16-316D-05

A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to motor vehicles; amending s. 261.03, F.S.; redefining the term "off-highway 3 vehicle" to include a two-rider ATV; adding a 4 5 definition; amending s. 316.003, F.S.; defining 6 the term "traffic signal preemption system"; 7 amending s. 316.0775, F.S.; providing that the unauthorized use of a traffic signal preemption 8 9 device is a moving violation; amending s. 10 316.122, F.S.; providing for the right-of-way for certain passing vehicles; creating s. 11 12 316.1576, F.S.; providing clearance 13 specifications for a railroad-highway grade crossing; providing a penalty; creating s. 14 316.1577, F.S.; providing that an employer is 15 responsible under certain circumstances for 16 17 violations pertaining to railroad-highway grade 18 crossings; providing a penalty; amending s. 316.183, F.S.; increasing the minimum speed 19 limit on interstate highways under certain 20 21 circumstances; amending s. 316.1932, F.S.; 22 revising the requirements for printing the 23 notice of consent for sobriety testing on a driver's license; amending s. 316.1936, F.S., 2.4 relating to possession of open containers of 25 alcohol; removing an exemption provided for 26 27 passengers of a vehicle operated by a driver 2.8 holding a Class D driver's license; amending s. 316.194, F.S.; authorizing traffic accident 29 investigation officers to remove vehicles under 30 certain circumstances; amending s. 316.1967, 31

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F.S.; providing that an owner of a leased vehicle is not responsible for a parking ticket violation in certain circumstances; amending s. 316.2074, F.S.; redefining the term "all-terrain vehicle" to include a two-rider ATV; amending s. 316.605, F.S.; clarifying that portion of a license plate which must be clear and plainly visible; amending s. 316.613, F.S.; eliminating authorization for the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to expend certain funds for promotional purposes; creating s. 316.6131, F.S.; authorizing the department to expend certain funds for public information and education campaigns; amending s. 316.650, F.S.; providing exceptions to a prohibition against using citations as evidence 16 in a trial; amending s. 317.0003, F.S.; defining the term "off-highway vehicle" to include a two-rider ATV; providing a definition; amending ss. 317.0004, 317.0005, and 317.0006, F.S.; conforming references; 22 amending s. 317.0007, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to issue a validation sticker as an additional proof of title for an off-highway vehicle; 25 providing for the replacement of lost or 26 destroyed off-highway vehicle validation stickers; providing for disposition of fees; repealing s. 317.0008(2), F.S., relating to the expedited issuance of duplicate certificates of title for off-highway vehicles; amending ss.

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317.0010, 317.0012, and 317.0013, F.S.; conforming references; creating s. 317.0014, F.S.; establishing procedures for the issuance of a certificate of title for an off-highway vehicle; providing duties of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; providing for a notice of lien and lien satisfaction; creating s. 317.0015, F.S.; providing for the applicability of certain provisions of law to the titling of off-highway vehicles; creating s. 317.0016, F.S.; providing for the expedited issuance of titles for off-highway vehicles; creating s. 317.0017, F.S.; prohibiting specified actions relating to the issuance of titles for off-highway vehicles; providing a penalty; creating s. 317.0018, F.S.; prohibiting the transfer of an off-highway vehicle without delivery of a certificate of title; prescribing other violations; providing a penalty; amending s. 318.14, F.S.; authorizing the department to modify certain actions to suspend or revoke a driver's license following notice of final disposition; providing citation procedures and proceedings for persons who do not hold a commercial driver's license; amending s. 319.23, F.S.; requiring a licensed motor vehicle dealer to notify the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles of a motor vehicle or mobile home taken as a trade-in; requiring the department to update its title record; amending

s. 319.27, F.S.; correcting an obsolete 2 cross-reference; amending s. 320.06, F.S.; providing for a credit or refund when a 3 4 registrant is required to replace a license 5 plate under certain circumstances; amending s. 6 320.0601, F.S.; requiring that a registration 7 or renewal of a long-term leased motor vehicle be in the name of the lessee; amending s. 8 9 320.0605, F.S.; exempting a vehicle registered 10 as a fleet vehicle from the requirement that the certificate of registration be carried in 11 12 the vehicle at all times; amending s. 320.0843, 13 F.S.; requiring that an applicant's eligibility for a disabled parking plate be noted on the 14 certificate; amending s. 320.131, F.S.; 15 authorizing the department to provide for an 16 17 electronic system for motor vehicle dealers to 18 use in issuing temporary license plates; providing a penalty; amending s. 320.18, F.S.; 19 authorizing the department to cancel the 20 21 vehicle or vessel registration, driver's 22 license, or identification card of a person who 23 pays certain fees or penalties with a dishonored check; amending s. 320.27, F.S.; 2.4 requiring dealer principals to provide 25 certification of completing continuing 26 27 education under certain circumstances; 2.8 requiring motor vehicle dealers to maintain records for a specified period; providing 29 certain penalties; amending s. 322.01, F.S.; 30 redefining the terms "commercial motor vehicle" 31

1 and "out-of-service order"; providing the 2 definition of conviction applicable to offenses 3 committed in a commercial motor vehicle; 4 amending s. 322.05, F.S.; removing requirements 5 for a Class D driver's license; amending s. 6 322.051, F.S.; revising provisions relating to 7 the application for an identification card; 8 providing that the requirement for a fullface 9 photograph or digital image on an 10 identification card may not be waived under ch. 761, F.S.; amending s. 322.07, F.S.; removing 11 12 requirements for a Class D driver's license; 13 amending s. 322.08, F.S.; providing that a United States passport is an acceptable proof 14 of identity for purposes of obtaining a 15 driver's license; providing that a 16 17 naturalization certificate issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security is an 18 acceptable proof of identity for such purpose; 19 providing that specified documents issued by 20 21 the United States Department of Homeland 22 Security are acceptable as proof of 23 nonimmigrant classification; amending s. 322.09, F.S.; requiring the signature of a 24 secondary guardian on a driver's license 25 application for a minor under certain 26 27 circumstances; amending s. 322.11, F.S.; 2.8 providing for notice to a minor before 29 canceling the minor's license due to the death of the person who cosigned the initial 30 application; amending s. 322.12, F.S.; removing 31

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requirements for a Class D driver's license; amending s. 322.135, F.S.; requiring all tax collectors serving as agents for the department to provide all services available as deemed appropriate by the department; revising requirements for the deposit of certain fees for a driver's license; revising requirements for the tax collector in directing a licensee for examination or reexamination; requiring county officers to pay certain funds to the State Treasury by electronic funds transfer within a specified period; amending s. 322.142, F.S.; providing that the requirement for a fullface photograph or digital image on a driver's license may not be waived under ch. 761, F.S.; amending s. 322.161, F.S.; removing requirements for a Class D driver's license; amending s. 322.17, F.S., relating to duplicate and replacement certificates; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 322.18, F.S.; revising the expiration period for driver's licenses issued to specified persons; conforming cross-references; amending s. 322.19, F.S., relating to change of address or name; conforming cross-references; amending s. 322.21, F.S.; removing requirements for a Class D driver's license; requiring the department to set a fee for a hazardous-materials endorsement; providing that the fee may not exceed \$100; amending s. 322.212, F.S.; providing an additional penalty for giving

1 false information when applying for a 2 commercial driver's license; amending s. 3 322.22, F.S.; authorizing the department to 4 cancel any identification card, vehicle or 5 vessel registration, or fuel-use decal of a 6 licensee who pays certain fees or penalties 7 with a dishonored check; amending s. 322.251, 8 F.S.; removing requirements for a Class D 9 driver's license; amending s. 322.30, F.S.; 10 removing the requirements for a Class D driver's license; amending s. 322.53, F.S.; 11 12 removing requirements for a Class D driver's 13 license; removing a requirement that certain operators of a commercial motor vehicle obtain 14 a specified license; amending s. 322.54, F.S.; 15 revising the classification requirements for 16 17 certain driver's licenses; deleting requirements for a Class D driver's license; 18 amending s. 322.57, F.S.; providing testing 19 requirements for school bus drivers; amending 20 21 s. 322.58, F.S.; deleting requirements for a 22 Class D driver's license and changing those 23 requirements to a Class E driver's license; amending and reenacting s. 322.61, F.S.; 2.4 specifying additional violations that 25 disqualify a person from operating a commercial 26 27 motor vehicle; providing penalties; removing 2.8 requirements for a Class D driver's license; amending s. 322.63, F.S.; clarifying provisions 29 30 governing alcohol and drug testing for commercial motor vehicle operators; amending s. 31

322.64, F.S., and reenacting s. 322.64(14), 1 2 F.S., relating to citation procedures and 3 proceedings, to incorporate the amendment to s. 4 322.61, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing 5 for a temporary permit issued following certain 6 DUI offenses to apply only to the operation of 7 noncommercial vehicles; amending s. 713.78, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the 8 9 placement of a wrecker operator's lien against 10 a motor vehicle; amending s. 843.16, F.S.; prohibiting the transportation of radio 11 12 equipment that receives signals on frequencies 13 used by this state's law enforcement officers or fire rescue personnel; redefining the term 14 "emergency vehicle" to include any motor 15 vehicle designated as such by the fire chief of 16 17 a county or municipality; providing an enhanced 18 penalty; providing an effective date. 19 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 20 21 22 Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 261.03, Florida 23 Statutes, is amended and subsection (11) is added to that section, to read: 2.4 261.03 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the 25 term: 26 27 (6) "Off-highway vehicle" means any ATV, two-rider ATV, or OHM that is used off the roads or highways of this state for recreational purposes and that is not registered and 29 30 licensed for highway use under chapter 320.

1	(11) "Two-rider ATV" means any ATV that is
2	specifically designed by the manufacturer for a single
3	operator and one passenger.
4	Section 2. Subsection (84) is added to section
5	316.003, Florida Statutes, to read:
6	316.003 DefinitionsThe following words and phrases,
7	when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings
8	respectively ascribed to them in this section, except where
9	the context otherwise requires:
10	(84) TRAFFIC SIGNAL PREEMPTION SYSTEM Any system or
11	device with the capability of activating a control mechanism
12	mounted on or near traffic signals which alters a traffic
13	signal's timing cycle.
14	Section 3. Section 316.0775, Florida Statutes, is
15	amended to read:
16	316.0775 Interference with official traffic control
17	devices or railroad signs or signals
18	(1) A No person may not shall, without lawful
19	authority, attempt to or in fact alter, deface, injure, knock
20	down, or remove any official traffic control device or any
21	railroad sign or signal or any inscription, shield, or
22	insignia thereon, or any other part thereof. A violation of
23	this <u>subsection</u> section is a criminal violation pursuant to s.
24	318.17 and shall be punishable as set forth in s. 806.13
25	related to criminal mischief and graffiti, beginning on or
26	after July 1, 2000.
27	(2) A person may not, without lawful authority,
28	possess or use any traffic signal preemption device as defined
29	under s. 316.003. A person who violates this subsection
30	commits a moving violation, punishable as provided in chapter
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1	318 and shall have 4 points assessed against his or her
2	driver's license as set forth in s. 322.27.
3	Section 4. Section 316.122, Florida Statutes, is
4	amended to read:
5	316.122 Vehicle turning leftThe driver of a vehicle
6	intending to turn to the left within an intersection or into
7	an alley, private road, or driveway shall yield the
8	right-of-way to any vehicle approaching from the opposite
9	direction, or vehicles lawfully passing on the left of the
10	turning vehicle, which is within the intersection or so close
11	thereto as to constitute an immediate hazard. A violation of
12	this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable
13	as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318.
14	Section 5. Section 316.1576, Florida Statutes, is
15	created to read:
16	316.1576 Insufficient clearance at a railroad-highway
17	grade crossing
18	(1) A person may not drive any vehicle through a
19	railroad-highway grade crossing that does not have sufficient
20	space to drive completely through the crossing without
21	stopping.
22	(2) A person may not drive any vehicle through a
23	railroad-highway grade crossing that does not have sufficient
24	undercarriage clearance to drive completely through the
25	crossing without stopping.
26	(3) A violation of this section is a noncriminal
27	traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as
28	provided in chapter 318.
29	Section 6. Section 316.1577, Florida Statutes, is
30	created to read:
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316.1577 Employer responsibility for violations 2 pertaining to railroad-highway grade crossings .--3 (1) An employer may not knowingly allow, require, 4 permit, or authorize a driver to operate a commercial motor 5 vehicle in violation of a federal, state, or local law or rule pertaining to railroad-highway grade crossings. 7 (2) A person who violates subsection (1) is subject to 8 a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000. 9 Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 316.183, Florida 10 Statutes, is amended to read: 316.183 Unlawful speed.--11 12 (2) On all streets or highways, the maximum speed 13 limits for all vehicles must be 30 miles per hour in business or residence districts, and 55 miles per hour at any time at 14 all other locations. However, with respect to a residence 15 district, a county or municipality may set a maximum speed 16 limit of 20 or 25 miles per hour on local streets and highways 18 after an investigation determines that such a limit is reasonable. It is not necessary to conduct a separate 19 investigation for each residence district. The minimum speed 20 21 limit on all highways that comprise a part of the National 22 System of Interstate and Defense Highways and have not fewer 23 than four lanes is 40 miles per hour, except that when the posted speed limit is 70 miles per hour, the minimum speed 2.4 limit is 50 miles per hour. 2.5 Section 8. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 26 316.1932, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 27 2.8 316.1932 Tests for alcohol, chemical substances, or 29 controlled substances; implied consent; refusal.--30 (1)31

