By the Committee on Ethics and Elections; and Senator Posey

582-2079-05

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to elections; amending s.
3	97.012, F.S.; exempting certain voter-education
4	activities from requirements for competitive
5	solicitation; authorizing the Secretary of
6	State to investigate voter fraud; authorizing
7	the Department of State to adopt rules;
8	amending s. 97.021, F.S.; defining the term
9	"marksense ballots"; defining the terms "early
10	voting area," "early voting site," and
11	"third-party voter registration organization";
12	creating s. 97.029, F.S.; providing for
13	attorney's fees and costs in any action for
14	injunctive relief or an action challenging an
15	election law or voter-registration law;
16	requiring an itemized affidavit; providing for
17	review of an award of attorney's fees and
18	costs; providing a limitation on the amount
19	awarded; amending s. 97.051, F.S.; revising the
20	oath required upon registering to vote;
21	amending s. 97.052, F.S.; revising the contents
22	of the uniform statewide voter registration
23	application; amending s. 97.053, F.S.; revising
24	provisions governing the acceptance of voter
25	registration applications by the supervisor of
26	elections; requiring that an applicant complete
27	a registration application before the date of
28	book closing in order to be eligible to vote in
29	that election; revising the information
30	required on the registration application;
31	amending s. 97.055, F.S.; limiting the updates

1 that may be made to registration information 2 following book closing; creating s. 97.0575, F.S.; providing requirements for third-party 3 4 voter registration organizations that collect 5 voter-registration applications; providing 6 fines for failure to deliver applications as 7 required; authorizing the Division of Elections to adopt rules to administer provisions 8 9 governing third-party voter registration 10 organizations; amending s. 97.071, F.S.; specifying the information to be included on 11 12 the registration identification card; amending 13 s. 98.045, F.S.; deleting a cross-reference; amending s. 98.077, F.S.; revising the 14 procedures for updating a voter signature used 15 to verify an absentee ballot or provisional 16 17 ballot; amending s. 99.061, F.S.; providing for qualifying for nomination or election by the 18 petition process; requiring the filing of 19 statements of financial interest; requiring 20 21 that a qualifying officer accept certain 22 qualifying papers filed before the qualifying 23 period; amending s. 99.063, F.S.; providing filing requirements for public officers; 2.4 amending s. 99.092, F.S., relating to 25 qualifying fees; clarifying provisions 26 27 governing qualifying for nomination or election 2.8 by the petition process to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 99.095, F.S.; 29 30 revising the requirements for qualifying as a candidate by a petition process in lieu of 31

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paying a qualifying fee and party assessment; providing requirements for submitting petitions and certifications; requiring that the division or supervisor of elections, as applicable, determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained; amending s. 99.0955, F.S.; providing procedures for a candidate having no party affiliation to qualify by the petition process; amending s. 99.096, F.S.; revising the procedures for a minor political party to submit nominated candidates to be on the general election ballot; providing for candidates to qualify by the petition process; amending s. 99.09651, F.S., relating to signature requirements for ballot position; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 100.011, F.S.; requiring that an elector in line at the time the polls close be allowed to vote; amending s. 100.101, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which a special election or primary is held; amending s. 100.111, F.S.; revising requirements for filling a vacancy in a nomination; requiring that ballots cast for a former nominee be counted for the person designated to replace the nominee under certain circumstances; amending s. 100.141, F.S., relating to the notice of a special election; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 101.031, F.S.; revising the Voter's Bill of Rights to authorize a

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provisional ballot if a person's identity is in question; amending s. 101.043, F.S.; revising the procedures for a voter to provide identification when voting; amending s. 101.048, F.S.; providing for certain additional voters to cast provisional ballots; providing requirements for presenting evidence in support of a person's right to vote; requiring that the county canvassing board count such a ballot unless it determines by a preponderance of the evidence that the person was not entitled to vote; requiring that a person casting a provisional ballot be informed of certain rights; amending s. 101.049, F.S.; providing requirements for ballots for persons with disabilities; amending s. 101.051, F.S.; prohibiting certain solicitations to provide assistance to an elector; providing a penalty; authorizing an elector to request that a person other than an election official provide him or her with assistance in voting; providing for the form of the oath to be signed; amending s. 101.111, F.S.; revising the requirements for challenging an elector's right to vote; providing a penalty for filing a frivolous challenge; amending s. 101.131, F.S.; revising requirements for poll watchers; authorizing certain political committees to have poll watchers; prohibiting a poll watcher from interacting with a voter; providing for poll watchers at early voting areas; amending s.

1	101.151, F.S.; providing requirements for
2	marksense ballots; amending s. 101.171, F.S.;
3	requiring that a copy of a proposed
4	constitutional amendment be available at voting
5	locations; amending s. 101.294, F.S.;
6	prohibiting a vendor of voting equipment from
7	providing systems, components, or system
8	upgrades to a local governing body or
9	supervisor of elections which have not been
10	certified by the Division of Elections;
11	requiring that the vendor provide sworn
12	certification of such equipment; amending s.
13	101.295, F.S.; providing a penalty for
14	providing voting equipment in violation of ch.
15	101, F.S.; amending s. 101.49, F.S.; revising
16	the procedures for verifying an elector's
17	signature; amending s. 101.51, F.S.; requiring
18	that an elector occupy a voting booth alone;
19	amending s. 101.5612, F.S.; providing
20	requirements for testing voting equipment;
21	amending s. 101.572, F.S.; requiring that the
22	supervisor of elections notify the candidates
23	if ballots are examined before the end of the
24	contest; amending s. 101.58, F.S.; authorizing
25	employees of the department to have access to
26	the premises, records, equipment, and staff of
27	the supervisors of elections; amending s.
28	101.595, F.S.; requiring that certain overvotes
29	and undervotes be reported to the department;
30	amending s. 101.6103, F.S.; authorizing the
31	canvassing board to begin canvassing before the

1 election; prohibiting the release of results 2 before election day; providing a penalty for any early release of results; amending s. 3 4 101.62, F.S.; revising the requirements for 5 mailing absentee ballots to voters; amending s. 6 101.64, F.S.; providing for an oath to be 7 provided to persons voting absentee under the 8 Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting 9 Act; amending s. 101.663, F.S.; providing for 10 certain persons to vote absentee after moving to another state; amending s. 101.68, F.S.; 11 12 prohibiting changing a voter's certificate 13 after the absentee ballot is received by the supervisor; amending s. 101.69, F.S.; 14 prohibiting a voter from voting another ballot 15 after casting an absentee ballot; providing for 16 17 a provisional ballot under certain 18 circumstances; amending s. 101.6923, F.S.; providing for the form of the printed 19 instructions on an absentee ballot; amending s. 20 21 101.694, F.S.; providing requirements for 22 absentee envelopes printed for voters voting 23 under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act; amending s. 101.697, F.S.; 2.4 requiring the Department of State to determine 25 whether secure electronic ballots may be 26 27 provided for overseas voters; requiring that 2.8 the department adopt rules for accepting overseas ballots; amending s. 102.012, F.S.; 29 30 requiring the supervisor of elections to appoint an election board before any election; 31

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providing duties of the board; amending s. 102.014, F.S.; requiring that the Division of Elections develop a uniform training curriculum for poll workers; amending s. 102.031, F.S.; providing requirements for maintaining order at early voting areas; requiring the designation of a no-solicitation zone; prohibiting photography in a polling room or early voting area; amending s. 102.071, F.S.; revising requirements for tabulating votes; amending s. 102.111, F.S.; providing for corrections to be made to the official election returns; amending s. 102.112, F.S.; requiring that a return contain a certification by the canvassing board; authorizing the Department of State to correct typographical errors; amending s. 102.141, F.S.; revising requirements for the canvassing boards in submitting returns to the department; providing requirements for the report filed by the canvassing board; requiring the department to adopt rules for filing results and statistical information; amending s. 102.166, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which a manual recount may be ordered; amending s. 102.168, F.S.; requiring that complaints be filed with the board responsible for certifying the election results; specifying the parties to an action who may contest an election or nomination; amending s. 103.021, F.S.; providing for nomination of presidential electors by the state executive committee of

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each political party; defining the term "national party" for purposes of nominating a candidate for President and Vice President of the United States; amending ss. 103.051 and 103.061, F.S.; specifying duties of the presidential electors; amending s. 103.121, F.S.; revising powers and duties of executive committees to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 105.031, F.S.; providing for public officers to file a statement of financial interests at the time of qualifying; requiring that a filing officer accept certain qualifying papers filed before the qualifying period; amending s. 105.035, F.S.; revising procedures for qualifying for certain judicial offices and the office of school board member; prohibiting a candidate from obtaining signatures until appointing a campaign treasurer and designating a campaign depository; revising the requirements for the supervisor of elections with respect to certifying signatures; amending s. 106.011, F.S.; redefining the term "expenditure" to include an obligation to make a payment; creating s. 106.022, F.S.; requiring that a political committee, committee of continuous existence, or electioneering communications entity maintain a registered office and registered agent; providing requirements for the statement of appointment; amending s. 106.07, F.S.; providing reporting requirements

1	for a committee of continuous existence or
2	other business entities; requiring that
3	contributions be reported to the Department of
4	State; revising fines for late filing of
5	reports; amending s. 106.08, F.S.; restricting
6	contributions by related entities; amending s.
7	106.24, F.S.; clarifying the duties of
8	Secretary of State; amending s. 106.265, F.S.;
9	providing civil penalties for failure to report
10	contributions or expenditures; amending s.
11	106.141, F.S., relating to the disposition of
12	surplus funds; conforming provisions to changes
13	made by the act; transferring and renumbering
14	s. 98.122, F.S., relating to the use of closed
15	captioning and descriptive narrative in
16	television broadcasts; amending s. 106.22,
17	F.S.; eliminating certain duties of the
18	Division of Elections with respect to reports
19	to the Legislature and preliminary
20	investigations; amending s. 16.56, F.S.;
21	authorizing the Office of Statewide Prosecution
22	to investigate and prosecute crimes involving
23	voter registration, voting, or certain petition
24	activities; amending s. 119.07, F.S.;
25	clarifying requirements of the supervisor of
26	elections with respect to notifying candidates
27	of the inspection of ballots; amending s.
28	145.09, F.S.; requiring that the Department of
29	State adopt rules establishing certification
30	requirements for supervisors of elections;
31	repealing ss. 98.095, 98.0979, 98.181, 98.481,
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101.253, 101.635, 102.061, 106.085, and 1 2 106.144, F.S., relating to inspections of 3 county registers and the voter database, 4 indexes and records, challenges to elections, 5 the printing and distribution of ballots, 6 duties of the election board, expenditures, and 7 endorsements or opposition by certain groups; 8 providing for severability; providing effective 9 dates. 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 12 13 Section 1. Section 97.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 97.012 Secretary of State as chief election 15 officer. -- The Secretary of State is the chief election officer 16 17 of the state, and it is his or her responsibility to: (1) Obtain and maintain uniformity in the application, 18 operation, and interpretation of the election laws. 19 (2) Provide uniform standards for the proper and 20 21 equitable implementation of the registration laws. 22 (3) Actively seek out and collect the data and 23 statistics necessary to knowledgeably scrutinize the effectiveness of election laws. 2.4 (4) Provide technical assistance to the supervisors of 25 elections on voter education and election personnel training 26 27 services. 2.8 (5) Provide technical assistance to the supervisors of 29 elections on voting systems.

