# Bill No. <u>HB 1855, 1st Eng.</u>

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# CHAMBER ACTION

	<u>Senate</u>	CHAMBER	ACTION House
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1	2/AD/2R 05/04/2005 03:50 PM		AD . 05/06/2005 13:53:01
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11	Senator Alexander moved t	he fol:	lowing amendment:
12			-
13	Senate Amendment (	with t	itle amendment)
14	On page 19, betwee	n line	s 3 and 4,
15			
16	insert:		
17	Section 4. Paragr	aph (d	) of subsection (2) and
18 403	<pre>subsections (6), (7), (8) .0NAME="PagelLine19"&gt;1</pre>	, and .9 Flo	(11) of section rida Statutes, are amended to read:
	NAME="Page1Line20">20 lementation of total		403.067 Establishment and
<a< td=""><td>NAME="Page1Line21"&gt;21</td><td>maxim</td><td>um daily loads</td></a<>	NAME="Page1Line21">21	maxim	um daily loads
<a SEG</a 	NAME="Page1Line22">22 MENTSIn accordance		(2) LIST OF SURFACE WATERS OR
	NAME="Page1Line23">23 No. 92-500, 33	with a	s. 303(d) of the Clean Water Act, Pub.
<a sub</a 	NAME="Page1Line24">24 mit	U.S.C	. ss. 1251 et seq., the department must
	NAME="Page1Line25">25 ironmental Protection	perio	dically to the United States
<a for</a 	NAME="Page1Line26">26 which total	Agenc	y a list of surface waters or segments
<a con</a 	NAME="Page1Line27">27 ducted. The	maxim	um daily load assessments will be
	NAME="Page1Line28">28 ditions of the	asses	sments shall evaluate the water quality
	NAME="Page1Line29">29 ermined not to meet	liste	d waters and, if such waters are

<A NAME="Page1Line30"></A>30 water quality standards, total maximum daily loads shall be

<A NAME="PagelLine31"></A>31 established, subject to the provisions of subsection (4). The  $$\rm 1$$ 

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department shall establish a priority ranking and schedule for analyzing such waters.

- (d) If the department proposes to implement total maximum daily load calculations or allocations established prior to the effective date of this act, the department shall adopt those calculations and allocations by rule by the secretary pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 and paragraph  $\overline{(6)(c)}(6)(d)$ .
  - (6) CALCULATION AND ALLOCATION. --
  - (a) Calculation of total maximum daily load.
- 1. Prior to developing a total maximum daily load calculation for each water body or water body segment on the list specified in subsection (4), the department shall coordinate with applicable local governments, water management districts, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, other appropriate state agencies, local soil and water conservation districts, environmental groups, regulated interests, and affected pollution sources to determine the information required, accepted methods of data collection and analysis, and quality control/quality assurance requirements. The analysis may include mathematical water quality modeling using approved procedures and methods.
- 2. The department shall develop total maximum daily load calculations for each water body or water body segment on the list described in subsection (4) according to the priority ranking and schedule unless the impairment of such waters is due solely to activities other than point and nonpoint sources of pollution. For waters determined to be impaired due solely to factors other than point and nonpoint sources of pollution, no total maximum daily load will be required. A total maximum daily load may be required for those waters that are impaired

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predominantly due to activities other than point and nonpoint sources. The total maximum daily load calculation shall establish the amount of a pollutant that a water body or water body segment may receive from all sources without exceeding water quality standards, and shall account for seasonal variations and include a margin of safety that takes into account any lack of knowledge concerning the relationship between effluent limitations and water quality. The total maximum daily load may be based on a pollutant load reduction goal developed by a water management district, provided that such pollutant load reduction goal is promulgated by the department in accordance with the procedural and substantive requirements of this subsection.

(b) Allocation of total maximum daily loads. The total maximum daily loads shall include establishment of reasonable and equitable allocations of the total maximum daily load between or among point and nonpoint sources that will alone, or in conjunction with other management and restoration activities, provide for the attainment of the pollutant reductions established pursuant to paragraph (a) to achieve water quality standards for the pollutant causing impairment water quality standards and the restoration of impaired waters. The allocations may establish the maximum amount of the water pollutant from a given source or category of sources that may be discharged or released into the water body or water body segment in combination with other discharges or releases. Allocations may also be made to individual basins and sources or as a whole to all basins and sources or categories of sources of inflow to the water body or water body segments. An initial allocation of allowable pollutant loads among point and nonpoint sources may be developed as