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- (e)1. By applying for a driver's license and by accepting and using a driver's license, the person holding the driver's license is deemed to have expressed his or her consent to the provisions of this section.
- 2. A nonresident or any other person driving in a status exempt from the requirements of the driver's license law, by his or her act of driving in such exempt status, is deemed to have expressed his or her consent to the provisions of this section.
- 3. A warning of the consent provision of this section shall be printed above the signature line on each new or renewed driver's license.
- Section 9. Subsection (5) of section 316.1936, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 316.1936 Possession of open containers of alcoholic beverages in vehicles prohibited; penalties.--
 - (5) This section shall not apply to:
- (a) A passenger of a vehicle in which the driver is operating the vehicle pursuant to a contract to provide transportation for passengers and such driver holds a valid commercial driver's license with a passenger endorsement or a Class D driver's license issued in accordance with the requirements of chapter 322;
- (b) A passenger of a bus in which the driver holds a valid commercial driver's license with a passenger endorsement or a Class D driver's license issued in accordance with the requirements of chapter 322; or
- 28 (c) A passenger of a self-contained motor home which 29 is in excess of 21 feet in length.
- Section 10. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) of section 316.194, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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316.194 Stopping, standing or parking outside of municipalities.--

- (3)(a) Whenever any police officer or traffic accident investigation officer finds a vehicle standing upon a highway in violation of any of the foregoing provisions of this section, the officer is authorized to move the vehicle, or require the driver or other persons in charge of the vehicle to move the vehicle same, to a position off the paved or main-traveled part of the highway.
- officers may are hereby authorized to provide for the removal of any abandoned vehicle to the nearest garage or other place of safety, cost of such removal to be a lien against motor vehicle, when an said abandoned vehicle is found unattended upon a bridge or causeway or in any tunnel, or on any public highway in the following instances:
- 1. Where such vehicle constitutes an obstruction of traffic;
- 2. Where such vehicle has been parked or stored on the public right-of-way for a period exceeding 48 hours, in other than designated parking areas, and is within 30 feet of the pavement edge; and
- 3. Where an operative vehicle has been parked or stored on the public right-of-way for a period exceeding 10 days, in other than designated parking areas, and is more than 30 feet from the pavement edge. However, the agency removing such vehicle shall be required to report same to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles within 24 hours of such removal.
- Section 11. Section 316.1967, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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316.1967 Liability for payment of parking ticket violations and other parking violations.--

- (1) The owner of a vehicle is responsible and liable for payment of any parking ticket violation unless the owner can furnish evidence, when required by this subsection, that the vehicle was, at the time of the parking violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a reasonable time after notification of the parking violation, to furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise had the care, custody, or control of the vehicle. The affidavit submitted under this subsection is admissible in a proceeding charging a parking ticket violation and raises the rebuttable presumption that the person identified in the affidavit is responsible for payment of the parking ticket violation. The owner of a vehicle is not responsible for a parking ticket violation if the vehicle involved was, at the time, stolen or in the care, custody, or control of some person who did not have permission of the owner to use the vehicle. The owner of a leased vehicle is not responsible for a parking ticket violation and is not required to submit an affidavit or the other evidence specified in this section, if the vehicle is registered in the name of the person who leased the vehicle.
- (2) Any person who is issued a county or municipal parking ticket by a parking enforcement specialist or officer is deemed to be charged with a noncriminal violation and shall comply with the directions on the ticket. If payment is not received or a response to the ticket is not made within the

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time period specified thereon, the county court or its traffic violations bureau shall notify the registered owner of the vehicle that was cited, or the registered lessee when the cited vehicle is registered in the name of the person who leased the vehicle, by mail to the address given on the motor vehicle registration, of the ticket. Mailing the notice to this address constitutes notification. Upon notification, the registered owner or registered lessee shall comply with the court's directive.

- (3) Any person who fails to satisfy the court's directive waives his or her right to pay the applicable civil penalty.
- designated official to present evidence waives his or her right to pay the civil penalty provisions of the ticket. The official, after a hearing, shall make a determination as to whether a parking violation has been committed and may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$100 or the fine amount designated by county ordinance, plus court costs. Any person who fails to pay the civil penalty within the time allowed by the court is deemed to have been convicted of a parking ticket violation, and the court shall take appropriate measures to enforce collection of the fine.
- (5) Any provision of subsections (2), (3), and (4) to the contrary notwithstanding, chapter 318 does not apply to violations of county parking ordinances and municipal parking ordinances.
- (6) Any county or municipality may provide by ordinance that the clerk of the court or the traffic violations bureau shall supply the department with a magnetically encoded computer tape reel or cartridge or send

by other electronic means data which is machine readable by the installed computer system at the department, listing persons who have three or more outstanding parking violations, 3 including violations of s. 316.1955. Each county shall provide 4 by ordinance that the clerk of the court or the traffic 5 6 violations bureau shall supply the department with a 7 magnetically encoded computer tape reel or cartridge or send 8 by other electronic means data that is machine readable by the installed computer system at the department, listing persons 9 who have any outstanding violations of s. 316.1955 or any 10 similar local ordinance that regulates parking in spaces 11 12 designated for use by persons who have disabilities. The 13 department shall mark the appropriate registration records of persons who are so reported. Section 320.03(8) applies to each 14 15 person whose name appears on the list. Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 316.2074, 16 17 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 316.2074 All-terrain vehicles.--18 (2) As used in this section, the term "all-terrain 19 vehicle" means any motorized off-highway vehicle 50 inches or 20 21 less in width, having a dry weight of 900 pounds or less, 22 designed to travel on three or more low-pressure tires, having 23 a seat designed to be straddled by the operator and handlebars for steering control, and intended for use by a single 2.4 operator with no passenger. For the purposes of this section, 2.5 26 <u>"all-terrain vehicle" also includes any "two-rider ATV" as</u> 27 defined in s. 317.0003. 2.8 Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 316.605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 30 316.605 Licensing of vehicles.--

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(1) Every vehicle, at all times while driven, stopped, or parked upon any highways, roads, or streets of this state, shall be licensed in the name of the owner thereof in accordance with the laws of this state unless such vehicle is not required by the laws of this state to be licensed in this state and shall, except as otherwise provided in s. 320.0706 for front-end registration license plates on truck tractors, display the license plate or both of the license plates assigned to it by the state, one on the rear and, if two, the other on the front of the vehicle, each to be securely fastened to the vehicle outside the main body of the vehicle in such manner as to prevent the plates from swinging, and with all letters, numerals, printing, writing, and other identification marks upon the plates regarding the word "Florida," the registration decal, and the alphanumeric designation shall be clear and distinct and free from defacement, mutilation, grease, and other obscuring matter, so that they will be plainly visible and legible at all times 100 feet from the rear or front. Nothing shall be placed upon the face of a Florida plate except as permitted by law or by rule or regulation of a governmental agency. No license plates other than those furnished by the state shall be used. However, if the vehicle is not required to be licensed in this state, the license plates on such vehicle issued by another state, by a territory, possession, or district of the United States, or by a foreign country, substantially complying with the provisions hereof, shall be considered as complying with this chapter. A violation of this subsection is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.

Section 14. Subsection (4) of section 316.613, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 316.613 Child restraint requirements.--4 (4) (4) (a) It is the legislative intent that all state, county, and local law enforcement agencies, and safety 5 councils, in recognition of the problems with child death and injury from unrestrained occupancy in motor vehicles, conduct 8 a continuing safety and public awareness campaign as to the 9 magnitude of the problem. 10 (b) The department may authorize the expenditure of funds for the purchase of promotional items as part of the 11 12 public information and education campaigns provided for in this subsection and ss. 316.614, 322.025, and 403.7145. 13 Section 15. Section 316.6131, Florida Statutes, is 14 created to read: 15 316.6131 Educational expenditures.--The department may 16 17 authorize the expenditure of funds for the purchase of educational items as part of the public information and 18 education campaigns promoting highway safety and awareness, as 19 well as departmental community-based initiatives. Funds may be 2.0 21 expended for, but are not limited to, educational campaigns 2.2 provided in this chapter, chapters 320 and 322, and s. 23 403.7145. Section 16. Subsection (9) of section 316.650, Florida 2.4 Statutes, is amended to read: 2.5 316.650 Traffic citations.--26 27 (9) Such citations shall not be admissible evidence in 2.8 any trial, except when used as evidence of falsification, forgery, uttering, fraud, or perjury, or when used as physical 29 30 evidence resulting from a forensic examination of the 31 citation.

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Section 17. Section 317.0003, Florida Statutes, is amended, to read:

317.0003 Definitions.--As used in this chapter ss. $\frac{317.0001}{317.0013}$, the term:

- (1) "ATV" means any motorized off-highway or all-terrain vehicle 50 inches or less in width, having a dry weight of 900 pounds or less, designed to travel on three or more low-pressure tires, having a seat designed to be straddled by the operator and handlebars for steering control, and intended for use by a single operator and with no passenger.
- (2) "Dealer" means any person authorized by the Department of Revenue to buy, sell, resell, or otherwise distribute off-highway vehicles. Such person must have a valid sales tax certificate of registration issued by the Department of Revenue and a valid commercial or occupational license required by any county, municipality, or political subdivision of the state in which the person operates.
- (3) "Department" means the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
- (4) "Florida resident" means a person who has had a principal place of domicile in this state for a period of more than 6 consecutive months, who has registered to vote in this state, who has made a statement of domicile pursuant to s. 222.17, or who has filed for homestead tax exemption on property in this state.
- (5) "OHM" or "off-highway motorcycle" means any motor vehicle used off the roads or highways of this state that has a seat or saddle for the use of the rider and is designed to travel with not more than two wheels in contact with the ground, but excludes a tractor or a moped.

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- (6) "Off-highway vehicle" means any ATV, two-rider

 ATV, or OHM that is used off the roads or highways of this
 state for recreational purposes and that is not registered and
 licensed for highway use pursuant to chapter 320.
- (7) "Owner" means a person, other than a lienholder, having the property in or title to an off-highway vehicle, including a person entitled to the use or possession of an off-highway vehicle subject to an interest held by another person, reserved or created by agreement and securing payment of performance of an obligation, but the term excludes a lessee under a lease not intended as security.
- (8) "Public lands" means lands within the state that are available for public use and that are owned, operated, or managed by a federal, state, county, or municipal governmental entity.
- (9) "Two-rider ATV" means any ATV that is specifically designed by the manufacturer for a single operator and one passenger.
- Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 317.0004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 21 317.0004 Administration of off-highway vehicle titling 22 laws; records.--
 - (1) The administration of off-highway vehicle titling laws in this chapter ss. 317.0001 317.0013 is under the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, which shall provide for the issuing, handling, and recording of all off-highway vehicle titling applications and certificates, including the receipt and accounting of off-highway vehicle titling fees. The provisions of chapter 319 are applicable to this chapter, unless otherwise explicitly stated.

Section 19. Section 317.0005, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 317.0005 Rules, forms, and notices.--(1) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 4 120.536(1) and 120.54, which pertain to off-highway vehicle 5 titling, in order to implement the provisions of this chapter 7 ss. 317.0001 317.0013 conferring duties upon it. 8 (2) The department shall prescribe and provide 9 suitable forms for applications and other notices and forms necessary to administer the provisions of this chapter ss. 10 317.0001 317.0013. 11 12 Section 20. Subsection (1) of section 317.0006, 13 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 317.0006 Certificate of title required.--14 (1) Any off-highway vehicle that is purchased by a 15 resident of this state after the effective date of this act or 16 that is owned by a resident and is operated on the public 18 lands of this state must be titled pursuant to this chapter ss. 317.0001 317.0013. 19 Section 21. Subsection (6) is added to section 20 21 317.0007, Florida Statutes, to read: 22 317.0007 Application for and issuance of certificate 23 of title.--(6) In addition to a certificate of title, the 2.4 department may issue a validation sticker to be placed on the 25 off-highway vehicle as proof of the issuance of title required 26 27 pursuant to s. 317.0006(1). A validation sticker that is lost 2.8 or destroyed may, upon application, be replaced by the department or county tax collector. The department and county 29 30 tax collector may charge and deposit the fees established in

ss. 320.03(5), 320.031, and 320.04 for all original and 2 replacement decals. 3 Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 317.0008, 4 Florida Statutes, is repealed. 5 Section 23. Section 317.0010, Florida Statutes, is 6 amended to read: 7 317.0010 Disposition of fees.--The department shall 8 deposit all funds received under this chapter ss. 317.0001 317.0013, less administrative costs of \$2 per title 9 transaction, into the Incidental Trust Fund of the Division of 10 Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 11 12 Services. 13 Section 24. Subsection (3) of section 317.0012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 317.0012 Crimes relating to certificates of title; 15 16 penalties.--(3) It is unlawful to: (a) Alter or forge any certificate of title to an 18 off-highway vehicle or any assignment thereof or any 19 20 cancellation of any lien on an off-highway vehicle. 21 (b) Retain or use such certificate, assignment, or 22 cancellation knowing that it has been altered or forged. 23 (c) Use a false or fictitious name, give a false or fictitious address, or make any false statement in any 2.4 application or affidavit required by this chapter ss. 2.5 317.0001 317.0013 or in a bill of sale or sworn statement of 26 27 ownership or otherwise commit a fraud in any application. 28 (d) Knowingly obtain goods, services, credit, or money by means of an invalid, duplicate, fictitious, forged, 29 30 counterfeit, stolen, or unlawfully obtained certificate of

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the department.

