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An act relating to early childhood education; creating pt. V of ch. 1002, F.S., entitled "Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program"; providing definitions; creating the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program (VPK Program) within the Department of Education to implement s. 1(b) and (c), Art. IX of the State Constitution; providing student eligibility and enrollment requirements; providing scholarship options and for issuance of scholarships; providing eligibility requirements for prekindergarten schools to participate in the VPK Program; providing educational requirements for prekindergarten directors of prekindergarten schools; providing requirements for a prekindergarten school teacher preparation and continuing education course; requiring adoption of VPK Program student performance standards; providing curriculum requirements and accountability standards; requiring adoption of a statewide kindergarten screening, and implementation of a screening instrument, to assess kindergarten readiness; providing funding, payment, and attendance requirements for prekindergarten schools; providing for administration of the VPK Program; providing department powers and duties; providing for an evaluation and adoption of curriculum standards for child development associate credentials; providing for interinstitutional articulation agreements; creating the Early Learning Advisory Council within the Agency for Workforce Innovation to provide advice on early childhood education

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policy and administration of the VPK Program and early learning programs; providing council requirements; providing State Board of Education rulemaking authority; amending and renumbering s. 402.3017, F.S.; authorizing the department to contract for administration of scholarship initiatives for early childhood education personnel and for a program to encourage parental involvement; amending s. 411.01, F.S.; conforming provisions to the transfer of the powers and duties of the Florida Partnership for School Readiness to the Agency for Workforce Innovation and the abolishment of the partnership; redesignating school readiness programs as early learning programs and school readiness coalitions as early learning councils; providing duties of the Agency for Workforce Innovation with respect to administration of early learning programs at the statewide level, adoption of standards and outcome measures for early learning programs, and approval, coordination, and evaluation of early learning councils; providing for the organization of early learning councils and membership thereof; providing for administration and implementation of early learning programs by early learning councils; specifying requirements for, and elements of, early learning programs; requiring Agency for Workforce Innovation approval of early learning program plans submitted by early learning councils; specifying minimum standards and provisions for each early learning plan; providing requirements relating to the procurement of commodities or

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services, payment schedules, fiscal agents, and evaluation of early learning programs and reporting thereof; providing eligibility requirements for participation in early learning programs; requiring early learning programs to provide parental choice; requiring early learning programs to meet performance standards and outcome measures adopted by the Agency for Workforce Innovation; providing for allocation of funds to early learning councils by the Agency for Workforce Innovation and specifying use of such funds; amending s. 11.45, F.S.; authorizing the Auditor General to conduct audits of the early learning system; amending s. 20.50, F.S.; creating the Office of Early Childhood Education within the Agency for Workforce Innovation to administer the early learning system; amending s. 125.901, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending ss. 216.133 and 216.136, F.S.; redesignating the School Readiness Program Estimating Conference as the Early Childhood Education Programs Estimating Conference; requiring estimates and forecasts for early learning programs and the VPK Program; amending s. 402.3016, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending and renumbering s. 402.27, F.S.; requiring the Agency for Workforce Innovation to administer a statewide resource and referral network to provide information for, and assistance in, the operation of early learning councils and the VPK Program; including a system of local resource and referral within the network and specifying services to be provided; amending s. 402.3018, F.S.; requiring the Agency for Workforce

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Innovation to provide for a statewide toll-free Warm-Line; amending s. 409.178, F.S.; redesignating the Child Care Executive Partnership as the Business Partnership for Early Learning to be administered by the Agency for Workforce Innovation and providing for establishment of the Business Partnership for Early Learning Program; amending s. 402.25, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 402.281, F.S.; redesignating the Gold Seal Quality Care program as the Gold Seal Quality program; specifying requirements for a Gold Seal Quality designation; amending ss. 402.3051, 402.315, and 212.08, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 402.305, F.S.; revising requirements for an introductory course in child care for child care personnel; revising minimum staff credential requirements for child care personnel and providing rulemaking authority for equivalent credentials; amending ss. 383.14, 402.45, 411.011, 411.221, 411.226, 411.227, 445.023, 490.014, 491.014, 624.91, 1001.23, 1002.22, 1003.21, 1003.54, and 1006.03, F.S.; conforming provisions; requiring the Department of Education to submit to the Legislature recommendations for professional development programs for the VPK Program; repealing ss. 402.30501, 411.012, and 1008.21, F.S., relating to modification of the introductory child care course for community college credit, the voluntary universal prekindergarten education program, and the school readiness uniform screening, respectively; abolishing the Florida Partnership for School Readiness and providing for

transfer of powers, duties, functions, rules, records, personnel, property, and funds to the Agency for Workforce Innovation; providing for the transfer of the TEACH Early Childhood Project and the HIPPY program from the Agency for Workforce Innovation to the Department of Education; prohibiting certain transfers without specific legislative authority; providing that the VPK Program is a choice option for parents and providers and not part of the system of public education; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Part V of chapter 1002, Florida Statutes, consisting of sections 1002.51, 1002.53, 1002.55, 1002.57, 1002.59, 1002.63, 1002.65, 1002.67, 1002.69, 1002.701, 1002.702, 1002.71, and 1002.75, is created to read:

129 <u>PART V</u>

 VOLUNTARY PREKINDERGARTEN EDUCATION PROGRAM

1002.51 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term:

(1) "Advisory council" means the Early Learning Advisory Council created under s. 1002.71.

(2) "Department" means the Department of Education.

(3) "Early learning council" or "council" means an early learning council created under s. 411.01.

(4) "Kindergarten eligibility" means the age at which a child is eligible for admission to kindergarten in a public school under s. 1003.21(1)(a)2.

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"Prekindergarten director" means an onsite person ultimately responsible for the overall operation of a prekindergarten school or, alternatively, of the school's prekindergarten education program, regardless of whether he or she is the owner of the school. (6) "Prekindergarten school" means a school eligible to deliver the prekindergarten education program under s. 1002.55 and includes public, private, and faith-based schools. 1002.53 Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program; eligibility and enrollment. --(1) There is created the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program (VPK Program) within the Department of Education. The program shall take effect at the beginning of the 2005-2006 school year and shall be organized, designed, and delivered in accordance with s. 1(b) and (c), Art. IX of the State Constitution. (2) Each child who is a resident of the state who will have attained the age of 4 years on or before September 1 of the school year is eligible for the VPK Program during that school year. The child remains eligible until the child attains kindergarten eligibility or is admitted to kindergarten, whichever occurs first. Participation in the VPK Program shall be voluntary on the part of both parents and prekindergarten schools. (3)(a) The parent of each child eligible under subsection (2) may request and receive from the state:

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Program public, private, or faith-based prekindergarten school

1. A scholarship for the child to attend any eligible VPK

of the parent's choice for a school year of 540 hours. The parent shall be responsible for the child's transportation and for additional hours or services desired for the child unless the child is eligible for subsidized services under the early learning program; or

- 2. A scholarship for the child to attend an intensive full-day, 310-hour prekindergarten summer school offered by an eligible VPK Program public, private, or faith-based school of the parent's choice. The parent shall be responsible for the child's transportation and for additional hours or services desired for the child unless the child is eligible for subsidized services under the early learning program.
- (b) An additional scholarship option shall be available to the parent of a child who has participated in the option under subparagraph (a)1. who is a limited English proficient child and is assessed at the end of the 540-hour school year program as being in the lowest quartile of students in the state on a uniform prereadiness assessment instrument provided by the department. The parent of each such child may opt for the child to also attend the intensive prekindergarten summer school option under subparagraph (a)2.

If the parent requests a scholarship for the child for the option under subparagraph (a)1., the option under subparagraph (a)2., or the option under paragraph (b), the scholarship shall be issued by a voucher or coupon or an electronic coupon or code in the name of the parent. The parent shall monthly present the voucher, coupon, or code to the eligible VPK Program

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prekindergarten school of the parent's choice and, with verification of the child's enrollment in and continued attendance at the school, the prekindergarten school shall monthly submit the voucher, coupon, or code to the department and the department shall deposit the child's monthly scholarship payment in the school's account. The scholarship shall be in an amount set by the 2005 Legislature, annually adjusted for inflation in accordance with the Consumer Price Index. The parent is free to choose for the child any eligible VPK Program prekindergarten school with available space.

- (4)(a) Each parent seeking a VPK Program scholarship for his or her child must complete and submit an application to the department through the single point of entry established under s. 411.01.
- (b) The application must be submitted on forms prescribed by the department and must be accompanied by a certified copy of the child's birth certificate. The department may designate alternative methods for submitting proof of the child's age in lieu of a certified copy of the child's birth certificate.
- (5) The department shall provide each parent enrolling a child in the VPK Program with a profile of every prekindergarten school delivering the program within the school district. The profiles shall be provided to parents in a format prescribed by the department. The profiles must include, at a minimum, the following information about each prekindergarten school:
- (a) The school's services, curriculum, teacher credentials, and teacher-to-student ratio.

(b) The school's kindergarten readiness rate calculated in accordance with ss. 1002.63(3)(c) and 1002.65, based upon the most recent available results of the statewide kindergarten screening.

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- (6) A parent may enroll his or her child with any prekindergarten school that is eligible to deliver the VPK

 Program under this part, subject to available space; however, a prekindergarten school is not required to admit any child. The department may not limit the number of students admitted by any prekindergarten school for enrollment in the program.
- 1002.55 VPK Program delivered by prekindergarten schools.--
- (1)(a) To be an eligible prekindergarten school in the VPK Program, the school must be a Florida public, private, or faith-based school that offers a literacy-based and numeracy-based foundation curriculum which emphasizes phonics, phonemic awareness, and vocabulary and is appropriate to prepare 4-year-old children for success upon entry into public school. A public school graded "D" or "F" shall not be eligible to participate in the VPK Program unless no other VPK Program prekindergarten school is located in the geographic area, in which case the public school graded "D" or "F" shall contract with a public school graded "A" or "B" or a private or faith-based VPK Program prekindergarten school to provide the prekindergarten program in the public school graded "D" or "F."
- (b) The prekindergarten school shall maintain an accurate school profile containing the information required in s.

 1002.53(5) and other objective measures and keep this profile

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readily available and easy to access and understand by parents
of children attending the school and parents interested in the
school for their child.

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- (c) The prekindergarten school shall provide the department evidence of its fiscal soundness and other evidence as required by the department pursuant to this part of its eligibility to participate in the VPK Program. The department may request a surety bond if necessary to ensure continued provision of prekindergarten education by the school.
- (2) To be eligible to deliver the VPK Program, a prekindergarten school must:
- (a)1. Be a public prekindergarten school pursuant to paragraph (1)(a); or
 - 2. Be a private prekindergarten school, including:
- a. A nonpublic school exempt from licensure under s.

 402.3025(2) that is accredited by an accrediting association recognized by the National Council for Private School

 Accreditation (NCPSA), the Commission on International and Trans-Regional Accreditation, or the Florida Association of Academic Nonpublic Schools (FAANS) or that has a current Gold Seal Quality designation;
- b. A child care facility licensed under s. 402.305 that has a current Gold Seal Quality designation;
- <u>c. A family day care home licensed under s. 402.313 that</u>
 has a current Gold Seal Quality designation;
- d. A large family child care home licensed under s.402.3131 that has a current Gold Seal Quality designation; or

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e. A religious-affiliated child care facility exempt from
licensure under s. 402.316 that is accredited by an accrediting
association recognized by the National Council for Private
School Accreditation (NCPSA), the Commission on International
and Trans-Regional Accreditation, or the Florida Association of
Academic Nonpublic Schools (FAANS) or that has a current Gold
Seal Quality designation.
No public or private prekindergarten school participating in the
VPK Program shall exceed the constitutionally established class
size maximum of 18 students for each prekindergarten classroom.
(b) Have for each prekindergarten class at least one
teacher who meets the following requirements:
1. The teacher must hold, at a minimum, one of the
following credentials:
a. A current child development associate credential issued
by the National Credentialing Program of the Council for
Professional Regulation; or
b. A current credential approved by the department as
being equivalent to or greater than the credential described in
sub-subparagraph a.

The State Board of Education may adopt rules that provide criteria and procedures for the approval of equivalent credentials under sub-subparagraph b.

2. The teacher must successfully complete an emerging literacy teacher preparation and continuing education course approved by the department as meeting or exceeding the minimum

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306	standards adopted under s. 1002.59. This subparagraph does not
307	apply to a teacher who successfully completes approved training
308	in early literacy and language development under s.
309	402.305(2)(d)4., s. 402.313(6), or s. 402.3131(5) before the
310	establishment of the emerging literacy training course under s.
311	1002.59 or January 1, 2005, whichever occurs later.
312	(c) Have a director who has a prekindergarten director
313	credential that is approved by the department, which must
314	include the child care facility director credential under s.
315	402.305(2)(f) and additional minimum standards adopted under s.
316	1002.57. A prekindergarten director who successfully completes a
317	child care facility director credential under s. 402.305(2)(f)
318	before the establishment of the prekindergarten director
319	credential under s. 1002.57 or July 1, 2005, whichever occurs
320	later, satisfies the requirement for a prekindergarten director
321	credential under this paragraph.
322	(d) Register with the department on forms prescribed by
323	the department.
324	(e) Deliver the prekindergarten education program in
325	accordance with this part.
326	(3) A teacher, in lieu of the minimum credentials and
327	courses required under paragraph (2)(b), may hold one of the
328	following educational credentials:
329	(a) A bachelor's or higher degree in early childhood
330	education, prekindergarten or primary education, preschool
331	education, or family and consumer science;
332	(b) A bachelor's or higher degree in elementary education
333	if the teacher or child care personnel has been certified to

334 teach children any age from birth through grade 6, regardless of 335 whether the teaching certificate is current; 336 (c) An associate's or higher degree in child development; 337 (d) An associate's or higher degree in an unrelated field, 338 at least 6 credit hours in early childhood education or child 339 development, and at least 480 hours' experience in teaching or 340 providing child care services for children any age from birth 341 through 8 years of age; or 342 (e) An educational credential approved by the department 343 as being equivalent to or greater than an educational credential described in this subsection. The department shall adopt 344 345 criteria and procedures for the approval of equivalent 346 educational credentials under this paragraph, which shall 347 include, but are not limited to, the emerging literacy 348 preparation and continuing education course pursuant to s. 1002.59. 349 350 (4) The prekindergarten school must comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 2000d. 351 352 1002.57 Prekindergarten director credential.--353 (1) By July 1, 2005, the department, with the advice of the advisory council, shall adopt minimum standards for a 354 355 credential for prekindergarten directors of prekindergarten 356 schools delivering the VPK Program. The credential must 357 encompass the director credential developed under s. 358 402.305(2)(f) and additional requirements for education or 359 onsite experience. 360 (2) Additional educational requirements must include 361 training in professionally accepted standards for

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prekindergarten programs, child development, and strategies and techniques to address the age-appropriate progress of prekindergarten students in attaining the performance standards adopted by the department under s. 1002.63.

- 1002.59 Emerging literacy prekindergarten school teacher preparation and continuing education course.--
- (1) The Florida Center for Reading Research at Florida
 State University shall design a web-based teacher preparation
 and continuing education course that will provide teachers of 4year-old children with the teaching skills necessary to teach
 these children the literacy, numeracy, phonics, phonemic
 awareness, and vocabulary foundation skills they need to be
 measured as ready for school when they are administered the
 uniform school readiness screening upon entry into public
 school.
- (2) The teacher education and continuing education course must be designed with sufficient flexibility to accommodate the variety of curricula and teaching methodologies that may be used by public, private, and faith-based prekindergarten schools.
- (3) The teacher preparation and continuing education course shall be provided to the department by May 1, 2005. By June 1, 2005, the department shall make the teacher preparation and continuing education course available to all VPK Program prekindergarten schools and teachers.
- (4) All teachers of 4-year-old children in prekindergarten schools participating in the VPK Program shall complete the teacher preparation and continuing education course.