Voter education activities of the department or of the

(6) Provide voter education assistance to the public.

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department in combination with the supervisors of elections, 2 either individually or in the aggregate, or with their respective professional associations, are not subject to the competitive-solicitation requirements of s. 287.057(5).

- (7) Coordinate the state's responsibilities under the National Voter Registration Act of 1993.
- (8) Provide training to all affected state agencies on the necessary procedures for proper implementation of this chapter.
- (9) Ensure that all registration applications and forms prescribed or approved by the department are in compliance with the Voting Rights Act of 1965 and the National Voter Registration Act of 1993.
- (10) Coordinate with the United States Department of Defense so that armed forces recruitment offices administer voter registration in a manner consistent with the procedures set forth in this code for voter registration agencies.
- (11) Create and <u>administer</u> maintain a statewide voter registration system as required by the Help America Vote Act of 2002 database.
- (12) Maintain a voter fraud hotline and provide election fraud education to the public.
- (13) Designate an office within the department to be responsible for providing information regarding voter registration procedures and absentee ballot procedures to absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters.
- (14) Conduct preliminary investigations into any irregularities or fraud involving voter registration, voting, or candidate or issue petition activities and report his or her findings to the statewide prosecutor or the state attorney for the judicial circuit in which the alleged violation

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occurred for prosecution, if warranted. The Department of

State may prescribe by rule requirements for filing an

elections-fraud complaint and for investigating any such

complaint.

Section 2. Subsection (3) and present subsections (24) and (39) of section 97.021, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsections (8) through (33) of that section are redesignated as subsections (10) through (35), respectively, present subsections (34) through (39) of that section are redesignated as subsections (37) through (42), respectively, and new subsections (8), (9), and (36) are added to that section, to read:

97.021 Definitions.--For the purposes of this code, except where the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term:

- (3) "Ballot" or "official ballot" when used in reference to:
- (a) "Marksense Paper ballots" means that printed sheet of paper, used in conjunction with an electronic or electromechanical vote tabulation voting system, containing the names of candidates, or a statement of proposed constitutional amendments or other questions or propositions submitted to the electorate at any election, on which sheet of paper an elector casts his or her vote.
- (b) "Electronic or electromechanical devices" means a ballot that is voted by the process of electronically designating, including by touchscreen, or marking with a marking device for tabulation by automatic tabulating equipment or data processing equipment.
- 30 (8) "Early voting area" means the area designated by
 31 the supervisor of elections at an early voting site at which

created to read:

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early voting activities occur, including, but not limited to, 2 lines of voters waiting to be processed, the area where voters check in and are processed, and the area where voters cast 3 4 their ballots. 5 (9) "Early voting site" means those locations 6 specified in s. 101.657 and the building in which early voting 7 occurs. (26)(24) "Polling room" means the actual room in which 8 ballots are cast on election day and during early voting. 9 10 (36) "Third-party registration organization" means any person, entity, or organization soliciting or collecting voter 11 12 registration applications. A third-party voter registration 13 organization does not include: (a) A person who seeks only to register to vote or 14 collect voter registration applications from that person's 15 spouse, child, or parent; or 16 17 (b) A person engaged in registering to vote or 18 collecting voter registration applications as an employee or agent of the division, supervisor of elections, Department of 19 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, or a voter registration 2.0 21 agency. 22 (42)(39) "Voting system" means a method of casting and 23 processing votes that functions wholly or partly by use of electromechanical or electronic apparatus or by use of 2.4 marksense paper ballots and includes, but is not limited to, 2.5 the procedures for casting and processing votes and the 26 27 programs, operating manuals, supplies tabulating cards, 2.8 printouts, and other software necessary for the system's 29 operation. Section 3. Section 97.029, Florida Statutes, is 30

1	97.029 Attorney's fees and costs
2	(1) An award of attorney's fees and costs shall be
3	made to the prevailing party in any court or administrative
4	proceeding, including any action for injunctive relief,
5	challenging the application, interpretation, or
6	constitutionality of any election law or voter-registration
7	law.
8	(2)(a) The term "attorney's fees and costs" means the
9	reasonable and necessary attorney's fees and costs incurred
10	for all preparations, motions, hearings, trials, and appeals
11	in a proceeding.
12	(b) The term "prevailing party" means the party that
13	received a final judgment or order in its favor and such
14	judgment or order has not been reversed on appeal or the time
15	for seeking judicial review of the judgment or order has
16	expired. If an action was voluntarily dismissed or dismissed
17	pursuant to a settlement of the case, there is no prevailing
18	party.
19	(3) Within 60 days after a party becomes a prevailing
20	party, the attorney for the prevailing party must submit an
21	itemized affidavit to the court that first conducted the
22	adversarial proceeding in the underlying action or, in the
23	case of a proceeding pursuant to chapter 120, to the Division
24	of Administrative Hearings, which shall assign an
25	administrative law judge. The affidavit must detail the nature
26	and extent of the services rendered by the attorney as well as
27	the costs incurred in preparations, motions, hearings, and
28	appeals in the proceeding.
29	(4) The court, or the administrative law judge in a
30	proceeding under chapter 120, shall promptly conduct an
31	evidentiary hearing on the application for an award of

attorney's fees and shall issue a judgment or a final order in 2 a proceeding under chapter 120. The final order of an administrative law judge is reviewable in accordance with s. 3 4 120.68. If the court affirms the award of attorney's fees and costs in whole or in part, it may award additional attorney's 5 fees and costs for the appeal. 7 (5) A party may not be required to pay an award of attorney's fees and costs under this section in an amount that 8 exceeds \$200,000. 9 10 Section 4. Section 97.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 12 97.051 Oath upon registering. -- A person registering to 13 vote must subscribe to the following oath: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will protect and defend the 14 Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the 15 State of Florida, that I am qualified to register as an 16 elector under the Constitution and laws of the State of Florida, and that all information provided in this application 18 is true I am a citizen of the United States and a legal 19 resident of Florida." 2.0 21 Section 5. Section 97.052, Florida Statutes, is 2.2 amended to read: 23 97.052 Uniform statewide voter registration application. --2.4 25 (1) The department shall prescribe a uniform statewide 26 voter registration application for use in this state. 27 (a) The uniform statewide voter registration application must be accepted for any one or more of the 29 following purposes: 30 1. Initial registration.

2. Change of address.

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- 3. Change of party affiliation.
 - 4. Change of name.
 - 5. Replacement of \underline{a} voter registration identification card.

6. Signature update.

- (b) The department is responsible for printing the uniform statewide voter registration application and the voter registration application form prescribed by the Federal Election Assistance Commission pursuant to federal law the National Voter Registration Act of 1993. The applications and forms must be distributed, upon request, to the following:
- 1. Individuals seeking to register to vote.
- Individuals or groups conducting voter registration programs. A charge of 1 cent per application shall be assessed on requests for 10,000 or more applications.
- 3. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor 16 17 Vehicles.
- 4. Voter registration agencies. 18
 - 5. Armed forces recruitment offices.
- 6. Qualifying educational institutions. 20
- Supervisors, who must make the applications and 22 forms available in the following manner:
 - a. By distributing the applications and forms in their offices to any individual or group.
 - b. By distributing the applications and forms at other locations designated by each supervisor.
 - c. By mailing the applications and forms to applicants upon the request of the applicant.
- (c) The uniform statewide voter registration 29 30 application may be reproduced by any private individual or 31

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group, provided the reproduced application is in the same
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    format as the application prescribed under this section.
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           (2) The uniform statewide voter registration
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   application must be designed to elicit the following
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    information from the applicant:
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           (a) Full name.
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           (b) Date of birth.
           (c) Address of legal residence.
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           (d) Mailing address, if different.
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           (e) County of legal residence.
          (f) Address of property for which the applicant has
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   been granted a homestead exemption, if any.
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          (f)(g) Race or ethnicity that best describes the
    applicant:
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           1. American Indian or Alaskan Native.
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           2. Asian or Pacific Islander.
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           3. Black, not Hispanic.
           4. White, not Hispanic.
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           5. Hispanic.
          (q)(h) State or country of birth.
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          (h)(i) Sex.
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          (i)(j) Party affiliation.
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          (j) Whether the applicant needs assistance in
   voting.
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          (k) (1) Name and address where last registered.
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          (1)(m) Last four digits of the applicant's social
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    security number.
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          (m) (n) Florida driver's license number or the
    identification number from a Florida identification card
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    issued under s. 322.051.
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          (n) (o) Telephone number (optional).
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(o) (p) Signature of applicant under penalty for false 2 swearing pursuant to s. 104.011, by which the person subscribes to the oath required by s. 3, Art. VI of the State 3 Constitution and s. 97.051, and swears or affirms that the 4 information contained in the registration application is true. 5 6 (p) (q) Whether the application is being used for 7 initial registration, to update a voter registration record, 8 or to request a replacement registration identification card. 9 (q) (r) Whether the applicant is a citizen of the United States by asking the question "Are you a citizen of the 10 United States of America?" and providing boxes for the 11 12 applicant to check to indicate whether the applicant is or is 13 not a citizen of the United States. 14 (r)(s) Whether That the applicant has not been convicted of a felony, and or, if convicted, has had his or 15 her civil rights restored by including the statement "I affirm 16 I am not a convicted felon, or if I am, my rights relating to 18 voting have been restored" and providing a box for the applicant to affirm the statement. 19 20 (s)(t) Whether That the applicant has not been 21 adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to voting or, 22 if so adjudicated, has had his or her right to vote restored 23 by including the statement "I affirm I have not been adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to voting or, 2.4 if I have, my competency has been restored and providing a 2.5 26 box for the applicant to check to affirm the statement. 27 2.8 The registration form must be in plain language and designed 29 so that convicted felons whose civil rights have been restored 30 and persons who have been adjudicated mentally incapacitated

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and have had their voting rights restored are not required to reveal their prior conviction or adjudication.