title, bill of sale, or other indicia of ownership of an 2 off-highway vehicle. (e) Knowingly obtain goods, services, credit, or money 3 by means of a certificate of title to an off-highway vehicle 4 which certificate is required by law to be surrendered to the 5 department. 7 8 Any person who violates this subsection commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 9 775.083, or s. 775.084. A violation of this subsection with 10 respect to any off-highway vehicle makes such off-highway 11 12 vehicle contraband which may be seized by a law enforcement 13 agency and forfeited under ss. 932.701-932.704. Section 25. Section 317.0013, Florida Statutes, is 14 amended to read: 15 317.0013 Nonmoving traffic violations. -- Any person who 16 17 fails to comply with any provision of this chapter ss. 317.0001 317.0012 for which a penalty is not otherwise 18 provided commits a nonmoving traffic violation, punishable as 19 provided in s. 318.18. 2.0 21 Section 26. Section 317.0014, Florida Statutes, is 22 created to read: 23 317.0014 Certificate of title; issuance in duplicate; delivery; liens and encumbrances .--2.4 (1) The department shall assign a number to each 25 certificate of title and shall issue each certificate of title 26 27 and each corrected certificate in duplicate. The database 2.8 record shall serve as the duplicate title certificate required in this section. One printed copy may be retained on file by 29

1	(2) A duly authorized person shall sign the original
2	certificate of title and each corrected certificate and, if
3	there are no liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle,
4	as shown in the records of the department or as shown in the
5	application, shall deliver the certificate to the applicant or
6	to another person as directed by the applicant or person,
7	agent, or attorney submitting the application. If there are
8	one or more liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle,
9	the certificate shall be delivered by the department to the
10	first lienholder as shown by department records or to the
11	owner as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the first
12	lienholder. If the notice of lien filed by the first
13	lienholder indicates that the certificate should be delivered
14	to the first lienholder, the department shall deliver to the
15	first lienholder, along with the certificate, a form to be
16	subsequently used by the lienholder as a satisfaction. If the
17	notice of lien filed by the first lienholder directs the
18	certificate of title to be delivered to the owner, then, upon
19	delivery of the certificate of title by the department to the
20	owner, the department shall deliver to the first lienholder
21	confirmation of the receipt of the notice of lien and the date
22	the certificate of title was issued to the owner at the
23	owner's address shown on the notice of lien and a form to be
24	subsequently used by the lienholder as a satisfaction. If the
25	application for certificate shows the name of a first
26	lienholder different from the name of the first lienholder as
27	shown by the records of the department, the certificate may
28	not be issued to any person until after all parties who appear
29	to hold a lien and the applicant for the certificate have been
30	notified of the conflict in writing by the department by
31	certified mail. If the parties do not amicably resolve the

conflict within 10 days after the date the notice was mailed, 2 the department shall serve notice in writing by certified mail on all persons appearing to hold liens on that particular 3 4 vehicle, including the applicant for the certificate, to show cause within 15 days following the date the notice is mailed 5 6 as to why it should not issue and deliver the certificate to 7 the person indicated in the notice of lien filed by the 8 lienholder whose name appears in the application as the first lienholder without showing any lien or liens as outstanding 9 10 other than those appearing in the application or those that have been filed subsequent to the filing of the application 11 for the certificate. If, within the 15-day period, any person 12 13 other than the lienholder shown in the application or a party filing a subsequent lien, in answer to the notice to show 14 cause, appears in person or by a representative, or responds 15 in writing, and files a written statement under oath that his 16 or her lien on that particular vehicle is still outstanding, 18 the department may not issue the certificate to anyone until after the conflict has been settled by the lien claimants 19 involved or by a court of competent jurisdiction. If the 2.0 21 conflict is not settled amicably within 10 days after the 2.2 final date for filing an answer to the notice to show cause, 23 the complaining party shall have 10 days in which to obtain a ruling, or a stay order, from a court of competent 2.4 jurisdiction. If a ruling or stay order is not issued and 2.5 served on the department within the 10-day period, it shall 2.6 2.7 issue the certificate showing no liens except those shown in 2.8 the application or thereafter filed to the original applicant if there are no liens shown in the application and none are 29 thereafter filed, or to the person indicated in the notice of 30 lien filed by the lienholder whose name appears in the 31

application as the first lienholder if there are liens shown 2 in the application or thereafter filed. A duplicate certificate or corrected certificate shall show only the lien 3 4 or liens as shown in the application and any subsequently filed liens that may be outstanding. 5 6 (3) Except as provided in subsection (4), the 7 certificate of title shall be retained by the first lienholder or the owner as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the 8 first lienholder. If the first lienholder is in possession of 9 10 the certificate, the first lienholder is entitled to retain the certificate until the first lien is satisfied. 11 12 (4) If the owner of the vehicle, as shown on the title 13 certificate, desires to place a second or subsequent lien or encumbrance against the vehicle when the title certificate is 14 in the possession of the first lienholder, the owner shall 15 send a written request to the first lienholder by certified 16 mail, and the first lienholder shall forward the certificate 18 to the department for endorsement. If the title certificate is in the possession of the owner, the owner shall forward the 19 certificate to the department for endorsement. The department 2.0 21 shall return the certificate to either the first lienholder or to the owner, as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the 2.2 23 first lienholder, after endorsing the second or subsequent lien on the certificate and on the duplicate. If the first 2.4 lienholder or owner fails, neglects, or refuses to forward the 2.5 certificate of title to the department within 10 days after 26 27 the date of the owner's request, the department, on the 2.8 written request of the subsequent lienholder or an assignee of the lien, shall demand of the first lienholder the return of 29 the certificate for the notation of the second or subsequent 30 lien or encumbrance. 31

1	(5)(a) Upon satisfaction of any first lien or
2	encumbrance recorded by the department, the owner of the
3	vehicle, as shown on the title certificate, or the person
4	satisfying the lien is entitled to demand and receive from the
5	lienholder a satisfaction of the lien. If the lienholder, upon
6	satisfaction of the lien and upon demand, fails or refuses to
7	furnish a satisfaction of the lien within 30 days after
8	demand, he or she is liable for all costs, damages, and
9	expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, lawfully
10	incurred by the titled owner or person satisfying the lien in
11	any suit brought in this state for cancellation of the lien.
12	The lienholder receiving final payment as defined in s.
13	674.215 shall mail or otherwise deliver a lien satisfaction
14	and the certificate of title indicating the satisfaction
15	within 10 working days after receipt of final payment or
16	notify the person satisfying the lien that the title is not
17	available within 10 working days after receipt of final
18	payment. If the lienholder is unable to provide the
19	certificate of title and notifies the person of such, the
20	lienholder shall provide a lien satisfaction and is
21	responsible for the cost of a duplicate title, including
22	expedited title charges as provided in s. 317.0016. This
23	paragraph does not apply to electronic transactions under
24	subsection (8).
25	(b) Following satisfaction of a lien, the lienholder
26	shall enter a satisfaction thereof in the space provided on
27	the face of the certificate of title. If the certificate of
28	title was retained by the owner, the owner shall, within 5
29	days after satisfaction of the lien, deliver the certificate
30	of title to the lienholder and the lienholder shall enter a
31	satisfaction thereof in the space provided on the face of the

and this subsection.

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certificate of title. If no subsequent liens are shown on the 2 certificate of title, the certificate shall be delivered by the lienholder to the person satisfying the lien or 3 4 encumbrance and an executed satisfaction on a form provided by the department shall be forwarded to the department by the 5 6 lienholder within 10 days after satisfaction of the lien. 7 (c) If the certificate of title shows a subsequent 8 lien not then being discharged, an executed satisfaction of the first lien shall be delivered by the lienholder to the 9 10 person satisfying the lien and the certificate of title showing satisfaction of the first lien shall be forwarded by 11 12 the lienholder to the department within 10 days after 13 satisfaction of the lien. (d) If, upon receipt of a title certificate showing 14 satisfaction of the first lien, the department determines from 15 its records that there are no subsequent liens or encumbrances 16 17 upon the vehicle, the department shall forward to the owner, 18 as shown on the face of the title, a corrected certificate showing no liens or encumbrances. If there is a subsequent 19 lien not being discharged, the certificate of title shall be 2.0 21 reissued showing the second or subsequent lienholder as the first lienholder and shall be delivered to either the new 2.2 23 first lienholder or to the owner as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the new first lienholder. If the certificate of 2.4 title is to be retained by the first lienholder on the 2.5 reissued certificate, the first lienholder is entitled to 26 retain the certificate of title except as provided in 2.7 2.8 subsection (4) until his or her lien is satisfied. Upon satisfaction of the lien, the lienholder is subject to the 29 procedures required of a first lienholder by subsection (4) 30

(6) When the original certificate of title cannot be 2 returned to the department by the lienholder and evidence satisfactory to the department is produced that all liens or 3 4 encumbrances have been satisfied, upon application by the 5 owner for a duplicate copy of the certificate upon the form 6 prescribed by the department, accompanied by the fee 7 prescribed in this chapter, a duplicate copy of the certificate of title, without statement of liens or 8 encumbrances, shall be issued by the department and delivered 9 10 to the owner. (7) Any person who fails, within 10 days after receipt 11 12 of a demand by the department by certified mail, to return a 13 certificate of title to the department as required by subsection (4) or who, upon satisfaction of a lien, fails 14 within 10 days after receipt of such demand to forward the 15 appropriate document to the department as required by 16 paragraph (5)(b) or paragraph (5)(c) commits a misdemeanor of 18 the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 19 (8) Notwithstanding any requirements in this section 2.0 21 or in s. 319.27 indicating that a lien on a vehicle shall be 2.2 noted on the face of the Florida certificate of title, if 23 there are one or more liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle, the department may electronically transmit the lien 2.4 to the first lienholder and notify the first lienholder of any 2.5 additional liens. Subsequent lien satisfactions may be 26 2.7 electronically transmitted to the department and must include 2.8 the name and address of the person or entity satisfying the lien. When electronic transmission of liens and lien 29 30 satisfactions are used, the issuance of a certificate of title 31

may be waived until the last lien is satisfied and a clear 2 certificate of title is issued to the owner of the vehicle. (9) In sending any notice, the department is required 3 to use only the last known address, as shown by its records. 4 5 Section 27. Section 317.0015, Florida Statutes, is 6 created to read: 7 317.0015 Application of law.--Sections 319.235, 319.241, 319.25, 319.27, 319.28, and 319.40 apply to all 8 off-highway vehicles that are required to be titled under this 9 10 chapter. Section 28. Section 317.0016, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 created to read: 13 317.0016 Expedited service; applications; fees.--The department shall provide, through its agents and for use by 14 the public, expedited service on title transfers, title 15 issuances, duplicate titles, recordation of liens, and 16 certificates of repossession. A fee of \$7 shall be charged for 18 this service, which is in addition to the fees imposed by ss. 317.0007 and 317.0008, and \$3.50 of this fee shall be retained 19 by the processing agency. All remaining fees shall be 2.0 21 deposited in the Incidental Trust Fund of the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 2.2 23 Services. Application for expedited service may be made by mail or in person. The department shall issue each title 2.4 applied for pursuant to this section within 5 working days 2.5 after receipt of the application except for an application for 26 27 a duplicate title certificate covered by s. 317.0008(3), in 2.8 which case the title must be issued within 5 working days after compliance with the department's verification 29 30 requirements.

1	Section 29. Section 317.0017, Florida Statutes, is
2	created to read:
3	317.0017 Offenses involving vehicle identification
4	numbers, applications, certificates, papers; penalty
5	(1) A person may not:
6	(a) Alter or forge any certificate of title to an
7	off-highway vehicle or any assignment thereof or any
8	cancellation of any lien on an off-highway vehicle.
9	(b) Retain or use such certificate, assignment, or
10	cancellation knowing that it has been altered or forged.
11	(c) Procure or attempt to procure a certificate of
12	title to an off-highway vehicle, or pass or attempt to pass a
13	certificate of title or any assignment thereof to an
14	off-highway vehicle, knowing or having reason to believe that
15	the off-highway vehicle has been stolen.
16	(d) Possess, sell or offer for sale, conceal, or
17	dispose of in this state an off-highway vehicle, or major
18	component part thereof, on which any motor number or vehicle
19	identification number affixed by the manufacturer or by a
20	state agency has been destroyed, removed, covered, altered, or
21	defaced, with knowledge of such destruction, removal,
22	covering, alteration, or defacement, except as provided in s.
23	319.30(4).
24	(e) Use a false or fictitious name, give a false or
25	fictitious address, or make any false statement in any
26	application or affidavit required under this chapter or in a
27	bill of sale or sworn statement of ownership or otherwise
28	commit a fraud in any application.
29	(2) A person may not knowingly obtain goods, services,
30	credit, or money by means of an invalid, duplicate,
31	fictitious, forged, counterfeit, stolen, or unlawfully

other indicia of ownership of an off-highway vehicle. 2 (3) A person may not knowingly obtain goods, services, 3 4 credit, or money by means of a certificate of title to an 5 off-highway vehicle, which certificate is required by law to 6 be surrendered to the department. 7 (4) A person may not knowingly and with intent to 8 defraud have in his or her possession, sell, offer to sell, 9 counterfeit, or supply a blank, forged, fictitious, 10 counterfeit, stolen, or fraudulently or unlawfully obtained certificate of title, bill of sale, or other indicia of 11 12 ownership of an off-highway vehicle or conspire to do any of 13 the foregoing. (5) A person, firm, or corporation may not knowingly 14 possess, manufacture, sell or exchange, offer to sell or 15 16 exchange, supply in blank, or give away any counterfeit manufacturer's or state-assigned identification number plates 18 or serial plates or any decal used for the purpose of identifying an off-highway vehicle. An officer, agent, or 19 employee of any person, firm, or corporation, or any person 2.0

obtained certificate of title, registration, bill of sale, or

However, this subsection does not apply to any approved
 replacement manufacturer's or state-assigned identification

such counterfeit manufacturer's or state-assigned

27 number plates or serial plates or any decal issued by the

28 <u>department or any state.</u>

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29 (6) A person who violates any provision of this
30 section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as
31 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Any

may not authorize, direct, aid in exchange, or give away, or

conspire to authorize, direct, aid in exchange, or give away,

identification number plates or serial plates or any decal.

