
12	chapter unless expressly indicated to the contrary.
13	(66)(32) "Scattering garden" means a location set
14	aside, within a cemetery, which is used for the spreading or
15	broadcasting of cremated remains that have been removed from
16	their container and can be mixed with or placed on top of the
17	soil or ground cover or buried in an underground receptacle on
18	a commingled basis and that are nonrecoverable. It may or may
19	not include memorialization.
20	(67)(33) "Servicing agent" means any person acting as
21	an independent contractor whose fiduciary responsibility is to
22	assist both the trustee and <u>licensee</u> certificateholder
23	hereunder in administrating their responsibilities pursuant to
24	this chapter.
25	(68)(34) "Solicitation" means any communication which
26	directly or implicitly requests an immediate oral response
27	from the recipient.
28	(69)(35) "Statutory accounting" means generally
29	accepted accounting principles, except as modified by this
30	chapter.
31	

1	(70) "Temporary container" means a receptacle for
2	cremated remains usually made of cardboard, plastic, or
3	similar material designated to hold the cremated remains until
4	an urn or other permanent container is acquired.
5	(71) "Urn" means a receptacle designed to permanently
6	encase cremated remains.
7	Section 7. Section 497.101, Florida Statutes, is
8	amended to read:
9	(Substantial rewording of section. See
10	s. 497.101, F.S., for present text.)
11	497.101 Board of Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer
12	Services; membership; appointment; terms
13	(1) The Board of Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer
14	Services is created within the Department of Financial
15	Services and shall consist of 10 members, nine of whom shall
16	be appointed by the Governor from nominations made by the
17	Chief Financial Officer and confirmed by the Senate. The Chief
18	Financial Officer shall nominate three persons for each of the
19	nine vacancies on the board, and the Governor shall fill each
20	vacancy on the board by appointing one of the three persons
21	nominated by the Chief Financial Officer to fill that vacancy.
22	If the Governor objects to each of the three nominations for a
23	vacancy, she or he shall inform the Chief Financial Officer in
24	writing. Upon notification of an objection by the Governor,
25	the Chief Financial Officer shall submit three additional
26	nominations for that vacancy until the vacancy is filled. One
27	member must be the State Health Officer or her or his
28	designee.
29	(2) Two members of the board must be funeral directors
30	licensed under part III of this chapter who are associated
2 1	with a funeral actablishment. One member of the board must be

```
a funeral director licensed under part III of this chapter who
   is associated with a funeral establishment licensed under part
   III of this chapter which has a valid preneed license issued
 3
   pursuant to this chapter and who owns or operates a cinerator
 4
   facility approved under chapter 403 and licensed under part VI
 5
   of this chapter. Two members of the board must be persons
 6
 7
   whose primary occupation is associated with a cemetery company
 8
   licensed pursuant to this chapter. Three members of the board
9
   must be consumers who are residents of the state, have never
   been licensed as funeral directors or embalmers, are not
10
   connected with a cemetery or cemetery company licensed
11
   pursuant to this chapter, and are not connected with the death
12
13
   care industry or the practice of embalming, funeral directing,
14
   or direct disposition. One of the consumer members must be at
   least 60 years of age, and one must be licensed as a certified
15
   public accountant under chapter 473. One member of the board
16
   must be a monument dealer licensed under this chapter. One
17
18
   member must be the State Health Officer or her or his
19
   designee. There shall not be two or more board members who are
   directors, employees, partners, shareholders, or members of
20
   the same company or partnership or group of companies or
2.1
22
   partnerships under common control.
23
          (3) Board members shall be appointed for terms of 4
24
   years, and the State Health Officer shall serve as long as
   that person holds that office. The designee of the State
2.5
   Health Officer shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor.
26
   When the terms of the initial board members expire, the Chief
2.7
2.8
   Financial Officer shall stagger the terms of the successor
29
   members as follows: one funeral director, one cemetery
   representative, the monument dealer, and one consumer member
30
   shall be appointed for terms of 2 years, and the remaining
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members shall be appointed for terms of 4 years. All 2 subsequent terms shall be for 4 years. 3 (4) The Governor may suspend and the Senate may remove any board member for malfeasance or misfeasance, neglect of 4 5 duty, incompetence, substantial inability to perform official duties, commission of a crime, or other substantial cause as 6 7 determined by the Governor or Senate, as applicable, to 8 evidence a lack of fitness to sit on the board. A board member 9 shall be deemed to have resigned her or his board membership, and that position shall be deemed vacant, upon the failure of 10 the member to attend three consecutive meetings of the board 11 or at least half of the meetings of the board during any 12 13 12-month period, unless the Chief Financial Officer determines 14 that there was good and adequate justification for the absences and that such absences are not likely to continue. 15 (5) A current or former board member is exempt from 16 any civil liability for any act or omission when acting in 17 18 good faith in her or his official capacity, and the Department 19 of Legal Affairs and the Division of Risk Management shall defend such board member in any civil action against such 20 person arising from any such act or omission. 2.1 (6) The headquarters and records of the board shall be 2.2 2.3 in the Division of Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer Services of 24 the Department of Financial Services in the City of Tallahassee. The board may be contacted through the Division 2.5 of Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer Services of the Department 26 of Financial Services in the City of Tallahassee. The Chief 2.7 28 Financial Officer shall annually appoint from among the board 29 members a chair and vice chair of the board. The board shall meet at least every 6 months, and more often as necessary. 30 Special meetings of the board shall be convened upon the

1	direction of the Chief Financial Officer. A quorum is
2	necessary for the conduct of business by the board. Unless
3	otherwise provided by law, six board members shall constitute
4	a quorum for the conduct of the board's business.
5	(7) A board member shall be compensated \$50 for each
6	day the member attends an official meeting and each day the
7	member participates at the request of the board's executive
8	director in any other business involving the board. To the
9	extent authorized by the s. 112.061, a board member is
10	entitled to reimbursement for expenses incurred in connection
11	with official duties. Out-of-state travel by board members on
12	official business shall, in each specific instance, require
13	the advance approval of the board's executive director in
14	order for the travel to be eligible for reimbursement of
15	expenses.
16	Section 8. Section 497.103, Florida Statutes, is
17	amended to read:
18	(Substantial rewording of section. See
19	s. 497.103, F.S., for present text.)
20	497.103 Rulemaking authority of board and
21	department
22	(1) BOARD AUTHORITY Subject to the provisions of
23	this section, all authority provided under this chapter,
24	including rulemaking authority, relating to the following
25	matters, is vested solely in the board, and the board shall be
26	deemed the licensing authority as to such matters:
27	(a) Authority to determine any and all criteria for
28	licensure under this chapter as to which this chapter vests
29	discretion in the licensing authority.
30	(b) Authority to specify who may conduct practical
2 1	evamination under this chapter

1	(c) Authority to specify the content of examinations
2	for licensure, both written and practical, and the relative
3	weighting of areas examined, and grading criteria, and
4	determination of what constitutes a passing grade.
5	(d) Authority to strike any examination question
6	determined before or after an examination to be inappropriate
7	for any reason.
8	(e) Authority to specify which national examinations
9	or parts thereof shall or shall not be required or accepted
10	regarding Florida licensure.
11	(f) Authority to determine time limits and substantive
12	requirements regarding reexamination of applicants who fail
13	any portion of a licensing examination.
14	(q) Authority to determine substantive requirements
15	and conditions relating to apprenticeships and internships,
16	and temporary licensure pending examination.
17	(h) Authority to determine substantive requirements
18	for licensure by endorsement.
19	(i) Authority to specify substantive requirements for
20	reactivation of inactive licenses, such as, but not limited
21	to, requirements for examination or education prior to
22	reactivation.
23	(j) Authority to approve or deny applications for
24	initial licensure of all types under this chapter and to
25	specify conditions for probationary initial licensure.
26	(k) Authority to renew or decline to renew licenses
27	issued under this chapter.
28	(1) Authority to approve or deny applications for
29	change of control or location of any licensee.
30	
31	

1	(m) Authority to determine standards of construction
2	applicable to facilities utilized by licensees under this
3	chapter.
4	(n) Authority to specify standards of operation
5	applicable to licensees, including required equipment,
6	supplies, facilities, and professional techniques and
7	practices utilized by licensees.
8	(o) Authority to specify required access to be
9	provided by cemeteries to monument establishments licensed
10	under this chapter.
11	(p) Authority to determine required criteria for and
12	provisions in agreements among licensees regarding the shared
13	use of professional facilities, such as, but not limited to,
14	embalming preparation rooms.
15	(q) Authority to specify the amount and content of
16	continuing education required of licensees and the
17	acceptability of continuing education by distance learning.
18	(r) Authority to approve or disapprove providers of
19	continuing education.
20	(s) Authority to specify the amount and content of
21	safety education courses required by unlicensed staff of
22	licensees.
23	(t) Authority regarding establishing requirements to
24	maintain complaint logs and complaint records.
25	(u) Authority to approve or disapprove contract forms,
26	trust instruments, and all other forms required to be filed by
27	licensees for approval under this chapter.
28	(v) Authority to determine through probable cause
29	panels of the board whether proposed administrative
30	prosecutions of licensees shall qo forward.
31	

1	(w) Authority to establish disciplinary quidelines and
2	to identify violations or categories of violation for which
3	the department may issue citations under this chapter.
4	(x) Authority to determine whether any licensee shall
5	have her or his license revoked or suspended or be fined or
6	otherwise sanctioned and to take final action in that regard.
7	(y) Authority to determine the validity of and amount
8	due on claims against the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer
9	Protection Trust Fund.
10	(z) Authority to approve or deny applications to
11	utilize any alternative to trust deposits concerning preneed
12	sales.
13	(aa) Authority to determine the method by which
14	wholesale cost is determined for purposes of determining the
15	amount of the preneed trust deposits required under this
16	chapter.
17	(bb) Authority to determine the amount of any fee
18	payable under this chapter as to which this chapter provides
19	discretion in setting the amount of the fee.
20	(cc) Authority to direct the initiation of
21	receivership or other delinquency proceedings against any
22	licensee under this chapter.
23	(2) DEPARTMENT AUTHORITY All authority provided by
24	this chapter and not expressly vested in the board by
25	subsection (1) is vested in the department, and the department
26	shall be deemed to be the licensing authority as to such
27	matters. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing
28	vesting of authority in the department, the authority provided
29	by this chapter which is vested solely in the department
30	includes:
31	

1	(a) Authority relating to the conduct of
2	investigations, financial examinations, and inspections,
3	including, but not limited to:
4	1. Determination of applicants, licensees, and other
5	persons to be investigated, subjected to financial
6	examination, or inspected.
7	2. The frequency, duration, and extent of
8	investigations, financial examinations, and inspections.
9	3. Techniques and procedures utilized in, and staff
10	assigned to, investigations, financial examinations, and
11	inspections.
12	4. Establishment of requirements binding upon
13	licensees and other persons regarding records and information
14	to be produced or provided, and access to facilities and
15	staff, in regard to investigations, financial examinations,
16	and inspections.
17	5. Preparation and filing of reports concerning
18	investigations, financial examinations, and inspections.
19	(b) Authority to receive fees and other amounts
20	payable under this chapter to the licensing authority or to
21	the Regulatory Trust Fund or Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer
22	Protection Trust Fund from licensees, applicants, and others
23	and to process and deposit such receipts in accordance with
24	this chapter and the laws of this state.
25	(c) Authority to prescribe forms and procedures to be
26	used by applicants or licensees relating to any and all
27	applications, filings, or reports of any type that are made
28	with or submitted to the licensing authority by any person or
29	entity pursuant to this chapter, including, but not limited
30	to, applications for licenses of any type under this chapter,
31	applications for renewal of license, applications for approval

1	of forms, applications for approval of change of control,
2	periodic reports of operations, including format and reporting
3	period for financial statements, and procedures and provisions
4	relating to electronic submissions.
5	(d) Authority to determine any application or other
6	filing made under this chapter to be incomplete and not
7	subject to further processing until made complete.
8	(e) Authority to initiate and prosecute administrative
9	and judicial action, including taking final action, regarding
10	activity by persons and entities not licensed under this
11	chapter engaging in activity the department deems to be in
12	violation of this chapter.
13	(f) Authority regarding procedures and requirements
14	relating to security of examinations for licensure.
15	(q) Authority to determine the systems, methods,
16	means, facilities, equipment, procedures, budgets, department
17	staff, and other persons and entities, whether inside or
18	outside the department, to be used in relation to recording,
19	tracking, and processing licensing applications, the
20	administrative issuance and denial of licenses, license
21	renewals, disciplinary actions, continuing education, filings
22	made or required under this chapter, and all other
23	administrative matters relating to the implementation and
24	enforcement of this chapter.
25	(h) Authority to determine the number, hiring,
26	assignment, and discharge of department staff in relation to
27	implementation of this chapter.
28	(i) Authority to determine whether any contract or
29	agreement authorized to be entered into by this chapter, on
30	any subject matter, shall be entered into and sole authority
31	

to enter into any such other contract or agreement regarding the implementation of this chapter. 3 (j) Subject to the requirements for probable cause proceedings before a probable cause panel of the board and 4 5 subject to the sole authority of the board to take final action imposing disciplinary sanctions, all authority to 6 7 draft, execute, file, serve, and prosecute administrative 8 complaints and other action against any licensee. However, the 9 Chief Financial Officer may in particular instances decline to prosecute or to continue to prosecute, in which case the board 10 may request the Department of Legal Affairs to conduct or 11 continue to conduct the prosecution and the Department of 12 13 Legal Affairs shall be authorized at its discretion to do so. 14 (k) Authority to seek administrative or judicial enforcement of orders of the board or department or of 15 statutory predecessors to the board or department. However, 16 the Chief Financial Officer may in particular instances 17 18 decline to seek enforcement or to continue to seek enforcement 19 of any order, in which case the board may request the Department of Legal Affairs to conduct or continue to conduct 20 such enforcement action and the Department of Legal Affairs 2.1 22 shall be authorized at its discretion to do so. 23 (1) The department shall represent the board in any 24 appeal of a board final order. However, the Chief Financial Officer may in particular instances decline to represent the 2.5 board, in which case the board may request the Department of 26 Legal Affairs to represent the board in the matter and the 2.7 28 Department of Legal Affairs shall be authorized at its 29 discretion to do so. 30 31

1	(m) Authority to take emergency action against any
2	licensee under this chapter without prior consultation with
3	the board.
4	(n) Authority to develop and submit to the Legislature
5	from time to time budgets for the implementation of this
6	chapter.
7	(o) The department shall have the authority and duty
8	to provide necessary administrative support to the board as
9	reasonably required to allow the board to discharge its
10	responsibilities under this chapter.
11	(3) RECOMMENDATIONS BY DEPARTMENT STAFF The board
12	shall carefully review and give substantial weight to any
13	recommendation of department staff concerning any matter
14	coming before the board and upon request of department staff
15	shall state with specificity on the record at the board
16	meeting where the rejection occurs the reason or reasons why
17	the board has rejected a particular recommendation of the
18	department staff.
19	(4) RECOMMENDATIONS BY THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
20	(a) As to any matter falling within the board's
21	authority, if the Chief Financial Officer submits or causes to
22	be submitted to the board at any board meeting any
23	recommendation signed by the Chief Financial Officer, the
24	Chief Financial Officer's recommendation shall be adopted by
25	the board and the board shall act and be deemed to act in
26	accordance with such recommendation, unless at such meeting 70
27	percent of the board members present and voting vote to reject
28	the Chief Financial Officer's recommendation. Any fractional
29	vote resulting from application of the 70-percent requirement
30	shall be rounded upward and counted as one additional vote in
31	determining how many votes are required to reject the Chief

1	Financial Officer's recommendation. The Chief Financial
2	Officer's recommendation to the board shall be in regard to
3	one or more of the following matters:
4	1. Protecting the public from any significant and
5	discernible harm or damage.
6	2. Preventing the unreasonable restriction of
7	competition or the availability of professional services in
8	the state or in a significant part of the state.
9	3. Preventing the unnecessary increase in cost of
10	professional services without a corresponding or equivalent
11	public benefit.
12	(b) If the recommendation of department staff to the
13	board as to any matter shall be rejected or otherwise
14	overridden by the board to any degree, the board's action in
15	the matter shall not be final until 14 days have elapsed after
16	the board rejected or overrode the recommendation of
17	department staff, and if during such 14-day period the Chief
18	Financial Officer submits a recommendation concerning the
19	matter to the board pursuant to paragraph (a), until the
20	effect of such recommendation is determined in accordance with
21	paragraph (a). The running of the period under s. 120.60 for
22	approving or denying a completed application shall be tolled
23	during such 14-day period.
24	(c) If the Chief Financial Officer makes any
25	recommendation pursuant to this subsection concerning approval
26	or denial of an application for license or otherwise under
27	this chapter, the running of the period under s. 120.60 for
28	approving or denying a completed application shall be tolled
29	from the date of the Chief Financial Officer's recommendation
30	is made for the shorter of 90 days or until the effect of such
31	recommendation is determined in accordance with paragraph (a).

1	(d) If any recommendation by the Chief Financial
2	Officer made under this subsection would require initiation of
3	rulemaking proceedings under chapter 120 as a prerequisite to
4	implementation of such recommendation by the board and such
5	recommendation becomes binding on the board pursuant to this
6	subsection, the board shall promptly and in good faith
7	initiate and conduct such rulemaking proceedings or may in
8	regard to the promulgation of the specific rule in issue
9	delegate to the department the board's rulemaking authority
10	under this chapter, in which case the department shall be
11	authorized to adopt the rule.
12	(5) RULEMAKING
13	(a) The board is authorized to adopt all rules
14	authorized under this chapter regarding matters under the
15	board's authority.
16	(b) The department is authorized to adopt all rules
17	authorized under this chapter regarding matters which fall
18	under the department's authority or as to which the board has
19	delegated rulemaking authority to the department.
20	(c) Neither the board nor the department shall
21	initiate rulemaking under their respective rulemaking
22	authority under this chapter unless they have provided each
23	other at least 60 days' advance notice of their intent to
24	initiate rulemaking proceedings and during that 60-day period
25	have conferred and consulted with each other concerning the
26	purpose and intent of the rulemaking. However, the 60-day
27	advance notice requirement does not apply to the promulgation
28	of emergency rules.
29	(6) FINAL ORDERS
30	(a) The board shall have authority to take final
31	action and issue final orders as to all matters under its

1	authority. The chairperson of the board shall be authorized to
2	sign orders of the board and may delegate such authority to
3	the executive director of the board.
4	(b) The department shall have authority to take final
5	action and issue final orders as to all matters under its
6	authority.
7	(7) ACTIONS BY BOARD AND DEPARTMENT
8	(a) The department and the board shall each have
9	standing to institute judicial or other proceedings against
10	the other for the enforcement of this section.
11	(b) The board shall have standing as a party litigant
12	to challenge any rule proposed or adopted by the department
13	under authority of this chapter, upon any grounds enumerated
14	in s. 120.52(8).
15	(c) The board shall be represented by the Department
16	of Legal Affairs in any litigation by the board against the
17	department authorized by this subsection, and the Department
18	of Financial Services shall provide reasonable funds for the
19	conduct of such litigation by the board.
20	(d) No applicant, licensee, or person other than the
21	board shall have standing in any proceeding under chapter 120
22	to assert that any rule adopted by the department under
23	asserted authority of this chapter is invalid because it
24	relates to a matter under the board's authority.
25	Section 9. Section 497.107, Florida Statutes, is
26	amended to read:
27	497.107 HeadquartersThe Board of Funeral, and
28	Cemetery, and Consumer Services may be contacted through
29	division at the headquarters of the department in the City of
30	Tallahassee.
31	

2004 Legislature CS for CS for SB 528, 1st Engrossed

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Section 10. Section 497.525, Florida Statutes, is
   renumbered as section 497.140, Florida Statutes, and amended
 3
    to read:
 4
          (Substantial rewording of section. See
           s. 497.525, F.S., for present text.)
 5
           497.140 Fees.--
 6
 7
          (1)(a) As to any fee payable under this chapter as to
 8
   which discretion is provided to the licensing authority to
 9
    specify the amount of the fee subject to a cap stated in this
    chapter, the board shall from time to time as requested by the
10
    department determine by rule the amount of such fee, based
11
   upon department-prepared estimates of the revenue required to
12
13
    implement all provisions of this chapter.
          (b) It is the legislative intent that the costs of
14
    regulation under this chapter be provided for by fees
15
    collected under this chapter. The board shall ensure that fees
16
    are adequate to cover all anticipated costs of implementation
17
18
    of this chapter. The department shall at least every other
19
   year provide the board with estimates as to projected costs in
    implementing this chapter and projected fee collections under
20
    this chapter for the following 2 years, information as to
2.1
22
    balances of regulatory trusts from fees collected, other
23
    information which the department deems material to the setting
24
    of fees by the board at proper levels, and a department
    recommendation as to action, if any, regarding changing fee
2.5
    levels. The board shall review such information provided by
26
    the department and make such changes in fees, up or down, as
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28
    the board determines appropriate. If sufficient action is not
29
   taken by the board within 1 year after notification by the
   department that fees are projected to be inadequate, the
30
31
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1	department shall set fees on behalf of the board to cover
2	anticipated costs.
3	(c) The board may from time to time by rule assess and
4	collect a one-time fee from each active and each voluntary
5	inactive licensee under this chapter in an amount necessary to
6	correct an inadequacy of fees received to implement regulation
7	required by this chapter, provided that no more than one such
8	assessment may be made in any 4-year period without specific
9	legislative authorization.
10	(2) All moneys collected under this chapter shall be
11	paid into the Regulatory Trust Fund, except as otherwise
12	expressly provided in this chapter, for the purpose of
13	providing for the payment of all expenses in respect to the
14	administration of this chapter.
15	(3) The department, in consultation with the board,
16	shall from time to time recommended fee and fee cap increases
17	to the Legislature as deemed advisable.
18	(4) If a duplicate license is required or requested by
19	the licensee, the department may charge a fee as determined by
20	rule not to exceed \$25 before issuance of the duplicate
21	license.
22	(5) The department shall charge a fee not to exceed
23	\$25 for the certification of a public record. The fee shall be
24	determined by rule of the department. The department shall
25	assess a fee for duplication of a public record as provided in
26	s. 119.07(1)(a) and (b).
27	(6)(a) The department shall impose, upon initial
28	licensure and each renewal thereof, a special unlicensed
29	activity fee of \$5 per licensee, in addition to all other fees
30	provided for in this chapter. Such fee shall be used by the
31	department to fund efforts to identify and combat unlicensed

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activity which violates this chapter. Such fee shall be in
   addition to all other fees collected from each licensee and
   shall be deposited in a separate account of the Regulatory
 3
   Trust Fund; however, the department is not limited to the
 4
   funds in such an account for combating improper unlicensed
 5
   activity in violation of this chapter.
 6
 7
          (b) The board may with the concurrence of the
 8
   department, if that portion of the Regulatory Trust Fund held
9
   by the department for implementation of this chapter is not in
   deficit and has a reasonable cash balance, earmark $5 of each
10
   initial licensure and each license renewal fee collected under
11
   this chapter and direct the deposit of each such amount into
12
13
   the separate account required in paragraph (a), to be utilized
14
   by the department for the purposes of combating unlicensed
   practice in violation of this chapter. Such earmarked amount
15
   may be, as the board directs, in lieu of or in addition to the
16
   special unlicensed activity fee imposed under paragraph (a).
17
18
   The earmarking may be imposed and thereafter eliminated from
19
   time to time according the adequacy of trust funds held for
   implementation of this chapter.
20
          (c) The department shall confer and consult with the
21
22
   board regarding enforcement methods and strategies regarding
2.3
   the use of such unlicensed activity fee funds.
24
          (7) Any fee required to be paid under this chapter,
   which was set at a fixed amount as the 2004 edition of the
2.5
   Florida Statutes, but as to which this chapter now provides to
26
   be a fee as determined by board rule subject to a cap
2.7
2.8
   specified in this chapter, shall remain at the amount as set
29
   in the 2004 edition of the Florida Statutes unless and until
30
   the board shall change such fee by rule.
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1	Section 11. Section 497.141, Florida Statutes, is
2	created to read:
3	497.141 Licensing; general application procedures
4	(1) The provisions of this section shall supplement
5	and implement all provisions of this chapter relating to
6	application for licensure.
7	(2) Any person desiring to be licensed shall apply to
8	the licensing authority in writing using such forms and
9	procedures as may be prescribed by rule. The application for
10	licensure shall include the applicant's social security
11	number. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
12	department is the sole authority for determining the forms and
13	form contents to be submitted for initial licensure and
14	licensure renewal application. Such forms and the information
15	and materials required by such forms may include, as
16	appropriate, demographics, education, work history, personal
17	background, criminal history, finances, business information,
18	signature notarization, performance periods, reciprocity,
19	local government approvals, supporting documentation, periodic
20	reporting requirements, fingerprint requirements, continuing
21	education requirements, business plans, character references,
22	and ongoing education monitoring. Such forms and the
23	information and materials required by such forms may also
24	include, to the extent such information or materials are not
25	already in the possession of the department or the board,
26	records or information as to complaints, inspections,
27	investigations, discipline, bonding, and photographs. The
28	application shall be supplemented as needed to reflect any
29	material change in any circumstance or condition stated in the
30	application which takes place between the initial filing of
31	the application and the final grant or denial of the license

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1	and which might affect the decision of the department or the
2	board.
3	(3) The department shall conduct such investigation of
4	the applicant and the application as the department deems
5	necessary or advisable to establish the correctness of matters
6	stated in the application and to determine whether the
7	applicable licensing criteria are met and shall make
8	recommendations in those regards to the board.
9	(4) Before the issuance of any license, the department
10	shall collect such initial fee as specified by this chapter
11	or, where authorized, by rule of the board. Upon receipt of a
12	completed application and the appropriate fee, and
13	certification by the board that the applicant meets the
14	applicable requirements of law and rules, the department shall
15	issue the license applied for. However, an applicant who is
16	not otherwise qualified for licensure is not entitled to
17	licensure solely based on a passing score on a required
18	examination.
19	(5) The board may refuse to rule on an initial
20	application for licensure by any applicant who is under
21	investigation or prosecution in any jurisdiction for an action
22	which there is reasonable cause to believe would constitute a
23	violation of this chapter if committed in this state, until
24	such time as such investigation or prosecution is completed
25	and the results of the investigation or prosecution are
26	reviewed by the board.
27	(6) When any administrative law judge conducts a
28	hearing pursuant to the provisions of chapter 120 with respect
29	to the issuance or denial of a license under this chapter, the
30	administrative law judge shall submit her or his recommended
31	order to the board, which shall thereupon issue a final order

The applicant for a license may appeal the final order in accordance with the provisions of chapter 120. 3 (7) A privilege against civil liability is hereby granted to any witness for any information furnished by the 4 witness in any proceeding pursuant to this section, unless the 5 witness acted in bad faith or with malice in providing such 6 7 information. 8 (8) Pursuant to the federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, each 9 applicant for licensure is required to provide her or his 10 social security number in accordance with this section. 11 Disclosure of social security numbers obtained through this 12 13 requirement shall be limited to the purpose of administration 14 of the Title IV-D program for child support enforcement and use by the department and as otherwise provided by law. 15 (9) Whenever any provision of this chapter or rules 16 adopted under this chapter require student completion of a 17 18 specific number of clock hours of classroom instruction for 19 initial licensure purposes, there shall be established by rule the minimal competencies that such students must demonstrate 20 in order to be licensed. The demonstration of such 2.1 22 competencies may be substituted for specific classroom 2.3 clock-hour requirements established in statute or rule which 24 are related to instructional programs for licensure purposes. Student demonstration of the established minimum competencies 2.5 shall be certified by the educational institution. The 26 provisions of this subsection shall not apply if federal 2.7 2.8 licensure standards are more restrictive or stringent than the 29 standards prescribed in this chapter. 30 31

1	(10) No license issued under this chapter shall be
2	assignable or transferable except to the extent specifically
3	provided by this chapter.
4	(11) The department shall implement a system for
5	administration of the overall licensing process, including the
6	processing and tracking of applications for licensure, the
7	issuance of licenses approved by the board, the tracking of
8	licenses issued, the administration of the license renewal
9	process, and the collection and processing of fees related to
10	those activities. The system may use staff and facilities of
11	the department or the department may enter into a contract for
12	all or any part of such system, upon such terms and conditions
13	as the department deems advisable, and such contract may be
14	with another government agency or a private business.
15	Section 12. Section 497.142, Florida Statutes, is
16	created to read:
17	497.142 Licensing; fingerprinting and criminal
18	background checks
19	(1) In any instance that this chapter requires
20	submission of fingerprints in connection with an application
21	for license, the provisions of this section shall apply.
22	(2) The fingerprints must be taken by a law
23	enforcement agency or other agency or entity approved by the
24	department and in such a way as to allow their use to obtain a
25	criminal history check through the Department of Law
26	Enforcement.
27	(3) The department shall submit the fingerprints to or
28	cause them to be submitted to the Department of Law
29	Enforcement for the purpose of ascertaining whether the person
30	fingerprinted has a criminal history in any state or before
31	

31

1	the Federal Government and, if so, the nature of the criminal
2	history.
3	(4) The Department of Law Enforcement may accept
4	fingerprints of any applicant under this chapter, any
5	principal of any such applicant, and any other person who is
6	examined or investigated or who is subject to examination or
7	investigation under the provisions of this chapter.
8	(5) The Department of Law Enforcement may, to the
9	extent provided for by federal law, exchange state,
10	multistate, and federal criminal history records with the
11	department and the board for the purpose of the issuance,
12	denial, suspension, or revocation of any license or other
13	application under this chapter.
14	(6) The Department of Law Enforcement may accept
15	fingerprints of any other person required by statute or rule
16	to submit fingerprints to the department or board or any
17	applicant or licensee regulated by the department or board who
18	is required to demonstrate that she or he has not been
19	convicted of or pled quilty or nolo contendere to a felony or
20	a misdemeanor.
21	(7) The Department of Law Enforcement shall, upon
22	receipt of fingerprints from the department, submit the
23	fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation to check
24	federal criminal history records.
25	(8) Statewide criminal records obtained through the
26	Department of Law Enforcement, federal criminal records
27	obtained through the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and
28	local criminal records obtained through local law enforcement
29	agencies shall be used by the department and board for the
30	purpose of issuance, denial, suspension, or revocation of

1	certificates of authority, certifications, or licenses issued
2	to operate in this state.
3	(9) For the purposes of criminal background checks,
4	applicants and principals of applicants for any approval or
5	license under this chapter may be required to disclose whether
6	they have ever had their name legally changed and any prior
7	name or names they have used.
8	(10) If any applicant under this chapter has been,
9	within the 10 years preceding the application under this
10	chapter, convicted or found quilty of, or entered a plea of
11	nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any crime in
12	any jurisdiction, the application shall not be deemed complete
13	until such time as the applicant provides such certified true
14	copies of the court records evidencing the conviction,
15	finding, or plea, as the licensing authority may by rule
16	require.
17	Section 13. Section 497.143, Florida Statutes, is
18	created to read:
19	497.143 Licensing; limited licenses for retired
20	professionals
21	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that, absent a
22	threat to the health, safety, and welfare of the public, the
23	use of retired professionals in good standing to serve the
24	indigent, underserved, or critical need populations of this
25	state should be encouraged. To that end, rules may be adopted
26	to permit practice by retired professionals as limited
27	licensees under this section.
28	(2) Any person desiring to obtain a limited license,
29	when permitted by rule, shall submit to the department an
30	application and fee, not to exceed \$300, and an affidavit
31	stating that the applicant has been licensed to practice in

1	any jurisdiction in the United States for at least 10 years in
2	the profession for which the applicant seeks a limited
3	license. The affidavit shall also state that the applicant has
4	retired or intends to retire from the practice of that
5	profession and intends to practice only pursuant to the
6	restrictions of the limited license granted pursuant to this
7	section. If the applicant for a limited license submits a
8	notarized statement from the employer stating that the
9	applicant will not receive monetary compensation for any
10	service involving the practice of her or his profession, the
11	application and all licensure fees shall be waived.
12	(3) Limited licensure may be denied to an applicant
13	who has committed, or is under investigation or prosecution
14	for, any act which would constitute the basis for discipline
15	under this chapter.
16	(4) The recipient of a limited license may practice
17	only in the employ of public agencies or institutions or
18	nonprofit agencies or institutions which meet the requirements
19	of 26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which
20	provide professional liability coverage for acts or omissions
21	of the limited licensee. A limited licensee may provide
22	services only to the indigent, underserved, or critical need
23	populations within the state. The standard for determining
24	indigency shall be that recognized by the Federal Poverty
25	Income Guidelines produced by the United States Department of
26	Health and Human Services. Rules may be adopted to define
27	underserved and critical need areas and to ensure
28	implementation of this section.
29	(5) The department may provide by rule for supervision
30	of limited licensees to protect the health, safety, and
31	welfare of the public.

1	(6) Each applicant granted a limited license is
2	subject to all the provisions of this chapter under which the
3	limited license is issued which are not in conflict with this
4	section.
5	Section 14. Section 497.144, Florida Statutes, is
6	created to read:
7	497.144 Licensing; examinations, general provisions
8	(1) The department shall, with the approval of the
9	board, provide, contract, or approve services for the
10	development, preparation, administration, scoring, score
11	reporting, and evaluation of all examinations and may use
12	professional testing services for the development,
13	preparation, and evaluation of examinations, when such
14	services are available. The department may contract with the
15	Department of Business and Professional Regulation for any
16	examination services.
17	(2) After an examination has been administered, the
18	board may reject any question that does not reliably measure
19	the required competency.
20	(3) For each examination there shall by rule be
21	specified the general areas of competency to be covered by the
22	examination, the relative weight to be assigned in grading
23	each area tested, the score necessary to achieve a passing
24	grade, and the fees, where applicable, to cover the actual
25	cost for any purchase, development, and administration of the
26	required examination. However, statutory fee caps shall apply.
27	This subsection does not apply to national examinations
28	approved and administered pursuant to subsection (5).
29	(4) If a practical examination is utilized, rules
30	shall specify the criteria by which examiners are to be
31	selected, the grading criteria to be used by the examiner, the

relative weight to be assigned in grading each criterion, and the score necessary to achieve a passing grade. Procedures for practical examinations shall be specified by rule. Board 3 members may serve as examiners at a practical examination with 4 the consent of the board. 5 (5) The board may approve the use of any national 6 7 examination. Providers of examinations may be either profit or 8 nonprofit entities. The name and number of a candidate may be 9 provided to a national contractor for the limited purpose of preparing the grade tape and information to be returned to the 10 department or, to the extent otherwise specified by rule, the 11 candidate may apply directly to the vendor of the national 12 13 examination. The department may delegate to the board the duty 14 to provide and administer the examination. (6) Rules may be adopted establishing procedures and 15 requirements for the security and monitoring of examinations. 16 In order to maintain the security of examinations, the 17 18 department may seek fines and injunctive relief in the courts 19 of this state against an examinee who violates applicable security rules. The department, or any agent thereof, may, for 20 the purposes of investigation, confiscate any written, 2.1 22 photographic, or recording material or device in the 2.3 possession of the examinee at the examination site which the 24 department deems necessary to enforce the security of 2.5 examinations. (7) The department may, with the approval of the board 26 and for a fee, share with any other state's licensing 2.7 28 authority an examination developed by or for the board unless 29 prohibited by a contract entered into by the department for development or purchase of the examination. The department 30 shall establish quidelines that ensure security of a shared

examination and shall require that any other state's licensing 2 authority comply with those guidelines. 3 (8) If both a written and a practical examination are given, an applicant shall be required to retake only the 4 portion of the examination for which she or he failed to 5 achieve a passing grade, if she or he successfully passes that 6 7 portion within a reasonable time of her or his passing the 8 other portion. Rules may be adopted establishing procedures 9 and reasonable times for retaking failed portions of any examination. 10 (9) Except for national examinations approved and 11 administered pursuant to this section, procedures shall be 12 13 established by rule for applicants who have taken and failed a 14 written examination to review their examination questions, answers, papers, grades, and grading key for the questions the 15 candidate answered incorrectly or, if not feasible, the parts 16 of the examination failed. Applicants shall bear the actual 17 18 cost for the department to provide examination review pursuant 19 to this subsection. An applicant may waive in writing the confidentiality of her or his examination grades. Rules may be 20 adopted establishing procedures for such reviews. 2.1 (10) For each examination administered under this 2.2 2.3 chapter, an accurate record of each applicant's examination 24 questions, answers, papers, grades, and grading key shall be kept for a period of not less than 2 years immediately 2.5 following the examination, and such record shall thereafter be 26 maintained or destroyed as provided in chapters 119 and 257. 2.7 2.8 This subsection does not apply to national examinations 29 approved and administered pursuant to this section. (11) In addition to meeting any other requirements for 30

licensure by examination or by endorsement, an applicant may

1	be required by the board to pass an examination pertaining to
2	state laws and rules applicable to the practice of the
3	profession regulated under this chapter.
4	(12) Examinations and reexaminations for any license
5	under this chapter shall be administered in the English
6	language unless 15 or more applicants request that the
7	examination or reexamination be administered in their native
8	language. Such requests must be received at least 6 months
9	prior to the examination or reexamination. In the event that
10	such examination or reexamination is administered in a foreign
11	language, the full cost to the board and department of
12	preparing and administering the examination shall be borne by
13	the applicants. Where the taking of a national examination is
14	required by this chapter or rule adopted under this chapter,
15	the examination may not be required to be given in any
16	language other than English unless the national examination is
17	available in the requested language. Rules may be adopted
18	establishing procedures for requesting examinations in
19	languages other than English and establishing the costs
20	related to such examinations.
21	(13) Unless an applicant notifies the department at
22	least 5 days prior to an examination hearing of the
23	applicant's inability to attend or unless an applicant can
24	demonstrate an extreme emergency for failing to attend, the
25	department may require an applicant who fails to attend to pay
26	reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and court costs of the
27	department for the examination hearing.
28	Section 15. Section 497.145, Florida Statutes, is
29	created to read:
30	497.145 Licensing; use of professional testing
31	goryiggsNotwithstanding any other provision of law to the

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contrary, the department may use a professional testing
   service to prepare, administer, grade, and evaluate any
    computerized examination, when that service is available and
 3
    approved by the board.
 4
 5
           Section 16. Section 497.146, Florida Statutes, is
    created to read:
 6
 7
           497.146 Licensing; address of record; changes;
 8
    licensee responsibility. -- Each licensee under this chapter is
    responsible for notifying the department in writing of the
 9
    licensee's current business and residence mailing address and
10
    the street address of the licensee's primary place of practice
11
    and shall notify the department in writing within 30 days
12
13
    after any change in such information, in accordance with
14
   procedures and forms prescribed by rule. Notwithstanding any
    other provision of law, service by regular mail to a
15
    licensee's last known address of record with the department
16
    constitutes adequate and sufficient notice to the licensee for
17
18
    any official communication to the licensee by the board or the
19
    department, except when other service is expressly required by
    this chapter. Rules may be adopted establishing forms and
20
    procedures for licensees to provide the notice required by
2.1
22
   this section.
23
           Section 17. Section 497.147, Florida Statutes, is
24
    created to read:
           497.147 Continuing education; general provisions. --
2.5
          (1) As to any licensure under this chapter that
26
    requires prelicensure training or continuing education for
2.7
28
    renewal of a license, no such training or continuing education
29
   shall be accepted in satisfaction of the requirements of this
    chapter, unless approved by the board.
30
31
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1	(2) There shall be adopted rules by the board to
2	establish the criteria for such training or continuing
3	education courses.
4	(3) The licensing authority may provide by rule that
5	distance learning may be used to satisfy continuing education
6	requirements and may specify conditions applicable to such
7	distance learning for credit under this chapter.
8	(4) The licensing authority is authorized to adopt
9	rules to implement requirements regarding prelicensure
10	training and continuing education requirements under this
11	chapter. Persons providing prelicensure training or continuing
12	education for credit against the requirements of this chapter
13	are hereinafter referred to as "providers."
14	(a) The rules may establish criteria for obtaining
15	approval from the licensing authority as a provider, and for
16	periodic renewal of such approval, and may establish
17	procedures and forms for use in applying to obtain and renew
18	such approval from the licensing authority.
19	(b) The rules may establish conditions and
20	requirements applicable to providers, including, but not
21	limited to:
22	1. Periodic submission by the provider to the
23	licensing authority of information and documentation as to
24	course materials, class locations and schedules, names of
25	scheduled instructors, resumes of instructors, and
26	descriptions of facilities.
27	2. Requirements for periodic reporting by the provider
28	to the licensing authority of information concerning
29	enrollment, attendance, and status of persons enrolled for
30	credit under this chapter.
31	

1	3. Requirements for inspection by the licensing
2	authority of records of the provider related to training or
3	continuing education of applicants and licensees under this
4	chapter.
5	4. Requirements for announced or unannounced
6	attendance by department staff or board members at scheduled
7	classes or training, for the purpose of ensuring that the
8	training meets the requirements of this chapter and rules
9	adopted under this chapter.
10	5. Requirements for written contracts or agreements
11	required to be entered into by providers with the licensing
12	authority as a prerequisite to acceptance of training or
13	continuing education provided by such provider for credit
14	under this chapter.
15	6. Requirements regarding retention of records by the
16	provider regarding training or continuing education for which
17	credit has been given to any licensee under this chapter.
18	7. Procedures and criteria for terminating the status
19	of any provider as an approved source of training or
20	continuing education for credit under this chapter.
21	8. Requirements for fees to accompany applications
22	from providers for approval or renewal of approval as a
23	provider, not to exceed \$250 per year. The rules may exempt
24	nonprofit entities from such fees.
25	(c) The rules may list all approved providers and
26	identify the training or continuing education each provider is
27	approved to provide for credit under this chapter.
28	(d) Such rules may establish procedures and forms for
29	use by applicants, licensees, and providers in reporting
30	completed training and continuing education to the licensing
31	authority.

1	(5) The board may by rule provide up to 5 hours of
2	continuing education credit per continuing education reporting
3	period for licensees attending board meetings or selected
4	types or portions of board meetings, as specified by such
5	rules. The rules may limit the number of times such credit may
6	be utilized by a licensee. The rules may include provisions as
7	to the minimum amount of time that must be spent in the board
8	meeting room viewing proceedings, which may be more than 5
9	hours of attendance, requirements for advance notice by
10	licensees to department staff of proposed attendance,
11	requirements to sign in and out of the meeting room on lists
12	maintained at the meeting site by department staff, forms that
13	must be completed by the licensee to obtain such credit, and
14	such other requirements deemed by the board to be advisable or
15	necessary to prevent abuse of such rules and to ensure that
16	useful information is obtained by licensees as a result of
17	attendance. Procedural requirements of such rules requiring
18	action by the department shall be subject to approval by the
19	department prior to promulgation.
20	Section 18. Section 497.148, Florida Statutes, is
21	created to read:
22	497.148 Continuing education; monitoring of
23	compliance The department shall establish a system to
24	monitor licensee compliance with applicable trainings and
25	continuing education requirements and to determine each
26	licensee's continuing education status. The department is
27	authorized to provide for a phase-in of the compliance
28	monitoring system. The compliance monitoring system may use
29	staff and facilities of the department, or the department may
30	enter into a contract for compliance monitoring services, upon
31	such terms and conditions as the department deems advisable.

1	Such contract may be with another government agency or a
2	private business.
3	Section 19. Section 497.149, Florida Statutes, is
4	created to read:
5	497.149 Investigations, hearings, and inspections
6	(1) INVESTIGATIONS Investigations shall be conducted
7	by the department. The following provisions shall apply
8	concerning investigations:
9	(a) There shall be investigated all complaints
10	directly or indirectly alleging violation of any provision of
11	this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.
12	Investigations may be conducted regarding any applicant for
13	licensure under this chapter to ensure that the applicant
14	satisfies the requirements for licensure and to ensure the
15	accuracy and truthfulness of any matters represented to the
16	department or the board in connection with the application.
17	There may be such investigations of persons and entities not
18	licensed under this chapter to determine if they are engaging
19	in activities for which a license under this chapter is
20	required, or are otherwise in violation of this chapter, as is
21	deemed necessary to ensure compliance with this chapter. There
22	may be conducted such other investigations, in addition to
23	investigations expressly authorized or required by this
24	chapter, as are deemed necessary or advisable by the
25	department to determine whether any person is, has, or may
26	violate any provision of this chapter or to secure information
27	useful in the lawful administration of this chapter.
28	(b) Every person and entity being investigated, and
29	its officers, attorneys, unless it violates the
30	attorney-client privilege, employees, agents, and
31	representatives, shall make freely available to the department

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the accounts, records, documents, files, information, assets,
   business premises, and matters in their possession or control
   relating to the subject of the investigation. If records
 3
    relating to a licensee or to activities regulated by this
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    chapter are maintained by an agent on premises owned or
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    operated by a third party, the agent and the third party shall
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   provide the department access to the records.