- (3) The uniform statewide voter registration application must also contain:
- (a) The oath required by s. 3, Art. VI of the State Constitution and s. 97.051.
- (b) A statement specifying each eligibility requirement under s. 97.041.
- (c) The penalties provided in s. 104.011 for false swearing in connection with voter registration.
- (d) A statement that, if an applicant declines to register to vote, the fact that the applicant has declined to register will remain confidential and may be used only for voter registration purposes.
- (e) A statement that informs the applicant who chooses to register to vote or update a voter registration record that the office at which the applicant submits a voter registration application or updates a voter registration record will remain confidential and may be used only for voter registration purposes.
- (f) A statement that informs the applicant that any person who has been granted a homestead exemption in this state, and who registers to vote in any precinct other than the one in which the property for which the homestead exemption has been granted, shall have that information forwarded to the property appraiser where such property is located, which may result in the person's homestead exemption being terminated and the person being subject to assessment of back taxes under s. 193.092, unless the homestead granted the exemption is being maintained as the permanent residence of a

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legal or natural dependent of the owner and the owner resides elsewhere.

(f)(g) A statement informing an the applicant who has not been issued a Florida driver's license, a Florida identification card, or a social security number that if the application form is submitted by mail and the applicant is registering for the first time in Florida, the applicant will be required to provide identification prior to voting the first time.

- (4) A supervisor may produce a voter registration application that has the supervisor's direct mailing address if the department has reviewed the application and determined that it is substantially the same as the uniform statewide voter registration application.
- (5) The voter registration application form prescribed by the Federal Election Assistance Commission pursuant to federal law the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 or the federal postcard application must be accepted as an application for registration in this state if the completed application or postcard application contains the information required by the constitution and laws of this state.

Section 6. Section 97.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.053 Acceptance of voter registration applications.--

(1) Voter registration applications, changes in registration, and requests for a replacement registration identification card must be accepted in the office of any supervisor, the division, a driver license office, a voter registration agency, or an armed forces recruitment office

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when hand delivered by the applicant or a third party during the hours that office is open or when mailed.

- complete and that contains the information necessary to establish an applicant's eligibility pursuant to s. 97.041 becomes the official voter registration record of that applicant when all information necessary to establish the applicant's eligibility pursuant to s. 97.041 is received by the appropriate supervisor. If the applicant fails to complete his or her voter registration application before the date of book closing for an election, such applicant is not eligible to vote in that election.
- (3) The registration date for a valid initial voter registration application that has been hand delivered is the date when received by a driver license office, a voter registration agency, an armed forces recruitment office, the division, or the office of any supervisor in the state.
- (4) The registration date for a valid initial voter registration application that has been mailed to a driver license office, a voter registration agency, an armed forces recruitment office, the division, or the office of any supervisor in the state and bears a clear postmark is the date of that the postmark. If an initial voter registration application that has been mailed does not bear a postmark or if the postmark is unclear, the registration date is the date the registration is received by any supervisor or the division, unless it is received within 5 days after the closing of the books for an election, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, in which case the registration date is the book-closing date.

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- (5)(a) A voter registration application is complete if it contains the following information necessary to establish eligibility pursuant to s. 97.041:
 - 1. The applicant's name.
 - 2. The applicant's legal residence address.
 - 3. The applicant's date of birth.
- 4. A mark in the checkbox affirming $\frac{An \ indication}{An \ indication}$ that the applicant is a citizen of the United States.
- 5. The applicant's Florida driver's license number, the identification number from a Florida identification card issued under s. 322.051, or the last four digits of the applicant's social security number.
- 6. A mark in the checkbox affirming An indication that the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or that, if convicted, has had his or her civil rights restored.
- 7. A mark in the checkbox affirming An indication that the applicant has not been adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to voting or that, if so adjudicated, has had his or her right to vote restored.
- 8. The original signature of the applicant swearing or affirming under the penalty for false swearing pursuant to s. 104.011 that the information contained in the registration application is true and subscribing to the oath required by s. 3, Art. VI of the State Constitution and s. 97.051.
- (b) An applicant who fails to designate party affiliation must be registered without party affiliation. The supervisor must notify the voter by mail that the voter has been registered without party affiliation and that the voter may change party affiliation as provided in s. 97.1031.
- 30 Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 97.055, Florida 31 Statutes, is amended to read:

97.055 Registration books; when closed for an 2 election.--3 (1) The registration books must be closed on the 29th day before each election and must remain closed until after 4 that election. If an election is called and there are fewer 5 than 29 days before that election, the registration books must be closed immediately. When the registration books are closed 8 for an election, updates to a voter's name, address, and signature pursuant to ss. 98.077 and 101.045 shall be the only 9 10 changes permitted for purposes of the upcoming election. Voter registration applications and party changes must be accepted 11 12 but only for the purpose of subsequent elections. However, 13 party changes received between the book-closing date of the first primary election and the date of the second primary 14 election are not effective until after the second primary 15 16 election. Section 8. Section 97.0575, Florida Statutes, is 18 created to read: 97.0575 Third-party voter registrations.--19 20 (1) Prior to engaging in any voter-registration 21 activities, a third-party voter registration organization shall name a registered agent in the state and submit to the 22 23 division, in a form adopted by the division, the name of the registered agent and the name of those individuals responsible 2.4 for the day-to-day operation of the third-party voter 2.5 registration organization, including, if applicable, the names 26 27 of the entity's board of directors, president, vice president, 2.8 managing partner, or such other individuals engaged in similar duties or functions. On or before the 15th day after the end 29 of each calendar quarter, each third-party voter registration 30 organization shall submit to the division a report providing

the date and location of any organized voter-registration 2 drives conducted by the organization in the prior calendar 3 quarter. 4 (2) The failure to submit the information required by subsection (1) does not subject the third-party voter 5 6 registration organization to any civil or criminal penalties 7 for such failure and the failure to submit such information is 8 not a basis for denying such third-party voter registration organization with copies of voter-registration application 9 10 forms. (3) A third-party voter registration organization that 11 12 collects voter-registration applications serves as a fiduciary 13 to the applicant, ensuring that any voter-registration application entrusted to the third-party voter registration 14 organization, irrespective of party affiliation, race, 15 ethnicity, or gender shall be promptly delivered to the 16 division or the supervisor of elections. If a 18 voter-registration application collected by any third-party voter registration organization is not delivered to the 19 division or supervisor of elections, the individual collecting 2.0 21 the voter-registration application, the registered agent, and those individuals responsible for the day-to-day operation of 2.2 23 the third-party voter registration organization, including, if applicable, the entity's board of directors, president, vice 2.4 president, managing partner, or such other individuals engaged 2.5 in similar duties or functions, shall be personally and 26 2.7 jointly and severally liable for the following fines: 2.8 (a) A fine in the amount of \$250 for each application received by the division or the supervisor of elections more 29 than 10 days after the applicant delivered the completed 30

voter-registration application to the third-party voter

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1	registration organization or any person, entity, or agent
2	acting on its behalf.
3	(b) A fine in the amount of \$500 for each application
4	collected by a third-party voter registration organization or
5	any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf, prior to
6	book closing for any given election for federal or state
7	office and received by the division or the supervisor of
8	elections after the book closing deadline for such election.
9	(c) A fine in the amount of \$5,000 for each
10	application collected by a third-party voter registration
11	organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its
12	behalf, which is not submitted to the division or supervisor
13	of elections.
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15	The fines provided in this subsection shall be reduced by
16	three-fourths in cases in which the third-party voter
17	registration organization has complied with subsection (1).
18	(4)(a) The division shall adopt by rule a form to
19	elicit specific information concerning the facts and
20	circumstances from a person who claims to have been registered
21	by a third-party voter registration organization but who does
22	not appear as an active voter on the voter-registration rolls.
23	(b) The division may investigate any violation of this
24	section. Civil fines shall be assessed by the division and
25	enforced through any appropriate legal proceedings.
26	(5) The date on which an applicant signs a
27	voter-registration application is presumed to be the date on
28	which the third-party voter registration organization received
29	or collected the voter-registration application.
30	(6) The civil fines provided in this section are in
31	addition to any applicable criminal penalties.

(7) Fines collected pursuant to this section shall be 2 annually appropriated by the Legislature to the department for 3 enforcement of this section and for voter education. 4 (8) The division may adopt rules to administer this 5 section. 6 Section 9. Section 97.071, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 8 97.071 Registration identification card.--9 (1) The supervisor must furnish a registration 10 identification card must be furnished to all voters registering under the permanent single registration system and 11 12 must contain: 13 (a) Voter's registration number. (b) Date of registration. 14 (c) Full name. 15 (d) Party affiliation. 16 17 (e) Date of birth. (f) Race or ethnicity, if provided by the applicant. 18 (g) Sex, if provided by the applicant. 19 (h) Address of legal residence. 20 21 (i) Precinct number. 22 (j) Name of supervisor. 23 (k) Place for voter's signature. (1) Other information deemed necessary by the 2.4 25 department. 26 (2) A voter may receive a replacement of a 27 registration identification card by providing a signed, 2.8 written request for a replacement card to the supervisor. Upon verification of registration, the supervisor shall issue the 29 voter a duplicate card without charge. 30 31

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(3) In the case of a change of name, address, or party affiliation, the supervisor must issue the voter a new registration identification card. However, a registration identification card indicating a party affiliation change made between the book-closing date for the first primary election and the date of the second primary election may not be issued until after the second primary election.