1	off-highway vehicle used in violation of this section
2	constitutes contraband that may be seized by a law enforcement
3	agency and that is subject to forfeiture proceedings pursuant
4	to ss. 932.701-932.704. This section is not exclusive of any
5	other penalties prescribed by any existing or future laws for
6	the larceny or unauthorized taking of off-highway vehicles,
7	but is supplementary thereto.
8	Section 30. Section 317.0018, Florida Statutes, is
9	created to read:
10	317.0018 Transfer without delivery of certificate;
11	operation or use without certificate; failure to surrender;
12	other violations Except as otherwise provided in this
13	chapter, any person who:
14	(1) Purports to sell or transfer an off-highway
15	vehicle without delivering to the purchaser or transferee of
16	the vehicle a certificate of title to the vehicle duly
17	assigned to the purchaser as provided in this chapter;
18	(2) Operates or uses in this state an off-highway
19	vehicle for which a certificate of title is required without
20	the certificate having been obtained in accordance with this
21	chapter, or upon which the certificate of title has been
22	<pre>canceled;</pre>
23	(3) Fails to surrender a certificate of title upon
24	cancellation of the certificate by the department and notice
25	thereof as prescribed in this chapter;
26	(4) Fails to surrender the certificate of title to the
27	department as provided in this chapter in the case of the
28	destruction, dismantling, or change of an off-highway vehicle
29	in such respect that it is not the off-highway vehicle

(5) Violates any other provision of this chapter or a 2 lawful rule adopted pursuant to this chapter; 3 4 shall be fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned for not more than 6 months, or both, for each offense, unless otherwise 5 6 specified. 7 Section 31. Subsections (7), (9), and (10) of section 8 318.14, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 9 318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception; 10 procedures.--(7)(a) The official having jurisdiction over the 11 12 infraction shall certify to the department within 10 days 13 after payment of the civil penalty that the defendant has admitted to the infraction. If the charge results in a 14 hearing, the official having jurisdiction shall certify to the 15 department the final disposition within 10 days after of the 16 hearing. All dispositions returned to the county requiring a correction shall be resubmitted to the department within 10 18 days after the notification of the error. 19 (b) If the official having jurisdiction over the 20 21 traffic infraction submits the final disposition to the 22 department more than 180 days after the final hearing or after 23 payment of the civil penalty, the department may modify any resulting suspension or revocation action to begin as if the 2.4 citation were reported in a timely manner. 2.5 (9) Any person who does not hold a commercial driver's 26 27 license and who is cited for an infraction under this section 2.8 other than a violation of s. 320.0605, s. 320.07(3)(a) or (b), s. 322.065, s. 322.15(1), s. 322.61, or s. 322.62 may, in lieu 29 of a court appearance, elect to attend in the location of his 30 or her choice within this state a basic driver improvement

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course approved by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. In such a case, adjudication must be withheld; points, as provided by s. 322.27, may not be assessed; and the civil penalty that is imposed by s. 318.18(3) must be reduced by 18 percent; however, a person may not make an election under this subsection if the person has made an election under this subsection in the preceding 12 months. A person may make no more than five elections under this subsection. The requirement for community service under s. 318.18(8) is not waived by a plea of nolo contendere or by the withholding of adjudication of guilt by a court.

driver's license and who is cited for an offense listed under this subsection may, in lieu of payment of fine or court appearance, elect to enter a plea of nolo contendere and provide proof of compliance to the clerk of the court or authorized operator of a traffic violations bureau. In such case, adjudication shall be withheld; however, no election shall be made under this subsection if such person has made an election under this subsection in the 12 months preceding election hereunder. No person may make more than three elections under this subsection. This subsection applies to the following offenses:

1. Operating a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license in violation of the provisions of s. 322.03, s. 322.065, or s. 322.15(1), or operating a motor vehicle with a license which has been suspended for failure to appear, failure to pay civil penalty, or failure to attend a driver improvement course pursuant to s. 322.291.

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- 2. Operating a motor vehicle without a valid registration in violation of s. 320.0605, s. 320.07, or s. 320.131.
 - Operating a motor vehicle in violation of s.
 316.646.
 - Any person cited for an offense listed in this subsection shall present proof of compliance prior to the scheduled court appearance date. For the purposes of this subsection, proof of compliance shall consist of a valid, renewed, or reinstated driver's license or registration certificate and proper proof of maintenance of security as required by s. 316.646. Notwithstanding waiver of fine, any person establishing proof of compliance shall be assessed court costs of \$22, except that a person charged with violation of s. 316.646(1)-(3) may be assessed court costs of \$7. One dollar of such costs shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Child Welfare Training Trust Fund of the Department of Children and Family Services. One dollar of such costs shall be distributed to the Department of Juvenile Justice for deposit into the Juvenile Justice Training Trust Fund. Twelve dollars of such costs shall be distributed to the municipality and \$8 shall be deposited by the clerk of the court into the fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01, if the offense was committed within the municipality. If the offense was committed in an unincorporated area of a county or if the citation was for a violation of s. 316.646(1)-(3), the entire amount shall be deposited by the clerk of the court into the fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01, except for the moneys to be deposited into the Child Welfare Training Trust Fund and the Juvenile Justice Training Trust

Fund. This subsection shall not be construed to authorize the 2 operation of a vehicle without a valid driver's license, without a valid vehicle tag and registration, or without the 3 maintenance of required security. 4 Section 32. Subsection (6) of section 319.23, Florida 5 6 Statutes, is amended to read: 7 319.23 Application for, and issuance of, certificate of title.--8 9 (6) In the case of the sale of a motor vehicle or mobile home by a licensed dealer to a general purchaser, the 10 certificate of title shall be obtained in the name of the 11 12 purchaser by the dealer upon application signed by the 13 purchaser, and in each other case such certificate shall be obtained by the purchaser. In each case of transfer of a 14 motor vehicle or mobile home, the application for certificate 15 of title, or corrected certificate, or assignment or 16 17 reassignment, shall be filed within 30 days from the delivery of such motor vehicle or mobile home to the purchaser. An 18 applicant shall be required to pay a fee of \$10, in addition 19 to all other fees and penalties required by law, for failing 20 21 to file such application within the specified time. When a 22 licensed dealer acquires a motor vehicle or mobile home as a 23 trade-in, the dealer must file with the department, within 30 days, a notice of sale signed by the seller. The department 2.4 shall update its database for that title record to indicate 2.5 26 "sold." A licensed dealer need not apply for a certificate of 27 title for any motor vehicle or mobile home in stock acquired 2.8 for stock purposes except as provided in s. 319.225. Section 33. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 319.27, 29 30 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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319.27 Notice of lien on motor vehicles or mobile homes; notation on certificate; recording of lien.--

- (2) No lien for purchase money or as security for a debt in the form of a security agreement, retain title contract, conditional bill of sale, chattel mortgage, or other similar instrument or any other nonpossessory lien, including a lien for child support, upon a motor vehicle or mobile home upon which a Florida certificate of title has been issued shall be enforceable in any of the courts of this state against creditors or subsequent purchasers for a valuable consideration and without notice, unless a sworn notice of such lien has been filed in the department and such lien has been noted upon the certificate of title of the motor vehicle or mobile home. Such notice shall be effective as constructive notice when filed. No interest of a statutory nonpossessory lienor; the interest of a nonpossessory execution, attachment, or equitable lienor; or the interest of a lien creditor as defined in <u>s. 679.1021(1)(zz)</u> s. 679.301(3), if nonpossessory, shall be enforceable against creditors or subsequent purchasers for a valuable consideration unless such interest becomes a possessory lien or is noted upon the certificate of title for the subject motor vehicle or mobile home prior to the occurrence of the subsequent transaction. Provided the provisions of this subsection relating to a nonpossessory statutory lienor; a nonpossessory execution, attachment, or equitable lienor; or the interest of a lien creditor as defined in s. 679.1021(1)(zz) s. 679.301(3) shall not apply to liens validly perfected prior to October 1, 1988. The notice of lien shall provide the following information:
 - 3.8

retain title contract, conditional bill of sale, chattel

(a) The date of the lien if a security agreement,

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mortgage, or other similar instrument was executed prior to the filing of the notice of lien;

- (b) The name and address of the registered owner;
- (c) A description of the motor vehicle or mobile home, showing the make, type, and vehicle identification number; and
 - (d) The name and address of the lienholder.
- (3)(a) A person may file a notice of lien with regard to a motor vehicle or mobile home before a security agreement, retain title contract, conditional bill of sale, chattel mortgage, or other similar instrument is executed granting a lien, mortgage, or encumbrance on, or a security interest in, such motor vehicle or mobile home.
- (b) As applied to a determination of the respective rights of a secured party under this chapter and a lien creditor as defined by <u>s. 679.1021(1)(zz)</u> s. 679.301(3), or a nonpossessory statutory lienor, a security interest under this chapter shall be perfected upon the filing of the notice of lien with the department, the county tax collector, or their agents. Provided, however, the date of perfection of a security interest of such secured party shall be the same date as the execution of the security agreement or other similar instrument if the notice of lien is filed in accordance with this subsection within 15 days after the debtor receives possession of the motor vehicle or mobile home and executes such security agreement or other similar instrument. The date of filing of the notice of lien shall be the date of its receipt by the department central office in Tallahassee, if first filed there, or otherwise by the office of the county tax collector, or their agents. Section 34. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

320.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.06 Registration certificates, license plates, and validation stickers generally.--

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(b) Registration license plates bearing a graphic symbol and the alphanumeric system of identification shall be issued for a 5-year period. At the end of said 5-year period, upon renewal, the plate shall be replaced. The fee for such replacement shall be \$10, \$2 of which shall be paid each year before the plate is replaced, to be credited towards the next \$10 replacement fee. The fees shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. A credit or refund shall not be given for any prior years' payments of such prorated replacement fee when the plate is replaced or surrendered before the end of the 5-year period, except that a credit may be given when a registrant is required by the department to replace a license plate under s. 320.08056(8)(a). With each license plate, there shall be issued a validation sticker showing the owner's birth month, license plate number, and the year of expiration or the appropriate renewal period if the owner is not a natural person. The validation sticker is to be placed on the upper right corner of the license plate. Such license plate and validation sticker shall be issued based on the applicant's appropriate renewal period. The registration period shall be a period of 12 months, and all expirations shall occur based on the applicant's appropriate registration period. A vehicle with an apportioned registration shall be issued an annual license plate and a cab card that denote the declared gross vehicle weight for each apportioned jurisdiction in which the vehicle is authorized to operate. Section 35. Section 320.0601, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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320.0601 <u>Lease and</u> rental car companies; identification of vehicles as for-hire.--

- (1) A rental car company may not rent in this state any for-hire vehicle, other than vehicles designed to transport cargo, that has affixed to its exterior any bumper stickers, insignias, or advertising that identifies the vehicle as a rental vehicle.
 - (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Bumper stickers, insignias, or advertising" does
 not include:
- 1. Any emblem of no more than two colors which is less than 2 inches by 4 inches, which is placed on the rental car for inventory purposes only, and which does not display the name or logo of the rental car company; or
- 2. Any license required by the law of the state in which the vehicle is registered.
- (b) "Rent in this state" means to sign a rental contract in this state or to deliver a car to a renter in this state.
- (3) A rental car company that leases a motor vehicle that is found to be in violation of this section shall be punished by a fine of \$500 per occurrence.
- (4) Any registration or renewal as required under s.

 320.02 for an original or transfer of a long-term leased motor

 vehicle must be in the name and address of the lessee.
- Section 36. Section 320.0605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 320.0605 Certificate of registration; possession required; exception.--The registration certificate or an official copy thereof, a true copy of a rental or lease agreement issued for a motor vehicle or issued for a

replacement vehicle in the same registration period, a 2 temporary receipt printed upon self-initiated electronic renewal of a registration via the Internet, or a cab card 3 issued for a vehicle registered under the International 4 Registration Plan shall, at all times while the vehicle is 5 being used or operated on the roads of this state, be in the possession of the operator thereof or be carried in the 8 vehicle for which issued and shall be exhibited upon demand of any authorized law enforcement officer or any agent of the 9 department, except for a vehicle registered under s. 320.0657. 10 The provisions of this section do not apply during the first 11 12 30 days after purchase of a replacement vehicle. A violation 13 of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 14 318. 15 Section 37. Section 320.0843, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 amended to read: 320.0843 License plates for persons with disabilities 18 eligible for permanent disabled parking permits .--19 20 (1) Any owner or lessee of a motor vehicle who resides 21 in this state and qualifies for a disabled parking permit 22 under s. 320.0848(2), upon application to the department and 23 payment of the license tax for a motor vehicle registered under s. 320.08(2), (3)(a), (b), (c), or (e), (4)(a) or (b), 2.4 (6)(a), or (9)(c) or (d), shall be issued a license plate as 25 26 provided by s. 320.06 which, in lieu of the serial number 27 prescribed by s. 320.06, shall be stamped with the 2.8 international wheelchair user symbol after the serial number 29 of the license plate. The license plate entitles the person to all privileges afforded by a parking permit issued under s. 30 320.0848. When more that one registrant is listed on the