 8
          (c) If the department finds any accounts or records of
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    a licensee required by this chapter to be created and
    maintained by the licensee to be inadequate or inadequately
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    kept or posted, it may employ experts to reconstruct, rewrite,
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   post, or balance them at the expense of the person being
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13
    investigated, provided the person has failed to maintain,
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    complete, or correct such records or accounting after the
    department has given her or him notice and a reasonable
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16
    opportunity to do so.
          (d) In connection with any investigation under this
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    chapter, the department may administer oaths, examine
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    witnesses, and receive oral and documentary evidence, require
    the licensee to answer under oath interrogatories propounded
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   by the department, issue a subpoena for testimony or the
2.1
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    production of records to any person believed to have
2.3
    information or materials relevant to the subject matter of the
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    investigation, and compel such attendance and testimony and
    the production of such materials for inspection and copying.
2.5
    If any person refuses to comply with any such subpoena or to
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    testify as to any matter concerning which she or he may be
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2.8
    lawfully interrogated, the Circuit Court of Leon County or of
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   the county wherein such examination, investigation, or hearing
    is being conducted, or of the county wherein such person
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   resides, may, on the application of the department, issue an
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1	order requiring such person to comply with the subpoena and to
2	testify. Subpoenas may be served, and proof of such service
3	made, by any employee of the department.
4	(e) The department may retain and pay such experts on
5	a case-by-case basis, as it deems necessary for the
6	investigation and prosecution, if any, of any alleged
7	violation of this chapter.
8	(2) INSPECTIONS The department may conduct such
9	inspections of licensee's premises and records during normal
10	business hours, at such intervals, as the department deems
11	necessary to ensure compliance with this chapter.
12	(a) Inspections may be announced or unannounced as the
13	department determines appropriate on a case-by-case basis.
14	(b) Every licensee being inspected, and its employees,
15	officers, attorneys, unless it violates the attorney-client
16	privilege, employees, agents, and representatives, shall
17	freely and immediately make available to the department for
18	inspection during normal business hours the licensee's entire
19	premises and the records and information in their possession
20	or control relating to the inspection.
21	(c) The department may adopt rules regarding
22	inspection procedures.
23	(3) HEARINGSThe department may hold public hearings
24	to secure information useful in the lawful administration of
25	this chapter. The department may require the attendance of
26	witnesses by subpoena and the giving of testimony under oath.
27	(4) RULES The department may adopt rules pursuant to
28	ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 for the implementation of this
29	section.
30	Section 20. Section 497.150, Florida Statutes, is
31	created to read:

1	497.150 Compliance examinations of existing
2	licensees
3	(1) There may be examined by the department the
4	facilities, records, operations, trust accounts, and financial
5	affairs of licensees under this chapter, as often as may be
6	deemed necessary by the department, to ensure compliance with
7	the provisions of this chapter and rules adopted under this
8	chapter. The provisions of this section shall apply to
9	examinations conducted by the department under this chapter.
10	(2) The examination may, as deemed necessary by the
11	department, include examination of the affairs, transactions,
12	accounts, and records of the licensee's agents and controlling
13	or controlled person, relating directly or indirectly to the
14	licensee.
15	(3) The examination may be conducted at the offices,
16	wherever located, of the person being examined or investigated
17	and at such other places as may be required for determination
18	of matters under examination.
19	(4) Every person being examined, and its officers,
20	attorneys, unless it violates the attorney-client privilege,
21	employees, agents, and representatives, shall make freely
22	available the accounts, records, documents, files,
23	information, assets, and matters in their possession or
24	control relating to the subject of the examination.
25	(5) The licensee shall provide for the department
26	examiner's use during the examination such suitable private
27	office work location and facilities, including desk, chair,
28	and adequate lighting and ventilation, as are reasonably
29	available on the licensee's premises.
30	(6) If the department finds any accounts or records
31	required to be made or maintained by a licensee under this

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chapter to be inadequate or inadequately kept or posted, it
   may be employ experts to reconstruct, rewrite, post, or
   balance them at the expense of the person being examined,
 3
   provided the person has failed to maintain, complete, or
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   correct such records or accounting after the department has
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   given her or him notice and a reasonable opportunity to do so.
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 7
          (7) In connection with any examination under this
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   chapter, the department may administer oaths, examine
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   witnesses, and receive oral and documentary evidence, require
   the licensee to answer under oath interrogatories propounded
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   by the department, issue a subpoena for testimony or the
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   production of records to any person believed to have
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   information or materials relevant to the subject matter of the
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   examination, and compel such attendance and testimony and the
   production of such materials for inspection and copying. If
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   any person refuses to comply with any such subpoena or to
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   testify as to any matter concerning which she or he may be
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   lawfully interrogated, the Circuit Court of Leon County or of
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   the county wherein such examination, investigation, or hearing
    is being conducted, or of the county wherein such person
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   resides, may, on the application of the department, issue an
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   order requiring such person to comply with the subpoena and to
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   testify. Subpoenas may be served, and proof of such service
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   made, by any employee of the department.
          (8) The department shall furnish a copy of any
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   examination report to the licensee examined within a
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   reasonable period of time, and the licensee shall have 30 days
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   thereafter in which to prepare and provide the department a
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   response to the examination report. No examination report
   shall be filed by the department until such 30-day period has
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   elapsed. If the licensee provides a written response to the
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1	department within such 30-day period, the response shall be
2	attached to and made a part of the report as filed in the
3	department's files.
4	(9) The examination report when so filed shall
5	thereafter be admissible in evidence in any judicial or
6	administrative action or proceeding brought by the department
7	against the person examined, or against its officers,
8	employees, or agents, or for the enforcement of an
9	investigative subpoena issued by the department in any
10	investigation of, involving, or relating to the person
11	examined. In all other proceedings, the admissibility of the
12	examination report is governed by the evidence code. The
13	department or its examiners may at any time testify and offer
14	other proper evidence as to information secured or matters
15	discovered during the course of an examination, whether or not
16	a written report of the examination has been made, furnished,
17	or filed in the department.
18	(10) The written report of each preneed examination,
19	when completed, shall be filed in the office of the board and,
20	when so filed, shall constitute a public record.
21	(11) The person or organization examined shall pay the
22	travel expense and per diem subsistence allowance provided for
23	state employees under s. 112.061 for out-of-state travel
24	incurred by department representatives or examiners in
25	connection with an examination.
26	(12) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss.
27	120.536(1) and 120.54 for the implementation of this section.
28	Section 21. Section 497.151, Florida Statutes, is
29	created to read:
30	497.151 Complaints; logs; procedures
31	

1	(1) This section shall be applicable to all licensees
2	under this chapter except preneed sales agent licensees.
3	(2) Licensees shall cause to be maintained on a
4	continuing basis a log of all written complaints received by
5	the licensee regarding any aspect of the licensee's
6	operations. The log shall show the complainant's name, the
7	date the complaint was received, and the complainant's address
8	and phone number if shown in the complaint. Each written
9	complaint received shall be entered into the complaint log
10	within 10 days after receiving such complaint. The licensing
11	authority may by rule establish requirements relating to
12	complaint logs, including whether the log may be
13	electronically maintained or must be kept in writing by pen
14	and ink. Each licensee under this chapter shall retain in its
15	records all written complaints received by the licensee or the
16	licensee's staff. All complaint logs, and all written
17	complaints and related papers, shall be retained by the
18	licensee until the completion of the next examination by the
19	department of the licensee, which examination covers the
20	period the complaint was received or such other period as the
21	licensing authority may by rule require.
22	(3) Rules may be adopted modifying the requirements of
23	this section as applied to different categories of licensees
24	under this chapter, if the board determines that the
25	requirements of this section are impractical as to any
26	category of licensees.
27	Section 22. Section 497.152, Florida Statutes, is
28	created to read:
29	497.152 Disciplinary grounds This section sets forth
30	conduct which is prohibited and which shall constitute grounds
31	for denial of any application, imposition of discipline, and

1	other enforcement action against the licensee or other person
2	committing such conduct. For purposes of this section, the
3	requirements of this chapter include the requirements of rules
4	adopted under authority of this chapter. No subsection heading
5	in this section shall be interpreted as limiting the
6	applicability of any paragraph within the subsection.
7	(1) GENERAL PROVISIONS The generality of the
8	provisions of this subsection shall not be deemed to be
9	limited by the provisions of any other subsection.
10	(a) Violating any provision of this chapter or any
11	lawful order of the board or department or of the statutory
12	predecessors to the board or department.
13	(b) Committing fraud, deceit, negligence,
14	incompetency, or misconduct in the practice of any of the
15	activities regulated under this chapter.
16	(c) Failing while holding a license under this chapter
17	to maintain one or more of the qualifications for such
18	license.
19	(d) Refusing to sell or issue a contract or provide
20	services to any person because of the person's race, color,
21	creed, marital status, sex, or national origin.
22	(2) CRIMINAL ACTIVITY Being convicted or found
23	quilty of, or entering a plea of nolo contendere to,
24	regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which
25	relates to the practice of, or the ability to practice, a
26	licensee's profession or occupation under this chapter.
27	(3) DISCIPLINARY ACTION BY OTHER AUTHORITIES Having
28	a license or the authority to practice a profession or
29	occupation revoked, suspended, fined, denied, or otherwise
30	acted against or disciplined by the licensing authority of any
31	jurisdiction, including its agencies or subdivisions, for

1	conduct that would constitute a violation of this chapter if
2	committed in this state or upon grounds which directly relate
3	to the ability to practice under this chapter. The licensing
4	authority's acceptance of a relinquishment of licensure,
5	stipulation, consent order, or other settlement offered in
6	response to or in anticipation of the filing of charges
7	against the license shall be construed as action against the
8	license.
9	(4) OBLIGATIONS TO REGULATORS AND OTHER GOVERNMENT
10	AGENCIES
11	(a) Improperly interfering with an investigation or
12	inspection authorized by statute or with any disciplinary
13	proceeding.
14	(b) Failure to comply with a lawfully issued subpoena
15	of the department.
16	(c) Refusal to produce records to the department or
17	board in connection with any activity regulated pursuant to
18	this chapter.
19	(d) Failing to report to the department any person who
20	the licensee knows is in violation of this chapter.
21	(e) Knowingly concealing information relative to
22	violations of this chapter.
23	(f) Attempting to obtain, obtaining, or renewing a
24	license under this chapter by bribery, false or forged
25	evidence, or misrepresentation or through an error of the
26	department or board.
27	(q) Making or filing a report or statement to or with
28	any government entity which the licensee knows or has reason
29	to know to be false; or intentionally or negligently failing
30	to file a report or record required to be filed with any
31	government entity, or willfully impeding or obstructing

1	another person to do so, or inducing another person to impede
2	or obstruct such filing.
3	(h) Failing to perform any statutory or legal
4	obligation placed upon a licensee.
5	(5) LIMITATIONS ON SCOPE OF PRACTICE; UNLICENSED
6	PRACTICE
7	(a) Practicing or offering to practice beyond the
8	scope permitted by this chapter and rules adopted under this
9	chapter for the type of licensure held or accepting and
10	performing professional responsibilities the licensee knows,
11	or has reason to know, the licensee is not competent to
12	perform.
13	(b) Practicing or attempting to practice with a
14	revoked, suspended, inactive, or delinquent license.
15	(c) Representing as her or his own the license of
16	another.
17	(d) Aiding, assisting, procuring, employing, or
18	advising any person or entity to practice a profession or
19	occupation regulated by this chapter without required
20	licensure under this chapter.
21	(e) Aiding, assisting, procuring, employing, or
22	advising any person or entity to operate or in operating an
23	establishment regulated by this chapter without the required
24	licensure under this chapter.
25	(f) Delegating to any person the performance of
26	professional activities, or contracting with any person for
27	the performance of professional activities by such person,
28	when the licensee knows or has reason to know the person is
29	not qualified by training, experience, and authorization to
30	perform such responsibilities.
31	

1	(q) Using the name or title "funeral director,"
2	"embalmer," "direct disposer," or other title suggesting
3	licensure which the person using such name or title does not
4	hold.
5	(h) Engaging by a direct disposer in the practice of
6	direct burial or offering the at-need or preneed service of
7	direct burial.
8	(6) EDUCATIONAL REQUIREMENTS
9	(a) Failing to comply with applicable educational
10	course requirements pursuant to this chapter or rules adopted
11	under this chapter regarding human immunodeficiency virus and
12	acquired immune deficiency syndrome.
13	(b) Failing to timely comply with applicable
14	continuing education requirements of this chapter.
15	(7) RELATIONS WITH OTHER LICENSEES
16	(a) Having been found liable in a civil proceeding for
17	knowingly filing a false report or complaint against another
18	licensee with the department or the board.
19	(b) Making any misleading statements or
20	misrepresentations as to the financial condition of any
21	person, or which are falsely and maliciously critical of any
22	person for the purpose damaging that person's business
23	regulated under this chapter.
24	(8) TRANSPORT, CUSTODY, TREATMENT, OR DISINTERMENT OF
25	HUMAN REMAINS
26	(a) Violation of any state law or rule or any
27	municipal or county ordinance or regulation affecting the
28	handling, custody, care, or transportation of dead human
29	bodies.
30	(b) Refusing to surrender promptly the custody of a
31	dead human body upon the express order of the person legally

1	authorized to its custody; however, this provision shall be
2	subject to any state or local laws or rules governing custody
3	or transportation of dead human bodies.
4	(c) Taking possession of a dead human body without
5	first having obtained written or oral permission from a
6	legally authorized person. If oral permission is granted, the
7	licensee must obtain written permission within a reasonable
8	time as established by rule.
9	(d) Embalming human remains without first having
10	obtained written or oral permission from a legally authorized
11	person; however, washing and other public health procedures,
12	such as closing of the orifices by placing cotton soaked in a
13	disinfectant in such orifices until authorization to embalm is
14	received, shall not be precluded. If oral permission is
15	granted, the licensee must obtain written permission within a
16	reasonable time as established by board rule.
17	(e) Failing to obtain written authorization from the
18	family or next of kin of the deceased prior to entombment,
19	interment, disinterment, disentombment, or disinurnment of the
20	remains of any human being.
21	(9) SALES PRACTICES IN GENERAL
22	(a) Soliciting by the licensee, or by her or his
23	agent, assistant, or employee, through the use of fraud, undue
24	influence, intimidation, overreaching, or other means which
25	takes advantage of a customer's ignorance or emotional
26	vulnerability.
27	(b) Exercising undue influence on a client for the
28	purpose of financial gain of the licensee or a third party in
29	connection with any transaction regulated by this chapter.
30	(c) Discouraging a customer's purchase of any funeral

31 merchandise or service which is advertised or offered for

1	sale, with the purpose of encouraging the purchase of
2	additional or more expensive merchandise or service, by
3	disparaging its quality or appearance, except that true
4	factual statements concerning features, design, or
5	construction do not constitute disparagement; by
6	misrepresenting its availability or any delay involved in
7	obtaining it; or by suggesting directly or by implication that
8	a customer's concern for price or expressed interest in
9	inexpensive funeral merchandise or services is improper,
10	inappropriate, or indicative of diminished respect or
11	affection for the deceased.
12	(d) Misrepresenting the benefits, advantages,
13	conditions, or terms of any contract to provide any services
14	or merchandise regulated under this chapter.
15	(e) Advertising goods and services in a manner that is
16	fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading in form or content.
17	(f) Directly or indirectly making any deceptive,
18	misleading, or untrue representations, whether oral or
19	written, or employing any trick, scheme, or artifice, in or
20	related to the practice of a profession or occupation
21	regulated under this chapter, including in the advertising or
22	sale of any merchandise or services related to the practice of
23	the profession or occupation.
24	(10) SPECIFIC MISREPRESENTATIONS
25	(a) Making any false or misleading statement of the
26	legal requirement as to the necessity of any particular burial
27	or funeral merchandise or services.
28	(b) Making any oral, written, or visual
29	representations, directly or indirectly, that any funeral
30	merchandise or service is offered for sale when such is not a
2 1	bong fide offer to goll such morphandiae or gorvide

1	(c) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of
2	inducing, or tending to induce, the lapse, forfeiture,
3	exchange, conversion, or surrender of any preneed contract or
4	any life insurance policy pledged or assigned to secure
5	payment for funeral or burial goods or services.
6	(d) Misrepresenting pertinent facts or prepaid
7	contract provisions relating to funeral or burial merchandise
8	or services.
9	(e) Misrepresenting the amount advanced on behalf of a
10	customer for any item of service or merchandise, including,
11	but not limited to, cemetery or crematory services,
12	pallbearers, public transportation, clergy honoraria, flowers,
13	musicians or singers, nurses, obituary notices, gratuities,
14	and death certificates, described as cash advances,
15	accommodations, or words of similar import on the contract,
16	final bill, or other written evidence of agreement or
17	obligation furnished to customers; however, nothing in this
18	paragraph shall require disclosure of a discount or rebate
19	which may accrue to a licensee subsequent to making a cash
20	advance.
21	(f) Making any false or misleading statement or claim
22	that natural decomposition or decay of human remains can be
23	prevented or substantially delayed by embalming, use of a
24	gasketted or ungasketted casket, or use of an adhesive or
25	nonadhesive closure on an outer burial container.
26	(q) Making any false or misleading statement, oral or
27	written, directly or indirectly, regarding any law or rule
28	pertaining to the preparation for disposition, transportation
29	for disposition, or disposition of dead human bodies.
30	(h) Making any false or misleading statements of the
31	legal requirement as to the conditions under which

1	preservation of a dead human body is required or as to the
2	necessity of a casket or outer burial container.
3	(11) SPECIFIC SALES PRACTICES
4	(a) Failing to furnish, for retention, to each
5	purchaser of burial rights, burial or funeral merchandise, or
6	burial or funeral services a written agreement, the form of
7	which has been previously approved if and as required by this
8	chapter, which lists in detail the items and services
9	purchased together with the prices for the items and services
10	purchased; the name, address, and telephone number of the
11	licensee; the signatures of the customer and the licensee or
12	her or his representative; and the date signed.
13	(b) Using any name or title in any contract regulated
14	under this chapter which misrepresents the true nature of the
15	contract.
16	(c) Selling an irrevocable preneed contract to a
17	person who is not an applicant for or recipient of
18	Supplemental Security Income or Aid to Families with Dependent
19	Children or pursuant to s. 497.459(6)(a).
20	(d) Except as authorized in part IV of this chapter,
21	quaranteeing the price of goods and services at a future date.
22	(e) Requiring that a casket be purchased for cremation
23	or claiming directly or by implication that a casket is
24	required for cremation.
25	(f) When displaying any caskets for sale, failing to
26	display the least expensive casket offered for sale or use in
27	adult funerals in the same general manner as the funeral
28	service industry member's other caskets are displayed.
29	(q) Assessing fees and costs that have not been
30	disclosed to the customer in connection with any transaction
31	regulated by this chapter.

1	(h) Failure by a cemetery licensed under this chapter
2	to provide to any person, upon request, a copy of the cemetery
3	bylaws.
4	(i) Requirements by a cemetery licensee that lot
5	owners or current customers make unnecessary visits to the
6	cemetery company office for the purpose of solicitation.
7	(12) DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS
8	(a) Failure to disclose, when such disclosure is
9	desired, the components of the prices for alternatives offered
10	by the licensee from whom disclosure is requested, such as
11	graveside service, direct disposition, and body donation
12	without any rites or ceremonies prior to the delivery of the
13	body and prices of service if there are to be such after the
14	residue has been removed following the use thereof.
15	(b) Failing to furnish, for retention, to anyone who
16	inquires in person about burial rights, burial or funeral
17	merchandise, or burial or funeral services, before any
18	discussion of selection, a printed or typewritten list
19	specifying the range of retail prices for such rights,
20	merchandise, or services. At a minimum, the list shall itemize
21	the highest and lowest priced product and service regularly
22	offered and shall include the name, address, and telephone
23	number of the licensee and statements that the customer may
24	choose only the items the customer desires, that the customer
25	will be charged for only those items selected, and that there
26	may be other charges for other items or other services.
27	(c) Failing to reasonably provide by telephone, upon
28	request, accurate information regarding the retail prices of
29	funeral merchandise and services offered for sale by that
30	licensee.
31	

1	(d) Failure by a funeral director to make full
2	disclosure in the case of a funeral or direct disposition with
3	regard to the use of funeral merchandise which is not to be
4	disposed of with the body or failure to obtain written
5	permission from the purchaser regarding disposition of such
6	merchandise.
7	(e) Failure by any funeral director to fully disclose
8	all of her or his available services and merchandise prior to
9	the selection of a casket offered by a licensee. The full
10	disclosure required shall identify what is included in the
11	funeral or direct disposition and the prices of all services
12	and merchandise provided by the licensee or registrant.
13	(f) Failing to have the price of any casket offered
14	for sale clearly marked on or in the casket, whether the
15	casket is displayed at a funeral establishment or at any other
16	location, regardless of whether the licensee is in control of
17	such location. If a licensee uses books, catalogs, brochures,
18	or other printed display aids, the price of each casket shall
19	be clearly marked.
20	(q) Failing to disclose all fees and costs the
21	customer may incur to use the burial rights or merchandise
22	purchased.
23	(13) CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS
24	(a) Failing without reasonable justification to timely
25	honor contracts entered into by the licensee or under the
26	licensee's license for funeral or burial merchandise or
27	services.
28	(b) Failure to honor preneed contract cancellation
29	requests and make refunds as required by the chapter.
30	(14) OBLIGATIONS REGARDING COMPLAINTS AND CLAIMS BY
31	CUSTOMERS

1	(a) Failing to adopt and implement standards for the
2	proper investigation and resolution of claims and complaints
3	received by a licensee relating to the licensee's activities
4	regulated by this chapter.
5	(b) Committing or performing with such frequency as to
6	indicate a general business practice any of the following:
7	1. Failing to acknowledge and act promptly upon
8	communications from a licensee's customers and their
9	representatives with respect to claims or complaints relating
10	to the licensee's activities regulated by this chapter.
11	2. Denying claims or rejecting complaints received by
12	a licensee from a customer or customer's representative,
13	relating to the licensee's activities regulated by this
14	chapter, without first conducting reasonable investigation
15	based upon available information.
16	3. Attempting to settle a claim or complaint on the
17	basis of a material document which was altered without notice
18	to, or without the knowledge or consent of, the contract
19	purchaser or her or his representative or legal quardian.
20	4. Failing within a reasonable time to affirm or deny
21	coverage of specified services or merchandise under a contract
22	entered into by a licensee upon written request of the
23	contract purchaser or her or his representative or legal
24	guardian.
25	5. Failing to promptly provide, in relation to a
26	contract for funeral or burial merchandise or services entered
27	into by the licensee or under the licensee's license, a
28	reasonable explanation to the contract purchaser or her or his
29	representative or legal quardian of the licensee's basis for
30	denying or rejecting all or any part of a claim or complaint
31	submitted.

1	(c) Making a material misrepresentation to a contract
2	purchaser or her or his representative or legal quardian for
3	the purpose and with the intent of effecting settlement of a
4	claim or complaint or loss under a prepaid contract on less
5	favorable terms than those provided in, and contemplated by,
6	the prepaid contract.
7	(d) Failing to maintain a complete copy of every
8	complaint received by the licensee since the date of the last
9	examination of the licensee by the department. For purposes of
10	this subsection, the term "complaint" means any written
11	communication primarily expressing a grievance and which
12	communication is from:
13	1. A representative or family member of a deceased
14	person interred at the licensee's facilities or using the
15	licensee's services, or which deceased's remains were the
16	subject of any service provided by the licensee or licensee's
17	business; or
18	2. A person, or such person's family member or
19	representative, who inquired of the licensee or licensee's
20	business concerning the purchase of, or who purchased or
21	contracted to purchase, any funeral or burial merchandise or
22	services from the licensee or licensee's business.
23	(15) MISCELLANEOUS FINANCIAL MATTERS
24	(a) Failing to timely pay any fee required by this
25	<pre>chapter.</pre>
26	(b) Failing to timely remit as required by this
27	chapter the required amounts to any trust fund required by
28	this chapter.
29	(c) Paying to or receiving from any organization,
30	agency, or person, either directly or indirectly, any
31	commission, bonus, kickback, or rebate in any form whatsoever

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for any business regulated under this chapter, whether such
   payments are made or received by the licensee, or her or his
    agent, assistant, or employee; however, this provision shall
 3
   not prohibit the payment of commissions by a funeral director,
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    funeral establishment, cemetery, or monument establishment to
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    its preneed agents licensed pursuant to this chapter or to
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 7
    licensees under this chapter.
 8
           Section 23. Section 497.153, Florida Statutes, is
 9
    created to read:
           497.153 Disciplinary procedures and penalties. --
10
          (1) JURISDICTION OF LICENSING AUTHORITY TO INVESTIGATE
11
    AND PROSECUTE. -- The expiration, nonrenewal, or surrender of
12
13
    licensure under this chapter shall not eliminate jurisdiction
14
    in the licensing authority to investigate and prosecute for
    violations committed while licensed under this chapter. The
15
    prosecution of any matter may be initiated or continued
16
    notwithstanding the withdrawal of any complaint.
17
18
          (2) DETERMINATION OF PROBABLE CAUSE. --
19
          (a) If the department shall determine that there is
    reasonable cause to believe that any licensee under this
20
    chapter is subject to disciplinary action under this chapter
2.1
22
    and is not eligible for a citation or notice of noncompliance
2.3
    pursuant to criteria established by the board, the department
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    shall present the matter to a probable cause panel of the
2.5
    board.
          (b) Prior to submitting a matter to the probable cause
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    panel, the licensee who is the subject of the matter shall be
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2.8
   provided by the department with a copy of any written
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   complaint received by the department in the matter and shall
   be advised that she or he may, within 20 days after receipt of
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   a copy of such complaint from the department, submit to the
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department a written response. Any response timely received by
   the department shall be provided by the department to the
   probable cause panel. Licensees may not appear in person or
 3
    through a representative at any probable cause panel
 4
   proceeding. This paragraph shall not apply to emergency
 5
 6
   action.
 7
          (3) PROBABLE CAUSE PROCEEDINGS. --
 8
          (a) The board may provide, by rule, for multiple
 9
    probable cause panels composed of at least two members. The
    board may provide, by rule, that one or more members of the
10
    panel or panels may be a former board member. The length of
11
    term or repetition of service of any such former board member
12
13
    on a probable cause panel may vary according to the direction
14
    of the board when authorized by board rule. Any probable cause
    panel must include one of the board's former or present
15
    consumer members, if one is available and willing to serve.
16
    Any probable cause panel must include a present board member.
17
18
    The board shall enact rules consistent with this section
19
    specifying, according to what categories of licensure are
    represented on a probable cause panel, what categories of
20
    licensee cases may be presented to that panel. Former board
2.1
22
    members may be from the former Board of Funeral and Cemetery
2.3
    Services or the former Board of Funeral Directors and
24
    Embalmers. However, any former professional board member
    serving on the probable cause panel must hold an active valid
2.5
    license for that profession.
26
27
          (b) The probable cause panel may make a reasonable
28
    request to the department for additional investigative
29
    information, and upon such request the department shall
   provide such additional investigative information as is
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necessary to the determination of probable cause. A request

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	for additional investigative information shall be made within
2	15 days after the date of receipt by the probable cause panel
3	of the investigative report of the department. The probable
4	cause panel shall make its determination as to the existence
5	of probable cause within 30 days after referral of the matter
6	to the probable cause panel by the department. The Chief
7	Financial Officer may grant extensions of the 15-day and the
8	30-day time limits. If the probable cause panel does not find
9	probable cause within the 30-day time limit, as may be
10	extended, or if the probable cause panel finds no probable
11	cause, the department may determine, within 10 days after the
12	panel fails to determine probable cause or 10 days after the
13	time limit has elapsed, that probable cause exists.
14	(c) The probable cause panel may not resolve or direct
15	resolution of a matter presented to it, by issuance of a
16	citation or a letter of quidance or noncompliance or other
17	informal resolution, without the concurrence of the
18	department.
19	(d) The determination as to whether probable cause
20	exists shall be made by majority vote of the probable cause
21	panel of the board.
22	(e) If the probable cause panel finds that probable
23	cause exists, it shall direct the department to file a formal
24	complaint against the licensee.
25	(4) ACTION AFTER PROBABLE CAUSE FOUND
26	(a) Service of an administrative complaint may be in
27	person by department staff or any person authorized to make
28	service of process under the Florida rules of civil procedure.
29	Service upon a licensee may in the alternative be made by
30	certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last known
31	address of record provided by the ligensee to the department

1	(b) It after service of the administrative complaint
2	on a licensee the licensee does not dispute the facts alleged,
3	the department shall present the matter to the board for final
4	action.
5	(c) The department may at any time present to the
6	board a proposed settlement of any matter as to which probable
7	cause has been found. If the board accepts the proposed
8	settlement, it shall issue its final order adopting the
9	settlement. If the board does not accept such settlement, the
10	prosecution of the matter shall be resumed. No settlement of
11	any disciplinary matter as to which probable cause has been
12	found may be entered into by the board prior to receipt of a
13	recommended order of an administrative law judge without the
14	department's concurrence.
15	(d) Hearings concerning disputes as to any fact
16	alleged in a disciplinary action shall be held before an
17	administrative law judge of the Division of Administrative
18	Hearings in accordance with chapter 120. The department shall
19	present the recommended order of the administrative law judge
20	to the board for final action.
21	(e) If at any time after probable cause has been found
22	in a matter the department shall conclude that the matter
23	should not be further prosecuted, the department may present
24	the matter to any probable cause panel of the board. If that
25	probable cause panel concurs with the department, the
26	prosecution may be terminated, without prejudice to subsequent
27	prosecution of the same matter. If the probable cause panel
28	does not concur with the department, the matter shall be
29	returned to the department for continued prosecution. Upon
30	commencement of taking of evidence in a matter before an
31	administrative law judge the jurisdiction of the

1	administrative law judge may not be terminated except by order
2	of the administrative law judge or a court of competent
3	jurisdiction.
4	(f) No disciplinary matter may come before the board
5	for final or other action, nor shall action by the board be
6	taken as to any disciplinary matter, except upon presentation
7	and recommendation by the department.
8	(5) PENALTIES
9	(a) When the board finds any person to be subject to
10	discipline under this chapter, it may enter an order imposing
11	one or more of the following:
12	1. Denial of an application for a license.
13	2. Issuance of a written reprimand.
14	3. Placement of the licensee on probation for a period
15	of time and subject to such conditions as the board may
16	specify.
17	4. Restrictions on the authorized scope of practice of
18	the licensee.
19	5. Requirements that the licensee complete additional
20	education or training as specified by the board.
21	6. Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed
22	\$5,000 for each count or separate offense; provided, a
23	licensee may by settlement agree to a fine in excess of such
24	\$5,000 limitation.
25	7. Suspension of a license. A suspension may be for
26	such period and subject to such terms as the board shall
27	specify in its order imposing discipline. Unless ordered
28	otherwise by the board, during the period of suspension, the
29	person whose license has been suspended shall continue to file
30	all such reports, complete all continuing education, and pay
31	all fees as required under this chapter as if the license had

continued in full force. Upon expiration of the suspension period, if within such period the license has not otherwise terminated, the suspended license shall automatically be 3 reinstated unless the board has ordered that the licensee 4 apply for reinstatement, and the board may deny such 5 application if the board finds that the causes of the 6 7 suspension have not been resolved or that such person is 8 otherwise not in compliance with the requirements of the order 9 or this chapter. Revocation of licensure. The board may specify by 10 final order on a case-by-case basis the period of time that 11 must elapse before a revoked licensee may apply or reapply for 12 13 any licensure under this chapter. The board may by order on a 14 case-by-case basis specify that a revocation is permanent and that no future application for licensure under this chapter by 15 the revoked person or entity shall be accepted, processed or 16 approved. In no event shall any person or entity who has been 17 18 revoked under this section subsequently be issued the same or 19 other licensure under this chapter unless such person shall show by clear and convincing evidence that the person or 20 entity has been rehabilitated and otherwise qualifies for the 2.1 22 licensure applied for. 23 (b) In addition to any fine and other sanction 24 imposed, the board may order the payment by the licensee of the reasonable costs of the department and the board 2.5 associated with investigation and prosecution the matter, and 26 may order the licensee to make restitution as directed by 2.7 2.8 board order to persons harmed by the violation. 29 (c) The failure of a licensee to timely comply with a final order of the board imposing discipline shall be grounds 30 for emergency suspension of all licensure held by the licensee

1	under this chapter; provided, the department shall give
2	written notice to such licensee, at least 7 days before such
3	emergency suspension, of the department's intent to enter an
4	emergency order of suspension and the ground therefore, and
5	such emergency suspension shall not occur if during the 7-day
6	period the licensee shall provide the department with evidence
7	satisfactory to the department that the licensee was in
8	compliance or has come into compliance with the disciplinary
9	order. Any emergency suspension imposed shall be effective
10	when served, and shall terminate upon notice to the licensee
11	by the department that the department has received evidence
12	satisfactory to the department that the licensee has come into
13	compliance with the board's order, which notice the department
14	shall promptly provide to the licensee upon receipt of such
15	evidence. Notwithstanding the licensee's correction of any
16	noncompliance with a board order, such licensee shall be
17	liable for additional disciplinary action for failure to
18	timely comply with an order of the board.
19	(d) Any order imposing any penalty pursuant to this
20	section shall recite the grounds upon which the penalty is
21	based.
22	(6) PROTECTION OF CUSTOMERS OF DISCIPLINED
23	LICENSEES In imposing any discipline under this section the
24	board may also impose by its order such restrictions,
25	conditions and requirements on the licensee and the licensee's
26	assets and the assets of any trust under this chapter utilized
27	by the licensee, as are reasonably necessary for the
28	protection of persons to whom the disciplined licensee is
29	obligated for the future performance or delivery of funeral or
30	burial merchandise or services. The board shall have
31	continuing jurisdiction over revoked persons and entities and

1	their assets and related trusts under this chapter, for the
2	purpose of and to the extent necessary for the protection of
3	persons to whom the disciplined licensee is obligated for the
4	future performance or delivery of funeral or burial
5	merchandise or services, and may issue such subsequent and
6	additional orders as from time to time the board deems
7	necessary or advisable for such purposes. The courts of this
8	state shall have jurisdiction to enforce the reasonable orders
9	of the board issued for such purposes.
10	(7) LIABILITY FOR AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES For purposes
11	of this section, the acts or omissions of any person employed
12	by or under contract to the licensee shall be treated as acts
13	or omissions of the licensee. However, the board may determine
14	that disciplinary action may be more appropriately taken
15	against an individual licensed preneed agent or licensed
16	branch rather than taking action against the sponsoring
17	preneed licensee.
18	(8) PUBLICATION OF DISCIPLINARY ACTION The
19	department may cause notice of any disciplinary action of the
20	board to be published in one or more newspapers of general
21	circulation published in this state.
22	(9) DETERMINATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO CHAPTER 120The
23	following determinations shall not entitle any person to
24	proceedings under chapter 120:
25	(a) A determination by the department to exercise its
26	authority under this chapter to investigate, financially
27	examine, or inspect any person or entity; or a determination
28	by the department concerning how to conduct such
29	investigation, financial examination, or inspection; or a
30	determination by the department concerning the content of any
21	report of investigation financial examination or inspection

1	(b) A determination by the department that there is
2	reasonable cause to believe that a licensee under this chapter
3	is subject to disciplinary action under this chapter and that
4	the matter should be presented to a probable cause panel of
5	the board, or that the licensee is not eliqible for a citation
6	pursuant to criteria established by the board.
7	(c) A determination by a probable cause panel of the
8	board that probable cause does or does not exist, or a
9	determination by the department under paragraph (3)(b).
10	(d) A determination by the department not to offer any
11	settlement to a licensee concerning any disciplinary matter.
12	Section 24. Section 497.133, Florida Statutes, is
13	renumbered as section 497.154, Florida Statutes, to read:
14	497.154 497.133 Disciplinary guidelines
15	(1) The board shall adopt, by rule, and periodically
16	review the disciplinary guidelines applicable to each ground
17	for disciplinary action which may be imposed by the board
18	pursuant to this chapter, and any rule of the board or
19	department.
20	(2) The disciplinary guidelines shall specify a
21	meaningful range of designated penalties based upon the
22	severity and repetition of specific offenses, it being the
23	legislative intent that minor violations be distinguished from
24	those which endanger the public health, safety, or welfare;
25	that such guidelines provide reasonable and meaningful notice
26	to the public of likely penalties which may be imposed for
27	proscribed conduct; and that such penalties be consistently
28	applied by the board.
29	(3) A specific finding of mitigating or aggravating
30	circumstances shall allow the board to impose a penalty other

31 than that provided for in such guidelines. If applicable, the

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board shall adopt by rule disciplinary guidelines to designate possible mitigating and aggravating circumstances and the variation and range of penalties permitted for such circumstances.

- (4) The department must review such disciplinary quidelines for compliance with the legislative intent as set forth in this section to determine whether the guidelines establish a meaningful range of penalties and may also challenge such rules pursuant to s. 120.56.
- (5) The rules provided for in this section shall be adopted promulgated within 6 months after the enactment of the board.
- (6) The administrative law judge, in recommending penalties in any recommended order, must follow the penalty guidelines established by the board and must state in writing the mitigating or aggravating circumstances upon which the recommended penalty is based.

Section 25. Section 497.121, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.155, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.155 497.121 Disciplinary citations and minor violations Authority to issue citations .--

(1) CITATIONS.--

(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 497.153 497.131, the board shall adopt rules to permit the issuance of citations. The citation shall be issued to the subject and shall contain the subject's name and address, the subject's license number if applicable, a brief factual statement, the sections of the law allegedly violated, and the penalty imposed. The citation must clearly state that the subject may 31 choose, in lieu of accepting the citation, to follow the

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procedures under s. 497.153 497.131. If the subject disputes the matter in the citation, the procedures set forth in s. 497.153 497.131 must be followed. However, if the subject does not dispute the matter in the citation with the department within 30 days after the citation is served, the citation shall become a final order of the board and shall constitute discipline. The penalty shall be a fine or other conditions as established by rule.

(b)(2) The board shall adopt rules designating violations for which a citation may be issued. Such rules shall designate as citation violations those violations for which there is no substantial threat to the public health, safety, and welfare. Citations shall not be utilized if there was any significant consumer harm resulting from the violation.

(c) (3) The department shall be entitled to recover the costs of investigation, in addition to any penalty provided according to board rule, as part of the penalty levied pursuant to the citation.

(d) (4) A citation must be issued within 6 months after the filing of the complaint that is the basis for the citation.

(e)(5) Service of a citation may be made by personal service or certified mail, restricted delivery, to the subject at the subject's last known address.

(2) MINOR VIOLATIONS.--

(a) The board may by rule specify violations of this chapter, and criteria for use by the department in identifying violations of this chapter, which are minor violations and which, if promptly corrected by the licensee upon notice by 31 the department during investigation, may, with the concurrence

1	of the department, result in closure of the investigation in
2	the matter without further action by the department or the
3	board.
4	(b) The rules may establish limits as to the number of
5	times in total, or per period of time, that this subsection
6	may be used in regard to any one licensee.
7	(c) The rules may establish limits or prohibitions on
8	the use of this subsection where the violation relates to a
9	consumer complaint received by the department concerning the
10	licensee, and the complaint has not been resolved.
11	(d) There may by rule be specified notices of
12	noncompliance and other forms and procedures for use in
13	implementation of this subsection.
14	Section 26. Section 497.156, Florida Statutes, is
15	created to read:
16	497.156 Emergency action against licenseesIn
17	addition to or in lieu of other actions authorized under this
18	chapter for the enforcement of this chapter, the department
19	may issue emergency orders under s. 120.60(6) suspending or
20	restricting a license or ordering a licensee to cease or
21	desist from specified conduct, or taking other action deemed
22	necessary in the circumstances, but shall thereafter promptly
23	present the matter to a probable cause panel of the board.
24	Emergency orders shall be effective when issued, shall be
25	appealable as provided by law, and shall be enforceable in the
26	courts of this state.
27	Section 27. Section 497.157, Florida Statutes, is
28	created to read:
29	497.157 Unlicensed practice; remedies concerning
30	violations by unlicensed persons
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1	(1) No person or entity shall engage in any activity
2	for which a license is required under this chapter, without
3	holding such licensure in good standing.
4	(2)(a) When the department has reasonable cause to
5	believe that any person or entity not licensed under this
6	chapter has violated any provision of this chapter or any rule
7	adopted under this chapter, the department may issue an
8	administrative complaint to such person or entity, alleging
9	violation of this chapter and providing notice therein of
10	intent by the department to order such person to cease and
11	desist from the alleged violation of this chapter, to take
12	corrective action including payment of restitution to persons
13	adversely affected by the violation, to pay the department's
14	reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution, or to
15	impose a fine of up to \$10,000 upon such person for each
16	violation of this chapter alleged in the administrative
17	complaint.
18	(b) The issuance of the administrative complaint shall
19	be a decision affecting substantial interests and shall
20	entitle the respondent therein to proceedings pursuant to s.
21	120.569, if such proceedings are requested by the respondent
22	in a writing received by the department within 21 days after
23	service of the administrative complaint. If such proceedings
24	are timely requested and the respondent shall contest any
25	material fact alleged in the administrative complaint, the
26	matter shall be heard before an administrative law judge of
27	the Division of Administrative Hearings, who shall issue her
28	or his recommended order to the department; otherwise, the
29	proceedings shall be before the Chief Financial Officer or her
30	or his designee. Upon conclusion of proceedings under s.
31	120.57 if the subject timely requested a hearing, or after the

expiration of 21 days after service of the administrative complaint if no request for hearing is received within those 21 days, the department may take final agency action and issue 3 its final order concerning the matter, which final order 4 shall be enforceable as set forth in s. 120.69. 5 (3) Where the department determines that an emergency 6 7 exists regarding any violation of this chapter by any 8 unlicensed person or entity, the department may issue and 9 serve an immediate final order upon such unlicensed person or entity, in accordance with s. 120.569(2)(n). Such an immediate 10 final order may impose such prohibitions and requirements as 11 are reasonably necessary to protect the public health, safety, 12 13 and welfare, and shall be effective when served. 14 (a) For the purpose of enforcing such an immediate final order, the department may file an emergency or other 15 proceeding in the circuit courts of the state seeking 16 enforcement of the immediate final order by injunctive or 17 18 other order of the court. The court shall issue its injunction 19 or other order enforcing the immediate final order pending administrative resolution of the matter under subsection (2), 20 unless the court determines that such action would work a 2.1 22 manifest injustice under the circumstances. Venue for judicial 2.3 actions under this paragraph shall be, at the election of the 24 department, in the courts of Leon County, or in a county where the respondent resides or has a place of business. 2.5 (b) After serving an immediate final order to cease 26 and desist upon any person or entity, the department shall 2.7 28 within 10 days issue and serve upon the same person or entity 29 an administrative complaint as set forth in subsection (2), 30 except that, absent order of a court to the contrary, the

1	<u>immediate final order shall be effective throughout the</u>
2	pendency of proceedings under subsection (2).
3	(4) For the purpose of this section, the violation of
4	this chapter by a person who is not licensed under this
5	chapter or by any person who aids and abets the unlicensed
6	activity shall be presumed to be irreparable harm to the
7	public health, safety, or welfare.
8	(5) Any administrative complaint or immediate final
9	order under this section may be served in person by a
10	department employee or by certified mail, return receipt
11	requested, to the subject's place of residence or business, or
12	by other means authorized by law.
13	Section 28. Section 497.229, Florida Statutes, is
14	renumbered as section 497.158, Florida Statutes, and amended
15	to read:
16	497.158 497.229 Court enforcement actions; Courts;
17	powers; abatement of nuisances
18	(1) In addition to or in lieu of other actions
19	authorized by this chapter, the department may petition the
20	courts of this state for injunctive or other relief against
21	any licensed or unlicensed person, for the enforcement of this
22	chapter and orders issued under this chapter. The court shall
23	be authorized to impose a fine of up to \$5,000 per violation,
24	payable to the department, upon any person determined by the
25	court to have violated this chapter, and may order payment to
26	the department of the department's attorney's fees and
27	litigation costs, by any person found to have violated this
28	chapter.
29	(2)(1) In addition to all other means provided by law
30	for the enforcement <u>by a court</u> of a temporary restraining
31	order or an injunction, the circuit court may impound the

property of a licensee cemetery company, including books, papers, documents, and records pertaining thereto, and may appoint a receiver or administrator to prevent further 3 violation of this chapter. 4 (3)(2) A court-appointed receiver or administrator may 5 take any action to implement the provisions of the court 6 order, to ensure the performance of the order, and to remedy 8 any breach thereof. 9 (4) Any nonconforming physical condition in a cemetery or component thereof which is the result of a 10 violation of this chapter or of the rules adopted under this 11 chapter of the board relating to construction, physical 12 13 operations, or care and maintenance at the cemetery shall be 14 deemed a public nuisance, and the nonconforming physical conditions caused by such violation may be abated as provided 15 in s. 60.05. 16 Section 29. Section 497.159, Florida Statutes, is 17 18 created to read: 19 497.159 Crimes.--20 (1) The theft of an examination in whole or in part or the act of unauthorized reproducing or copying any examination 21 22 administered by the department or the board, whether such 23 examination is reproduced or copied in part or in whole and by 24 any means, constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 2.5 775.084. 26 (2) The act of knowingly giving false information in 2.7

28 the course of applying for or obtaining a license under this 29 chapter, with intent to mislead the board or a public employee in the performance of her or his official duties, or the act 30 of attempting to obtain or obtaining a license under this 31

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chapter by knowingly misleading statements or knowing
   misrepresentations, constitutes a felony of the third degree,
   punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
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    775.084.
