1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to residential property insurance; 3 amending s. 215.555, F.S.; revising provisions relating to 4 calculation of an insurer's retention; amending s. 5 627.4133, F.S.; prohibiting insurers from canceling or 6 nonrenewing residential property insurance policies under 7 certain emergency circumstances; providing exceptions; 8 providing notice requirements; providing application to 9 personal residential and commercial residential policies 10 covering certain damaged property; amending s. 627.4143, F.S.; limiting certain outline of coverage requirements to 11 12 private passenger motor vehicle insurance policies; providing legislative findings and intent; requiring 13 14 personal lines property insurance policies to contain an 15 outline of coverage and a checklist for disclosure of 16 coverage information contained in the policies; specifying 17 checklist and outline of coverage contents; requiring the checklist and outline of coverage to be sent with each 18 19 renewal of personal lines residential insurance policies; 20 specifying application of the checklist and outline of 21 coverage to basic homeowners', mobile homeowners', condominium unit owners', and dwelling policies; 22 authorizing the Financial Services Commission to adopt 23 24 rules; amending s. 627.701, F.S.; providing for 25 computation and display of the dollar value of hurricane 26 deductibles; requiring insurers to notify applicants or 27 policyholders of the availability and amounts of certain

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discounts, credits, rate differentials, or reductions in

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deductibles for properties on which certain fixtures have been installed or construction techniques have been implemented; requiring insurers to provide qualifying information; authorizing the Financial Services Commission to adopt rules; providing for approval of certain disclosure materials by the Office of Insurance Regulation; providing for application of hurricane deductibles for certain personal lines residential property insurance policies; requiring insurers to offer commercial residential property insurance policyholders certain alternative hurricane deductibles; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 215.555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. --

- (2) DEFINITIONS. -- As used in this section:
- (e) "Retention" means the amount of losses below which an insurer is not entitled to reimbursement from the fund. An insurer's retention shall be calculated as follows:
- 1. The board shall calculate and report to each insurer the retention multiples for that year. For the contract year beginning June 1,  $\underline{2005}$   $\underline{2004}$ , the retention multiple shall be equal to  $\underline{\$4}$   $\underline{\$4.5}$  billion divided by the total estimated reimbursement premium for the contract year; for subsequent years, the retention multiple shall be equal to  $\underline{\$4}$   $\underline{\$4.5}$  billion,

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adjusted based upon the reported exposure from the prior contract year to reflect the percentage growth in exposure to the fund for covered policies since 2004 2003, divided by the total estimated reimbursement premium for the contract year. Total reimbursement premium for purposes of the calculation under this subparagraph shall be estimated using the assumption that all insurers have selected the 90-percent coverage level.

- 2. The retention multiple as determined under subparagraph 1. shall be adjusted to reflect the coverage level elected by the insurer. For insurers electing the 90-percent coverage level, the adjusted retention multiple is 100 percent of the amount determined under subparagraph 1. For insurers electing the 75-percent coverage level, the retention multiple is 120 percent of the amount determined under subparagraph 1. For insurers electing the 45-percent coverage level, the adjusted retention multiple is 200 percent of the amount determined under subparagraph 1.
- 3. An insurer shall determine its provisional retention by multiplying its provisional reimbursement premium by the applicable adjusted retention multiple and shall determine its actual retention by multiplying its actual reimbursement premium by the applicable adjusted retention multiple.
- 4. For insurers who experience multiple covered events causing loss during the contract year, beginning June 1, 2005, each insurer's full retention shall be applied to the two largest losses from the covered events for that insurer. For all other covered events resulting in losses, the insurer's retention shall be reduced to one-third of the full retention.

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The reimbursement contract shall provide for the reimbursement of losses for each covered event based on the full retention with adjustments made to reflect the reduced retentions after January 1 of the contract year provided the insurer reports its losses as specified in the reimbursement contract.

- Section 2. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (2) of section 627.4133, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 627.4133 Notice of cancellation, nonrenewal, or renewal premium.--
- (2) With respect to any personal lines or commercial residential property insurance policy, including, but not limited to, any homeowner's, mobile home owner's, farmowner's, condominium association, condominium unit owner's, apartment building, or other policy covering a residential structure or its contents:
- (d)1. Upon a declaration of an emergency pursuant to s.

  252.36 and the filing of an order by the Commissioner of

  Insurance Regulation, an insurer may not cancel or nonrenew a

  personal residential or commercial residential property

  insurance policy covering a dwelling or residential property

  located in this state that has been damaged as a result of a

  hurricane or wind loss that is the subject of the declaration of

  emergency for a period of 60 days after the dwelling or

  residential property has been repaired. A structure is deemed to

  be repaired when substantially completed and restored to the

  extent that it is insurable by another authorized insurer that

  is writing policies in this state.
  - 2. However, an insurer or agent may cancel or nonrenew Page 4 of 13

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

such a policy prior to the repair of the dwelling or residential property:

- a. Upon 10 days' notice for nonpayment of premium; or
- b. Upon 45 days' notice:

- (I) For a material misstatement or fraud related to the claim;
- (II) If the insurer can demonstrate that the insured has unreasonably caused a delay in the repair of the dwelling; or
- (III) If the insurer has paid policy limits, provided the insurer has offered the insured a builder's risk or similar policy that would cover the property until completion of repairs.
- 3. If the insurer elects to nonrenew a policy covering a property that has been damaged, the insurer shall provide at least 60 days' notice to the insured that the insurer intends to nonrenew the policy 60 days after the dwelling or residential property has been repaired. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the insurer from canceling or nonrenewing the policy 60 days after the repairs are complete for the same reasons the insurer would otherwise have canceled or nonrenewed the policy but for the limitations of subparagraph 1. The Financial Services Commission may adopt rules, and the Commissioner of Insurance Regulation may issue orders, necessary to implement this paragraph.
- 4. This paragraph shall also apply to personal residential and commercial residential policies covering property that was damaged as the result of Tropical Storm Bonnie, Hurricane Charley, Hurricane Frances, Hurricane Ivan, or Hurricane Jeanne.

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Section 3. Effective October 1, 2005, section 627.4143, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.4143 Outline of coverage. --

- (1) No private passenger <u>motor vehicle</u> automobile or basic homeowner's policy shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state unless an appropriate outline of coverage has been delivered prior to issuance of the policy or accompanies the policy when issued.
- (2) The outline of coverage <u>for a private passenger motor</u> vehicle insurance policy shall contain all of the following:
- (a) A brief description of the principal benefits and coverage provided in the policy, broken down by each class or type of coverage provided under the policy for which a premium is charged, and itemization of the applicable premium.
- (b) A summary statement of the principal exclusions and limitations or reductions contained in the policy by class or type, including, but not limited to, deductibles, coinsurance, and any other limitations or reductions.
- (c) A summary statement of any renewal or cancellation provisions.
- (d) A description of the credit or surcharge plan that is being applied. The description may display numerical or alphabetical codes on the declarations page or premium notice to enable the insured to determine the reason or reasons why her or his policy is being surcharged or is receiving a credit.
- (e) A list of any additional coverage provided through any rider or endorsement which accompanies the policy. The list shall contain a descriptive reference to each additional

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coverage, rather than solely a reference to a form or code number.

- policy, The extent of coverage provided to the insured in the event of collision damage to a rental vehicle rented by the insured. The proof-of-insurance card required by s. 316.646 must also specify whether rental car coverage is provided, and may refer to the outline of coverage as to the details or extent of coverage.
- (3) It is the intent of the Legislature to assist policyholders in understanding policy coverage, costs, and property replacement options in order to enable a policyholder to be better prepared in case of loss. The Legislature finds that the implementation of a checklist for disclosure of coverage information for homeowners', mobile homeowners', condominium unit owners', or dwelling residential property insurance written in clear and unambiguous language will aid policyholders in understanding their policy coverages, limits, and exclusions.
- (4) No basic homeowners', mobile homeowners', condominium unit owners', or dwelling policy shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state unless a checklist of coverage and an appropriate outline of coverage have been delivered to the policyholder prior to issuance of the policy or accompany the policy when issued.
- (a) The checklist shall contain a list of the standard provisions and elements that may typically be included in such policies, regardless of whether they are included in the

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particular policy being issued, in a format that allows the insurer to place a check mark next to the provision's elements that are included so the consumer may see what is included and what is not included in the policy. Limits of liability shall be listed for each item. The checklist shall include, but is not limited to, the following:

- 1. Covered real property. Items for this category shall be broader than simply listing "dwelling." The category shall include references to specific property in the category of attached and unattached structures that may be covered in a typical policy. The category shall include references to whether coverage for damaged property is based on replacement cost coverage or actual cash value coverage. Primary exclusions from real property coverage shall be listed after the real property coverage items.
- 2. Personal property coverage. Primary exclusions from personal property coverage shall be listed after the items covered by personal property coverage.
- 3. Personal liability coverage. Primary exclusions from personal liability coverage shall be listed after the items covered by personal liability coverage.
  - 4. Medical payments coverage.

- 5. Primary discounts that are available.
- 6. Hurricane deductibles that are available. The notice to consumers set forth in s. 627.701(4)(a) shall be set forth immediately following the list of deductibles.
- 223 7. References to specific additional property coverage 224 that may be provided through any rider or endorsement. This

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shall include building ordinance or law coverage; personal injury endorsements; motor vehicle endorsements; jewelry, fur, and communication property endorsements; home business endorsements; and replacement cost endorsement for contents.

8. Covered perils.

- 9. Excluded perils.
- (b) The outline of coverage shall contain:
- 1. A brief description of the principal benefits and coverage provided in the policy, itemized by each class or type of coverage provided under the policy for which a premium is charged, and itemization of the applicable premium.
- 2. A summary statement of the principal exclusions and limitations or reductions contained in the policy by class or type, including, but not limited to, deductibles, coinsurance, and any other limitations or reductions.
- 3. A summary statement of any renewal or cancellation provisions.
- 4. A description of the credit or surcharge plan that is being applied. The description may display numerical or alphabetical codes on the declarations page or premium notice to enable the insured to determine the reason or reasons that her or his policy is being surcharged or is receiving a credit.
- 5. A summary of any additional coverage provided through any rider or endorsement that accompanies the policy.
- (5)(3) The outline of coverage for a private passenger motor vehicle policy is required only on the initial policy issued by an insurer. The outline of coverage and the checklist for a basic homeowners', mobile homeowners', condominium unit

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253	owne	ers',	or dwe	lling	policy	are	reg	uire	ed on	the	initial	policy
254	and	each	renewa	.1 the	reof is	sued	by	an i	insur	er.		