registration issued under this section, the eligible applicant shall be noted on the registration certificate. 2 3 (2) All applications for such license plates must be 4 made to the department. 5 Section 38. Subsection (8) is added to section 6 320.131, Florida Statutes, to read: 7 320.131 Temporary tags.--8 (8) The department may administer an electronic system for licensed motor vehicle dealers to use in issuing temporary 9 10 license plates. Upon issuing a temporary license plate, the dealer shall access the electronic system and enter the 11 12 appropriate vehicle and owner information within the timeframe 13 specified by department rule. If a dealer fails to comply with the department's requirements for issuing temporary license 14 plates using the electronic system, the department may deny, 15 suspend, or revoke a license under s. 320.27(9)(b)16. upon 16 proof that the licensee has failed to comply with the 18 <u>department's requirements.</u> Section 39. Subsection (1) of section 320.18, Florida 19 Statutes, is amended to read: 2.0 21 320.18 Withholding registration.--22 (1) The department may withhold the registration of 23 any motor vehicle or mobile home the owner of which has failed to register it under the provisions of law for any previous 2.4 2.5 period or periods for which it appears registration should 26 have been made in this state, until the tax for such period or 27 periods is paid. The department may cancel any vehicle or 2.8 vessel registration, driver's license, identification card, 29 license plate or fuel-use tax decal if the owner pays for the vehicle or vessel registration, driver's license, 30 identification card, or license plate, fuel-use tax decal; 31

pays any administrative, delinquency, or reinstatement fee;7 2 or pays any tax liability, penalty, or interest specified in chapter 207 by a dishonored check, or if the vehicle owner or 3 motor carrier has failed to pay a penalty for a weight or 4 safety violation issued by the Department of Transportation 5 6 Motor Carrier Compliance Office. The Department of 7 Transportation and the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 8 Vehicles may impound any commercial motor vehicle that has a canceled license plate or fuel-use tax decal until the tax 9 liability, penalty, and interest specified in chapter 207, the 10 license tax, or the fuel-use decal fee, and applicable 11 12 administrative fees have been paid for by certified funds. 13 Section 40. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4), subsection (6), and paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 14 320.27, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 15 320.27 Motor vehicle dealers.--16 17 (4) LICENSE CERTIFICATE. --(a) A license certificate shall be issued by the 18 department in accordance with such application when the 19 20 application is regular in form and in compliance with the 21 provisions of this section. The license certificate may be in 22 the form of a document or a computerized card as determined by 23 the department. The actual cost of each original, additional, or replacement computerized card shall be borne by the 2.4 licensee and is in addition to the fee for licensure. Such 25 license, when so issued, entitles the licensee to carry on and 26 27 conduct the business of a motor vehicle dealer. Each license 2.8 issued to a franchise motor vehicle dealer expires annually on 29 December 31 unless revoked or suspended prior to that date. Each license issued to an independent or wholesale dealer or 30 auction expires annually on April 30 unless revoked or

suspended prior to that date. Not less than 60 days prior to 2 the license expiration date, the department shall deliver or mail to each licensee the necessary renewal forms. Each 3 4 independent dealer shall certify that the dealer principal (owner, partner, officer of the corporation, or director) has 5 6 completed 8 hours of continuing education prior to filing the 7 renewal forms with the department. Such certification shall be 8 filed once every 2 years commencing with the 2006 renewal period. The continuing education shall include at least 2 9 10 hours of legal or legislative issues, 1 hour of department issues, and 5 hours of relevant motor vehicle industry topics. 11 12 Continuing education shall be provided by dealer schools 13 licensed under paragraph (b) either in a classroom setting or by correspondence. Such schools shall provide certificates of 14 completion to the department and the customer which shall be 15 filed with the license renewal form, and such schools may 16 17 charge a fee for providing continuing education. Any licensee 18 who does not file his or her application and fees and any other requisite documents, as required by law, with the 19 department at least 30 days prior to the license expiration 20 21 date shall cease to engage in business as a motor vehicle 22 dealer on the license expiration date. A renewal filed with 23 the department within 45 days after the expiration date shall be accompanied by a delinquent fee of \$100. Thereafter, a new 2.4 25 application is required, accompanied by the initial license fee. A license certificate duly issued by the department may 26 27 be modified by endorsement to show a change in the name of the 2.8 licensee, provided, as shown by affidavit of the licensee, the 29 majority ownership interest of the licensee has not changed or the name of the person appearing as franchisee on the sales 30 and service agreement has not changed. Modification of a

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license certificate to show any name change as herein provided shall not require initial licensure or reissuance of dealer 2 3 tags; however, any dealer obtaining a name change shall transact all business in and be properly identified by that 4 name. All documents relative to licensure shall reflect the 5 new name. In the case of a franchise dealer, the name change shall be approved by the manufacturer, distributor, or 8 importer. A licensee applying for a name change endorsement shall pay a fee of \$25 which fee shall apply to the change in 9 the name of a main location and all additional locations 10 licensed under the provisions of subsection (5). Each initial 11 12 license application received by the department shall be 13 accompanied by verification that, within the preceding 6 months, the applicant, or one or more of his or her designated 14 employees, has attended a training and information seminar 15 conducted by a licensed motor vehicle dealer training school 16 17 the department. Such seminar shall include, but is not limited 18 to, statutory dealer requirements, which requirements include required bookkeeping and recordkeeping procedures, 19 requirements for the collection of sales and use taxes, and 20 21 such other information that in the opinion of the department will promote good business practices. No seminar may exceed 8 22 23 hours in length. (6) RECORDS TO BE KEPT BY LICENSEE. -- Every licensee 2.4

shall keep a book or record in such form as shall be prescribed or approved by the department <u>for a period of 5</u> <u>years</u>, in which the licensee shall keep a record of the purchase, sale, or exchange, or receipt for the purpose of sale, of any motor vehicle, the date upon which any temporary tag was issued, the date of title transfer, and a description of such motor vehicle together with the name and address of

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the seller, the purchaser, and the alleged owner or other person from whom such motor vehicle was purchased or received or to whom it was sold or delivered, as the case may be. Such description shall include the identification or engine number, maker's number, if any, chassis number, if any, and such other numbers or identification marks as may be thereon and shall also include a statement that a number has been obliterated, defaced, or changed, if such is the fact.

- (9) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION. --
- (b) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke any license issued hereunder or under the provisions of s. 320.77 or s. 320.771 upon proof that a licensee has committed, with sufficient frequency so as to establish a pattern of wrongdoing on the part of a licensee, violations of one or more of the following activities:
- 1. Representation that a demonstrator is a new motor vehicle, or the attempt to sell or the sale of a demonstrator as a new motor vehicle without written notice to the purchaser that the vehicle is a demonstrator. For the purposes of this section, a "demonstrator," a "new motor vehicle," and a "used motor vehicle" shall be defined as under s. 320.60.
- 2. Unjustifiable refusal to comply with a licensee's responsibility under the terms of the new motor vehicle warranty issued by its respective manufacturer, distributor, or importer. However, if such refusal is at the direction of the manufacturer, distributor, or importer, such refusal shall not be a ground under this section.
- 3. Misrepresentation or false, deceptive, or misleading statements with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles which any motor vehicle dealer has, or causes to have, advertised, printed, displayed, published,

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distributed, broadcast, televised, or made in any manner with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles.

- 4. Failure by any motor vehicle dealer to provide a customer or purchaser with an odometer disclosure statement and a copy of any bona fide written, executed sales contract or agreement of purchase connected with the purchase of the motor vehicle purchased by the customer or purchaser.
- 5. Failure of any motor vehicle dealer to comply with the terms of any bona fide written, executed agreement, pursuant to the sale of a motor vehicle.
- 6. Failure to apply for transfer of a title as prescribed in s. 319.23(6).
- 7. Use of the dealer license identification number by any person other than the licensed dealer or his or her designee.
- 8. Failure to continually meet the requirements of the licensure law.
- 9. Representation to a customer or any advertisement to the public representing or suggesting that a motor vehicle is a new motor vehicle if such vehicle lawfully cannot be titled in the name of the customer or other member of the public by the seller using a manufacturer's statement of origin as permitted in s. 319.23(1).
- 10. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that a customer or purchaser accept equipment on his or her motor vehicle which was not ordered by the customer or purchaser.
- 11. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that any customer or purchaser finance a motor vehicle with a specific financial institution or company.

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- 12. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that the purchaser of a motor vehicle contract with the dealer for physical damage insurance.
- 13. Perpetration of a fraud upon any person as a result of dealing in motor vehicles, including, without limitation, the misrepresentation to any person by the licensee of the licensee's relationship to any manufacturer, importer, or distributor.
- 14. Violation of any of the provisions of s. 319.35 by any motor vehicle dealer.
- 15. Sale by a motor vehicle dealer of a vehicle offered in trade by a customer prior to consummation of the sale, exchange, or transfer of a newly acquired vehicle to the customer, unless the customer provides written authorization for the sale of the trade-in vehicle prior to delivery of the newly acquired vehicle.
- 16. Willful failure to comply with any administrative rule adopted by the department <u>or the provisions of s.</u> 19 <u>320.131(8)</u>.
 - 17. Violation of chapter 319, this chapter, or ss. 559.901-559.9221, which has to do with dealing in or repairing motor vehicles or mobile homes. Additionally, in the case of used motor vehicles, the willful violation of the federal law and rule in 15 U.S.C. s. 2304, 16 C.F.R. part 455, pertaining to the consumer sales window form.
- Section 41. Subsections (8), (10), and (29) of section 322.01, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 322.01 Definitions.--As used in this chapter:
- 29 (8) "Commercial motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle
 30 or motor vehicle combination used on the streets or highways,
 31 which:

(a) Has a gross vehicle weight rating of 26,001 pounds 2 or more; 3 (b) Has a declared weight of 26,001 pounds or more; (c) Has an actual weight of 26,001 pounds or more; 4 5 (b)(d) Is designed to transport more than 15 persons, 6 including the driver; or 7 (c)(e) Is transporting hazardous materials and is 8 required to be placarded in accordance with Title 49 C.F.R. 9 part 172, subpart F. 10 (10)(a) "Conviction" means a conviction of an offense relating to the operation of motor vehicles on highways which 11 12 is a violation of this chapter or any other such law of this 13 state or any other state, including an admission or determination of a noncriminal traffic infraction pursuant to 14 s. 318.14, or a judicial disposition of an offense committed 15 under any federal law substantially conforming to the 16 17 aforesaid state statutory provisions. 18 (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the definition of "conviction" provided in 49 C.F.R. 19 part 383.5 applies to offenses committed in a commercial motor 20 21 vehicle. 22 (29) "Out-of-service order" means a prohibition <u>issued</u> 23 by an authorized local, state, or Federal Government official which that precludes a person from driving a commercial motor 2.4 vehicle for a period of 72 hours or less. 25 Section 42. Subsections (4) and (10) of section 26 27 322.05, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2.8 322.05 Persons not to be licensed.--The department may not issue a license: 29 30 (4) Except as provided by this subsection, to any person, as a Class A licensee, Class B licensee, or Class C

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licensee, or Class D licensee, who is under the age of 18 2 years. A person age 16 or 17 years who applies for a Class D driver's license is subject to all the requirements and 3 provisions of paragraphs (2)(a) and (b) and ss. 322.09 and 4 5 322.16(2) and (3). The department may require of any such 6 applicant for a Class D driver's license such examination of 7 the qualifications of the applicant as the department 8 considers proper, and the department may limit the use 9 license granted as it considers proper.

(10) To any person, when the department has good cause to believe that the operation of a motor vehicle on the highways by such person would be detrimental to public safety or welfare. Deafness alone shall not prevent the person afflicted from being issued a Class D or Class E driver's license.

Section 43. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (2) of section 322.051, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

322.051 Identification cards.--

- (1) Any person who is 12 years of age or older, or any person who has a disability, regardless of age, who applies for a disabled parking permit under s. 320.0848, may be issued an identification card by the department upon completion of an application and payment of an application fee.
- (a) Each such application shall include the following information regarding the applicant:
- 1. Full name (first, middle or maiden, and last),
 gender, social security card number, county of residence and
 mailing address, country of birth, and a brief description.
 - 2. Proof of birth date satisfactory to the department.

1	3. Proof of identity satisfactory to the department.
2	Such proof must include one of the following documents issued
3	to the applicant:
4	a. A driver's license record or identification card
5	record from another jurisdiction that required the applicant
6	to submit a document for identification which is substantially
7	similar to a document required under sub-subparagraph b.,
8	sub-subparagraph c., sub-subparagraph d., sub-subparagraph e.,
9	or sub-subparagraph f., or sub-subparagraph g.;
10	b. A certified copy of a United States birth
11	certificate;
12	c. A valid United States passport;
13	d. A naturalization certificate issued by the United
14	States Department of Homeland Security;
15	e.d. An alien registration receipt card (green card);
16	f.e. An employment authorization card issued by the
17	United States Department of Homeland Security; or
18	g.f. Proof of nonimmigrant classification provided by
19	the United States Department of Homeland Security, for an
20	original identification card. In order to prove such
21	nonimmigrant classification, applicants may produce but are
22	not limited to the following documents:
23	(I) A notice of hearing from an immigration court
24	scheduling a hearing on any proceeding.
25	(II) A notice from the Board of Immigration Appeals
26	acknowledging pendency of an appeal.
27	(III) Notice of the approval of an application for
28	adjustment of status issued by the United States Bureau of
29	Citizenship and Immigration Services.
30	(IV) Any official documentation confirming the filing

31 of a petition for asylum status or any other relief issued by

the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services.

- (V) Notice of action transferring any pending matter from another jurisdiction to Florida, issued by the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services.
- (VI) Order of an immigration judge or immigration officer granting any relief that authorizes the alien to live and work in the United States including, but not limited to asylum.

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Presentation of any of the foregoing documents described in sub-subparagraph f. or sub-subparagraph q. entitles shall entitle the applicant to an identification card a driver's license or temporary permit for a period not to exceed the expiration date of the document presented or 2 years, whichever first occurs.