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          (3) Any individual who willfully obstructs the
    department or its examiner in any examination or investigation
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    authorized by this chapter is quilty of a misdemeanor of the
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    second degree and is, in addition to any disciplinary action
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    under this chapter, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
    775.083.
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          (4) Any officer or director, or person occupying
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    similar status or performing similar functions, of a licensee
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   under this chapter who knowingly directs or causes the failure
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    to make required deposits to any trust fund required by this
    chapter, or with knowledge that such required deposits are not
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   being made as required by law fails to report such failure to
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    the department, or who knowingly directs or causes the
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   unlawful withdrawal of funds from any trust fund required by
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    this chapter, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable
    as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
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          (5)(a) No cemetery company or other legal entity
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    conducting or maintaining any public or private cemetery may
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    deny burial space to any person because of race or color. A
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    cemetery company or other entity operating any cemetery may
    designate parts of cemeteries or burial grounds for the
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    specific use of persons whose religious code requires
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    isolation. Religious institution cemeteries may limit burials
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   to members of the religious institution and their families.
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          (b) Any cemetery company or other legal entity which
   violates the provisions of this subsection commits a
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   misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
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1	775.083, and each violation of this section constitutes a
2	separate offense.
3	(6) Any person who is not licensed under this chapter
4	who engages in activity requiring licensure under this
5	chapter, commits a misdemeanor of the second degree,
6	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
7	Section 30. Section 497.437, Florida Statutes, is
8	renumbered as section 497.160, Florida Statutes, and amended
9	to read:
10	(Substantial rewording of section. See
11	s. 497.437, F.S., for present text)
12	497.160 Receivership proceedings
13	(1) The department with the approval of the board may
14	petition the circuit courts of this state for appointment of a
15	receiver of any licensee or revoked or suspended licensee
16	under this chapter, or person who has without license
17	conducted activities requiring licensure under this chapter.
18	The court shall appoint a receiver if the court shall
19	determine that a receivership is necessary or advisable:
20	(a) To ensure the orderly and proper conduct of a
21	licensee's professional business and affairs during or in the
22	aftermath of the administrative proceeding to revoke or
23	suspend the licensee.
24	(b) For the protection of the public's interest and
25	rights in the business, premises, or activities of the person
26	sought to be placed in receivership.
27	(c) Upon a showing of actual or constructive
28	abandonment of premises or business licensed or which were not
29	but should have been licensed under this chapter.
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1	(d) Upon a showing of serious and repeated violations
2	of this chapter demonstrating and inability or unwillingness
3	of a licensee to comply with the requirements of this chapter.
4	(e) To prevent loss, wasting, dissipation, theft, or
5	conversion of assets that should be marshaled and held
6	available for the honoring of obligations under this chapter.
7	(f) Upon proof of other grounds which the court deems
8	good and sufficient for instituting receivership action
9	concerning the respondent sought to be placed in receivership.
10	(2) A receivership under this section may be
11	temporary, or for the winding up and dissolution of the
12	business, as the department may request and the court
13	determines to be necessary or advisable in the circumstances.
14	Venue of receivership proceedings may, at the department's
15	election, in Leon County, or the county where the subject of
16	the receivership is located. The appointed receiver shall be
17	the department or such person as the department may nominate
18	and the court shall approve. The provisions of part I of
19	chapter 631 shall be applicable to receiverships under this
20	section except to the extent the court shall determine the
21	application of particular of such provisions to be
22	impracticable or would produce unfair results in the
23	circumstances. Expenditures by the department from its
24	budgeted funds, the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer
25	Protection Trust Fund, and other regulatory trust funds
26	derived from this chapter, for implementation and effectuation
27	of such a receivership, shall be authorized; any such funds
28	expended shall be a claim against the estate in the
29	receivership proceedings.
30	(3) The department may adopt rules for the
31	implementation of this section

1	Section 31. Section 497.161, Florida Statutes, is
2	created to read:
3	497.161 Other rulemaking provisions
4	(1) In addition to such other rules as are authorized
5	or required under this chapter, the following additional
6	rules, not inconsistent with this chapter, shall be authorized
7	by the licensing authority.
8	(a) Rules by the board defining any technical term
9	used but not defined in his chapter, and defining the terms
10	<pre>"at-need" and "preneed" as used in this chapter:</pre>
11	(b) Rules by the board defining and regulating
12	hazardous materials generated in connection with the practice
13	of embalming, funeral directing, or direct disposition.
14	(c) Rules by the board governing the operation of
15	cemeteries in this state.
16	(d) Rules establishing a fee of up to \$100 for
17	issuance of a duplicate license or for a name change on a
18	license.
19	(e) Rules allowing and prescribing procedure and
20	formats for the electronic submission of any applications,
21	documents, filings or fees required by this chapter.
22	(f) Rules establishing procedures for investigation,
23	financial examination and inspection of licensees.
24	(q) Rules establishing procedures by which the
25	department may use the expert or technical advice of the board
26	or members of the board for the purposes of any investigation,
27	inspection, or financial examination, without thereby
28	disqualifying the board member from voting on final action in
29	the matter.
30	(h) In connection with the statutory revisions by the
31	2005 Pegular Session of the Legislature merging chapters 470

1	and 497 as those chapters appeared in the 2004 edition of the
2	Florida Statutes and the elimination of the former boards
3	under those chapters and the movement of regulation out of the
4	Department of Business and Professional Regulation, the
5	licensing authority shall through July 1, 2006, be deemed to
6	have extraordinary rulemaking authority to adopt any and all
7	rules jointly agreed by the board and the department to be
8	necessary for the protection of the public concerning the
9	regulation of the professions and occupations regulated under
10	this chapter, or for the relief of licensees regulated under
11	this chapter concerning any impacts which the department and
12	the board jointly agree were unintended or not contemplated in
13	the enactment of the 2005 legislative changes. The authority
14	under this paragraph and any rules adopted under authority of
15	this paragraph shall expire July 1, 2006.
16	(2) In addition to challenges for any invalid exercise
17	of delegated legislative authority, no rule shall be adopted
18	under this chapter, and the administrative law judge upon such
19	a challenge by the department or the board, may declare all or
20	part of a rule or proposed rule invalid, if the rule or
21	<pre>proposed rule:</pre>
22	(a) Does not protect the public from any significant
23	and discernible harm or damages;
24	(b) Unreasonably restricts competition or the
25	availability of professional services in the state or in a
26	significant part of the state; or
27	(c) Unnecessarily increases the cost of professional
28	services without a corresponding or equivalent public benefit.
29	However, there shall not be created a presumption of
30	the existence of any of the conditions cited in this
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subsection in the event that the rule or proposed rule is 2 challenged. 3 (3) The department and the board shall each have 4 standing under chapter 120 for the purposes of challenging 5 rules or proposed rules under this chapter. 6 Section 32. Section 470.0201, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.162, Florida Statutes, and amended 8 to read: 9 497.162 470.0201 Health and safety education.--All individuals not licensed under this chapter by the department 10 who intend to be employed as operational personnel affiliated 11 with a direct disposal establishment, cinerator facility, 12 13 removal service, refrigeration facility, or centralized 14 embalming facility, as well as all nonlicensed individuals who intend to be involved in the removal or transportation of 15 human remains on behalf of a funeral establishment, direct 16 disposal establishment, or cinerator facility shall complete 17 18 one course approved by the licensing authority board on communicable diseases, within 10 days after the date that they 19 begin functioning as operational personnel on behalf of any 20 entity that is regulated by this chapter. The course shall not 21 22 exceed 3 hours and shall be offered at approved locations 23 throughout the state. Such locations may include 24 establishments that are licensed or registered under this chapter. The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall adopt rules to 2.5 implement and enforce this provision, which rules shall 26 include provisions that provide for the use of approved 27 28 videocassette courses and other types of audio, video, or home 29 study courses to fulfill the continuing education requirements of this section. 30

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Section 33. Section 497.163, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

497.163 Restriction on requirement of citizenship.--No person shall be disqualified from practicing an occupation or profession regulated by this chapter solely because she or he is not a United States citizen.

Section 34. Section 497.321, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.164, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.164 497.321 Solicitation of goods or services.--

- (1) The board is authorized to adopt rules regulating the solicitation of sales of burial rights, merchandise, or services by licensees.
- (2) The board shall regulate such solicitation to protect the public from solicitation which is intimidating, overreaching, vexatious, fraudulent, or misleading; which utilizes undue influence; or which takes undue advantage of a person's ignorance or emotional vulnerability.
- (3) The board shall regulate any solicitation which comprises an uninvited invasion of personal privacy. It is the express finding of the Legislature that the public have a high expectation of privacy in their personal residences, and the department by rule shall restrict the hours or otherwise regulate such solicitation in the personal residence of a person unless the solicitation has been previously and expressly requested by the person solicited.
- (4) Nothing in this section act shall be construed to restrict the right of a person to lawfully advertise, use direct mail, or otherwise communicate in a manner not within the definition of solicitation or to solicit the business of

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anyone responding to such communication or otherwise
    initiating discussion of goods and services being offered.
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           (5) At-need solicitation of sales of burial rights,
   merchandise, or services is prohibited. No person cemetery
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    company or any agent or representative of that company may
    contact the family or next of kin of a deceased person to sell
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    services or merchandise unless the person cemetery company or
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    an agent or representative of the company has been initially
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    called or contacted by the family or next of kin of such
   person or persons and requested to provide services or
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   merchandise.
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           Section 35. Section 497.025, Florida Statutes, is
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   renumbered as section 497.165, Florida Statutes, and amended
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    to read:
          (Substantial rewording of section. See
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           s. 497.025, F.S., for present text.)
           497.165 Liability of owners, directors, and officers
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    regarding trust funds. -- The owners, officers, and directors of
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    any licensee under this chapter may be held jointly and
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    severally liable for any deficiency in any trust fund required
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   by this chapter, to the extent the deficiency arose during the
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   period they were owners, officers or directors of the
    licensee, if their conduct, or their negligence in the
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   performance of their duties, caused the deficiency or
    substantially contributed to conditions that allowed the
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    deficiency to arise or increase.
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           Section 36. Section 497.166, Florida Statutes, is
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    created to read:
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           497.166 Preneed sales.--
          (1) Regulation of preneed sales shall be as set forth
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in part IV of this chapter. No person may act as an agent for

1	<u>a funeral establishment or direct disposal establishment with</u>
2	respect to preneed contracts unless such person is licensed as
3	a preneed sales agent pursuant to part IV of this chapter.
4	(2) Nothing in parts I, II, III, V, or VI of this
5	chapter shall understood to necessarily prohibit any licensee
6	under this chapter from selling preneed funerals and funeral
7	merchandise through its agents and employees, so long as such
8	sales are permitted by part IV of this chapter.
9	(3)(a) The funeral director in charge of a funeral
10	establishment shall be responsible for the control and
11	activities of the establishment's preneed sales agents.
12	(b) The direct disposer in charge or a funeral
13	director acting as a direct disposer in charge of a direct
14	disposal establishment shall be responsible for the control
15	and activities of the establishment's preneed sales agents.
16	Section 37. Section 497.167, Florida Statutes, is
17	created to read:
18	497.167 Administrative matters
19	(1) The department shall establish and operate a
20	toll-free telephone hotline to receive complaints and provide
21	information relating to the regulation under this chapter.
22	(2) The director of the division shall serve as
23	executive director of the board. The director is the agency
24	head of the division. The director shall be appointed by and
25	serve at the pleasure of the Chief Financial Officer. The
26	director shall be responsible for preparation of the agenda
27	for each board meeting, and may make presentation to the board
28	of department recommendations and reports, and shall perform
29	such other duties as may be assigned by the Chief Financial
30	Officer.

1	(3) There shall be submitted to the legislature a
2	biennial budget for the board's operations at a time and in
3	the manner provided by law.
4	(4) There shall be developed and implemented a
5	training program for persons newly appointed to membership on
6	the board. The program shall familiarize such persons with the
7	substantive and procedural laws and rules which relate to the
8	regulation under this chapter and with the structure of the
9	department.
10	(5) There may be informational newsletters, bulletins,
11	and brochures produced and provided to licensees and consumers
12	concerning regulation under this chapter.
13	(6) The department shall allow applicants for new or
14	renewal licenses and current licensees to be screened by the
15	Title IV-D child support agency pursuant to s. 409.2598 to
16	ensure compliance with a support obligation. The purpose of
17	this subsection is to promote the public policy of this state
18	as established in s. 409.2551. The department shall, when
19	directed by the court, suspend or deny the license of any
20	licensee found to have a delinquent support obliqation, as
21	defined in s. 409.2554. The department shall issue or
22	reinstate the license without additional charge to the
23	licensee when notified by the court that the licensee has
24	complied with the terms of the court order. The department
25	shall not be held liable for any license denial or suspension
26	resulting from the discharge of its duties under this
27	subsection.
28	(7) Any person retained by the department under
29	contract to review materials, make site visits, or provide
30	expert testimony regarding any complaint or application filed
31	with the department, relating to regulation under this

chapter, shall be considered an agent of the department in determining the state insurance coverage and sovereign immunity protection applicability of ss. 284.31 and 768.28. 3 (8) Funds due from any licensee as a result of 4 disciplinary settlements under this chapter may be directed by 5 6 the board and department to use in support of training of examiners, investigators, and inspectors concerning 8 examinations, investigations and inspections under this 9 chapter, and to the conduct of examinations and investigations under this chapter, in order to enhance oversight and 10 enforcement of laws and regulations governing the activities 11 of licensees under this chapter. 12 13 (9) Any application under this chapter which must be 14 reviewed and acted upon by the board under this chapter, shall be acted upon by the board at a regularly scheduled board 15 meeting, and such application must be complete at least 25 16 days in advance of a regularly scheduled board meeting to be 17 18 considered by the board at such board meeting. The time for 19 approval of completed applications under s. 120.60, shall be deemed tolled between the date the application is complete, 20 and the next regularly scheduled board meeting at which the 2.1 22 application may be considered by the board. 23 (10) The board may establish by rule procedures and 24 requirements for the appearance before the board of any applicant or principal of an applicant, to stand for oral 2.5 interview by the board at a public meeting board, before an 26 application shall be deemed complete. Such rule may require 2.7 28 such appearance for all or specified categories of applicants 29 and may provide criteria for determining when such appearance shall be required. 30

1	(11) In any instance in which a licensee or applicant
2	under this chapter is required to be in compliance with a
3	particular provision by, on, or before a certain date, and if
4	that date occurs on a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday,
5	then the licensee or applicant is deemed to be in compliance
6	with the specific date requirement if the required action
7	occurs on the first succeeding day which is not a Saturday,
8	Sunday, or legal holiday.
9	(12) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, any
10	elected official who is licensed pursuant to this chapter may
11	hold employment for compensation with any public agency
12	concurrent with such public service. Such dual service shall
13	be disclosed according to any disclosure required by
14	applicable law.
15	(13) No application for any approval by the board may
16	come before the board for final or other action, nor shall
17	action by the board be taken as to any application, except
18	upon presentation and recommendation by the department.
19	(14) The department shall have standing to appear as a
20	party litigant in any judicial proceeding for the purpose of
21	enforcing this chapter or for the protection Florida residents
22	from the effects of any violation of this chapter.
23	(15) The Department of Legal Affairs shall provide
24	legal services to the board within the Department of Financial
25	Services, but the primary responsibility of the Department of
26	Legal Affairs shall be to represent the interests of the
27	citizens of the state by vigorously counseling the board with
28	respect to its obligations under the laws of the state.
29	Subject to the prior approval of the Attorney General, the
30	board may retain independent legal counsel to provide legal
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1	advice to the board on a specific matter. Fees and costs of
2	such counsel shall be paid from the Regulatory Trust Fund.
3	Section 38. Section 497.168, Florida Statutes, is
4	created to read:
5	497.168 Members of Armed Forces in good standing with
6	administrative boards
7	(1) Any reserve member of the Armed Forces of the
8	United States, and any member of any element of the national
9	quard, now or hereafter called to active duty in the Armed
10	Forces of the United States for a continuous period of 30 or
11	more days, who at the time of being called to active duty was
12	licensed in good standing to practice a profession under this
13	chapter, shall remain in good standing, without registering,
14	paying dues or fees, or being required to perform any other
15	act, as long as she or he remains on such active duty and for
16	a period of 6 months after discharge from active duty.
17	(2) The licensing authority shall adopt rules
18	exempting the spouses of members of the Armed Forces of the
19	United States from licensure renewal provisions, but only in
20	cases of absence from the state because of their spouses' call
21	to active duty from the reserves or national quard.
22	Section 39. Section 497.527, Florida Statutes, is
23	renumbered as section 497.169, Florida Statutes, and amended
24	to read:
25	497.169 497.527 Private actions; actions on behalf of
26	consumers; attorneys fee Civil remedies
27	(1) The Attorney General, or the department on behalf
28	of Florida residents, or any person may bring a civil action
29	against a person or company violating the provisions of this
30	chapter in the appropriate court of the county in which the
31	alleged violator resides or has his or her <u>or his</u> or its

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principal place of business or in the county wherein the alleged violation occurred. Upon adverse adjudication, the defendant shall be liable for actual damages caused by such violation. The court may, as provided by common law, award punitive damages and may provide such equitable relief as it deems proper or necessary, including enjoining the defendant from further violations of this chapter.

- (2) In any civil litigation resulting from a transaction involving a violation of this chapter, the court may award to the prevailing party, after judgment in the trial court and exhaustion of any appeal, reasonable attorney's fees and costs from the nonprevailing party in an amount to be determined by the trial court. Any award of attorney's fees or costs shall become a part of the judgment and shall be subject to execution as the law allows.
- (3) The provisions of this chapter are cumulative to rights under the general civil and common law, and no action of the department may abrogate such rights to damages or other relief in any court.

Section 40. Section 497.531, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.170, Florida Statutes, to read:

497.170 497.531 Unauthorized arrangements.--

- (1) Any arrangement to provide merchandise or services as defined in this chapter, by which payment for such merchandise or services is to be paid for through a financial arrangement, other than as authorized pursuant to this chapter, in which the provider of the merchandise or services is a beneficiary, party, agent, or owner is in violation of this chapter.
- (2) Any person who provides merchandise or services 31 and who knowingly becomes a beneficiary, agent, party, or

coowner as described in subsection (1) is in violation of this 2 chapter. 3 Section 41. Part II of chapter 497, consisting of 4 sections 497.260, 497.261, 497.262, 497.263, 497.264, 497.265, 497.266, 497.267, 497.268, 497.269, 497.270, 497.271, 497.272, 5 497.273, 497.274, 497.275, 497.276, 497.277, 497.278, 497.280, 6 7 497.281, 497.282, 497.283, 497.284, 497.285, 497.286, and 8 497.287, is created to read: 9 PART II CEMETERY REGULATION 10 Section 42. Section 497.003, Florida Statutes, is 11 renumbered as section 497.260, Florida Statutes, and amended 12 13 to read: 14 497.260 497.003 Cemeteries; exemption; investigation and mediation. --15 (1) The provisions of this chapter relating to 16 cemeteries and all rules adopted pursuant thereto shall apply 17 18 to all cemeteries except for: (a) Religious institution cemeteries of less than 5 19 acres which provide only single-level ground burial. 20 (b) County and municipal cemeteries. 21 22 (c) Community and nonprofit association cemeteries 23 which provide only single-level ground burial and do not sell burial spaces or burial merchandise. 24 (d) Cemeteries owned and operated or dedicated by a 2.5 religious institution prior to June 23, 1976. 26 (e) Cemeteries beneficially owned and operated since 27 28 July 1, 1915, by a fraternal organization or its corporate 29 agent. 30 (f) A columbarium consisting of less than one-half

31 acre which is owned by and immediately contiguous to an

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existing religious institution facility and is subject to local government zoning. The religious institution 3 establishing such a columbarium shall ensure that the columbarium is perpetually kept and maintained in a manner consistent with the intent of this chapter. If the religious institution relocates, the religious institution shall relocate all of the urns and remains placed in the columbarium which were placed therein during its use by the religious institution.

- (g) Family cemeteries of less than 2 acres which do not sell burial spaces or burial merchandise.
- (h) A mausoleum consisting of 2 acres or less which is owned by and immediately contiquous to an existing religious institution facility and is subject to local government zoning. The religious institution establishing such a mausoleum must ensure that the mausoleum is kept and maintained in a manner consistent with the intent of this chapter and limit its availability to members of the religious institution. The religious institution establishing such a mausoleum must have been incorporated for at least 25 years and must have sufficient funds in an endowment fund to cover the costs of construction of the mausoleum.
- (2) Section 497.276(1) 497.309(1) as to burial records, and ss. 497.164, 497.152(1)(d), 497.280, and 497.284 497.321, 497.325, 497.341, and 497.345 apply to all cemeteries in this state.
- (3) All cemeteries exempted under this chapter which are in excess of 5 acres must submit to the following investigation and mediation procedure by the department in the event of a consumer complaint:

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- The exempt cemetery shall make every effort to first resolve a consumer complaint;
- (b) If the complaint is not resolved, the exempt cemetery shall advise the consumer of the right to seek investigation and mediation by the department;
- (c) If the department receives a complaint, it shall attempt to resolve it telephonically with the parties involved;
- (d) If the complaint still is not resolved, the department shall conduct an investigation and mediate the complaint;
- (e) If the department conducts an onsite investigation and face-to-face mediation with the parties, it may charge the exempt cemetery a single investigation and mediation fee not to exceed \$300, which fee shall be set by rule and shall be calculated on an hourly basis; and
- (f) If all attempts to resolve the consumer complaint fail, the cemetery shall be subject to proceedings for penalties and discipline under this chapter if it is determined in a proceeding complying with chapter 120 that the cemetery is quilty of fraud, deceit, theft, gross negligence, incompetence, unjustified failure to honor its contracts, or failure to adequately maintain its premises. The department may file and serve on the cemetery an administrative complaint and cause the matter to be prosecuted and may thereafter issue and enforce its final order in the matter pursuant to chapter 120.
- (4) Any religious-institution-owned cemetery that is exempt under paragraph (1)(d), is located in a county with a population of at least 1.3 million persons on July 1, 1996, 31 and was selling merchandise and services to the religious

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institution's members prior to October 1, 1993, may establish
   one additional exempt cemetery in such county after December
    31, 2020.
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           (5) Any religious-institution-owned cemetery exempt
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   under subsection (1), except those cemeteries qualifying under
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   paragraph (1)(d), which becomes affiliated with a commercial
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    enterprise must meet the requirements of s. 497.263 497.201.
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          (6)(a) This subsection applies to all cemeteries in
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    <u>this state.</u>
          (b) No cemetery company or other legal entity
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    conducting or maintaining any public or private cemetery may
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    deny burial space to any person because of race or color. A
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    cemetery company or other entity operating any cemetery may
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    designate parts of cemeteries or burial grounds for the
    specific use of persons whose religious code requires
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    isolation. Religious institution cemeteries may limit burials
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    to members of the religious institution and their families.
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          (c) Any cemetery company or other legal entity which
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   violates the provisions of this subsection commits a
    misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
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    775.083, and each violation of this section constitutes a
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    separate offense.
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           Section 43. Section 497.004, Florida Statutes, is
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   renumbered as section 497.261, Florida Statutes, to read:
           497.261 497.004 Existing companies, effect of this
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    chapter. -- Cemetery companies existing on October 1, 1993,
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    shall continue in full force and effect but shall be operated
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    in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.
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           Section 44. Section 497.0255, Florida Statutes, is
   renumbered as section 497.262, Florida Statutes, and amended
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31 to read:
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1	497.262 497.0255 Duty of care and maintenance of
2	licensed cemetery Every cemetery company or other entity
3	responsible for the care and maintenance of a licensed
4	cemetery in this state shall ensure that the grounds,
5	structures, and other improvements of the cemetery are well
6	cared for and maintained in a proper and dignified condition.
7	The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall adopt, by no later than
8	July 1, 1999, such rules as are necessary to implement and
9	enforce this section. In developing and adopting such
10	promulgating said rules, the licensing authority board may
11	define different classes of cemeteries or care and
12	maintenance, and may provide for different rules to apply to
13	each of said classes, if the designation of classes and the
14	application of different rules is in the public interest and
15	is supported by findings by the <u>licensing authority</u> board
16	based on evidence of industry practices, economic and physical
17	feasibility, location, or intended uses; provided, that the
18	rules shall provide minimum standards applicable to all
19	cemeteries. For example, and without limiting the generality
20	of the foregoing, the <u>licensing authority</u> board may determine
21	that a small rural cemetery with large trees and shade area
22	does not require, and may not be able to attain, the same
23	level of lawn care as a large urban cemetery with large open
24	grassy areas and sprinkler systems.
25	Section 45. Section 497.201, Florida Statutes, is
26	renumbered as section 497.263, Florida Statutes, and amended
27	to read:
28	(Substantial rewording of section. See
29	s. 497.201, F.S., for present text.)
30	497.263 Cemetery companies; license required;
31	licensure requirements and procedures

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	(1) LICENSE REQUIREDNo person may operate a
2	cemetery without first obtaining a license under this section,
3	unless specifically exempted from this chapter.
4	(2) APPLICATION PROCEDURES
5	(a) A person seeking a cemetery license under this
6	section shall apply for such licensure using forms and
7	procedures prescribed by rule.
8	(b) The applicant shall be corporation or a
9	partnership, or a limited liability company formed prior to
10	January 1, 2005 which limited liability company already holds
11	a license under this chapter.
12	(c) The application shall require the name, principle
13	place of business, date of formation, and federal tax
14	identification number, of the applicant.
15	(d) The application shall require such historical
16	sketches and audited or unaudited financial statements
17	concerning the applicant and each principal of applicant, as
18	the licensing authority may require by rule.
19	(e) The application shall state any and all names
20	under which the cemetery may do business if licensed, if
21	different from applicant's name.
22	(f) The application shall state the exact location of
23	the proposed cemetery.
24	(q) The proposed cemetery must contain at least 30
25	contiguous acres. The application shall state the exact number
26	of acres in the proposed cemetery.
27	(h) The applicant must have a net worth of \$50,000, as
28	attested to by a sworn statement signed by all officers of
29	applicant. Such net worth must be continually maintained as a
30	condition of licensure.
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1	(i) The application shall be accompanied by such
2	description of the proposed financial structure of the
3	cemetery, as the licensing authority may require by rule.
4	(j) The application shall be accompanied by a legal
5	description of the cemetery.
6	(k) The application shall be accompanied by such maps
7	or surveys of the proposed cemetery, and maps showing the
8	location of the proposed cemetery in the local area, as the
9	licensing authority may require by rule, and the licensing
10	authority may by rule require such maps or surveys of the
11	cemetery to be prepared by a licensed Florida professional
12	surveyor.
13	(1) The application shall include such description of
14	the development plans for the proposed cemetery, as the
15	licensing authority may require by rule.
16	(m) The application shall require the applicant to
17	disclose whether the applicant or any principal of applicant
18	has ever been convicted or found quilty of, or entered a plea
19	of no contest to, regardless of adjudication, any crime in any
20	jurisdiction. The licensing authority may require by rule
21	additional information to be provided concerning any
22	affirmative answers.
23	(n) The application shall require the applicant to
24	disclose whether the applicant or any principal of applicant
25	has ever had a license or the authority to practice a
26	profession or occupation refused, suspended, fined, denied, or
27	otherwise acted against or disciplined, by the licensing
28	authority of any jurisdiction. The licensing authority may
29	require by rule additional information to be provided
30	concerning any affirmative answers. A licensing authority's
31	acceptance of a relinquishment of licensure, stipulation,

1	consent order, or other settlement, offered in response to or
2	in anticipation of the filing of charges against the license,
3	shall be construed as action against the license. The
4	licensing authority may require by rule additional information
5	to be provided concerning any affirmative answers.
6	(o) The application shall require the applicant and
7	applicant's principals to provide fingerprints in accordance
8	with part I of this chapter.
9	(p) The applicant shall demonstrate by clear and
10	convincing evidence that the applicant has the ability,
11	experience, financial stability, and integrity to operate a
12	cemetery, and that its principals are of good character.
13	(q) The application shall be signed by the president
14	of the applicant.
15	(r) The application shall be accompanied by a
16	nonrefundable application fee of \$5,000.
17	(s) The licensing authority may establish by rule
18	requirements for the appearance before the licensing authority
19	of the applicant and the applicant's principals, to stand for
20	oral interview by the licensing authority at a public
21	licensing authority meeting, before the application shall be
22	deemed complete.
23	(3) ACTION CONCERNING APPLICATIONS If the licensing
24	authority finds that the applicant meets the criteria
25	established in subsection (2), the applicant shall be notified
26	that a license will be issued when all of the following
27	conditions are satisfied:
28	(a) The establishment of a care and maintenance trust
29	fund containing not less than \$50,000 has been certified by a
30	trust company operating pursuant to chapter 660, a state or
31	national bank holding trust powers, or a savings and loan

1	association holding trust powers as provided in s. 497.458,
2	pursuant to a trust agreement approved by the licensing
3	authority. The \$50,000 required for the care and maintenance
4	trust fund shall be over and above the \$50,000 net worth
5	required by subsection (2).
6	(b) The applicant files with the licensing authority
7	an opinion or certification from a Florida attorney in good
8	standing, or a Florida title company, in a form acceptable to
9	the licensing authority, that the applicant holds unencumbered
10	fee simple title to all land identified in the application.
11	(c) The applicant obtains approval of the local zoning
12	authorities regarding the cemetery, and files with the
13	licensing authority evidence satisfactory to the licensing
14	authority of such approval, or if no approval by local zoning
15	authorities is required, such approval of residents adjacent
16	to the proposed cemetery as the licensing authority may
17	require by rule.
18	(d) The licensing authority determines that the
19	applicant has designated as general manager of the cemetery a
20	person of integrity, and who has 3 years of cemetery
21	management experience as defined by rule of the licensing
22	authority, and who has the ability to operate a cemetery.
23	(e) Evidence satisfactory to the licensing authority
24	that applicant has fully developed not less than 2 acres for
25	use as burial space, such development to include a paved road
26	from a public roadway to the developed section.
27	(f) Regarding the cemetery land identified in the
28	application, the applicant has recorded, and provides the
29	licensing authority with a written attestation of such
30	recording signed by a licensed Florida attorney, in the public
31	records of real estate in the county in which the cemetery

1	land is located, a notice which contains the following
2	lanquage:
3	NOTICE
4	The property described herein shall not be
5	sold, conveyed, leased, mortgaged, or
6	encumbered without the prior written approval
7	of the Department of Financial Services, as
8	provided in Chapter 497, Florida Statutes.
9	
10	Such notice shall be clearly printed in boldfaced type of not
11	less than 10 points and may be included on the face of the
12	deed of conveyance to the licensee or may be contained in a
13	separate recorded instrument which contains a description of
14	the property.
15	(4) ISSUANCE OF LICENSE There shall be issued a
16	license to operate a cemetery company to any applicant who,
17	within 12 months after notice that a license may be issued,
18	meets the criteria of subsection (3). The licensing authority
19	may, for good cause shown, grant up to two extensions of the
20	12-month period within which the applicant must meet the
21	criteria of subsection (3).
22	Section 46. Section 497.205, Florida Statutes, is
23	renumbered as section 497.264, Florida Statutes, and amended
24	to read:
25	497.264 497.205 License not assignable or
26	transferable
27	(1) A license issued to operate a cemetery pursuant to
28	this chapter is not transferable or assignable, and a licensee
29	may not develop or operate any cemetery authorized by this
30	chapter at any location other than that contained in the
31	application for the license.

1	(2) Any person or entity that seeks to purchase or
2	otherwise acquire control of any cemetery licensed under this
3	chapter, shall first apply to the licensing authority and
4	obtain approval of such purchase or change in control.
5	(a) The licensing authority may adopt rules
6	establishing forms and procedures for such applications.
7	(b) The application shall state the name and address
8	of the licensed cemetery to which the application relates.
9	(c) For applications by a natural person, the
10	application shall state the applicant's name, residence
11	address, address of principal office or place of employment,
12	and social security number.
13	(d) For applications by an entity, the application
14	shall state applicant's name, address of principal place of
15	business or headquarters offices, the names and titles of all
16	officers of applicant, applicant's state of domicile and date
17	of formation, and applicant's federal tax identification
18	number.
19	(e) The application shall require such historical
20	sketches and audited or unaudited financial statements
21	concerning the applicant and each principal of the applicant,
22	as the licensing authority may require by rule.
23	(f) The applicant must have a net worth of \$50,000, as
24	attested to by a sworn statement signed by applicant if a
25	natural person, otherwise by all officers of applicant. Such
26	net worth must be continually maintained as a condition of
27	licensure of the cemetery if the application is approved.
28	(q) The application shall include such description of
29	the development plans the applicant has for the proposed
30	cemetery, as the licensing authority may require by rule.
31	

1	(h) The application shall require the applicant to
2	disclose whether the applicant or any principal of applicant
3	has ever been convicted or found quilty of, or entered a plea
4	of no contest to, regardless of adjudication, any crime in any
5	jurisdiction. The licensing authority may require by rule
6	additional information to be provided concerning any
7	affirmative answers.
8	(i) The application shall require the applicant to
9	disclose whether the applicant or any principal of applicant
10	has ever had a license or the authority to practice a
11	profession or occupation refused, suspended, fined, denied, or
12	otherwise acted against or disciplined, by the licensing
13	authority of any jurisdiction. The licensing authority may
14	require by rule additional information to be provided
15	concerning any affirmative answers. A licensing authority's
16	acceptance of a relinquishment of licensure, stipulation,
17	consent order, or other settlement, offered in response to or
18	in anticipation of the filing of charges against the license,
19	shall be construed as action against the license. The
20	licensing authority may require by rule additional information
21	to be provided concerning any affirmative answers.
22	(j) The application shall require the applicant and
23	applicant's principals to provide fingerprints in accordance
24	with part I of this chapter.
25	(k) The applicant shall demonstrate by clear and
26	convincing evidence that the applicant has the ability,
27	experience, financial stability, and integrity to operate a
28	cemetery, and if the applicant is an entity, that applicant's
29	principals are of good character.
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1	(1) The application shall be signed by the applicant
2	if a natural person, otherwise by the president of the
3	applicant.
4	(m) The application shall be accompanied by a
5	nonrefundable application fee of \$5,000; provided, the fee
6	shall be \$500 if the application is in regards to a change in
7	ownership that will not be accompanied by any change in
8	ultimate control.
9	(n) The licensing authority may establish by rule
10	requirements for the appearance before the licensing authority
11	of the applicant and the applicant's principals, to stand for
12	oral interview by the licensing authority at a public
13	licensing authority meeting, before the application shall be
14	deemed complete.
15	(o) A completed application shall be approved if the
16	requirements of this section are met.
17	(2) Any person who seeks to purchase or acquire
18	control of an existing licensed cemetery shall first apply to
19	the board for approval of the proposed change of ownership.
20	The application shall contain the name and address of the
21	proposed new owner, a financial statement signed by all
22	officers of the company attesting to a net worth of at least
23	\$50,000, and other information required by the board. The
24	board may approve a change of ownership only after it has
25	conducted an investigation of the applicant and determined
26	that the proposed new owner is qualified by character,
27	experience, and financial responsibility to control and
28	operate the cemetery in a legal and proper manner. The
29	department may examine the records of the cemetery company as
30	part of the investigation in accordance with this chapter. The
31	application shall be accompanied by an investigation fee of

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1 $5,000. Upon consummation of the purchase or acquisition of
   control and upon receipt of all documents required by the
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   board, the department shall issue the new license for that
   cemetery effective on the date of that purchase or acquisition
 4
   of control.
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         Section 47. Section 497.213, Florida Statutes, is
   renumbered as section 497.265, Florida Statutes, and amended
8
   to read:
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         497.265 497.213 Annual license fees.--
         (1) The department shall collect from each cemetery
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   company operating under the provisions of this chapter an
   annual license fee as follows:
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         (a) For a cemetery with less than $25,000 annual gross
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   sales.....$250.
          (b) For a cemetery with at least $25,000 but less than
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   $100,000 annual gross
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   sales.....$350.
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         (c) For a cemetery with annual gross sales of at least
   $100,000 but less than
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   $250,000.....$600.
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          (d) For a cemetery with annual gross sales of at least
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   $250,000 but less than
   $500,000.....$900.
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          (e) For a cemetery with annual gross sales of at least
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   $500,000 but less than
   $750,000.....$1,350.
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         (f) For a cemetery with annual gross sales of at least
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   $750,000 but less than $1
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   million.....$2,250.
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(g) For a cemetery with annual gross sales of at least
   $1 million but less than $5
   million.....$3,250.
 3
          (h) For a cemetery with annual gross sales of $5
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   million or
 5
 6
   more.....$4,900.
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          (2) An application for license renewal shall be
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   submitted, along with the applicable license fee, on or before
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   December 31 each year in the case of an existing cemetery
   company and before any sale of cemetery property in the case
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   of a new cemetery company or a change of ownership or control
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   pursuant to s. 497.264 ss. 497.205 and 497.209. If the
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   renewal application and fee are not received by December 31,
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   the department shall collect a penalty in the amount of $200
   per month or fraction of a month for each month delinquent.
15
   For the purposes of this subsection, a renewal application and
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   fee submitted by mail shall be considered timely submitted and
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   received if postmarked by December 31 of the applicable year.
          Section 48. Section 497.237, Florida Statutes, is
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   renumbered as section 497.266, Florida Statutes, and amended
20
   to read:
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22
          497.266 497.237 Care and maintenance trust fund;
23
   remedy of department for noncompliance. --
24
          (1) No cemetery company may establish a cemetery, or
   operate a cemetery if already established, without providing
25
   for the future care and maintenance of the cemetery, for which
26
   a care and maintenance trust fund shall be established, to be
27
28
   known as "the care and maintenance trust fund of ..." The
29
   trust fund shall be established with a trust company operating
   pursuant to chapter 660, with a state or national bank holding
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31 trust powers, or with a federal or state savings and loan
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27 28 association holding trust powers. Trust funds which are with a state or national bank or savings and loan association licensed in this state on October 1, 1993, shall remain in force; however, when the amount of any such trust fund exceeds the amount that is insured by an agency of the Federal Government, the cemetery company shall transfer that trust fund to a trust company operating pursuant to chapter 660, to a state or national bank holding trust powers, or to a federal or state savings and loan association holding trust powers. (2) The cemetery company may appoint a person to

advise the trustee in the investment of the trust fund. The licensing authority board must approve the appointment of the initial trustee, and any subsequent changes of the trustee shall also be approved by the <u>licensing authority</u>, <u>pursuant to</u> procedures and utilizing forms as specified by rule board. If a cemetery company refuses or otherwise fails to provide or maintain an adequate care and maintenance trust fund in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, the licensing authority board, after reasonable notice, shall enforce compliance. However, a nonprofit cemetery corporation which has been incorporated and engaged in the cemetery business prior to and continuously since 1915 and which has current trust assets exceeding \$2 million is not required to designate a corporate trustee. The trust fund agreement shall specify the following: the name, location, and address of both the licensee and the trustee, the terms and conditions of the trust, a statement that the trust is established pursuant to ss. 497.266 and 497.268, and showing the date of agreement, together with the percentages required to be deposited pursuant to this chapter.

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- (3) No person may withdraw or transfer any portion of the corpus of the care and maintenance trust fund without first obtaining written consent from the <u>licensing authority</u> board. Funds deposited pursuant to this chapter may not be loaned to any cemetery company or person who is directly or indirectly engaged in the burial, funeral home, or cemetery business.
- (4) The trustee of the trust established pursuant to this section may only invest in investments and loan trust funds, as prescribed in s. 497.458 497.417. The trustee shall take title to the property conveyed to the trust for the purposes of investing, protecting, and conserving it for the cemetery company; collecting income; and distributing the principal and income as prescribed in this chapter. The cemetery company is prohibited from sharing in the discharge of the trustee's responsibilities under this subsection, except that the cemetery company may request the trustee to invest in tax-free investments.

Section 49. Section 497.241, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.267, Florida Statutes, to read:

497.267 497.241 Disposition of income of care and maintenance trust fund; notice to purchasers and depositors. -- The net income of the care and maintenance trust fund shall be used solely for the care and maintenance of the cemetery, including maintenance of monuments, which maintenance shall not be deemed to include the cleaning, refinishing, repairing, or replacement of monuments; for reasonable costs of administering the care and maintenance; and for reasonable costs of administering the trust fund. At the time of making a sale or receiving an initial deposit, the 31 cemetery company shall deliver to the person to whom the sale

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is made, or who makes a deposit, a written instrument which shall specifically state the purposes for which the income of the trust fund shall be used.

Section 50. Section 497.245, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.268, Florida Statutes, to read:

497.268 497.245 Care and maintenance trust fund, percentage of payments for burial rights to be deposited .--

- (1) Each cemetery company shall set aside and deposit in its care and maintenance trust fund the following percentages or amounts for all sums received from sales of burial rights:
- (a) For burial rights, 10 percent of all payments received; however, for sales made after September 30, 1993, no deposit shall be less than \$25 per grave. For each burial right which is provided without charge, the deposit to the fund shall be \$25.
- (b) For mausoleums or columbaria, 10 percent of payments received.
- (c) For general endowments for the care and maintenance of the cemetery, the full amount of sums received when received.
- (d) For special endowments for a specific lot or grave or a family mausoleum, memorial, marker, or monument, the cemetery company may set aside the full amount received for this individual special care in a separate trust fund or by a deposit to a savings account in a bank or savings and loan association located within and authorized to do business in the state; however, if the licensee does not set up a separate trust fund or savings account for the special endowment, the full amount thereof shall be deposited into the care and 31 | maintenance trust fund as required of general endowments.

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- (2) Deposits to the care and maintenance trust fund shall be made by the cemetery company not later than 30 days following the close of the calendar month in which any payment was received; however, when such payments are received in installments, the percentage of the installment payment placed in trust must be identical to the percentage which the payment received bears to the total cost for the burial rights. Trust income may be used to pay for all usual and customary services for the operation of a trust account, including, but not limited to: reasonable trustee and custodian fees, investment adviser fees, allocation fees, and taxes. If the net income is not sufficient to pay the fees and other expenses, the fees and other expenses shall be paid by the cemetery company. Capital gains taxes shall be paid from the corpus.
- (3) Any payments made to the care and maintenance trust fund on contracts which are canceled shall be credited against future obligations to the care and maintenance trust fund, provided they have been refunded to the purchaser.
- (4) When a cemetery which is exempt from the provisions of this chapter changes ownership so as to lose its exempt status, it shall establish and maintain a care and maintenance trust fund pursuant to this chapter. The initial deposit for establishment of this trust fund shall be \$25 per space for all spaces either previously sold or contracted for sale in the cemetery at the time of conversion or \$50,000, whichever is greater.
- (5) In each sales contract, reservation, or agreement wherein burial rights are priced separately, the purchase price of the burial rights shall be the only item subject to care and maintenance trust fund deposits; but if the burial 31 | rights are not priced separately, the full amount of the

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of cemetery lands.--

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contract, reservation, or agreement shall be subject to care
and maintenance trust fund deposits as provided in this
section, unless the purchase price of the burial rights can be
determined from the accounting records of the cemetery
company.
       (6) If an installment contract or promissory note for
the purchase of a burial space is sold or discounted to a
third party, the entire amount due the care and maintenance
trust fund shall be payable no later than 30 days following
the close of the calendar month in which the contract was sold
or discounted.
       Section 51. Section 497.249, Florida Statutes, is
renumbered as section 497.269, Florida Statutes, and amended
to read:
       497.269 497.249 Care and maintenance trust fund;
financial reports. -- On or before April 1 of each year, the
trustee shall furnish adequate financial reports with respect
to the care and maintenance trust fund utilizing forms and
procedures specified by rule on forms provided by the
department. However, the department may require the trustee to
make such additional financial reports as it deems necessary.
In order to ensure that the proper deposits to the trust fund
have been made, the department shall examine the status of the
trust fund of the company on a semiannual basis for the first
2 years of the trust fund's existence.
       Section 52. Section 497.253, Florida Statutes, is
renumbered as section 497.270, Florida Statutes, and amended
to read:
       497.270 497.253 Minimum acreage; sale or disposition
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- No land in a licensed cemetery may be sold, mortgaged, leased, or encumbered without prior approval of the licensing authority pursuant to procedures specified by rule. Such approval shall not be given unless it be shown that such approval would be in the public interest. The licensing authority may adopt rules establishing criteria for approval of the sale, mortgaging, leasing, or encumbering of cemetery land. Each licensee shall set aside a minimum of 30 contiguous acres of land for use by the licensee as a cemetery and shall not sell, mortgage, lease, or encumber that property without prior written approval of the department.