389	(5) The course shall comprise 5 clock hours and provide
390	instruction in strategies and techniques to address the age-
391	appropriate progress of prekindergarten students. The course
392	must meet or exceed the requirements of the Department of
393	Children and Family Services for approved training in early
394	literacy and language development under ss. 402.305(2)(d)4.,
395	402.313(6), and 402.3131(5), and successful completion of the
396	course satisfies these requirements for approved training.
397	1002.63 Performance standards; curriculum and
398	accountability
399	(1) By January 1, 2005, the department, with the advice of
100	the advisory council, shall develop and adopt education
101	performance standards for students in the VPK Program. The
102	performance standards must address the age-appropriate progress
103	of students in the development of:
104	(a) The capabilities, capacities, and skills required
105	under s. 1(b), Art. IX of the State Constitution.
106	(b) Emerging literacy skills, including oral
107	communication, knowledge of print and letters, and phonological
108	or phonemic awareness.
109	(2)(a) Each prekindergarten school may select or design
110	the curriculum that the school uses to implement the VPK
111	Program, except as otherwise required for a school that is
12	placed on probation under paragraph (3)(c). Each school's
113	curriculum must be designed to enhance the age-appropriate
114	progress of students in attaining the performance standards
1 15	adopted by the department under subsection (1).
116	(b) The department shall review and approve curricula for

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use by schools that are placed on probation under paragraph (3)(c). The department shall maintain a list of the curricula approved under this paragraph. Each approved curriculum must be designed to:

- 1. Enhance the age-appropriate progress of students in attaining the performance standards adopted by the department under subsection (1).
- 2. Prepare students to be assessed as ready for kindergarten based upon the statewide kindergarten screening administered under s. 1002.65.
- (3)(a) The department shall verify compliance with this part of the prekindergarten schools delivering the VPK Program.
- (b) The department may remove a prekindergarten school from eligibility to deliver the VPK Program and to receive state funds for the program if the school fails or refuses to comply with this part.
- (c) Beginning with the kindergarten readiness rates for students completing the VPK Program during the 2005-2006 school year who are administered the statewide kindergarten screening during the 2006-2007 school year:
- 1. If less than 85 percent of the students in a prekindergarten school's prekindergarten program are assessed as ready for kindergarten based upon the statewide kindergarten screening, the department shall require the school to submit an improvement plan for approval and to implement the plan.
- 2. If a prekindergarten school fails to meet the 85percent kindergarten readiness rate for 2 consecutive years, the
 department shall place the school on probation and must require

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the school to take certain corrective actions, including the use
of a curriculum approved by the department under paragraph
(2)(b).

- 3. A prekindergarten school that is placed on probation must continue the corrective actions required under subparagraph 2., including the use of a curriculum approved by the department under paragraph (2)(b), until the school meets the 85-percent kindergarten readiness rate, based upon results of the statewide kindergarten screening administered under s. 1002.65.
 - 1002.65 Statewide kindergarten screening.--

- (1) The department, with the advice of the advisory council, shall adopt a statewide kindergarten screening that assesses the readiness of each student for kindergarten based upon the performance standards for the VPK Program adopted by the department under s. 1002.63(1). The department shall require that each school district administer the statewide kindergarten screening to every kindergarten student in the school district within 30 school days after the student's entry into kindergarten.
- (2) The statewide kindergarten screening shall provide objective data on each student's progress in attaining the performance standards adopted by the department under s. 1002.63(1).
- (3) The statewide kindergarten screening shall incorporate mechanisms for recognizing potential variations in kindergarten readiness rates for children with disabilities.
- (4)(a) During the 2004-2005 school year, the department shall implement a statewide kindergarten screening instrument

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that measures emerging phonemic awareness and phonics skills which are valid and reliable predictors of later reading performance.

- (b) For purposes of s. 1002.63(3)(c), the statewide kindergarten screening instrument implemented under paragraph (a) shall be used to calculate kindergarten readiness rates.
- (c) The kindergarten screening instrument implemented during the 2004-2005 school year shall continue to be used by the department for a minimum of 3 consecutive school years.
- (d) The Legislature shall review, at the 2007 Regular Session, the baseline data obtained under the statewide kindergarten screening instrument implemented under paragraph (a) and the 85-percent kindergarten readiness rate in s.

 1002.63(3)(c). The kindergarten screening instrument implemented by the department under paragraph (a) shall be used to calculate the kindergarten readiness rates for students completing the VPK Program during the 2005-2006 school year and for subsequent school years.
 - 1002.67 Funding; financial and attendance reporting.--
- (1) The department shall pay prekindergarten schools monthly for the VPK Program from funds provided in the General Appropriations Act for that purpose. A prekindergarten school must, in order to receive payment, certify student attendance each month to the department and submit a voucher or coupon or electronic coupon or code verifying the parent's continuing choice for the child to attend the school. The department shall contract for a payment system that contains maximum automation while providing flexibility for direct parental provider choice

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

and that contains built-in safeguards to minimize fraudulent conduct.

- (2)(a) Each parent enrolling his or her child in the VPK Program must agree to comply with the attendance policy of the prekindergarten school. Upon enrollment of the child, the prekindergarten school must provide the child's parent with a copy of the school's attendance policy.
- (b) The prekindergarten school may dismiss a student who does not comply with the school's attendance policy.
- (c) The department shall adopt procedures for documenting the attendance of students in the VPK Program. The procedures must provide requirements for the adjustment of a prekindergarten school's funding when a student has more than five consecutive unexcused absences during a month.
- (3) Except as otherwise expressly authorized by law, a
 prekindergarten school may not:
- (a) Impose or collect a fee or charge for services

 provided for a child enrolled in the VPK Program during a period

 reported for funding purposes under subsection (1); or
- (b) Require a child to enroll for, or require the payment of any fee or charge for, supplemental services as a condition of admitting a child for enrollment in the VPK Program.

 Supplemental or wrap-around services may be paid for by the parents or, if the child is eligible, by the early learning program pursuant to s. 411.01.
- (4) State funds provided for the VPK Program may not be used for the transportation of students to and from the program.

 A parent is responsible for the transportation of his or her

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529	child to and from the VPK Program. However, nothing shall
530	prohibit a prekindergarten school from opting to provide
531	transportation scholarships.
532	1002.69 Department of Education; Choice Office; powers and
533	duties
534	(1) The Choice Office of the Department of Education, with
535	the advice of the advisory council, shall contract with a
536	program administrator to administer the VPK Program at the
537	statewide level. The program administrator shall administer the
538	program effectively and efficiently in accordance with this
539	<pre>part.</pre>
540	(2) The department shall adopt procedures for:
541	(a) Enrolling children in and determining the eligibility
542	of children for the VPK Program under s. 1002.53.
543	(b) Providing parents with profiles of prekindergarten
544	schools under s. 1002.53.
545	(c) Registering and determining the eligibility of
546	prekindergarten schools to deliver the program under s. 1002.55.
547	(d) Approving prekindergarten director credentials under
548	ss. 1002.55 and 1002.57.
549	(e) Approving emerging literacy prekindergarten school
550	teacher preparation and continuing education courses under ss.
551	1002.55 and 1002.59.
552	(f) Verifying the compliance of prekindergarten schools,
553	and removing schools from eligibility to deliver the program for
554	noncompliance, under s. 1002.63.
555	(g) Approving improvement plans of prekindergarten schools

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under s. 1002.63.

557	(h) Placing prekindergarten schools on probation and
558	requiring corrective actions under s. 1002.63.
559	(i) Administering the statewide kindergarten screening and
560	calculating kindergarten readiness rates under s. 1002.65.
561	(j) Allocating funds for the VPK Program under s. 1002.67.
562	(k) Documenting and certifying student attendance and
563	continuing parental choice under s. 1002.67.
564	(1) Reenrolling students dismissed by a prekindergarten
565	school for noncompliance with the school's attendance policy
566	under s. 1002.67.
567	(m) Paying prekindergarten schools under s. 1002.67.
568	
569	Such procedures shall, through interagency agreement with state
570	or local agencies, make use of existing data or information
571	whenever feasible.
572	(3) Except as otherwise provided by law, the department
573	does not have authority to:
574	(a) Impose requirements on a prekindergarten school that
575	does not deliver the VPK Program or receive state funds under
576	this part.
577	(b) Impose any requirements which are not necessary for
578	the administration of the VPK Program under this part.
579	(c) Administer powers and duties assigned to the Agency
580	for Workforce Innovation or an early learning council under s.
581	411.01.
582	1002.701 Child development associate and child development

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associate equivalent training capacity.--

(1) The department shall conduct an evaluation of training requirements and testing procedures for child development associate and child development associate equivalent teachers in order to assess the status of this training and testing and to develop methods for improving these requirements and procedures. The evaluation shall be conducted every 3 years and shall include, but is not limited to, a determination of the accessibility, quality, scope, and sources of current training; a determination of the need for specialty training; and a determination of ways to increase inservice training and accessibility, quality, and cost-effectiveness of current and proposed training.

- (2)(a) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules establishing curriculum standards for the approval and renewal of child development associate and child development associate equivalent credential programs.
- associate equivalent credential shall include a requirement to successfully complete a competency-based examination for which a professional certificate will be awarded. The curriculum standards and renewal requirements for the state-approved child development associate equivalent credential must include literacy education, effective practices for increasing parental involvement, and strategies to meet the needs of non-English-speaking children and children with disabilities. Universities, community colleges, school districts, and private providers may provide training for professional development. Professional development shall encourage VPK Program teachers to improve

their skills through education and training toward the completion of an associate's degree in early childhood education or child development and with the goal of completing a bachelor's degree in early childhood education or child development.

develop guidelines for the articulation required in this section which maximize local flexibility in developing interinstitutional articulation agreements while ensuring that students in the field of early learning have the ability to proceed toward their higher educational and professional objectives. The State Board of Education shall adopt a rule for a statewide articulation agreement in which:

- introductory course under s. 402.305(2)(d) shall reduce the number of hours required for the equivalent state-approved child development associate credential by 45 hours. The specific competencies into which the hours articulate shall be determined by the State Board of Education.
- (2) Successful completion of a child development associate credential or an equivalent state-approved child development associate credential that includes the emerging literacy teacher preparation and continuing education course under s. 1002.59 shall articulate into a minimum of 8 community college credit hours in early childhood education. The specific courses into which the credits articulate shall be determined by the local community college.

639	(3) Successful completion of an associate degree in early
640	childhood education shall articulate into the appropriate state
641	university baccalaureate degree program.
642	1002.71 Early Learning Advisory Council
643	(1) There is created the Early Learning Advisory Council,
644	administratively housed within the Agency for Workforce
645	Innovation. The purpose of the advisory council is to advise the
646	Department of Education and the Agency for Workforce Innovation
647	on early childhood education policy, including advice relating
648	to administration of the VPK Program under this part and the
649	early learning programs under s. 411.01.
650	(2) The advisory council shall be composed of 16 members,
651	as follows:
652	(a) Twelve members appointed by the Governor, comprised of
653	representatives of:
654	1. Parents.
655	2. State university presidents.
656	3. Community college presidents.
657	4. Private postsecondary educational institution
658	presidents.
659	5. District school superintendents.
660	6. Florida Association of Academic Nonpublic Schools
661	(FAANS).
662	7. Early learning council chairs.
663	8. Prekindergarten schools specializing in children with
664	disabilities.
665	9. Faith-based prekindergarten schools.
666	10. Private prekindergarten schools.

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11. Family day care homes that provide prekindergarten education.

12. Chambers of commerce.

(b) Two members appointed by, and who serve at the pleasure of, the President of the Senate and two members appointed by, and who serve at the pleasure of, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who must each meet the same qualifications as private-sector business members appointed to an early learning council under s. 411.01(5)(a)6.

The advisory council shall elect its chair annually by majority vote. The members appointed under this subsection must be geographically and demographically representative of the state. The members shall be appointed to terms of 3 years each, except that, to establish staggered terms, one-half of the members shall be appointed to initial terms of 2 years each. Members may serve a maximum of two consecutive terms.

- (3) The advisory council shall meet at least quarterly but may meet as often as necessary to carry out its duties and responsibilities.
- (4)(a) Each member of the advisory council shall serve without compensation but is entitled to per diem and travel expenses for attendance at council meetings as provided in s. 112.061.
- (b) Each member of the advisory council is subject to the ethics provisions in part III of chapter 112.
- (c) For purposes of tort liability, each member of the advisory council shall be governed by s. 768.28.

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The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall provide

staff and administrative support for the advisory council.

1002.75 Rulemaking authority.--The State Board of
Education shall adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to
administer the provisions of this part that confer duties upon
the department. However, the inclusion of eligible private and
faith-based options for the VPK Program available to the state's
4-year-old children does not expand any regulatory authority to
impose any additional regulation of private and faith-based
prekindergarten schools beyond those reasonably necessary to
enforce requirements expressly set forth in this part. The
rulemaking authority in this section does not apply to any
prekindergarten school that chooses not to participate in the
VPK Program. The state board shall adopt initial rules for the

Section 2. Section 402.3017, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 1002.73, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

- 1002.73 402.3017 Teacher Education and Compensation Helps (TEACH) Early Childhood Project or other scholarship initiatives; Home Instruction for Parents of Preschool Youngsters (HIPPY) program.--
- (1) The Legislature finds that the level of early child care teacher education and training is a key predictor for determining program quality. The Legislature also finds that low wages for child care workers prevent many from obtaining increased training and education and contribute to high turnover rates. The Legislature therefore intends to help fund a program

VPK Program by January 1, 2005.

which links teacher training and education to compensation and commitment to the field of early childhood education.

- (1)(2) The department may of Children and Family Services is authorized to contract for the administration of the Teacher Education and Compensation Helps (TEACH) Early Childhood Project or other scholarship initiatives. The project shall be based upon the national model and shall provide scholarship program, which provides educational scholarships to early childhood education personnel caregivers and administrators of early childhood programs, family day care homes, and large family child care homes.
- (2) The department may contract for the administration of the Home Instruction for Parents of Preschool Youngsters (HIPPY) program. The program shall be based on its national model and encourage parental involvement in early learning programs by providing parents with assistance in preparing their children for school.
- (3) The <u>State Board of Education may department shall</u> adopt rules as necessary to administer implement this section.
- (4) For the 2003-2004 fiscal year only, the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall administer this section. This subsection expires July 1, 2004.
- Section 3. Effective November 1, 2004, section 411.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 411.01 <u>Early learning programs; early learning councils</u>
 Florida Partnership for School readiness; school readiness
 coalitions.--

(1) <u>POPULAR NAME</u> SHORT TITLE. -- This section may be <u>known</u> by the popular name cited as the "<u>Early Learning School</u>

Readiness Act."

(2) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.--

- (a) The Legislature recognizes that <u>early learning school</u> readiness programs increase children's chances of achieving future educational success and becoming productive members of society. It is the intent of the Legislature that <u>the such</u> programs be developmentally appropriate, research-based, involve parents as their child's first teacher, serve as preventive measures for children at risk of future school failure, enhance the educational readiness of eligible children, and support family education. Each <u>early learning school readiness</u> program shall provide the elements necessary to prepare at-risk children for school, including health screening and referral and an appropriate educational program.
- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that <u>early</u> <u>learning school readiness</u> programs be operated on a full-day, year-round basis to the maximum extent possible to enable parents to work and become financially self-sufficient.
- (c) It is the intent of the Legislature that <u>early</u> <u>learning school readiness</u> programs not exist as isolated programs, but build upon existing services and work in cooperation with other programs for young children, and that <u>early learning school readiness</u> programs be coordinated and <u>funding integrated</u> to achieve full effectiveness.
- (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that the administrative staff at the state level for <u>early learning</u>

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school readiness programs be kept to the minimum necessary to administer carry out the duties of the Agency for Workforce Innovation Florida Partnership for School Readiness, as the early learning school readiness programs are to be regionally locally designed, operated, and managed, with the Agency for Workforce Innovation Florida Partnership for School Readiness adopting a system for measuring school readiness; developing early learning school readiness program performance standards and, outcome measures measurements, and data design and review; and approving and reviewing early learning councils and early learning local school readiness coalitions and plans.