Section 10. Subsection (3) of section 98.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.045 Administration of voter registration.--

and 98.0977, each supervisor shall maintain for at least 2 years, and make available for public inspection and copying, all records concerning implementation of registration list maintenance programs and activities conducted pursuant to ss. 98.065, 98.075, and 98.0977. The records must include lists of the name and address of each person to whom an address confirmation final notice was sent and information as to whether each such person responded to the mailing, but may not include any information that is confidential or exempt from public records requirements under this code.

Section 11. Section 98.077, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.077 Update of voter signature.—The supervisor of elections shall provide to each registered voter of the county the opportunity to update his or her signature on file at the supervisor's office by providing notification of the ability to do so in any correspondence, other than postcard notifications, sent to the voter. The notice shall advise when, where, and how to update the signature and shall provide the voter information on how to obtain a form from the

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supervisor that can be returned to update the signature. In addition, at least once during each general election year, the supervisor shall publish in a newspaper of general circulation or other newspaper in the county deemed appropriate by the supervisor a notice specifying when, where, or how a voter can update his or her signature that is on file or how a voter can obtain a form from the supervisor to do so. All signature updates for use in verifying absentee and provisional ballots must be received by the appropriate supervisor of elections no later than 5 p.m. of the fifth day prior to the election. The signature on file at 5 p.m. on the fifth day before the election is the signature that shall be used in verifying the signature on the absentee and provisional ballot certificates.

Section 12. Section 99.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

99.061 Method of qualifying for nomination or election to federal, state, county, or district office.--

(1) The provisions of any special act to the contrary notwithstanding, each person seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a federal, state, or multicounty district office, other than election to a judicial office as defined in chapter 105 or the office of school board member, shall file his or her qualification papers with, and pay the qualifying fee, which shall consist of the filing fee and election assessment, and party assessment, if any has been levied, to, the Department of State, or qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 alternative method with the Department of State, at any time after noon of the 1st day for qualifying, which shall be as follows: the 120th day prior to the first primary, but not later than noon of the 116th day prior to the date of the first primary, for persons seeking to

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qualify for nomination or election to federal office; and noon of the 50th day prior to the first primary, but not later than noon of the 46th day prior to the date of the first primary, for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a state or multicounty district office.

- (2) The provisions of any special act to the contrary notwithstanding, each person seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a county office, or district or special district office not covered by subsection (1), shall file his or her qualification papers with, and pay the qualifying fee, which shall consist of the filing fee and election assessment, and party assessment, if any has been levied, to, the supervisor of elections of the county, or shall qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 alternative method with the supervisor of elections, at any time after noon of the 1st day for qualifying, which shall be the 50th day prior to the first primary or special district election, but not later than noon of the 46th day prior to the date of the first primary or special district election. However, if a special district election is held at the same time as the second primary or general election, qualifying shall be the 50th day prior to the first primary, but not later than noon of the 46th day prior to the date of the first primary. Within 30 days after the closing of qualifying time, the supervisor of elections shall remit to the secretary of the state executive committee of the political party to which the candidate belongs the amount of the filing fee, two-thirds of which shall be used to promote the candidacy of candidates for county offices and the candidacy of members of the Legislature.
- (3)(a) Each person seeking to qualify for election to office as a write-in candidate shall file his or her

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qualification papers with the respective qualifying officer at any time after noon of the 1st day for qualifying, but not later than noon of the last day of the qualifying period for the office sought.

- (b) Any person who is seeking election as a write-in candidate shall not be required to pay a filing fee, election assessment, or party assessment. A write-in candidate shall not be entitled to have his or her name printed on any ballot; however, space for the write-in candidate's name to be written in shall be provided on the general election ballot. No person may qualify as a write-in candidate if the person has also otherwise qualified for nomination or election to such office.
- (4) At the time of qualifying for office, each candidate for a constitutional office shall file a full and public disclosure of financial interests pursuant to s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, and a candidate for any other office, including local elective office, shall file a statement of financial interests pursuant to s. 112.3145.
- (5) The Department of State shall certify to the supervisor of elections, within 7 days after the closing date for qualifying, the names of all duly qualified candidates for nomination or election who have qualified with the Department of State.
- (6) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed in this section, if a candidate has submitted the necessary petitions by the required deadline in order to qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 alternative method as a candidate for nomination or election and the candidate is notified after the 5th day prior to the last day for qualifying that the required number of signatures has been

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obtained, the candidate is entitled to subscribe to the 2 candidate's oath and file the qualifying papers at any time within 5 days from the date the candidate is notified that the 3 necessary number of signatures has been obtained. Any 4 candidate who qualifies within the time prescribed in this 5 subsection is entitled to have his or her name printed on the ballot.

- (7)(a) In order for a candidate to be qualified, the following items must be received by the filing officer by the end of the qualifying period:
- 1. A properly executed check drawn upon the candidate's campaign account in an amount not less than the fee required by s. 99.092 or, in lieu thereof, as applicable, the copy of the notice of obtaining ballot position pursuant to s. 99.095 or the undue burden oath authorized pursuant to s. 99.0955 or s. 99.096. If a candidate's check is returned by the bank for any reason, the filing officer shall immediately notify the candidate and the candidate shall, the end of qualifying notwithstanding, have 48 hours from the time such notification is received, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, to pay the fee with a cashier's check purchased from funds of the campaign account. Failure to pay the fee as provided in this subparagraph shall disqualify the candidate.
- 2. The candidate's oath required by s. 99.021, which must contain the name of the candidate as it is to appear on the ballot; the office sought, including the district or group number if applicable; and the signature of the candidate, duly acknowledged.
- 3. The loyalty oath required by s. 876.05, signed by the candidate and duly acknowledged.

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- 4. If the office sought is partisan, the written statement of political party affiliation required by s. 99.021(1)(b).
- 5. The completed form for the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository, as required by $s.\ 106.021.$
- 6. The full and public disclosure or statement of financial interests required by subsection (4). A public officer who has filed the full and public disclosure or statement of financial interests with the Commission on Ethics or the supervisor of elections prior to qualifying for office may file a copy of that disclosure at the time of qualifying.
- (b) If the filing officer receives qualifying papers that do not include all items as required by paragraph (a) prior to the last day of qualifying, the filing officer shall make a reasonable effort to notify the candidate of the missing or incomplete items and shall inform the candidate that all required items must be received by the close of qualifying. A candidate's name as it is to appear on the ballot may not be changed after the end of qualifying.
- (8) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed in this section, a qualifying office may accept and hold qualifying papers submitted not earlier than 14 days prior to the beginning of the qualifying period, to be processed and filed during the qualifying period.
- (9)(8) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed by this section, in each year in which the Legislature apportions the state, the qualifying period for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or election to federal office shall be between noon of the 57th day prior to

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the first primary, but not later than noon of the 53rd day prior to the first primary.

 $\underline{(10)(9)}$ The Department of State may prescribe by rule requirements for filing papers to qualify as a candidate under this section.

Section 13. Section 99.063, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

99.063 Candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor.--

- (1) No later than 5 p.m. of the 9th day following the second primary election, each candidate for Governor shall designate a Lieutenant Governor as a running mate. Such designation must be made in writing to the Department of State.
- (2) No later than 5 p.m. of the 9th day following the second primary election, each designated candidate for Lieutenant Governor shall file with the Department of State:
- (a) The candidate's oath required by s. 99.021, which must contain the name of the candidate as it is to appear on the ballot; the office sought; and the signature of the candidate, duly acknowledged.
- (b) The loyalty oath required by s. 876.05, signed by the candidate and duly acknowledged.
- 24 (c) If the office sought is partisan, the written 25 statement of political party affiliation required by s. 26 99.021(1)(b).
 - (d) The full and public disclosure of financial interests pursuant to s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution.

 A public officer who has filed the full and public disclosure with the Commission on Ethics prior to qualifying for office may file a copy of that disclosure at the time of qualifying.

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- (3) A designated candidate for Lieutenant Governor is not required to pay a separate qualifying fee or obtain signatures on petitions. Ballot position obtained by the candidate for Governor entitles the designated candidate for Lieutenant Governor, upon receipt by the Department of State of the qualifying papers required by subsection (2), to have his or her name placed on the ballot for the joint candidacy.
- Lieutenant Governor printed on the first or second primary election ballot, a candidate for Governor participating in the primary must designate the candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and the designated candidate must qualify no later than the end of the qualifying period specified in s. 99.061. If the candidate for Lieutenant Governor has not been designated and has not qualified by the end of the qualifying period specified in s. 99.061, the phrase "Not Yet Designated" must be included in lieu of the candidate's name on primary election ballots and on advance absentee ballots for the general election.
- (5) Failure of the Lieutenant Governor candidate to be designated and qualified by the time specified in subsection(2) shall result in forfeiture of ballot position for the candidate for Governor for the general election.
- Section 14. Section 99.092, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 99.092 Qualifying fee of candidate; notification of Department of State.--
- (1) Each person seeking to qualify for nomination or election to any office, except a person seeking to qualify by the <u>petition process</u> alternative method pursuant to s. 99.095, s. 99.0955, or s. 99.096 and except a person seeking to

qualify as a write-in candidate, shall pay a qualifying fee, which shall consist of a filing fee and election assessment, to the officer with whom the person qualifies, and any party 3 assessment levied, and shall attach the original or signed 4 duplicate of the receipt for his or her party assessment or 5 pay the same, in accordance with the provisions of s. 103.121, at the time of filing his or her other qualifying papers. The 8 amount of the filing fee is 3 percent of the annual salary of the office. The amount of the election assessment is 1 9 percent of the annual salary of the office sought. 10 election assessment shall be deposited into the Elections 11 12 Commission Trust Fund. The amount of the party assessment is 13 2 percent of the annual salary. The annual salary of the office for purposes of computing the filing fee, election 14 assessment, and party assessment shall be computed by 15 multiplying 12 times the monthly salary, excluding any special 16 17 qualification pay, authorized for such office as of July 1 18 immediately preceding the first day of qualifying. No qualifying fee shall be returned to the candidate unless the 19 candidate withdraws his or her candidacy before the last date 20 21 to qualify. If a candidate dies prior to an election and has 22 not withdrawn his or her candidacy before the last date to 23 qualify, the candidate's qualifying fee shall be returned to his or her designated beneficiary, and, if the filing fee or 24 any portion thereof has been transferred to the political 25 party of the candidate, the Secretary of State shall direct 26 27 the party to return that portion to the designated beneficiary 2.8 of the candidate. (2) The supervisor of elections shall, immediately 29