(2)

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for an identification card using a document authorized under sub-subparagraph(1)(a)3.e.(1)(a)3.d., the identification card shall expire on the fourth birthday of the applicant following the date of original issue or upon first renewal or duplicate issued after implementation of this section. After an initial showing of such documentation, he or she is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for an identification card using an identification document authorized under sub-subparagraph (1)(a)3.q. sub-subparagraph (1)(a)3.q. subparagraph (1)(a)3.q. <a

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the identification card shall expire 2 years after the date of 2 issuance or upon the expiration date cited on the United States Department of Homeland Security documents, whichever 3 date first occurs, and may not be renewed or obtain a 4 5 duplicate except in person. 6 (8) The department shall, upon receipt of the required 7 fee, issue to each qualified applicant for an identification card a color photographic or digital image identification card 8 bearing a fullface photograph or digital image of the 9 10 identification cardholder. Notwithstanding chapter 761 or s. 761.05, the requirement for a fullface photograph or digital 11 12 image of the identification cardholder may not be waived. A space shall be provided upon which the identification 13 cardholder shall affix his or her usual signature, as required 14 in s. 322.14, in the presence of an authorized agent of the 15 department so as to ensure that such signature becomes a part 16 17 of the identification card. 18 Section 44. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 322.07, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 19 20 322.07 Instruction permits and temporary licenses.--21 (2) The department may, in its discretion, issue a 22 temporary permit to an applicant for a Class E 23 driver's license permitting him or her to operate a motor vehicle of the type for which a Class D or Class E driver's 2.4 license is required while the department is completing its 25 26 investigation and determination of all facts relative to such 27 applicant's right to receive a driver's license. Such permit must be in his or her immediate possession while operating a motor vehicle, and it shall be invalid when the applicant's 29

license has been issued or for good cause has been refused.

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- (3) Any person who, except for his or her lack of instruction in operating a Class D or commercial motor vehicle, would otherwise be qualified to obtain a Class D or commercial driver's license under this chapter, may apply for a temporary Class D or temporary commercial instruction permit. The department shall issue such a permit entitling the applicant, while having the permit in his or her immediate possession, to drive a Class D or commercial motor vehicle on the highways, provided that:
- (a) The applicant possesses a valid driver's license issued in any state; and
- (b) The applicant, while operating a Class D or commercial motor vehicle, is accompanied by a licensed driver who is 21 years of age or older, who is licensed to operate the class of vehicle being operated, and who is actually occupying the closest seat to the right of the driver.
- Section 45. Subsection (2) of section 322.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 322.08 Application for license.--
- (2) Each such application shall include the following information regarding the applicant:
- (a) Full name (first, middle or maiden, and last), gender, social security card number, county of residence and mailing address, country of birth, and a brief description.
- (b) Proof of birth date satisfactory to the department.
- (c) Proof of identity satisfactory to the department.

 Such proof must include one of the following documents issued
 to the applicant:
 - 1. A driver's license record or identification card record from another jurisdiction that required the applicant

1	to submit a document for identification which is substantially
2	similar to a document required under subparagraph 2.,
3	subparagraph 3., subparagraph 4., subparagraph 5., or
4	subparagraph 6., or subparagraph 7.;
5	2. A certified copy of a United States birth
6	certificate;
7	3. A valid United States passport;
8	4. A naturalization certificate issued by the United
9	States Department of Homeland Security;
10	5.4. An alien registration receipt card (green card);
11	6.5. An employment authorization card issued by the
12	United States Department of Homeland Security; or
13	7.6. Proof of nonimmigrant classification provided by
14	the United States Department of Homeland Security, for an
15	original driver's license. In order to prove nonimmigrant
16	classification, an applicant may produce the following
17	documents, including, but not limited to:
18	a. A notice of hearing from an immigration court
19	scheduling a hearing on any proceeding.
20	b. A notice from the Board of Immigration Appeals
21	acknowledging pendency of an appeal.
22	c. A notice of the approval of an application for
23	adjustment of status issued by the United States Immigration
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25	and Naturalization Service. d. Any official documentation confirming the filing of
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	d. Any official documentation confirming the filing of
26	d. Any official documentation confirming the filing of a petition for asylum status or any other relief issued by the
26 27	d. Any official documentation confirming the filing of a petition for asylum status or any other relief issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.

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f. An order of an immigration judge or immigration 2 officer granting any relief that authorizes the alien to live and work in the United States, including, but not limited to, 3 4 asylum. 5 6 Presentation of any of the documents in subparagraph 6. or 7 subparagraph 7. entitles the applicant to a driver's license 8 or temporary permit for a period not to exceed the expiration date of the document presented or 2 years, whichever occurs 9 10 first. Whether the applicant has previously been licensed 11 12 to drive, and, if so, when and by what state, and whether any 13 such license or driving privilege has ever been disqualified, revoked, or suspended, or whether an application has ever been 14 refused, and, if so, the date of and reason for such 15 disqualification, suspension, revocation, or refusal. 16 (e) Each such application may include fingerprints and 18 other unique biometric means of identity. Section 46. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 19 322.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 322.09 Application of minors; responsibility for 22 negligence or misconduct of minor. --23 (1)(a) The application of any person under the age of 18 years for a driver's license must be signed and verified 2.4 before a person authorized to administer oaths by the father, 25 26 mother, or guardian; by a secondary quardian if the primary 27 quardian dies before the minor reaches 18 years of age; 7 or, 2.8 if there is no parent or guardian, by another responsible 29 adult who is willing to assume the obligation imposed under

this chapter upon a person signing the application of a minor.

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This section does not apply to a person under the age of 18 years who is emancipated by marriage.

Section 47. Section 322.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.11 Revocation of license upon death of person signing minor's application.—The department, upon receipt of satisfactory evidence of the death of the person who signed the application of a minor for a license, shall, 90 days after giving written notice to the minor, cancel such license and may shall not issue a new license until such time as the new application, duly signed and verified, is made as required by this chapter. This provision does shall not apply if in the event the minor has attained the age of 18 years.

Section 48. Subsection (3) of section 322.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.12 Examination of applicants.--

driver's license, such examination shall include a test of the applicant's eyesight given by the driver's license examiner designated by the department or by a licensed ophthalmologist, optometrist, or physician and a test of the applicant's hearing given by a driver's license examiner or a licensed physician. The examination shall also include a test of the applicant's ability to read and understand highway signs regulating, warning, and directing traffic; his or her knowledge of the traffic laws of this state, including laws regulating driving under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, and driving while intoxicated; and his or her knowledge of the effects of alcohol and controlled substances upon persons and the dangers of driving a motor vehicle while under

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the influence of alcohol or controlled substances and shall include an actual demonstration of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable control in the operation of a motor vehicle.

Section 49. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 322.135, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:

322.135 Driver's license agents.--

- (1) The department may, upon application, authorize any or all of the tax collectors in the several counties of the state, subject to the requirements of law, in accordance with rules of the department, to serve as its agent for the provision of specified driver's license services.
- (a) Any authorized agent shall provide all services available from a state facility as deemed appropriate by the department. These services shall be limited to the issuance of driver's licenses and identification cards as authorized by this chapter.
- (b) Each tax collector who is authorized by the department to provide driver's license services shall bear all costs associated with providing those services.
- (c) A fee of \$5.25 is to be charged, in addition to the fees set forth in this chapter, for any driver's license issued or renewed by a tax collector. One dollar of the \$5.25 fee must be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.
- (4) A tax collector may not issue or renew a driver's license if he or she has any reason to believe that the licensee or prospective licensee is physically or mentally unqualified to operate a motor vehicle. The tax collector <u>may</u>

shall direct any such licensee to the department for 2 examination or reexamination under s. 322.221. 3 (9) Notwithstanding chapter 116, each county officer 4 within this state who is authorized to collect funds provided 5 for in this chapter shall pay all sums officially received by the officer into the State Treasury no later than 5 working days after the close of the business day in which the officer received the funds. Payment by county officers to the state 8 shall be made by means of electronic funds transfers. 9 10 Section 50. Subsection (1) of section 322.142, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 12 322.142 Color photographic or digital imaged 13 licenses.--(1) The department shall, upon receipt of the required 14 fee, issue to each qualified applicant for \underline{a} an original 15 driver's license a color photographic or digital imaged 16 driver's license bearing a fullface photograph or digital image of the licensee. Notwithstanding chapter 761 or s. 18 761.05, the requirement for a fullface photograph or digital 19 image of the licensee may not be waived. A space shall be 2.0 21 provided upon which the licensee shall affix his or her usual 22 signature, as required in s. 322.14, in the presence of an 23 authorized agent of the department so as to ensure that such signature becomes a part of the license. 2.4 Section 51. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and 25 subsection (2) of section 322.161, Florida Statutes, are 26 27 amended to read: 2.8 322.161 High-risk drivers; restricted licenses.--29 (1)(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the department shall restrict the driving privilege 30

of any Class D or Class E licensee who is age 15 through 17

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and who has accumulated six or more points pursuant to s. 2 318.14, excluding parking violations, within a 12-month 3 period. 4 (2)(a) Any Class E licensee who is age 15 through 17 5 and who has accumulated six or more points pursuant to s. 6 318.14, excluding parking violations, within a 12 month period 7 shall not be eligible to obtain a Class D license for a period of no less than 1 year. The period of ineligibility shall 8 9 begin on the date of conviction for the violation that results 10 in the licensee's accumulation of six or more points. (b) The period of ineligibility shall automatically 11 12 expire after 1 year if the licensee does not accumulate any 13 additional points. If the licensee accumulates any additional points, then the period of ineligibility shall be extended 90 14 days for each point. The period of ineligibility shall also 15 automatically expire upon the licensee's 18th birthday if no 16 17 other grounds for ineligibility exist. Section 52. Subsection (3) of section 322.17, Florida 18 Statutes, is amended to read: 19 322.17 Duplicate and replacement certificates.--2.0 21 (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this 22 chapter, if a licensee establishes his or her identity for a 23 driver's license using an identification document authorized under <u>s. 322.08(2)(c)6.</u> or <u>7.</u> <u>s. 322.08(2)(c)5. 6.</u>, the 2.4 licensee may not obtain a duplicate or replacement instruction 2.5 permit or driver's license except in person and upon 26 2.7 submission of an identification document authorized under s. 2.8 322.08(2)(c)6. or $7 \times 322.08(2)(c)5.6$. Section 53. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 322.18, 29

Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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- 322.18 Original applications, licenses, and renewals; expiration of licenses; delinquent licenses.--
- (2) Each applicant who is entitled to the issuance of a driver's license, as provided in this section, shall be issued a driver's license, as follows:
- (a) An applicant applying for an original issuance shall be issued a driver's license which expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday which next occurs on or after the sixth anniversary of the date of issue.
- (b) An applicant applying for a renewal issuance or renewal extension shall be issued a driver's license or renewal extension sticker which expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday which next occurs 4 years after the month of expiration of the license being renewed, except that a driver whose driving record reflects no convictions for the preceding 3 years shall be issued a driver's license or renewal extension sticker which expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday which next occurs 6 years after the month of expiration of the license being renewed.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized under \underline{s} . $\underline{322.08(2)(c)5}$. \underline{s} . $\underline{322.08(2)(c)4}$., the driver's license shall expire in accordance with paragraph (b). After an initial showing of such documentation, he or she is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized in \underline{s} . $\underline{322.08(2)(c)6}$. or $\underline{7}$. \underline{s} . $\underline{322.08(2)(c)5}$. or $\underline{6}$., the driver's license shall expire $\underline{2}$ 4 years after the date of issuance or

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upon the expiration date cited on the United States Department of Homeland Security documents, whichever date first occurs.

- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an applicant applying for an original or renewal issuance of a commercial driver's license as defined in s. 322.01(7), with a hazardous-materials endorsement, pursuant to s. 322.57(1)(e), shall be issued a driver's license that expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday that next occurs 4 years after the month of expiration of the license being issued or renewed.
- (4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all licenses shall be renewable every 4 years or 6 years, depending upon the terms of issuance and shall be issued or extended upon application, payment of the fees required by s. 322.21, and successful passage of any required examination, unless the department has reason to believe that the licensee is no longer qualified to receive a license.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized under s.

 322.08(2)(c)5. s. 322.08(2)(c)4., the license, upon an initial showing of such documentation, is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person, unless the renewal or duplication coincides with the periodic reexamination of a driver as required pursuant to s. 322.121.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a licensee establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using an identification document authorized under s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or 7. s. 322.08(2)(c)5. or 6., the licensee may not renew the driver's license except in person and upon submission of an identification document authorized

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license expiration date.

under s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or $7 \cdot \frac{3.22.08(2)(c)4.6}{6}$. A driver's license renewed under this paragraph expires 4 years after the date of issuance or upon the expiration date cited on the 3 United States Department of Homeland Security documents, 4 whichever date first occurs. 5 6 Section 54. Subsection (4) of section 322.19, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 8 322.19 Change of address or name. --(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 9 chapter, if a licensee established his or her identity for a 10 driver's license using an identification document authorized 11 under s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or 7. $\frac{322.08(2)(c)5.6}{c}$, the 13 licensee may not change his or her name or address except in person and upon submission of an identification document 14 authorized under <u>s. 322.08(2)(c)6</u>. or 7 <u>s. 322.08(2)(c)4</u>. 6. 15 Section 55. Subsection (1) of section 322.21, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 18 322.21 License fees; procedure for handling and collecting fees. --19 (1) Except as otherwise provided herein, the fee for: 20 21 (a) An original or renewal commercial driver's license 22 is \$50, which shall include the fee for driver education 23 provided by s. 1003.48; however, if an applicant has completed training and is applying for employment or is currently 2.4 employed in a public or nonpublic school system that requires 25 the commercial license, the fee shall be the same as for a 26 27 Class E driver's license. A delinquent fee of \$1 shall be 2.8 added for a renewal made not more than 12 months after the

(b) An original Class D or Class E driver's license is

\$20, which shall include the fee for driver's education

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provided by s. 1003.48; however, if an applicant has completed training and is applying for employment or is currently employed in a public or nonpublic school system that requires a commercial driver license, the fee shall be the same as for a Class E license.