- (e) It is the intent of the Legislature that appropriations for combined <u>early learning school readiness</u> programs shall not be less than the programs would receive in any fiscal year on an uncombined basis.
- learning programs the school readiness program coordinate and operate in conjunction with the district school systems.

 However, it is also the intent of the Legislature that the early learning school readiness program not be construed as part of the system of free public schools but rather as a separate program for children under the age of kindergarten eligibility, funded separately from the system of free public schools, utilizing a mandatory sliding fee scale, and providing an integrated and seamless system of early learning school readiness services for the state's birth-to-kindergarten population.

(g) It is the intent of the Legislature that the federal child care income tax credit be preserved for <u>early learning</u> school readiness programs.

- (h) It is the intent of the Legislature that <u>early</u> <u>learning school readiness</u> services shall be an integrated and seamless system of services with a developmentally appropriate education component for the state's eligible birth-to-kindergarten population described in subsection (6) and shall not be construed as part of the seamless K-20 education system except for the administration of the uniform screening system upon entry into kindergarten.
- (3) PARENTAL PARTICIPATION IN EARLY LEARNING PROGRAMS

 SCHOOL READINESS PROGRAM. -- This section does not:
- (a) The school readiness program shall be phased in on a coalition-by-coalition basis. Each coalition's school readiness program shall have available to it funding from all the coalition's early education and child care programs that are funded with state, federal, lottery, or local funds, including but not limited to Florida First Start programs, Even-Start literacy programs, prekindergarten early intervention programs, Head Start programs, programs offered by public and private providers of child care, migrant prekindergarten programs, Title I programs, subsidized child care programs, and teen parent programs, together with any additional funds appropriated or obtained for purposes of this section. These programs and their funding streams shall be components of the coalition's integrated school readiness program, with the goal of preparing children for success in school.

- (b) Nothing contained in this act is intended to:
- 834 (a)1. Relieve parents and guardians of their own obligations to prepare ready their children for school; or

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- $\underline{\text{(b)}_{2}}$. Create any obligation to provide publicly funded $\underline{\text{early learning school readiness}}$ programs or services beyond those authorized by the Legislature.
- (4) <u>AGENCY FOR WORKFORCE INNOVATION</u> FLORIDA PARTNERSHIP FOR SCHOOL READINESS.--
- The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall Florida Partnership for School Readiness was created to fulfill three major purposes: to administer early learning programs at the statewide level and shall school readiness program services that help parents prepare eligible children for school; to coordinate the early learning councils in providing early learning provision of school readiness services on a full-day, full-year, full-choice basis to the extent possible in order to enable parents to work and be financially self-sufficient; and to establish a uniform screening instrument to be implemented by the Department of Education and administered by the school districts upon entry into kindergarten to assess the readiness for school of all children. Readiness for kindergarten is the outcome measure of the success of each school readiness program that receives state or federal funds. The partnership is assigned to the Agency for Workforce Innovation for administrative purposes.
- (b) The <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> Florida

 Partnership for School Readiness shall:

1. Coordinate the birth-to-kindergarten services for children who are eligible <u>under pursuant to</u> subsection (6) and the programmatic, administrative, and fiscal standards <u>under pursuant to</u> this section for all public providers of <u>early</u> learning <u>school readiness</u> programs.

- 2. Continue to provide unified leadership for <u>early</u>

 <u>learning school readiness</u> through <u>early learning councils</u> local

 <u>school readiness coalitions</u>.
- 3. Focus on improving the educational quality of all publicly funded <u>early learning</u> school readiness programs.

(c)1. The Florida Partnership for School Readiness shall include the Lieutenant Governor, the Commissioner of Education, the Secretary of Children and Family Services, and the Secretary of Health, or their designees, and the chair of the Child Care Executive Partnership Board, and the chairperson of the Board of Directors of Workforce Florida, Inc. When the Lieutenant Governor or an agency head appoints a designee, the designee must be an individual who attends consistently, and, in the event that the Lieutenant Governor or agency head and his or her designee both attend a meeting, only one of them may vote.

2. The partnership shall also include 14 members of the public who shall be business, community, and civic leaders in the state who are not elected to public office. These members and their families must not have a direct contract with any local coalition to provide school readiness services. The members must be geographically and demographically representative of the state. Each member shall be appointed by the Governor from a list of nominees submitted by the President

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of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. By July 1, 2001, four members shall be appointed as follows: two members shall be from the child care industry, one representing the private for-profit sector appointed by the Governor from a list of two nominees submitted by the President of the Senate and one representing faith-based providers appointed by the Governor from a list of two nominees submitted by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and two members shall be from the business community, one appointed by the Governor from a list of two nominees submitted by the President of the Senate and one appointed by the Governor from a list of two nominees submitted by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Members shall be appointed to 4-year terms of office. The members of the partnership shall elect a chairperson annually from the nongovernmental members of the partnership. Any vacancy on the partnership shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

- (d) The partnership shall meet at least quarterly but may meet as often as it deems necessary to carry out its duties and responsibilities. Members of the partnership shall participate without proxy at the quarterly meetings. The partnership may take official action by a majority vote of the members present at any meeting at which a quorum is present.
- (e) Members of the partnership are subject to the ethics provisions in part III of chapter 112, and no member may derive any financial benefit from the funds administered by the Florida Partnership for School Readiness.

(f) Members of the partnership shall serve without compensation but are entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as provided in s. 112.061, and reimbursement for other reasonable, necessary, and actual expenses.

- (g) For the purposes of tort liability, the members of the partnership and its employees shall be governed by s. 768.28.
- (h) The partnership shall appoint an executive director who shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor. The executive director shall perform the duties assigned to him or her by the partnership. The executive director shall be responsible for hiring, subject to the approval of the partnership, all employees and staff members, who shall serve under his or her direction and control.
- (c)(i) For purposes of administration of the federal Child Care and Development Fund, 45 C.F.R. parts 98 and 99, the Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership may be designated by the Governor as the lead agency, and, if so designated, shall comply with the lead agency responsibilities under pursuant to federal law.
- (d)(j) The Agency for Workforce Innovation Florida

 Partnership for School Readiness is the principal organization responsible for the enhancement of school readiness for the state's children, and shall:
- 1. Be responsible for the prudent use of all public and private funds in accordance with all legal and contractual requirements.

2. Provide final approval and periodic review of <u>early</u> <u>learning councils coalitions and <u>early learning</u> plans.</u>

- 3. Provide leadership for the enhancement of early learning school readiness in this state by aggressively establishing a unified approach to the state's efforts toward enhancement of early learning school readiness. In support of this effort, the Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership may develop and implement specific strategies that address the state's early learning school readiness programs.
- 4. Safeguard the effective use of federal, state, local, and private resources to achieve the highest possible level of early learning school readiness for the state's children in this state.
- 5. Provide technical assistance to <u>early learning councils</u> coalitions.
 - 6. Assess gaps in service.

- 7. Provide technical assistance to counties that form <u>an</u> <u>early learning council serving</u> a multicounty <u>region</u> <u>coalition</u>.
- 8.a. Adopt a system for measuring school readiness that provides objective data regarding the expectations for school readiness, and establish a method for collecting the data and guidelines for using the data. The measurement, the data collection, and the use of the data must serve the statewide school readiness goal. The criteria for determining which data to collect should be the usefulness of the data to state policymakers and local program administrators in administering programs and allocating state funds, and must include the tracking of school readiness system information back to

individual school readiness programs to assist in determining program effectiveness.

- b. Adopt a system for evaluating the performance of students through the third grade to compare the performance of those who participated in school readiness programs with the performance of students who did not participate in school readiness programs in order to identify strategies for continued successful student performance.
- 8.9. Develop and adopt, with the advice of the Early
 Learning Advisory Council created under s. 1002.71 and the
 Department of Education, performance standards and outcome
 measures for early learning programs. The performance standards
 must address the age-appropriate progress of children in the
 development of the early learning skills required under
 paragraph (j). The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall
 integrate the performance standards for early learning programs
 into the education performance standards for the VPK Program
 adopted by the Department of Education under s. 1002.63.
- (e)(k) The Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 necessary to administer the provisions of law conferring duties upon the agency, including, but not limited this section which relate to, rules governing the preparation preparing and implementation of implementing the early learning system for school readiness, the collection of collecting data, the approval of early learning councils and early learning approving local school readiness coalitions and plans, the provision of providing a method whereby an early learning council may a coalition can serve two

or more counties, <u>the award of awarding</u> incentives to <u>early</u> <u>learning councils</u> <u>coalitions</u>, and <u>the issuance of issuing</u> waivers.

- (f)(1) The Agency for Workforce Innovation Florida

 Partnership for School Readiness shall have all powers necessary to administer carry out the purposes of this section, including, but not limited to, the power to receive and accept grants, loans, or advances of funds from any public or private agency and to receive and accept from any source contributions of money, property, labor, or any other thing of value, to be held, used, and applied for the purposes of this section.
- (g) Except as otherwise provided by law, the Agency for Workforce Innovation does not have authority to:
- 1. Impose requirements on a child care or early childhood education provider that does not deliver services under an early learning program or receive state or federal funds under this section.
- 2. Administer powers and duties assigned to the Department of Education under part V of chapter 1002.
- (h)(m) The Agency for Workforce Innovation Florida

 Partnership for School Readiness shall have a budget for the early learning system, which and shall be financed through an annual appropriation made for purposes of this section purpose in the General Appropriations Act.
- (i)(n) The Agency for Workforce Innovation, with the advice of the Early Learning Advisory Council, partnership shall coordinate the efforts toward early learning school readiness in this state and provide independent policy analyses and

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recommendations to the Governor, the State Board of Education, and the Legislature.

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- (j)(o) The Agency for Workforce Innovation, with the advice of the Early Learning Advisory Council, shall require each early learning council's early learning program to, at a minimum, enhance the age-appropriate progress of each child in the development of The partnership shall prepare and submit to the State Board of Education a system for measuring school readiness. The system must include a uniform screening, which shall provide objective data regarding the following early learning skills expectations for school readiness which shall include, at a minimum:
- 1. The child's immunizations and other health requirements as necessary, including appropriate vision and hearing screening and examinations.
 - 1.2. The child's Physical development.
- 1042 $\underline{2.3.}$ The child's Compliance with rules, limitations, and routines.
- 3.4. The child's Ability to perform tasks.
 - 4.5. The child's Interactions with adults.
 - 5.6. The child's Interactions with peers.
- 1047 6.7. The child's Ability to cope with challenges.
- 7.8. The child's Self-help skills.
- 1049 <u>8.9.</u> The child's Ability to express the child's his or her
- 1051 9.10. The child's Verbal communication skills.
- 1052 10.11. The child's Problem-solving skills.
- 1053 11.12. The child's Following of verbal directions.

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1054 12.13. The child's Demonstration of curiosity, 1055 persistence, and exploratory behavior. 13.14. The child's Interest in books and other printed 1056 1057 materials. 1058 14.15. The child's Paying attention to stories. 1059 15.16. The child's Participation in art and music 1060 activities. 1061 16.17. The child's Ability to identify colors, geometric 1062 shapes, letters of the alphabet, numbers, and spatial and 1063 temporal relationships. 1064 1065 To enhance progress in the development of the early learning 1066 skills specified in this paragraph, each early learning 1067 council's early learning program shall ensure that, prior to a 1068 child's enrollment in an early learning program, information 1069 regarding a child's immunizations and physical development and other health information as necessary, including appropriate 1070 vision and hearing screening and examinations, is obtained. 1071 1072 (p) The partnership shall prepare a plan for implementing 1073 the system for measuring school readiness in such a way that all 1074 children in this state will undergo the uniform screening 1075 established by the partnership when they enter kindergarten. 1076 Children who enter public school for the first time in first 1077 grade must undergo a uniform screening approved by the 1078 partnership for use in first grade. Because children with disabilities may not be able to meet all of the identified 1079 1080 expectations for school readiness, the plan for measuring school 1081 readiness shall incorporate mechanisms for recognizing the

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potential variations in expectations for school readiness when serving children with disabilities and shall provide for communities to serve children with disabilities.

- (k) (q) The Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership shall conduct studies and planning activities related to the overall improvement and effectiveness of the outcome school readiness measures adopted by the agency for early learning programs.
- of the Early Learning Advisory Council, shall adopt and administer a quality-assurance system. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall use the quality-assurance system to monitor and evaluate the performance of each early learning council in administering the early learning program and implementing the council's early learning plan. The quality-assurance system must include, at a minimum, onsite monitoring of each council's finances, management, operations, and programs.
- (m) The Agency for Workforce Innovation, with the advice of the Early Learning Advisory Council, shall identify best practices of early learning councils in order to improve the outcomes of early learning programs.
- (r) The partnership shall establish procedures for performance-based budgeting in school readiness programs.
- (n)(s) The Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership shall submit an annual report of its activities conducted under this section to the Governor, the executive director of the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the minority

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leaders of both houses of the Legislature. In addition, the Agency for Workforce Innovation's partnership's reports and recommendations shall be made available to the State Board of Education, the Early Learning Advisory Council, other appropriate state agencies and entities, district school boards, central agencies for child care, and county health departments. The annual report must provide an analysis of early learning school readiness activities across the state, including the number of children who were served in the programs and the number of children who were ready for school.

(o)(t) The Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership shall work with early learning councils school readiness coalitions to increase parents' training for and involvement in their children's preschool education and to provide family literacy activities and programs.

To ensure that the system for measuring school readiness is comprehensive and appropriate statewide, as the system is developed and implemented, the partnership must consult with representatives of district school systems, providers of public and private child care, health care providers, large and small employers, experts in education for children with disabilities, and experts in child development.

- (5) CREATION OF <u>EARLY LEARNING COUNCILS</u> SCHOOL READINESS COALITIONS.--
 - (a) Early learning councils School readiness coalitions .--
- 1. The Agency for Workforce Innovation, with the advice of the Early Learning Advisory Council, shall establish the minimum

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number of children younger than kindergarten eligibility to be served by each early learning council through the council's early learning program. The Agency for Workforce Innovation may only approve early learning plans in accordance with this minimum number. The minimum number must be uniform for every early learning council and must:

- <u>a.</u> Permit 28 or fewer councils to be established which, to the maximum extent practicable, have regions that are coterminous with community college service regions.
- b. Require each council to serve at least 1,500 children younger than kindergarten eligibility as defined in s. 1002.51.

Each early learning council shall be organized in accordance with this subparagraph by January 1, 2005. No school readiness coalition may become a provider of direct services, including eligibility determination, resource and referral, training and technical assistance, and provider payments, unless the decision to provide such service was officially made by the coalition prior to January 1, 2004.

2.1. If an early learning council a coalition's plan would serve fewer less than 400 birth-to-kindergarten age children than the minimum number established under subparagraph 1., the council coalition must either join with another county to form a multicounty council coalition, enter an agreement with a fiscal agent to serve more than one coalition, or demonstrate to the partnership its ability to effectively and efficiently implement its plan as a single-county coalition and meet all required performance standards and outcome measures.

3. The Agency for Workforce Innovation, with the advice of the Early Learning Advisory Council, shall adopt standards establishing the minimum number and the maximum number of members that may be appointed to an early learning council.