after the last day for qualifying, submit to the Department of

State a list containing the names, party affiliations, and

1	addresses of all candidates and the offices for which they
2	qualified.
3	Section 15. Section 99.095, Florida Statutes, is
4	amended to read:
5	(Substantial rewording of section. See
6	s. 99.095, F.S., for present text.)
7	99.095 Petition process in lieu of a qualifying fee
8	and party assessment
9	(1) A person who seeks to qualify as a candidate for
10	any office and who meets the petition requirements of this
11	section is not required to pay the qualifying fee or party
12	assessment required by this chapter.
13	(2)(a) A candidate shall obtain the number of
14	signatures of voters in the geographical area represented by
15	the office sought equal to at least 1 percent of the total
16	number of registered voters of that geographical area, as
17	shown by the compilation by the department for the last
18	preceding general election. Signatures may not be obtained
19	until the candidate has filed the appointment of campaign
20	treasurer and designation of campaign depository pursuant to
21	s. 106.021.
22	(b) The format of the petition shall be prescribed by
23	the division and shall be used by candidates to reproduce
24	petitions for circulation. If the candidate is running for an
25	office that requires a group or district designation, the
26	petition must indicate that designation and if it does not,
27	the signatures are not valid. A separate petition is required
28	for each candidate.
29	(3) Each petition must be submitted before noon of the
30	28th day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for
31	the office sought to the supervisor of elections of the county

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- in which such petition was circulated. Each supervisor shall
 check the signatures on the petitions to verify their status
 as voters in the county, district, or other qeographical area
 represented by the office sought. No later than the 7th day
 before the first day of the qualifying period, the supervisor
 shall certify the number of valid signatures.
 - (4)(a) Certifications for candidates for federal, state, or multicounty district office shall be submitted to the division. The division shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained and shall notify the candidate.
 - (b) For candidates for county or district office not covered by paragraph (a), the supervisor shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained and shall notify the candidate.
 - (5) If the required number of signatures has been obtained, the candidate is eligible to qualify pursuant to s. 99.061.
 - Section 16. Section 99.0955, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 99.0955 Candidates with no party affiliation; name on general election ballot.--
 - (1) Each person seeking to qualify for election as a candidate with no party affiliation shall file his or her qualifying qualification papers and pay the qualifying fee or qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 alternative method prescribed in subsection (3) with the officer and during the times and under the circumstances prescribed in s. 99.061. Upon qualifying, the candidate is entitled to have his or her name placed on the general election ballot.

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The qualifying fee for candidates with no party affiliation shall consist of a filing fee and an election assessment as prescribed in s. 99.092. The amount of the filing fee is 3 percent of the annual salary of the office sought. The amount of the election assessment is 1 percent of the annual salary of the office sought. The election assessment shall be deposited into the Elections Commission Trust Fund. Filing fees paid to the Department of State shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund of the state. Filing fees paid to the supervisor of elections shall be deposited into the general revenue fund of the county. (3)(a) A candidate with no party affiliation may, in lieu of paying the qualifying fee, qualify for office by the alternative method prescribed in this subsection. A candidate using this petitioning process shall file an oath with the officer before whom the candidate would qualify for the office stating that he or she intends to qualify by this alternative If the person is running for an office that requires a group or district designation, the candidate must indicate the designation in his or her oath. The oath shall be filed at any time after the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January of the year in which the election is held, but before the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought. The Department of State shall prescribe the form to be used in administering and filing the oath. Signatures may not be obtained by a candidate on any petition until the candidate has filed the oath required in this subsection. Upon receipt of the written oath from a candidate, the qualifying officer shall provide the candidate

with petition forms in sufficient numbers to facilitate the

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office that requires a group or district designation, the petition must indicate that designation or the signatures obtained on the petition will not be counted.

(b) A candidate shall obtain the signatures of a number of qualified electors in the geographical entity represented by the office sought equal to 1 percent of the registered electors of the geographical entity represented by the office sought, as shown by the compilation by the Department of State for the preceding general election.

(c) Each petition must be submitted before noon of the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought, to the supervisor of elections of the county for which such petition was circulated. Each supervisor to whom a petition is submitted shall check the signatures on the petition to verify their status as electors in the county, district, or other geographical entity represented by the office sought. Before the first day for qualifying, the supervisor shall certify the number shown as registered electors.

(d)1. Certifications for candidates for federal, state, or multicounty district office shall be submitted to the Department of State. The Department of State shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained for the name of the candidate to be placed on the ballot and shall notify the candidate.

2. For candidates for county or district office not covered by subparagraph 1., the supervisor of elections shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained for the name of the candidate to be placed on the ballot and shall notify the candidate.

(e) If the required number of signatures has been 2 obtained, the candidate shall, during the time prescribed for qualifying for office, submit a copy of the notice received 3 under paragraph (d) and file his or her qualifying papers and 4 5 the oath prescribed by s. 99.021 with the qualifying officer. 6 Section 17. Section 99.096, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 8 99.096 Minor political party candidates; names on 9 ballot.--10 (1) The executive committee of a minor political party shall, No later than noon of the third day prior to the first 11 12 day of the qualifying period prescribed for federal 13 candidates, the executive committee of a minor political party shall submit to the Department of State a list of federal 14 candidates nominated by the party to be on the general 15 election ballot. and No later than noon of the third day prior 16 17 to the first day of the qualifying period for state 18 candidates, the executive committee of a minor political party shall submit to the filing officer for each of the candidates 19 submit to the Department of State the official list of the 2.0 21 state, multi-county, and county respective candidates 22 nominated by that party to be on the ballot in the general 23 election. The Department of State shall notify the appropriate 2.4 supervisors of elections of the name of each minor party candidate eligible to qualify before such supervisor. The 2.5 26 official list of nominated candidates may not be changed by 27 the party after having been filed with the filing officers 2.8 Department of State, except that candidates who have qualified may withdraw from the ballot pursuant to the provisions of 29 this code, and vacancies in nominations may be filled pursuant 30 to s. 100.111. 31

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(2) Each person seeking to qualify for election as a candidate of a minor <u>political</u> party shall file his or her <u>qualifying qualification</u> papers with, and pay the qualifying fee and, if one has been levied, the party assessment, or qualify by the <u>petition process pursuant to s. 99.095</u> alternative method prescribed in subsection (3), with the officer and at the times and under the circumstances provided in s. 99.061.

(3)(a) A minor party candidate may, in lieu of paying the qualifying fee and party assessment, qualify for office by the alternative method prescribed in this subsection. candidate using this petitioning process shall file an oath with the officer before whom the candidate would qualify for the office stating that he or she intends to qualify by this alternative method. If the person is running for an office that requires a group or district designation, the candidate must indicate the designation in his or her oath. The oath must be filed at any time after the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January of the year in which the election is held, but before the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought. The Department of State shall prescribe the form to be used in administering and filing the oath. Signatures may not be obtained by a candidate on any petition until the candidate has filed the oath required in this section. Upon receipt of the written oath from a candidate, the qualifying officer shall provide the candidate with petition forms in sufficient numbers to facilitate the gathering of signatures. If the candidate is running for an office that requires a group or district designation, the petition must indicate that designation or the signatures on such petition will not be counted.

(b) A candidate shall obtain the signatures of a 2 number of qualified electors in the geographical entity represented by the office sought equal to 1 percent of the 3 registered electors in the geographical entity represented by 4 the office sought, as shown by the compilation by the 5 6 Department of State for the last preceding general election. 7 (c) Each petition shall be submitted prior to noon of the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period 8 for the office sought to the supervisor of elections of the 9 10 county for which the petition was circulated. Each supervisor to whom a petition is submitted shall check the signatures on 11 12 the petition to verify their status as electors in the county, 13 district, or other geographical entity represented by the office sought. Before the first day for qualifying, the 14 supervisor shall certify the number shown as registered 15 16 electors. 17 (d)1. Certifications for candidates for federal, or multicounty district office shall be submitted to 18 19 the Department of State. The Department of State shall 2.0 determine whether the required number of signatures has been 21 obtained for the name of the candidate to be placed on the 2.2 ballot and shall notify the candidate. 23 2. For candidates for county or district office not covered by subparagraph 1., the supervisor of elections shall 2.4 determine whether the required number of signatures has been 2.5 obtained for the name of the candidate to be placed on the 26 2.7 ballot and shall notify the candidate. 2.8 (e) If the required number of signatures has been obtained, the candidate shall, during the prescribed time for 29 30 qualifying for office, submit a copy of the notice received 31

under paragraph (d) and file his or her qualifying papers and 2 the oath prescribed by s. 99.021 with the qualifying officer. 3 (4) A minor party candidate whose name has been 4 submitted pursuant to subsection (1) and who has qualified for 5 office is entitled to have his or her name placed on the general election ballot. 7 Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 99.09651, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 99.09651 Signature requirements for ballot position in 9 10 year of apportionment. --(1) In a year of apportionment, any candidate for 11 12 representative to Congress, state Senate, or state House of 13 Representatives seeking ballot position by the petition process alternative method prescribed in s. 99.095, s. 14 99.0955, or s. 99.096 shall obtain at least the number of 15 signatures equal to one-third of 1 percent of the ideal 16 population for the district of the office being sought. 18 Section 19. Subsection (1) of section 100.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19 100.011 Opening and closing of polls, all elections; 20 21 expenses.--22 (1) The polls shall be open at the voting places at 23 7:00 a.m., on the day of the election, and shall be kept open until 7:00 p.m., of the same day, and the time shall be 2.4 regulated by the customary time in standard use in the county 2.5 seat of the locality. The inspectors shall make public 26 27 proclamation of the opening and closing of the polls. During 2.8 the election and canvass of the votes, the ballot box shall not be concealed. Any elector who is in line at the time of 29 the official closing of the polls shall be allowed to cast a 30 vote in the election. 31

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Section 20. Section 100.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

100.101 Special elections and special primary elections.--Except as provided in s. 100.111(2), a special election or special primary election shall be held in the following cases:

- (1) If no person has been elected at a general election to fill an office which was required to be filled by election at such general election.
- (2) If a vacancy occurs in the office of state senator or member of the state house of representatives.
- (3) If it is necessary to elect presidential electors, by reason of the offices of President and Vice President both having become vacant.
- $\qquad \qquad \text{(4)} \quad \text{If a vacancy occurs in the office of member from} \\ \text{Florida of the House of Representatives of Congress.}$

(5) If a vacancy occurs in nomination.