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1	part of the total maximum daily load. However, in such cases,	
2	the detailed allocation to specific point sources and specific	
3	categories of nonpoint sources shall be established in the	
4	basin management action plan pursuant to subsection (7). The	
5	initial and detailed allocations shall be designed to attain	
6	the pollutant reductions established pursuant to paragraph (a)	
7	water quality standards and shall be based on consideration of	
8	the following:	
9	1. Existing treatment levels and management practices;	
10	2. Best management practices established and	
11	implemented pursuant to paragraph (7)(c);	
12	3. Enforceable treatment levels established pursuant	
13	to state or local law or permit;	
14	4.2. Differing impacts pollutant sources and forms of	
15	pollutant may have on water quality;	
16	5.3. The availability of treatment technologies,	
17	management practices, or other pollutant reduction measures;	
18	6.4. Environmental, economic, and technological	
19	feasibility of achieving the allocation;	
20	7.5. The cost benefit associated with achieving the	
21	allocation;	
22	8.6. Reasonable timeframes for implementation;	
23	9.7. Potential applicability of any moderating	
24	provisions such as variances, exemptions, and mixing zones;	
25	and	
26	10.8. The extent to which nonattainment of water	
27	quality standards is caused by pollution sources outside of	
28	Florida, discharges that have ceased, or alterations to water	
29	bodies prior to the date of this act.	
30	(c) Not later than February 1, 2001, the department	
31	shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the	

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Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives containing recommendations, including draft legislation, for any modifications to the process for allocating total maximum daily loads, including the relationship between allocations and the watershed or basin management planning process. Such recommendations shall be developed by the department in cooperation with a technical advisory committee which includes representatives of affected parties, environmental organizations, water management districts, and other appropriate local, state, and federal government agencies. The technical advisory committee shall also include such members as may be designated by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. (c)(d) Adoption of rules. The total maximum daily load calculations and allocations <u>established under this subsection</u> for each water body or water body segment shall be adopted by rule by the secretary pursuant to ss. 120.536(1), 120.54, and 403.805. Where additional data collection and analysis are needed to increase the scientific precision and accuracy of the total maximum daily load, the department is authorized to adopt phased total maximum daily loads that are subject to change as additional data becomes available. Where phased total maximum daily loads are proposed, the department shall, in the detailed statement of facts and circumstances justifying the rule, explain why the data are inadequate so as to justify a phased total maximum daily load. The rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph shall not be subject to approval by the Environmental Regulation Commission. As part of the rule development process, the department shall hold at least one public workshop in the vicinity of the water body or water body segment for which the total maximum daily load is

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being developed. Notice of the public workshop shall be

published not less than 5 days nor more than 15 days before

the public workshop in a newspaper of general circulation in

the county or counties containing the water bodies or water

body segments for which the total maximum daily load

calculation and allocation are being developed.

- (7) <u>DEVELOPMENT OF BASIN MANAGEMENT PLANS AND</u>
  IMPLEMENTATION OF TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOADS.--
  - (a) Basin management action plans. --
- 1. In developing and implementing the total maximum daily load for a water body, the department, or the department in conjunction with a water management district, may develop a basin management action plan that addresses some or all of the watersheds and basins tributary to the water body. Such a plan shall integrate the appropriate management strategies available to the state through existing water quality protection programs to achieve the total maximum daily loads and may provide for phased implementation of these management strategies to promote timely, cost-effective actions as provided for in s. 403.151. The plan shall establish a schedule for implementing the management strategies, establish a basis for evaluating the plan's effectiveness, and identify feasible funding strategies for implementing the plan's management strategies. The management strategies may include regional treatment systems or other public works, where appropriate, to achieve the needed pollutant load reductions.
- 2. A basin management action plan shall equitably allocate, pursuant to paragraph (6)(b), pollutant reductions to individual basins, as a whole to all basins, or to each identified point source or category of nonpoint sources, as appropriate. For nonpoint sources for which best management

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practices have been adopted, the initial requirement specified by the plan shall be those practices developed pursuant to 2 paragraph (c). Where appropriate, the plan may provide 3 4 pollutant-load-reduction credits to dischargers that have 5 implemented management strategies to reduce pollutant loads, 6 including best management practices, prior to the development 7 of the basin management action plan. The plan shall also identify the mechanisms by which potential future increases in 8 pollutant loading will be addressed. 9 10 3. The basin management action planning process is 11 intended to involve the broadest possible range of interested parties, with the objective of encouraging the greatest amount 12 13 of cooperation and consensus possible. In developing a basin management action plan, the department shall assure that key 14 15 stakeholders, including, but not limited to, applicable local governments, water management districts, the Department of 16 Agriculture and Consumer Services, other appropriate state 17 18 agencies, local soil and water conservation districts, 19 environmental groups, regulated interests, and affected 20 pollution sources, are invited to participate in the process. The department shall hold at least one public meeting in the 21 22 vicinity of the watershed or basin to discuss and receive 23 comments during the planning process and shall otherwise 2.4 encourage public participation to the greatest practicable extent. Notice of the public meeting shall be published in a 2.5 newspaper of general circulation in each county in which the 26 watershed or basin lies not less than 5 days nor more than 15 27 days before the public meeting. A basin management action plan 28 29 shall not supplant or otherwise alter any assessment made under subsection (3) or subsection (4) or any calculation or 30 initial allocation.