These standards shall include variations for a council serving a multicounty region. Each early learning council must comply with these standards.

- 4. The Governor shall appoint a majority of the members, including the chair, of each early learning council.
- 5.2. Each <u>early learning council</u> <u>coalition shall have at least 18 but not more than 25 members and such members</u> must include the following members:
- a. A Department of Children and Family Services district administrator or his or her designee who is authorized to make decisions on behalf of the department.
- b. A district superintendent of schools or his or her designee who is authorized to make decisions on behalf of the district.
- c. A regional workforce development board executive chair or director or his or her designee, where applicable.
- d. A county health department director or his or her designee.
- e. A children's services council or juvenile welfare board chair or executive director, if applicable.
- f. An agency head of a <u>local</u> child care licensing agency as defined in s. 402.302, where applicable head.

- g. A president of a community college or his or her designee One member appointed by a Department of Children and Family Services district administrator.
- h. One member appointed by a board of county commissioners.
 - i. One member appointed by a district school board.
- 1198 <u>i.j.</u> A central child care agency administrator, where 1199 applicable.
 - j.k. A Head Start director.

- <u>k.l.</u> A representative of private child care providers, including family day care homes.
 - 1.m. A representative of faith-based child care providers.
- m. A representative of a program serving children with disabilities.
- 6. More than one-third of the coalition members of each early learning council must be private-sector business members who do not have, and none of whose relatives as defined in s.

 112.3143 have, a substantial financial interest in the design or delivery of the VPK Program created under part V of chapter 1002 or the council's early learning program from the private sector, and neither they nor their families may earn an income from the early education and child care industry. To meet this requirement, an early learning council a coalition must appoint additional members pursuant to guidelines and procedures promulgated by the Agency for Workforce Innovation from a list of nominees presented to the coalition by a chamber of commerce or economic development council within the geographic area of the coalition. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt

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These criteria must include standards for determining whether a member or relative has a substantial financial interest in the design or delivery of the VPK Program or the council's early learning program.

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- 7.3. A No member of an early learning council a coalition may not appoint a designee to act in his or her place except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. A member may send a representative to council coalition meetings, but that representative does not will have no voting privileges. When a district superintendent of schools, or a district administrator for the Department of Children and Family Services, a regional workforce board executive director, a county health department director, or a president of a community college appoints a designee to an early learning council a school readiness coalition, the designee is will be the voting member of the council coalition, and any individual attending in the designee's his or her place, including the district administrator, or superintendent, workforce board executive director, health department director, or community college president, does not will have no voting privileges.
- 8.4. Each member Members of an early learning council is the coalition are subject to ss. 112.313, 112.3135, and 112.3143 the ethics provisions in part III of chapter 112. For purposes of s. 112.3143(3)(a), each member is a local public officer who must abstain from voting when a voting conflict exists.
- 9.5. For the purposes of tort liability, each member or employee of an early learning council the members of the school

readiness coalition and its employees shall be governed by s. 1249 768.28.

- 10.6. An early learning council serving a multicounty region coalitions shall include representation from each county.
- 11.7. Each early learning council shall establish The terms for of all appointed members of the council, where appropriate. The terms coalition must be staggered and must be a uniform length that does not exceed 4 years per term. Appointed members may serve a maximum of two consecutive terms. When a vacancy occurs in an appointed position, the council coalition must advertise the vacancy.
- (b) Program participation.—The <u>early learning school</u> readiness program shall be established for children <u>younger than</u> those eligible for <u>from birth to 5 years of age or until the child enters</u> kindergarten <u>as defined in s. 1002.51</u>. The program shall be administered by the <u>early learning council school readiness coalition</u>. Within funding limitations, the <u>early learning council school readiness coalition</u>, along with all providers, shall make reasonable efforts to accommodate the needs of children for extended-day and extended-year services without compromising the quality of the program.
 - (c) Program expectations. --
- 1. The <u>early learning</u> school readiness program must meet the following expectations:
- a. The program must, at a minimum, enhance the ageappropriate progress of each child in the development of the
 early learning skills required under paragraph (4)(j) prepare
 preschool children to enter kindergarten ready to learn, as

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measured by the performance standards and outcome measures

adopted criteria established by the Agency for Workforce

Innovation Florida Partnership for School Readiness.

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- b. The program must provide extended-day and extended-year services to the maximum extent possible to meet the needs of parents who work.
- c. There must be coordinated staff development and teaching opportunities.
- d. There must be expanded access to community services and resources for families to help achieve economic self-sufficiency.
- e. There must be a single point of entry and unified waiting list. As used in this sub-subparagraph, the term "single point of entry" means an integrated information system that allows a parent to enroll his or her child in the early learning program at various locations throughout the county or multicounty region served by an early learning council, that may allow a parent to enroll his or her child by telephone or through an Internet website, and that uses a unified waiting list to track eligible children waiting for enrollment in the early learning program. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall establish a single statewide information system that integrates each early learning council's single point of entry, and each council must use the statewide system. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall make the single statewide information system available to the Department of Education for purposes of the VPK Program under part V of chapter 1002.

f. The access of eligible children to the early learning program, as demonstrated in part by waiting lists, must be considered by the Agency for Workforce Innovation before it approves a proposed increase in payment rates submitted by an early learning council As long as funding or eligible populations do not decrease, the program must serve at least as many children as were served prior to implementation of the program.

- g. There must be a community plan to address the needs of all eligible children.
- h. The program must meet all state licensing guidelines, where applicable.
- 2. The <u>early learning council</u> school readiness coalition must implement a comprehensive program of <u>early learning</u> readiness services that enhance the cognitive, social, and physical development of children to achieve the performance standards and outcome measures <u>adopted</u> specified by the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership</u>. At a minimum, these programs must contain the following elements:
- a. Developmentally appropriate curriculum <u>designed to</u> enhance the age-appropriate progress of children in attaining the performance standards adopted by the Agency for Workforce Innovation under subparagraph (4)(d)8.
- b. A character development program to develop basic values.
- 1328 c. An age-appropriate assessment of each child's development.

d. A pretest administered to children when they enter a program and a posttest administered to children when they leave the program.

- e. An appropriate staff-to-children staff-to-child ratio.
- f. A healthy healthful and safe environment.
- g. A resource and referral network to assist parents in making an informed choice.
 - (d) Implementation. --

- 1. An early learning council may not implement the early learning school readiness program is to be phased in. until the council is authorized through coalition implements its plan, the county shall continue to receive the services identified in subsection (3) through the various agencies that would be responsible for delivering those services under current law. Plan implementation is subject to approval of the council's early learning coalition and the plan by the Agency for Workforce Innovation Florida Partnership for School Readiness.
- 2. Each <u>early learning council</u> <u>school readiness coalition</u> shall develop a plan for implementing the <u>early learning school readiness</u> program to meet the requirements of this section and the performance standards and outcome measures <u>adopted established</u> by the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership</u>. The plan must include a written description of the role of the program in the coalition's effort to meet the first state education goal, readiness to start school, including a description of the plan to involve the prekindergarten early intervention programs, Head Start Programs, programs offered by public or private providers of child care, preschool programs

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for children with disabilities, programs for migrant children, Title I programs, subsidized child care programs, and teen parent programs. The plan must also demonstrate how the program will ensure that each 3-year-old and 4-year-old child in a publicly funded early learning school readiness program receives scheduled activities and instruction designed to enhance the age-appropriate progress of the prepare children in attaining the performance standards adopted by the Agency for Workforce Innovation under subparagraph (4)(d)8 to enter kindergarten ready to learn. Before Prior to implementation of the early learning program, the early learning council school readiness coalition must submit the plan to the Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership for approval. The Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership may approve the plan, reject the plan, or approve the plan with conditions. The Agency for Workforce Innovation Florida Partnership for School Readiness shall review early learning coalition plans at least annually.

3. If the Agency for Workforce Innovation determines during the annual review of early learning plans, or through monitoring and performance evaluations conducted under the quality-assurance system, that an early learning council has not substantially implemented its plan or has not substantially met the performance standards and outcome measures adopted by the agency, the agency may reject the council's plan and contract with a qualified entity to continue early learning services in the council's county or multicounty region until the council is reestablished through resubmission of an early learning plan and approval by the agency.

4.3. The Agency for Workforce Innovation, with the advice of the Early Learning Advisory Council, shall adopt criteria for the approval of early learning plans. The criteria must be consistent with the performance standards and outcome measures adopted by the agency and must require each approved plan to for the school readiness program must include the following minimum standards and provisions:

- a. A sliding fee scale establishing a copayment for parents based upon their ability to pay, which is the same for all program providers, to be implemented and reflected in each program's budget.
- b. A choice of settings and locations in licensed, registered, religious-exempt, or school-based programs to be provided to parents.
- c. Instructional staff who have completed the training course as required in s. 402.305(2)(d)1., as well as staff who have additional training or credentials as required by the Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership. The plan must provide a method for assuring the qualifications of all personnel in all program settings.
- d. Specific eligibility priorities for children within the early learning council's coalition's county or multicounty region in accordance with pursuant to subsection (6).
- e. Performance standards and outcome measures <u>adopted</u>

 established by the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> partnership

 or alternatively, standards and outcome measures to be used

 until such time as the partnership adopts such standards and

 outcome measures.

f. Payment Reimbursement rates adopted that have been developed by the early learning council and approved by the Agency for Workforce Innovation coalition. Payment Reimbursement rates shall not have the effect of limiting parental choice or creating standards or levels of services that have not been authorized by the Legislature.

- g. Systems support services, including a central agency, child care resource and referral, eligibility determinations, training of providers, and parent support and involvement.
- h. Direct enhancement services to families and children. System support and direct enhancement services shall be in addition to payments for the placement of children in early school readiness programs.
- i. The A business organization of the early learning council plan, which must include the council's articles of incorporation and bylaws if the council is organized as a corporation. If the council is not organized as a corporation or other business entity, the plan must include the contract with a fiscal school readiness agent if the coalition is not a legally established corporate entity. An early learning council Coalitions may contract with other early learning councils coalitions to achieve efficiency in multicounty multiple-county services, and these such contracts may be part of the council's early learning coalition's business plan.
- j. Strategies to meet the needs of unique populations, such as migrant workers.

As part of the <u>early learning</u> plan, the <u>early learning council</u> coalition may request the Governor to apply for a waiver to allow the <u>council</u> coalition to administer the Head Start Program to accomplish the purposes of the <u>early learning school</u> readiness program. If <u>an early learning any school readiness</u> plan <u>demonstrates</u> can demonstrate that specific statutory goals may can be achieved more effectively by using procedures that require modification of existing rules, policies, or procedures, a request for a waiver to the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> partnership may be <u>submitted made</u> as part of the plan. Upon review, the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> partnership may grant the proposed modification.

- 5.4. Persons with an early childhood teaching certificate may provide support and supervision to other staff in the <u>early learning school readiness</u> program.
- 6.5. An early learning council The coalition may not implement its early learning plan until the council it submits the plan to and receives approval from the Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership. Once the plan is has been approved, the plan and the services provided under the plan shall be controlled by the early learning council coalition rather than by the state agencies or departments. The plan shall be reviewed and revised as necessary, but at least annually biennially. An early learning council may not implement the revisions until the council submits the revised plan to and receives approval from the Agency for Workforce Innovation. If the agency rejects a revised plan, the council must continue to operate under its prior approved plan.

7.6. Sections The following statutes will not apply to local coalitions with approved plans: ss. 125.901(2)(a)3., 411.221, and 411.232 do not apply to an early learning council with an approved early learning plan. To facilitate innovative practices and to allow the regional local establishment of early learning school readiness programs, an early learning council a school readiness coalition may apply to the Governor and Cabinet for a waiver of, and the Governor and Cabinet may waive, any of the provisions of ss. 411.223, 411.232, and 1003.54 if the waiver is necessary for implementation of the council's early learning coalition's school readiness plan.

- 8.7. Two or more counties may join for <u>purposes</u> the <u>purpose</u> of planning and implementing <u>an early learning</u> a school readiness program.
- 9.8. An early learning council a coalition may, subject to approval by of the Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership as part of the council's early learning coalition's plan, receive subsidized child care funds for all children eligible for any federal subsidized child care program and be the provider of the program services.
- 10.9. An early learning council may Coalitions are authorized to enter into multiparty contracts with multicounty service providers in order to meet the needs of unique populations such as migrant workers.
 - (e) Requests for proposals; payment schedule. --
- 1. At least once every 3 years, beginning July 1, 2001,
 Each early learning council coalition must comply with follow
 the competitive procurement requirements of s. 287.057 for the

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procurement of commodities or contractual services from the funds described in paragraph (9)(d) school readiness programs.

The period of a contract for purchase of these commodities or contractual services, together with any renewal of the original contract, may not exceed 3 years.

- develop a payment schedule that encompasses all programs funded by the council under this section that coalition. The payment schedule must take into consideration the relevant market rate, must include the projected number of children to be served, and must be submitted for approval by to the Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership for information. Informal child care arrangements shall be reimbursed at not more than 50 percent of the rate developed for a family day care home childcare.
- (f) Requirements relating to fiscal agents.--If an early learning council the local coalition is not a legally organized as a corporation or other business established corporate entity, the council coalition must designate a fiscal agent, which may be a public entity or a private nonprofit organization. The fiscal agent must shall be required to provide financial and administrative services under pursuant to a contract or agreement with the early learning council school readiness coalition. The fiscal agent may not provide direct early childhood education or child care services; however, a fiscal agent may provide those such services upon written request of the early learning council coalition to the Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership and upon the approval of the such request by the agency partnership. The cost of the financial and

administrative services shall be negotiated between the fiscal agent and the <u>early learning council</u> school readiness coalition. If the fiscal agent is a provider of early <u>childhood</u> education and <u>child</u> care programs, the contract must specify that the fiscal agent <u>shall</u> will act on policy direction from the <u>early learning council</u> coalition and <u>must</u> will not receive policy direction from its own corporate board regarding disbursal of <u>the early learning council's coalition</u> funds. The fiscal agent shall disburse funds in accordance with the <u>early learning council's</u> approved <u>early learning coalition school readiness</u> plan and based on billing and disbursement procedures approved by the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership</u>. The fiscal agent must conform to all data-reporting requirements established by the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership</u>.

- council school readiness coalition shall conduct an evaluation of the effectiveness of the early learning school readiness program, including performance standards and outcome measures, and shall provide an annual report and fiscal statement to the Agency for Workforce Innovation Florida Partnership for School Readiness. This report must conform to the content and format specifications set by the Agency for Workforce Innovation Florida Partnership for School Readiness. The Agency for Workforce Innovation workforce Innovation partnership must include an analysis of the early learning councils' coalition reports in the agency's its annual report.
- (6) PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY. -- <u>Each early learning council's</u> early learning The school readiness program shall be established

for children younger than those eligible for under the age of kindergarten as defined in s. 1002.51 eligibility. Priority for participation in the early learning school readiness program shall be given to children age 3 years to school entry who are served by the Family Safety Program Office of the Department of Children and Family Services or a community-based lead agency under pursuant to chapter 39 and for whom child care is needed to minimize risk of further abuse, neglect, or abandonment. Other eligible populations include children who meet one or more of the following criteria:

- (a) Children under the age of kindergarten eligibility who are:
- 1. Children determined to be at risk of abuse, neglect, or exploitation who are currently clients of the Family Safety

 Program Office of the Department of Children and Family Services but who are not otherwise given priority under this subsection.
- 2.1. Children at risk of welfare dependency, including economically disadvantaged children, children of participants in the welfare transition program, children of migrant farmworkers, and children of teen parents.
- 3.2. Children of working families whose family income does not exceed 150 percent of the federal poverty level.
- $\underline{4.3.}$ Children for whom the state is paying a relative caregiver payment under s. 39.5085.
- (b) Three-year-old children and 4-year-old children who may not be economically disadvantaged but who have disabilities, have been served in a specific part-time or combination of part-time exceptional education programs with required special

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services, aids, or equipment, and were previously reported for funding part time with the Florida Education Finance Program as exceptional students.