- (2) Any lands owned by a licensee and dedicated for use by it as a cemetery, which are in excess of a contiquous, adjoining, or adjacent to the minimum of 30 contiguous acres described in subsection (1), may be sold, conveyed, or disposed of by the licensee, after obtaining written approval pursuant to procedures and utilizing forms specified by rule and consistent with of the department pursuant to subsection (3), for use by the new owner for other purposes than as a cemetery. All of the human remains which have been previously interred therein shall first have been removed from the lands proposed to be sold, conveyed, or disposed of; however, the provisions of ss. 497.384 and 497.152(8)(e) 470.0295 and 497.515(7) must be complied with prior to any disinterment of human remains. Any and all titles, interests, or burial rights which may have been sold or contracted to be sold in lands which are the subject of the sale shall be conveyed to and revested in the licensee prior to consummation of any such sale, conveyance, or disposition.
- (3)(a) If the property to be sold, conveyed, or 31 disposed of under subsection (2) has been or is being used for

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the permanent interment of human remains, the applicant for approval of such sale, conveyance, or disposition shall cause 3 to be published, at least once a week for 4 consecutive weeks, a notice meeting the standards of publication set forth in s. 125.66(4)(b)2. The notice shall describe the property in question and the proposed noncemetery use and shall advise 6 substantially affected persons that they may file a written 8 request for a hearing pursuant to chapter 120, within 14 days after the date of last publication of the notice, with the 9 department if they object to granting the applicant's request 10 to sell, convey, or dispose of the subject property for 11 12 noncemetery uses.

- (b) If the property in question has never been used for the permanent interment of human remains, no notice or hearing is required.
- (c) If the property in question has been used for the permanent interment of human remains, the department shall approve the application, in writing, if it finds that it would not be contrary to the public interest. In determining whether to approve the application, the department shall consider any evidence presented concerning the following:
- 1. The historical significance of the subject property, if any.
- 2. The archaeological significance of the subject property, if any.
- 3. The public purpose, if any, to be served by the proposed use of the subject property.
- 4. The impact of the proposed change in use of the subject property upon the reasonable expectations of the families of the deceased regarding whether the cemetery 31 property was to remain as a cemetery in perpetuity.

- 5. Whether any living relatives of the deceased actively oppose the relocation of their deceased's remains and 3 the conversion of the subject property to noncemetery uses. 6. The elapsed time since the last interment in the subject property.
 - 7. Any other factor enumerated in this chapter that the department considers relevant to the public interest.
 - (d) Any deed, mortgage, or other conveyance by a cemetery company or other owner pursuant to subsections (a) and (c) above must contain a disclosure in the following or substantially similar form:

13 NOTICE: The property described herein was formerly used and 14 dedicated as a cemetery. Conveyance of this property and its use for noncemetery purposes was authorized by the Florida 15 Department of Financial Services by Order No. _____, dated 16 17

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- (e) The department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (4) A licensee may convey and transfer to a municipality or county its real and personal property, together with moneys deposited in trust funds pursuant to this chapter, provided the municipality or county will accept responsibility for maintenance thereof and prior written approval of the department is obtained.
- (5) The provisions of subsections (1) and (2) relating to a requirement for minimum acreage shall not apply to any cemetery company licensed by the department on or before July 1, 2001, which owns a total of less than 30 acres of land;

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however, no cemetery company shall dispose of any land without the prior written consent of the department.

Section 53. Section 497.255, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.271, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.271 497.255 Standards for construction and significant alteration or renovation of mausoleums and columbaria. --

- (1) All newly constructed and significantly altered or renovated mausoleums and columbaria must, in addition to complying with applicable building codes, conform to the standards adopted under this section.
- (2) The licensing authority board shall adopt, by no later than July 1, 1999, rules establishing minimum standards for all newly constructed and significantly altered or renovated mausoleums and columbaria; however, in the case of significant alterations or renovations to existing structures, the rules shall apply only, when physically feasible, to the newly altered or renovated portion of such structures, except as specified in subsection (4). In developing and adopting such promulgating said rules, the licensing authority board may define different classes of structures or construction standards, and may provide for different rules to apply to each of said classes, if the designation of classes and the application of different rules is in the public interest and is supported by findings by the licensing authority board based on evidence of industry practices, economic and physical feasibility, location, or intended uses; provided, that the rules shall provide minimum standards applicable to all construction. For example, and without limiting the generality 31 of the foregoing, the <u>licensing authority</u> board may determine

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that a small single-story ground level mausoleum does not
   require the same level of construction standards that a large
   multistory mausoleum might require; or that a mausoleum
 3
    located in a low-lying area subject to frequent flooding or
   hurricane threats might require different standards than one
    located on high ground in an area not subject to frequent
 6
    severe weather threats. The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall
 8
    develop the rules in cooperation with, and with technical
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    assistance from, the Florida Building Commission of the
    Department of Community Affairs, to ensure that the rules are
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    in the proper form and content to be included as part of the
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    State Minimum Building Codes under part VII of chapter 553. If
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    the Florida Building Commission advises that some of the
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    standards proposed by the <u>licensing authority</u> board are not
    appropriate for inclusion in such building codes, the
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    licensing authority board may choose to include those
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    standards in a distinct chapter of its rules entitled
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    "Non-Building-Code Standards for Mausoleums" or "Additional
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    Standards for Mausoleums, " or other terminology to that
    effect. If the licensing authority board elects to divide the
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    standards into two or more chapters, all such rules shall be
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   binding on licensees and others subject to the jurisdiction of
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    the <u>licensing authority</u> board, but only the chapter containing
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   provisions appropriate for building codes shall be transmitted
    to the Florida Building Commission pursuant to subsection (3).
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    Such rules may be in the form of standards for design and
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    construction; methods, materials, and specifications for
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    construction; or other mechanisms. Such rules shall encompass,
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   at a minimum, the following standards:
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           (a) No structure may be built or significantly altered
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unless constructed of such material and workmanship as will ensure its durability and permanence, as well as the safety, convenience, comfort, and health of the community in which it is located, as dictated and determined at the time by modern mausoleum construction and engineering science.

- (b) Such structure must be so arranged that the exterior of any vault, niche, or crypt may be readily examined at any time by any person authorized by law to do so.
- (c) Such structure must contain adequate provision for drainage and ventilation.
- (d) Such structure must be of fire-resistant construction. Notwithstanding the requirements of s. 553.895 and chapter 633, any mausoleum or columbarium constructed of noncombustible materials, as defined in the Standard Building Code, shall not require a sprinkler system.
- (e) Such structure must be resistant to hurricane and other storm damage to the highest degree provided under applicable building codes for buildings of that class.
- (f) Suitable provisions must be made for securely and permanently sealing each crypt with durable materials after the interment or entombment of human remains, so that no effluvia or odors may escape therefrom except as provided by design and sanitary engineering standards. Panels for permanent seals must be solid and constructed of materials of sufficient weight, permanence, density, imperviousness, and strength as to ensure their durability and continued functioning. Permanent crypt sealing panels must be securely installed and set in with high quality fire-resistant, resilient, and durable materials after the interment or entombment of human remains. The outer or exposed covering of 31 each crypt must be of a durable, permanent, fire-resistant

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material; however, plastic, fiberglass, and wood are not acceptable materials for such outer or exposed coverings.

- (g) Interior and exterior fastenings for hangers, clips, doors, and other objects must be of copper, copper-base alloy, aluminum, or stainless steel of adequate gauges, or other materials established by rule which provide equivalent or better strength and durability, and must be properly installed.
- (3) The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall transmit the rules as adopted under subsection (2), hereinafter referred to as the "mausoleum standards," to the Florida Building Commission, which shall initiate rulemaking under chapter 120 to consider such mausoleum standards. If such mausoleum standards are not deemed acceptable, they shall be returned by the Florida Building Commission to the <u>licensing authority</u> board with details of changes needed to make them acceptable. If such mausoleum standards are acceptable, the Florida Building Commission shall adopt a rule designating the mausoleum standards as an approved revision to the State Minimum Building Codes under part VII of chapter 553. When so designated by the Florida Building Commission, such mausoleum standards shall become a required element of the State Minimum Building Codes under s. 553.73(2) and shall be transmitted to each local enforcement agency, as defined in s. 553.71(5). Such local enforcement agency shall consider and inspect for compliance with such mausoleum standards as if they were part of the local building code, but shall have no continuing duty to inspect after final approval of the construction pursuant to the local building code. Any further amendments to the mausoleum standards shall be accomplished by the same 31 procedure. Such designated mausoleum standards, as from time

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to time amended, shall be a part of the State Minimum Building Codes under s. 553.73 until the adoption and effective date of a new statewide uniform minimum building code, which may supersede the mausoleum standards as provided by the law enacting the new statewide uniform minimum building code.

- (4) In addition to the rules adopted under subsection (2), the <u>licensing authority</u> board shall adopt rules providing that following all interments, inurnments, and entombments in mausoleums and columbaria occurring after the effective date of such rules, whether newly constructed or existing, suitable provision must be made, when physically feasible, for sealing each crypt in accordance with standards adopted promulgated pursuant to paragraph (2)(f).
- (5) For purposes of this section, "significant alteration or renovation" means any addition, renovation, or repair which results in the creation of new crypt or niche spaces.

Section 54. Section 497.257, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.272, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.272 497.257 Construction of mausoleums, columbaria, and belowground crypts; preconstruction trust fund; compliance requirement. --

(1) A cemetery company shall start construction of that section of a mausoleum, columbarium, or bank of belowground crypts in which sales, contracts for sales, reservations for sales, or agreements for sales are being made within 4 years after the date of the first such sale or 50 percent of the mausoleum, columbarium, or belowground crypts have been sold and the purchase price has been received, 31 | whichever occurs first. The construction shall be completed

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within 5 years after the date of the first sale made. However, extensions for completion, not to exceed 1 year, may be granted by the department for good cause shown. If the units have not been completely constructed at the time of need or the time specified herein, all moneys paid shall be refunded upon request, plus interest earned thereon for that portion of the moneys deposited in the trust fund and an amount equal to the interest that would have been earned on that portion of the moneys that were not in trust.

- (2) A cemetery company which plans to offer for sale space in a section of a mausoleum, columbarium, or bank of belowground crypts prior to construction shall establish a preconstruction trust fund by written instrument. The preconstruction trust fund shall be administered by a corporate trustee and operated in conformity with s. 497.458 497.417. The preconstruction trust fund shall be separate from any other trust funds that may be required by this chapter. The written instrument by which the trustee of the preconstruction trust fund agrees to act as trustee shall contain a statement that the trust is created pursuant to the requirements of this section. The trust shall be subject to examination by the licensing authority.
- (3) Before a sale, contract for sale, reservation for sale, or agreement for sale in a mausoleum section, columbarium, or bank of belowground crypts may be made, the cemetery company shall compute the amount to be deposited to the preconstruction trust fund. The total amount to be deposited in the fund for each unit of the project shall be computed by dividing the cost of the project plus 10 percent of the cost, as computed by a licensed contractor, engineer, 31 or architect, by the number of crypts in the section or bank

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of belowground crypts or the number of niches in the columbarium. When payments are received in installments, the percentage of the installment payment placed in trust must be identical to the percentage which the payment received bears to the total cost of the contract, including other merchandise and services purchased. Preconstruction trust fund payments shall be made within 30 days after the end of the month in which payment is received.

- (4) When the cemetery company delivers a completed crypt or niche acceptable to the purchaser in lieu of the crypt or niche purchased prior to construction, all sums deposited to the preconstruction trust fund for that purchaser shall be paid to the cemetery company.
- (5) Each cemetery company may negotiate, at the time of establishment of the preconstruction trust fund, a procedure for withdrawal of the escrowed funds as a part of the construction cost of the mausoleum section, columbarium, or bank of belowground crypts contemplated, subject to the approval of the department. Upon completion of the mausoleum section, columbarium, or bank of belowground crypts, the cemetery company shall certify completion to the trustee and shall be entitled to withdraw all funds deposited to the account thereof.
- (6) If the mausoleum section, columbarium, or bank of belowground crypts is not completed within the time limits set out in this section, the trustee shall contract for and cause the project to be completed and pay therefor from the trust funds deposited to the project's account paying any balance, less cost and expenses, to the cemetery company. The refund provisions of subsection (1) apply only to the extent there

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27 28 are funds remaining in excess of the costs to complete the facilities, prior to any payments to the cemetery company.

- (7) On or before April 1 of each year, the trustee shall file with the <u>licensing authority</u> board in the form prescribed by rule the board a full and true statement as to the activities of any trust established by the board pursuant to this chapter for the preceding calendar year.
- (8) In lieu of the payments outlined hereunder to the preconstruction trust fund, the cemetery company may deliver to the department a performance bond in an amount and by a surety company acceptable to the department.

Section 55. Section 497.305, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.273, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.273 497.305 Cemetery companies; authorized functions. --

- (1) Within the boundaries of the cemetery lands it owns, a cemetery company may perform the following functions:
- (a) The exclusive care and maintenance of the cemetery.
- (b) The exclusive interment, entombment, or inurnment of human remains, including the exclusive right to open, prepare for interment, and close all ground, mausoleum, and urn burials. Each preneed contract for burial rights or services shall disclose, pursuant to licensing authority board rule, whether opening and closing of the burial space is included in the contract and, if not, the current prices for opening and closing and a statement that these prices are subject to change. Each cemetery which sells preneed contracts must offer opening and closing as part of a preneed contract.

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- (c) The exclusive initial preneed and at-need sale of interment or burial rights in earth, mausoleum, crypt, niche, or columbarium interment; however, nothing herein shall limit the right of a person owning interment or burial rights to sell those rights to third parties subject to the transfer of title by the cemetery company.
- (d) The adoption of bylaws regulating the activities conducted within its boundaries, provided that no funeral director licensed pursuant to this chapter 470 shall be denied access to any cemetery to conduct a funeral for or supervise a disinterment of human remains. All bylaws provided for herein shall be subject to the approval of the licensing authority board under the provisions of chapter 120 prior to becoming effective. The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall not approve any bylaw which unreasonably restricts the use of interment or burial rights, which unreasonably restricts competition, or which unreasonably increases the cost to the owner of interment or burial rights in utilizing these rights.
- (e) The nonexclusive preneed and at-need sale of monuments, memorials, markers, burial vaults, urns, flower vases, floral arrangements, and other similar merchandise for use within the cemetery.
- (f) The nonexclusive cremation of human remains, subject to provisions of s. 497.606 470.025.
- (g) The entry into sales or management contracts with other persons. The cemetery company shall be responsible for the deposit of all moneys required by this part to be placed in a trust fund.
- (2) A full disclosure shall be made for all fees required for interment, entombment, or inurnment of human 31 remains.

1	(3) A cemetery company may adopt bylaws establishing
2	minimum standards for burial merchandise or the installation
3	thereof. Such bylaws shall include minimum standards for
4	access to install burial merchandise. A cemetery company must
5	comply with its adopted bylaws.
6	Section 56. Section 497.274, Florida Statutes, is
7	created to read:
8	497.274 Standards for grave spaces
9	(1) A standard adult grave space shall measure at
10	least 42 inches in width and 96 inches in length, except for
11	preinstalled vaults in designated areas. For interments,
12	except cremated remains, the covering soil shall measure no
13	less than 12 inches from the top of the outer burial container
14	at time of interment, unless such level of soil is not
15	physically possible. In any interment, the family or next of
16	kin may waive the 12-inch coverage minimum.
17	(2)(a) Prior to the sale of grave spaces in any
18	undeveloped areas of a licensed cemetery, the cemetery company
19	shall prepare a map documenting the establishment of
20	recoverable internal survey reference markers installed by the
21	cemetery company no more than 100 feet apart in the areas
22	planned for development. The internal reference markers shall
23	be established with reference to survey markers that are no
24	more than 200 feet apart which have been set by a surveyor and
25	mapper licensed under chapter 472 and documented in a
26	certified land survey. Both the map and the certified land
27	survey shall be maintained by the cemetery company and shall
28	be made available upon request to the department or members of
29	the public.
30	(b) The map of the area proposed to be developed shall
3 1	show:

1	1. The number of grave spaces available for sale.
2	2. The location of each grave space.
3	3. The number designation assigned to each grave
4	space.
5	4. The dimensions of a standard adult grave space.
6	(3) Adult grave spaces established prior to October 1,
7	2005, are not required to meet the standards established under
8	this section for the dimensions or separation of grave spaces.
9	Section 57. Section 497.275, Florida Statutes, is
10	created to read:
11	497.275 Identification of human remains in licensed
12	cemeteriesOn and after October 1, 2005, human remains
13	interred, entombed, or otherwise placed for final rest at
14	licensed cemeteries shall be identified as follows:
15	(1) Each licensed cemetery shall place on the outer
16	burial container, cremation interment container, or other
17	container, or on the inside of a crypt or niche, a tag or a
18	permanent identifying marker containing the name of the
19	decedent and the date of death, if available. The materials
20	and location of the tag or marker shall be more specifically
21	described by rule.
22	(2) Each licensed cemetery may rely entirely on the
23	identity stated on the burial transit permit or on the
24	identification supplied by a person licensed under part III of
25	this chapter to establish the identity of the dead human
26	remains delivered by such person for burial and shall not be
27	liable for any differences between the identity shown on the
28	burial transit permit or other identification and the actual
29	identity of the dead human remains delivered by such person
30	and buried in the cemetery.
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Section 58. Section 497.309, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.276, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.276 497.309 Records.--

- (1) A record shall be kept of every burial in the cemetery of a cemetery company, showing the date of burial and the name of the person buried, together with lot, plot, and space in which the burial was made. All financial records of the cemetery company shall be available at its principal place of business in this state and shall be readily available at all reasonable times for examination by the department.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), the licensing authority board may, upon request, authorize a cemetery company to maintain its financial records at a location other than its principal place of business and may, if necessary, require the company to make its books, accounts, records, and documents available at a reasonable and convenient location in this state.
- (3) The <u>licensing authority</u> board may prescribe by rule the minimum information to be shown in the books, accounts, records, and documents of a cemetery company to enable the department to determine the company's compliance with this chapter, and may prescribe financial statements that shall be prepared annually by licensed cemetery companies.

Section 59. Section 497.313, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.277, Florida Statutes, to read:

<u>497.277</u> 497.313 Other charges.--Other than the fees for the sale of burial rights, burial merchandise, and burial services, no other fee may be directly or indirectly charged, contracted for, or received by a cemetery company as a

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condition for a customer to use any burial right, burial merchandise, or burial service, except for:

- (1) Charges paid for opening and closing a grave and vault installation.
- (2) Charges paid for transferring burial rights from one purchaser to another; however, no such fee may exceed \$50.
- (3) Charges for sales, documentary excise, and other taxes actually and necessarily paid to a public official, which charges must be supported in fact.
- (4) Charges for credit life and credit disability insurance, as requested by the purchaser, the premiums for which may not exceed the applicable premiums chargeable in accordance with the rates filed with the Office of Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services Commission.
- (5) Charges for interest on unpaid balances pursuant to chapter 687.

Section 60. Section 497.317, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.278, Florida Statutes, to read:

497.278 497.317 Monuments; installation fees.--

- (1) No cemetery company may charge a fee for the installation of a monument purchased or obtained from and to be installed by a person or firm other than the cemetery company or its agents.
- (2) To verify that a monument is installed on the proper grave in accordance with cemetery bylaws, rules, or regulations, the cemetery company shall mark the place on the grave where the marker or monument is to be installed and shall inspect the installation when completed. Nothing in this subsection is intended to imply or require that a cemetery company shall have to lay out or engineer a grave site or 31 grave sites for the installation of a marker or monument.

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(3) A cemetery company may not require any person or firm that installs, places, or sets a monument to obtain any form of insurance, bond, or surety or make any form of pledge, deposit, or monetary guarantee as a condition for entry on or access to cemetery property.

Section 61. Section 497.325, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.280, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.280 497.325 Illegal tying arrangements.--

- (1) No person authorized to sell grave space may tie the purchase of any grave space to the purchase of a monument from or through the seller of any other designated person or corporation.
- (2)(a) Noncemetery licensed persons and firms shall have the right to sell monuments and to perform or provide on cemetery property foundation, preparation, and installation services for monuments. However, a cemetery company or any other entity owning and operating a cemetery may establish reasonable rules regarding the style and size of a monument or its foundation, provided such rules are applicable to all monuments from whatever source obtained and are enforced uniformly as to all monuments. Such rules shall be conspicuously posted and readily accessible to inspection and copy by interested persons.
- (b) No person who is authorized to sell grave space and no cemetery company or other entity owning and operating a cemetery may:
- 1. Require the payment of a setting or service charge, by whatever name known, from third party installers for the placement of a monument;

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- 2. Refuse to provide care or maintenance for any portion of a gravesite on which a monument has been placed; or
- 3. Require waiver of Waive liability with respect to damage caused by cemetery employees or agents to a monument after installation,
- where the monument or installation service is not purchased from the person authorized to sell grave space or the cemetery company providing grave space or from or through any other person or corporation designated by the person authorized to sell grave space or the cemetery company providing grave space. No cemetery company may be held liable for the improper installation of a monument where the monument is not installed by the cemetery company or its agents.
- (3) No program offering free burial rights may be conditioned by any requirement to purchase additional burial rights, funeral merchandise, or services. Any program offering free burial rights shall comply with s. 817.415.
- Section 62. Section 497.329, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.281, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:
- 497.281 497.329 Licensure Registration of brokers of burial rights .--
- (1) No person shall receive compensation to act as a third party to the sale or transfer of three or more burial rights in a 12-month period unless the person pays a <u>license</u> registration fee as determined by licensing authority rule but not to exceed \$250 of \$150 and is licensed registered with the department as a burial rights broker in accordance with this section.

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- (2) The department, by rule, shall provide for the biennial renewal of licenses under this section registrants and a renewal fee as determined by licensing authority rule but not to exceed \$250 of \$100.
- (3) This section shall not apply to persons otherwise licensed or registered pursuant to this chapter.
- (4) The licensing authority may by rule specify records of brokerage transactions which shall be required to be maintained by burial rights brokers licensed under this subsection, and which shall be subject to inspection by the department.
- Section 63. Section 497.333, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.282, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:
- 497.282 497.333 Disclosure of information to public. -- A licensee offering to provide burial rights, merchandise, or services to the public shall:
- (1) Provide by telephone, upon request, accurate information regarding the retail prices of burial merchandise and services offered for sale by the licensee.
- (2) Fully disclose all regularly offered services and merchandise prior to the selection of burial services or merchandise. The full disclosure required shall identify the prices of all burial rights, services, and merchandise provided by the licensee.
- (3) Not make any false or misleading statements of the legal requirement as to the necessity of a casket or outer burial container.
- 29 (4) Provide a good faith estimate of all fees and costs the customer will incur to use any burial rights, 30 31 merchandise, or services purchased.

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- (5) Provide to the customer, upon request, a current copy of the bylaws of the licensee.
- (6) Provide to the customer, upon the purchase of any burial right, merchandise, or service, a written contract, the form of which has been approved by the licensing authority pursuant to procedures specified by rule board.
- (a) The written contract shall be completed as to all essential provisions prior to the signing of the contract by the customer.
- (b) The written contract shall provide an itemization of the amounts charged for all services, merchandise, and fees, which itemization shall be clearly and conspicuously segregated from everything else on the written contract.
- (c) A description of the merchandise covered by the contract to include, when applicable, model, manufacturer, and other relevant specifications.
- (7) Provide the licensee's policy on cancellation and refunds to each customer.
- (8) In a manner established by rule of the <u>licensing</u> authority board, provide on the signature page, clearly and conspicuously in boldfaced 10-point type or larger, the following:
 - (a) The words "purchase price."
 - (b) The amount to be trusted.
- (c) The amount to be refunded upon contract cancellation.
- 27 (d) The amounts allocated to merchandise, services, 28 and cash advances.
- 29 (e) The toll-free number of the department which is available for questions or complaints. 30

1	(f) A statement that the purchaser shall have 30 days
2	from the date of execution of contract to cancel the contract
3	and receive a total refund of all moneys paid for items not
4	used.
5	(9) Effective October 1, 2006, display in its offices
6	for free distribution to all potential customers, and provide
7	to all customers at the time of sale, a brochure explaining
8	how and by whom cemeteries and preneed sales are regulated,
9	summarizing consumer rights under the law, and providing the
10	name, address, and phone number of the department's consumer
11	affairs division. The format and content of the brochure shall
12	be as prescribed by the rule. The licensing authority may
13	cause the publication of such brochures and by rule
14	establishing requirements that cemetery and preneed licensees
15	purchase and make available such brochures as so published, in
16	the licensee's offices, to all potential customers.
17	(10) Provide to each customer a complete description
18	of any monument, marker, or memorialization to be placed at
19	the gravesite.
20	Section 64. Section 497.337, Florida Statutes, is
21	renumbered as section 497.283, Florida Statutes, and amended
22	to read:
23	497.283 497.337 Prohibition on sale of personal
24	property or services
25	(1) This section applies to all cemetery companies
26	licensed pursuant to this chapter that offer for sale or sell
27	personal property or services which may be used in a cemetery
28	in connection with the burial of human remains or the
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29	commemoration of the memory of a deceased human being and also

31 licensed cemetery companies.

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- (2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, no cemetery company shall directly or indirectly enter into a contract for the sale of personal property or services, excluding burial or interment rights, which may be used in a cemetery in connection with disposing of human remains, or commemorating the memory of a deceased human being, if delivery of the personal property or performance of the service is to be made more than 120 days after receipt of final payment under the contract of sale, except as provided in s. 497.458 497.417. This shall include, but not be limited to, the sale for future delivery of burial vaults, grave liners, urns, memorials, vases, foundations, memorial bases, and similar merchandise and related services commonly sold or used in cemeteries and interment fees but excluding burial or interment rights.
- (b) For the purposes of this section, the term "delivery" means actual delivery and installation at the time of need or at the request of the owner or the owner's agent. Merchandise is not considered delivered under paragraph (a) if it is stored on the grounds of the cemetery or at a storage facility except for monuments, markers, and permanent outer burial receptacles that are stored in a protected environment and are comprised of materials designed to withstand prolonged, protected storage without adversely affecting the structural integrity or aesthetic characteristics of such permanent outer burial receptacles.
- (c) In lieu of delivery as required by paragraph (b), for sales to cemetery companies and funeral establishments, and only for such sales, the manufacturer of a permanent outer burial receptacle which meets standards adopted by rule the 31 board may elect, at its discretion, to comply with the

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delivery requirements of this section by annually submitting for approval pursuant to procedures and forms as specified by 3 rule, in writing, evidence of the manufacturer's financial responsibility with the <u>licensing authority</u> board for its 4 review and approval. The standards and procedures to establish evidence of financial responsibility shall be those in s. 6 7 497.461 497.423 or s. 497.425, with the manufacturer of 8 permanent outer burial receptacles which meet national 9 industry standards assuming the same rights and responsibilities as those of a preneed licensee 10 certificateholder under s. 497.461 497.423 or s. 497.425. 11

(3) No nonprofit cemetery corporation which has been incorporated and engaged in the cemetery business prior to and continuously since 1915 and which has current trust assets exceeding \$2 million shall be required to designate a corporate trustee.

Section 65. Section 497.345, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.284, Florida Statutes, to read:

497.284 497.345 Abandoned cemeteries; immunity; actions.--

(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a county or municipality which has within its jurisdiction an abandoned cemetery or a cemetery that has not been reasonably maintained for a period in excess of 6 months may, upon notice to the department, take such action as is necessary and appropriate to provide for maintenance and security of the cemetery. The solicitation of private funds and the expenditure of public funds for the purposes enumerated in this subsection are hereby authorized, provided that no action taken by a county or municipality under this

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subsection shall establish an ongoing obligation or duty to provide continuous security or maintenance for any cemetery.

- (2) No county or municipality nor any person under the supervision or direction of the county or municipality, providing good faith assistance in securing or maintaining a cemetery under subsection (1), may be subject to civil liabilities or penalties of any type for damages to property at the cemetery.
- (3) A county or municipality that has maintained or secured a cemetery pursuant to the provisions of subsection (1) may maintain an action at law against the owner of the cemetery to recover an amount equal to the value of such maintenance or security.

Section 66. Section 497.349, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.285, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.285 497.349 Inactive cemeteries.--

- (1) A licensee shall be considered inactive upon the acceptance of the surrender of its license by the department or upon the nonreceipt by the department of the license renewal fees required by s. $497.265 ext{ } 497.213(2)$.
- (2) A <u>cemetery</u> licensee <u>licensed to engage in preneed</u> sales shall cease all preneed sales to the public upon becoming inactive in regards to its cemetery license. At-need sales to the public shall cease within 30 days after becoming inactive.
- (3) Any licensee desiring to surrender its license to the department shall first:
 - (a) File notice with the department.
 - (b) Submit copies of its existing trust agreements.

1	(c) Resolve to the department's satisfaction all
2	findings and violations resulting from the last examination
3	conducted.
4	(d) Pay all outstanding fines and invoices due the
5	department.
6	(e) Submit its current license.
7	(4) Upon receipt of the notice, the department shall
8	review the licensee's:
9	(a) Trust funds.
10	(b) Trust agreements.
11	(c) Care and maintenance of the cemetery grounds.
12	(5) After a review to the department's satisfaction,
13	the department shall terminate the license.
14	(6)(a) The care and maintenance trust fund of a
15	licensee shall be held intact and in trust after the licensee
16	has become inactive, and funds in that trust fund shall be
17	disbursed to the cemetery on a regular basis for the upkeep of
18	the grounds.
19	(b) The merchandise trust fund of a licensee shall be
20	held intact and in trust after the licensee has become
21	inactive, and the funds in that trust fund shall be disbursed
22	in accordance with the requirements of the written contracts
23	until the fund has been exhausted.
24	Section 67. Section 497.353, Florida Statutes, is
25	renumbered as section 497.286, Florida Statutes, and amended
26	to read:
27	497.286 497.353 Owners to provide addresses;
28	presumption of abandonment; abandonment procedures; sale of
29	abandoned unused burial rights

31 rights in any cemetery licensed under the provisions of this

(1) For purposes of this section, all owners of burial

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27 28 chapter the Florida Funeral and Cemetery Services Act shall have the legal duty to keep the cemetery companies informed in writing of their residence addresses. Cemetery companies shall notify their present burial rights owners by letter at the owner's last known address and notify all future burial rights owners, in the contract for sale and the certificate of ownership, of the requirement to keep the cemetery company informed in writing of their current residence address.

- (2) There is hereby created a presumption that burial rights in any cemetery licensed under this chapter have been abandoned when an owner of unused burial rights has failed to provide the cemetery with a current residence address for a period of 50 consecutive years and the cemetery is unable to communicate by certified letter with said owner of unused burial rights for lack of address. No such presumption of abandonment shall exist for burial rights held in common ownership which are adjoining, whether in a grave space, plot, mausoleum, columbarium, or other place of interment, if any such burial rights have been used within such common ownership.
- (3) Upon the occurrence of a presumption of abandonment as set forth in subsection (2), a cemetery may file with the department a certified notice attesting to the abandonment of the burial rights. The notice shall do the following:
- (a) Describe the burial rights certified to have been abandoned;
- (b) Set forth the name of the owner or owners of the burial rights, or if the owner is known to the cemetery to be deceased, then the names, if known to the cemetery, of such

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claimants as are heirs at law, next of kin, or specific devisees under the will of the owner;

- (c) Detail the facts with respect to the failure of the owner or survivors as outlined in this section to keep the cemetery informed of the owner's address for a period of 50 consecutive years or more; and
- (d) Certify that no burial right has been exercised which is held in common ownership with any abandoned burial rights as set forth in subsection (2).
- (4) Irrespective of diversity of ownership of the burial rights, a cemetery may include in its certification burial rights in as many owners as are certified to have been abandoned.
- (5) The department shall notice and publish the approved abandoned burial rights in the manner provided by s. 717.118.
- (6) Within 120 days from the final notice and publication as provided in subsection (5), the department shall notify the cemetery if there has been no claim filed for the burial rights, and the cemetery shall have the right to sell such burial rights at a public sale subject to the approval of the sale price by the department.
- (7) Notice of the time and place of any sale held pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be published by the cemetery once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the cemetery is located, such publication to be not less than 30 days prior to the date of sale.
- (8) The proceeds derived from any sale shall be disbursed in the following manner: an amount specified in s. 497.268 497.245 shall be deposited to the cemetery care and 31 | maintenance trust fund; an amount equal to the cemetery

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company's actual and necessary costs incurred pursuant to this section but not to exceed 10 percent of the selling price of the abandoned burial right shall be deposited to the cemetery company's operating account; and the balance of the proceeds shall be deposited with the department within 20 days after receipt of said funds. The department shall deposit all funds received pursuant to this subsection in accordance with the provisions of s. 717.123.

- (9) Persons or their heirs who were owners of burial rights which were sold under this section shall have the right at any time to obtain equivalent burial rights in the cemetery without further charge. If no burial rights are desired, such persons or their heirs may obtain the amount paid to the department in accordance with the provisions of s. 717.124.
- (10) The cemetery shall set aside equivalent burial rights equal to 10 percent of the abandoned burial rights sold under this section for the exclusive use of persons or their heirs who were owners of burial rights which were sold under this section, who have the right at any time to obtain equivalent burial rights in the cemetery under this section.
- (11) Persons who purchase burial rights at a sale pursuant to this section shall have the right to sell, alienate, or otherwise transfer said burial rights subject to and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the cemetery and payment of a reasonable transfer fee.

Section 68. Section 497.357, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.287, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.287 497.357 Report of identification of exempt cemeteries.--

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30 31 created to read:

(1) All cemeteries in excess of 5 acres located in this state that are exempt from the provisions of this chapter 3 shall be required to file a report of identification with the department and pay a \$25 fee. The department shall maintain 4 such reports as public records. Such report of identification 5 shall be refiled every 5 years pursuant to a schedule set by 6 board rule. Solely for purposes of chapter 120, such report of 8 identification shall be considered a <u>license</u> registration with 9 the department. (2) The report shall be submitted on a form \underline{and} 10 pursuant to procedures specified by rule approved by the 11 board, and shall list the name and address of the authorized 12 13 agent who is responsible for conducting the business of the 14 cemetery and to whom inquiries about the cemetery can be directed. 15 (3) The <u>department</u> board may institute proceedings in 16 any appropriate court for injunctive relief to enforce this 17 section. Upon issuance of an injunctive order, the court shall award the department its costs and attorney fees in the 19 action. 20 Section 69. Part III of chapter 497, Florida Statutes, 21 consisting of sections 497.365, 497.366, 497.367, 497.368, 2.2 23 497.369, 497.370, 497.371, 497.372, 497.373, 497.374, 497.375, 497.376, 497.377, 497.378, 497.379, 497.380, 497.381, 497.382, 24 497.383, 497.384, 497.385, 497.386, 497.387, 497.388, 497.389, 2.5 497.390, 497.391, and 497.392, is created to read: 26 27 PART III 28 FUNERAL DIRECTING, EMBALMING, AND RELATED SERVICES

497.365 Licensure; inactive and delinquent status.--

Section 70. Section 497.365, Florida Statutes, is

1	(1) This section shall apply only to licenses issued
2	under this part. A licensee may practice a profession or
3	occupation regulated under this part only if the licensee has
4	an active status license. A licensee who practices a
5	profession without an active status license is in violation of
6	this chapter and the licensing authority may impose discipline
7	on the licensee.
8	(2) Pursuant to procedures specified by rule, a
9	licensee shall be permitted to choose, at the time of
10	licensure renewal, an active or inactive status. However, a
11	licensee who changes from inactive to active status is not
12	eligible to return to inactive status until the licensee
13	thereafter completes a licensure cycle on active status.
14	(3) There shall be imposed pursuant to rule a fee for
15	an inactive status license which is no greater than the fee
16	for an active status license.
17	(4) An inactive status licensee may change to active
18	status at any time, provided the licensee meets all
19	requirements for active status, pays any additional licensure
20	fees necessary to equal those imposed on an active status
21	licensee, pays any applicable reactivation fees as set by the
22	licensing authority, and meets all continuing education
23	requirements as specified in this section.
24	(5) A licensee shall apply with a complete
25	application, as defined by rule of the licensing authority, to
26	renew an active or inactive status license, before the license
27	expires. Failure of a licensee to renew before the license
28	expires shall cause the license to become delinquent in the
29	license cycle following expiration.
30	(6) A delinquent status licensee must affirmatively
31	apply with a complete application, as defined by rule of the

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licensing authority, for active or inactive status during the
    licensure cycle in which a licensee becomes delinquent.
    Failure by a delinquent status licensee to become active or
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    inactive before the expiration of the current licensure cycle
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    shall render the license null without any further action by
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    the board or the licensing authority. Any subsequent licensure
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    shall be as a result of applying for and meeting all
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   requirements imposed on an applicant for new licensure.
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          (7) There shall be imposed pursuant to rule an
    additional delinquency fee, not to exceed the biennial renewal
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    fee for an active status license, on a delinquent status
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    licensee when such licensee applies for active or inactive
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   status.
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          (8) There shall be imposed pursuant to rule an
    additional fee, not to exceed the biennial renewal fee for an
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    active status license, for processing a licensee's request to
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    change licensure status at any time other than at the
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    beginning of a licensure cycle.
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          (9) There may be imposed pursuant to rule reasonable
    conditions, excluding full reexamination but including part of
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    a national examination or a special purpose examination, to
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    assess current competency necessary to ensure that a licensee
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    who has been on inactive status for more than 4 consecutive
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   years and who applies for active status can practice with the
    care and skill sufficient to protect the health, safety, and
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    welfare of the public. Reactivation requirements may differ
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    depending on the length of time licensees are inactive. The
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    costs to meet reactivation requirements shall be borne by
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    licensees requesting reactivation.
          (10) Before reactivation, an inactive or delinquent
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   <u>licensee shall meet the same continuing education</u>
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1	requirements, if any, imposed on an active status licensee for
2	all licensure periods in which the licensee was inactive or
3	<u>delinquent.</u>
4	(11) The status or a change in status of a licensee
5	shall not alter in any way the right to impose discipline or
6	to enforce discipline previously imposed on a licensee for
7	acts or omissions committed by the licensee while holding a
8	license, whether active, inactive, or delinquent.
9	Section 71. Section 497.366, Florida Statutes, is
10	created to read:
11	497.366 Licensure; renewal and cancellation notices
12	(1) At least 90 days before the end of a licensure
13	cycle, the licensing authority shall:
14	(a) Forward a licensure renewal notification to an
15	active or inactive licensee at the licensee's last known
16	address of record with the licensing authority.
17	(b) Forward a notice of pending cancellation of
18	licensure to a delinquent status licensee at the licensee's
19	last known address of record with the licensing authority.
20	(2) Each licensure renewal notification and each
21	notice of pending cancellation of licensure must state
22	conspicuously that a licensee who remains on inactive status
23	for more than 4 years and who wishes to reactivate the license
24	may be required to demonstrate the competency to resume active
25	practice by sitting for a special purpose examination or by
26	completing other reactivation requirements, as defined by rule
27	of the licensing authority.
28	(3) This section shall apply only to licensees
29	licensed under this part.
30	Section 72. Section 497.367, Florida Statutes, is
31	created to read:

1	497.367 Instruction on HIV and AIDS, funeral directors
2	and embalmers
3	(1) Each person licensed as a funeral director or
4	embalmer under this chapter shall be required to complete an
5	approved continuing educational course on human
6	immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency
7	syndrome, at least every 2 years. The course shall consist of
8	education on the modes of transmission, infection control
9	procedures, clinical management, and prevention of human
10	immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency
11	syndrome. Such course shall include information on current
12	Florida law on acquired immune deficiency syndrome and its
13	impact on testing, confidentiality of test results, and
14	treatment of patients.
15	(2) Confirmation of completed continuing education
16	concerning each funeral director or embalmer licensee shall be
17	submitted according to procedures, forms, and methods as
18	specified by rule of the licensing authority.
19	(3) There may be approved by the licensing authority
20	by rule or order additional equivalent courses that may be
21	used to satisfy the requirements in subsection (1). There may
22	be counted the hours required for completion of the course
23	included in the total continuing educational requirements as
24	required by law.
25	(4) Any person holding two or more licenses subject to
26	the provisions of this section shall only be required to take
27	the course once every 2 years notwithstanding the number of
28	licenses held by that person.
29	(5) Failure to timely comply with the above
30	requirements shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action
31	against the licensee

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Section 73. Section 470.006, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.368, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.368 470.006 Embalmers; licensure as an embalmer by examination; provisional license. --

- (1) Any person desiring to be licensed as an embalmer shall apply to the licensing authority department to take the licensure examination. The <u>licensing authority</u> department shall examine each applicant who has remitted an examination fee set by rule of the licensing authority the board not to exceed \$200 plus the actual per applicant cost to the licensing authority department for portions of the examination and who the board certifies has:
- (a) Completed the application form and remitted a nonrefundable application fee set by the <u>licensing authority</u> board not to exceed\$200\$50.
- (b) Submitted proof satisfactory to the <u>licensing</u> authority board that the applicant is at least 18 years of age and is a recipient of a high school degree or equivalent.
- (c) Had no conviction or finding of guilt, regardless of adjudication, for a crime which directly relates to the ability to practice embalming or the practice of embalming.

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- (d) Completed a course in mortuary science approved by the licensing authority board, which course embraces, at least, the following subjects: theory and practice of embalming, restorative art, pathology, anatomy, microbiology, chemistry, hygiene, and public health and sanitation.
- (e) Submitted proof of completion of a board approved course on communicable diseases approved by the licensing authority.
- (2) The <u>licensing authority</u> department shall license the applicant as an embalmer if the applicant:
- (a) Passes an examination on the subjects of the theory and practice of embalming, restorative art, pathology, anatomy, microbiology, chemistry, hygiene, public health and sanitation, and local, state, and federal laws and rules relating to the disposition of dead human bodies; however, there may the board by rule be approved by the licensing authority may adopt the use of a national examination, such as the embalming examination prepared by the Conference of Funeral Service Examining Boards, in lieu of part of this examination requirement; and
- (b) Completes a 1-year internship under a licensed embalmer.
- (3) Any applicant who has completed the required 1-year internship and has been approved for examination as an embalmer may qualify for a provisional license to work in a licensed funeral establishment, under the direct supervision of a licensed embalmer for a limited period of 6 months as provided by rule of the <u>licensing authority</u> board. The fee for provisional licensure shall be set by rule of the licensing authority the board, but may not exceed \$200 \$125, and shall 31 be nonrefundable and in addition to the fee required in

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subsection (1). This provisional license may be renewed no more than one time.

Section 74. Section 470.007, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.369, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.369 470.007 Embalmers; licensure as an embalmer by endorsement; licensure registration of a temporary embalmer .--

- (1) The <u>licensing authority</u> department shall issue a license by endorsement to practice embalming to an applicant who has remitted an examination fee set by rule of the licensing authority the board not to exceed \$200 and who the licensing authority board certifies:
- (a) Has completed the application form and remitted a nonrefundable application fee set by rule of the licensing authority the board not to exceed\$200\$50.
- (b)1. Holds a valid license to practice embalming in another state of the United States, provided that, when the applicant secured his or her or his original license, the requirements for licensure were substantially equivalent to or more stringent than those existing in this state; or
- 2. Meets the qualifications for licensure in s. 497.368 470.006, except that the internship requirement shall be deemed to have been satisfied by 1 year's practice as a licensed embalmer in another state, and has, within 10 years prior to the date of application, successfully completed a state, regional, or national examination in mortuary science, which, as determined by rule of the licensing authority board, is substantially equivalent to or more stringent than the examination given by the <u>licensing authority</u> department.

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- (c) Has submitted proof of completion of a licensing authority approved board approved course on communicable diseases.
- (2) State, regional, or national examinations and requirements for licensure in another state shall be presumed to be substantially equivalent to or more stringent than the examination and requirements in this state unless found otherwise by rule of the <u>licensing authority</u> board.
- (3) The <u>licensing authority</u> department shall not issue a license by endorsement or a temporary <u>license</u> registration to any applicant who is under investigation or prosecution in any jurisdiction for an act which would constitute a violation of this chapter until such time as the investigation or prosecution is complete.
- (4) Each applicant for licensure by endorsement must pass the examination on local, state, and federal laws and rules relating to the disposition of dead human bodies which is required under s. 497.368 470.006 and which shall be given by the <u>licensing authority</u> department.
