## CHAMBER ACTION

<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>

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Representative Needelman offered the following:

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## Amendment (with title amendment)

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Remove lines 100-200 and insert:

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the Legislature intends that the commission shall contract with a Florida marine mammal institution to conduct a Manatee Habitat and Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Assessment that specifically considers:

(2)(a) As part of the enhanced manatee protection study,

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1. Manatee populations that congregate in the warm water discharge sites at power plants in the state and the potential risks for disease resulting from increased congregation of manatees at these sites.

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2. Development of research, monitoring, and submerged aquatic vegetation restoration priorities for manatee habitat in

- and near the warm water discharge sites at power plants in the state.
  - 3. The potential impacts on manatees and manatee habitat if power plants that provide warm water discharge sites where manatees congregate are closed, including how closure will affect the size and health of submerged aquatic vegetation areas.
  - (b) A Florida marine mammal institution selected by the Fish and Wildlife conservation Commission must submit an interim report on the Manatee Habitat and Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Assessment to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the commission by September 1, 2006. The interim report must detail the progress of the assessment. The final report, due to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the commission by January 1, 2007, must detail the results of the assessment and include recommendations for protection of manatee habitat in warm water discharge sites at power plants in the state.
  - implement the Manatee Habitat and Submerged Aquatic Vegetation

    Assessment are expended in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of this subsection. The commission may require an annual audit of the expenditures made by the selected Florida marine mammal institution. Copies of any audit requested under this subsection must be provided to the appropriate substantive and appropriations committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives as they become available.

- Legislature intends that the commission must conduct a Signage and Boat Speed Assessment to evaluate the effectiveness of manatee protection signs and sign placement and assess boat speeds. The commission shall evaluate existing data on manatee mortality before and after existing manatee protection zones were established, boater compliance with and comprehension of regulatory signs and buoys, changes in boating traffic patterns, and manatee distribution and behavior. The commission shall also provide recommendations on innovative marker designs that are in compliance with the federal aids to navigation system. The Signage and Boat Speed Assessment must address:
- (a) The effectiveness of signs and buoys to warn boaters of manatee slow-speed zones with a goal of developing federally approved standards for marking manatee protection zones.
- (b) Determining where buoys may be used in place of pilings for boating safety purposes.
- (c) An evaluation of higher speed travel corridors in manatee zones to determine the most effective speed to balance safe boating, recreational use, vessel operating characteristics, and manatee protection.

The commission shall complete its Signage and Boat Speed

Assessment by January 1, 2007, and must submit a report of its

findings to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the

Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 1, 2007. The

report must detail the results of the assessment, including

specific recommendations for developing state and local policies

- relating to the appropriate placement of signs, including innovative markers, in manatee slow-speed zones.
- (4) The commission is authorized to develop and implement the use of genetic tagging to improve its ability to assess the status, health, and reproductive capacity of the manatee population, estimate annual survival rates through mark recapture studies, determine migration patterns, and determine maternity and paternity. The development and use of genetic tagging may be done in cooperation with federal agencies or other entities, such as genetic laboratories at schools within the state university system.
- Section 3. Subsection (6) of section 372.072, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 372.072 Endangered and Threatened Species Act. --
- (6) MEASURABLE BIOLOGICAL GOALS.--No later than February 15, 2003, the commission, working in conjunction with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, shall develop measurable biological goals that define manatee recovery. These Measurable biological goals that define manatee recovery developed by the commission, working in conjunction with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, shall be used by the commission in its development of management plans or work plans. In addition to other criteria, these measurable biological goals shall be used by the commission when evaluating existing and proposed protection rules, and in determining progress in achieving manatee recovery. Any evaluation of an existing or proposed protection rule must describe how the measurable biological goals were used in the evaluation.

## HOUSE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 633 CS

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

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100	Section 4. Appropriations
101	(1) For fiscal year 2004-2005, the sum of \$325,000 is
102	appropriated from the Save the Manatee Trust Fund to the Fish
103	and Wildlife Conservation Commission for the purpose of
104	contracting with a Florida marine mammal institution to conduct
105	the Manatee Habitat and Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Assessment
106	as provided in this act.
107	========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========
108	Remove line 22 and insert:
109	the commission to contract with a Florida marine mammal
110	institution to