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1	4. The department shall adopt all or any part of a
2	basin management action plan by secretarial order pursuant to
3	chapter 120 to implement the provisions of this section.
4	5. The basin management action plan shall include
5	milestones for implementation and water quality improvement,
6	and an associated water quality monitoring component
7	sufficient to evaluate whether reasonable progress in
8	pollutant load reductions is being achieved over time. An
9	assessment of progress toward these milestones shall be
10	conducted every 5 years, and revisions to the plan shall be
11	made as appropriate. Revisions to the basin management action
12	plan shall be made by the department in cooperation with basin
13	stakeholders. Revisions to the management strategies required
14	for nonpoint sources shall follow the procedures set forth in
15	subparagraph (c)4. Revised basin management action plans shall
16	be adopted pursuant to subparagraph 4.
17	(b)(a) Total maximum daily load implementation
18	1. The department shall be the lead agency in
19	coordinating the implementation of the total maximum daily
20	loads through existing water quality protection programs.
21	Application of a total maximum daily load by a water
22	management district shall be consistent with this section and
23	shall not require the issuance of an order or a separate
24	action pursuant to s. 120.536(1) or s. 120.54 for adoption of
25	the calculation and allocation previously established by the
26	department. Such programs may include, but are not limited to:
27	a.1. Permitting and other existing regulatory
28	programs, including water-quality-based effluent limitations;
29	$\underline{b.2.}$ Nonregulatory and incentive-based programs,
30	including best management practices, cost sharing, waste
31	minimization, pollution prevention, agreements established

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1	pursuant to s. 403.061(21), and public education;
2	$\underline{\text{c.}3.}$ Other water quality management and restoration
3	activities, for example surface water improvement and
4	management plans approved by water management districts or
5	watershed or basin management action plans developed pursuant
6	to this subsection;
7	$\underline{\text{d.}4.}$ Pollutant trading or other equitable economically
8	based agreements;
9	$\underline{\text{e.5}}$ . Public works including capital facilities; or
10	f.6. Land acquisition.
11	2. For a basin management action plan adopted pursuant
12	to subparagraph (a)4., any management strategies and pollutant
13	reduction requirements associated with a pollutant of concern
14	for which a total maximum daily load has been developed,
15	including effluent limits set forth for a discharger subject
16	to NPDES permitting, if any, shall be included in a timely
17	manner in subsequent NPDES permits or permit modifications for
18	that discharger. The department shall not impose limits or
19	conditions implementing an adopted total maximum daily load in
20	an NPDES permit until the permit expires, the discharge is
21	modified, or the permit is reopened pursuant to an adopted
22	basin management action plan.
23	a. Absent a detailed allocation, total maximum daily
24	loads shall be implemented through NPDES permit conditions
25	that afford a compliance schedule. In such instances, a
26	facility's NPDES permit shall allow time for the issuance of
27	an order adopting the basin management action plan. The time
28	allowed for the issuance of an order adopting the plan shall
29	not exceed five years. Upon issuance of an order adopting the
30	plan, the permit shall be reopened, as necessary, and permit
31	conditions consistent with the plan shall be established.

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1	Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subparagraph,
2	upon request by a NPDES permittee, the department as part of a
3	permit issuance, renewal or modification may establish
4	individual allocations prior to the adoption of a basin
5	management action plan.
6	b. For holders of NPDES municipal separate storm sewer
7	system permits and other stormwater sources, implementation of
8	a total maximum daily load or basin management action plan
9	shall be achieved, to the maximum extent practicable, through
10	the use of best management practices or other management
11	measures.
12	c. The basin management action plan does not relieve
13	the discharger from any requirement to obtain, renew, or
14	modify an NPDES permit or to abide by other requirements of
15	the permit.
16	d. Management strategies set forth in a basin
17	management action plan to be implemented by a discharger
18	subject to permitting by the department shall be completed
19	pursuant to the schedule set forth in the basin management
20	action plan. This implementation schedule may extend beyond
21	the 5-year term of an NPDES permit.
22	e. Management strategies and pollution reduction
23	requirements set forth in a basin management action plan for a
24	specific pollutant of concern shall not be subject to
25	challenge under chapter 120 at the time they are incorporated,
26	in an identical form, into a subsequent NPDES permit or permit
27	modification.
28	f. For nonagricultural pollutant sources not subject
29	to NPDES permitting but permitted pursuant to other state,
30	regional, or local water quality programs, the pollutant
31	reduction actions adopted in a basin management action plan
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shall be implemented to the maximum extent practicable as part of those permitting programs. 2. g. A nonpoint source discharger included in a basin 3 4 management action plan shall demonstrate compliance with the pollutant reductions established pursuant to subsection (6) by 5 either implementing the appropriate best management practices 7 established pursuant to paragraph (c) or conducting water quality monitoring prescribed by the department or a water 8 management district. 9 h. A nonpoint source discharger included in a basin 10 11 management action plan may be subject to enforcement action by the department or a water management district based upon a 12 13 failure to implement the responsibilities set forth in 14 sub-subparagraph q. 15 i. A landowner, discharger, or other responsible person who is implementing applicable management strategies 16 specified in an adopted basin management action plan shall not 17 be required by permit, enforcement action, or otherwise to 18 19 implement additional management strategies to reduce pollutant 20 loads to attain the pollutant reductions established pursuant to subsection (6) and shall be deemed to be in compliance with 21 22 this section. This subparagraph does not limit the authority of the department to amend a basin management action plan as 23 2.4 specified in subparagraph (a)5. (b) In developing and implementing the total maximum 25 26 daily load for a water body, the department, or the department in conjunction with a water management district, may develop a 27 28 watershed or basin management plan that addresses some or all 29 of the watersheds and basins tributary to the water body. 30 These plans will serve to fully integrate the management strategies available to the state for the purpose of