- (c) The renewal or extension of a Class D or Class E driver's license or of a license restricted to motorcycle use only is \$15, except that a delinquent fee of \$1 shall be added for a renewal or extension made not more than 12 months after the license expiration date. The fee provided in this paragraph shall include the fee for driver's education provided by s. 1003.48.
- (d) An original driver's license restricted to motorcycle use only is \$20, which shall include the fee for driver's education provided by s. 1003.48.
 - (e) Each endorsement required by s. 322.57 is \$5.
- (f) A hazardous-materials endorsement, as required by s. 322.57(1)(d), shall be set by the department by rule and shall reflect the cost of the required criminal history check, including the cost of the state and federal fingerprint check, and the cost to the department of providing and issuing the license. The fee shall not exceed \$100. This fee shall be deposited in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.

Section 56. Present subsection (7) of section 322.212, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (8), and a new subsection (7) is added to that section, to read:

322.212 Unauthorized possession of, and other unlawful acts in relation to, driver's license or identification card.--

(7) In addition to any other penalties provided by this section, any person who provides false information when

applying for a commercial driver's license shall be 2 disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 60 days. 3 4 Section 57. Subsection (1) of section 322.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 6 322.22 Authority of department to cancel license.--7 (1) The department is authorized to cancel any 8 driver's license, upon determining that the licensee was not entitled to the issuance thereof, or that the licensee failed 9 to give the required or correct information in his or her 10 application or committed any fraud in making such application, 11 12 or that the licensee has two or more licenses on file with the 13 department, each in a different name but bearing the photograph of the licensee, unless the licensee has complied 14 with the requirements of this chapter in obtaining the 15 licenses. The department may cancel any driver's license, 16 identification card, vehicle or vessel registration, or 18 fuel-use decal if the licensee fails to pay the correct fee or pays for the <u>driver's</u> license, <u>identification card</u>, <u>vehicle</u> 19 or vessel registration, or fuel-use decal; pays any tax 20 21 <u>liability</u>, <u>penalty</u>, <u>or interest specified in chapter 207</u>; or 22 pays any administrative, delinquency, or reinstatement fee by 23 a dishonored check. Section 58. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 2.4 322.251, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 25 322.251 Notice of cancellation, suspension, 26 27 revocation, or disqualification of license. --2.8 (4) A person whose privilege to operate a commercial 29 motor vehicle is temporarily disqualified may, upon surrendering his or her commercial driver's license, be issued 30 a Class D or Class E driver's license, valid for the length of

- his or her unexpired commercial driver's license, at no cost.

 Such person may, upon the completion of his or her

 disqualification, be issued a commercial driver's license, of

 the type disqualified, for the remainder of his or her

 unexpired license period. Any such person shall pay the

 reinstatement fee provided in s. 322.21 before being issued a

 commercial driver's license.
 - (5) A person whose privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle is permanently disqualified may, upon surrendering his or her commercial driver's license, be issued a Class D or Class E driver's license, if he or she is otherwise qualified to receive such license. Any such person shall be issued a Class D or Class E license, valid for the remainder of his or her unexpired license period, at no cost.
 - Section 59. Section 322.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 322.30 No operation under foreign license during suspension, revocation, or disqualification in this state.--
 - (1) Any resident or nonresident whose driver's license or right or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been suspended, revoked, or disqualified as provided in this chapter, shall not operate a motor vehicle in this state under a license, permit, or registration certificate issued by any other jurisdiction or otherwise during such suspension, revocation, or disqualification until a new license is obtained.
 - (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), any commercial motor vehicle operator whose privilege to operate such vehicle is disqualified may operate a motor vehicle in this state as a Class D or Class E licensee, if authorized by this chapter.

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Section 60. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and subsections (4), (5), and (6) of section 322.53, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

322.53 License required; exemptions.--

- (2) The following persons are exempt from the requirement to obtain a commercial driver's license:
- (b) Military personnel driving military vehicles operated for military purposes.
- (4) A resident who is exempt from obtaining a commercial driver's license pursuant to paragraph (2)(a) or paragraph (2)(c) and who drives a commercial motor vehicle must obtain a Class D driver's license endorsed to authorize the operation of the particular type of vehicle for which his or her exemption is granted.
- (4)(5) A resident who is exempt from obtaining a commercial driver's license pursuant to paragraph (2)(b), paragraph (2)(d), paragraph (2)(e), or paragraph (2)(f) may drive a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to the exemption granted in paragraph (2)(b), paragraph (2)(d), paragraph (2)(e), or paragraph (2)(f) if he or she possesses a valid class D or Class E driver's license or a military license.
- (5)(6) The department shall adopt rules and enter into necessary agreements with other jurisdictions to provide for the operation of commercial vehicles by nonresidents pursuant to the exemption granted in subsection (2).
- Section 61. Subsection (2) of section 322.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 322.54 Classification.--
- 29 (2) The department shall issue, pursuant to the 30 requirements of this chapter, drivers' licenses in accordance 31 with the following classifications:

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- (a) Any person who drives a motor vehicle combination having a gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of 26,001 pounds or more must possess a valid Class A driver's license, provided the gross vehicle weight rating, declared weight, or actual weight, whichever is greatest, of the vehicle being towed is more than 10,000 pounds. Any person who possesses a valid Class A driver's license may, subject to the appropriate restrictions and endorsements, drive any class of motor vehicle within this state.
- (b) Any person, except a person who possesses a valid Class A driver's license, who drives a motor vehicle having a gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of 26,001 pounds or more must possess a valid Class B driver's license. Any person, except a person who possesses a valid Class A driver's license, who drives such vehicle towing a vehicle having a gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of 10,000 pounds or less must possess a valid Class B driver's license. Any person who possesses a valid Class B driver's license may, subject to the appropriate restrictions and endorsements, drive any class of motor vehicle, other than the type of motor vehicle for which a Class A driver's license is required, within this state.
- (c) Any person, except a person who possesses a valid Class A or a valid Class B driver's license, who drives a motor vehicle combination having a gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of 26,001 pounds or more must possess a valid Class C driver's license. Any person, except a person who possesses a valid Class A or a valid Class B driver's license, who

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drives a motor vehicle combination having a gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of less than 26,001 pounds and who is required to obtain an endorsement pursuant to paragraph (1)(a), paragraph (1)(b), paragraph (1)(c), paragraph (1)(d), or paragraph (1)(e) of s. 322.57, must possess a valid Class C driver's license that is clearly restricted to the operation of a motor vehicle or motor vehicle combination of less than 26,001 pounds. Any person who possesses a valid Class C driver's license may, subject to the appropriate restrictions and endorsements, drive any class of motor vehicle, other than the type of motor vehicle for which a Class A or a Class B driver's license is required, within this state.

(d) Any person, except a person who possesses a valid Class A, valid Class B, or valid Class C driver's license, who drives a truck or a truck tractor having a gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of 8,000 pounds or more but less than 26,001 pounds, or which has a width of more than 80 inches must possess a valid Class D driver's license. Any person who possesses a valid Class D driver's license may, subject to the appropriate restrictions and endorsements, drive any type of motor vehicle, other than the type of motor vehicle for which a Class A, Class B, or Class C driver's license is required, within this state.

 $\underline{(d)(e)}$ Any person, except a person who possesses a valid Class A, valid Class B, or valid Class C, or valid Class B driver's license, who drives a motor vehicle must possess a valid Class E driver's license. Any person who possesses a valid Class E driver's license may, subject to the appropriate restrictions and endorsements, drive any type of motor

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vehicle, other than the type of motor vehicle for which a
Class A, Class B, or Class C, or Class D driver's license is
required, within this state.

Section 62. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 322.57, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

322.57 Tests of knowledge concerning specified vehicles; endorsement; nonresidents; violations.--

- (1) In addition to fulfilling any other driver's licensing requirements of this chapter, a person who:
- (a) Drives a double or triple trailer must successfully complete a test of his or her knowledge concerning the safe operation of such vehicles.
- (b) Drives a passenger vehicle must successfully complete a test of his or her knowledge concerning the safe operation of such vehicles and a test of his or her driving skill in such a vehicle.
- (c) Drives a school bus must successfully complete a test of his or her knowledge concerning the safe operation of such vehicles and a test of his or her driving skill in such a vehicle. This subsection shall be implemented in accordance with 49 C.F.R. part 383.123.

 $\underline{(d)(c)}$ Drives a tank vehicle must successfully complete a test of his or her knowledge concerning the safe operation of such vehicles.

(e)(d) Drives a vehicle that transports hazardous materials and that is required to be placarded in accordance with Title 49 C.F.R. part 172, subpart F, must successfully complete a test of his or her knowledge concerning the safe operation of such vehicles. Knowledge tests for hazardous-materials endorsements may not be administered

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orally for individuals applying for an initial hazardous-materials endorsement after June 30, 1994.

(f)(e) Operates a tank vehicle transporting hazardous materials must successfully complete the tests required in paragraphs (d)(e) and (e)(d) so that the department may issue a single endorsement permitting him or her to operate such tank vehicle.

(q)(f) Drives a motorcycle must successfully complete a test of his or her knowledge concerning the safe operation of such vehicles and a test of his or her driving skills on such vehicle. A person who successfully completes such tests shall be issued an endorsement if he or she is licensed to drive another type of motor vehicle. A person who successfully completes such tests and who is not licensed to drive another type of motor vehicle shall be issued a Class E driver's license that is clearly restricted to motorcycle use only.

(2) Before driving or operating any vehicle listed in subsection (1), a person must obtain an endorsement on his or her driver's license. An endorsement under paragraph (a), paragraph (b), paragraph (c), paragraph (d), or paragraph (e), or paragraph (f) of subsection (1) shall be issued only to persons who possess a valid Class A, valid Class B, or valid Class C driver's license. A person who drives a motor vehicle or motor vehicle combination that requires an endorsement under this subsection and who drives a motor vehicle or motor vehicle combination having a gross vehicle weight rating, a declared weight, or an actual weight, whichever is greatest, of less than 26,000 pounds shall be issued a Class C driver's license that is clearly restricted to the operation of a motor

vehicle or motor vehicle combination of less than 26,000 2 pounds. 3 Section 63. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 322.58, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 322.58 Holders of chauffeur's licenses; effect of 6 classified licensure. --7 (1) In order to provide for the classified licensure 8 of commercial motor vehicle drivers, the department shall require persons who have valid chauffeur's licenses to report 9 on or after April 1, 1991, to the department for classified 10 licensure, according to a schedule developed by the 11 12 department. 13 (a) Any person who holds a valid chauffeur's license may continue to operate vehicles for which a Class $\underline{\mathtt{E}}$ $\underline{\mathtt{P}}$ 14 driver's license is required until his or her chauffeur's 15 16 license expires. Section 64. Subsections (1), (2), (3), (7), (8), and 18 (10) of section 322.61, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (4) and (5) of that section are reenacted, to 19 read: 2.0 21 322.61 Disqualification from operating a commercial 2.2 motor vehicle. --23 (1) A person who, for offenses occurring within a 3-year period, is convicted of two of the following serious 2.4 traffic violations or any combination thereof, arising in 2.5 separate incidents committed in a commercial motor vehicle 26 27 shall, in addition to any other applicable penalties, be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 60 days. A person who, for offenses occurring within 29 a 3-year period, is convicted of two of the following serious 30 traffic violations or any combination thereof, arising in

commercial driver's license;

driver's license in possession; or

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endorsement.

1	separate incidents committed in a noncommercial motor vehicle
2	shall, in addition to any other applicable penalties, be
3	disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a
4	period of 60 days if such convictions result in the
5	suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the licenseholder's
6	driving privilege:
7	(a) A violation of any state or local law relating to
8	motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation,
9	a weight violation, or a vehicle equipment violation, arising
10	in connection with a crash resulting in death or personal
11	injury to any person;
12	(b) Reckless driving, as defined in s. 316.192;
13	(c) Careless driving, as defined in s. 316.1925;
14	(d) Fleeing or attempting to elude a law enforcement
15	officer, as defined in s. 316.1935;
16	(e) Unlawful speed of 15 miles per hour or more above
17	the posted speed limit;
18	(f) Driving a commercial motor vehicle, owned by such
19	person, which is not properly insured;
20	(g) Improper lane change, as defined in s. 316.085; or
21	(h) Following too closely, as defined in s. 316.0895 ;.
22	(i) Driving a commercial vehicle without obtaining a

(j) Driving a commercial vehicle without a commercial

(k) Driving a commercial vehicle without the proper

class of commercial driver's license or without the proper

31 violations specified in subsection (1) or any combination

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thereof, arising in separate incidents committed in a 2 commercial motor vehicle shall, in addition to any other applicable penalties, including, but not limited to, the 3 penalty provided in subsection (1), be disqualified from 4 5 operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 120 days. A person who, for offenses occurring within a 3-year period, 7 is convicted of three serious traffic violations specified in subsection (1) or any combination thereof, arising in separate 8 incidents committed in a noncommercial motor vehicle shall, in 9 addition to any other applicable penalties, including, but not 10 limited to, the penalty provided in subsection (1), be 11 12 disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a 13 period of 120 days if such convictions result in the suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the licenseholder's 14 driving privilege. 15 (3) Except as provided in subsection (4), any person 16

- (3) Except as provided in subsection (4), any person who is convicted of one of the following offenses shall, in addition to any other applicable penalties, be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 1 year:
- (a) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while he or she is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance;
- (b) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while the alcohol concentration of his or her blood, breath, or urine is .04 percent or higher;
- 26 (c) Leaving the scene of a crash involving a 27 commercial motor vehicle driven by such person;
- 28 (d) Using a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of a felony;
- (e) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while inpossession of a controlled substance; or