- (c) Economically disadvantaged children, children with disabilities, and children at risk of future school failure, from birth to 4 years of age, who are served at home through home visitor programs and intensive parent education programs such as the Florida First Start Program.
- (d) Children who meet federal and state <u>eligibility</u> requirements for eligibility for the migrant preschool program but who do not meet the criteria of economically disadvantaged.

As used in this subsection, the term An "economically disadvantaged" child means a child whose family income does not exceed is below 150 percent of the federal poverty level.

Notwithstanding any change in a family's economic status, but subject to additional family contributions in accordance with the sliding fee scale, a child who meets the eligibility requirements upon initial registration for the program remains shall be considered eligible until the child reaches kindergarten eligibility as defined in s. 1002.51 age.

(7) PARENTAL CHOICE.--

(a) The <u>early learning</u> school readiness program shall provide parental choice <u>through</u> pursuant to a purchase service order that ensures, to the maximum extent possible, flexibility in <u>early learning</u> school readiness programs and payment arrangements. According to federal regulations requiring parental choice, a parent may choose an informal child care

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arrangement. The purchase order must bear the name of the beneficiary and the program provider and, when redeemed, must bear the signature of both the beneficiary and an authorized representative of the provider.

- (b) If it is determined that a provider has provided any cash to the beneficiary in return for receiving the purchase order, the <u>early learning council</u> <u>coalition</u> or its fiscal agent shall refer the matter to the Division of Public Assistance Fraud for investigation.
- establish an electronic transfer system for the disbursement of funds in accordance with this subsection. Each early learning council School readiness coalitions shall fully implement the electronic funds transfer system within 2 years after plan approval of the council's early learning plan unless a waiver is obtained from the Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership.
- early learning school readiness programs must shall be required to meet the performance standards and outcome measures adopted developed and approved by the Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall consult with the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall provide consultation to the partnership in the development of the measures and standards. These performance standards and outcome measures shall apply be applicable on a statewide basis.
 - (9) FUNDING; EARLY LEARNING SCHOOL READINESS PROGRAM. --

(a) It is the intent of this section to establish an integrated and quality seamless service delivery system for all publicly funded early childhood education and child care programs operating in this state.

(b) Notwithstanding s. 20.50:

- 1. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall administer early learning school readiness funds, plans, and policies Pursuant to the contract with the Florida Partnership for School Readiness and shall prepare and submit a unified budget request for the early learning system school readiness program in accordance with chapter 216.
- 2. All instructions to <u>early learning councils for the</u>

 <u>administration of this section</u> <u>local school readiness coalitions</u>

 shall emanate from the Agency for Workforce Innovation <u>in</u>

 <u>accordance with the pursuant to policies of the Legislature, plans of the Florida Partnership for School Readiness, and the contract between the Florida Partnership for School Readiness and the agency.</u>
- prepare a formula plan that provides for the allocation among the early learning councils distribution and expenditure of all state and federal early learning school readiness funds for children participating in public or private early learning school readiness programs based upon an equity and performance funding formula. The allocation formula must plan shall be submitted to the Governor and the Legislative Budget Commission. Upon approval, the Legislative Budget Commission shall authorize the allocation transfer of funds by to the Agency for Workforce

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Innovation for distribution in accordance with the provisions of the allocation formula.

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- (d) All state funds budgeted for a county for the programs specified in subsection (3), along with the pro rata share of the state administrative costs of those programs in the amount as determined by the partnership, all federal, funds and required local maintenance-of-effort or matching funds provided to an early learning council for a county for programs specified in subsection (3), and any additional funds appropriated or obtained for purposes of this section, shall be used by transferred for the benefit of the council coalition for implementation of its early learning plan, including the hiring of staff to effectively operate the council's early learning coalition's school readiness program. As part of plan approval and periodic plan review, the Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership shall require that administrative costs be kept to the minimum necessary for efficient and effective administration of the early learning plan, but total administrative expenditures must shall not exceed 5 percent unless specifically waived by the Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership. The Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership shall annually report to the Legislature any problems relating to administrative costs.
- (e) The Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership shall annually distribute, to the maximum extent practicable, all eligible funds provided under this section as block grants to the early learning councils assist coalitions in integrating services and funding to develop a quality service delivery

system. Subject to appropriation, the partnership may also provide financial awards to coalitions demonstrating success in merging and integrating funding streams to serve children and school readiness programs.

- (f) State funds appropriated for the <u>early learning school</u> readiness program may not be used for the construction of new facilities or the purchase of buses. The <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership</u> shall present to the Legislature recommendations for providing necessary transportation services for early learning school readiness programs.
- (g) All cost savings and all revenues received through a mandatory sliding fee scale shall be used to help fund <u>each</u> <u>early learning council's early learning the local school readiness</u> program.
- (10) SCHOOL READINESS UNIFORM SCREENING.—The Department of Education shall implement a school readiness uniform screening, including a pilot program during the 2001-2002 school year, to validate the system recommended by the Florida Partnership for School Readiness as part of a comprehensive evaluation design. Beginning with the 2002-2003 school year, the department shall require that all school districts administer the school readiness uniform screening to each kindergarten student in the district school system upon the student's entry into kindergarten. Children who enter public school for the first time in first grade must undergo a uniform screening adopted for use in first grade. The department shall incorporate school readiness data into the K-20 data warehouse for longitudinal tracking. Notwithstanding s. 1002.22, the

department shall provide the partnership and the Agency for Workforce Innovation with complete and full access to kindergarten uniform screening data at the student, school, district, and state levels in a format that will enable the partnership and the agency to prepare reports needed by state policymakers and local school readiness coalitions to access progress toward school readiness goals and provide input for continuous improvement of local school readiness services and programs.

(11) REPORTS. -- The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall assess the implementation, efficiency, and outcomes of the school readiness program and report its findings to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2002. Subsequent reviews shall be conducted at the direction of the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee.

(10) (12) CONFLICTING PROVISIONS.--In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this section and federal requirements, the federal requirements shall control.

(11)(13) PLACEMENTS.--Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, and for fiscal year 2004-2005 2003-2004 only, the first children to be placed in the early learning school readiness program shall be those from families receiving temporary cash assistance and subject to federal work requirements. Subsequent placements shall be made in accordance with subsection (6) pursuant to the provisions of this section. This subsection expires July 1, 2004.

Section 4. Effective November 1, 2004, paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 11.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules.--
- (3) AUTHORITY FOR AUDITS AND OTHER ENGAGEMENTS.--
- (a) The Auditor General may, <u>by</u> pursuant to his or her own authority, or at the direction of the Legislative Auditing Committee, conduct audits or other engagements as determined appropriate by the Auditor General of:
- 1. The accounts and records of any governmental entity created or established by law.
- 2. The information technology programs, activities, functions, or systems of any governmental entity created or established by law.
- 3. The accounts and records of any charter school created or established by law.
- 4. The accounts and records of any direct-support organization or citizen support organization created or established by law. The Auditor General <u>may is authorized to</u> require and receive any records from the direct-support organization or citizen support organization, or from its independent auditor.
- 5. The public records associated with any appropriation made by the General Appropriations Act to a nongovernmental agency, corporation, or person. All records of a nongovernmental agency, corporation, or person for with respect to the receipt and expenditure of the such an appropriation are shall be public

records and shall be treated in the same manner as other public records are under general law.

- 6. State financial assistance provided to any nonstate entity.
- 7. The Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation created under pursuant to s. 215.56005.
- 8. The Florida Virtual School created <u>under</u> pursuant to s. 1002.37.
- 9. Any purchases of federal surplus lands for use as sites for correctional facilities as described in s. 253.037.
- 10. Enterprise Florida, Inc., including any of its boards, advisory committees, or similar groups created by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and programs. The audit report may not reveal the identity of any person who has anonymously made a donation to Enterprise Florida, Inc., under pursuant to this subparagraph. The identity of a donor or prospective donor to Enterprise Florida, Inc., who desires to remain anonymous and all information identifying the such donor or prospective donor are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. The Such anonymity shall be maintained in the auditor's report.
- 11. The Florida Development Finance Corporation or the capital development board or the programs or entities created by the board. The audit or report may not reveal the identity of any person who has anonymously made a donation to the board under pursuant to this subparagraph. The identity of a donor or prospective donor to the board who desires to remain anonymous and all information identifying the such donor or prospective

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donor are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s.

119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. The

Such anonymity shall be maintained in the auditor's report.

- 12. The records pertaining to the use of funds from voluntary contributions on a motor vehicle registration application or on a driver's license application authorized under pursuant to ss. 320.023 and 322.081.
- 13. The records pertaining to the use of funds from the sale of specialty license plates described in chapter 320.
- 14. The transportation corporations under contract with the Department of Transportation that are acting on behalf of the state to secure and obtain rights-of-way for urgently needed transportation systems and to assist in the planning and design of the such systems under pursuant to ss. 339.401-339.421.
- 15. The acquisitions and divestitures related to the Florida Communities Trust Program created $\underline{\text{under}}$ $\underline{\text{pursuant to}}$ chapter 380.
- 16. The Florida Water Pollution Control Financing Corporation created under pursuant to s. 403.1837.
- 17. The <u>early learning system</u>, including the <u>early</u>
 <u>learning councils</u>, <u>Florida Partnership for School Readiness</u>
 created under <u>pursuant to</u> s. 411.01.
- 18. The Florida Special Disability Trust Fund Financing Corporation created under pursuant to s. 440.49.
- 19. Workforce Florida, Inc., or the programs or entities
 created by Workforce Florida, Inc., created <u>under pursuant to s.</u>
 445.004.

20. The corporation defined in s. 455.32 which that is under contract with the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to provide administrative, investigative, examination, licensing, and prosecutorial support services in accordance with the provisions of s. 455.32 and the practice act of the relevant profession.

- 21. The Florida Engineers Management Corporation created under pursuant to chapter 471.
- 22. The Investment Fraud Restoration Financing Corporation created under pursuant to chapter 517.
- 23. The books and records of any permitholder that conducts race meetings or jai alai exhibitions under chapter 550.
- 24. The corporation defined in part II of chapter 946, <u>cited known</u> as the Prison Rehabilitative Industries and Diversified Enterprises, Inc., or PRIDE Enterprises.
- Section 5. Effective November 1, 2004, subsection (2) of section 20.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 20.50 Agency for Workforce Innovation.—There is created the Agency for Workforce Innovation within the Department of Management Services. The agency shall be a separate budget entity, and the director of the agency shall be the agency head for all purposes. The agency shall not be subject to control, supervision, or direction by the Department of Management Services in any manner, including, but not limited to, personnel, purchasing, transactions involving real or personal property, and budgetary matters.

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The Agency for Workforce Innovation is shall be the designated administrative agency designated for receipt of federal workforce development grants and other federal funds. The agency, and shall administer carry out the duties and responsibilities assigned by the Governor under each federal grant assigned to the agency. The agency shall be a separate budget entity and shall expend each revenue source as provided by federal and state law and as provided in plans developed by and agreements with Workforce Florida, Inc. The agency shall prepare and submit as a separate budget entity a unified budget request for workforce development, in accordance with chapter 216 for, and in conjunction with, Workforce Florida, Inc., and its board. The head of the agency is the director of Workforce Innovation, who shall be appointed by the Governor. The accountability and reporting functions of the agency shall be administered by the director or his or her designee. Included in These functions shall include are budget management, financial management, audit, performance management standards and controls, assessing outcomes of service delivery, and financial administration of workforce programs under pursuant to s. 445.004(5) and (9). Within the agency's overall organizational structure, The agency shall include the following offices within its organizational structure, which shall have the specified responsibilities:

(a) The Office of Workforce Services shall administer the unemployment compensation program, the Rapid Response program, the Work Opportunity Tax Credit program, the Alien Labor Certification program, and any other programs that are delivered

directly by agency staff rather than through the one-stop delivery system. The office shall be directed by the Deputy Director for Workforce Services, who shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the director.

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- The Office of Program Support and Accountability shall administer state merit system program staff within the workforce service delivery system, under the pursuant to policies of Workforce Florida, Inc. The office is shall be responsible for delivering services through the one-stop delivery system and for ensuring that participants in welfare transition programs receive case management services, diversion assistance, support services, including subsidized child care and transportation services, Medicaid services, and transition assistance to enable them to succeed in the workforce. The office is shall also be responsible for program quality assurance, grants and contract management, contracting, financial management, and reporting. The office shall be directed by the Deputy Director for Program Support and Accountability, who shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the director. The office is shall be responsible for:
- 1. Establishing monitoring, quality assurance, and quality improvement systems that routinely assess the quality and effectiveness of contracted programs and services.
- 2. Annual review of each regional workforce board and administrative entity to ensure <u>that</u> adequate systems of reporting and control are in place; that, and monitoring, quality assurance, and quality improvement activities are

conducted routinely: and that corrective action is taken to eliminate deficiencies.

- (c) The Office of Early Childhood Education shall administer the early learning system in accordance with s.

 411.01. The office shall be directed by the Deputy Director for Early Childhood Education, who shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the director.
- (d)(e) The Office of Agency Support Services is shall be responsible for procurement, human resource services, and information services including delivering information on labor markets, employment, occupations, and performance, and shall implement and maintain information systems that are required for the effective operation of the one-stop delivery system and the early learning school readiness services system, including, but not limited to, those systems described in s. 445.009. The office shall will be directed by under the direction of the Deputy Director for Agency Support Services, who shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the director. The office is shall be responsible for establishing:
- 1. Information systems and controls that report reliable, timely and accurate fiscal and performance data for assessing outcomes, service delivery, and financial administration of workforce programs <u>under pursuant to</u> s. 445.004(5) and (9).
- 2. Information systems that support service integration and case management by providing for case tracking for participants in welfare transition programs.
- 3. Information systems that support the early learning system school readiness services.

 $\underline{\text{(e)}(d)}$ The Unemployment Appeals Commission, authorized by s. 443.012, $\underline{\text{is}}$ shall not be subject to the control, supervision, or direction by the Agency for Workforce Innovation in the performance of its powers and duties but shall receive any and all support and assistance from the agency that $\underline{\text{is}}$ may be required for the performance of its duties.