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implementing the total maximum daily loads and achieving water quality restoration. The watershed or basin management planning process is intended to involve the broadest possible range of interested parties, with the objective of encouraging the greatest amount of cooperation and consensus possible. The department or water management district shall hold at least one public meeting in the vicinity of the watershed or basin to discuss and receive comments during the planning process and shall otherwise encourage public participation to the greatest practical extent. Notice of the public meeting shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in each county in which the watershed or basin lies not less than 5 days nor more than 15 days before the public meeting. A watershed or basin management plan shall not supplant or otherwise alter any assessment made under s. 403.086(3) and (4), or any calculation or allocation made under s. 403.086(6).

#### (c) <u>Best management practices.--</u>

1. The department, in cooperation with the water management districts and other interested parties, as appropriate, may develop suitable interim measures, best management practices, or other measures necessary to achieve the level of pollution reduction established by the department for nonagricultural nonpoint pollutant sources in allocations developed pursuant to subsection (6) and this subsection paragraph (6)(b). These practices and measures may be adopted by rule by the department and the water management districts pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, and, where adopted by rule, shall may be implemented by those parties responsible for nonagricultural nonpoint source pollution pollutant sources and the department and the water management districts

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shall assist with implementation. Where interim measures, best 2 management practices, or other measures are adopted by rule, the effectiveness of such practices in achieving the levels of 3 4 pollution reduction established in allocations developed by 5 the department pursuant to paragraph (6)(b) shall be verified by the department. Implementation, in accordance with 6 7 applicable rules, of practices that have been verified by the department to be effective at representative sites shall 8 provide a presumption of compliance with state water quality 10 standards and release from the provisions of s. 376.307(5) for 11 those pollutants addressed by the practices, and the department is not authorized to institute proceedings against 12 13 the owner of the source of pollution to recover costs or 14 damages associated with the contamination of surface or ground 15 water caused by those pollutants. Such rules shall also incorporate provisions for a notice of intent to implement the 16 practices and a system to assure the implementation of the 17 18 practices, including recordkeeping requirements. Where water 19 quality problems are detected despite the appropriate 20 implementation, operation, and maintenance of best management practices and other measures according to rules adopted under 21 22 this paragraph, the department or the water management 23 districts shall institute a reevaluation of the best 2.4 management practice or other measures. 2.<del>(d)1.</del> The Department of Agriculture and Consumer 25 Services may develop and adopt by rule pursuant to ss. 26 27 120.536(1) and 120.54 suitable interim measures, best 28 management practices, or other measures necessary to achieve 29 the level of pollution reduction established by the department 30 for agricultural pollutant sources in allocations developed pursuant to <u>subsection</u> (6) and this <u>subsection</u> <del>paragraph</del>

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(6)(b). These practices and measures may be implemented by those parties responsible for agricultural pollutant sources and the department, the water management districts, and the 3 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall assist 5 with implementation. Where interim measures, best management practices, or other measures are adopted by rule, the 7 effectiveness of such practices in achieving the levels of pollution reduction established in allocations developed by 8 9 the department pursuant to paragraph (6)(b) shall be verified 10 by the department. Implementation, in accordance with 11 applicable rules, of practices that have been verified by the 12 department to be effective at representative sites shall 13 provide a presumption of compliance with state water quality 14 standards and release from the provisions of s. 376.307(5) for 15 those pollutants addressed by the practices, and the 16 department is not authorized to institute proceedings against the owner of the source of pollution to recover costs or 17 18 damages associated with the contamination of surface or ground 19 water caused by those pollutants. In the process of developing 20 and adopting rules for interim measures, best management 21 practices, or other measures, the Department of Agriculture 22 and Consumer Services shall consult with the department, the Department of Health, the water management districts, 23 24 representatives from affected farming groups, and 25 environmental group representatives. Such rules shall also incorporate provisions for a notice of intent to implement the 26 27 practices and a system to assure the implementation of the 28 practices, including recordkeeping requirements. Where water 29 quality problems are detected despite the appropriate implementation, operation, and maintenance of best management 30 31 practices and other measures according to rules adopted under