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- (f) Refusing to submit to a test to determine his or her alcohol concentration while driving a commercial motor $vehicle \underline{:} \div$
- (q) Driving a commercial vehicle while the licenseholder's commercial driver's license is suspended, revoked, or canceled or while the licenseholder is disqualified from driving a commercial vehicle; or
- (h) Causing a fatality through the negligent operation of a commercial motor vehicle.
- (4) Any person who is transporting hazardous materials in a vehicle that is required to be placarded in accordance with Title 49 C.F.R. part 172, subpart F shall, upon conviction of an offense specified in subsection (3), be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 3 years. The penalty provided in this subsection shall be in addition to any other applicable penalty.
- (5) Any person who is convicted of two violations specified in subsection (3), or any combination thereof, arising in separate incidents shall be permanently disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle. The penalty provided in this subsection shall be in addition to any other applicable penalty.
- (7) A person whose privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle is disqualified under this section may, if otherwise qualified, be issued a Class D or Class E driver's license, pursuant to s. 322.251.
- (8) A driver who is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a violation of an out-of-service order while driving a commercial motor vehicle is disqualified as follows:

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- (a) Not less than 90 days nor more than 1 year if the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a first violation of an out-of-service order.
- (b) Not less than 1 year nor more than 5 years if, <u>for offenses occurring</u> during any 10-year period, the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed two violations of out-of-service orders in separate incidents.
- (c) Not less than 3 years nor more than 5 years if, for offenses occurring during any 10-year period, the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed three or more violations of out-of-service orders in separate incidents.
- (d) Not less than 180 days nor more than 2 years if the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a first violation of an out-of-service order while transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded under the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. ss. 5101 et seq., or while operating motor vehicles designed to transport more than 15 passengers, including the driver. A driver is disqualified for a period of not less than 3 years nor more than 5 years if, for offenses occurring during any 10-year period, the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed any subsequent violations of out-of-service orders, in separate incidents, while transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded under the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act 49 U.S.C. ss. 5101 et seq., or while operating motor vehicles designed to transport more than 15 passengers, including the driver.
- (10)(a) A driver must be disqualified for not less than 60 days if the driver is convicted of or otherwise found

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to have committed a first violation of a railroad-highway grade crossing violation.

- (b) A driver must be disqualified for not less than 120 days if, <u>for offenses occurring</u> during any 3-year period, the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a second railroad-highway grade crossing violation in separate incidents.
- (c) A driver must be disqualified for not less than 1 year if, for offenses occurring during any 3-year period, the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a third or subsequent railroad-highway grade crossing violation in separate incidents.
- Section 65. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 322.63, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 322.63 Alcohol or drug testing; commercial motor vehicle operators.--
- (1) A person who accepts the privilege extended by the laws of this state of operating a commercial motor vehicle within this state shall, by so operating such commercial motor vehicle, be deemed to have given his or her consent to submit to an approved chemical or physical test of his or her blood or, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining his or her alcohol concentration, and to a urine test or for the purpose of detecting the presence of chemical substances as set forth in s. 877.111 or of controlled substances.
- (a) By applying for a commercial driver's license and by accepting and using a commercial driver's license, the person holding the commercial driver's license is deemed to have expressed his or her consent to the provisions of this section.

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- (b) Any person who drives a commercial motor vehicle within this state and who is not required to obtain a commercial driver's license in this state is, by his or her act of driving a commercial motor vehicle within this state, deemed to have expressed his or her consent to the provisions of this section.
- (c) A notification of the consent provision of this section shall be printed above the signature line on each new or renewed commercial driver's license issued after March 31, 1991.
- (3)(a) The <u>breath and blood</u> physical and chemical tests authorized in this section shall be administered substantially in accordance with rules adopted by the Department of Law Enforcement.

Section 66. Subsection (1) of section 322.64, Florida Statutes, is amended, and, for the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 322.61, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (14) of that section is reenacted, to read:

322.64 Holder of commercial driver's license; driving with unlawful blood-alcohol level; refusal to submit to breath, urine, or blood test.--

(1)(a) A law enforcement officer or correctional officer shall, on behalf of the department, disqualify from operating any commercial motor vehicle a person who while operating or in actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle is arrested for a violation of s. 316.193, relating to unlawful blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level, or a person who has refused to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test authorized by s. 322.63 arising out of the operation or actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle. Upon

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disqualification of the person, the officer shall take the 2 person's driver's license and issue the person a 10-day temporary permit for the operation of noncommercial vehicles 3 only if the person is otherwise eligible for the driving 4 privilege and shall issue the person a notice of 5 disqualification. If the person has been given a blood, breath, or urine test, the results of which are not available 8 to the officer at the time of the arrest, the agency employing the officer shall transmit such results to the department 9 within 5 days after receipt of the results. If the department 10 then determines that the person was arrested for a violation 11 12 of s. 316.193 and that the person had a blood-alcohol level or 13 breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or higher, the department shall disqualify the person from operating a commercial motor 14 vehicle pursuant to subsection (3). 15

- (b) The disqualification under paragraph (a) shall be pursuant to, and the notice of disqualification shall inform the driver of, the following:
- 1.a. The driver refused to submit to a lawful breath, blood, or urine test and he or she is disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 1 year, for a first refusal, or permanently, if he or she has previously been disqualified as a result of a refusal to submit to such a test; or
- b. The driver violated s. 316.193 by driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level and he or she is disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 6 months for a first offense or for a period of 1 year if he or she has previously been disqualified, or his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended, for a violation of s. 316.193.

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- 2. The disqualification period <u>for operating</u>
 commercial vehicles shall commence on the date of arrest or
 issuance of notice of disqualification, whichever is later.
- 3. The driver may request a formal or informal review of the disqualification by the department within 10 days after the date of arrest or issuance of notice of disqualification, whichever is later.
- 4. The temporary permit issued at the time of arrest or disqualification will expire at midnight of the 10th day following the date of disqualification.
- 5. The driver may submit to the department any materials relevant to the arrest.
- (14) The decision of the department under this section shall not be considered in any trial for a violation of s. 316.193, s. 322.61, or s. 322.62, nor shall any written statement submitted by a person in his or her request for departmental review under this section be admissible into evidence against him or her in any such trial. The disposition of any related criminal proceedings shall not affect a disqualification imposed pursuant to this section.

Section 67. Paragraphs (c) and (f) of subsection (13) of section 713.78, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

713.78 Liens for recovering, towing, or storing vehicles and vessels.--

(13)

(c)1. The registered owner of a vehicle, vessel, or mobile home may dispute a wrecker operator's lien, by notifying the department of the dispute in writing on forms provided by the department, if at least one of the following applies:

- a. The registered owner presents a notarized bill of sale proving that the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was sold in a private or casual sale before the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was recovered, towed, or stored.
- b. The registered owner presents proof that the Florida certificate of title of the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was sold to a licensed dealer as defined in s. 319.001 before the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was recovered, towed, or stored.
- c. The records of the department were marked "sold" prior to the date of the tow.

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If the registered owner's dispute of a wrecker operator's lien complies with one of these criteria, the department shall immediately remove the registered owner's name from the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate or revalidation sticker for any motor vehicle under s. 320.03(8), thereby allowing issuance of a license plate or revalidation sticker. If the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home is owned jointly by more than one person, each registered owner must dispute the wrecker operator's lien in order to be removed from the list. However, the department shall deny any dispute and maintain the registered owner's name on the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate or revalidation sticker for any motor vehicle under s. 320.03(8) if the wrecker operator has provided the department with a certified copy of the judgment of a court which orders the registered owner to pay the wrecker operator's lien claimed under this section. In such a case, the amount of the wrecker operator's lien allowed by paragraph (b) may be increased to include no more than \$500 of the reasonable costs and attorney's fees

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incurred in obtaining the judgment. The department's action under this subparagraph is ministerial in nature, shall not be considered final agency action, and is appealable only to the county court for the county in which the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was ordered removed.

- 2. A person against whom a wrecker operator's lien has been imposed may alternatively obtain a discharge of the lien by filing a complaint, challenging the validity of the lien or the amount thereof, in the county court of the county in which the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was ordered removed. Upon filing of the complaint, the person may have her or his name removed from the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate or revalidation sticker for any motor vehicle under s. 320.03(8), thereby allowing issuance of a license plate or revalidation sticker, upon posting with the court a cash or surety bond or other adequate security equal to the amount of the wrecker operator's lien to ensure the payment of such lien in the event she or he does not prevail. Upon the posting of the bond and the payment of the applicable fee set forth in s. 28.24, the clerk of the court shall issue a certificate notifying the department of the posting of the bond and directing the department to release the wrecker operator's lien. Upon determining the respective rights of the parties, the court may award damages and costs in favor of the prevailing party.
- 3. If a person against whom a wrecker operator's lien has been imposed does not object to the lien, but cannot discharge the lien by payment because the wrecker operator has moved or gone out of business, the person may have her or his name removed from the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate or revalidation sticker for any motor

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vehicle under s. 320.03(8), thereby allowing issuance of a license plate or revalidation sticker, upon posting with the clerk of court in the county in which the vehicle, vessel, or 3 mobile home was ordered removed, a cash or surety bond or other adequate security equal to the amount of the wrecker 5 operator's lien. Upon the posting of the bond and the payment of the application fee set forth in s. 28.24, the clerk of the 8 court shall issue a certificate notifying the department of the posting of the bond and directing the department to 9 release the wrecker operator's lien. The department shall mail 10 to the wrecker operator, at the address upon the lien form, 11 notice that the wrecker operator must claim the security 13 within 60 days, or the security will be released back to the person who posted it. At the conclusion of the 60 days, the 14 department shall direct the clerk as to which party is 15 16 entitled to payment of the security, less applicable clerk's

- 4. A wrecker operator's lien expires 5 years after filing.
 - in the registered owner's birth month of a motor vehicle registration and does not apply to the transfer of a registration of a motor vehicle sold by a motor vehicle dealer licensed under chapter 320, except for the transfer of registrations which is inclusive of the annual renewals. This subsection does not apply to any vehicle registered in the name of the lessor. This subsection does not affect the issuance of the title to a motor vehicle, notwithstanding s. 319.23(7)(b).
- Section 68. Section 843.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 843.16 Unlawful to install <u>or transport</u> radio equipment using assigned frequency of state or law enforcement officers; definitions; exceptions; penalties.--
- (1) A No person, firm, or corporation may not shall install or transport in any motor vehicle or business establishment, except an emergency vehicle or crime watch vehicle as herein defined or a place established by municipal, county, state, or federal authority for governmental purposes, any frequency modulation radio receiving equipment so adjusted or tuned as to receive messages or signals on frequencies assigned by the Federal Communications Commission to police or law enforcement officers or fire rescue personnel of any city or county of the state or to the state or any of its agencies. Provided, nothing herein shall be construed to affect any radio station licensed by the Federal Communications System or to affect any recognized newspaper or news publication engaged in covering the news on a full-time basis or any alarm system contractor certified pursuant to part II of chapter 489, operating a central monitoring system.
 - (2) As used in this section, the term:
 - (a) "Emergency vehicle" shall specifically mean:
- 1. Any motor vehicle used by any law enforcement officer or employee of any city, any county, the state, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or the Armed Forces of the United States while on official business;
- 2. Any fire department vehicle of any city or county of the state or any state fire department vehicle;
- 3. Any motor vehicle designated as an emergency vehicle by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles when said vehicle is to be assigned the use of frequencies assigned to the state;

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- 4. Any motor vehicle designated as an emergency vehicle by the sheriff or fire chief of any county in the state when said vehicle is to be assigned the use of frequencies assigned to the said county;
- 5. Any motor vehicle designated as an emergency vehicle by the chief of police or fire chief of any city in the state when said vehicle is to be assigned the use of frequencies assigned to the said city.
- (b) "Crime watch vehicle" means any motor vehicle used by any person participating in a citizen crime watch or neighborhood watch program when such program and use are approved in writing by the appropriate sheriff or chief of police where the vehicle will be used and the vehicle is assigned the use of frequencies assigned to the county or city. Such approval shall be renewed annually.
- (3) This section shall not apply to any holder of a valid amateur radio operator or station license issued by the Federal Communications Commission or to any recognized newspaper or news publication engaged in covering the news on a full-time basis or any alarm system contractor certified pursuant to part II of chapter 489, operating a central monitoring system.
- (4) Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this section <u>commits</u> shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor of the <u>first</u> second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 69. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.

********** 2 SENATE SUMMARY 3 Revises various provisions of law governing the operation of motor vehicles. Includes two-rider ATVs in the definition of the terms "off-highway vehicle" and 4 "all-terrain vehicle." Provides that the unauthorized use 5 of a traffic signal preemption device is a moving violation. Provides clearance specifications for 6 railroad-highway grade crossings. Increases the minimum speed limit on certain Interstate highways from 40 to 50 7 miles per hour. Authorizes traffic accident investigation officers to remove abandoned vehicles. Establishes 8 procedures for issuing certificates of title for off-highway vehicles. Requires motor vehicle dealers to notify the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 9 Vehicles within 30 days after a motor vehicle or mobile 10 home is taken as a trade-in. Requires the department to update its title record. Authorizes the department to provide for an electronic system for motor vehicle 11 dealers to use in issuing temporary tags. Authorizes use of a naturalization certificate to obtain an identification card. Prohibits waiver of the requirement 12 13 for a fullface photograph or digital image on an identification card or driver's license. Specifies additional documents that may be used to obtain a 14 driver's license or temporary permit. Revises 15 requirements for certain commercial driver's licenses. Specifies additional violations that disqualify a person 16 from operating a commercial motor vehicle. (See bill for details.) 17 18 19 2.0 21 22 23 2.4 25 26 27 28 29 30 31