- (5) There may be adopted by the licensing authority The board may adopt rules authorizing an applicant who has met the requirements of paragraphs (1)(b) and (c) and who is awaiting an opportunity to take the examination required by subsection (4) to be licensed register as a temporary licensed embalmer. A temporary licensed registered temporary embalmer may work as an embalmer in a licensed funeral establishment under the general supervision of a licensed embalmer. Such temporary license registration shall expire 60 days after the date of the next available examination required under subsection (4); however, the temporary license registration 31 | may be renewed one time under the same conditions as initial

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issuance. The fee for issuance registration or renewal of an embalmer temporary license registration as a temporary 3 embalmer shall be set by rule of the licensing authority the board but may not exceed\$200\$125. The fee required in this subsection shall be nonrefundable and in addition to the fee 5 required in subsection (1). 6 Section 75. Section 470.008, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.370, Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 497.370 470.008 Embalmers; licensure Registration of 10 an embalmer intern.--(1) Any person desiring to become an embalmer intern 12 13 shall make application to the licensing authority department 14 on forms specified by rule provided by the department, together with a nonrefundable fee determined by rule of the 15 licensing authority but not to exceed\$200\$100. The 16 application shall indicate the name and address of the 17

establishment or centralized embalming facility where such 20 training is to be conducted. The embalmer intern shall intern

receive training and the name of the licensed funeral

22 under the direct supervision of a licensed embalmer who has an

licensed embalmer under whose supervision the intern will

23 active, valid license under s. 497.368 or s. 497.369.

(2) An applicant for internship under this section shall meet the requirements of s. 497.368(1)(b)-(e) 470.006(1)(b) (e) prior to being licensed registered by the board as an embalmer intern.

(3) There shall be adopted The board shall adopt rules establishing an embalmer internship program and criteria for embalmer intern training agencies and supervisors. Any funeral 31 establishment or centralized embalming facility where

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embalming is conducted must apply to the <u>licensing authority</u>
   board for approval as an embalmer intern training agency.
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           (4) A funeral establishment or centralized embalming
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    facility designated as an embalmer intern training agency may
   not exact a fee from any person obtaining intern training at
    such funeral establishment or centralized embalming facility.
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           Section 76. Section 470.0085, Florida Statutes, is
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    renumbered as section 497.371, Florida Statutes, and amended
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    to read:
           497.371 470.0085 Embalmers; establishment of embalmer
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    apprentice program. -- The licensing authority adopts board may
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    adopt rules establishing an embalmer apprentice program. An
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    embalmer apprentice may perform only those tasks, functions,
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    and duties relating to embalming which are performed under the
   direct supervision of an a licensed embalmer who has an
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    active, valid license under s. 497.368 or s. 497.369. An
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    embalmer apprentice shall be eligible to serve in an
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    apprentice capacity for a period not to exceed 3 years 1 year
    as may be determined by <u>licensing authority</u> board rule or for
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    a period not to exceed 5/2 years if the apprentice is enrolled
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    in and attending a course in mortuary science or funeral
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    service education at any mortuary college or funeral service
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    education college or school. An embalmer apprentice shall be
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    licensed registered with the board upon payment of a licensure
    registration fee as determined by licensing authority rule but
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   not to exceed $200$50.
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           Section 77. Section 470.0087, Florida Statutes, is
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   renumbered as section 497.372, Florida Statutes, and amended
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   to read:
           497.372 470.0087 Funeral directing; conduct
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   constituting Practice of funeral directing. --
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- (1) The practice of funeral directing shall be construed to consist of the following functions, which may be performed only by a licensed funeral director:
- (a) Selling or offering to sell funeral services on an at-need basis.
- (b) Planning or arranging, on an at-need basis, the details of a funeral service with the family or friends of the decedent or any other person responsible for such service; setting the time of the service; establishing the type of service to be rendered; acquiring the services of the clergy; and obtaining vital information for the filing of death certificates and obtaining of burial transit permits.
- (c) Making, negotiating, or completing the financial arrangements for a funeral service on an at-need basis, provided that nonlicensed personnel may assist the funeral director in performing such tasks.
- (d) Directing, being in charge or apparent charge of, or supervising, directly or indirectly, a visitation or viewing. Such functions shall not require that a licensed funeral director be physically present throughout the visitation or viewing, provided that the funeral director is readily available by telephone for consultation.
- (e) Directing, being in charge or apparent charge of, or supervising, directly or indirectly, any funeral service held in a funeral establishment, cemetery, or elsewhere.
- (f) Directing, being in charge or apparent charge of, or supervising, directly or indirectly, any memorial service held prior to or within 72 hours of the burial or cremation, if such memorial service is sold or arranged by a <u>licensee</u> certificateholder or registrant.

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- (q) Using in connection with one's name or employment the words or terms "funeral director," "funeral 3 establishment, " "undertaker, " "mortician, " or any other word, term, title, or picture, or combination of any of the above, that when considered in the context in which used would imply that such person is engaged in the practice of funeral directing or that such person is holding himself or herself or himself out to the public as being engaged in the practice of funeral directing; provided, however, that nothing in this paragraph shall prevent using the name of any owner, officer, 10 or corporate director of a funeral establishment, who is not a licensee, in connection with the name of the funeral 12 13 establishment with which such individual is affiliated, so long as such individual's affiliation is properly specified.
 - (h) Managing or supervising the operation of a funeral establishment, except for administrative matters such as budgeting, accounting and personnel, maintenance of buildings, equipment and grounds, and routine clerical and recordkeeping functions.
 - (2) The practice of funeral directing shall not be construed to consist of the following functions:
 - (a) The phoning-in or faxing of obituary notices; ordering of flowers or merchandise; delivery of death certificates to attending physicians; or clerical preparation of death certificates, insurance forms, and any clerical tasks that record the information compiled by the funeral director or that are incidental to any of the functions specified above.
- (b) Furnishing standard printed price lists and other disclosure information to the public by telephone or by 31 providing such lists to persons making inquiry.

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(c) Removing or transporting human remains from the
place of death, or removing or transporting human remains from
or to a funeral establishment, centralized embalming facility,
refrigeration facility, cemetery, crematory, medical
examiner's office, common carrier, or other locations as
authorized and provided by law.

- (d) Arranging, coordinating, or employing <u>licensed</u> registered removal services, <u>licensed</u> registered refrigeration facilities, or <u>licensed</u> registered centralized embalming facilities.
- (e) Any aspect of making preneed funeral arrangements or entering into preneed contracts.
- (f) Any functions normally performed by cemetery or crematory personnel.

Section 78. Section 470.009, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.373, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.373 470.009 Funeral directing; licensure as a funeral director by examination; provisional license .--

- (1) Any person desiring to be licensed as a funeral director shall apply to the <u>licensing authority</u> department to take the licensure examination. The <u>licensing authority</u> department shall examine each applicant who has remitted an examination fee set by rule of the licensing authority the board not to exceed \$200 plus the actual per applicant cost to the <u>licensing authority</u> department for portions of the examination and who the <u>licensing authority</u> board certifies has:
- (a) Completed the application form and remitted a nonrefundable application fee set by rule of the licensing 31 <u>authority</u> the board not to exceed \$200 \$50.

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- Submitted proof satisfactory to the <u>licensing</u> authority board that the applicant is at least 18 years of age and is a recipient of a high school degree or equivalent.
- (c) Had no conviction or finding of guilt, regardless of adjudication, for a crime which directly relates to the ability to practice funeral directing or the practice of funeral directing.
- (d)1. Received an associate in arts degree, associate in science degree, or an associate in applied science degree in mortuary science approved by the licensing authority board; or
- 2. Holds an associate degree or higher from a college or university accredited by a regional association of colleges and schools recognized by the United States Department of Education and is a graduate of at least an approved a 1-year course in mortuary science approved by the <u>licensing authority</u> board.
- Submitted proof of completion of a board approved course on communicable diseases approved by the licensing authority.
- The <u>licensing authority</u> department shall license (2) the applicant as a funeral director if he or she or he:
- (a) Passes an examination on the subjects of the theory and practice of funeral directing, public health and sanitation, and local, state, and federal laws and rules relating to the disposition of dead human bodies; however, there may be approved by rule the board by rule may adopt the use of a national examination, such as the funeral service arts examination prepared by the Conference of Funeral Service Examining Boards, in lieu of part of this examination 31 requirement.

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- (b) Completes a 1-year internship under a licensed funeral director.
- (3) Any applicant who has completed the required 1-year internship and has been approved for examination as a funeral director may qualify for a provisional license to work in a licensed funeral establishment, under the direct supervision of a licensed funeral director for a limited period of 6 months as provided by rule of the <u>licensing</u> authority board. The fee for provisional licensure shall be set by rule of the licensing authority the board but may not exceed\$200\$125. The fee required in this subsection shall be nonrefundable and in addition to the fee required by subsection (1). This provisional license may be renewed no more than one time.

Section 79. Section 470.011, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.374, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.374 470.011 Funeral directing; licensure as a funeral director by endorsement; <u>licensure</u> registration of a temporary funeral director .--

- (1) The <u>licensing authority</u> department shall issue a license by endorsement to practice funeral directing to an applicant who has remitted a fee set by rule of the licensing authority the board not to exceed \$200 and who the board certifies:
- (a) Has completed the application form and remitted a nonrefundable application fee set by rule of the licensing authority the board not to exceed\$200\$50.
- 29 (b)1. Holds a valid license to practice funeral directing in another state of the United States, provided 30 31 that, when the applicant secured his or her or his original

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license, the requirements for licensure were substantially equivalent to or more stringent than those existing in this state; or

- 2. Meets the qualifications for licensure in s. 497.373 470.009 and has, within 10 years prior to the date of application, successfully completed a state, regional, or national examination in mortuary science, which, as determined by rule of the <u>licensing authority</u> board, is substantially equivalent to or more stringent than the examination given by the <u>licensing authority</u> department.
- (c) Has submitted proof of completion of a <u>licensing</u> authority approved board approved course on communicable diseases.
- (2) The <u>licensing authority</u> department shall not issue a license by endorsement or a temporary <u>license</u> registration to any applicant who is under investigation or prosecution in any jurisdiction for acts which would constitute a violation of this chapter until such time as the investigation or prosecution is complete.
- (3) State, regional, or national examinations and requirements for licensure in another state shall be presumed to be substantially equivalent to or more stringent than the examination and requirements in this state unless found otherwise by rule of the licensing authority board.
- (4) Each applicant for licensure by endorsement must pass the examination on local, state, and federal laws and rules relating to the disposition of dead human bodies which is required under s. $497.373 + \frac{470.009}{1}$ and which shall be given by the <u>licensing authority</u> department.
- (5) There may be adopted The board may adopt rules 30 31 authorizing an applicant who has met the requirements of

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paragraphs (1)(b) and (c) and who is awaiting an opportunity
   to take the examination required by subsection (4) to obtain a
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    license register as a temporary funeral director. A licensed
   registered temporary funeral director may work as a funeral
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   director in a licensed funeral establishment under the general
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    supervision of a <del>licensed</del> funeral director licensed under
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    subsection (1) or s. 497.373. Such license registration shall
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    expire 60 days after the date of the next available
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    examination required under subsection (4); however, the
    temporary <u>license</u> registration may be renewed one time under
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    the same conditions as initial issuance. The fee for initial
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    issuance or renewal of a temporary license under this
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    subsection registration or renewal of registration as a
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    temporary funeral director shall be set by rule of the
    licensing authority the board but may not exceed $200 $125.
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   The fee required in this subsection shall be nonrefundable and
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    in addition to the fee required in subsection (1).
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           Section 80. Section 470.012, Florida Statutes, is
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   renumbered as section 497.375, Florida Statutes, and amended
    to read:
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           497.375 470.012 Funeral directing; licensure
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   Registration of a funeral director intern. --
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           (1) Any person desiring to become a funeral director
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    intern shall make application to the department on forms as
    required by rule provided by the department, together with a
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   nonrefundable fee as determined by rule of the licensing
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    authority but not to exceed $200 $100. The application shall
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    indicate the name and address of the licensed funeral director
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    licensed under s. 497.373 or s. 497.374(1) under whose
    supervision the intern will receive training and the name of
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   the licensed funeral establishment where such training is to
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be conducted. The funeral director intern shall intern under the direct supervision of a licensed funeral director who has an active, valid license under s. 497.373 or s. 497.374(1).

- (2) Rules shall be adopted The board shall adopt rules establishing a funeral director internship program and criteria for funeral director intern training agencies and supervisors. Any funeral establishment where funeral directing is conducted may apply to the <u>licensing authority</u> board for approval as a funeral director intern training agency.
- (3) A funeral establishment designated as a funeral director intern training agency may not exact a fee from any person obtaining intern training at such funeral establishment.

Section 81. Section 470.013, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.376, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.376 470.013 License as funeral director and embalmer permitted; display of license. --

- (1) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to prohibit a person from holding a license as an embalmer and a license as a funeral director at the same time.
- (2) There shall be adopted The board shall adopt rules which require each license issued under this chapter to be displayed in such a manner as to make it visible to the public and to facilitate inspection by the licensing authority department. However, each licensee shall permanently affix a recent photograph of the licensee to each displayed license issued to that licensee as a funeral director or embalmer.

Section 82. Section 470.014, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.377, Florida Statutes, and amended 31 to read:

497.377 470.014 Concurrent internships.--The internship requirement for embalmers and funeral directors may be served concurrently pursuant to rules adopted by the 3 licensing authority board. 4 Section 83. Section 470.015, Florida Statutes, is 5 renumbered as section 497.378, Florida Statutes, and amended 6 7 to read: 8 497.378 470.015 Renewal of funeral director and 9 embalmer licenses.--(1) There shall be renewed The department shall renew 10 a funeral director or embalmer license upon receipt of the 11 renewal application and fee set by the <u>licensing authority</u> 12 13 board not to exceed \$250. The licensing authority board may 14 prescribe by rule continuing education requirements of up to 12 classroom hours and may by rule establish criteria for 15 accepting alternative nonclassroom continuing education on an 16 hour-for-hour basis, in addition to a licensing 17 authority-approved board approved course on communicable 19 diseases that includes the course on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome required by s. 20 497.367 455.2226, for the renewal of a funeral director or 21 22 embalmer license. The rule board may provide for the waiver of 23 continuing education requirements in circumstances that would 24 justify the waiver, such as hardship, disability, or illness. The continuing education requirement is not required after 2.5 July 1, 1996, for a licensee who is over the age of 75 years 26 if the licensee does not qualify as the sole person in charge 2.7 28 of an establishment or facility. 29 (2) The <u>licensing authority</u> department shall adopt rules establishing a procedure for the biennial renewal of 30 31 licenses.

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The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for the advertising of continuing education courses.

Section 84. Section 470.016, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.379, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.379 470.016 Inactive status.--

- (1) A funeral director or embalmer license that has become inactive may be reactivated under s. 497.378 470.015upon application to the <u>licensing authority</u> department. The licensing authority board shall prescribe by rule continuing education requirements as a condition of reactivating a license. The continuing education requirements for reactivating a license may not exceed 12 classroom hours, and the <u>licensing authority</u> board may by rule establish criteria for accepting alternative nonclassroom continuing education on an hour-for-hour basis, in addition to a licensing authority-approved board approved course on communicable diseases, for each year the license was inactive.
- (2) The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall prescribe by rule an application fee for inactive status, a renewal fee for inactive status, a delinquency fee, and a fee for reactivation of a license. None of these fees may exceed the biennial renewal fee established by the licensing authority board for an active license.
- (3) The <u>licensing authority</u> department may not reactivate a license unless the inactive or delinquent licensee has paid any applicable biennial renewal or delinquency fee, or both, and a reactivation fee.

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Section 85. Section 470.024, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.380, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.380 470.024 Funeral establishment; licensure.--

- (1) A funeral establishment shall be a place at a specific street address or location consisting of at least 1,250 contiguous interior square feet and must maintain or make arrangements for either suitable capacity for the refrigeration and storage of dead human bodies handled and stored by the establishment and or a preparation room equipped with necessary ventilation and drainage and containing necessary instruments for embalming dead human bodies or must make arrangements for a preparation room as established by rule.
- (2) Each licensed funeral establishment may operate a visitation chapel at a separate location within the county in which the funeral establishment is located. A visitation chapel must be a facility of not less than 500 square feet and not more than 700 square feet and may be operated only when a licensed funeral director is present at the facility. A visitation chapel may be used only for visitation of a deceased human body and may not be used for any other activity permitted by this chapter.
- (3) No person may conduct, maintain, manage, or operate a funeral establishment unless a funeral an establishment operating license has been issued under this chapter by the department for that funeral establishment.
- (4) Application for a funeral establishment license shall be made on forms and pursuant to procedures specified by rule furnished by the department, shall be accompanied by a 31 nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$300 as set by <u>licensing</u>

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authority board rule, and shall include the name of the licensed funeral director who is in charge of that establishment.

- (5) A funeral establishment license shall be renewable biennially pursuant to procedures, and upon payment of a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$300, as set by licensing authority board rule. The licensing authority board may also establish by rule a delinquency fee not to exceed \$50 per day.
- (6) The practice of embalming done at a funeral establishment shall only be practiced by an embalmer licensed under this chapter.
- (7) Each licensed funeral establishment shall have one full-time funeral director in charge and shall have a licensed funeral director reasonably available to the public during normal business hours for that establishment. The full-time funeral director in charge must have an active license and may not be the full-time funeral director in charge of any other funeral establishment or of any other direct disposal establishment.
- (8) The issuance of a license to operate a funeral establishment to a person or entity who is not individually licensed as a funeral director does not entitle the person to practice funeral directing.
- (9) Each funeral establishment located at a specific address shall be deemed to be a separate entity and shall require separate licensing and compliance with the requirements of this chapter. A funeral establishment may not be operated at the same location as any other funeral establishment or direct disposal establishment unless such establishments were licensed as colocated establishments on 31 October 1, 1993.

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- (10) Every funeral establishment licensed under this chapter shall at all times be subject to the inspection of all its buildings, grounds, and vehicles used in the conduct of its business, by the department or any of its designated representatives or agents, or local or Department of Health inspectors. The licensing authority board shall by rule establish requirements for inspection of funeral establishments.
- (11) The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall set by rule an annual inspection fee not to exceed \$300 \$100, payable upon application for licensure and upon each renewal of such license.
- (12) A change in ownership of a funeral establishment shall be promptly reported pursuant to procedures established by rule to the department and shall require the relicensure of the funeral establishment, including reinspection and payment of applicable fees.
- (13) Each application for a funeral establishment license shall identify every person with the ability to direct the management or policies of the establishment and must identify every person having more than a 10-percent ownership interest in the establishment or the business or corporation which owns the establishment. The licensing authority board may deny, suspend, or revoke the license if any person identified in the application has been or thereafter is ever been disciplined by a regulatory agency in any jurisdiction for any offense that would constitute a violation of this chapter. The licensing authority board may deny, suspend, or revoke the license if any person identified in the application has ever been convicted or found guilty of, or entered a plea 31 of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in

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any jurisdiction that directly relates to the ability to operate a funeral establishment.

(14) Each funeral establishment must display at the public entrance the name of the establishment and the name of the full-time funeral director in charge. A funeral establishment must transact its business under the name by which it is licensed.

Section 86. Section 470.026, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.381, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.381 470.026 Solicitation of goods or services.--

- (1) The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall adopt rules regulating the solicitation of goods or services by licensees or registrants.
- (2) The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall regulate such solicitation to protect the public from solicitation which is intimidating, overreaching, vexatious, fraudulent, or misleading; which utilizes undue influence; or which takes undue advantage of a person's ignorance or emotional vulnerability.
- (3) The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall regulate such solicitation which comprises an uninvited invasion of personal privacy. It is the express finding of the Legislature that the public has a high expectation of privacy in one's personal residence, and the <u>licensing authority</u> board by rule may restrict the hours or otherwise regulate such solicitation in the personal residence of a person unless the solicitation has been previously and expressly requested by the person solicited.
- (4) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to 31 restrict the right of a person to lawfully advertise, direct

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mail, or otherwise communicate in a manner not within the definition of solicitation or to solicit the business of anyone responding to such communication or otherwise initiating discussion of the goods or services being offered.

(5) At-need solicitation of funeral merchandise or services is prohibited. No funeral director or direct disposer or her or his agent or representative may contact the family or next of kin of a deceased person to sell services or merchandise unless the funeral director or direct disposer or her or his agent or representative has been initially called or contacted by the family or next of kin of such person and requested to provide her or his services or merchandise.

Section 87. Section 470.029, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.382, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.382 470.029 Reports of cases embalmed and bodies handled.--

(1) Each funeral establishment, direct disposal establishment, cinerator facility, and centralized embalming facility shall report on a form prescribed and furnished by the <u>licensing authority</u> department the name of the deceased and such other information as may be required with respect to each dead human body embalmed or otherwise handled by the establishment or facility. Such forms shall be signed by the embalmer who performs the embalming, if the body is embalmed, and the funeral director in charge of the establishment or facility or by the direct disposer who disposes of the body. The licensing authority board shall prescribe by rule the procedures in submitting such documentation. Reports required by this subsection shall be filed by the 20th 10th day of each 31 | month for final dispositions handled the preceding month.

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(2) Funeral directors performing disinterments shall report, using a form and procedures specified by rule on a form prescribed and furnished by the department, the name of the deceased and such other information as may be required by rule with respect to each dead human body disinterred.

Section 88. Section 470.0294, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.383, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.383 470.0294 Additional rights of legally authorized persons. --

- (1) In addition to any other common law or statutory rights a legally authorized person may otherwise have, that person may authorize a funeral director or direct disposer licensed under this chapter to lawfully dispose of fetal remains in circumstances when a fetal death certificate is not issued under chapter 382. A person licensed under this chapter or former chapter 470 is not liable for damages as a result of following the instructions of the legally authorized person in connection with the final disposition of fetal remains in circumstances in which a fetal death certificate is not issued under chapter 382 or in connection with the final disposition of a dead human body.
- (2) Any ambiguity or dispute concerning the right of any legally authorized person to provide authorization under this chapter or the validity of any documentation purporting to grant that authorization shall be resolved by a court of competent jurisdiction.

Section 89. Section 470.0295, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.384, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

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497.384 470.0295 Disinterment; transportation; authorization and notification. --

- (1) The disinterment and reinterment of human remains shall require the physical presence of a licensed funeral director, unless the reinterment is to be made in the same cemetery.
- In order to ensure that any disinterment or transportation of a dead human body is conducted in a manner that properly protects the public health, safety, and welfare, the <u>licensing authority</u> board may adopt rules to regulate the disinterment and transportation of human remains.
- (3) The funeral director shall obtain written authorization from a legally authorized person or a court of competent jurisdiction prior to the disinterment and reinterment of a dead human body.
- (4) Notification must be provided <u>licensing authority</u> to the board and department as provided in s. 497.382 470.029.
- (5) The removal of human remains from a designated temporary storage area to a place of permanent burial within a cemetery shall not be considered a disinterment or reinterment.

Section 90. Section 470.0301, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.385, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.385 470.0301 Removal services; refrigeration facilities; centralized embalming facilities. -- In order to ensure that the removal, refrigeration, and embalming of all dead human bodies is conducted in a manner that properly protects the public's health and safety, the <u>licensing</u> authority board shall adopt rules to provide for the <u>licensure</u> 31 registration of removal services, refrigeration facilities,

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and centralized embalming facilities operated independently of funeral establishments, direct disposal establishments, and cinerator facilities.

- (1) REMOVAL SERVICES AND REFRIGERATION SERVICES. --
- (a) Application for <u>licensure</u> registration of a removal service or a refrigeration service shall be made using forms and procedures as specified by rule on forms furnished by the department, shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$300 as set by <u>licensing authority</u> board rule, and shall include the name of the business owner, manager in charge, business address, and copies of occupational and other local permits.
- (b) The licensing authority board shall set by rule requirements for <u>licensure</u> registration of removal services and refrigeration services.
- (c) The licensure Registration shall be renewed biennially pursuant to procedures and upon payment of a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$300 as set by <u>licensing</u> authority board rule. The licensing authority board may also establish by rule a <u>late</u> renewal penalty fee not to exceed \$50 per day. Any <u>licensure</u> registration not renewed within 30 days after its renewal date shall expire without further action by the department.
- (d) Each business located at a specific address shall be deemed to be a separate entity and shall require separate licensure registration and compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
- (e) Every licensee registrant under this section shall at all times be subject to the inspection of all its buildings, grounds, and vehicles used in the conduct of its 31 business, by the department or any of its designated

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representatives or agents, or local or Department of Health inspectors. The licensing authority board shall by rule establish requirements for inspection of removal services and refrigeration services.

- (f) The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall set by rule an annual inspection fee not to exceed\$300\$100, payable upon application for <u>licensure</u> registration and upon each renewal of such <u>licensure</u> registration.
- (g) A change in ownership shall be promptly reported using forms and procedures specified by rule to the department and may require the relicensure of the <u>licensee</u> registrant, including reinspection and payment of applicable fees, as required by rule.
- (h) The <u>licensing authority</u> board may deny, suspend, or revoke the <u>licensure</u> registration if any person identified in the application has ever been disciplined by a regulatory agency in any jurisdiction for any offense that would constitute a violation of this chapter. The licensing authority board may deny, suspend, or revoke the license of registration if any person identified in the application who has been convicted or found guilty of, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction that directly relates to the ability to operate a removal service or refrigeration service.
- (i) Each business must display at the public entrance the name of the establishment and the name of the full-time manager in charge. Each <u>licensee</u> registrant must transact its business under the name by which it is licensed registered with the <u>licensing authority</u> department.
- (j) No person may conduct, maintain, manage, or 31 operate a removal service or refrigeration service unless

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licensed registration for such service under this chapter has been issued by the department.

- (k) Such removal services and refrigeration services may not enter into removal or refrigeration contracts with the general public.
- (2) CENTRALIZED EMBALMING FACILITIES. -- In order to ensure that all funeral establishments have access to embalming facilities that comply with all applicable health and safety requirements, the <u>licensing authority</u> board shall adopt rules to provide for the <u>licensure</u> registration and operation of centralized embalming facilities and shall require, at a minimum, the following:
- (a) All centralized embalming facilities shall contain all of the equipment and meet all of the requirements that a preparation room located in a funeral establishment is required to meet, but such facilities shall not be required to comply with any of the other requirements for funeral establishments, as set forth in s. 497.380 470.024.
- (b) Each licensed centralized embalming facility shall have at least one full-time embalmer in charge. The full-time embalmer in charge must have an active license and may not be the full-time embalmer in charge, full-time funeral director in charge, or full-time direct disposer in charge of any other establishment licensed under this chapter.
- (c) Any person, regardless of whether such person is otherwise regulated by this chapter, may own such a facility, provided that such facility is operated in accordance with the rules established by the <u>licensing authority</u> board.
- (d) A centralized embalming facility may only provide services to funeral establishments.

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- (e) The practice of embalming done at a centralized embalming facility shall only be practiced by an embalmer licensed under this chapter and shall be provided only to licensed funeral establishments.
- (f) Application for <u>licensure</u> registration of a centralized embalming facility shall be made utilizing forms and procedures prescribed by rule on forms furnished by the department and shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$300 as set by <u>licensing authority</u> board rule, and licensure registration shall be renewed biennially pursuant to procedures and upon payment of a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$300 as set by <u>licensing authority</u> board rule. The licensing authority board may also establish by rule a late fee not to exceed \$50 per day. Any licensure registration not renewed within 30 days after the renewal date shall expire without further action by the department.
- (q) The licensing authority board shall set by rule an annual inspection fee not to exceed\$300\$100, payable upon application for <u>licensure</u> registration and upon renewal of such licensure registration.
- (h) The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall, by rule, establish operating procedures which shall require, at a minimum, that centralized embalming facilities maintain a system of identification of human remains received for embalming.

Section 91. Section 470.0315, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.386, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.386 470.0315 Storage, preservation, and transportation of human remains .--

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- (1) A person may not store or maintain human remains at any establishment or facility except an establishment or facility licensed or registered under this chapter or a health care facility, medical examiner's facility, morgue, or cemetery holding facility.
- (2) A dead human body may not be held in any place or in transit over 24 hours after death or pending final disposition unless the body is maintained under refrigeration at a temperature of 40 degrees Fahrenheit or below or is embalmed or otherwise preserved in a manner approved by the licensing authority board in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.
- (3) A dead human body transported by common carrier or any agency or individual authorized to carry dead human bodies must be placed in a carrying container adequate to prevent the seepage of fluids and escape of offensive odors. A dead human body may be transported only when accompanied by a properly completed burial-transit permit issued in accordance with the provisions of chapter 382.
- (4) The <u>licensing authority</u> board shall establish by rule the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing practices for the handling and storing of dead human bodies, provided that all human remains transported or stored must be completely covered and at all times treated with dignity and respect.
- (5) A person who violates any provision of this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 92. Section 470.032, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.387, Florida Statutes, and amended 31 to read:

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497.387 470.032 Unlawful to remove or embalm body without consent of proper official when crime is suspected. -- It is unlawful for a licensee under this chapter or registrant to remove or embalm a dead human body when she or he has information indicating crime or violence of any sort in connection with the cause of death until permission of the medical examiner or other lawfully authorized official has first been obtained.

Section 93. Section 470.0355, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.388, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.388 470.0355 Identification of human remains.--

(1) PRIOR TO FINAL DISPOSITION. --

(a) The licensee or registrant in charge of the final disposition of dead human remains shall, prior to final disposition of such dead human remains, affix on the ankle or wrist of the deceased, and or in the casket or alternative container or cremation container, proper identification of the dead human remains. The identification or tag shall be encased in or consist of durable and long-lasting material containing the name, date of birth, and date of death, and social security number of the deceased, if available. If the dead human remains are cremated, proper identification shall be placed in the container or urn containing the remains.

(b)(2) Any licensee or registrant responsible for removal of dead human remains to any establishment, facility, or location shall ensure that the remains are identified by a tag or other means of identification that is affixed to the ankle or wrist of the deceased at the time the remains are removed from the place of death or other location.

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1	$\frac{(c)}{(3)}$ Any licensee or registrant may rely on the
2	representation of a legally authorized person to establish the
3	identity of dead human remains.
4	(2) IN UNLICENSED CEMETERIES The identification of
5	human remains interred in an unlicensed cemetery shall be the
6	responsibility of the licensed funeral establishment in charge
7	of the funeral arrangements for the deceased person. The
8	licensed funeral establishment in charge of the funeral
9	arrangements for the interment in an unlicensed cemetery of
10	human remains shall place on the outer burial container,
11	cremation internment container, or other container or on the
12	inside of a crypt or niche a tag or permanent identifying mark
13	containing the name of the decedent and the date of death, if
14	available. The materials and locations of the tag or mark
15	shall be more specifically described by rule of the licensing
16	authority.
17	(3) IN LICENSED CEMETERIES Human remains at licensed
18	cemeteries shall be identified as follows:
19	(a) Each licensed cemetery shall place on the outer
20	burial container, cremation interment container, or other
21	container or on the inside of a crypt or niche a tag or
22	permanent identifying marker containing the name of the
23	decedent and the date of death, if available. The materials
24	and the location of the tag or marker shall be more
25	specifically described by rule of the board.
26	(b) Each licensed cemetery may rely entirely on the
27	identity stated on the burial transit permit or on the
28	identification supplied by a person licensed under this
29	chapter to establish the identity of the dead human remains
30	delivered by such person for burial and shall not be liable
31	for any differences between the identity shown on the burial

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transit permit or identification and the actual identity of the dead human remains delivered by such person and buried in 3 the cemetery. (4) DIRECT DISPOSAL ESTABLISHMENTS. -- Direct disposal 4 establishments shall establish a system of identification of 5

identity of the remains from the time of receipt until

human remains received which shall be designed to track the

delivery of the remains to the authorized persons. This is in

addition to the requirements for identification of human 9

remains set forth in subsection (1). A copy of the

identification procedures shall be available, upon request, to 11

the department and legally authorized persons. 12

Section 94. Section 470.0375, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.389, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.389 470.0375 Funeral establishments; cash advance accounts; escrow refund accounts. --

- (1) Funeral establishments may elect to maintain special, segregated bank accounts to be used in conjunction with making cash advances to vendors. The money in such accounts may be used by the funeral establishments to pay third-party vendors when such amounts must be paid before the funeral establishment has been paid by the purchaser.
- (2) Funeral establishments may elect to maintain special, segregated escrow accounts to be used in conjunction with making cash refunds to their purchasers. A funeral establishment may deposit in such accounts any amounts paid by its purchasers that were in excess of the actual funeral costs incurred and cash advances made by the funeral establishment.

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Section 95. Section 470.038, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.390, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.390 470.038 Reciprocity. -- In order to ensure that funeral directors, embalmers, and direct disposers who are licensed or registered in this state may be considered for licensure or registration in other jurisdictions, the licensing authority board may enter into reciprocity agreements with other jurisdictions.

Section 96. Section 470.039, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.391, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.391 470.039 Exceptions.--

- (1) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the sale of caskets, alternative containers, outer burial containers, or funeral merchandise by any person on an at-need basis.
- (2) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to override the written instructions or wishes of the deceased as to how his or her or his body is to be disposed of, if such instructions are reasonably available at the time of death.

Section 97. Section 470.0395, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.392, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.392 470.0395 Branch chapels. -- Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 497.380 470.024, any licensed establishment operating a branch chapel on June 30, 1979, in accordance with the law then in effect, as determined by the licensingauthority board, may continue to operate such branch chapel for the sole and exclusive purpose of providing and holding 31 funeral services.

Section 98. Part IV of chapter 497, Florida Statutes, consisting of sections 497.450, 497.451, 497.452, 497.453, 3 497.454, 497.455, 497.456, 497.457, 497.458, 497.459, 497.460, 497.461, 497.462, 497.463, 497.464, 497.465, 497.466, and 4 497.467, is created to read: 5 6 PART IV 7 PRENEED SALES Section 99. Section 497.401, Florida Statutes, is 8 renumbered as section 497.450, Florida Statutes, to read: 9 497.450 497.401 Preneed sales; chapter exclusive; 10 11 applicability of other laws. -- Except as provided in this chapter, preneed funeral merchandise or service contract 12 13 businesses and preneed burial merchandise or service contract 14 businesses shall be governed by this chapter and shall be exempt from all provisions of the Florida Insurance Code. 15 Section 100. Section 497.403, Florida Statutes, is 16 renumbered as section 497.451, Florida Statutes, to read: 17 18 authorized.--Nothing in the Florida Insurance Code or this 19 chapter shall be deemed to authorize any preneed funeral 20 merchandise or service contract business or any preneed burial 21 22 merchandise or service business to transact any insurance 23 business, other than that of preneed funeral merchandise or 24 service insurance or preneed burial merchandise or service insurance, or otherwise to engage in any other type of 2.5 insurance unless it is authorized under a certificate of 26 authority issued under the provisions of the Florida Insurance 27 28 Code. Any insurance business transacted under this section 29 must comply with the provisions of s. 626.785. 30

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Section 101. Section 497.405, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.452, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.452 497.405 Preneed license Certificate of authority required.--

- (1)(a) No person, including any cemetery exempt under s. $497.260 \frac{497.003}{}$, may sell, advertise to sell, or make an arrangement for a preneed contract without first having a valid preneed license certificate of authority.
- (b) No person, including any cemetery exempt under s. 497.260 497.003, may sell, advertise to sell, or make an arrangement for services, merchandise, or burial rights on a preneed basis unless such person is authorized pursuant to this chapter to provide such services, merchandise, or burial rights on an at-need basis.
- (2)(a) No person may receive any funds for payment on a preneed contract who does not hold a valid preneed license certificate of authority.
- (b) The provisions of paragraph (a) do not apply to a trust company operating pursuant to chapter 660, to a national or state bank holding trust powers, or to a federal or state savings and loan association having trust powers which company, bank, or association receives any money in trust pursuant to the sale of a preneed contract.
- (c) The provisions of paragraph (a) do not apply to any Florida corporation existing under chapter 607 acting as a servicing agent hereunder in which the stock of such corporation is held by 100 or more persons licensed pursuant to part III of this chapter 470, provided no one stockholder holds, owns, votes, or has proxies for more than 5 percent of 31 the issued stock of such corporation; provided the corporation

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has a blanket fidelity bond, covering all employees handling the funds, in the amount of \$50,000 or more issued by a licensed insurance carrier in this state; and provided the corporation processes the funds directly to and from the trustee within the applicable time limits set forth in this chapter. The department may require any person claiming that the provisions of this paragraph exempt it from the provisions of paragraph (a) to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that it meets the requirements of this paragraph.

- (3) No person may obtain a preneed license certificate of authority under this chapter for the preneed sale of merchandise or services unless such person or its agent, in the case of a corporate entity, holds a license as a funeral establishment, or cemetery company, or registration as a direct disposal establishment, or monument establishment under chapter 470.
- (4) The provisions of this section do not apply to religious-institution-owned cemeteries exempt under s. 497.260(1)(d) 497.003(1)(d), in counties with a population of at least 960,000 persons on July 1, 1996, with respect to the sale to the religious institution's members and their families of interment rights, mausoleums, crypts, cremation niches, cremation interment containers, vaults, liners, urns, memorials, vases, foundations, memorial bases, floral arrangements, monuments, markers, engraving, and the opening and closing of interment rights, mausoleums, crypts, and cremation niches, and cremation interment containers, if such cemeteries have engaged in the sale of preneed contracts prior to October 1, 1993, and maintain a positive net worth at the end of each fiscal year of the cemetery.

1	Section 102. Section 497.407, Florida Statutes, is
2	renumbered as section 497.453, Florida Statutes, and amended
3	to read:
4	(Substantial rewording of section. See
5	s. 497.407, F.S., for present text.)
6	497.453 Application for preneed license, procedures
7	and criteria; renewal; reports
8	(1) PRENEED LICENSE APPLICATION PROCEDURES
9	(a) A person seeking a license to enter into preneed
10	contracts shall apply for such licensure using forms
11	prescribed by rule.
12	(b) The application shall require the name, business
13	address, residence address, date and place of birth or
14	incorporation, and business phone number, of applicant and all
15	principals of applicant. The application shall require the
16	applicant's social security number, or if the applicant is an
17	entity, its federal tax identification number.
18	(c) The application may require information as to the
19	applicant's financial resources.
20	(d) The application may require information as to the
21	educational and employment history of an individual applicant;
22	and as to applicants that are not natural persons, the
23	business and employment history of the applicant and
24	principals of applicant.
25	(e) The application shall require the applicant to
26	disclose whether the applicant or any of applicant's
27	principals has ever been convicted or found quilty of, or
28	entered a plea of no contest to, regardless of adjudication,
29	any crime in any jurisdiction.
30	(f) The application shall require the applicant to
31	disclose whether the applicant or any of applicant's

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principals has ever had a license or the authority to practice
   a profession or occupation refused, suspended, fined, denied,
    or otherwise acted against or disciplined, by the licensing
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    authority of any jurisdiction. A licensing authority's
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    acceptance of a relinquishment of licensure, stipulation,
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    consent order, or other settlement, offered in response to or
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    in anticipation of the filing of charges against the license,
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    shall be construed as action against the license.
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          (q) The application shall require the applicant and
    its principals to provide fingerprints in accordance with part
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    I of this chapter.
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          (h) The application shall state the name and license
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   number of the funeral establishment, cemetery company, direct
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    disposal establishment, or monument establishment, under whose
    license the preneed application is made.
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          (i) The application shall state the types of preneed
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    contracts proposed to be written.
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          (j) The application shall disclose the existence of
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    all preneed contracts for service or merchandise entered into
    by the applicant, or by any other entity under common control
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    with the applicant, without or prior to authorization under
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    this section or predecessors to this section. As to each such
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    contract the applicant shall disclose the name and address of
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    the contract purchaser, the status of the contract, and what
    steps or measures the applicant has taken to ensure
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    performance of unfulfilled contracts, setting forth the
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    treatment and status of funds received from the customer in
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   regard to the contract, and stating the name and address of
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   any institution where such funds are deposited and the number
   used by the institution to identify the account. With respect
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to contracts entered into before January 1, 1983, an

1	application to issue or renew a preneed license may not be
2	denied solely on the basis of such disclosure. The purchaser
3	of any such contract may not be required to liquidate the
4	account if such account was established before July 1, 1965.
5	Information disclosed may be used by the licensing authority
6	to notify the contract purchaser and the institution in which
7	such funds are deposited should the holder of a preneed be
8	unable to fulfill the requirements of the contract.
9	(k) The application shall require the applicant to
10	demonstrate that applicant complies and will comply with all
11	requirements for preneed contract licensure under this
12	chapter.
13	(1) The application may require any other information
14	considered necessary by the department or board to meet its
15	responsibilities under this chapter.
16	(m) The application shall be sworn to and signed by
17	the applicant if a natural person, or by the president of an
18	applicant that is not a natural person.
19	(n) The application shall be accompanied by a
20	nonrefundable fee as determined by licensing authority rule
21	but not to exceed \$500.
22	(2) ACTION CONCERNING APPLICATIONS A duly completed
23	application for licensure under this section, accompanied by
24	the required fees, shall be approved and license issued, if
25	the licensing authority determines that the following
26	conditions are met:
27	(a) The application is made by a funeral
28	establishment, cemetery company, direct disposal
29	establishment, or monument establishment, or on behalf of one
30	of the preceding licensees by its agent in the case of a
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1	corporate entity, licensed and in good standing under this
2	chapter.
3	(b) Applicant meets net worth requirements specified
4	by rule of the licensing authority.
5	(c) Applicant has and will have the ability to
6	discharge her or his liabilities as they become due in the
7	normal course of business, and has and will have sufficient
8	funds available during the calendar year to perform her or his
9	obligations under her or his contracts.
10	(d) If the applicant or any entity under common
11	control with the applicant has entered into preneed contracts
12	prior to being authorized to do so under the laws of this
13	state:
14	1. The licensing authority determines that adequate
15	provision has been made to ensure the performance of such
16	contracts.
17	2. The licensing authority determines that the
18	improper sale of such preneed contracts prior to authorization
19	under this chapter does not indicate , under the facts of the
20	particular application in issue, that applicant has a
21	disregard of the laws of this state such as would expose the
22	public to unreasonable risk if the applicant were issued a
23	preneed license.
24	3. Nothing in this section shall imply any
25	authorization to enter into preneed contracts without
26	authorization under this chapter.
27	(e) Neither applicant nor applicant's principals have
28	a demonstrated history of conducting their business affairs to
29	the detriment of the public.
30	(f) Applicant and applicant's principals are of good
31	character and have no demonstrated history of lack of

1	trustworthiness or integrity in business or professional
2	matters.
3	(q) The applicant does and will comply with all other
4	requirements of this chapter relating to preneed licensure.
5	(3) ISSUANCE OF LICENSES ON PROBATIONARY STATUS It
6	is the policy of this state to encourage competition for the
7	public benefit in the preneed contract business by, among
8	other means, the entry of new licensees into that business. To
9	facilitate issuance of licenses concerning applications judged
10	by the licensing authority to be borderline as to
11	qualification for licensure, the licensing authority may issue
12	a new license under this section on a probationary basis,
13	subject to conditions specified by the licensing authority on
14	a case-by-case basis, which conditions may impose special
15	monitoring, reporting, and restrictions on operations for up
16	to the first 12 months of licensure, to ensure the licensee's
17	responsibleness, competency, financial stability, and
18	compliance with this chapter. Provided, no such probationary
19	license shall be issued unless the licensing authority
20	determines that issuance would not pose an unreasonable risk
21	to the public, and the licensing authority must within 12
22	months after issuance of the license either remove the
23	probationary status or determine that the licensee is not
24	qualified for licensure under this chapter and institute
25	proceedings for revocation of licensure.
26	(4) CHANGE IN CONTROL SUBSEQUENT TO LICENSURE
27	(a) Each licensee under this section must provide
28	notice as required by rule prior to any change in control of
29	the licensee. Any such change is subject to disapproval or to
30	reasonable conditions imposed by the licensing authority, for
31	the protection of the public to ensure compliance with this

chapter, based upon criteria established by rule, which criteria shall promote the purposes of this part in protecting 3 the consumer. (b) The licensing authority may authorize the transfer 4 of a preneed license and establish by rule a fee for the 5 transfer in an amount not to exceed \$500. Upon receipt of an 6 application for transfer, the executive director may grant a 8 temporary preneed license to the proposed transferee, based 9 upon criteria established by the licensing authority by rule, which criteria shall promote the purposes of this chapter in 10 protecting the consumer. Such a temporary preneed license 11 shall expire at the conclusion of the next regular meeting of 12 13 the board unless renewed by the board. The licensing authority 14 may by rule establish forms and procedures for the implementation of this paragraph. 15 (5) RENEWAL OF LICENSES.--16 (a) A preneed license shall expire annually on June 1, 17 18 unless renewed, or at such other time or times as may be 19 provided by rule. The application for renewal of the license shall be on forms prescribed by rule and shall be accompanied 20 a renewal fee as specified in paragraph (c). 2.1 22 (b) Within 3 months after the end of its fiscal 2.3 period, or within an extension of time therefore, as the 24 department for good cause may grant, the licensee shall file with the department a full and true statement of her or his 2.5 financial condition, transactions, and affairs, prepared on a 2.6 basis as adopted by rule, as of the end of the preceding 2.7 28 fiscal period or at such other time or times as may be 29 required by rule, together with such other information and

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data which may be required by rule. To facilitate uniformity

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1	in financial statements and to facilitate department analysis,
2	there may be adopted by rule a form for financial statements.
3	(c) Each annual application for renewal of a preneed
4	license shall be accompanied by the appropriate fee as
5	follows:
6	1. For a preneed licensee with no preneed contract
7	sales during the immediately preceding year\$ 300.