Section 6. Effective November 1, 2004, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 125.901, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

125.901 Children's services; independent special district; council; powers, duties, and functions.--

- (1) Each county may by ordinance create an independent special district, as defined in ss. 189.403(3) and 200.001(8)(e), to provide funding for children's services throughout the county in accordance with this section. The boundaries of such district shall be coterminous with the boundaries of the county. The county governing body shall obtain approval, by a majority vote of those electors voting on the question, to annually levy ad valorem taxes which shall not exceed the maximum millage rate authorized by this section. Any district created pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall be required to levy and fix millage subject to the provisions of s. 200.065. Once such millage is approved by the electorate, the district shall not be required to seek approval of the electorate in future years to levy the previously approved millage.
- (b) However, any county as defined in s. 125.011(1) may instead have a governing board consisting of 33 members,

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1967 including: the superintendent of schools; two representatives of 1968 public postsecondary education institutions located in the 1969 county; the county manager or the equivalent county officer; the 1970 district administrator from the appropriate district of the 1971 Department of Children and Family Services, or the 1972 administrator's designee who is a member of the Senior 1973 Management Service or the Selected Exempt Service; the director 1974 of the county health department or the director's designee; the 1975 state attorney for the county or the state attorney's designee; 1976 the chief judge assigned to juvenile cases, or another juvenile 1977 judge who is the chief judge's designee and who shall sit as a 1978 voting member of the board, except that the judge may not vote 1979 or participate in setting ad valorem taxes under this section; 1980 an individual who is selected by the board of the local United 1981 Way or its equivalent; a member of a locally recognized faith-1982 based coalition, selected by that coalition; a member of the local chamber of commerce, selected by that chamber or, if more 1983 1984 than one chamber exists within the county, a person selected by 1985 a coalition of the local chambers; a member of the early 1986 learning council local school readiness coalition, selected by 1987 that council coalition; a representative of a labor organization or union active in the county; a member of a local alliance or 1988 1989 coalition engaged in cross-system planning for health and social 1990 service delivery in the county, selected by that alliance or 1991 coalition; a member of the local Parent-Teachers 1992 Association/Parent-Teacher-Student Association, selected by that 1993 association; a youth representative selected by the local school 1994 system's student government; a local school board member

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appointed by the chair of the school board; the mayor of the county or the mayor's designee; one member of the county governing body, appointed by the chair of that body; a member of the state Legislature who represents residents of the county, selected by the chair of the local legislative delegation; an elected official representing the residents of a municipality in the county, selected by the county municipal league; and 4 members-at-large, appointed to the council by the majority of sitting council members. The remaining 7 members shall be appointed by the Governor in accordance with procedures set forth in paragraph (a), except that the Governor may remove a member for cause or upon the written petition of the council. Appointments by the Governor must, to the extent reasonably possible, represent the geographic and demographic diversity of the population of the county. Members who are appointed to the council by reason of their position are not subject to the length of terms and limits on consecutive terms as provided in this section. The remaining appointed members of the governing board shall be appointed to serve 2-year terms, except that those members appointed by the Governor shall be appointed to serve 4-year terms, and the youth representative and the legislative delegate shall be appointed to serve 1-year terms. A member may be reappointed; however, a member may not serve for more than three consecutive terms. A member is eligible to be appointed again after a 2-year hiatus from the council. Section 7. Effective November 1, 2004, subsection (1) of

section 216.133, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2022 216.133 Definitions; ss. 216.133-216.137.--As used in ss. 2023 216.133-216.137:

- (1) "Consensus estimating conference" includes the Economic Estimating Conference, the Demographic Estimating Conference, the Revenue Estimating Conference, the Education Estimating Conference, the Criminal Justice Estimating Conference, the Occupational Conference, the Juvenile Justice Estimating Conference, the Child Welfare System Estimating Conference, the Occupational Forecasting Conference, the Early Childhood Education Programs School Readiness Program Estimating Conference, the Self-Insurance Estimating Conference, the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumption Conference, and the Social Services Estimating Conference.
- Section 8. Effective November 1, 2004, subsection (10) of section 216.136, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 216.136 Consensus estimating conferences; duties and principals.--
- (10) <u>EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION PROGRAMS</u> <u>SCHOOL READINESS</u>

 PROGRAM ESTIMATING CONFERENCE.--
 - (a) Duties. --

1. The Early Childhood Education Programs School Readiness Program Estimating Conference shall develop estimates and forecasts of the unduplicated count of children eligible for early learning school readiness programs in accordance with the standards of eligibility established in s. 411.01(6), and of children eligible for the VPK Program in accordance with s. 1002.53(2), as the conference determines are needed to support the state planning, budgeting, and appropriations processes.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2. The Agency for Workforce Innovation Florida Partnership for School Readiness shall provide information on needs and waiting lists for early learning programs as school readiness program services requested by the Early Childhood Education Programs School Readiness Program Estimating Conference or individual conference principals in a timely manner.

- 3. The Department of Education shall provide information on needs for the VPK Program as requested by the Early Childhood Education Programs Estimating Conference or individual conference principals in a timely manner.
- (b) Principals.--The Executive Office of the Governor, the Director of Economic and Demographic Research, and professional staff who have forecasting expertise from the Florida

 Partnership for School Readiness, the Agency for Workforce

 Innovation, the Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of Education, the Senate, and the House of Representatives, or their designees, are the principals of the Early Childhood Education Programs School Readiness Program

 Estimating Conference. The principal representing the Executive Office of the Governor shall preside over sessions of the conference.

Section 9. Effective November 1, 2004, section 402.3016, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

402.3016 Early Head Start collaboration grants. --

(1) Contingent upon specific appropriations, the <u>Agency</u> for Workforce Innovation Florida Partnership for School Readiness shall establish a program to award collaboration grants to assist local agencies in securing Early Head Start

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programs through Early Head Start program federal grants. The collaboration grants shall provide the required matching funds for public and private nonprofit agencies that have been approved for Early Head Start program federal grants.

- (2) Public and private nonprofit agencies providing Early Head Start programs applying for collaborative grants must:
- (a) Ensure quality performance by meeting the requirements in the Head Start program performance standards and other applicable rules and regulations;
- (b) Ensure collaboration with other service providers at the local level; and
- (c) Ensure that a comprehensive array of health, nutritional, and other services are provided to the program's pregnant women and very young children, and their families.
- (3) The <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> partnership shall report to the Legislature on an annual basis the number of agencies receiving Early Head Start collaboration grants and the number of children served.
- (4) The Agency for Workforce Innovation partnership may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 as necessary for the award of collaboration grants to competing agencies and the administration of the collaboration grants program under this section.
- Section 10. Effective November 1, 2004, section 402.27, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 411.015, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:
- 411.015 402.27 Child care and early childhood Resource and referral.--The Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of

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Children and Family Services shall administer all functions of establish a statewide child care resource and referral network, in consultation with the Department of Education's program administrator for the VPK Program, that the agency determines necessary for efficient operation of the early learning councils and the VPK Program. The network shall be composed of statewide resource and referral and a system of local resource and referral contracted through the Agency for Workforce Innovation. Preference shall be given to using the already established central agencies for subsidized child care as the child care resource and referral agency. If the agency cannot comply with the requirements to offer the resource information component or does not want to offer that service, the department of Children and Family Services shall select the resource information agency based upon a request for proposal. Each early learning council shall establish its local at least one child care resource and referral agency must be established in the county or multicounty area served by the council each district of the department, but no more than one may be established in any county. Child care Resource and referral agencies shall provide the following services:

(1) Identification of existing public and private <u>early</u> childhood education providers child care and early childhood education services, including child care services by public and private employers, and the development of a <u>database</u> resource file of providers those services. These providers services may include <u>early childhood</u> education providers that are licensed, exempt from licensure, or registered; providers participating in

the VPK Program; providers participating in a council's early learning programs; family day care, public and private child care programs, Head Start; prekindergarten early intervention programs, special education programs for prekindergarten handicapped children with disabilities; services for children with developmental disabilities; full-time and part-time programs; before-school and after-school programs; vacation care programs; parent education; welfare transition programs; the WACES Program, and related family support services. The database information resource file shall include, but is not be limited to:

- (a) Type of early childhood education provider program.
- (b) Hours of service.

- (c) Ages of children served.
- (d) Number of children served.
- (e) Significant program information.
- (f) Fees and eligibility for services.
- (g) Availability of transportation.
- (2) The establishment of a referral process that which responds to parental need for information and that which is provided with full recognition of the confidentiality rights of parents. Resource and referral may only programs shall make referrals to licensed early childhood education providers, except that a referral may child care facilities. Referrals shall be made to an unlicensed provider child care facility or arrangement only if the provider is not required to there is no requirement that the facility or arrangement be licensed.

(3) Maintenance of ongoing documentation of requests for service tabulated through the internal referral process. The following documentation of requests for service shall be maintained by the council's all child care resource and referral agencies:

- (a) Number of calls and contacts to the <u>council's resource</u> child care information and referral agency component by type of early childhood education provider service requested.
 - (b) Ages of children for whom service is was requested.
- (c) Time category of <u>early childhood education</u> child care requests for each child.
- (d) Special time category, such as nights, weekends, and swing shifts shift.
- (e) Reason that <u>early childhood education</u> the child care is needed.
- (f) Name of the employer and primary focus of the business.
- (4) Provision of technical assistance to existing and potential providers of <u>early childhood education</u> child care services. This assistance may include:
- (a) Information on initiating new <u>early childhood</u>

 <u>education</u> <u>child care</u> services, zoning, and program and budget

 development and assistance in finding <u>the such</u> information from other sources.
- 2185 (b) Information and resources that assist which help
 2186 existing early childhood education child care services providers
 2187 to maximize their ability to serve children and parents in their
 2188 community.

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(c) Information and incentives that may which could help existing or planned early childhood education child care services offered by public or private employers seeking to maximize their ability to serve the children of their working parent employees who are working parents in their community, through contractual or other funding arrangements with businesses.

- (5) Assistance to families and employers in applying for various <u>early childhood education programs</u>, <u>sources of subsidy</u> including, but not limited to, <u>the VPK Program or a council's early learning program subsidized child care</u>, Head Start, <u>prekindergarten early intervention programs</u>, <u>Project Independence</u>, private scholarships, and the federal <u>child and dependent care tax credit</u>.
- (6) Assistance to state agencies in determining the prevailing market rate for early childhood education child care.
- (7) Assistance in negotiating discounts or other special arrangements with <u>early childhood education</u> child care providers.
- (8) Information and assistance to local interagency councils coordinating services for prekindergarten handicapped children with disabilities.
- (9) Assistance to families in identifying summer recreation camp and summer day camp programs and in evaluating the health and safety qualities of summer recreation camp, and summer day camp, programs and in evaluating the health and safety qualities of summer camp programs. Subject to legislative Contingent upon specific appropriation, a checklist of important

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health and safety qualities that parents <u>may can</u> use to choose their summer camp programs shall be developed and distributed in a manner that will reach parents interested in <u>these such</u> programs for their children.

- (10) A child care facility licensed under s. 402.305 and licensed and registered family day care homes must provide the statewide child care and resource and referral agencies with The following information annually for each licensed or registered early childhood education provider:
 - (a) Type of each childhood education provider program.
 - (b) Hours of service.

- (c) Ages of children served.
- (d) Fees and eligibility for services.
- Section 11. Effective November 1, 2004, subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section 402.3018, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 402.3018 Consultation to child care centers and family day care homes regarding health, developmental, disability, and special needs issues.--
- (1) Contingent upon specific appropriations, the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall provide department is directed to contract with the statewide resource information and referral agency for a statewide toll-free Warm-Line for the purpose of providing assistance and consultation to child care centers and family day care homes regarding health, developmental, disability, and special needs issues of the children they are serving, particularly children with disabilities and other special needs.

(3) The <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> department shall inform child care centers and family day care homes of the availability of this service, on an annual basis.

- (4) Contingent upon specific appropriations, the <u>Agency</u> <u>for Workforce Innovation department</u> shall expand or contract for the expansion of the Warm-Line from one statewide site to one Warm-Line site in each <u>child care</u> resource and referral <u>agency</u> region.
- Section 12. Effective November 1, 2004, section 409.178, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 409.178 <u>Business</u> <u>Child Care Executive</u> Partnership <u>for</u> <u>Early Learning</u> <u>Act; findings and intent; grant; limitation;</u> <u>rules.--</u>
- (1) This section may be cited as the "Child Care Executive Partnership Act."
- (2)(a) The Legislature finds that when private employers provide onsite child care or provide other child care benefits, they benefit by improved recruitment and higher retention rates for employees, lower absenteeism, and improved employee morale. The Legislature also finds that there are many ways in which private employers can provide child care assistance to employees: information and referral, vouchering, employer contribution to child care programs, and onsite care. Private employers can offer child care as part of a menu of employee benefits. The Legislature recognizes that flexible compensation programs providing a child care option are beneficial to the private employee in knowing that his or her children are being cared for

in a safe and nurturing environment, and to the state in more dollars being available for purchasing power and investment.

(b) It is the intent of the Legislature to promote public/private partnerships to ensure that the children of the state be provided safe and enriching child care at any time, but especially while parents work to remain self-sufficient. It is the intent of the Legislature that private employers be encouraged to participate in the future of this state by providing employee child care benefits. Further, it is the intent of the Legislature to encourage private employers to explore innovative ways to assist employees to obtain quality child care.

(c) The Legislature further recognizes that many parents need assistance in paying the full costs of quality child care. The public and private sectors, by working in partnership, can promote and improve access to quality child care and early education for children of working families who need it.

Therefore, a more formal mechanism is necessary to stimulate the establishment of public-private partnerships. It is the intent of the Legislature to expand the availability of scholarship options for working families by providing incentives for employers to contribute to meeting the needs of their employees' families through matching public dollars available for child care.

(1)(a)(3) There is created a body politic and corporate, known as the <u>Business Child Care Executive</u> Partnership for Early <u>Learning</u>, which shall establish and govern the <u>Business Child</u> <u>Care Executive</u> Partnership for Early Learning Program.

(b) The purpose of the <u>Business</u> Child Care Executive

Partnership <u>for Early Learning</u> Program is to <u>use utilize</u> state

and federal funds as incentives for matching local funds derived

from local governments, employers, charitable foundations, and

other sources, <u>in order</u> so that <u>Florida</u> communities <u>in this</u>

state may create local flexible partnerships with employers.

- Early Learning Program funds shall be used at the discretion of local communities to meet the needs of working parents. An early learning A child care purchasing pool shall be developed with the state, federal, and local funds to provide subsidies to low-income working parents whose family income does not exceed 200 percent of the federal poverty level who are eligible for subsidized child care with a dollar-for-dollar match from employers, local government, and other matching contributions. The funds used from the early learning child care purchasing pool must be used to supplement or extend the use of existing public or private funds.
- (2)(4) The <u>Business</u> <u>Child Care Executive</u> Partnership <u>for Early Learning</u>, staffed by the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> <u>department</u>, shall consist of a representative of the Executive Office of the Governor and nine members of the corporate or early learning <u>child care</u> community, appointed by the Governor.
- (a) Members shall serve for a period of 4 years, except that the representative of the Executive Office of the Governor shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor.
- (b) The <u>Business</u> <u>Child Care Executive</u> Partnership <u>for</u>

 Early Learning shall be chaired by a member chosen by a majority

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vote and shall meet at least quarterly and at other times upon the call of the chair.

- (c) Members shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061.
- (d) The <u>Business Child Care Executive</u> Partnership <u>for</u>

 <u>Early Learning</u> shall have all the powers and authority, not explicitly prohibited by <u>law statute</u>, necessary to <u>administer carry out and effectuate the purposes of this section, as well as the functions, duties, and responsibilities of the <u>partnership</u>, including, but not limited to, the following:</u>
- 1. Assisting in the formulation and coordination of the state's early learning child care policy.
 - 2. Adopting an official seal.

- 3. Soliciting, accepting, receiving, investing, and expending funds from public or private sources.
- 4. Contracting with public or private entities as necessary.
 - 5. Approving an annual budget.
- 6. Carrying forward any unexpended state appropriations into succeeding fiscal years.
- 7. Providing a report to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate, on or before December 1 of each year.
- (3)(5)(a) The Legislature shall consider the recommendations from the Business Partnership for Early Learning annually to determine the amount of state funds or federal lowincome child care moneys which shall be used to create the

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Business Child Care Executive Partnership for Early Learning
Program early learning child care purchasing pools in counties
chosen by the Business Child Care Executive Partnership for
Early Learning. A purchasing pool must be created in, provided
that at least two of the counties with have populations of no
more than 300,000 or fewer persons. The Legislature shall
annually review the effectiveness of the early learning child
care purchasing pool program and reevaluate the percentage of
additional state or federal funds, if any, that may can be used
for the program's expansion.