(6)(4) An insurer must insert the following language on the outline of coverage and the checklist:

"The following outline of coverage <u>or checklist</u> is for informational purposes only. Florida law prohibits this outline <u>or checklist</u> from changing any of the provisions of the insurance contract which is the subject of this outline. Any endorsement regarding changes in types of coverage, exclusions, limitations, reductions, deductibles, coinsurance, renewal provisions, cancellation provisions, surcharges, or credits will be sent separately."

(7)(5) Neither this section nor the outline of coverage or checklist mandated by this section alters or modifies the terms of the insurance contract, creates a cause of action, or is admissible in any civil action.

(8) The Financial Services Commission may adopt rules to implement subsection (4) and the provisions of subsection (5) relating to a basic homeowners', mobile homeowners', condominium unit owners', or dwelling policy.

Section 4. Effective October 1, 2005, subsection (4) of section 627.701, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (10) is added to said section, to read:

627.701 Liability of insureds; coinsurance; deductibles.--

(4) Any policy that contains a separate hurricane deductible must on its face include in boldfaced type no smaller

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than 18 points the following statement: "THIS POLICY CONTAINS A SEPARATE DEDUCTIBLE FOR HURRICANE LOSSES, WHICH MAY RESULT IN HIGH OUT-OF-POCKET EXPENSES TO YOU." A policy containing a coinsurance provision applicable to hurricane losses must on its face include in boldfaced type no smaller than 18 points the following statement: "THIS POLICY CONTAINS A CO-PAY PROVISION THAT MAY RESULT IN HIGH OUT-OF-POCKET EXPENSES TO YOU."

- (b) For any personal lines residential property insurance policy containing a separate hurricane deductible, the insurer shall compute and prominently display the actual dollar value of the hurricane deductible on the declarations page of the policy and on the premium renewal notice.
- (10) For any personal lines residential property insurance policy, the insurer shall clearly notify the applicant or policyholder at the time of the initial quote for the policy and at the time of each renewal of the policy of the availability and amount of the premium discounts, credits, other rate differentials, or reductions in deductibles for properties on which fixtures have been installed or construction techniques have been implemented that have been demonstrated to reduce the amount of loss in a windstorm. For properties on which fixtures can or have been installed or construction techniques can or have been implemented that have been demonstrated to reduce the amount of loss in a windstorm, the insurer shall provide to the applicant or policyholder an explanation as to the actions that qualify for the premium discounts, credits, other rate differentials, or reductions in deductibles. The Financial Services Commission may adopt rules to implement this

subsection. The Office of Insurance Regulation shall approve the disclosure materials required by this subsection to be provided by insurers to applicants or policyholders.

Section 5. Subsection (5) of section 627.701, Florida Statutes, as created by section 4 of chapter 2004-480, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

- 627.701 Liability of insureds; coinsurance; deductibles.--
- (5)(a) The hurricane deductible of any <u>personal lines</u> residential property insurance policy <u>issued or renewed on or after May 1, 2005</u>, shall be applied as follows:
- $\frac{1.(a)}{(a)}$  The hurricane deductible shall apply on an annual basis to all covered hurricane losses that occur during the calendar year for losses that are covered under one or more policies issued by the same insurer or an insurer in the same insurer group.
- $\frac{2.(b)}{(b)}$  If a hurricane deductible applies separately to each of one or more structures insured under a single policy, the requirements of this <u>paragraph</u> subsection apply with respect to the deductible for each structure.
- 3.(c) If there was a hurricane loss for a prior hurricane or hurricanes during the calendar year, the insurer may apply a deductible to a subsequent hurricane which deductible that is the greater of the remaining amount of the hurricane deductible or the amount of the deductible that applies to perils other than a hurricane. Insurers may require policyholders to report hurricane losses that are below the hurricane deductible or to maintain receipts or other records of such hurricane losses in order to apply such losses to subsequent hurricane claims.

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<u>4.(d)</u> If there are hurricane losses in a calendar year on more than one policy issued by the same insurer or an insurer in the same insurer group, the hurricane deductible shall be the highest amount stated in any one of the policies. If a policyholder who had a hurricane loss under the prior policy is provided or offered a lower hurricane deductible under the new or renewal policy, the insurer must notify the policyholder, in writing, at the time the lower hurricane deductible is provided or offered, that the lower hurricane deductible will not apply until January 1 of the following calendar year.

- (b) For any commercial residential property insurance policy issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2006, the insurer must offer the policyholder the following alternative hurricane deductibles:
- 1. A hurricane deductible that applies on an annual basis as provided in paragraph (a).
- 2. A hurricane deductible that applies to each hurricane.
  Section 6. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.