8	2. For a preneed licensee with at least 1 but fewer
9	than 50 preneed contract sales during the immediately
10	preceding year\$400.
11	3. For a preneed licensee with at least 50 but fewer
12	than 250 preneed contract sales during the immediately
13	preceding year\$500.
14	4. For a preneed licensee with at least 250 but fewer
15	than 1,000 preneed contract sales during the immediately
16	preceding year\$850.
17	5. For a preneed licensee with at least 1,000 but
18	fewer than 2,500 preneed contract sales during the immediately
19	preceding ear\$1,500.
20	6. For a preneed licensee with at least 2,500 but
21	fewer than 5,000 preneed contract sales during the immediately
22	preceding year\$2,500.
23	7. For a preneed licensee with at least 5,000 but
24	fewer than 15,000 preneed contract sales during the
25	immediately preceding year\$6,000.
26	8. For a preneed licensee with at least 15,000 but
27	fewer than 30,000 preneed contract sales during the
28	immediately preceding year\$12,500.
29	9. For a preneed licensee with 30,000 preneed contract
30	sales or more during the immediately preceding year\$18,500.
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1	(d) An application for renewal shall disclose the
2	existence of all preneed contracts for service or merchandise
3	funded by any method other than a method permitted by this
4	chapter, which contracts are known to the applicant and were
5	entered into by the applicant, or any other entity under
6	common control with the applicant, during the annual license
7	period then ending. Such disclosure shall include the name and
8	address of the contract purchaser, the name and address of the
9	institution where such funds are deposited, and the number
10	used by the institution to identify the account.
11	(e) In addition to any other penalty that may be
12	provided for under this chapter, there may be levied a late
13	fee as determined by licensing authority rule but not to
14	exceed \$50 a day for each day the preneed licensee fails to
15	file its annual statement, and there may be levied a late fee
16	as determined by licensing authority rule but not to exceed
17	\$50 a day for each day the preneed licensee fails to file the
18	statement of activities of the trust. Upon notice to the
19	preneed licensee by the department that the preneed licensee
20	has failed to file the annual statement or the statement of
21	activities of the trust, the preneed licensee's authority to
22	sell preneed contracts shall cease while such default
23	continues.
24	(6) QUARTERLY PAYMENTSIn addition to other amounts
25	required to be paid by this section, each preneed licensee
26	shall pay to the Requlatory Trust Fund an amount established
27	by rule not to exceed \$10 for each preneed contract entered
28	into. This amount must be paid within 60 days after the end of
29	each quarter. These funds must be used to defray the cost of
30	in administering the provisions of this part.
31	(7) BRANCH OPERATIONS AND LICENSURE

1	(a) Any person or entity that is part of a common
2	business enterprise that has a preneed license issued pursuant
3	to this section and desires to operate under a name other than
4	that of the common business enterprise, may submit an
5	application on a form adopted by rule to become a branch
6	licensee. The application shall be accompanied by an
7	application fee as determined by licensing authority rule but
8	not to exceed \$300.
9	(b) Upon a determination that such applicant qualifies
10	to sell preneed contracts under this part except for the
11	requirements of paragraph (2)(c), and if the preneed licensee
12	meets the requirements of such paragraph and is in compliance
13	with all requirements of this part regarding its preneed
14	license and operations thereunder, a branch license shall be
15	issued.
16	(c) Branch licenses shall be renewed annually by
17	payment of a renewal fee set by licensing authority rule and
18	not to exceed \$300. Branch licenses may be renewed only so
19	long as the preneed license of the sponsoring preneed licensee
20	remains in good standing.
21	(d) Violations of this part by the branch shall be
22	deemed to be violations of this part by its sponsoring preneed
23	licensee, unless the licensing authority determines that
24	extenuating circumstances indicate that it would be unjust to
25	attribute the branch's misconduct to the sponsoring preneed
26	licensee. Preneed sales of the branch shall be deemed to be
27	sales of the sponsoring licensee for purposes of renewal fees
28	and trust requirements under this chapter.
29	(e) The sponsoring preneed licensee shall be
30	responsible for performance of preneed contracts entered into
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1	by its branches if the branch does not timely fulfill any such
2	contract.
3	(8) ANNUAL TRUST REPORTS On or before April 1 of
4	each year, the preneed licensee shall file in the form
5	prescribed by rule a full and true statement as to the
6	activities of any trust established by it pursuant to this
7	part for the preceding calendar year.
8	(9) DEPOSIT OF FUNDS All sums collected under this
9	section shall be deposited to the credit of the Regulatory
10	Trust Fund.
11	Section 103. Section 497.409, Florida Statutes, is
12	renumbered as section 497.454, Florida Statutes, and amended
13	to read:
14	497.454 497.409 Approval of preneed contract and
15	related forms
16	(1) Preneed contract forms and related forms shall be
17	filed with and approved by the <u>licensing authority prior to</u>
18	use, pursuant to procedures specified by rule board. The
19	licensing authority board may not approve any preneed contract
20	form that does not provide for sequential prenumbering
21	thereon.
22	(2) A form filed for approval under this section shall
23	be approved unless it is determined that it:
24	(a) Is in any respect in violation of, or does not
25	comply with, this chapter.
26	(b) Contains, or incorporates by reference any
27	inconsistent, ambiguous, or misleading clauses, or exceptions
28	and conditions which deceptively affect the benefits
29	purportedly provided to the customer in the general terms of
30	the contract.
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1	(c) Has any title, heading, or other indication of its
2	contents which is misleading.
3	(d) Is printed or otherwise reproduced in such manner
4	as to render any material provision substantially illegible,
5	or contains variations in print size which de-emphasize
6	provisions which limit or restrict the customers rights under
7	the contract.
8	(e) Contains provisions that are unfair or inequitable
9	or contrary to the public policy of this state or that
10	encourage misrepresentation.
11	(f) Does not provide for the specification in
12	reasonable detail of the type, size, and design of merchandise
13	and the description of service to be delivered or performed.
14	(3)(2) Specific disclosure regarding the preneed
15	<u>licensee's</u> certificateholder's ability to select either trust
16	funding or the financial responsibility alternative as set
17	forth in s. $\underline{497.461}$ $\underline{497.423}$ or s. $\underline{497.425}$ in connection with
18	the receipt of preneed contract proceeds is required in the
19	preneed contract.
20	Section 104. Section 497.411, Florida Statutes, is
21	renumbered as section 497.455, Florida Statutes, and amended
22	to read:
23	497.455 497.411 Nonconforming contractsAny preneed
24	contract that requires the moneys paid to the seller or
25	trustee to be placed in trust and fails to comply with s.
26	497.458 497.417 shall comply with and be construed under s.
27	<u>497.464</u> 497.429 .
28	Section 105. Section 497.413, Florida Statutes, is
29	renumbered as section 497.456, Florida Statutes, and amended
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497.456 497.413 Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund. --

- (1) There is hereby created in the department the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund to be administered and regulated by the licensing authority board.
- (2) Within 60 days after the end of each calendar quarter, for each preneed contract written during the quarter and not canceled within 30 days after the date of the execution of the contract, each preneed licensee certificateholder, whether funding preneed contracts by the sale of insurance or by establishing a trust pursuant to s. 497.458 or s. 497.464 497.417 or s. 497.429, shall remit the sum of \$2.50 for each preneed contract having a purchase price of \$1,500 or less, and the sum of \$5 for each preneed contract having a purchase price in excess of \$1,500; and each preneed licensee certificateholder utilizing s. 497.461 or s. 497.462 497.423 or s. 497.425 shall remit the sum of \$5 for each preneed contract having a purchase price of \$1,500 or less, and the sum of \$10 for each preneed contract having a purchase price in excess of \$1,500.
- (3) In addition to the amounts specified in subsection (2), each remittance shall contain such other additional information as needed by the <u>licensing authority</u> board to carry out its responsibilities under this chapter and as prescribed by rule of the board.
- (4) All funds received by the <u>licensing authority</u> board or the department pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund.
- (5) The amounts remitted for deposit into the Preneed 30 31 | Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund shall not be

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deemed proceeds from the sale of a preneed contract within the meaning of this chapter.

- (6) Upon the commencement of a delinquency proceeding pursuant to this chapter against a preneed licensee certificateholder, the licensing authority board may use up to 50 percent of the balance of the trust fund not already committed to a prior delinquency proceeding solely for the purpose of providing restitution to preneed contract purchasers and their estates due to a preneed licensee's certificateholder's failure to provide the benefits of a preneed contract or failure to refund the appropriate principal amount by reason of cancellation thereof. The balance of the trust fund shall be determined as of the date of the delinquency proceeding.
- (7) In any situation in which a delinquency proceeding has not commenced, the <u>licensing authority</u> board may, in its discretion, use the trust fund for the purpose of providing restitution to any consumer, owner, or beneficiary of a preneed contract or similar regulated arrangement under this chapter entered into after June 30, 1977. If, after investigation, the <u>licensing authority</u> board determines that a preneed licensee certificateholder has breached a preneed contract by failing to provide benefits or an appropriate refund, or that a provider, who is a former preneed licensee certificateholder or an establishment which has been regulated under this chapter or chapter 470, has sold a preneed contract and has failed to fulfill the arrangement or provide the appropriate refund, and such preneed licensee certificateholder or provider does not provide or does not possess adequate funds to provide appropriate refunds, 31 payments from the trust fund may be authorized by the

licensing authority board. In considering whether payments shall be made or when considering who will be responsible for 3 such payments, the <u>licensing authority</u> board shall consider whether the preneed licensee certificateholder or previous 4 provider has been acquired by a successor who is or should be responsible for the liabilities of the defaulting entity. With 6 respect to preneed contracts funded by life insurance, 8 payments from the fund shall be made: if the insurer is 9 insolvent, but only to the extent that funds are not available through the liquidation proceeding of the insurer; or if the 10 preneed licensee certificateholder is unable to perform under 11 the contract and the insurance proceeds are not sufficient to 12 13 cover the cost of the merchandise and services contracted for. 14 In no event shall the <u>licensing authority</u> board approve payments in excess of the insurance policy limits unless it 15 determines that at the time of sale of the preneed contract, 16 the insurance policy would have paid for the services and 17 merchandise contracted for. Such monetary relief shall be in 19 an amount as the licensing authority board may determine and shall be payable in such manner and upon such conditions and 20 terms as the <u>licensing authority</u> board may prescribe. However, 21 22 with respect to preneed contracts to be funded pursuant to \underline{s} . 23 497.458, s. 497.459, s. 497.461, or s. 497.462 s. 497.417, s. 24 497.419, s. 497.423, or s. 497.425, any restitution made pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed, as to any single 2.5 26 contract or arrangement, the lesser of the gross amount paid under the contract or 4 percent of the uncommitted assets of 27 28 the trust fund. With respect to preneed contracts funded by life insurance policies, any restitution shall not exceed, as 30 to any single contract or arrangement, the lesser of the face amount of the policy, the actual cost of the arrangement

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contracted for, or 4 percent of the uncommitted assets of the trust fund. The total of all restitutions made to all applicants under this subsection in a single fiscal year shall not exceed the greater of 30 percent of the uncommitted assets of the trust fund as of the end of the most recent fiscal year or \$120,000. The department may use moneys in the trust fund to contract with independent vendors pursuant to chapter 287 to administer the requirements of this subsection.

- (8) All moneys deposited in the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund together with all accumulated income shall be used only for the purposes expressed authorized by this chapter in this section and shall not be subject to any liens, charges, judgments, garnishments, or other creditor's claims against the preneed licensee certificateholder, any trustee utilized by the preneed licensee certificateholder, any company providing a surety bond as specified in this chapter, or any purchaser of a preneed contract. No preneed contract purchaser shall have any vested rights in the trust fund.
- (9) If restitution is paid to a preneed contract purchaser or her or his estate in accordance with this section, the amount of restitution paid shall not exceed the gross amount of the principal payments made by the purchaser on its contract.
- (10) Whenever the <u>licensing authority</u> board makes payments from the trust fund to a purchaser or its estate, the licensing authority board shall be subrogated to the purchaser's rights under the contract, and any amounts so collected by the <u>licensing authority</u> board shall be deposited in the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust 31 Fund.

1	(11) No person shall make, publish, disseminate,
2	circulate, or place before the public, or cause, directly or
3	indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated,
4	or placed before the public, in a newspaper, magazine, or
5	other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular,
6	pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio station or
7	television station, or in any other way, any advertisement,
8	announcement, or statement which uses the existence of the
9	Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund for
10	the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase
11	any form of preneed contract covered under this chapter.
12	(12) Notwithstanding the fee structure in subsection
13	(2), the department shall review the status of the trust fund
14	annually, and if it determines that the uncommitted trust fund
15	balance exceeds \$1 million, the <u>licensing authority</u> board may
16	by rule lower the required payments to the trust fund to an
17	amount not less than \$1 per preneed contract.
18	(13) Regarding the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer
19	Protection Trust Fund, the licensing authority shall have
20	authority to adopt rules for the implementation of this
21	section, including:
22	(a) Forms to be used in filing claims against the
23	trust fund.
24	(b) Procedures to be used for filing claims against
25	the trust fund.
26	(c) Information and supporting documentation that must
27	be provided by claimants to support claims against the trust
28	fund.
29	(d) Procedures for the investigation of claims against
30	the trust fund.

1	(e) Criteria to be used in determining whether a claim
2	is allowable and in what amount.
3	(f) Forms and procedures to be used by preneed
4	licensees in making remittances to the trust fund required by
5	this chapter.
6	Section 106. Section 497.415, Florida Statutes, is
7	renumbered as section 497.457, Florida Statutes, and amended
8	to read:
9	497.457 497.415 Ownership of proceeds received on
10	contracts
11	(1) Subject to the provisions of this chapter, all
12	funds paid pursuant to a preneed contract by a purchaser to a
13	<pre>preneed licensee certificateholder shall be the sole property</pre>
14	of, and within the full dominion and control of, said preneed
15	<u>licensee</u> certificateholder .
16	(2) Subject to the provisions of this chapter, the
17	relationship between the purchaser of a preneed contract and a
18	<pre>preneed licensee certificateholder shall be deemed for all</pre>
19	purposes as a debtor-creditor relationship.
20	Section 107. Section 497.417, Florida Statutes, is
21	renumbered as section 497.458, Florida Statutes, and amended
22	to read:
23	497.458 497.417 Disposition of proceeds received on
24	contracts
25	(1) (1) Any person who is paid, collects, or receives
26	funds under a preneed contract for funeral services or
27	merchandise or burial services or merchandise shall deposit an
28	amount at least equal to the sum of 70 percent of the purchase
29	price collected for all services sold and facilities rented;
30	100 percent of the purchase price collected for all cash

31 advance items sold; and 30 percent of the purchase price

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collected or 110 percent of the wholesale cost, whichever is greater, for each item of merchandise sold.

(b) The method of determining wholesale cost shall be established by rule of the <u>licensing authority</u> board and shall be based upon the preneed licensee's certificateholder's stated wholesale cost for the 12-month period beginning July 1 during which the initial deposit to the preneed trust fund for the preneed contract is made.

(c) Such deposits shall be made within 30 days after the end of the calendar month in which payment is received, under the terms of a revocable trust instrument entered into with a trust company operating pursuant to chapter 660, with a national or state bank holding trust powers, or with a federal or state savings and loan association holding trust powers.

(d) The trustee shall take title to the property conveyed to the trust for the purpose of investing, protecting, and conserving it for the preneed licensee certificateholder; collecting income; and distributing the principal and income as prescribed in this chapter. The preneed licensee certificateholder is prohibited from sharing in the discharge of these responsibilities, except that the preneed licensee certificateholder may request the trustee to invest in tax-free investments and may appoint an adviser to the trustee. The licensing authority may adopt rules limiting or otherwise specifying the degree to which the trustee may rely on the investment advice of an investment adviser appointed by the preneed licensee. The licensing authority may adopt rules limiting or prohibiting payment of fees by the trust to investment advisors that are employees or principals of the licensee to whom the trust fund relates.

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(e) The trust agreement shall be submitted to the
licensing authority board for approval and filing prior to
use. The licensing authority may adopt rules specifying
procedures and establishing criteria and requirements not
inconsistent with this chapter for approval of trusts
submitted under this paragraph.

- (f) The deposited funds shall be held in trust, both as to principal and income earned thereon, and shall remain intact, except that the cost of the operation of the trust or trust account authorized by this section may be deducted from the income earned thereon.
- (q) The preneed contract purchaser shall have no interest whatsoever in, or power whatsoever over, funds deposited in trust pursuant to this section.
- (h) In no event may said funds be loaned to a preneed licensee certificateholder, an affiliate of a preneed licensee certificateholder, or any person directly or indirectly engaged in the burial, funeral home, or cemetery business.
- (i) Furthermore, The preneed licensee's certificateholder's interest in said trust shall not be pledged as collateral for any loans, debts, or liabilities of the preneed licensee certificateholder and shall not be transferred to any person without the prior written approval from the department and the trustee which shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- (j) Even though the preneed licensee certificateholder shall be deemed and treated as the settlor and beneficiary of said trust for all purposes, all of said trust funds are exempt from all claims of creditors of the preneed licensee certificateholder except as to the claims of the preneed

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contract purchaser, her or his representative, the board, or the department.

- (2) Except as provided in s. 497.283 + 497.337, the delivery of funeral merchandise before the death of the person for whom it is purchased does not constitute performance or fulfillment, either wholly or in part, of any preneed contract entered into after July 1, 1977.
- (3)(a) The trustee shall make regular valuations of assets it holds in trust and provide a report of such valuations to the preneed licensee certificateholder at least quarterly.
- (b) Any person who withdraws appreciation in the value of trust, other than the pro rata portion of such appreciation which may be withdrawn upon the death of a contract beneficiary or upon cancellation of a preneed contract, shall be required to make additional deposits from her or his own funds to restore the aggregate value of assets to the value of funds deposited in trust, but excluding from the funds deposited those funds paid out upon preneed contracts which such person has fully performed or which have been otherwise withdrawn, as provided for in this chapter.
- (c) The preneed licensee certificateholder shall be liable to third parties to the extent that income from the trust is not sufficient to pay the expenses of the trust.
- (4)(a) Trust funds shall not be invested in or loaned to or for the benefit of any business venture in which the preneed licensee, its principals, or persons related by blood or marriage to the licensee or its principals, have a direct or indirect interest, without the prior approval of the licensing authority.

1	(b) Trust funds shall not be loaned to or for the
2	benefit of the preneed licensee, its principals, or persons
3	related by blood or marriage to the licensee or its
4	principals, without the prior approval of the licensing
5	authority.
6	(c) No approval of such loans or investments shall be
7	given unless it be shown by clear and convincing evidence that
8	such loan or investment would be in the interest of the
9	preneed contract holders whose contracts are secured by the
10	trust funds.
11	(d) The licensing authority may adopt rules exempting
12	from the prohibition of this subsection, pursuant to criteria
13	established in such rule, the investment of trust funds in
14	investments, such as widely and publicly traded stocks and
15	bonds, notwithstanding that the licensee, its principals, or
16	persons related by blood or marriage to the licensee or its
17	principals have an interest by investment in the same entity,
18	where neither the licensee, its principals, or persons related
19	by blood or marriage to the licensee or its principals, have
20	the ability to control the entity invested in, and it would be
21	in the interest of the preneed contract holders whose
22	contracts are secured by the trust funds, to allow the
23	investment.
24	(5)(4) The trustee of the trust established pursuant
25	to this section shall only have the power to:
26	(a) Invest in investments as prescribed in s. 215.47
27	and exercise the powers set forth in part IV of chapter 737,
28	provided that the <u>licensing authority</u> board may by order
29	require the trustee to liquidate or dispose of any investment
30	within 30 days after such order, or within such other times as
31	the order may direct. The licensing authority may issue such

1	order if it determines that the investment violates any
2	provision of this chapter or is not in the best interests of
3	the preneed contract holders whose contracts are secured by
4	the trust funds.
5	(b) Borrow money up to an aggregate amount of 10
6	percent of trust assets, at interest rates then prevailing
7	from any individual, bank, insurance company, or other source,
8	irrespective of whether any such person is then acting as
9	trustee, and to create security interests in no more than 10
10	percent of trust assets by mortgage, pledge, or otherwise,
11	upon the terms and conditions and for such purposes as the
12	trustee may deem advisable.
13	(c) Commingle the property of the trust with the
14	property of any other trust established pursuant to this
15	chapter and make corresponding allocations and divisions of
16	assets, liabilities, income, and expenses.
17	(6)(5) The preneed licensee certificateholder, at her
18	or his election, shall have the right and power, at any time,
19	to revest in it title to the trust assets, or its pro rata
20	share thereof, provided it has complied with <u>s. 497.461.</u> ÷
21	(a) Section 497.423;
22	(b) Contracts written prior to July 1, 2001, under s.
23	497.425; or
24	(c) Contracts written prior to December 31, 2004,
25	under s. 497.425 for any certificateholder authorized to do
26	business in this state that has total bonded liability
27	exceeding \$100 million as of July 1, 2001.
28	(7)(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in this
29	chapter to the contrary, the preneed licensee

30 certificateholder, via its election to sell or offer for sale 31 preneed contracts subject to this section, shall represent and

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warrant, and is hereby deemed to have done such, to all
   federal and Florida taxing authorities, as well as to all
   potential and actual preneed contract purchasers, that:
 3
           (a) Section 497.461 497.423 is a viable option
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   available to it at any and all relevant times;
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 6
           (b) Section 497.462 497.425 is a viable option
   available to it at any and all relevant times for contracts
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    written prior to July 1, 2001, for funds not held in trust as
    of July 1, 2001; or
 9
           (c) For any <u>preneed licensee</u> <del>certificateholder</del>
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    authorized to do business in this state that has total bonded
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    liability exceeding $100 million as of July 1, 2001, s.
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    497.462 \frac{497.425}{1} is a viable option to it at any and all
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    relevant times for contracts written prior to December 31,
    2004, for funds not held in trust as of July 1, 2001.
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          (8)(7) If in the preneed licensee's
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    certificateholder's opinion it does not have the ability to
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    select the financial responsibility alternative of s. 497.461
    or s. 497.462 497.423 or s. 497.425, then the preneed license
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    it shall not have the right to sell or solicit preneed
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    contracts pursuant to this section.
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          (9) The amounts required to be placed in trust by this
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    section for contracts previously entered into shall be as
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    follows:
          (a) For contracts entered into before October 1, 1993,
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    the trust amounts as amended by s. 6, chapter 83-816, Laws of
    Florida, shall apply.
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          (b) For contracts entered into on or after October 1,
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    1993, the trust amounts as amended by s. 98, chapter 93-399,
    Laws of Florida shall apply.
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(8) This section, as amended by s. 6, chapter 83 316, Laws of Florida, applies to preneed contracts entered into before October 1, 1993, and as amended by s. 98, chapter 93 399, Laws of Florida, applies to preneed contracts entered into on or after October 1, 1993.

Section 108. Section 497.419, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.459, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.459 497.419 Cancellation of, or default on, preneed contracts. --

- (1) CANCELLATION BY CUSTOMER WITHIN 30 DAYS. -- A purchaser, by providing written notice to the preneed licensee certificateholder, may cancel a preneed contract within 30 days of the date that the contract was executed provided that the burial rights, merchandise and services have not yet been used. Upon providing such notice, the purchaser shall be entitled to a complete refund of the amount paid, except for the amount allocable to any burial rights, merchandise or services that have been used, and shall be released from all obligations under the contract. This subsection shall apply to all items that are purchased as part of a preneed contract, including burial rights, regardless of whether such burial rights are purchased as part of a preneed contract or purchased separately.
 - (2) <u>CANCELLATION BY PURCHASER AFTER 30 DAYS.--</u>
- (a) A purchaser, by providing written notice to the preneed licensee certificateholder, may cancel the services, facilities, and cash advance items portions of a preneed contract at any time, and shall be entitled to a full refund of the purchase price allocable to such items. Any accumulated

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earnings allocable to such preneed contract shall be paid to the preneed licensee certificateholder upon such cancellation.

(b)(3) Subject to subparagraphs 1. and 2., paragraphs (a) and (b) a purchaser may cancel the merchandise portion of a preneed contract by providing written notice to the preneed licensee certificateholder, and shall be entitled to a full refund of the purchase price allocable to the specific item or items of merchandise that the <u>preneed licensee</u> certificateholder cannot or does not deliver in accordance with this subsection.

1.(a) Such refund shall be provided only if at the time that the preneed licensee certificateholder is required to fulfill its obligations under the preneed contract the preneed licensee certificateholder does not or cannot comply with the terms of the contract by actually delivering the merchandise, within a reasonable time, depending upon the nature of the merchandise purchased, after having been requested to do so.

2.(b) In order to fulfill its obligations under the preneed contract, a preneed licensee certificateholder may elect either or both of the following options:

a.1. Subcontract with a person located outside the preneed licensee's certificateholder's market area to provide the merchandise; or

b.2. Provide other items of equal or greater quality.

(3)(4) REQUIRED DISCLOSURE. -- Each preneed licensee certificateholder shall provide in conspicuous type in its contract that the contract purchaser may cancel the contract and receive a full refund within 30 days of the date of execution of the contract. The failure to make such provision

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27 28 shall not impair the contract purchaser's right to cancellation and refund as provided in this section.

(4)(5) BREACH OF CONTRACT BY SELLER. -- Upon breach of contract or failure of the preneed licensee certificateholder to provide funeral merchandise or services under a preneed contract, the contract purchaser shall be entitled to a refund of all money paid on the contract. Such refund shall be made within 30 days after receipt by the preneed licensee certificateholder of the contract purchaser's written request for refund.

(5)(6) <u>DEFAULT BY PURCHASER.--</u>If a purchaser is 90 days past due in making payments on a preneed contract, the contract shall be considered to be in default, and the preneed licensee certificateholder shall be entitled to cancel the contract, withdraw all funds in trust allocable to merchandise items, and retain such funds as liquidated damages. Upon making such withdrawal, the preneed licensee certificateholder shall return all funds in trust allocable to services, facilities, or cash advance items to the purchaser, provided that the preneed licensee certificateholder has provided the purchaser with 30 days' written notice of its intention to exercise any of its rights under this provision. The board may by rule specify the required format and content of the notice required under this subsection and the manner in which the notice shall be sent.

(6)(7) OTHER PROVISIONS.--

(a) All preneed contracts are cancelable and revocable as provided in this section, provided that a preneed contract does not restrict any contract purchaser who is a qualified applicant for, or a recipient of, supplemental security

1	income, temporary cash assistance, or Medicaid from making her
2	or his contract irrevocable.
3	(b) The amounts required to be refunded by this
4	section for contracts previously entered into shall be as
5	<u>follows:</u>
6	1. For contracts entered into before October 1, 1993,
7	the refund amounts as amended by s. 7, chapter 83-816, Laws of
8	Florida, shall apply.
9	2. For contracts entered into on or after October 1,
10	1993, the refund amounts as amended by s. 99, chapter 93-399,
11	Laws of Florida, shall apply.
12	(8) This section, as amended by s. 7, chapter 83 316,
13	Laws of Florida, applies to preneed contracts entered into
14	before October 1, 1993, and as amended by s. 98, chapter
15	93 399, Laws of Florida, applies to preneed contracts entered
16	into on or after October 1, 1993.
17	(c) Persons who purchase merchandise or burial
18	rights pursuant to this chapter shall have the right to sell,
19	alienate, or otherwise transfer the merchandise or burial
20	rights subject to and in accordance with rules adopted by the
21	licensing authority board.
22	(d) (10) All refunds required to be made under this
23	section to a purchaser who has canceled a contract must be
24	made within 30 days after the date written notice of
25	cancellation is received by the preneed licensee
26	certificateholder .
27	Section 109. Section 497.421, Florida Statutes, is
28	renumbered as section 497.460, Florida Statutes, and amended
29	to read:
30	497.460 497.421 Payment of funds upon death of named

31 beneficiary.--Disbursements of funds discharging any preneed

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contract fulfilled after September 30, 1993, shall be made by the trustee to the preneed licensee certificateholder upon receipt of a certified copy of the death certificate of the contract beneficiary or satisfactory evidence as established by rule of the licensing authority the board that the preneed contract has been performed in whole or in part. However, if the contract is only partially performed, the disbursement shall only cover that portion of the contract performed. In the event of any contract default by the contract purchaser, or in the event that the funeral merchandise or service or burial merchandise or service contracted for is not provided or is not desired by the heirs or personal representative of the contract beneficiary, the trustee shall return, within 30 days after its receipt of a written request therefor, funds paid on the contract to the preneed licensee certificateholder or to its assigns, subject to the provisions of s. 497.459497.419.

Section 110. Section 497.423, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.461, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.461 497.423 Surety bonding Evidence of financial responsibility as alternative to trust deposit. --

- (1) In lieu of depositing funds into a trust as required by s. 497.548(1) or s. 497.464 497.417(1) or s. 497.429, a preneed licensee certificateholder may elect annually, at its discretion, to comply with this section by filing annually a written request with, and receiving annual approval from, the <u>licensing authority</u> board.
- (2) No <u>preneed licensee</u> certificateholder shall utilize this section unless it has filed annually a written

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27 28 request with, and received approval by, the <u>licensing</u> authority board.

- (3) The <u>preneed licensee</u> certificateholder receiving approval from the <u>licensing authority</u> board to comply with this section shall maintain compliance with this section at all times during the period this election is in effect.
- (4) The <u>preneed licensee's</u> certificateholder's request to be governed by this section shall be in the form prescribed by rule by the <u>licensing authority</u> board and shall be accompanied by, in addition to other information that the licensing authority board may require by rule, the surety bond, the audited financial statements, and proof of the other requirements specified in this section, all as described in this section.
- (5) For each 12-month period, or any part thereof, in which this section is applicable, the electing preneed licensee certificateholder shall maintain a bond, issued by a surety company admitted to do business in this state, in an amount at least equal to the sum of $\underline{:}$
 - (a) All amounts not currently in trust.
- (b) An amount equal to the total purchase price for all installed preneed contracts where the total purchase price has not been collected, excluding those amounts already in trust. 7
- (c) All amounts the preneed licensee certificateholder intends to remove from trust if the licensing authority board approves the preneed licensee's certificateholder's request to comply with this section., and
- 29 (d) An amount equal to 70 percent of the total purchase price for each preneed contract the preneed licensee 30 certificateholder expects to sell in the year for which the

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preneed licensee certificateholder is electing to comply with this section.

(6) The surety bond shall be conditioned in such a manner to secure the faithful performance of all conditions of any preneed contracts for which the preneed licensee certificateholder was required to have covered by the amount of the bond, including refunds requested pursuant to ss. 497.459 and 497.460 497.419 and 497.421. The surety bond shall also guarantee the financial responsibility of such preneed licensee certificateholder against its default arising out of any of its preneed contracts. The terms of the surety bond shall cover liabilities arising from all moneys received by the electing preneed licensee certificateholder from preneed contracts for which the preneed licensee certificateholder was required to have covered by the amount of the bond during the time the bond is in effect, and the liability of the surety shall continue until the contracts thereunder are fulfilled. The bond shall be in favor of the state for the benefit of any person damaged as a result of purchasing a preneed contract from the preneed licensee certificateholder. The aggregate liability of the surety to all persons for all breaches of the conditions of the bonds shall in no event exceed the amount of the bond. The per preneed contract liability shall not exceed the amount of the funds received by the preneed licensee certificateholder per preneed contract during the effective period in which the bond is issued. The bond shall be filed and maintained with the <u>licensing authority</u> board.

(7) The amount of the surety bond shall, upon order of the <u>licensing authority</u> board, be increased if, in the licensing authority's board's discretion, it finds such 31 | increase to be warranted by the volume of preneed contracts

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handled, or expected to be handled, by the preneed licensee certificateholder.

(8) The surety bond shall be in a form to be approved by the <u>licensing authority</u> board, and the <u>licensing authority</u> board shall have the right to disapprove any bond which does not provide assurance as provided in, and required by, this section.

(9)(7) The bond shall be maintained unimpaired for as long as the preneed licensee certificateholder continues in business in this state and continues to utilize this section. Whenever the preneed licensee certificateholder notifies the licensing authority board that it no longer desires to be governed by this section and furnishes to the licensing authority board satisfactory proof that it has discharged or otherwise adequately provided for all of its obligations to its preneed contract purchasers covered by the bond, such as by evidence satisfactory to the licensing authority board demonstrating that s. 497.458 or s. 497.464 497.417 or s. 497.429 has been complied with, the licensing authority board shall release the bond to the entitled parties, provided said parties acknowledge receipt of same.

(10)(8) No surety bond used to comply with this section shall be canceled or subject to cancellation unless at least 60 days' advance notice thereof, in writing, is filed with the <u>licensing authority</u> board, by the surety company. The cancellation of the bond shall not relieve the obligation of the surety company for claims arising out of contracts issued or otherwise covered before cancellation of the bond.

(11) In the event that notice of cancellation termination of the bond is filed with the <u>licensing authority</u> 31 board, the preneed licensee certificateholder insured

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thereunder shall, within 30 days of the filing of the notice
    of termination with the licensing authority board, provide the
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    licensing authority board with a replacement bond or with
    evidence which is satisfactory to the <u>licensing authority</u>
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    board demonstrating that s. 497.458 or s. 497.464 497.417 or
    s. 497.429 has been fully complied with. If within 30 days of
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    filing of the notice of termination with the licensing
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    authority board no replacement bond acceptable to the
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    licensing authority board or no evidence satisfactory to the
    licensing authority board demonstrating that s. 497.458 or s.
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    497.464 497.417 or s. 497.429 has been complied with is filed
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    with the <u>licensing authority</u> board, the <u>licensing authority</u>
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    board shall suspend the license of the preneed licensee
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    certificateholder until the preneed licensee certificateholder
    files a replacement bond acceptable to the board or
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    demonstrates to the satisfaction of the <u>licensing authority</u>
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    board that it has complied with s. 497.458 or s. 497.464
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    497.417 or s. 497.429.
          (12)(9) In lieu of the surety bond, the <u>licensing</u>
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    authority board may provide by rule for other forms of
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    security or insurance.
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          (13)(10) Every preneed licensee certificateholder
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    electing to be governed by this section shall have its
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    financial statements, submitted to the department pursuant to
    s. 497.453 497.407, audited by an independent public
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    accountant certified pursuant to chapter 473. The financial
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    statements shall contain, in accordance with generally
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    accepted accounting principles, for two or more consecutive
   annual periods, the following:
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- (a) The certified public accountant's unqualified opinion or, in the case of a qualified opinion, a qualified opinion acceptable to the <u>licensing authority</u> board, and:
 - 1. A balance sheet;
 - 2. A statement of income and expenses; and
 - 3. A statement of changes in financial position.
- (b) Notes to the financial statements considered customary or necessary for full disclosure and adequate understanding of the financial statements, financial condition, and operation of the preneed licensee certificateholder. The notes shall include a schedule, based upon statutory accounting principles, indicating that the preneed licensee certificateholder which has held a license certificate pursuant to this chapter for less than 10 years has a current ratio of no less than 3 to 1 of current assets to current liabilities and net assets of at least \$600,000 or that the preneed licensee certificateholder which has held a license certificate pursuant to this chapter for 10 years or more has a current ratio of no less than 2 to 1 of current assets to current liabilities and net assets of at least \$400,000.
- (c) An indication that the preneed licensee certificateholder has sufficient funds available to perform the obligations under all its preneed contracts.
- (14)(11) The <u>licensing authority</u> board may require that the audited financial statements be prepared on a calendar-year basis.
- $(15)\frac{(12)}{(12)}$ The electing preneed licensee certificateholder shall provide the licensing authority board interim unaudited financial statements on a quarterly basis 31 demonstrating financial compliance with this section.

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$\frac{(16)(13)}{(13)}$ In lieu of subsections $\frac{(4)-(14)(4)}{(4)}$, a
preneed licensee certificateholder with net assets of at least
\$25,000 may request to comply with this section by providing a
written guarantee from a qualified guaranteeing organization.
If the <u>preneed licensee</u> certificateholder so elects, the
<pre>preneed licensee's certificateholder's requests to be governed</pre>
by this section shall be in the form prescribed by <u>rule</u> the
board and shall be accompanied by, in addition to other
information the $\underline{\text{licensing authority}}$ $\underline{\text{board}}$ may require by rule,
a written guarantee approved by the $\underline{\text{licensing authority}}$ $\underline{\text{board}}$
as meeting the requirements of this section from a qualified
guaranteeing organization, acceptable to the <u>licensing</u>
authority board, which:

- (a) Is either a preneed licensee certificateholder or servicing agent.
- (b) Is a corporation formed under the laws of this state or of another state, district, territory, or possession of the United States.
 - (c) Has been in operation for 10 or more years.
- (d) Submits to the <u>licensing authority</u> board its annual financial statements audited by an independent public accountant certified pursuant to chapter 473. The financial statements shall contain, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, for two or more consecutive annual periods, the following:
- 1. The certified public accountant's unqualified opinion or, in the case of a qualified opinion, a qualified opinion acceptable to the <u>licensing authority</u> board, and:
 - a. A balance sheet;
 - b. A statement of income and expenses; and
- c. A statement of changes in financial position.

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- 2. Notes to the financial statements considered customary or necessary for full disclosure and adequate understanding of the financial statements, financial condition, and operation of the preneed licensee certificateholder. The notes shall include a schedule, based upon statutory accounting principles, indicating that the quaranteeing organization has a current ratio of no less than 2 to 1 of current assets to current liabilities and net assets of at least \$250,000.
- (e) Has sufficient funds available to perform the obligations under its guarantees.
- (f) Has complied with subsections (5)-(11)(5), (6), 13 $\frac{(7)}{(7)}$, and $\frac{(8)}{(8)}$, except that the bond shall be maintained by the guaranteeing organization in the minimum aggregate principal amount of \$1 million.
 - (g) Has principals, including directors, officers, stockholders, employees, and agents that are of good moral character and have reputations for fair dealing in business matters, both as determined by the <u>licensing authority</u> board.

Section 111. Section 497.425, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.462, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.462 497.425 Other alternatives to deposits under s. 497.458 497.417.--

(1)(a) As an alternative to the requirements of s. 497.458 497.417 that relate to trust funds for contracts written prior to July 1, 2001, or that relate to trust funds for contracts written prior to December 31, 2004, by any preneed licensee certificateholder authorized to do business in this state that has total bonded liability exceeding \$100 31 million as of July 1, 2001, and subject to the other

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restrictions of this section, a preneed licensee certificateholder may purchase a surety bond for funds not held in trust as of July 1, 2001, in an amount not less than the aggregate value of outstanding liabilities on undelivered preneed contracts for merchandise and services. For the purpose of this section, the term "outstanding liabilities" means the gross replacement or wholesale value of the preneed merchandise and services. The bond shall be made payable to the State of Florida for the benefit of the <u>licensing</u> authority board and all purchasers of preneed cemetery merchandise or services. The bond must be approved by the licensing authority board.

- (b) The amount of the bond shall be based on a report documenting the outstanding liabilities of the preneed licensee certificateholder and shall be prepared by the preneed licensee certificateholder using generally accepted accounting principles and signed by the preneed licensee's certificateholder's chief financial officer.
- (c) The report shall be compiled as of the end of the preneed licensee's certificateholder's fiscal year and updated annually. The amount of the bond shall be increased or decreased as necessary to correlate with changes in the outstanding liabilities.
- If a preneed licensee certificateholder fails to maintain a bond pursuant to this section, the preneed licensee certificateholder shall cease the sale of preneed merchandise and services.
- (2) Upon prior approval by the <u>licensing authority</u> board, the preneed licensee certificateholder may file a letter of credit with the <u>licensing authority</u> board in lieu of 31 a surety bond. Such letter of credit must be in a form, and is

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subject to terms and conditions, prescribed by the board. It may be revoked only with the express approval of the licensing <u>authority</u> board.

- (3)(a) A buyer of preneed merchandise or services who does not receive such services or merchandise due to the economic failure, closing, or bankruptcy of the preneed licensee certificateholder must file a claim with the surety as a prerequisite to payment of the claim and, if the claim is not paid, may bring an action based on the bond and recover against the surety. In the case of a letter of credit or cash deposit that has been filed with the licensing authority board, the buyer may file a claim with the licensing authority board.
- (b) In order to qualify for recovery on any claim under paragraph (a), the buyer must file the claim no later than 1 year after the date on which the preneed licensee certificateholder closed or bankruptcy was filed.
- (c) The <u>licensing authority</u> board may file a claim with the surety on behalf of any buyer under paragraph (a). The surety shall pay the amount of the claims to the <u>licensing</u> authority board for distribution to claimants entitled to restitution and shall be relieved of liability to that extent.
- (d) The liability of the surety under any bond may not exceed the aggregate amount of the bond, regardless of the number or amount of claims filed.
- (e) If the total value of the claims filed exceeds the amount of the bond, the surety shall pay the amount of the bond to the licensing authority board for distribution to claimants entitled to restitution and shall be relieved of all liability under the bond.

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(4) The <u>preneed licensee</u> certificateholder shall maintain accurate records of the bond and premium payments on it, which records shall be open to inspection by the licensing authority board.

(5) For purposes of this section, a preneed contract is a contract calling for the delivery of merchandise and services in the future and entered into before the death of the prospective recipient.

(5)(6) This act does not relieve the <u>preneed licensee</u> certificateholder or other entity from liability for nonperformance of contractual terms unless the preneed licensee certificateholder cannot deliver the merchandise or services because of a national emergency, strike, or act of God.

(6)(7) The <u>licensing authority</u> board may require the holder of any assets of the preneed licensee certificateholder to furnish written verification of the financial report required to be submitted by the preneed licensee certificateholder or other entity.

(7) (8) Any preneed contract which promises future delivery of merchandise at no cost constitutes a paid-up contract. Merchandise which has been delivered is not covered by the required performance bond or letter of credit even though the contract is not completely paid. The preneed licensee certificateholder may not cancel a contract unless the purchaser is in default according to the terms of the contract and subject to the requirements of s. 497.459. A contract sold, discounted, and transferred to a third party constitutes a paid-up contract for the purposes of the performance bond or letter of credit.

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to read:

(8) (9) Each contract must state the type, size, and design of merchandise and the description of service to be delivered or performed. 3 (9)(10) A purchaser and a preneed licensee 4 certificateholder who are parties to a preneed contract 5 executed prior to July 2, 1988, may enter into an amended 6 preneed contract which is made subject to this section. On and 8 after January 1, 2006, this subsection may no longer be used to make any additional contracts subject to a bond under this 9 section, provided that contracts already amended and made 10 subject to a bond as of December 31, 2005, may remain under 11 such bond. 12 13 (10)(11) The licensing authority board may adopt forms 14 and rules necessary to implement this section, including, but not limited to, rules which ensure that the surety bond and 15 line of credit provide liability coverage for preneed 16 merchandise and services. 17 18 (11)(12) Preneed licensees Certificateholders may utilize the bonding alternatives to s. 497.458 497.41719 provided in this section only for contracts written prior to 20 July 1, 2001, for funds not held in trust as of July 1, 2001, 21 or for contracts written prior to December 31, 2004, by any 2.2 23 preneed licensee certificateholder authorized to do business 24 in this state that has total bonded liability exceeding \$100 million as of July 1, 2001, for funds not held in trust as of 2.5 July 1, 2001. 26

497.463 497.427 Existing merchandise trust funds; 31 proof of compliance with law.--The preneed licensee

renumbered as section 497.463, Florida Statutes, and amended

Section 112. Section 497.427, Florida Statutes, is

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certificateholder shall present to the <u>licensing authority</u>
   board prior to the implementation of the alternatives provided
    in s. 497.462 497.425 documentation which demonstrates that
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    the existing merchandise trust fund complies with the law and
    that the elected alternative plan conforms to the requirements
    of this chapter.
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           Section 113. Section 497.429, Florida Statutes, is
    renumbered as section 497.464, Florida Statutes, and amended
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    to read:
           497.464 497.429 Alternative preneed contracts.--
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           (1) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent the
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   purchaser and the preneed licensee certificateholder from
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    executing a preneed contract upon the terms stated in this
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    section. Such contracts shall be subject to all provisions of
    this chapter except:
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           (a) Section 497.454(2) 497.409(2).
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           (b) Section 497.457 497.415.
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           (c) Section 497.458(1), (3), and (6) 497.417(1),
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           (d) Section 497.459(1), (2), and (4) 497.419(1),
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    \frac{\text{and} (5)}{\text{.}}
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           (e) Section 497.460 497.421.
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           (f) Section 497.461 497.423.
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           (g) Section 497.462 497.425.
           (2) The contract must require that a trust be
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    established by the preneed licensee certificateholder on
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   behalf of, and for the use, benefit, and protection of, the
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   purchaser and that the trustee must be a trust company
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   operating pursuant to chapter 660, a national or state bank
   holding trust powers, or a federal or state savings and loan
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31 association holding trust powers.