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this paragraph, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 2 Services shall institute a reevaluation of the best management 3 practice or other measure. 4 3. Where interim measures, best management practices, or other measures are adopted by rule, the effectiveness of 5 6 such practices in achieving the levels of pollution reduction 7 established in allocations developed by the department pursuant to subsection (6) and this subsection shall be 8 verified at representative sites by the department. The 10 department shall use best professional judgment in making the 11 initial verification that the best management practices are effective and, where applicable, shall notify the appropriate 12 13 water management district and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services of its initial verification prior to the 14 15 adoption of a rule proposed pursuant to this paragraph. Implementation, in accordance with rules adopted under this 16 paragraph, of practices that have been initially verified to 17 be effective, or verified to be effective by monitoring at 18 19 representative sites, by the department, shall provide a presumption of compliance with state water quality standards 20 and release from the provisions of s. 376.307(5) for those 21 22 pollutants addressed by the practices, and the department is 23 not authorized to institute proceedings against the owner of 2.4 the source of pollution to recover costs or damages associated with the contamination of surface water or groundwater caused 2.5 by those pollutants. 26 4. Where water quality problems are demonstrated, 27 despite the appropriate implementation, operation, and 28 29 maintenance of best management practices and other measures according to rules adopted under this paragraph, the 30 department, a water management district, or the Department of

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Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the department, shall institute a reevaluation of the best 2 management practice or other measure. Should the reevaluation 3 determine that the best management practice or other measure requires modification, the department, a water management 5 district, or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 6 7 Services, as appropriate, shall revise the rule to require implementation of the modified practice within a reasonable 8 time period as specified in the rule. 9 10 5.2. Individual agricultural records relating to 11 processes or methods of production, or relating to costs of production, profits, or other financial information which are 12 13 otherwise not public records, which are reported to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to 14 15 subparagraphs 3. and 4. this paragraph or pursuant to any rule adopted pursuant to subparagraph 2. this paragraph shall be 16 confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I 17 18 of the State Constitution. Upon request of the department or 19 any water management district, the Department of Agriculture 20 and Consumer Services shall make such individual agricultural records available to that agency, provided that the 21 22 confidentiality specified by this subparagraph for such records is maintained. This subparagraph is subject to the 23 2.4 Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 119.15, and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2006, unless 25 reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the 26 27 Legislature. 6.(e) The provisions of subparagraphs 1. and 2. 28 29 paragraphs (c) and (d) shall not preclude the department or water management district from requiring compliance with water 30 quality standards or with current best management practice

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requirements set forth in any applicable regulatory program
authorized by law for the purpose of protecting water quality.
Additionally, subparagraphs 1. and 2. paragraphs (c) and (d)
are applicable only to the extent that they do not conflict
with any rules adopted promulgated by the department that are
necessary to maintain a federally delegated or approved
program.

- (8) RULES.--The department is authorized to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 for:
- (a) Delisting water bodies or water body segments from the list developed under subsection (4) pursuant to the guidance under subsection (5);
- (b) Administration of funds to implement the total maximum daily load <u>and basin management action planning</u>
  programs program;
- (c) Procedures for pollutant trading among the pollutant sources to a water body or water body segment, including a mechanism for the issuance and tracking of pollutant credits. Such procedures may be implemented through permits or other authorizations and must be legally binding. Prior to adopting rules for pollutant trading under this paragraph, and no later than November 30, 2006, the Department of Environmental Protection shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives containing recommendations on such rules, including the proposed basis for equitable economically based agreements and the tracking and accounting of pollution credits or other similar mechanisms. Such recommendations shall be developed in cooperation with a technical advisory committee that includes experts in pollutant trading and representatives of potentially affected parties; No rule

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implementing a pollutant trading program shall become 2 effective prior to review and ratification by the Legislature; and 3 4 (d) The total maximum daily load calculation in accordance with paragraph (6)(a) immediately upon the 5 effective date of this act, for those eight water segments 7 within Lake Okeechobee proper as submitted to the United States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to subsection 8 9 (2); and  $\overline{\cdot}$ (e) Implementation of other specific provisions. 10 11 (11) IMPLEMENTATION OF ADDITIONAL PROGRAMS.--(a) The department shall not implement, without prior 12 legislative approval, any additional regulatory authority 13 pursuant to s. 303(d) of the Clean Water Act or 40 C.F.R. part 14 15 130, if such implementation would result in water quality 16 discharge regulation of activities not currently subject to regulation. 17 (b) Interim measures, best management practices, or 18 19 other measures may be developed and voluntarily implemented 20 pursuant to subparagraphs paragraph (7)(c) 1. and 2. or 21 paragraph (7)(d) for any water body or segment for which a 22 total maximum daily load or allocation has not been established. The implementation of such pollution control 23 24 programs may be considered by the department in the determination made pursuant to subsection (4). 25 Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 26 373.4595, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 27 373.4595 Lake Okeechobee Protection Program. --28

(3) LAKE OKEECHOBEE PROTECTION PROGRAM. -- A protection program for Lake Okeechobee that achieves phosphorus load