Section 21. Section 100.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

100.111 Filling vacancy.--

- (1)(a) If any vacancy occurs in any office which is required to be filled pursuant to s. 1(f), Art. IV of the State Constitution and the remainder of the term of such office is 28 months or longer, then at the next general election a person shall be elected to fill the unexpired portion of such term, commencing on the first Tuesday after the first Monday following such general election.
- (b) If such a vacancy occurs prior to the first day set by law for qualifying for election to office at such general election, any person seeking nomination or election to the unexpired portion of the term shall qualify within the

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time prescribed by law for qualifying for other offices to be filled by election at such general election.

- (c) If such a vacancy occurs prior to the first primary but on or after the first day set by law for qualifying, the Secretary of State shall set dates for qualifying for the unexpired portion of the term of such office. Any person seeking nomination or election to the unexpired portion of the term shall qualify within the time set by the Secretary of State. If time does not permit party nominations to be made in conjunction with the first and second primary elections, the Governor may call a special primary election, and, if necessary, a second special primary election, to select party nominees for the unexpired portion of such term.
- (2)(a) If, in any state or county office required to be filled by election, a vacancy occurs during an election year by reason of the incumbent having qualified as a candidate for federal office pursuant to s. 99.061, no special election is required. Any person seeking nomination or election to the office so vacated shall qualify within the time prescribed by s. 99.061 for qualifying for state or county offices to be filled by election.
- (b) If such a vacancy occurs in an election year other than the one immediately preceding expiration of the present term, the Secretary of State shall notify the supervisor of elections in each county served by the office that a vacancy has been created. Such notice shall be provided to the supervisor of elections not later than the close of the first day set for qualifying for state or county office. The supervisor shall provide public notice of the vacancy in any manner the Secretary of State deems appropriate.

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(3) Whenever there is a vacancy for which a special election is required pursuant to $\underline{s. 100.101}$ $\underline{s. 100.101(1)}$ (4), the Governor, after consultation with the Secretary of State, shall fix the date of a special first primary election, a special second primary election, and a special election. Nominees of political parties other than minor political parties shall be chosen under the primary laws of this state in the special primary elections to become candidates in the special election. Prior to setting the special election dates, the Governor shall consider any upcoming elections in the jurisdiction where the special election will be held. The dates fixed by the Governor shall be specific days certain and shall not be established by the happening of a condition or stated in the alternative. The dates fixed shall provide a minimum of 2 weeks between each election. In the event a vacancy occurs in the office of state senator or member of the House of Representatives when the Legislature is in regular legislative session, the minimum times prescribed by this subsection may be waived upon concurrence of the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate. If a vacancy occurs in the office of state senator and no session of the Legislature is scheduled to be held prior to the next general election, the Governor may fix the dates for any special primary and for the special election to coincide with the dates of the first and second primary and general election. If a vacancy in office occurs in any district in the state Senate or House of Representatives or in any congressional district, and no session of the Legislature, or session of Congress if the vacancy is in a congressional district, is scheduled to be held during the unexpired portion

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of the term, the Governor is not required to call a special election to fill such vacancy.

- (a) The dates for candidates to qualify in such special election or special primary election shall be fixed by the Department of State, and candidates shall qualify not later than noon of the last day so fixed. The dates fixed for qualifying shall allow a minimum of 14 days between the last day of qualifying and the special first primary election.
- (b) The filing of campaign expense statements by candidates in such special elections or special primaries and by committees making contributions or expenditures to influence the results of such special primaries or special elections shall be not later than such dates as shall be fixed by the Department of State, and in fixing such dates the Department of State shall take into consideration and be governed by the practical time limitations.
- (c) The dates for a candidate to qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 alternative method in such special primary or special election shall be fixed by the Department of State. In fixing such dates the Department of State shall take into consideration and be governed by the practical time limitations. Any candidate seeking to qualify by the petition process alternative method in a special primary election shall obtain 25 percent of the signatures required by s. 99.095, s. 99.0955, or s. 99.096, as applicable.
- (d) The qualifying fees and party assessments of such candidates as may qualify shall be the same as collected for the same office at the last previous primary for that office. The party assessment shall be paid to the appropriate

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executive committee of the political party to which the candidate belongs.

- (e) Each county canvassing board shall make as speedy a return of the result of such special elections and primaries as time will permit, and the Elections Canvassing Commission likewise shall make as speedy a canvass and declaration of the nominees as time will permit.
- (4)(a) In the event that death, resignation, withdrawal, removal, or any other cause or event should cause a party to have a vacancy in nomination which leaves no candidate for an office from such party, the Governor shall, after conferring with the Secretary of State, call a special primary election and, if necessary, a second special primary election to select for such office a nominee of such political The dates on which candidates may qualify for such special primary election shall be fixed by the Department of State, and the candidates shall qualify no later than noon of the last day so fixed. The filing of campaign expense statements by candidates in special primaries shall not be later than such dates as shall be fixed by the Department of State. In fixing such dates, the Department of State shall take into consideration and be governed by the practical time limitations. The qualifying fees and party assessment of such candidates as may qualify shall be the same as collected for the same office at the last previous primary for that office. Each county canvassing board shall make as speedy a return of the results of such primaries as time will permit, and the Elections Canvassing Commission shall likewise make as speedy canvass and declaration of the nominees as time will permit.

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respect to a candidate of a minor political party which has obtained a position on the ballot, no special primary election shall be held and the Department of State shall notify the chair of the appropriate state, district, or county political party executive committee of such party; and, within 5 7 days, the chair shall call a meeting of his or her executive committee to consider designation of a nominee to fill the vacancy. The name of any person so designated shall be submitted to the Department of State within 7 14 days after of notice to the chair in order that the person designated may have his or her name printed or otherwise placed on the ballot of the ensuing general election. When the name of the new nominee is submitted after the certification of results of the preceding primary election, however, the ballots may not be changed and, but in no event shall the supervisor of elections be required to place on a ballot a name submitted less than 21 days prior to the election. If the vacancy occurs less than days prior to the election, the person designated by the political party will replace the former party nominee even though the former party nominee's name shall appear will be on the ballot. Any ballots cast for the former party nominee will be counted for the person designated by the political party to replace the former party nominee. If there is no opposition to the party nominee, the person designated by the political party to replace the former party nominee will be elected to office at the general election. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "district political party executive committee" means the members of the state executive committee of a political party from those counties comprising the area involving a district office.

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(b)(e) When, under the circumstances set forth in the preceding paragraph, vacancies in nomination are required to be filled by committee nominations, such vacancies shall be filled by party rule. In any instance in which a nominee is selected by a committee to fill a vacancy in nomination, such nominee shall pay the same filing fee and take the same oath as the nominee would have taken had he or she regularly qualified for election to such office.

prescribed in ss. 99.061 and 105.031, was qualified for nomination or election to or retention in a public office to be filled at the ensuing general election is prohibited from qualifying as a candidate to fill a vacancy in nomination for any other office to be filled at that general election, even if such person has withdrawn or been eliminated as a candidate for the original office sought. However, this paragraph does not apply to a candidate for the office of Lieutenant Governor who applies to fill a vacancy in nomination for the office of Governor on the same ticket or to a person who has withdrawn or been eliminated as a candidate and who is subsequently designated as a candidate for Lieutenant Governor under s. 99.063.

(5) In the event of unforeseeable circumstances not contemplated in these general election laws concerning the calling and holding of special primary elections and special elections resulting from court order or other unpredictable circumstances, the Department of State shall have the authority to provide for the conduct of orderly elections.

(6) In the event that a vacancy occurs which leaves less than 4 weeks for a candidate seeking to qualify by the alternative method to gather signatures for ballot position,

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the number of signatures required for ballot placement shall
be 25 percent of the number of signatures required by s.

3 99.095, s. 99.0955, or s. 99.096, whichever is applicable.

Section 22. Section 100.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

100.141 Notice of special election to fill any vacancy in office or nomination.--

- (1) Whenever a special election is required to fill any vacancy in office or nomination, the Governor, after consultation with the Secretary of State, shall issue an order declaring on what day the election shall be held and deliver the order to the Department of State.
- (2) The Department of State shall prepare a notice stating what offices and vacancies are to be filled in the special election, the date set for each special primary election and the special election, the dates fixed for qualifying for office, the dates fixed for qualifying by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 alternative method, and the dates fixed for filing campaign expense statements.
- (3) The department shall deliver a copy of such notice to the supervisor of elections of each county in which the special election is to be held. The supervisor shall have the notice published two times in a newspaper of general circulation in the county at least 10 days prior to the first day set for qualifying for office. If such a newspaper is not published within the period set forth, the supervisor shall post at least five copies of the notice in conspicuous places in the county not less than 10 days prior to the first date set for qualifying.
- 30 Section 23. Subsection (2) of section 101.031, Florida
 31 Statutes, is amended to read:

1	101.031 Instructions for electors
2	(2) The supervisor of elections in each county shall
3	have posted at each polling place in the county the Voter's
4	Bill of Rights and Responsibilities in the following form:
5	
6	VOTER'S BILL OF RIGHTS
7	
8	Each registered voter in this state has the right to:
9	1. Vote and have his or her vote accurately counted.
10	2. Cast a vote if he or she is in line at the official
11	closing of the polls in that county.
12	3. Ask for and receive assistance in voting.
13	4. Receive up to two replacement ballots if he or she
14	makes a mistake prior to the ballot being cast.
15	5. An explanation if his or her registration or
16	identity is in question.
17	6. If his or her registration identity is in question,
18	cast a provisional ballot.
19	7. Prove his or her identity by signing an affidavit
20	if election officials doubt the voter's identity.
21	7.8. Written instructions to use when voting, and,
22	upon request, oral instructions in voting from elections
23	officers.
24	8.9. Vote free from coercion or intimidation by
25	elections officers or any other person.
26	9.10. Vote on a voting system that is in working
27	condition and that will allow votes to be accurately cast.
28	
29	VOTER RESPONSIBILITIES
30	
31	Each registered voter in this state should:

- 1. Familiarize himself or herself with the candidates 2 and issues.
 - 2. Maintain with the office of the supervisor of elections a current address.
 - 3. Know the location of his or her polling place and its hours of operation.
 - 4. Bring proper identification to the polling station.
 - 5. Familiarize himself or herself with the operation of the voting equipment in his or her precinct.
 - 6. Treat precinct workers with courtesy.
 - 7. Respect the privacy of other voters.
- 8. Report any problems or violations of election laws to the supervisor of elections.
 - 9. Ask questions, if needed.
- 15 10. Make sure that his or her completed ballot is correct before leaving the polling station.