- (b) To ensure a seamless service delivery and ease of access for families, the <u>Business Partnership for Early Learning may contract with early learning councils</u>, community coordinated child care agencies, or the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation to state resource and referral agency shall</u> administer the <u>child care</u> purchasing pool funds.
- (c) The Agency for Workforce Innovation department, in conjunction with the Business Child Care Executive Partnership for Early Learning, shall develop procedures for disbursement of funds through the child care purchasing pools. In order to be considered for funding, an early learning council the community coordinated child care agency or the statewide resource and referral agency must commit to:
- 1. Matching the state purchasing pool funds on a dollar-for-dollar basis; and
- 2. Expending only those <u>state</u> <u>public</u> funds <u>that</u> <u>which</u> are matched by employers, local government, and other matching contributors who contribute to the purchasing pool. Parents

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shall also pay a fee, which <u>must</u> shall be not <u>be</u> less than the amount identified in the <u>department's subsidized child care</u> sliding fee scale <u>adopted by the early learning council</u>.

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- (d) Each early learning council shall community coordinated child care agency shall be required to establish a community child care task force for each child care purchasing pool. The task force must be composed of employers, parents, private early learning child care providers, and one representative from the local children's services council, if one exists in the area of the purchasing pool. The early learning council shall community coordinated child care agency is expected to recruit the task force members from existing child care councils, commissions, or task forces already operating in the area of a purchasing pool. A majority of the task force shall consist of employers. Each task force shall develop a plan for the use of child care purchasing pool funds. The plan must demonstrate show how many children will be served by the purchasing pool, how many will be new to receiving early learning child care services, and how the early learning council community coordinated child care agency intends to attract new employers and their employees to the program.
- (4)(6) The Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of Children and Family Services shall adopt any rules to administer necessary for the implementation and administration of this section.
- Section 13. Effective November 1, 2004, section 402.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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402.25 Infants and toddlers in state-funded early learning education and care programs; brain development activities. -- Each state-funded early learning education and care program for children from birth to 5 years of age must provide activities to foster brain development in infants and toddlers. Each A program must provide an environment rich in language and music and filled with objects of various colors, shapes, textures, and sizes to stimulate visual, tactile, auditory, and linguistic senses in a child the children and must include classical music and at least 30 minutes of reading to the children each day. A program may be offered through an existing early childhood program such as Healthy Start, the Title I program, contracted or directly operated subsidized child care, the prekindergarten early intervention program, Florida First Start, the Head Start program, or a private child care program. A program must also provide training for the infants' and toddlers' parents including direct dialogue and interaction between teachers and parents demonstrating the urgency of brain development in the first year of a child's life. A family child day care home is centers are encouraged, but not required, to comply with this section.

Section 14. Section 402.281, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

402.281 Gold Seal Quality Care program. --

(1) Child care <u>centers</u> <u>facilities</u>, large family child care homes, or family <u>child</u> <u>day</u> care homes that are accredited by <u>an</u> <u>a nationally recognized</u> accrediting association whose standards substantially meet or exceed the National Association for the

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Education of Young Children (NAEYC), the National Association of Family Child Care, and the National Early Childhood Program Accreditation Commission, or the National Council for Private School Accreditation (NCPSA) shall receive a separate "Gold Seal Quality Care" designation to operate as a gold seal child care center facility, a gold seal large family child care home, or a gold seal family child day care home.

meets developing the Gold Seal Quality Care program standards, the department shall consult with the Department of Education, the Florida Head Start Directors Association, the Florida Association of Child Care Management, the Florida Family Day Care Association, the Florida Children's Forum, the State Coordinating Council for School Readiness Programs, the Early Childhood Association of Florida, the National Association for Child Development Education, early childhood education providers receiving exemptions under s. 402.316, and parents, for the purpose of approving the accrediting associations.

Section 15. Subsection (2) of section 402.3051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

402.3051 Child care market rate reimbursement; child care grants.--

(2) The department shall establish procedures to reimburse licensed, exempt, or registered child care providers who hold a Gold Seal Quality Care designation at the market rate for child care services for children who are eligible to receive subsidized child care; and licensed, exempt, or registered child care providers at the prevailing market rate for child care

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services for children who are eligible to receive subsidized child care, unless prohibited by federal law under s. 402.3015. The department shall establish procedures to reimburse providers of unregulated child care at not more than 50 percent of the market rate. The payment system may not interfere with the parents' decision as to the appropriate child care arrangement, regardless of the level of available funding for child care. The child care program assessment tool may not be used to determine reimbursement rates.

Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 402.315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

402.315 Funding; license fees.--

(5) All moneys collected by the department for child care licensing shall be held in a trust fund of the department to be reallocated to the department during the following fiscal year to fund child care licensing activities, including the Gold Seal Quality Care program created pursuant to s. 402.281.

Section 17. Paragraph (m) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
 - (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE. --
- (m) Educational materials purchased by certain child care facilities.--Educational materials, such as glue, paper, paints,

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crayons, unique craft items, scissors, books, and educational toys, purchased by a child care facility that meets the standards delineated in s. 402.305, is licensed under s. 402.308, holds a current Gold Seal Quality Care designation pursuant to s. 402.281, and provides basic health insurance to all employees are exempt from the taxes imposed by this chapter. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "basic health insurance" shall be defined and promulgated in rules developed jointly by the Department of Children and Family Services, the Agency for Health Care Administration, and the Financial Services Commission.

Section 18. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 402.305, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
402.305 Licensing standards; child care facilities.--

- (2) PERSONNEL.--Minimum standards for child care personnel shall include minimum requirements as to:
- (d) Minimum training requirements for child care personnel.
- 1. Such minimum standards for training shall ensure that all child care personnel take an approved 45-clock-hour 40-clock-hour introductory course in child care, which course covers at least the following topic areas:
- a. State and local rules and regulations which govern child care.
 - b. Health, safety, and nutrition.
 - c. Identifying and reporting child abuse and neglect.

d. Child development, including typical and atypical language, cognitive, motor, social, and self-help skills development.

- e. Observation of developmental behaviors, including using a checklist or other similar observation tools and techniques to determine the child's developmental age level.
- f. Specialized areas, including computer technology for professional and classroom use and early literacy and language development of children from birth to 5 years of age, as determined by the department, for owner-operators and child care personnel of a child care facility.

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Within 90 days after employment, child care personnel shall begin training to meet the training requirements. Child care personnel shall successfully complete such training within 1 year after the date on which the training began, as evidenced by passage of a competency examination. Successful completion of the 45-clock-hour 40-clock-hour introductory course shall articulate into community college credit in early childhood education, pursuant to ss. 1007.24 and 1007.25. Exemption from all or a portion of the required training shall be granted to child care personnel based upon educational credentials or passage of competency examinations. Child care personnel possessing a 2-year degree or higher that includes 6 college credit hours in early childhood development or child growth and development, or a child development associate credential or an equivalent state-approved child development associate credential, or a child development associate waiver certificate

shall be automatically exempted from the training requirements in sub-subparagraphs b., d., and e.

- 2. The introductory course in child care shall stress, to the extent possible, an interdisciplinary approach to the study of children.
- 3. On an annual basis in order to further their child care skills and, if appropriate, administrative skills, child care personnel who have fulfilled the requirements for the child care training shall be required to take an additional 1 continuing education unit of approved inservice training, or 10 clock hours of equivalent training, as determined by the department.
- 4. Child care personnel shall be required to complete 0.5 continuing education unit of approved training or 5 clock hours of equivalent training, as determined by the department, in early literacy and language development of children from birth to 5 years of age one time. The year that this training is completed, it shall fulfill the 0.5 continuing education unit or 5 clock hours of the annual training required in subparagraph 3.
- 5. Procedures for ensuring the training of qualified child care professionals to provide training of child care personnel, including onsite training, shall be included in the minimum standards. It is recommended that the state community child care coordination agencies (central agencies) be contracted by the department to coordinate such training when possible. Other district educational resources, such as community colleges and vocational-technical programs, can be designated in such areas where central agencies may not exist or are determined not to

have the capability to meet the coordination requirements set forth by the department.

6. Training requirements shall not apply to certain occasional or part-time support staff, including, but not limited to, swimming instructors, piano teachers, dance instructors, and gymnastics instructors.

- 7. The department shall evaluate or contract for an evaluation for the general purpose of determining the status of and means to improve staff training requirements and testing procedures. The evaluation shall be conducted every 2 years. The evaluation shall include, but not be limited to, determining the availability, quality, scope, and sources of current staff training; determining the need for specialty training; and determining ways to increase inservice training and ways to increase the accessibility, quality, and cost-effectiveness of current and proposed staff training. The evaluation methodology shall include a reliable and valid survey of child care personnel.
- 8. The child care operator shall be required to take basic training in serving children with disabilities within 5 years after employment, either as a part of the introductory training or the annual 8 hours of inservice training.
- (3) MINIMUM STAFF CREDENTIALS.--By July 1, 1996, For every 20 children in a licensed child care facility, beginning with the first child, if the facility operates 8 hours or more per week, one of the child care personnel in the facility must have:
- (a) A <u>current national</u> child development associate credential;

(b) A child care professional credential, unless the department determines that such child care professional credential is not equivalent to the current national or greater than a child development associate credential; or

- (c) A credential that is equivalent to or greater than the credential required in paragraph (a) or paragraph (b).
- The department shall establish by rule those hours of operation, such as during rest periods and transitional periods, when this subsection does not apply. The State Board of Education may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 establishing standards and procedures for the approval of credentials equivalent to the national child development associate credential. The Department of Education shall review and approve the child development associate equivalent credentials.
- Section 19. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 383.14, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 383.14 Screening for metabolic disorders, other hereditary and congenital disorders, and environmental risk factors.--
- (1) SCREENING REQUIREMENTS.--To help ensure access to the maternal and child health care system, the Department of Health shall promote the screening of all infants born in Florida for phenylketonuria and other metabolic, hereditary, and congenital disorders known to result in significant impairment of health or intellect, as screening programs accepted by current medical practice become available and practical in the judgment of the department. The department shall also promote the identification and screening of all infants born in this state and their

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families for environmental risk factors such as low income, poor education, maternal and family stress, emotional instability, substance abuse, and other high-risk conditions associated with increased risk of infant mortality and morbidity to provide early intervention, remediation, and prevention services, including, but not limited to, parent support and training programs, home visitation, and case management. Identification, perinatal screening, and intervention efforts shall begin prior to and immediately following the birth of the child by the attending health care provider. Such efforts shall be conducted in hospitals, perinatal centers, county health departments, school health programs that provide prenatal care, and birthing centers, and reported to the Office of Vital Statistics.

(b) Postnatal screening.—A risk factor analysis using the department's designated risk assessment instrument shall also be conducted as part of the medical screening process upon the birth of a child and submitted to the department's Office of Vital Statistics for recording and other purposes provided for in this chapter. The department's screening process for risk assessment shall include a scoring mechanism and procedures that establish thresholds for notification, further assessment, referral, and eligibility for services by professionals or paraprofessionals consistent with the level of risk. Procedures for developing and using the screening instrument, notification, referral, and care coordination services, reporting requirements, management information, and maintenance of a computer-driven registry in the Office of Vital Statistics which ensures privacy safeguards must be consistent with the

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provisions and plans established under chapter 411, Pub. L. No. 99-457, and this chapter. Procedures established for reporting information and maintaining a confidential registry must include a mechanism for a centralized information depository at the state and county levels. The department shall coordinate with existing risk assessment systems and information registries. The department must ensure, to the maximum extent possible, that the screening information registry is integrated with the department's automated data systems, including the Florida Online Recipient Integrated Data Access (FLORIDA) system. Tests and screenings must be performed by the State Public Health Laboratory, in coordination with Children's Medical Services, at such times and in such manner as is prescribed by the department after consultation with the Genetics and Infant Screening Advisory Council and the State Coordinating Council for School Readiness Programs.

(2) RULES.--After consultation with the Genetics and Infant Screening Advisory Council, the department shall adopt and enforce rules requiring that every infant born in this state shall, prior to becoming 2 weeks of age, be subjected to a test for phenylketonuria and, at the appropriate age, be tested for such other metabolic diseases and hereditary or congenital disorders as the department may deem necessary from time to time. After consultation with the State Coordinating Council for School Readiness Programs, The department shall also adopt and enforce rules requiring every infant born in this state to be screened for environmental risk factors that place children and their families at risk for increased morbidity, mortality, and

other negative outcomes. The department shall adopt such additional rules as are found necessary for the administration of this section, including rules providing definitions of terms, rules relating to the methods used and time or times for testing as accepted medical practice indicates, rules relating to charging and collecting fees for screenings authorized by this section, and rules requiring mandatory reporting of the results of tests and screenings for these conditions to the department.

Section 20. Subsection (6) of section 402.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 402.45 Community resource mother or father program. --
- (6) Individuals under contract to provide community resource mother or father services shall participate in preservice and ongoing training as determined by the Department of Health in consultation with the State Coordinating Council for School Readiness Programs. A community resource mother or father shall not be assigned a client caseload until all preservice training requirements are completed.

Section 21. Effective November 1, 2004, section 411.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

411.011 Records of children in <u>early learning school</u>
readiness programs.—The individual records of children enrolled
in <u>early learning school readiness</u> programs provided under s.
411.01, when held in the possession of the <u>early learning</u>
council school readiness coalition or the <u>Agency for Workforce</u>
Innovation Florida Partnership for School Readiness, are
confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07 and s.
24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. For the purposes of

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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this section, records include assessment data, health data, records of teacher observations, and identifying data, including the child's social security number. A parent, guardian, or individual acting as a parent in the absence of a parent or guardian has the right to inspect and review the individual early learning school readiness program record of his or her child and to obtain a copy of the record. Early learning School readiness records may be released to the United States Secretary of Education, the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the Comptroller General of the United States for the purpose of federal audits; to individuals or organizations conducting studies for institutions to develop, validate, or administer assessments or improve instruction; to accrediting organizations in order to carry out their accrediting functions; to appropriate parties in connection with an emergency if the information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals; to the Auditor General in connection with his or her official functions; to a court of competent jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court in accordance with pursuant to a lawfully issued subpoena; and to parties to an interagency agreement among early learning councils school readiness coalitions, local governmental agencies, providers of early learning school readiness programs, state agencies, and the Agency for Workforce Innovation Florida Partnership for School Readiness for the purpose of implementing the early learning school readiness program. Agencies, organizations, or individuals that receive early learning school readiness records in order to carry out their official functions

must protect the data in a manner that <u>does</u> will not permit the personal identification of students and their parents by persons other than those authorized to receive the records. This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2005, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 411.221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 411.221 Prevention and early assistance strategic plan; agency responsibilities.--
- (2) The strategic plan and subsequent plan revisions shall incorporate and otherwise utilize, to the fullest extent possible, the evaluation findings and recommendations from intraagency, independent third-party, field projects, and reports issued by the Auditor General or the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, as well as the recommendations of the State Coordinating Council for School Readiness Programs.

Section 23. Effective November 1, 2004, paragraph (e) of subsection (2) and paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section 411.226, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

411.226 Learning Gateway.--

- (2) LEARNING GATEWAY STEERING COMMITTEE. --
- (e) To support and facilitate system improvements, the steering committee must consult with representatives from the Department of Education, the Department of Health, the Agency for Workforce Innovation Florida Partnership for School

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Readiness, the Department of Children and Family Services, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the Department of Corrections and with the director of the Learning Development and Evaluation Center of Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University.