reductions for Lake Okeechobee shall be immediately

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implemented as specified in this subsection. The program shall address the reduction of phosphorus loading to the lake from 2 both internal and external sources. Phosphorus load reductions 3 shall be achieved through a phased program of implementation. Initial implementation actions shall be technology-based, 5 6 based upon a consideration of both the availability of 7 appropriate technology and the cost of such technology, and shall include phosphorus reduction measures at both the source 8 and the regional level. The initial phase of phosphorus load 10 reductions shall be based upon the district's Technical 11 Publication 81-2 and the district's WOD program, with subsequent phases of phosphorus load reductions based upon the 12 13 total maximum daily loads established in accordance with s. 403.067. In the development and administration of the Lake 14 15 Okeechobee Protection Program, the coordinating agencies shall maximize opportunities provided by federal cost-sharing 16 programs and opportunities for partnerships with the private 17 18 sector. 19 (c) Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control 20 Program. -- The Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control 21 Program is designed to be a multifaceted approach to reducing 22 phosphorus loads by improving the management of phosphorus sources within the Lake Okeechobee watershed through continued 23 24 implementation of existing regulations and best management practices, development and implementation of improved best 25 management practices, improvement and restoration of the 26 hydrologic function of natural and managed systems, and 27 utilization of alternative technologies for nutrient 28

application of federal programs that offer opportunities for

reduction. The coordinating agencies shall facilitate the

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or creation of wetlands on agricultural lands.

- 1. Agricultural nonpoint source best management practices, developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and designed to achieve the objectives of the Lake Okeechobee Protection Program, shall be implemented on an expedited basis. By March 1, 2001, the coordinating agencies shall develop an interagency agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 373.406(5) that assures the development of best management practices that complement existing regulatory programs and specifies how those best management practices are implemented and verified. The interagency agreement shall address measures to be taken by the coordinating agencies during any best management practice reevaluation performed pursuant to sub-subparagraph d. The department shall use best professional judgment in making the initial determination of best management practice effectiveness.
- a. As provided in s. 403.067(7)(c) s. 403.067(7)(d), by October 1, 2000, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the department, the district, and affected parties, shall initiate rule development for interim measures, best management practices, conservation plans, nutrient management plans, or other measures necessary for Lake Okeechobee phosphorus load reduction. The rule shall include thresholds for requiring conservation and nutrient management plans and criteria for the contents of such plans. Development of agricultural nonpoint source best management practices shall initially focus on those priority basins listed in subparagraph (b)1. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the department, the district, and affected parties, shall conduct an ongoing  $\hbox{program for improvement of existing and development of new}$

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interim measures or best management practices for the purpose of adoption of such practices by rule.

- b. Where agricultural nonpoint source best management practices or interim measures have been adopted by rule of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the owner or operator of an agricultural nonpoint source addressed by such rule shall either implement interim measures or best management practices or demonstrate compliance with the district's WOD program by conducting monitoring prescribed by the department or the district. Owners or operators of agricultural nonpoint sources who implement interim measures or best management practices adopted by rule of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall be subject to the provisions of s. 403.067(7). The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in cooperation with the department and the district, shall provide technical and financial assistance for implementation of agricultural best management practices, subject to the availability of funds.
- c. The district or department shall conduct monitoring at representative sites to verify the effectiveness of agricultural nonpoint source best management practices.
- d. Where water quality problems are detected for agricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate implementation of adopted best management practices, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the other coordinating agencies and affected parties, shall institute a reevaluation of the best management practices and make appropriate changes to the rule adopting best management practices.
- 2. Nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices, developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and

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designed to achieve the objectives of the Lake Okeechobee Protection Program, shall be implemented on an expedited basis. By March 1, 2001, the department and the district shall develop an interagency agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 373.406(5) that assures the development of best management practices that complement existing regulatory programs and specifies how those best management practices are implemented and verified. The interagency agreement shall address measures to be taken by the department and the district during any best management practice reevaluation performed pursuant to 11 sub-subparagraph d.

a. The department and the district are directed to work with the University of Florida's Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences to develop appropriate nutrient application rates for all nonagricultural soil amendments in the watershed. As provided in s. 403.067(7)(c), by January 1, 2001, the department, in consultation with the district and affected parties, shall develop interim measures, best management practices, or other measures necessary for Lake Okeechobee phosphorus load reduction. Development of nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices shall initially focus on those priority basins listed in subparagraph (b)1. The department, the district, and affected parties shall conduct an ongoing program for improvement of existing and development of new interim measures or best management practices. The district shall adopt technology-based standards under the district's WOD program for nonagricultural nonpoint sources of phosphorus.

b. Where nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices or interim measures have been developed by the department and adopted by the district, the owner or

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operator of a nonagricultural nonpoint source shall implement interim measures or best management practices and be subject to the provisions of s. 403.067(7). The department and district shall provide technical and financial assistance for implementation of nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices, subject to the availability of funds.

- c. The district or the department shall conduct monitoring at representative sites to verify the effectiveness of nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices.
- d. Where water quality problems are detected for nonagricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate implementation of adopted best management practices, the department and the district shall institute a reevaluation of the best management practices.
- 3. The provisions of subparagraphs 1. and 2. shall not preclude the department or the district from requiring compliance with water quality standards or with current best management practices requirements set forth in any applicable regulatory program authorized by law for the purpose of protecting water quality. Additionally, subparagraphs 1. and 2. are applicable only to the extent that they do not conflict with any rules promulgated by the department that are necessary to maintain a federally delegated or approved program.
- 4. Projects which reduce the phosphorus load originating from domestic wastewater systems within the Lake Okeechobee watershed shall be given funding priority in the department's revolving loan program under s. 403.1835. The department shall coordinate and provide assistance to those local governments seeking financial assistance for such priority projects.