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- NOTE TO VOTER: Failure to perform any of these responsibilities does not prohibit a voter from voting.
- 20 Section 24. Section 101.043, Florida Statutes, is 21 amended to read:
 - 101.043 Identification required at polls.--
 - (1) The precinct register, as prescribed in s. 98.461, shall be used at the polls in lieu of the registration books for the purpose of identifying the elector at the polls prior to allowing him or her to vote. The clerk or inspector shall require each elector, upon entering the polling place, to present a current and valid picture identification as provided in s. 97.0535(3)(a). If the picture identification does not contain the signature of the voter, an additional identification that provides the voter's signature shall be

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required. The elector shall sign his or her name in the space provided, and the clerk or inspector shall compare the signature with that on the identification provided by the elector and enter his or her initials in the space provided and allow the elector to vote if the clerk or inspector is satisfied as to the identity of the elector.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), if the elector fails to furnish the required identification, or if the clerk or inspector is in doubt as to the identity of the elector, such clerk or inspector shall follow the procedure prescribed in s. 101.49.

(2)(3) If the elector who fails to furnish the required identification is a first time voter who registered by mail and has not provided the required identification to the supervisor of elections prior to election day, the elector shall be allowed to vote a provisional ballot. The canvassing board shall determine the validity of the ballot pursuant to s. 101.048(2).

Section 25. Section 101.048, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.048 Provisional ballots.--

(1) At all elections, a voter claiming to be properly registered in the county and eligible to vote at the precinct in the election, but whose eligibility cannot be determined, a person whom an election official asserts is not eliqible, and other persons specified in the code shall be entitled to vote a provisional ballot. Once voted, the provisional ballot shall be placed in a secrecy envelope and thereafter sealed in a provisional ballot envelope. The provisional ballot shall be deposited in a ballot box. All provisional ballots shall remain sealed in their envelopes for return to the supervisor

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- of elections. The department shall prescribe the form of the provisional ballot envelope. A person casting a provisional ballot shall have the right to present written evidence supporting his or her eliqibility to vote to the supervisor of elections by not later that 5 p.m. on the third day following the election.

 (2)(a) The county canvassing board shall examine each Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation
 - Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation
 envelope to determine if the person voting that ballot was
 entitled to vote at the precinct where the person cast a vote
 in the election and that the person had not already cast a
 ballot in the election. In determining whether a person
 casting a provisional ballot is entitled to vote, the county
 canvassing board shall review the information provided in the
 Voter's Certificate and Affirmation, written evidence provided
 by the person pursuant to subsection (1), any other evidence
 presented by the supervisor of elections, and, in the case of
 a challenge, any evidence presented by the challenger. A
 ballot of a person casting a provisional ballot shall be
 counted unless the canvassing board determines by a
 preponderance of the evidence that the person was not entitled
 to vote.
 - (b)1. If it is determined that the person was registered and entitled to vote at the precinct where the person cast a vote in the election, the canvassing board shall compare the signature on the Provisional Ballot <u>Voter's</u>

 <u>Certificate and Affirmation envelope</u> with the signature on the voter's registration and, if it matches, shall count the ballot.
- 2. If it is determined that the person voting the provisional ballot was not registered or entitled to vote at

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the precinct where the person cast a vote in the election, the
   provisional ballot shall not be counted and the ballot shall
   remain in the envelope containing the Provisional Ballot
 3
   Voter's Certificate and Affirmation and the envelope shall be
   marked "Rejected as Illegal."
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 6
           (3) The Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and
   Affirmation shall be in substantially the following form:
 8
   STATE OF FLORIDA
 9
10
   COUNTY OF ....
11
12
           I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that my name is ....;
13
    that my date of birth is ....; that I am registered and
    qualified to vote and at the time I registered I resided at
14
   ...., in the municipality of ...., in .... County, Florida;
15
    that I am registered in the .... Party; that I am a qualified
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    voter of the county; and that I have not voted in this
    election. I understand that if I commit any fraud in
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    connection with voting, vote a fraudulent ballot, or vote more
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    than once in an election, I can be convicted of a felony of
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21
    the third degree and fined up to $5,000 and/or imprisoned for
22
   up to 5 years.
23
                                         ...(Signature of Voter)...
                                  ...(Current Residence Address)...
2.4
                                    ...(Current Mailing Address)...
25
26
                                      ...(City, State, Zip Code)...
27
         ... (Driver's License Number or Last Four Digits of Social
28
                                                Security Number)...
29
30
    Sworn to and subscribed before me this .... day of .....,
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   ...(year)....
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1 ...(Election Official)...
2
3 Precinct # Ballot Style/Party Issued:

- (4) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections
 (1), (2), and (3) In counties where the voting system does not utilize a paper ballot, the supervisor of elections may, and for persons with disabilities shall, provide the appropriate provisional ballot to the voter by electronic means that meet the requirements of s. 101.56062, as provided for by the certified voting system. Each person casting a provisional ballot by electronic means shall, prior to casting his or her ballot, complete the Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation as provided in subsection (3).
- (5) Each person casting a provisional ballot shall be given written instructions regarding the person's right to provide the supervisor of elections with written evidence of his or her eliqibility to vote and regarding the free access system established pursuant to subsection (6). The instructions shall contain information on how to access the system and the information the voter will need to provide to obtain information on his or her particular ballot. The instructions shall also include the following statement: "If this is a primary election, you should contact the supervisor of elections' office immediately to confirm that you are registered and can vote in the general election."
- (6) Each supervisor of elections shall establish a free access system that allows each person who casts a provisional ballot to determine whether his or her provisional ballot was counted in the final canvass of votes and, if not, the reasons why. Information regarding provisional ballots

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shall be available no later than 30 days following the election. The system established must restrict information regarding an individual ballot to the person who cast the ballot.

Section 26. Section 101.049, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.049 Provisional ballots; special circumstances.--

- (1) Any person who votes in an election after the regular poll-closing time pursuant to a court or other order extending the statutory polling hours must vote a provisional ballot. Once voted, the provisional ballot shall be placed in a secrecy envelope and thereafter sealed in a provisional ballot envelope. The election official witnessing the voter's subscription and affirmation on the Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate shall indicate whether or not the voter met all requirements to vote a regular ballot at the polls. All such provisional ballots shall remain sealed in their envelopes and be transmitted to the supervisor of elections.
- (2) Separate and apart from all other ballots, the county canvassing board shall count all late-voted provisional ballots that the canvassing board determines to be valid.
- (3) The supervisor shall ensure that late-voted provisional ballots are not commingled with other ballots during the canvassing process or at any other time they are statutorily required to be in the supervisor's possession.
- (4) This section shall not apply to voters in line at the poll-closing time provided in s. 100.011 who cast their ballots subsequent to that time.
- (5) As an alternative, provisional ballots cast pursuant to this section may, and for persons with

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disabilities shall, be cast in accordance with the provisions
 2
    of s. 101.048(4).
           Section 27. Effective July 1, 2005, section 101.051,
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   Florida Statutes, as amended by section 10 of chapter
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    2002-281, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:
 5
 6
           101.051 Electors seeking assistance in casting
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   ballots; oath to be executed; forms to be furnished .--
 8
           (1) Any elector applying to vote in any election who
   requires assistance to vote by reason of blindness,
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    disability, or inability to read or write may request the
    assistance of two election officials or some other person of
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12
    the elector's own choice, other than the elector's employer,
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    an agent of the employer, or an officer or agent of his or her
    union, to assist the elector in casting his or her vote. Any
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    such elector, before retiring to the voting booth, may have
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    one of such persons read over to him or her, without
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    suggestion or interference, the titles of the offices to be
    filled and the candidates therefor and the issues on the
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   ballot. After the elector requests the aid of the two election
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    officials or the person of the elector's choice, they shall
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   retire to the voting booth for the purpose of casting the
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    elector's vote according to the elector's choice.
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           (2) It is unlawful for any person to be in the voting
   booth with any elector except as provided in subsection (1).
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    A person at a polling place or early voting site, or within
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    100 feet of the entrance of a polling place or early voting
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    site, may not solicit any elector in an effort to provide
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    assistance to vote pursuant to subsection (1). Any person who
   violates this subsection commits a felony of the third degree,
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   punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
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   775.084.
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(3) Any elector applying to cast an absentee ballot in 2 the office of the supervisor, in any election, who requires assistance to vote by reason of blindness, disability, or 3 4 inability to read or write may request the assistance of some person of his or her own choice, other than the elector's 5 employer, an agent of the employer, or an officer or agent of his or her union, in casting his or her absentee ballot. (4) If an elector needs assistance in voting pursuant 8 to the provisions of this section, the clerk or one of the 9 inspectors shall require the elector requesting assistance in 10 voting to take the following oath: 11 12 13 DECLARATION TO SECURE ASSISTANCE 14 State of Florida 15 County of 16 Date 18 Precinct I, \dots (Print name) \dots , swear or affirm that I am a 19 registered elector and request assistance from ...(Print 20 21 names)... in voting at the ...(name of election)... held on ...(Signature of assistor).... 22 ...(date of election).... 23 Sworn and subscribed to before me this day of, 2.4 ...(year).... ... (Signature of Official Administering Oath)... 25 26 (5) If an elector needing assistance requests that a 27 person other than an election official provide him or her with 28 assistance in voting, the clerk or one of the inspectors shall require the person providing assistance to take the following 29 30 <u>oath:</u> 31