(3) LEARNING GATEWAY DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS. --

- (e) The demonstration projects shall recommend to the steering committee the linking or combining of some or all of the local planning bodies, including <u>early learning councils</u> school readiness coalitions, Healthy Start coalitions, Part C advisory councils, Department of Children and Family Services community alliances, and other boards or councils that have a primary focus on services for children from birth to age 9, to the extent allowed by federal regulations, if such changes would improve coordination and reduce unnecessary duplication of effort.
- Section 24. Effective November 1, 2004, paragraph (d) of subsection (1), paragraphs (a), (d), and (f) of subsection (2), and paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 411.227, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 411.227 Components of the Learning Gateway.--The Learning Gateway system consists of the following components:
- (1) COMMUNITY EDUCATION STRATEGIES AND FAMILY-ORIENTED ACCESS.--
- (d) In collaboration with other local resources, the demonstration projects shall develop public awareness strategies to disseminate information about developmental milestones, precursors of learning problems and other developmental delays,

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and the service system that is available. The information should target parents of children from birth through age 9 and should be distributed to parents, health care providers, and caregivers of children from birth through age 9. A variety of media should be used as appropriate, such as print, television, radio, and a community-based Internet website, as well as opportunities such as those presented by parent visits to physicians for well-child checkups. The Learning Gateway Steering Committee shall provide technical assistance to the local demonstration projects in developing and distributing educational materials and information.

- 1. Public awareness strategies targeting parents of children from birth through age 5 shall be designed to provide information to public and private preschool programs, <u>early learning childcare</u> providers, pediatricians, parents, and local businesses and organizations. These strategies should include information on the <u>early learning school readiness</u> performance standards for <u>kindergarten</u> adopted by the <u>Agency for Workforce</u> Innovation <u>School Readiness Partnership Board</u>.
- 2. Public awareness strategies targeting parents of children from ages 6 through 9 must be designed to disseminate training materials and brochures to parents and public and private school personnel, and must be coordinated with the local school board and the appropriate school advisory committees in the demonstration projects. The materials should contain information on state and district proficiency levels for grades K-3.
 - (2) SCREENING AND DEVELOPMENTAL MONITORING. --

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Innovation Partnership for School Readiness, the Department of Education, and the Florida Pediatric Society, and using information learned from the local demonstration projects, the Learning Gateway Steering Committee shall establish guidelines for screening children from birth through age 9. The guidelines should incorporate recent research on the indicators most likely to predict early learning problems, mild developmental delays, child-specific precursors of school failure, and other related developmental indicators in the domains of cognition; communication; attention; perception; behavior; and social, emotional, sensory, and motor functioning.

- (d) Using the screening guidelines developed by the steering committee, the demonstration projects shall develop strategies to increase early identification of precursors to learning problems and learning disabilities through providing parents the option of improved screening and referral practices within public and private early care and education programs and K-3 public and private school settings. Strategies may include training and technical assistance teams to assist program providers and teachers. The program shall collaborate appropriately with the <u>early learning councils school readiness coalitions</u>, local school boards, and other community resources in arranging training and technical assistance for early identification and screening with parental consent.
- (f) Based on technical assistance and support provided by the steering committee and in conjunction with the <u>early</u> learning councils school readiness coalitions and other

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appropriate entities, demonstration projects shall develop a system to log the number of children screened, assessed, and referred for services. After development and testing, tracking should be supported by a standard electronic data system for screening and assessment information.

(3) EARLY EDUCATION, SERVICES AND SUPPORTS. --

(c) The steering committee, in cooperation with the Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of Education, and the Agency for Workforce Innovation Florida

Partnership for School Readiness, shall identify the elements of an effective research-based curriculum for early care and education programs.

Section 25. Effective November 1, 2004, subsection (4) of section 445.023, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 445.023 Program for dependent care for families with children with special needs.--
- services provided under s. 411.01, dependent care may be provided for children age 13 years and older who are in need of care due to disability and where such care is needed for the parent to accept or continue employment or otherwise participate in work activities. The amount of subsidy shall be consistent with the rates for special needs child care established by the department. Dependent care needed for employment may be provided as transitional services for up to 2 years after eligibility for temporary cash assistance ends.

Section 26. Effective November 1, 2004, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 490.014, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

490.014 Exemptions.--

- (2) No person shall be required to be licensed or provisionally licensed under this chapter who:
- (a) Is a salaried employee of a government agency; developmental services program, mental health, alcohol, or drug abuse facility operating pursuant to chapter 393, chapter 394, or chapter 397; subsidized child care program, subsidized child care case management program, or child care resource and referral program operating pursuant to chapter 411 402; child-placing or child-caring agency licensed pursuant to chapter 409; domestic violence center certified pursuant to chapter 39; accredited academic institution; or research institution, if such employee is performing duties for which he or she was trained and hired solely within the confines of such agency, facility, or institution, so long as the employee is not held out to the public as a psychologist pursuant to s. 490.012(1)(a).

Section 27. Effective November 1, 2004, paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 491.014, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

491.014 Exemptions. --

(4) No person shall be required to be licensed, provisionally licensed, registered, or certified under this chapter who:

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(a) Is a salaried employee of a government agency; developmental services program, mental health, alcohol, or drug abuse facility operating pursuant to chapter 393, chapter 394, or chapter 397; subsidized child care program, subsidized child care case management program, or child care resource and referral program operating pursuant to chapter 411 402; child-placing or child-caring agency licensed pursuant to chapter 409; domestic violence center certified pursuant to chapter 39; accredited academic institution; or research institution, if such employee is performing duties for which he or she was trained and hired solely within the confines of such agency, facility, or institution, so long as the employee is not held out to the public as a clinical social worker, mental health counselor, or marriage and family therapist.

Section 28. Effective November 1, 2004, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 624.91, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 624.91 The Florida Healthy Kids Corporation Act.--
- (2) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.--

(a) The Legislature finds that increased access to health care services could improve children's health and reduce the incidence and costs of childhood illness and disabilities among children in this state. Many children do not have comprehensive, affordable health care services available. It is the intent of the Legislature that the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation provide comprehensive health insurance coverage to these such children. The corporation is encouraged to cooperate with any existing health service programs funded by the public or the

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private sector and to work cooperatively with the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> <u>Florida Partnership for School Readiness</u>.

Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 1001.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1001.23 Specific powers and duties of the Department of Education.—In addition to all other duties assigned to it by law or by rule of the State Board of Education, the department shall:
- (1) Adopt the <u>statewide kindergarten</u> school readiness uniform screening developed by the Florida Partnership for School Readiness, in accordance with <u>s. 1002.65</u> the criteria itemized in chapter 1008.
- Section 30. Effective November 1, 2004, paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 1002.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1002.22 Student records and reports; rights of parents and students; notification; penalty.--
- student who attends or has attended any public school, area technical center, or public postsecondary educational institution shall have the following rights with respect to any records or reports created, maintained, and used by any public educational institution in the state. However, whenever a student has attained 18 years of age, or is attending a postsecondary educational institution, the permission or consent required of, and the rights accorded to, the parents of the student shall thereafter be required of and accorded to the student only, unless the student is a dependent student of such

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parents as defined in 26 U.S.C. s. 152 (s. 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954). The State Board of Education shall adopt rules whereby parents or students may exercise these rights:

- right of privacy.--Every student has shall have a right of privacy with respect to the educational records kept on him or her. Personally identifiable records or reports of a student, and any personal information contained therein, are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). No state or local educational agency, board, public school, technical center, or public postsecondary educational institution shall permit the release of the such records, reports, or information without the written consent of the student's parent, or of the student himself or herself if he or she is qualified as provided in this subsection, to any individual, agency, or organization. However, personally identifiable records or reports of a student may be released to the following persons or organizations without the consent of the student or the student's parent:
- 1. Officials of schools, school systems, technical centers, or public postsecondary educational institutions in which the student seeks or intends to enroll; and a copy of the such records or reports shall be furnished to the parent or student upon request.
- 2. Other school officials, including teachers within the educational institution or agency, who have legitimate educational interests in the information contained in the records.

3. The United States Secretary of Education, the Director of the National Institute of Education, the Assistant Secretary for Education, the Comptroller General of the United States, or state or local educational authorities who are authorized to receive such information subject to the conditions set forth in applicable federal statutes and regulations of the United States Department of Education, or in applicable state statutes and rules of the State Board of Education.

- 4. Other school officials, in connection with a student's application for or receipt of financial aid.
- 5. Individuals or organizations conducting studies for or on behalf of an institution or a board of education for the purpose of developing, validating, or administering predictive tests, administering student aid programs, or improving instruction, if the such studies are conducted in such a manner that does as will not permit the personal identification of students and their parents by persons other than representatives of the such organizations and if the such information will be destroyed when no longer needed for the purpose of conducting the such studies.
- 6. Accrediting organizations, in order to carry out their accrediting functions.
- 7. <u>Early learning councils</u> <u>School readiness coalitions</u> and the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> <u>Florida Partnership for</u> <u>School Readiness</u> in order to carry out their assigned duties.
- 8. For use as evidence in student expulsion hearings conducted by a district school board <u>under</u> pursuant to the provisions of chapter 120.

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9. Appropriate parties in connection with an emergency, if knowledge of the information in the student's educational records is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals.

- 10. The Auditor General and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability in connection with their official functions; however, except when the collection of personally identifiable information is specifically authorized by law, any data collected by the Auditor General and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and shall be protected in such a way that does as will not permit the personal identification of students and their parents by other than the Auditor General, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, and their staff, and the such personally identifiable data shall be destroyed when no longer needed for the Auditor General's and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability's official use.
- 11.a. A court of competent jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court or the attorney of record in accordance with pursuant to a lawfully issued subpoena, upon the condition that the student and the student's parent are notified of the order or subpoena in advance of compliance therewith by the educational institution or agency.
- b. A person or entity pursuant to a court of competent jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court or the attorney of record in accordance with pursuant to a lawfully

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issued subpoena, upon the condition that the student, or his or her parent if the student is either a minor and not attending a postsecondary educational institution or a dependent of such parent as defined in 26 U.S.C. s. 152 (s. 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954), is notified of the order or subpoena in advance of compliance therewith by the educational institution or agency.

- 12. Credit bureaus, in connection with an agreement for financial aid that the student has executed, if the provided that such information is may be disclosed only to the extent necessary to enforce the terms or conditions of the financial aid agreement. Credit bureaus shall not release any information obtained under pursuant to this paragraph to any person.
- 13. Parties to an interagency agreement among the Department of Juvenile Justice, school and law enforcement authorities, and other signatory agencies for the purpose of reducing juvenile crime and especially motor vehicle theft by promoting cooperation and collaboration, and the sharing of appropriate information in a joint effort to improve school safety, to reduce truancy and in-school and out-of-school suspensions, and to support alternatives to in-school and out-of-school suspensions and expulsions that provide structured and well-supervised educational programs supplemented by a coordinated overlay of other appropriate services designed to correct behaviors that lead to truancy, suspensions, and expulsions, and that support students in successfully completing their education. Information provided in furtherance of the such interagency agreements is intended solely for use in determining

the appropriate programs and services for each juvenile or the juvenile's family, or for coordinating the delivery of the such programs and services, and as such is inadmissible in any court proceedings before prior to a dispositional hearing unless written consent is provided by a parent or other responsible adult on behalf of the juvenile.

This paragraph does not prohibit any educational institution from publishing and releasing to the general public directory information relating to a student if the institution elects to do so. However, no educational institution shall release, to any individual, agency, or organization that is not listed in subparagraphs 1.-13., directory information relating to the student body in general or a portion thereof unless it is normally published for the purpose of release to the public in general. Any educational institution making directory information public shall give public notice of the categories of information that it has designated as directory information for with respect to all students attending the institution and shall allow a reasonable period of time after the such notice has been given for a parent or student to inform the institution in writing that any or all of the information designated should not

Section 31. Effective November 1, 2004, paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 1003.21, Florida Statutes, is amended

3102 to read:

be released.

1003.21 School attendance.--

3104 (1)

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(e) Consistent with rules adopted by the State Board of Education, children with disabilities who have attained the age of 3 years shall be eligible for admission to public special education programs and for related services under rules adopted by the district school board. Exceptional children who are deaf or hard of hearing, visually impaired, dual sensory impaired, severely physically handicapped, trainable mentally handicapped, or profoundly handicapped, or who have established conditions, or exhibit developmental delays, below age 3 may be eligible for special programs; or, if enrolled in other <u>early learning school readiness</u> programs, they may be eligible for supplemental instruction. Rules for the identification of established conditions for children birth through 2 years of age and developmental delays for children birth through 5 years of age must be adopted by the State Board of Education.

Section 32. Effective November 1, 2004, paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 1003.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.54 Teenage parent programs. --

(3)

(c) Provision for necessary child care, health care, social services, parent education, and transportation shall be ancillary service components of teenage parent programs.

Ancillary services may be provided through the coordination of existing programs and services and through joint agreements between district school boards and early learning councils local school readiness coalitions or other appropriate public and private providers.

3133 Section 33. Effective November 1, 2004, subsection (4) of section 1006.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3134 3135 1006.03 Diagnostic and learning resource centers. --3136 Diagnostic and learning resource centers may assist 3137 districts in providing testing and evaluation services for 3138 infants and preschool children with or at risk of developing 3139 disabilities, and may assist districts in providing 3140 interdisciplinary training and resources to parents of infants 3141 and preschool children with or at risk of developing 3142 disabilities and to early learning school readiness programs. 3143 Section 34. By January 15, 2005, the Department of 3144 Education, with the advice of the Early Learning Advisory 3145 Council created under s. 1002.71, Florida Statutes, shall submit 3146 recommendations to the President of the Senate and the Speaker 3147 of the House of Representatives on professional development 3148 programs for the VPK Program. The recommendations must comprise 3149 options for the professional development of prekindergarten directors, teachers, and child development associate and child 3150 3151 development associate equivalent personnel. The recommendations 3152 shall address curricula and appropriate delivery systems for the 3153 programs and shall consider the use of Internet-based 3154 applications for instruction or assessment. The recommendations 3155 must also include the estimated costs of the professional 3156 development programs, including nonrecurring startup costs and 3157 recurring operational costs. Section 35. Sections 402.30501, 411.012, and 1008.21, 3158 3159 Florida Statutes, are repealed.

Section 36. (1) Effective November 1, 2004, the Florida

Partnership for School Readiness is abolished. All powers,

duties, functions, rules, records, personnel, property, and

unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, and other

funds of the Florida Partnership for School Readiness are

transferred, effective November 1, 2004, by a type two transfer,

as defined in s. 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, to the Agency for

Workforce Innovation.

- (2) Notwithstanding section 37 of this act, all powers, duties, functions, rules, records, personnel, property, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, and other funds of the Teach Education and Compensation Helps (TEACH)

 Early Childhood Project are transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in s. 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, from the Agency for Workforce Innovation to the Department of Education.
- (3) Notwithstanding section 37 of this act, all powers, duties, functions, rules, records, personnel, property, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, and other funds of the Home Instruction for Parents of Preschool

 Youngsters (HIPPY) program are transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in s. 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, from the Agency for Workforce Innovation to the Department of Education.

Section 37. (1) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall not transfer to the Department of Education, through an interagency agreement or through any other means, any of the agency's powers, duties, functions, rules, records, personnel, property, or unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds which

are provided for administration of s. 411.01, Florida Statutes, without specific legislative authority by express reference to this section.

(2) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the

Department of Children and Family Services shall not transfer to
the Department of Education, through an interagency agreement or
through any other means, any of the department's powers, duties,
functions, rules, records, personnel, property, or unexpended
balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds which
are provided for the Child Care Services Program Office or for
administration of ss. 402.25-402.319, Florida Statutes, without
specific legislative authority by express reference to this
section.

Section 38. The Voluntary Prekindergarten Education

Program (VPK Program) created by this act is a choice option for both parents and providers in which public, private, and faith-based providers may opt to participate or not to participate. As such, the VPK Program is not part of the system of public education and shall not be subject to collective bargaining.

Section 39. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.