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- (3) The contract must require that the purchaser make all payments required by the contract directly to the trustee or its qualified servicing agent and that the funds shall be deposited in this state, subject to the terms of a trust instrument approved by the <u>licensing authority</u> board. The licensing authority may adopt rules establishing procedures and forms for the submission of trust instruments for approval by the licensing authority, establishing criteria for the approval of such trust instruments, and specifying information required to be provided by the applicant in connection with submission of a trust instrument for approval. A copy of the trust instrument shall be made available to the purchaser, at any reasonable time, upon request.
- (4) The contract or trust instrument shall expressly state that the preneed licensee certificateholder does not have any dominion or control over the trust or its assets, except to the extent that subsection (6) applies, until such time as the preneed contract is entirely completed or performed.
- (5) The trust instrument shall prohibit the trustee from distributing any appreciation on the trust to any person and shall require that the trustee accumulate the entire net income of the trust, or its pro rata share thereof. The accumulated net income shall be distributed to the preneed licensee certificateholder upon cancellation or performance of the contract.
- (6) The contract and trust instrument may provide that the preneed licensee certificateholder may receive a current distribution of not more than 10 percent of all funds paid or collected by the trustee and may further provide for 31 liquidated damages during the first 3 years after the

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execution of the contract of not more than 10 percent of all the funds paid on the preneed contract, except that no liquidated damages shall apply for cancellation within 30 days of the date of execution of the contract.

- (7) Disbursement of funds discharging any preneed contract shall be made by the trustee to the person issuing or writing such contract upon receipt of a certified copy of the death certificate of the contract beneficiary and evidence satisfactory to the trustee that the preneed contract has been fully performed. In the event of any contract default by the contract purchaser, or in the event that the funeral merchandise or service contracted for is not provided or is not desired by the purchaser or the heirs or personal representative of the contract beneficiary, the trustee shall return, within 30 days after its receipt of a written request therefor, funds paid on the contract to the contract purchaser or to her or his assigns, heirs, or personal representative, subject to the lawful liquidation damage provision in the contract.
- (8) The contract shall provide, in conspicuous type, that the purchaser may receive a federal income tax informational statement, pursuant to the grantor trust rules of ss. 671 et seq. of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, from the trustee reflecting all of the income earned by the trust; and, accordingly, the purchaser should seek the advice of an independent tax professional for the tax impact upon the purchaser as a result of executing the preneed contract.
- (9) The contract may provide that the preneed licensee certificateholder may cancel the contract, but only in the 31 event that the purchaser is more than 90 days in default of

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27 28 the terms of the contract; and, unless subject to the provisions of s. 497.459(5) $\frac{497.419(6)}{1}$, must provide that the purchaser, or her or his representative, has the right, at any time prior to the performance of the contract, to cancel the preneed contract and revest title to all the funds paid on the preneed contract, except for applicable liquidated damages, and the preneed licensee's certificateholder's rights in the net income of the trust.

- (10) The contract or trust agreement may require the trustee to invest in solely tax-free investments.
- (11) In the event the parties execute a contract pursuant to this section, the purchaser shall be deemed, and treated for all purposes, as the settlor of the trust established thereunder.

Section 114. Section 497.436, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.465, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.465 497.436 Inactive, surrendered, and revoked preneed licensees certificateholders.--

- (1) A <u>preneed licensee</u> certificateholder shall be considered inactive upon the acceptance of the surrender of its license by the <u>licensing authority</u> board or upon the nonreceipt by the <u>licensing authority</u> board of the <u>preneed</u> license certificate of authority renewal application and fees required by s. 497.265 + 497.213(2).
- (2) A <u>preneed licensee</u> certificateholder shall cease all preneed sales to the public upon becoming inactive. The preneed licensee certificateholder shall collect and deposit into trust all of the funds paid toward preneed contracts sold prior to becoming inactive.

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1	(3) Any <u>preneed licensee</u> certificateholder desiring to				
2	surrender its license to the <u>licensing authority</u> board shall				
3	first:				
4	(a) File notice with the <u>licensing authority</u> board.				
5	(b) Submit copies of its existing trust agreements.				
6	(c) Submit a sample copy of each type of preneed				
7	contract sold.				
8	(d) Resolve to the <u>licensing authority's</u> board's				
9	satisfaction all <u>unresolved</u> findings and violations resulting				
10	from prior examinations the last examination conducted.				
11	(e) Pay all outstanding fines and invoices due the				
12	licensing authority board.				
13	(f) Submit its current <u>preneed license</u> certificate of				
14	authority.				
15	(4) Upon receipt of the notice, the <u>licensing</u>				
16	<u>authority</u> board shall review the <u>preneed licensee's</u>				
17	certificateholder's :				
18	(a) Trust funds.				
19	(b) Trust agreements.				
20	(c) Evidence of all outstanding preneed contracts.				
21	(5) After a review to the <u>licensing authority's</u>				
22	board's satisfaction, the <u>licensing authority</u> board shall				
23	terminate the <u>preneed license</u> certificate of authority by an				
24	order which shall set forth the conditions of termination				
25	established by the <u>licensing authority</u> board to ensure that				
26	the preneed funds will be available for their intended				

(6) The trust fund of the <u>preneed licensee</u> certificateholder shall be held intact and in trust after the preneed licensee certificateholder has become inactive, and 31 the funds in that trust shall be disbursed in accordance with

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the requirements of the written contracts and this chapter until the funds have been exhausted.

- (7) The licensing authority board shall continue to have jurisdiction over the inactive preneed licensee and the trust funds certificateholder as if the preneed license certificate were active and to require such reports and inspect such records as the <u>licensing authority</u> board deems appropriate so long as there are funds in trust or preneed contracts that are not fulfilled.
- (8) In addition to any other terms of revocation or suspension ordered pursuant to this chapter, s. 497.233, the provisions of this section shall also apply in the event of revocation or suspension of a preneed license, unless the provisions of the suspension or revocation order specifically provide otherwise.
- (9) The licensing authority may adopt rules for the implementation of this section, for the purpose of ensuring a thorough review and investigation of the status and condition of the preneed licensee's business affairs for the protection of the licensee's preneed customers. Such rules may include:
- (a) The form of notice required by paragraph (3)(a), and the information or materials to be contained in or accompany the notice or otherwise to be provided, which may include any information or materials the licensing authority deems needed for the discharge of its responsibilities under this section.
- (b) Requirements for the submission of sworn affidavits by or the taking of sworn testimony from the licensee and its principals and employees and sales agents.

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	(c	:) Requi	rements	for sub	missi	on of unaud	<u>lited or</u>	
<u>audit</u>	ed	financia	l statem	ents, a	s the	licensing	authority	deems
advisa	abl	.e.						

Section 115. Section 497.439, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.466, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.466 497.439 Preneed sales agents, license required; application procedures and criteria; responsiblility of preneed licensee .--

(1) GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO PRENEED SALES AGENTS.--

(a) All individuals who offer preneed contracts to the public, or who execute preneed contracts on behalf of a preneed licensee certificateholder, including all individuals who offer, sell, or sign contracts for the preneed sale of burial rights, shall be <u>licensed</u> registered with the board as preneed sales agents, pursuant to this section, unless such individuals are licensed as funeral directors pursuant to this chapter.

(b)(2) All preneed sales agents and funeral directors acting as preneed sales agents must be employed by or under written contract with affiliated with the preneed licensee certificateholder that they are representing.

(c) (3) A preneed licensee certificateholder shall be responsible for the activities of all preneed sales agents and all funeral directors acting as preneed sales agents, who are affiliated with the preneed licensee certificateholder and who perform any type of preneed-related activity on behalf of the preneed licensee certificateholder. In addition to the preneed sales agents and funeral directors acting as preneed sales 31 agents, each preneed licensee certificateholder shall also be

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subject to discipline if its preneed sales agents or funeral directors acting as preneed sales agents violate any provision of this chapter.

(d)(4) A preneed sales agent and a funeral director acting as a preneed sales agent shall be authorized to sell, offer, and execute preneed contracts on behalf of all entities owned or operated by its sponsoring preneed licensee certificateholder.

- (e) An individual may be licensed as a preneed sales agent on behalf of more than one preneed licensee, provided that the individual has received the written consent of all such preneed licensees and makes separate application under this section for each such agency.
- (f) A sponsoring preneed licensee shall notify the department in writing within 30 days after the sponsored preneed sales agent's authority to represent that preneed licensee has terminated.
 - (2) APPLICATION PROCEDURES. --
- (a) A person seeking licensure as a preneed sales agent shall apply for such licensure using forms prescribed by rule of the licensing authority.
- (b) The application shall require the name, residence address, residence phone number if any, and date and place of birth, of the preneed sales agent applicant. Applicants shall be at least 18 years of age. The application shall require identification of the name, address, and license number of the sponsoring preneed licensee. The application shall require the preneed sales agent applicant's social security number and the federal tax identification number of the sponsoring preneed licensee.

1	(c) The application shall require information as to
2	the educational and employment history of the preneed sales
3	agent applicant.
4	(d) The application shall require the preneed sales
5	agent applicant to disclose whether the preneed sales agent
6	applicant has ever been convicted or found quilty of, or
7	entered a plea of no contest to, regardless of adjudication,
8	any crime in any jurisdiction.
9	(e) The application shall require the preneed sales
10	agent applicant to disclose whether the preneed sales agent
11	applicant has ever had a license or the authority to practice
12	a profession or occupation refused, suspended, fined, denied,
13	or otherwise acted against or disciplined, by the licensing
14	authority of any jurisdiction. A licensing authority's
15	acceptance of a relinquishment of licensure, stipulation,
16	consent order, or other settlement, offered in response to or
17	in anticipation of the filing of charges against the license,
18	shall be construed as action against the license.
19	(f) The application shall require a representation by
20	the sponsoring preneed licensee, that:
21	1. The sponsoring preneed licensee's license is in
22	good standing.
23	2. Upon licensure as a preneed sales agent the
24	sponsored preneed sales agent applicant will be authorized to
25	offer, sell, and sign preneed contracts on behalf of the
26	preneed licensee.
27	3. The preneed licensee has trained the applicant in
28	the provisions of this chapter relating to preneed sales, the
29	provisions of the preneed licensee's preneed contracts, and
30	the nature of the merchandise, services, or burial rights sold
31	by the proposed ligangee

1	(q) The application shall require the preneed sales
2	agent applicant to indicate whether the applicant has any type
3	of working relationship with any other preneed licensee or
4	insurance company, and if yes, to identify such other preneed
5	licensee or insurance company, as the case may be.
6	(h) The applicant shall be required to submit her or
7	his fingerprints in accordance with part I of this chapter.
8	(i) The application shall be signed by the applicant
9	and by an officer or manager of the sponsoring preneed
10	licensee.
11	(j) The application shall be accompanied by a
12	nonrefundable fee of \$100. The licensing authority may from
13	time to time increase such fee but not to exceed \$200.
14	(3) ACTION CONCERNING APPLICATIONS; TEMPORARY AND
15	REGULAR LICENSURE
16	(a) An applicant shall be deemed to have been issued a
17	temporary preneed sales agent license and may begin
18	functioning as a preneed sales agent, immediately upon receipt
19	by the department of a duly completed application for
20	licensure under this section, if the application shows an
21	applicant of at least 18 years of age who has answered in the
22	negative regarding paragraphs (2)(d) and (e) relating to prior
23	criminal and disciplinary actions, and which application is
24	accompanied by the required application fee. The temporary
25	preneed sales agent license shall be valid for 90 days unless
26	earlier suspended by the licensing authority for cause. If the
27	application is approved by the board within the 90-day period,
28	the temporary license shall be deemed converted to a regular
29	biennial license which shall expire in accordance with the
30	schedule established by the licensing authority by rule.
31	

1	(b)1. A person who cannot truthfully answer in the
2	negative regarding paragraphs (2)(d) and (e) relating to prior
3	criminal and disciplinary actions, may apply to the licensing
4	authority for issuance of a preneed sales agent license
5	notwithstanding such criminal or disciplinary record. The
6	licensing authority may by rule specify forms and procedures
7	for use by such persons in applying for preneed sales agent
8	licensure, to be used by such persons in lieu of the forms and
9	procedures specified under paragraph (a). Licensure shall be
10	granted unless the licensing authority reasonably determines
11	that the prior criminal or disciplinary record indicates that
12	the granting of licensure would pose unreasonable risk to the
13	public.
14	2. To facilitate issuance of licenses concerning
15	applicants with criminal or disciplinary records which the
16	licensing authority judges to make the applicant borderline as
17	to qualification for licensure, the licensing authority may
18	issue a new license under this section on a probationary
19	basis, subject to conditions specified by the licensing
20	authority on a case-by-case basis, which conditions may impose
21	special monitoring, reporting, and restrictions on operations
22	for up to the first 24 months of licensure, to ensure the
23	preneed sales agent licensee's integrity, trustworthiness, and
24	compliance with this chapter. Provided, no such probationary
25	license shall be issued unless the licensing authority
26	determines that issuance would not pose an unreasonable risk
27	to the public, and the licensing authority must within 24
28	months after issuance of the license either remove the
29	probationary status or determine that the licensee is not
30	qualified for licensure under this chapter and institute
31	proceedings for revocation of licensure. The licensing

authority may adopt rules prescribing criteria and procedures 2 for issuance of such probationary licenses. 3 (4) RENEWAL OF LICENSES. -- Nontemporary preneed sales agent licenses under this section shall be renewed biennially 4 5 in accordance with a schedule, forms, and procedures established by rule. The nonrefundable biennial renewal fee 6 7 shall be as determined by licensing authority rule but not to 8 exceed \$200. 9 (5) SIMPLIFIED PROCEDURES FOR SUBSEQUENT CHANGE OF SPONSORING LICENSEE. -- The board may by rule establish 10 simplified requirements and procedures under which any preneed 11 sales agent who, within the 12 months preceding application 12 13 under this subsection held in good standing a preneed sales 14 agent license under this section, may obtain a preneed sales agent's license under this section to represent a different 15 sponsoring preneed licensee. The simplified requirements shall 16 dispense with the requirement for submission of fingerprints. 17 18 The licensing authority may by rule prescribe forms to be used 19 by applicants under this subsection, which forms may dispense with the requirement for any information not deemed by the 20 licensing authority to be necessary to tracking the identify 2.1 22 of the preneed licensee responsible for the activities of the 2.3 preneed sales agent. No preneed sales agent licensee whose 24 sales agent license issued by the board was revoked or suspended or otherwise terminated while in other than good 2.5 standing, shall be eligible to use the simplified requirements 26 and procedures. The issuance of a preneed sales agent license 2.7 2.8 under this subsection shall not operate as a bar to any 29 subsequent disciplinary action relating to grounds arising prior to obtaining the license under this subsection. There 30 shall be a fee payable to the department under such simplified 31

1	procedures, which fee shall be the same as the fee paid upon
2	initial application for preneed sales agent license, except
3	that no fingerprint fee shall be required if such fingerprint
4	fee is required for initial applications.
5	(5) An individual may begin functioning as a preneed
6	sales agent as soon as a completed application for
7	registration, as set forth in subsection (7), is sent to the
8	department.
9	(6) The qualifications for a preneed sales agent are
10	as follows:
11	(a) The applicant must be at least 18 years of age.
12	(b) The applicant must be in good standing with the
13	board.
14	(c) The applicant must not have any felony or
15	misdemeanor convictions that relate to any activity regulated
16	by this chapter.
17	(7) An application for registration as a preneed sales
18	agent shall be submitted to the department with an application
19	fee of \$100 by the certificateholder in a form that has been
20	prescribed by department rule and approved by the board. Such
21	application shall contain, at a minimum, the following:
22	(a) The name, address, social security number, and
23	date of birth of the applicant and such other information as
24	the board may reasonably require of the applicant.
25	(b) The name, address, and license number of the
26	sponsoring certificateholder.
27	(c) A representation, signed by the applicant, that
28	the applicant meets the requirements set forth in subsection
29	(6).
30	(d) A representation, signed by the certificateholder,
31	that the applicant is authorized to offer, sell, and sign

1	preneed contracts on behalf of the certificateholder, and that
2	the certificateholder has trained the applicant in the
3	provisions of this chapter relating to preneed sales as
4	determined by the board, the provisions of the
5	certificateholder's preneed contract, and the nature of the
6	merchandise, services, or burial rights sold by the
7	certificateholder.
8	(e) A statement indicating whether the applicant has
9	any type of working relationship with any other
10	certificateholder or insurance company.
11	(8) An individual may be registered as a preneed sales
12	agent on behalf of more than one certificateholder, provided
13	that the individual has received the written consent of all
14	such certificateholders.
15	(9) A certificateholder who has registered a preneed
16	sales agent shall notify the department within 30 days after
17	such individual's status as a preneed sales agent has been
18	terminated.
19	(10) Upon receipt of an application that complies with
20	all of the requirements of subsection (7), the department
21	shall register the applicant. The department shall by rule
22	provide for biennial renewal of registration and a renewal fee
23	of \$150.
24	Section 116. Section 497.441, Florida Statutes, is
25	renumbered as section 497.467, Florida Statutes, and amended
26	to read:
27	497.467 497.441 Acceptability of funeral and burial
28	merchandiseEach person who engages in preneed sales of
29	funeral or burial merchandise shall determine, and notify the
30	purchaser in writing prior to the completion of the contract,
31	that the merchandise being considered for purchase will be

1	accepted in the cemetery of the purchaser's choice. The
2	failure to comply with this chapter shall nullify the
3	agreement, and all moneys paid in shall be returned,
4	notwithstanding the existence of any liquidated damages
5	provision otherwise applicable by contract or statute pursuant
6	to s. 497.419(2).
7	Section 117. Part V of chapter 497, Florida Statutes,
8	consisting of sections 497.550, 497.551, 497.552, 497.553,
9	497.554, 497.555, and 497.556, is created to read:
10	<u>PART V</u>
11	MONUMENT ESTABLISHMENTS
12	Section 118. Section 497.361, Florida Statutes, is
13	renumbered as section 497.550, Florida Statutes, and
14	amended to read:
15	(Substantial rewording of section. See
16	s. 497.361, F.S., for present text.)
17	497.550 Licensure of monument establishments required;
18	procedures and criteria
19	(1) LICENSE REQUIRED No person shall conduct,
20	maintain, manage, or operate a monument establishment in this
21	state unless the monument establishment is licensed pursuant
22	to this part.
23	(2) APPLICATION PROCEDURES A person seeking
24	licensure as a monument establishment shall apply for such
25	licensure using forms prescribed by rule.
26	(a) The application shall require the applicant's name
27	and address, and the name and address of all principals of the
28	applicant. The application shall require the applicant's
29	social security number, or if the applicant is an entity, its
30	federal tax identification number.
31	

1	(b) The application may require information as to the
2	applicant's financial resources, and may require information
3	as to the experience of the applicant and its principals in
4	the monument establishment business or death care industry.
5	(c) The application shall require the applicant to
6	disclose whether the applicant or any of its principals has
7	ever been convicted or found quilty of, or entered a plea of
8	no contest to, regardless of adjudication, any crime in any
9	jurisdiction.
10	(d) The application shall require the applicant to
11	disclose whether the applicant or any of its principals has
12	ever had a license or the authority to practice a profession
13	or occupation revoked, suspended, fined, denied, or otherwise
14	acted against or disciplined, by the licensing authority of
15	any jurisdiction.
16	(e) The application shall require the applicant's
17	principals to provide fingerprints in accordance with part I
18	of this chapter.
19	(f) The applicant shall be a natural person at least
20	18 years of age, a corporation, a partnership, or a limited
21	liability company formed prior to January 1, 2005 which
22	limited liability company already holds a license under this
23	<u>chapter.</u>
24	(q) The applications shall require the applicant to
25	demonstrate that the applicant has, or will have before
26	commencing operations, the facilities required under this
27	part.
28	(h) The application shall be signed by the applicant
29	if a natural person, or by the president of an applicant that
30	is a corporation.

1	(i) The application shall be accompanied by an
2	application fee as determined by licensing authority rule but
3	not to exceed \$500.
4	(3) ACTION CONCERNING APPLICATIONS A duly completed
5	application for licensure as a monument establishment,
6	accompanied by the required application fee, shall be approved
7	unless there is shown by clear and convincing evidence that
8	the applicant will not, before commencing operations, have the
9	facilities required by this part or that issuance of the
10	license would pose an unreasonable risk to the public because
11	one or more of the following factors:
12	(a) The applicant's lack of experience.
13	(b) The applicant's lack of financial resources.
14	(c) The criminal or disciplinary record of applicant
15	or its principals.
16	(d) A demonstrated history of violations of the laws
17	of this state by applicant or its principals regarding the
18	funeral or cemetery business or other business activities.
19	(e) A demonstrated history of lack of trustworthiness
20	or integrity on the part of the applicant or its principals.
21	(4) PROBATIONARY STATUS It is the policy of this
22	state to encourage competition for the public benefit in the
23	monument establishment business by, among other means, the
24	entry of new licensees into the monument establishment
25	business. To facilitate issuance of licenses concerning
26	applications judged by the licensing authority to be
27	borderline as to qualification for licensure, the licensing
28	authority may issue new monument establishment licenses on a
29	probationary basis, subject to conditions specified by the
30	licensing authority on a case-by-case basis, which conditions
31	may impose special monitoring, reporting, and restrictions on

1	operations for up to the first 24 months of licensure, to
2	ensure the licensee's responsibleness, competency, and
3	financial stability. However, no such probationary license
4	shall be issued unless the licensing authority determines that
5	issuance would not pose an unreasonable risk to the public,
6	and the licensing authority must within 24 months after
7	issuance of the license either remove the probationary status
8	or determine that the licensee is not qualified for licensure
9	and institute proceedings for revocation of licensure.
10	(5) LICENSE NOT TRANSFERABLE OR ASSIGNABLEA
11	monument establishment license shall not be transferable or
12	assignable.
13	Section 119. Section 497.551, Florida Statutes, is
14	created to read:
15	497.551 Renewal of monument establishment licensure
16	(1) A monument establishment license must be renewed
17	biennially by the licensee.
18	(2) A monument establishment licensee that does not
19	hold a preneed sales license as of 90 days prior to the date
20	its monument establishment license renewal is due, shall renew
21	its monument establishment license by payment of a renewal fee
22	established by rule not to exceed \$250.
23	(3) A monument establishment licensee which as of 90
24	days prior to its monument establishment license renewal date
25	also holds a preneed sales license issued under this chapter,
26	shall renew its monument establishment license by payment of a
27	renewal fee determined by its total gross aggregate at-need
28	and preneed retail sales for the 12-month period ending 2 full
29	calendar months prior to the month in which the renewal is
30	required, as follow:
31	(a) Total sales of \$1 to \$50,000, renewal fee \$1,000.

1	(b) Total sales \$50,001 to \$250,000, renewal fee
2	<u>\$1,500.</u>
3	(c) Total sales of \$250,001 to \$500,000, renewal fee
4	<u>\$2,000.</u>
5	(d) Total sales over \$500,000, renewal fee \$2,500.
6	(4) Rules may be adopted providing procedures, forms,
7	and uniform timeframes for monument establishment license
8	renewals.
9	Section 120. Section 497.552, Florida Statutes, is
10	created to read:
11	497.552 Required facilitiesEffective January 1,
12	2006, a monument establishment shall at all times have and
13	maintain a full-service place of business at a specific street
14	address or location in Florida complying with the following
15	requirements:
16	(1) It shall include an office for the conduct of its
17	business including the reception of customers.
18	(2) It shall include a display area in which is
19	displayed a selection of monuments, markers, and related
20	products for inspection by customers prior to sale.
21	(3) Its office and display area shall normally be open
22	to the public weekdays during normal business hours.
23	(4) It shall have facilities for inscribing monuments,
24	and equipment to deliver and install markers and monuments.
25	(5) It shall comply with any local government zoning
26	regulations and may not be located on tax-exempt property.
27	Section 121. Section 497.553, Florida Statutes, is
28	created to read:
29	497.553 Regulation of monument establishments
30	(1) The Department of Financial Services shall
31	establish and implement an inspection program for all monument

establishments in accordance with the requirements of this 2 act. (2) Commencing January 1, 2006, all retail sales by 3 monument establishments shall be on a sales agreement form 4 5 filed by the monument establishment with and approved by the licensing authority. Sales agreement forms must provide a 6 7 complete description of any monument, marker, or related 8 product to be delivered, and shall prominently and clearly 9 specify the agreed date for delivery and installation. Procedures for submission and approval of such forms shall be 10 established by rule. 11 (3) Commencing January 1, 2006, all monument 12 13 establishments shall have written procedures for the receipt, 14 investigation, and disposition of customer complaints, and shall ensure that their staff who receive or process such 15 complaints are familiar with and follow such procedures. 16 (4) Commencing January 1, 2006, all monument 17 18 establishments shall maintain for inspection by the department 19 records of written complaints received by the monument establishment. Such complaint records shall include a 20 chronological log of written complaints received, in which the 2.1 22 name and address of each complainant and date of complaint is 2.3 entered consecutively within 10 business days of receipt of 24 each complaint. The licensing authority may by rule establish requirements regarding the format of complaint logs, including 2.5 whether they may be maintained electronically, or shall be 26 maintained by pen and ink on paper; the licensing authority 2.7 2.8 may by order direct a licensee to maintain complaint logs by 29 pen and ink in writing. The original or complete copy of each written complaint received by a monument establishment, and 30 all subsequent correspondence related to such complaint, shall

1	be maintained by the monument establishment, for inspection by
2	the department, for the longer of 24 months or 12 months after
3	the most recent department inspection during which the
4	complaint was in the monument establishment's complaint
5	records and available for the department's review.
6	(5) Commencing January 1, 2006, the failure of a
7	monument establishment to deliver and install a purchased
8	monument or marker by the date agreed in the sales agreement
9	shall entitle the customer to a full refund of all amounts
10	paid by the customer for the monument and its delivery and
11	installation, unless the monument establishment has obtained a
12	written agreement from the customer extending the delivery
13	date. Such refund shall be made within 30 days after receipt
14	by the monument establishment of the customer's written
15	request for a refund. This subsection does not preclude the
16	purchase and installation of a new monument from any other
17	registered monument establishment or preneed sales licensee.
18	Section 122. Section 497.554, Florida Statutes, is
19	created to read:
20	497.554 Monument establishment sales
21	representatives
22	(1) LICENSE REQUIRED Each person selling monuments,
23	markers, or related products for a monument establishment must
24	be licensed as a monument establishment sales agent. This
25	requirement shall apply notwithstanding that such person is
26	already registered or licensed in another capacity pursuant to
27	this chapter.
28	(2) APPLICATION PROCEDURES Licensure as an monument
29	establishment sale agent shall be by submission of an
30	application for licensure to the department on a form
31	prescribed by rule.

1	(a) The application shall require the applicant to
2	state her or his name, residence and business address,
3	business phone number, social security number, and the name
4	and address of the monument establishment for which the
5	applicant will be selling.
6	(b) The application shall require the applicant to
7	disclose whether the applicant has ever been convicted or
8	found quilty of, or entered a plea of no contest to,
9	regardless of adjudication, any crime in any jurisdiction.
10	(c) The application shall require the applicant to
11	disclose whether the applicant has ever had a license or the
12	authority to practice a profession or occupation revoked,
13	suspended, fined, denied, or otherwise acted against or
14	disciplined, by the licensing authority of any jurisdiction.
15	(d) The application shall be signed by the applicant
16	and the owner or an officer of the sponsoring monument
17	establishment.
18	(e) The monument establishment sales agent application
19	shall be accompanied by a fee of \$50. The licensing authority
20	may from time to time increase the application fee by rule but
21	not to exceed \$200.
22	(3) APPROVAL OR DENIAL OF APPLICATION
23	(a) If a properly completed application accompanied by
24	the required application fee indicates the applicant has no
25	criminal or disciplinary record, the requested licensure shall
26	be deemed granted upon receipt of the duly completed
27	application by the department.
28	(b) If the application indicates the applicant has any
29	criminal or disciplinary history, licensure shall be granted
30	unless the licensing authority determines that the licensure
31	of the applicant would pose a substantial threat to the

1	welfare of the public with which the applicant might be
2	dealing as a monument establishment sales agent. Rules may be
3	adopted providing criteria for evaluating criminal and
4	disciplinary records as they may affect applications for
5	licensure under this section.
6	(4) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY
7	(a) Once issued, a monument establishment sales agent
8	license of an agent not licensed to make preneed sales shall
9	remain in effect without renewal until surrendered, or the
10	sponsoring monument establishment terminates the agent's
11	authority to sell on behalf of that monument establishment, or
12	the license is revoked or suspended by the licensing authority
13	for cause.
14	(b) The monument establishment whose officer signed
15	the sales agent application shall terminate that agent's
16	authority to sell on behalf of that monument establishment,
17	and the monument establishment in writing shall advise the
18	licensing authority of such termination within 30 days after
19	the termination.
20	(5) RESPONSIBILITY FOR AGENTS The sponsoring
21	monument establishment shall be responsible for the activities
22	of its sales agents concerning their sales activities and
23	shall reasonably supervise such activities.
24	(6) AGENT LICENSE REQUIRED A person selling
25	monuments, markers, and related products on a preneed basis
26	for a monument establishment that has been issued a preneed
27	sales license must also obtain authorization as a preneed
28	sales agent under part IV of this chapter.
29	Section 123. Section 497.555, Florida Statutes, is
30	created to read:
31	

1	497.555 Required rulesRules shall be adopted
2	establishing minimum standards for access to all cemeteries by
3	licensed monument establishments, for the purpose of
4	delivering and installing markers and monuments. In all cases,
5	cemeteries must comply with these minimum standards.
6	Section 124. Section 497.556, Florida Statutes, is
7	created to read:
8	497.556 Requirements relating to monument
9	establishments
10	(1) INITIAL LICENSURENo monument establishment
11	shall be issued a license to engage in preneed sales under
12	this chapter unless the monument establishment shall, in
13	addition to the other requirements of this part for issuance
14	of a preneed license, meet the following requirements:
15	(a) The monument establishment or its principals shall
16	demonstrate at least 3 years of experience in the operation of
17	<u>a monument establishment.</u>
18	(b) The monument establishment shall demonstrate that
19	it has a net worth of at least \$10,000 pursuant to generally
20	accepted accounting principles. If the monument establishment
21	applying for preneed licensure cannot demonstrate a net worth
22	of at least \$10,000, the licensing authority may in accordance
23	with subsection (3) accept alternative factors or arrangements
24	as substituting for the \$10,000 net worth requirement, and
25	issue the license on that basis. A monument establishment
26	which is issued a preneed sales license based upon subsection
27	(3) shall be subject to subsection (2) regarding subsequent
28	renewals of its preneed sales license.
29	(2) RENEWAL LICENSUREEach monument establishment
30	seeking to renew its preneed sales license shall demonstrate,
31	in addition to the other requirements of part TV of this

1	chapter relating to renewal of preneed licenses, a net worth
2	of \$10,000 as of the year end for its fiscal year most
3	recently concluded prior to the renewal date. Such net worth
4	shall be demonstrated in financial statements prepared in
5	accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and
6	filed with the licensing authority. If the monument
7	establishment seeking renewal of its preneed licensure cannot
8	demonstrate the required net worth the licensing authority may
9	in accordance with subsection (3) accept alternative factors
10	or arrangements as substituting for the \$10,000 net worth
11	requirement and renew the license for that renewal cycle on
12	that basis.
13	(3) ALTERNATIVES TO \$10,000 NET WORTH REQUIREMENT
14	(a) A monument establishment that cannot demonstrate
15	the required \$10,000 net worth may voluntarily submit to the
16	licensing authority and request acceptance of alternative
17	evidence of financial stability and resources or agree to
18	additional oversight in lieu of the required net worth. Such
19	additional evidence or oversight may include, as appropriate,
20	one or more of the following:
21	1. An agreement to submit monthly financial statements
22	of the entity.
23	2. An agreement to submit quarterly financial
24	statements of the entity.
25	3. An appraisal of the entity's property or broker's
26	opinion of the entity's assets.
27	4. A credit report of the entity or its principals.
28	5. A subordination-of-debt agreement from the entity's
29	principals.
30	6. An indemnification or subrogation agreement binding
3 1	the entity and its principals.

1	7. A quarantee agreement for the entity from its
2	principals.
3	8. A written explanation of past financial activity.
4	9. Submission of a 12-month projected business plan
5	that includes:
6	a. A statement of cash flows.
7	b. Pro forma income statements, with sources of
8	revenues identified.
9	c. Marketing initiatives.
10	10. Submission of previous department examination
11	reports.
12	11. An agreement of 100 percent voluntary trust by the
13	entity.
14	(b) The licensing authority may accept such
15	alternative evidence or arrangements in lieu of the required
16	net worth only if the licensing authority determines such
17	alternative evidence or arrangements are an adequate
18	substitute for \$10,000 of net worth and that acceptance would
19	not substantially increase the risk to existing or future
20	customers of nonperformance by the monument establishment on
21	its retail sales agreements.
22	(4) BRANCH OPERATIONS A licensed monument
23	establishment under common control with another monument
24	establishment, funeral establishment, or licensed cemetery,
25	which other monument establishment, funeral establishment, or
26	licensed cemetery holds a preneed sales license in qood
27	standing, may engage in preneed sales under and as a branch of
28	that other entity's preneed sales license, if there is
29	compliance with the usual requirements of this part for branch
30	operation, and the entity holding the preneed sales license
2 1	executes and files with the ligensing authority a written

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

establishments.

1	agreement in a form acceptable to the licensing authority,
2	quaranteeing performance of the preneed sales of the branch.
3	Section 125. Part VI of chapter 497, Florida Statutes,
4	consisting of sections 497.601, 497.602, 497.603, 497.604,
5	497.605, 497.606, 497.607, and 497.608, is created to read:
6	PART VI
7	CREMATION, CREMATORIES, AND DIRECT DISPOSITION
8	Section 126. Section 470.0165, Florida Statutes, is
9	renumbered as section 497.601, Florida Statutes, and amended
10	to read:
11	497.601 470.0165 Direct disposition; duties
12	(1) Those individuals <u>licensed</u> registered as direct
13	disposers may perform only those functions set forth below:
14	(a) Remove human remains from the place of death and

(b) Secure pertinent information from the decedent's next of kin in order to complete the death certificate and to file for the necessary permits for direct disposition.

store human remains in registered direct disposal

- (c) Obtain the necessary permits for direct disposition and arrange for obituaries and death notices to be placed in newspapers; provided, however, that the name of the direct disposal establishment may not appear in any death notice or obituary if any funeral service, memorial service, or graveside service is to take place and such service is mentioned in the death notice or obituary.
- (d) Refrigerate human remains prior to direct disposition and transport human remains to a direct disposal establishment for direct disposition.

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1	(e) Contract with a removal service or refrigeration
2	facility to provide such services or facilities to a direct
3	disposal establishment.
4	(2) Direct disposers or funeral directors functioning
5	as direct disposers may not, in their capacity as direct
6	disposers, sell, conduct, or arrange for burials, funeral
7	services, memorial services, visitations, or viewings; hold
8	themselves out to the public as funeral directors; or use any
9	name, title, or advertisement that may tend to connote that
10	they are funeral directors. These prohibitions shall apply
11	regardless of the fact that such individuals may be licensed
12	as funeral directors.
13	(3) Provided that direct disposers limit their
14	activities to those functions set forth in subsection (1),
15	those activities shall not be deemed to constitute funeral
16	directing or embalming or the functions performed by a funeral
17	director or embalmer as otherwise set forth in this chapter.
18	Section 127. Section 470.017, Florida Statutes, is
19	renumbered as section 497.602, Florida Statutes, and amended
20	to read:
21	(Substantial rewording of section. See
22	s. 470.017, F.S., for present text.)
23	497.602 Direct disposers, license required; licensing
24	procedures and criteria; regulation
25	(1) LICENSE REQUIRED Any person who is not a
26	licensed funeral director and who engages in the practice of
27	direct disposition must be licensed pursuant to this section
28	as a direct disposer.
29	(2) APPLICATION PROCEDURES
30	(a) A person seeking licensure as a direct disposer

31 shall apply for such licensure using forms prescribed by rule.

1	(b) The application shall require the name, residence
2	address, date and place of birth, and social security number,
3	of the applicant.
4	(c) The application may require information as to the
5	educational and employment history of the applicant.
6	(d) The application shall require the applicant to
7	disclose whether the applicant has ever been convicted or
8	found quilty of, or entered a plea of no contest to,
9	regardless of adjudication, any crime in any jurisdiction.
10	(e) The application shall require the applicant to
11	disclose whether the applicant has ever had a license or the
12	authority to practice a profession or occupation refused,
13	suspended, fined, denied, or otherwise acted against or
14	disciplined, by the licensing authority of any jurisdiction. A
15	licensing authority's acceptance of a relinquishment of
16	licensure, stipulation, consent order, or other settlement,
17	offered in response to or in anticipation of the filing of
18	charges against the license, shall be construed as action
19	against the license.
20	(f) The application shall require the applicant to
21	provide fingerprints in accordance with part I of this
22	<u>chapter.</u>
23	(q) The application shall require the applicant to
24	demonstrate that the applicant does, or will before commencing
25	operations under the license, comply with all requirements of
26	this chapter relating to the licensure applied for.
27	(h) The application shall be signed by the applicant.
28	(i) The application shall be accompanied by a
29	nonrefundable fee of \$300. The licensing authority may from
30	time to time increase the fee by rule but not to exceed more
31	than \$500

1	(3) ACTION CONCERNING APPLICATIONS A duly completed
2	application for licensure under this section, accompanied by
3	the required fees, shall be approved if the licensing
4	authority determines that the following conditions are met:
5	(a) The applicant is a natural person at least 18
6	years of age and a high school graduate or equivalent.
7	(b) Applicant has taken and received a passing grade
8	in a college credit course in Florida mortuary law.
9	(c) Applicant has completed a course on communicable
10	diseases approved by the licensing authority.
11	(d) Applicant has passed an examination prepared by
12	the department on the local, state, and federal laws and rules
13	relating to the disposition of dead human bodies.
14	(e) The applicant does or will prior to commencing
15	operations under the license comply with all requirements of
16	this chapter relating to the license applied for.
17	(f) Applicant is of good character and has no
18	demonstrated history of lack of trustworthiness or integrity
19	in business or professional matters.
20	(4) ISSUANCE OF LICENSE Upon approval of the
21	application by the licensing authority, the license shall be
22	issued.
23	(5) DISPLAY OF LICENSE There shall be adopted rules
24	which require each license issued under this section to be
25	displayed in such a manner as to make it visible to the public
26	and to facilitate inspection by the department. Each licensee
27	shall permanently affix a recent photograph of the licensee to
28	each displayed license issued to that licensee as a direct
29	disposer.
30	
31	

1	Section 128. Section 470.018, Florida Statutes, is
2	renumbered as section 497.603, Florida Statutes, and amended
3	to read:
4	497.603 470.018 Direct disposers, renewal of license
5	Renewal of registration of direct disposer
6	(1) A direct disposer's renewal of license The
7	department shall renew a registration upon receipt of the
8	renewal application and fee set by rule of the licensing
9	authority but the department not to exceed \$250.
10	(2) There shall be adopted The department shall adopt
11	rules establishing a schedule and forms and procedure for the
12	biennial renewal of <u>licenses as direct disposers</u> registrations
13	. There shall be adopted The board shall prescribe by rule
14	continuing education requirements of up to $\underline{6}$ 3 classroom hours
15	and <u>there</u> may by rule <u>be established</u> establish criteria for
16	accepting alternative nonclassroom continuing education on an
17	hour-for-hour basis, in addition to $\underline{an\ approved}\ a$
18	board approved course on communicable diseases that includes
19	the course on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune
20	deficiency syndrome required by s. $\underline{497.367}$ $\underline{455.2226}$, for the
21	renewal of a <u>license as a direct disposer</u> registration.
22	Section 129. Section 470.021, Florida Statutes, is
23	renumbered as section 497.604, Florida Statutes, and amended
24	to read:
25	(Substantial rewording of section. See
26	s. 470.021, F.S., for present text.)
27	497.604 Direct disposal establishments, license
28	required; licensing procedures and criteria; license renewal;
29	regulation
30	(1) LICENSE REQUIRED A direct disposer shall
31	practice at a direct disposal establishment which has been

1	licensed under this section and which may be a cinerator
2	facility licensed under s. 497.606. No person may open or
3	maintain an establishment at which to engage in or hold
4	herself or himself out as engaging in the practice of direct
5	disposition unless such establishment is licensed pursuant to
6	this section.
7	(2) APPLICATION PROCEDURES
8	(a) A person seeking licensure as a direct disposal
9	establishment shall apply for such licensure using forms
10	prescribed by rule.
11	(b) The application shall require the name, business
12	address, residence address, date and place of birth or
13	incorporation, and business phone number, of applicant and all
14	principals of applicant. The application shall require the
15	applicant's social security number, or if the applicant is an
16	entity, its federal tax identification number.
17	(c) The application shall name the licensed direct
18	disposer or licensed funeral director who will acting as a
19	direct disposer in charge of the direct disposal
20	establishment.
21	(d) The application may require information as to the
22	applicant's financial resources.
23	(e) The application may require information as to the
24	educational and employment history of an individual applicant;
25	and as to applicants that are not natural persons, the
26	business and employment history of the applicant and
27	principals of applicant.
28	(f) The application shall require the applicant to
29	disclose whether the applicant or any of applicant's
30	principals including its proposed supervising licensee has
31	ever been convicted or found quilty of, or entered a plea of

т	no contest to, regardless of adjudication, any crime in any
2	jurisdiction.
3	(q) The application shall require the applicant to
4	disclose whether the applicant or any of applicant's
5	principals including its proposed supervising licensee has
6	ever had a license or the authority to practice a profession
7	or occupation refused, suspended, fined, denied, or otherwise
8	acted against or disciplined, by the licensing authority of
9	any jurisdiction. A licensing authority's acceptance of a
10	relinquishment of licensure, stipulation, consent order, or
11	other settlement, offered in response to or in anticipation of
12	the filing of charges against the license, shall be construed
13	as action against the license.
14	(h) The application shall require the applicant and
15	its principals to provide fingerprints in accordance with part
16	I of this chapter.
17	(i) The application shall require the applicant to
18	demonstrate that the applicant does, or will before commencing
19	operations under the license, comply with all requirements of
20	this chapter relating to the licensure applied for.
21	(j) The application shall be signed by the applicant
22	if a natural person, or by the president of an applicant that
23	is not a natural person.
24	(k) The application shall be accompanied by a
25	nonrefundable fee of \$300. The licensing authority may from
26	time to time by rule increase the fee but not to exceed \$500.
27	(3) ACTION CONCERNING APPLICATIONS A duly completed
28	application for licensure under this section, accompanied by
29	the required fee, shall be approved if the licensing authority
30	determines that the following conditions are met:
31	

1	(a) The applicant is a natural person at least 18
2	years of age, a corporation, a partnership, or a limited
3	liability company formed prior to January 1, 2006, which
4	limited liability company already holds a license under this
5	chapter.
6	(b) The applicant does or will prior to commencing
7	operations under the license comply with all requirements of
8	this chapter relating to the license applied for.
9	(c) Applicant and applicant's principals are of good
10	character and have no demonstrated history of lack of
11	trustworthiness or integrity in business or professional
12	matters.
13	(4) ISSUANCE OF LICENSE Upon approval of the
14	application by the licensing authority, the license shall be
15	issued.
16	(5) PROBATIONARY STATUS It is the policy of this
17	state to encourage competition for the public benefit in the
18	direct disposal establishment business by, among other means,
19	the entry of new licensees into that business. To facilitate
20	issuance of licenses concerning applications judged by the
21	licensing authority to be borderline as to qualification for
22	licensure, the licensing authority may issue a new license
23	under this section on a probationary basis, subject to
24	conditions specified by the licensing authority on a
25	case-by-case basis, which conditions may impose special
26	monitoring, reporting, and restrictions on operations for up
27	to the first 24 months of licensure, to ensure the licensee's
28	responsibleness, competency, financial stability, and
29	compliance with this chapter. However, no such probationary
30	license shall be issued unless the licensing authority
31	determines that issuance would not pose an unreasonable risk

1	to the public, and the licensing authority must within 24
2	months after issuance of the license either remove the
3	probationary status or determine that the licensee is not
4	qualified for licensure under this chapter and institute
5	proceedings for revocation of licensure.
6	(6) RENEWAL OF LICENSE A direct disposal
7	establishment license shall be renewed biennially pursuant to
8	schedule, forms, procedures and upon payment of a fee of \$200.
9	The licensing authority may from time to time increase the fee
10	by rule but not to exceed \$400.
11	(7) CHANGES SUBSEQUENT TO LICENSURE Each licensee
12	under this section must provide notice as required by rule
13	prior to any change in location or control of the licensee or
14	licensed person in charge of the licensee's operations. Any
15	such change is subject to disapproval or to reasonable
16	conditions imposed by the licensing authority, for the
17	protection of the public to ensure compliance with this
18	chapter.