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5. Projects that make use of private lands, or lands
held in trust for Indian tribes, to reduce nutrient loadings
or concentrations within a basin by one or more of the
following methods: restoring the natural hydrology of the
basin, restoring wildlife habitat or impacted wetlands,
reducing peak flows after storm events, increasing aquifer
recharge, or protecting range and timberland from conversion
to development, are eligible for grants available under this
section from the coordinating agencies. For projects of
otherwise equal priority, special funding priority will be
given to those projects that make best use of the methods
outlined above that involve public-private partnerships or
that obtain federal match money. Preference ranking above the
special funding priority will be given to projects located in
a rural area of critical economic concern designated by the
Governor. Grant applications may be submitted by any person or
tribal entity, and eligible projects may include, but are not
limited to, the purchase of conservation and flowage
easements, hydrologic restoration of wetlands, creating
treatment wetlands, development of a management plan for
natural resources, and financial support to implement a
management plan.
6.a. The department shall require all entities

6.a. The department shall require all entities disposing of domestic wastewater residuals within the Lake Okeechobee watershed and the remaining areas of Okeechobee, Glades, and Hendry Counties to develop and submit to the department an agricultural use plan that limits applications based upon phosphorus loading. By July 1, 2005, phosphorus concentrations originating from these application sites shall not exceed the limits established in the district's WOD program.

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1 b. Private and government-owned utilities within Monroe, Dade, Broward, Palm Beach, Martin, St. Lucie, Indian 2 River, Okeechobee, Highlands, Hendry, and Glades Counties that 3 dispose of wastewater residual sludge from utility operations and septic removal by land spreading in the Lake Okeechobee 5 watershed may use a line item on local sewer rates to cover 6 7 wastewater residual treatment and disposal if such disposal and treatment is done by approved alternative treatment 8 methodology at a facility located within the areas designated 9 10 by the Governor as rural areas of critical economic concern 11 pursuant to s. 288.0656. This additional line item is an environmental protection disposal fee above the present sewer 12 13 rate and shall not be considered a part of the present sewer rate to customers, notwithstanding provisions to the contrary 14 15 in chapter 367. The fee shall be established by the county commission or its designated assignee in the county in which 16 the alternative method treatment facility is located. The fee 17 shall be calculated to be no higher than that necessary to 18 19 recover the facility's prudent cost of providing the service. 20 Upon request by an affected county commission, the Florida 21 Public Service Commission will provide assistance in 22 establishing the fee. Further, for utilities and utility authorities that use the additional line item environmental 23 2.4 protection disposal fee, such fee shall not be considered a rate increase under the rules of the Public Service Commission 25 and shall be exempt from such rules. Utilities using the 26 provisions of this section may immediately include in their 27 28 sewer invoicing the new environmental protection disposal fee. 29 Proceeds from this environmental protection disposal fee shall be used for treatment and disposal of wastewater residuals, 30 including any treatment technology that helps reduce the

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volume of residuals that require final disposal, but such proceeds shall not be used for transportation or shipment costs for disposal or any costs relating to the land application of residuals in the Lake Okeechobee watershed.

- c. No less frequently than once every 3 years, the Florida Public Service Commission or the county commission through the services of an independent auditor shall perform a financial audit of all facilities receiving compensation from an environmental protection disposal fee. The Florida Public Service Commission or the county commission through the services of an independent auditor shall also perform an audit of the methodology used in establishing the environmental protection disposal fee. The Florida Public Service Commission or the county commission shall, within 120 days after completion of an audit, file the audit report with the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives and shall provide copies to the county commissions of the counties set forth in sub-subparagraph b. The books and records of any facilities receiving compensation from an environmental protection disposal fee shall be open to the Florida Public Service Commission and the Auditor General for review upon request.
- 7. The Department of Health shall require all entities disposing of septage within the Lake Okeechobee watershed and the remaining areas of Okeechobee, Glades, and Hendry Counties to develop and submit to that agency, by July 1, 2003, an agricultural use plan that limits applications based upon phosphorus loading. By July 1, 2005, phosphorus concentrations originating from these application sites shall not exceed the limits established in the district's WOD program.

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- 8. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall initiate rulemaking requiring entities within the Lake Okeechobee watershed and the remaining areas of Okeechobee, Glades, and Hendry Counties which land-apply animal manure to develop conservation or nutrient management plans that limit application, based upon phosphorus loading. Such rules may include criteria and thresholds for the requirement to develop a conservation or nutrient management plan, requirements for plan approval, and recordkeeping requirements.
- 9. Prior to authorizing a discharge into works of the district, the district shall require responsible parties to demonstrate that proposed changes in land use will not result in increased phosphorus loading over that of existing land uses.
- 10. The district, the department, or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, as appropriate, shall implement those alternative nutrient reduction technologies determined to be feasible pursuant to subparagraph (d)6.
- Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 570.085, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 570.085 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; agricultural water conservation.—The department shall establish an agricultural water conservation program that includes the following:
- (1) A cost-share program, coordinated where appropriate with the United States Department of Agriculture and other federal, state, regional, and local agencies, for irrigation system retrofit and application of mobile irrigation laboratory evaluations for water conservation as provided in this section and, where applicable, for water quality improvement pursuant to  $\underline{s}$ .  $\underline{403.067(7)(c)}$   $\underline{s}$ .