19	(8) SUPERVISION OF FACILITIES Each direct disposal
20	establishment shall have one full-time licensed direct
21	disposer or licensed funeral director acting as a direct
22	disposer in charge and reasonably available to the public
23	during normal business hours for that establishment. Such
24	person may be in charge of only one facility. Such licensed
25	funeral director or licensed direct disposer shall be
26	responsible for making sure the facility, its operations, and
27	all persons employed in the facility comply with all
28	applicable state and federal laws and rules.
29	(9) REGULATION OF DIRECT DISPOSAL ESTABLISHMENTS
30	(a) There shall be established by rule standards for
31	direct disposal establishments, including, but not limited to,

1	requirements for refrigeration and storage of dead human
2	bodies.
3	(b) The practice of direct disposition must be engaged
4	in at a fixed location of at least 625 interior contiquous
5	square feet and must maintain or make arrangements for
6	suitable capacity for the refrigeration and storage of dead
7	human bodies handled and stored by the establishment.
8	(c) Each direct disposal establishment shall at all
9	times be subject to the inspection of all its buildings,
10	grounds, and vehicles used in the conduct of its business, by
11	the department, the Department of Health, and local government
12	inspectors and by their agents. There shall be adopted rules
13	which establish such inspection requirements. There shall be
14	adopted by rule of the licensing authority an annual
15	inspection fee not to exceed \$300, payable upon issuance of
16	license and upon each renewal of such license.
17	(d) Each direct disposal establishment must display at
18	the public entrance the name of the establishment and the name
19	of the direct disposer or licensed funeral director acting as
20	a direct disposer responsible for that establishment. A direct
21	disposal establishment must transact its business under the
22	name by which it is licensed.
23	(e) A direct disposal establishment may not be
24	operated at the same location as any other direct disposal
25	establishment or funeral establishment unless such
26	establishments were licensed as colocated establishments on
27	July 1, 2000.
28	Section 130. Section 470.022, Florida Statutes, is
29	renumbered as section 497.605, Florida Statutes, and amended
30	to read:
31	

1	497.605 470.022 Direct disposition not funeral
2	directingThe duties, functions, and services performed by a
3	direct disposer <u>licensee</u> registrant, as provided by this
4	chapter, shall not be deemed to constitute funeral directing
5	or embalming or the duties, functions, or services performed
6	by a funeral director or embalmer as otherwise defined and
7	provided by this chapter.
8	Section 131. Section 470.025, Florida Statutes, is
9	renumbered as section 497.606, Florida Statutes, and amended
10	to read:
11	(Substantial rewording of section. See
12	s. 470.025, F.S., for present text.)
13	497.606 Cinerator facility, licensure required;
14	licensing procedures and criteria; license renewal;
15	regulation
16	(1) LICENSE REQUIRED No person may conduct,
17	maintain, manage, or operate a cinerator facility unless a
18	license for such facility has been issued and is in good
19	standing under this section.
20	(2) APPLICATION PROCEDURES
21	(a) A person seeking licensure as a cinerator facility
22	shall apply for such licensure using forms prescribed by rule.
23	(b) The application shall require the name, business
24	address, residence address, date and place of birth or
25	incorporation, and business phone number, of applicant and all
26	principals of applicant. The application shall require the
27	applicant's social security number, or if the applicant is an
28	entity, its federal tax identification number.
29	(c) The application shall name the licensed funeral
30	director or licensed direct disposer who will be in charge of
31	the cinerator facility

1	(d) The application may require information as to the
2	applicant's financial resources.
3	(e) The application may require information as to the
4	educational and employment history of an individual applicant,
5	and as to applicants that are not natural persons, the
6	business and employment history of the applicant and
7	principals of applicant.
8	(f) The application shall require the applicant to
9	disclose whether the applicant or any of applicant's
10	principals including its proposed supervising licensee has
11	ever been convicted or found quilty of, or entered a plea of
12	no contest to, regardless of adjudication, any crime in any
13	jurisdiction.
14	(q) The application shall require the applicant to
15	disclose whether the applicant or any of applicant's
16	principals including its proposed supervising licensee has
17	ever had a license or the authority to practice a profession
18	or occupation refused, suspended, fined, denied, or otherwise
19	acted against or disciplined, by the licensing authority of
20	any jurisdiction. A licensing authority's acceptance of a
21	relinquishment of licensure, stipulation, consent order, or
22	other settlement, offered in response to or in anticipation of
23	the filing of charges against the license, shall be construed
24	as action against the license.
25	(h) The application shall require the applicant and
26	its principals to provide fingerprints in accordance with part
27	I of this chapter.
28	(i) The application shall require the applicant to
29	demonstrate that the applicant does, or will before commencing
30	operations under the license, comply with all requirements of
31	this chapter relating to the licensure applied for.

1	(7) The application shall be signed by the applicant
2	if a natural person, or by the president of an applicant that
3	is not a natural person.
4	(k) The application shall be accompanied by a
5	nonrefundable fee of \$300. The licensing authority may from
6	time to time increase the fee by rule but not to exceed \$500.
7	(3) ACTION CONCERNING APPLICATIONS A duly completed
8	application for licensure under this section, accompanied by
9	the required fee, shall be approved if the licensing authority
10	determines that the following conditions are met:
11	(a) No license may be issued unless the cinerator
12	facility has been inspected and approved as meeting all
13	requirements as set forth by the department, the Department of
14	Health, the Department of Environmental Protection, or any
15	local ordinance regulating the facility.
16	(b) The applicant is a natural person at least 18
17	years of age, a corporation, a partnership, or a limited
18	liability company formed prior to January 1, 2006, which
19	limited liability company already holds a license under this
20	<u>chapter.</u>
21	(c) The applicant does or will prior to commencing
22	operations under the license comply with all requirements of
23	this chapter relating to the license applied for.
24	(d) Applicant and applicant's principals are of good
25	character and have no demonstrated history of lack of
26	trustworthiness or integrity in business or professional
27	<u>matters.</u>
28	(4) PROBATIONARY STATUS It is the policy of this
29	state to encourage competition for the public benefit in the
30	cinerator facility business by, among other means, the entry
31	of new licensees into that business. To facilitate issuance of

licenses concerning applications judged by the licensing authority to be borderline as to qualification for licensure, the licensing authority may issue a new license under this 3 section on a probationary basis, subject to conditions 4 specified by the licensing authority on a case-by-case basis, 5 which conditions may impose special monitoring, reporting, and 6 7 restrictions on operations for up to the first 24 months of 8 licensure, to ensure the licensee's responsibleness, competency, financial stability, and compliance with this 9 chapter. Provided, no such probationary license shall be 10 issued unless the licensing authority determines that issuance 11 would not pose an unreasonable risk to the public, and the 12 13 licensing authority must within 24 months after issuance of 14 the license either remove the probationary status or determine that the licensee is not qualified for licensure under this 15 chapter and institute proceedings for revocation of licensure. 16 (5) ISSUANCE OF LICENSE. -- Upon approval of the 17 18 application by the licensing authority, the license shall be 19 <u>issued.</u> (6) RENEWAL OF LICENSE. -- Licenses under this section 20 shall be renewed biennially in accordance with a schedule, 2.1 22 forms, and procedures established by rule. The nonrefundable 2.3 and nonproratable biennial renewal fee shall be as determined 24 by licensing authority rule but not to exceed \$500. (7) CHANGES SUBSEQUENT TO LICENSURE. -- Each licensee 2.5 under this section must provide notice as required by rule 26 prior to any change in location, control, or licensed person 2.7 2.8 in charge. Any such change is subject to disapproval or to 29 reasonable conditions imposed by the licensing authority, for 30 the protection of the public to ensure compliance with this 31 <u>chapter.</u>

1	(8) SUPERVISION OF FACILITIES Each cinerator
2	facility shall have one full-time licensed direct disposer or
3	licensed funeral director in charge for that facility. Such
4	person may be in charge of only one facility. Such licensed
5	funeral director or licensed direct disposer shall be
6	responsible for making sure the facility, its operations, and
7	all persons employed in the facility comply with all
8	applicable state and federal laws and rules.
9	(9) REGULATION OF CINERATOR FACILITIES
10	(a) There shall be established by rule standards for
11	cinerator facilities, including, but not limited to,
12	requirements for refrigeration and storage of dead human
13	bodies, use of forms and contracts, and record retention.
14	(b) No more than one dead human body may be placed in
15	a retort at one time, unless written permission has been
16	received from a legally authorized person for each body. The
17	operator of a cinerator facility shall be entitled to rely on
18	the permission of a legally authorized person to cremate more
19	than one human body at a time.
20	(c) Each cinerator facility shall at all times be
21	subject to the inspection of all its buildings, grounds,
22	records, equipment, and vehicles used in the conduct of its
23	business, by the department, the Department of Environmental
24	Protection, the Department of Health, and local government
25	inspectors and by their agents. Rules shall be adopted which
26	establish such inspection requirements. There shall by rule of
27	the licensing authority be adopted an annual inspection fee
28	not to exceed \$300, payable prior to issuance of license and
29	upon each renewal of such license.
30	(d) A cinerator facility licensed under this section
31	shall only receive dead human bodies for cremation. A

1	cinerator facility may not receive other materials, or
2	medical, hazardous, and biohazardous waste, for the purpose of
3	disposal in a retort.
4	(e) Each cinerator facility must display at its public
5	entrance the name of the facility and the name of the funeral
6	director or direct disposer responsible for that facility. A
7	cinerator facility must transact its business under the name
8	by which it is licensed.
9	(f) A cinerator facility located at the same address
10	as a funeral establishment may not have a direct disposer as
11	its individual in charge.
12	(q) A cinerator facility shall not place human remains
13	or body parts in a retort or cremation chamber unless the
14	human remains are in an alternative container, cremation
15	container, or casket. Human remains may be transported in a
16	cremation container or stored if they are completely covered,
17	and at all times treated with dignity and respect. Cremation
18	may include the processing and pulverization of bone
19	fragments. Cremated remains may be placed in a temporary
20	container following cremation. None of the provisions
21	contained in this subsection require the purchase of a casket
22	for cremation. This subsection applies to at-need contracts
23	and preneed contracts entered into pursuant to this chapter
24	after June 1, 1996.
25	(h) Each cinerator facility shall ensure that all
26	alternative containers, cremation containers, or caskets used
27	for cremation contain no amount of chlorinated plastics not
28	authorized by the Department of Environmental Protection, that
29	they also are composed of readily combustible materials
30	suitable for cremation, able to be closed to provide a
31	complete covering for the human remains, resistant to leakage

1	or spillage, rigid enough for handling with ease, and able to
2	provide for the health, safety, and personal integrity of the
3	public and crematory personnel.
4	(i) There shall be adopted by rule criteria for
5	acceptable cremation and alternative containers.
6	(j) There shall be rules adopted requiring each
7	facility to submit periodic reports to the department which
8	include the names of persons cremated, the date and county of
9	death, the name of each person supervising each cremation, the
10	name and license number of the establishment requesting
11	cremation, and the types of containers used to hold the body
12	during cremation.
13	(k) Each cinerator facility must be inspected prior to
14	the issuance and renewal of its license and shall:
15	1. Maintain one or more retorts for the reduction of
16	dead human bodies.
17	2. Maintain refrigeration that satisfies the standards
18	set by the Department of Health and contains a sufficient
19	number of shelves for the average daily number of bodies
20	stored, if unembalmed bodies are kept at the site.
21	3. Maintain sufficient pollution control equipment to
22	comply with requirements of the Department of Environmental
23	Protection in order to secure annual approved certification.
24	4. Either have on site or immediately available
25	sufficient sealed containers of a type required for the
26	transportation of bodies as specified in applicable state
27	rules.
28	5. Maintain the premises in a clean and sanitary
29	condition.
30	6. Have appropriate Department of Environmental
31	Protection permits.

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		7.	Retain	all	signed	contracts	for	а	period	of	at
least	2	VAS	ara		_						

Section 132. Section 470.0255, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 497.607, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

497.607 470.0255 Cremation; procedure required.--

- (1) At the time of the arrangement for a cremation performed by any person licensed pursuant to this chapter, the person contracting for cremation services shall be required to designate his or her or his intentions with respect to the disposition of the cremated remains of the deceased in a signed declaration of intent which shall be provided by and retained by the funeral or direct disposal establishment. A cremation may not be performed until a legally authorized person gives written authorization for such cremation. The cremation must be performed within 48 hours after a specified time which has been agreed to in writing by the person authorizing the cremation.
- (2) With respect to any person who intends to provide for the cremation of the deceased, if, after a period of 120 days from the time of cremation the cremated remains have not been claimed, the funeral or direct disposal establishment may dispose of the cremated remains. Such disposal shall include scattering them at sea or placing them in a licensed cemetery scatter garden or pond or in a church columbarium or otherwise disposing of the remains as provided by rule of the department or board.
- (3) Pursuant to the request of a legally authorized person and incidental to final disposition, cremation may be performed on parts of human remains. This subsection does not

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authorize the cremation of body parts as defined in s.
 2
   497.005.
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           Section 133. Section 497.608, Florida Statutes, is
    created to read:
 4
 5
           497.608 Liability for unintentional commingling of the
   residue of the cremation process. --
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 7
          (1) The Legislature recognizes that the unintentional
 8
    or incidental commingling of the residue of the cremation of
    human remains is an inevitable byproduct of the cremation
 9
    process in a cinerator retort or cremation chamber.
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          (2) The operator of a cinerator facility shall
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    establish written procedures for the removal of cremated
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    remains, to the extent possible, resulting from the cremation
    of a human body and the postcremation processing, shipping,
14
    packing or identifying of those remains. The operator of a
15
    cinerator facility shall file its written procedures, and any
16
    revisions to those written procedures, with the licensing
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    authority for its approval, and effective January 1, 2006, the
19
    cremation facility shall not be operated unless it has and
    follows such written procedures approved by the licensing
20
    authority; provided, the licensing authority may adopt by rule
2.1
22
    standard uniform procedures for the removal of such cremated
23
    remains, which may be adopted by any cinerator facility in
24
    lieu of promulgating, filing, and obtaining approval of
    procedures. A cinerator facility choosing to the utilize
2.5
    standard uniform procedures specified by rule shall file
26
   notice of its choice with the licensing authority pursuant to
2.7
   procedures and forms specified by rule.
29
          (3) If an operator follows the procedures set forth in
   written procedures filed and approved by the licensing
30
   authority, or adopts and follows the standard uniform
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procedures adopted by the licensing authority, the operator shall not liable for the unintentional or the incidental 3 commingling of cremated remains resulting from more than one cremation cycle or from postcremation processing, shipping, packing, or identifying those remains. 5 (4) A copy of the procedures being utilized by a 6 7 cinerator facility shall be provided by the cinerator facility 8 upon request, to customers and their representatives, the department, and other legally authorized persons. 9 Section 134. Section 20.121, Florida Statutes, is 10 amended to read: 11 20.121 Department of Financial Services.--There is 12 13 created a Department of Financial Services. 14 (1) DEPARTMENT HEAD. -- The head of the Department of Financial Services is the Chief Financial Officer. 15 (2) DIVISIONS.--The Department of Financial Services 16 shall consist of the following divisions: 17 18 (a) The Division of Accounting and Auditing, which shall include the following bureau and office: 19 1. The Bureau of Unclaimed Property. 20 2. The Office of Fiscal Integrity which shall function 21 22 as a criminal justice agency for purposes of ss. 23 943.045-943.08 and shall have a separate budget. The office 24 may conduct investigations within or outside this state as the bureau deems necessary to aid in the enforcement of this 2.5 section. If during an investigation the office has reason to 26 believe that any criminal law of this state has or may have 27 been violated, the office shall refer any records tending to 29 show such violation to state or federal law enforcement or prosecutorial agencies and shall provide investigative 30

31 assistance to those agencies as required.

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- (b) The Division of State Fire Marshal.
- (c) The Division of Risk Management.
 - (d) The Division of Treasury, which shall include a Bureau of Deferred Compensation responsible for administering the Government Employees Deferred Compensation Plan established under s. 112.215 for state employees.
 - (e) The Division of Insurance Fraud.
 - (f) The Division of Rehabilitation and Liquidation.
 - (g) The Division of Insurance Agents and Agency Services.
 - (h) The Division of Consumer Services, which shall include a Bureau of Funeral and Cemetery Services.
 - 1. The Division of Consumer Services shall perform the following functions concerning products or services regulated by the Department of Financial Services or by either office of the Financial Services Commission:
 - a. Receive inquiries and complaints from consumers. \div
 - b. Prepare and disseminate such information as the department deems appropriate to inform or assist consumers . +
 - c. Provide direct assistance and advocacy for consumers who request such assistance or advocacy.÷
 - d. With respect to apparent or potential violations of law or applicable rules by a person or entity licensed by the department or by either office of the commission, report such apparent or potential violation to the appropriate division of the department or office of the commission, which may take such further action as it deems appropriate.
- 2. Any person licensed or issued a certificate of authority by the department or by the Office of Insurance Regulation shall respond, in writing, to the Division of 31 | Consumer Services within 20 days after receipt of a written

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request for information from the division concerning a consumer complaint. The response must address the issues and allegations raised in this complaint. The division may, in its discretion, impose an administrative penalty for failure to comply with this subparagraph in an amount up to \$2,500 per violation upon any entity licensed by the department or the Office of Insurance Regulation and \$250 for the first violation, \$500 for the second violation and up to \$1,000 per violation thereafter upon any individual licensed by the department or the Office of Insurance Regulation.

- 3. The department may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this paragraph.
- 4. The powers, duties, and responsibilities expressed or granted in this paragraph shall not limit the powers, duties, and responsibilities of the Department of Financial Services, the Financial Services Commission, the Office of Insurance Regulation, or the Office of Financial Regulation set forth elsewhere in the Florida Statutes.
 - (i) The Division of Workers' Compensation.
 - (j) The Division of Administration.
 - (k) The Division of Legal Services.
 - (1) The Division of Information Systems.
 - (m) The Office of Insurance Consumer Advocate.
- (n) The Division of Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer Services.

(3) FINANCIAL SERVICES COMMISSION. -- Effective January 7, 2003, there is created within the Department of Financial Services the Financial Services Commission, composed of the Governor, the Attorney General, the Chief Financial Officer, and the Commissioner of Agriculture, which shall for purposes 31 of this section be referred to as the commission. Commission

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- members shall serve as agency head of the Financial Services Commission. The commission shall be a separate budget entity 3 and shall be exempt from the provisions of s. 20.052. 4 Commission action shall be by majority vote consisting of at least three affirmative votes. The commission shall not be 5 subject to control, supervision, or direction by the 6 Department of Financial Services in any manner, including 8 purchasing, transactions involving real or personal property, 9 personnel, or budgetary matters.
 - (a) Structure. -- The major structural unit of the commission is the office. Each office shall be headed by a director. The following offices are established:
 - 1. The Office of Insurance Regulation, which shall be responsible for all activities concerning insurers and other risk bearing entities, including licensing, rates, policy forms, market conduct, claims, adjusters, issuance of certificates of authority, solvency, viatical settlements, premium financing, and administrative supervision, as provided under the insurance code or chapter 636. The head of the Office of Insurance Regulation is the Director of the Office of Insurance Regulation.
- 2. The Office of Financial Regulation, which shall be responsible for all activities of the Financial Services Commission relating to the regulation of banks, credit unions, other financial institutions, finance companies, and the securities industry. The head of the office is the Director of the Office of Financial Regulation. The Office of Financial Regulation shall include a Bureau of Financial Investigations, which shall function as a criminal justice agency for purposes of ss. 943.045-943.08 and shall have a separate budget. The 31 | bureau may conduct investigations within or outside this state

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as the bureau deems necessary to aid in the enforcement of this section. If, during an investigation, the office has reason to believe that any criminal law of this state has or may have been violated, the office shall refer any records tending to show such violation to state or federal law enforcement or prosecutorial agencies and shall provide investigative assistance to those agencies as required.

- (b) Organization. -- The commission shall establish by rule any additional organizational structure of the offices. It is the intent of the Legislature to provide the commission with the flexibility to organize the offices in any manner they determine appropriate to promote both efficiency and accountability.
- (c) Powers.--Commission members shall serve as the agency head for purposes of rulemaking under ss. 120.536-120.565 by the commission and all subunits of the commission. Each director is agency head for purposes of final agency action under chapter 120 for all areas within the regulatory authority delegated to the director's office.
- (d) Appointment and qualifications of directors. -- The commission shall appoint or remove each director by a majority vote consisting of at least three affirmative votes, with both the Governor and the Chief Financial Officer on the prevailing side. The minimum qualifications of the directors are as follows:
- 1. Prior to appointment as director, the Director of the Office of Insurance Regulation must have had, within the previous 10 years, at least 5 years of responsible private sector experience working full time in areas within the scope of the subject matter jurisdiction of the Office of Insurance 31 Regulation or at least 5 years of experience as a senior

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examiner or other senior employee of a state or federal agency having regulatory responsibility over insurers or insurance agencies.

- 2. Prior to appointment as director, the Director of the Office of Financial Regulation must have had, within the previous 10 years, at least 5 years of responsible private sector experience working full time in areas within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Office of Financial Regulation or at least 5 years of experience as a senior examiner or other senior employee of a state or federal agency having regulatory responsibility over financial institutions, finance companies, or securities companies.
- (e) Administrative support. -- The offices shall have a sufficient number of attorneys, examiners, investigators, other professional personnel to carry out their responsibilities and administrative personnel as determined annually in the appropriations process. The Department of Financial Services shall provide administrative and information systems support to the offices.
- (f) Records retention schedules. -- The commission and the offices may destroy general correspondence files and also any other records that they deem no longer necessary to preserve in accordance with retention schedules and destruction notices established under rules of the Division of Library and Information Services, records and information management program, of the Department of State. Such schedules and notices relating to financial records of the commission and offices shall be subject to the approval of the Auditor General.
- (g) Records storage. -- The commission and offices may 31 | photograph, microphotograph, or reproduce on film such

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documents and records as they may select, in such manner that
   each page will be exposed in exact conformity with the
 3
    original. After reproduction and filing, original documents
    and records may be destroyed in accordance with the provisions
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    of paragraph (f).
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          (4) BOARD OF FUNERAL, CEMETERY, AND CONSUMER
    SERVICES. -- The Board of Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer
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    Services is created within the Division of Funeral, Cemetery,
    and Consumer Services of the Department of Financial Services.
 9
          (5)(4) TRANSITIONAL RULES. -- Effective January 7, 2003,
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    the rules of the Department of Banking and Finance and of the
11
    Department of Insurance that were in effect on January 6,
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    2003, shall become rules of the Department of Financial
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    Services or the Financial Services Commission as is
    appropriate to the corresponding regulatory or constitutional
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    function and shall remain in effect until specifically amended
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    or repealed in the manner provided by law.
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           Section 135. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of
    section 20.165, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
19
           20.165 Department of Business and Professional
20
    Regulation. -- There is created a Department of Business and
21
22
   Professional Regulation.
23
           (4)(a) The following boards are established within the
24
    Division of Professions:
           1. Board of Architecture and Interior Design, created
2.5
    under part I of chapter 481.
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           2. Florida Board of Auctioneers, created under part VI
2.7
    of chapter 468.
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           3. Barbers' Board, created under chapter 476.
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           4. Florida Building Code Administrators and Inspectors
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31 Board, created under part XII of chapter 468.

1	5. Construction Industry Licensing Board, created
2	under part I of chapter 489.
3	6. Board of Cosmetology, created under chapter 477.
4	7. Electrical Contractors' Licensing Board, created
5	under part II of chapter 489.
6	8. Board of Employee Leasing Companies, created under
7	part XI of chapter 468.
8	9. Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers, created
9	under chapter 470.
10	9.10. Board of Landscape Architecture, created under
11	part II of chapter 481.
12	10.11. Board of Pilot Commissioners, created under
13	chapter 310.
14	11.12. Board of Professional Engineers, created under
15	chapter 471.
16	12.13. Board of Professional Geologists, created under
17	chapter 492.
18	13.14. Board of Professional Surveyors and Mappers,
19	created under chapter 472.
20	14.15. Board of Veterinary Medicine, created under
21	chapter 474.
22	Section 136. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of
23	section 316.1974, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
24	316.1974 Funeral procession right-of-way and
25	liability
26	(1) DEFINITIONS
27	(a) "Funeral director" and "funeral establishment"
28	shall have the same meaning as set forth in s. 497.005
29	470.002 .
30	Section 137. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of
31	section 381.0098, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1	381.0098 Biomedical waste
2	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
3	(a) "Biomedical waste" means any solid or liquid waste
4	which may present a threat of infection to humans. The term
5	includes, but is not limited to, nonliquid human tissue and
6	body parts; laboratory and veterinary waste which contains
7	human-disease-causing agents; discarded disposable sharps;
8	human blood, blood products, and body fluids; and other
9	materials which in the opinion of the department represent a
10	significant risk of infection to persons outside the
11	generating facility. The term does not include human remains
12	that are disposed of by persons licensed under chapter $\underline{497}$
13	470 .
14	Section 138. Subsection (7) of section 382.002,
15	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
16	382.002 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the
17	term:
18	(7) "Funeral director" means a licensed funeral
19	director or direct disposer licensed pursuant to chapter 497
20	470 or other person who first assumes custody of or effects
21	the final disposition of a dead body or a fetus as described
22	in subsection (5).
23	Section 139. Subsections (21), (37), and (39) of
24	section 403.703, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
25	403.703 DefinitionsAs used in this act, unless the
26	context clearly indicates otherwise, the term:
27	(21) "Hazardous waste" means solid waste, or a
28	combination of solid wastes, which, because of its quantity,
29	concentration, or physical, chemical, or infectious
30	characteristics, may cause, or significantly contribute to, an
31	increase in mortality or an increase in serious irreversible

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or incapacitating reversible illness or may pose a substantial
present or potential hazard to human health or the environment
when improperly transported, disposed of, stored, treated, or
otherwise managed. The term does not include human remains
that are disposed of by persons licensed under chapter 497
<del>470</del>.
       (37)
             "Biomedical waste" means any solid waste or
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- liquid waste which may present a threat of infection to humans. The term includes, but is not limited to, nonliquid human tissue and body parts; laboratory and veterinary waste which contain human-disease-causing agents; discarded disposable sharps; human blood, and human blood products and body fluids; and other materials which in the opinion of the Department of Health represent a significant risk of infection to persons outside the generating facility. The term does not include human remains that are disposed of by persons licensed under chapter 497 470.
- (39) "Biological waste" means solid waste that causes or has the capability of causing disease or infection and includes, but is not limited to, biomedical waste, diseased or dead animals, and other wastes capable of transmitting pathogens to humans or animals. The term does not include human remains that are disposed of by persons licensed under chapter <u>497</u> 470.

Section 140. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 406.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

406.02 Medical Examiners Commission; membership; 2.7 28 terms; duties; staff.--

(1) There is created the Medical Examiners Commission within the Department of Law Enforcement. The commission shall 31 consist of nine persons appointed or selected as follows:

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- (a) The Governor shall appoint:
- 1. Two members who are physicians licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 and who are active district medical examiners;
- 2. One member who is a funeral director licensed pursuant to chapter 497 470;
 - 3. One member who is a state attorney;
 - 4. One member who is a public defender;
 - 5. One member who is a sheriff; and
 - 6. One member who is a county commissioner.

Section 141. Section 406.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

406.50 Unclaimed dead bodies or human remains; disposition, procedure. -- All public officers, agents, or employees of every county, city, village, town, or municipality and every person in charge of any prison, morgue, hospital, funeral parlor, or mortuary and all other persons coming into possession, charge, or control of any dead human body or remains which are unclaimed or which are required to be buried or cremated at public expense are hereby required to notify, immediately, the anatomical board, whenever any such body, bodies, or remains come into its possession, charge, or control. Notification of the anatomical board is not required if the death was caused by crushing injury, the deceased had a contagious disease, an autopsy was required to determine cause of death, the body was in a state of severe decomposition, or a family member objects to use of the body for medical education and research.

(1) The person or entity in charge or control of the dead body or human remains shall make a reasonable effort to 31 determine:

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- (a) The identity of the deceased person and shall further make a reasonable effort to contact any relatives of 3 such deceased person.
 - (b) Whether or not the deceased person is entitled to burial in a national cemetery as a veteran of the armed forces and, if so, shall make arrangements for such burial services in accordance with the provisions of 38 C.F.R. For purposes of this subsection, "a reasonable effort" includes contacting the county veterans service office or regional office of the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.
 - (2) Such dead human bodies as described in this chapter shall be delivered to the anatomical board as soon as possible after death.
 - (3) Nothing herein shall affect the right of a medical examiner to hold such dead body or remains for the purpose of investigating the cause of death, nor shall this chapter affect the right of any court of competent jurisdiction to enter an order affecting the disposition of such body or remains.
 - (4) In the event more than one legally authorized person claims a body for interment, the requests shall be prioritized in accordance with s. 732.103.

24 For purposes of this chapter, the term "anatomical board"

means the anatomical board of this state located at the 2.5

University of Florida Health Science Center, and the term 26

27 "unclaimed" means a dead body or human remains that is not

claimed by a legally authorized person, as defined in s. 28

29 497.005, for interment at that person's expense.

Section 142. Section 406.52, Florida Statutes, is 31 amended to read:

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406.52 Retention of bodies before use; unfit or excess
   number of bodies, disposition procedure. -- All bodies received
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   by the anatomical board shall be retained in receiving vaults
    for a period of not less than 48 hours before allowing their
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   use for medical science; if at any time more bodies are made
   available to the anatomical board than can be used for medical
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    science under its jurisdiction, or if a body shall be deemed
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   by the anatomical board to be unfit for anatomical purposes,
    the anatomical board may notify, in writing, the county
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    commissioners or other legally authorized person, as defined
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    in s. 497.005 470.002, in the county where such person died,
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    to cause it to be buried or cremated in accordance with the
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   rules, laws and practices for disposing of such unclaimed
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   bodies. However, prior to having any body buried or cremated,
    the county shall make a reasonable effort to determine the
15
    identity of the body and shall further make a reasonable
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    effort to contact any relatives of the deceased person. If a
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   relative of the deceased person is contacted and expresses a
   preference for either burial or cremation, the county shall
19
   make a reasonable effort to accommodate the request of the
20
   relative. For purposes of this section, the county
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    commissioners of the county where such person died shall be
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    considered a legally authorized person as defined in s.
24
    497.005 470.002. A person licensed under chapter 470 or
    chapter 497 shall not be liable for any damages resulting from
2.5
    cremating or burying such body at the direction of the
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    county's legally authorized person.
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           Section 143. Section 406.53, Florida Statutes, is
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    amended to read:
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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- 406.53 Death of indigents; notice; delivery to the anatomical board when unclaimed; exceptions; assessment of fees.--
- (1) Notice of death to the anatomical board in cases of indigent persons is not required if:
 - (a) Death was caused by crushing injury.
 - (b) The deceased had a contagious disease.
- (c) An autopsy was required to determine cause of death.
 - The body was in a state of severe decomposition. (d)
- (e) Any relative, by blood or marriage, claims the body for burial at the expense of such relative, but the body shall be surrendered to the claimant for interment, but if such relative is indigent, in a manner consistent with the policy of the agency in possession or control of the body.
- (f) Any friend or any representative of a fraternal society of which the deceased was a member, or a representative of any charitable or religious organization, or a governmental agency which was providing residential care to the indigent person at the time of his or her death claims the body for burial at his or her, its, or their expense.
- (g) The deceased person was an honorably discharged member of the Armed Forces of the United States or the state who served during a period of wartime service as defined in s. 1.01(14); but such body shall be buried in accordance with the provisions of the existing laws.
- (2) When the Department of Health claims the body of a client according to this section, the department shall assess fees for burial pursuant to s. 402.33.
- (3) For purposes of this chapter, the term indigent shall be 100 percent of the federal poverty level recognized

1	by the Federal Income Guidelines produced by the United States
2	Department of Health and Human Services.
3	Section 144. Subsection (1) of section 455.2226,
4	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
5	455.2226 Funeral directors and embalmers; instruction
6	on HIV and AIDS
7	(1) The Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers shall
8	require each person licensed or certified under chapter $\underline{497}$
9	470 to complete a continuing educational course, approved by
10	the board, on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune
11	deficiency syndrome as part of biennial relicensure or
12	recertification. The course shall consist of education on the
13	modes of transmission, infection control procedures, clinical
14	management, and prevention of human immunodeficiency virus and
15	acquired immune deficiency syndrome. Such course shall include
16	information on current Florida law on acquired immune
17	deficiency syndrome and its impact on testing, confidentiality
18	of test results, and treatment of patients.
19	Section 145. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of
20	section 501.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
21	501.022 Home solicitation sale; permit required
22	(1)
23	(b) The following are excluded from the operation of
24	this section:
25	1. Bona fide agents, business representatives, or
26	salespersons making calls or soliciting orders at the usual
27	place of business of a customer regarding products or services
28	for use in connection with the customer's business.
29	2. Solicitors, salespersons, or agents making a call
30	or business visit upon the express invitation, oral or
31	written, of an inhabitant of the premises or her or his agent

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- 3. Telephone solicitors, salespersons, or agents making calls which involve transactions that are unsolicited by the consumer and consummated by telephone and without any other contact between the buyer and the seller or its representative prior to delivery of the goods or performance of the services.
- 4. Solicitors, salespersons, or agents conducting a sale, lease, or rental of consumer goods or services by sample, catalog, or brochure for future delivery.
- 5. Minors, as defined in s. 1.01(13), conducting home solicitation sales under the supervision of an adult supervisor who holds a valid home solicitation sale permit. Minors excluded from operation of this section must, however, carry personal identification which includes their full name, date of birth, residence address, and employer and the name and permit number of their adult supervisor.
- 6. Those sellers or their representatives that are currently regulated as to the sale of goods and services by chapter 470, chapter 475, or chapter 497.
- 7. Solicitors, salespersons, or agents making calls or soliciting orders on behalf of a religious, charitable, scientific, educational, or veterans' institution or organization holding a sales tax exemption certificate under s. 212.08(7)(a).

Section 146. Subsection (15) of section 501.604, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

501.604 Exemptions. -- The provisions of this part, except ss. 501.608 and 501.616(6) and (7), do not apply to:

(15) A person who is licensed pursuant to chapter 470 or chapter 497 and who is soliciting within the scope of the 30 31 license.

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Section 147. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of
   section 626.785, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 3
           626.785 Qualifications for license.--
 4
           (1) The department shall not grant or issue a license
   as life agent to any individual found by it to be
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   untrustworthy or incompetent, or who does not meet the
 6
   following qualifications:
 8
           (d) Must not be a funeral director or direct disposer,
 9
    or an employee or representative thereof, or have an office
    in, or in connection with, a funeral establishment, except
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    that a funeral establishment may contract with a life
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    insurance agent to sell a preneed contract as defined in s.
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    497.005 <del>chapter 497</del>. Notwithstanding other provisions of this
14
    chapter, such insurance agent may sell limited policies of
    insurance covering the expense of final disposition or burial
15
   of an insured in the amount of $12,500, plus an annual
16
   percentage increase based on the Annual Consumer Price Index
17
    compiled by the United States Department of Labor, beginning
    with the Annual Consumer Price Index announced by the United
19
    States Department of Labor for the year 2003.
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           Section 148. Section 765.519, Florida Statutes, is
21
22
    amended to read:
23
           765.519 Enucleation of eyes by licensed funeral
24
    directors. -- With respect to a gift of an eye as provided for
    in this part, a licensed funeral director as defined in
25
    chapter 497 470 who has completed a course in eye enucleation
26
    and has received a certificate of competence from the
27
28
   Department of Ophthalmology of the University of Florida
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    School of Medicine, the University of South Florida School of
   Medicine, or the University of Miami School of Medicine may
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31 enucleate eyes for gift after proper certification of death by
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a physician and in compliance with the intent of the gift as
   defined in this chapter. No properly certified funeral
    director acting in accordance with the terms of this part
 3
    shall have any civil or criminal liability for eye
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 5
    enucleation.
 6
           Section 149. (1) All of the statutory powers, duties
 7
   and functions, records, personnel, property, and unexpended
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   balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds for
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    the administration of chapter 470, Florida Statutes, related
    to the Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers, shall be
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    transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in section
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    20.06(2), Florida Statutes, from the Department of Business
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   and Professional Regulation to the Department of Financial
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    Services.
          (2) All of the statutory powers, duties and functions,
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    records, personnel, property, and unexpended balances of
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    appropriations, allocations, or other funds for the
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    administration of chapter 497, Florida Statutes, related to
19
    the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services, shall be
    transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in section
20
    20.06(2), Florida Statutes, to the Board of Funeral, Cemetery,
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22
    and Consumer Services and the Department of Financial
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    Services, as appropriate.
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           Section 150. (1) The transfer of regulatory authority
    under chapter 470, Florida Statutes, provided by this act
2.5
    shall not affect the validity of any judicial or
26
    administrative action pending as of 11:59 p.m. on the day
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   before the effective date of this act, to which action the
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   Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers, or the Department of
    Business and Professional Regulation in relation to the Board
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   of Funeral Directors and Embalmers, are at that time parties,
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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and the Board of Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer Services or
   the Department of Financial Services, as appropriate, shall be
    substituted as a party in interest in any such action.
 3
          (2) The transfer of regulatory authority under chapter
 4
    497, Florida Statutes, provided by this act shall not affect
 5
    the validity of any judicial or administrative action pending
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    as of 11:59 p.m. on the day prior to this act taking effect,
 8
    to which action the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services, or
 9
    the Department of Financial Services in relation to the Board
    of Funeral and Cemetery Services, is at that time a party, and
10
    the Board of Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer Services, or the
11
    Department of Financial Services, as appropriate, shall be
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    substituted as a party in interest in any such action.
14
           Section 151. (1) All lawful orders issued by the
    Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers, or by the Department
15
    of Business and Professional Regulation, implementing or
16
    enforcing or otherwise in regard to any provision of chapter
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18
    470, Florida Statutes, issued prior to the effective date of
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    this act, shall remain in effect and be enforceable after the
    effective date of this act, unless thereafter modified in
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    accordance with law.
2.1
          (2) All lawful orders issued by the Board of Funeral
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    and Cemetery Services, or the Department of Financial Services
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    in regard to the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services,
    implementing or enforcing or otherwise in regard to any
2.5
    provision of chapter 497, Florida Statutes, issued prior to
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    the effective date of this act, shall remain in effect and be
2.7
    enforceable after the effective date of this act.
29
           Section 152. (1) The rules of the Board of Funeral
    Directors and Embalmers and of the Department of Business and
30
   Professional Regulation relating to the Board of Funeral
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Directors and Embalmers or implementation of chapter 470,
   Florida Statutes, which were in effect at 11:59 p.m. on the
   day prior to this act taking effect shall become the rules of
 3
    the Department of Financial Services and the Board of Funeral,
 4
    Cemetery, and Consumer Services and shall remain in effect
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   until amended or repealed in the manner provided by law.
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 7
          (2) The rules of the Board of Funeral and Cemetery
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    Services which were in effect at 11:59 p.m. on the day prior
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    to this act taking effect shall become the rules of the
    Department of Financial Services and the Board of Funeral,
10
    Cemetery, and Consumer Services and shall remain in effect
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   until specifically amended or repealed in the manner provided
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   by law.
14
          (3) The rules of the Department of Financial Services
    relating to chapter 497, Florida Statutes, which were in
15
    effect at 11:59 P.M. on the day prior to this act taking
16
    effect shall continue in force until thereafter repealed or
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    amended pursuant to chapter 120, Florida Statutes, and this
19
   <u>act.</u>
           Section 153. (1) Notwithstanding the transfer of
20
    regulatory authority over chapters 470 and 497, Florida
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22
    Statutes, provided by this act, persons and entities holding
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    in good standing any license under chapters 470 or 497,
24
    Florida Statutes, as of 11:59 p.m. on the day prior to the
    effective date of this act, shall be deemed to hold in good
2.5
    standing a license in the same capacity under chapter 497,
26
    Florida Statutes, as of the effective date of this act.
2.7
28
          (2) Notwithstanding the transfer of regulatory
29
   authority over chapters 470 and 497, Florida Statutes,
   provided by this act, persons and entities holding in good
30
    standing a preneed certificate of authority under chapter 497,
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Florida Statutes, as of 11:59 p.m. on the day prior to the
   effective date of this act, shall be deemed to hold in good
    standing a preneed license under part IV of chapter 497,
 3
    Florida Statutes, as of the effective date of this act, and
 4
    their certificate of authority shall be deemed a preneed
 5
    license for purposes of chapter 497, Florida Statutes.
 6
 7
          (3) Notwithstanding the transfer of regulatory
 8
    authority over chapters 470 and 497, Florida Statutes,
 9
    provided by this act, persons and entities holding in good
    standing any registration under chapters 470 or 497, Florida
10
    Statutes, as of 11:59 p.m. on the day prior to the effective
11
    date of this act, shall as of the effective date of this act
12
13
    be deemed to be licensed in the same capacity in which they
14
   were formerly registered, and their registration shall
    thereafter be deemed a license for purposes of chapter 497,
15
16
    Florida Statutes.
17
           Section 154. (1) The Department of Financial Services
    shall, no later than November 1, 2004, notify the Department
18
    of Business and Professional Regulation of its intention to
19
    contract with the Department of Business and Professional
20
    Regulation, another governmental agency, or a private business
2.1
22
    for the implementation of a system for the administration of
2.3
    the overall licensing process, including the processing and
24
    tracking of applications for licensure, the issuance of
    licenses approved by the board, the tracking of licenses
2.5
    issued, the administration of the license renewal process, and
26
    the collection and processing of fees relating to those
2.7
2.8
    activities. If the Department of Financial Services elects to
29
   contract with the Department of Business and Professional
   Regulation for the services described in this subsection, they
30
    shall enter into a contract no later than February 1, 2005, to
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become effective upon the effective date of this act. If the
   Department of Financial Services elects not to contract with
    the Department of Business and Professional Regulation for
 3
    those services, the Department of Financial Services shall
 4
   begin working with the Department of Business and Professional
 5
    Regulation no later than February 1, 2005, for the conversion
 6
    of those services, which conversion is to be completed before
 8
    September 1, 2005.
 9
          (2) The Department of Financial Services shall, no
    later than November 1, 2004, notify the Department of Business
10
    and Professional Regulation of its intention to contract with
11
    the Department of Business and Professional Regulation for the
12
13
    development, preparation, administration, scoring, score
14
    reporting, and evaluation of all examinations. If the
    Department of Financial Services elects to contract with the
15
    Department of Business and Professional Regulation for the
16
    services described in this subsection, they shall enter into a
17
18
    contract no later than February 1, 2005, to become effective
19
    upon the effective date of this act. If the Department of
    Financial Services elects not to contract with the Department
20
    of Business and Professional Regulation for those services,
2.1
22
    the Department of Financial Services shall begin working with
23
    the Department of Business and Professional Regulation no
24
    later than February 1, 2005, for the conversion of those
2.5
    services, which conversion is to be completed before September
    1, 2005.
26
          (3) The Department of Financial Services shall, no
2.7
28
    later than November 1, 2004, notify the Department of Business
29
   and Professional Regulation of its intention to contract with
    the Department of Business and Professional Regulation,
30
   another governmental agency, or a private business for the
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1	continuing education compliance monitoring systems and
2	services. If the Department of Financial Services elects to
3	contract with the Department of Business and Professional
4	Regulation for the services described in this subsection, they
5	shall enter into a contract no later than February 1, 2005, to
6	become effective upon the effective date of this act. If the
7	Department of Financial Services elects not to contract with
8	the Department of Business and Professional Regulation for
9	those services, the Department of Financial Services shall
10	begin working with the Department of Business and Professional
11	Regulation no later than February 1, 2005, for the conversion
12	of those services, which conversion is to be completed before
13	September 1, 2005.
14	(4) No later than July 1, 2005, the Department of
15	Financial Services shall begin to consult at least biweekly
16	with prosecuting attorneys and investigators of the Department
17	of Business and Professional Regulation to ensure the
18	transition of pending disciplinary matters.
19	Section 155. The Legislature recognizes that there is
20	a need to conform the Florida Statutes to the policy decisions
21	reflected in the provisions of this act. The Division of
22	Statutory Revision is directed to provide the relevant
23	substantive committees of the Senate and the House of
24	Representatives with assistance, upon request, to enable such
25	committees to prepare draft legislation to conform the Florida
26	Statutes to the provisions of this act.
27	Section 156. Effective at 11:59 p.m. on September 30,
28	2005, the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services and the Board
29	of Funeral Directors and Embalmers are abolished.
30	Section 157. <u>Sections 470.001, 470.002, 470.003,</u>
2 1	470 005 470 019 470 023 470 027 470 028 470 031 470 033

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470.034, 470.035, 470.036, 497.105, 497.109, 497.111, 497.113,
    497.115, 497.117, 497.119, 497.123, 497.125, 497.127, 497.129,
 3
    497.131, 497.135, 497.137, 497.209, 497.217, 497.221, 497.225,
    497.233, 497.301, 497.341, 497.431, 497.435, 497.443, 497.445,
    497.447, 497.515, 497.517, 497.519, and 497.529, Florida
 6
    Statutes, are repealed.
 7
           Section 158. Except as otherwise provided herein, this
    act shall take effect October 1, 2005.
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.