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403.067(7)(d).
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    (Redesignate subsequent sections.)
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   ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
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   And the title is amended as follows:
           On page 1, line 16, after the semicolon
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   and insert:
           amending s. 403.067, F.S.; providing that
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           initial allocation of allowable pollutant loads
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           between point and nonpoint sources may be
          developed as part of a total maximum daily
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           load; establishing criteria for establishing
           initial and detailed allocations to attain
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          pollutant reductions; authorizing the
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           Department of Environmental Protection to adopt
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           phased total maximum daily loads that establish
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           incremental total maximum daily loads under
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           certain conditions; requiring the development
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           of basin management action plans; requiring
           that basin management action plans integrate
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           the appropriate management strategies to
           achieve the total maximum daily loads;
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           requiring that the plans establish a schedule
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           for implementing management strategies;
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           requiring that a basin management action plan
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           equitably allocate pollutant reductions to
           individual basins or to each identified point
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           source or category of nonpoint sources;
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authorizing that plans may provide pollutant load reduction credits to dischargers that have implemented strategies to reduce pollutant loads prior to the development of the basin management action plan; requiring that the plan identify mechanisms by which potential future sources of pollution will be addressed; requiring that the department assure key stakeholder participation in the basin management action planning process; requiring that the department hold at least one public meeting to discuss and receive comments during the planning process; providing notice requirements; requiring that the department adopt all or part of a basin management action plan by secretarial order pursuant to ch. 120, F.S.; requiring that basin management action plans that alter that calculation or initial allocation of a total maximum daily load, the revised calculation, or initial allocation must be adopted by rule; requiring periodic evaluation of basin management action plans; requiring that revisions to plans be made by the department in cooperation with stakeholders; providing for basin plan revisions regarding nonpoint pollutant sources; requiring that adopted basin management action plans be included in subsequent NPDES permits or permit modifications; providing that implementation of a total maximum daily load or basin management action plan for holders of an

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NPDES municipal separate stormwater sewer
system permit may be achieved through the use
of best management practices; providing that
basin management action plans do not relieve a
discharger from the requirement to obtain,
renew, or modify an NPDES permit or to abide by
other requirements of the permit; requiring
that plan management strategies be completed
pursuant to the schedule set forth in the basin
management action plan and providing that the
implementation schedule may extend beyond the
term of an NPDES permit; providing that
management strategies and pollution reduction
requirements in a basin management action plan
for a specific pollutant of concern are not
subject to a challenge under ch. 120, F.S., at
the time they are incorporated, in identical
form, into a subsequent NPDES permit or permit
modification; requiring timely adoption and
implementation of pollutant reduction actions
for nonagricultural pollutant sources not
subject to NPDES permitting but regulated
pursuant to other state, regional, or local
regulatory programs; requiring timely
implementation of best management practices for
nonpoint pollutant source dischargers not
subject to permitting at the time a basin
management action plan is adopted; providing
for presumption of compliance under certain
circumstances; providing for enforcement action
by the department or a water management

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district; requiring that a landowner,	
discharger, or other responsible person that	is
implementing management strategies specified	in
an adopted basin management action plan will	
not be required by permit, enforcement action	,
or otherwise to implement additional management	nt
strategies to reduce pollutant loads; providi	ng
that the authority of the department to amend	a
basin management plan is not limited; requiris	ng
that the department verify at representative	
sites the effectiveness of interim measures,	
best management practices, and other measures	
adopted by rule; requiring that the departmen	t
use its best professional judgment in making	
initial verifications that best management	
practices are not effective; requiring notice	
to the appropriate water management district	
and the Department of Agriculture and Consume	r
Services under certain conditions; establishi	ng
a presumption of compliance for implementation	n
of practices initially verified to be effective	ve
or verified to be effective at representative	
sites; limiting the institution of proceedings	3
by the department against the owner of a sour	ce
of pollution to recover costs or damages	
associated with the contamination of surface	
water or groundwater caused by those	
pollutants; requiring the Department of	
Agriculture and Consumer Services to institute	9
a reevaluation of best management practices of	r
other measures where water quality problems as	re
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1	detected or predicted during the development or
2	amendment of a basin management action plan;
3	providing for rule revisions; providing the
4	department with rulemaking authority; requiring
5	that a report be submitted to the Governor, the
6	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the
7	House of Representatives containing
8	recommendations on rules for pollutant trading
9	prior to the adoption of those rules; requiring
10	that recommendations be developed in
11	cooperation with a technical advisory committee
12	containing experts in pollutant trading and
13	representatives of potentially affected
14	parties; deleting a requirement that no
15	pollutant trading program shall become
16	effective prior to review and ratification by
17	the Legislature; amending ss. 373.4595 and
18	570.085, F.S.; correcting cross-references;
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