1	DECLARATION TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE
2	
3	State of Florida
4	County of
5	Date
6	Precinct
7	I,(Print name), have been requested by(print
8	name of elector needing assistance) to provide him or her
9	with assistance to vote. I swear or affirm that I am not the
10	employer, an agent of the employer, or an officer or agent of
11	the union of the voter and that I have not solicited this
12	voter at the polling place or early voting site or within 100
13	feet of such locations in an effort to provide
14	assistance(Signature of assistor)
15	Sworn and subscribed to before me this day of,
16	(year)
17	(Signature of Official Administering Oath)
18	$\frac{(6)(5)}{(5)}$ The supervisor of elections shall deliver a
19	sufficient number of these forms to each precinct, along with
20	other election paraphernalia.
21	Section 28. Section 101.111, Florida Statutes, is
22	amended to read:
23	101.111 Person desiring to vote may be challenged;
24	challenger to execute oath; oath of person challenged;
25	determination of challenge
26	(1) When the right to vote of any person who desires
27	to vote is challenged by any elector or poll watcher, the
28	challenge shall be reduced to writing with an oath as provided
29	in this section, giving reasons for the challenge, which shall
30	be delivered to the clerk or inspector. Any elector or poll
31	

1	watcher challenging the right of a person to vote shall
2	execute the oath set forth below:
3	
4	OATH OF PERSON ENTERING CHALLENGE
5	
6	State of Florida
7	County of
8	
9	I do solemnly swear that my name is; that I am a member
10	of the party; that I am a registered voter or pollwatcher
11	years old; that my residence address is, in the
12	municipality of; and that I have reason to believe that
13	\ldots is attempting to vote illegally and the reasons for my
14	belief are set forth herein to wit:
15	
16	
17	(Signature of person challenging voter)
18	
19	Sworn and subscribed to before me this day of,
20	(year)
21	(Clerk of election)
22	
23	(2) Before a person who is challenged is permitted to
24	vote, the challenged person's right to vote shall be
25	determined in accordance with the provisions of subsection
26	$\frac{(3)}{}$. The clerk or inspector shall immediately deliver to the
27	challenged person a copy of the oath of the person entering
28	the challenge and the challenged voter shall be allowed to
29	casts a provisional ballot. shall request the challenged
30	person to execute the following oath:
31	

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1
                      OATH OF PERSON CHALLENGED
 2
   State of Florida
 3
 4
   County of ....
 5
 6
    I do solemnly swear that my name is ....; that I am a member
 7
    of the .... party; that my date of birth is ....; that my
 8
   residence address is ...., in the municipality of ...., in
 9
    this the .... precinct of .... county; that I personally made
    application for registration and signed my name and that I am
10
   a qualified voter in this election.
11
12
   ...(Signature of person)...
13
   Sworn and subscribed to before me this .... day of ....,
14
15
   ...(year)....
16
   ...(Clerk of election or Inspector)...
18
   Any inspector or clerk of election may administer the oath.
19
           (3) Any elector or poll watcher may challenge the
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    right of any voter to vote not sooner than 30 days before an
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    election by filing a completed copy of the oath contained in
    subsection (1) to the supervisor of election's office. The
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   challenged voter shall be permitted to cast a provisional
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    ballot.
25
          (4) Any elector or poll watcher filing a frivolous
    challenge of any person's right to vote commits a misdemeanor
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27
    of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
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    775.083, or s. 775.084; however, electors or poll watchers
    shall not be subject to liability for any action taken in good
29
    faith and in furtherance of any activity or duty permitted of
30
   such electors or poll watchers by law. Each instance where any
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elector or poll watcher files a frivolous challenge of any person's right to vote constitutes a separate offense.

(a) The clerk and inspectors shall compare the information in the challenged person's oath with that entered on the precinct register and shall take any other evidence that may be offered. The clerk and inspectors shall then decide by a majority vote whether the challenged person may vote a regular ballot.

(b) If the challenged person refuses to complete the oath or if a majority of the clerk and inspectors doubt the eligibility of the person to vote, the challenged person shall be allowed to vote a provisional ballot. The oath of the person entering the challenge and the oath of the person challenged shall be attached to the provisional ballot for transmittal to the canvassing board.

Section 29. Section 101.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.131 Watchers at polls.--

one watcher in each polling room or early voting area at any one time during the election. A political committee formed for the specific purpose of expressly advocating the passage or defeat of an issue on the ballot may have one watcher for each polling room or early voting area at any one time during the election. No watcher shall be permitted to come closer to the officials' table or the voting booths than is reasonably necessary to properly perform his or her functions, but each shall be allowed within the polling room or early voting area to watch and observe the conduct of electors and officials. The poll watchers shall furnish their own materials and necessities and shall not obstruct the orderly conduct of any

election. The poll watchers shall pose any questions regarding
polling place procedures directly to the clerk for resolution.

They may not interact with voters. Each poll watcher shall be
a qualified and registered elector of the county in which he
or she serves.

- candidate requesting to have poll watchers shall designate, in writing, poll watchers for each precinct prior to noon of the second Tuesday preceding the election poll watchers for each polling room on election day. Designations of poll watchers for early voting areas shall be submitted in writing to the supervisor of elections at least 14 days before early voting begins. The poll watchers for each polling room precinct shall be approved by the supervisor of elections on or before the Tuesday before the election. Poll watchers for early voting areas shall be approved by the supervisor of elections no later than 7 days before early voting begins. The supervisor shall furnish to each election board precinct a list of the poll watchers designated and approved for such polling room or early voting area precinct.
- (3) No candidate or sheriff, deputy sheriff, police officer, or other law enforcement officer may be designated as a poll watcher.
- Section 30. Subsection (1) of section 101.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 101.151 Specifications for ballots.--
- (1) <u>Marksense</u> Paper ballots shall be printed on paper of such thickness that the printing cannot be distinguished from the back <u>and shall meet the specifications of the voting system that will be used to tabulate the ballots</u>.

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Section 31. Section 101.171, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

available at voting locations posted.—Whenever any amendment to the State Constitution is to be voted upon at any election, the Department of State shall have printed, and shall furnish to each supervisor of elections, a sufficient number of copies of the amendment either in poster or booklet form, and the supervisor shall have a copy thereof conspicuously posted or available at each polling room or early voting area precinct upon the day of election.

Section 32. Section 101.294, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 101.294 Purchase and sale of voting equipment.--
- (1) The Division of Elections of the Department of State shall adopt uniform rules for the purchase, use, and sale of voting equipment in the state. No governing body shall purchase or cause to be purchased any voting equipment unless such equipment has been certified for use in this state by the Department of State.
- (2) Any governing body contemplating the purchase or sale of voting equipment shall notify the Division of Elections of such considerations. The division shall attempt to coordinate the sale of excess or outmoded equipment by one county with purchases of necessary equipment by other counties.
- (3) The division shall inform the governing bodies of the various counties of the state of the availability of new or used voting equipment and of sources available for obtaining such equipment.

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(4) A vendor of voting equipment may not provide an 2 uncertified voting system, voting system component, or voting system upgrade to a local governing body or supervisor of 3 4 elections in this state. 5 (5) Before or in conjunction with providing a voting 6 system, voting system component, or voting system upgrade, the 7 vendor shall provide the local governing body or supervisor of elections with a sworn certification that the voting system, 8 voting system component, or voting system upgrade being 9 provided has been certified by the Division of Elections. 10 Section 33. Section 101.295, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 amended to read: 101.295 Penalties for violation. --13 (1) Any member of a governing body which purchases or 14 sells voting equipment in violation of the provisions of ss. 15 101.292-101.295, which member knowingly votes to purchase or 16 sell voting equipment in violation of the provisions of ss. 101.292-101.295, is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first 18 degree, punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, 19 and shall be subject to suspension from office on the grounds 2.0 21 of malfeasance. 22 (2) Any vendor, chief executive officer, or vendor 23 representative of voting equipment who provides a voting system, voting system component, or voting system upgrade in 2.4 violation of this chapter commits a felony of the third 2.5 26 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 27 s. 775.084. 2.8 Section 34. Section 101.49, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 30 101.49 Procedure of election officers where signatures

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(1) Whenever any clerk or inspector, upon a just
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    comparison of the signatures, doubts that the signature on the
    identification presented by the of any elector who presents
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   himself or herself at the polls to vote is the same as the
    signature of the elector affixed on the precinct register or
 5
   early voting certificate in the registration book, the clerk
 7
    or inspector shall deliver to the person an affidavit which
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    shall be in substantially the following form:
 9
10
   STATE OF FLORIDA,
   COUNTY OF ....
11
12
           I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that my name is ....;
13
    that I am .... years old; that I was born in the State of
    ....; that I am registered to vote, and at the time I
14
   registered I resided on .... Street, in the municipality of
15
    ..., County of ...., State of Florida; that I am a qualified
16
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   voter of the county and state aforesaid and have not voted in
    this election.
18
19
                                         ...(Signature of voter)...
           Sworn to and subscribed before me this .... day of
20
21
    ...., A. D....(year)....
22
                            ...(Clerk or inspector of election)...
                                                 Precinct No. ....
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                                                    County of .....
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           (2) The person shall fill out, in his or her own
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   handwriting or with assistance from a member of the election
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   board, the form and make an affidavit to the facts stated in
    the filled-in form; such affidavit shall then be sworn to and
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    subscribed before one of the inspectors or clerks of the
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   election who is authorized to administer the oath. Whenever
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the affidavit is made and filed with the clerk or inspector, the person shall then be admitted to cast his or her vote, but if the person fails or refuses to make out or file such affidavit and asserts his or her eliqibility, then he or she shall be entitled to vote a provisional ballot not be permitted to vote.

Section 35. Effective July 1, 2005, subsection (1) of section 101.51, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 11 of chapter 2002-281, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

101.51 Electors to occupy booth alone.--

vote, the election official shall ascertain whether the elector's name is upon the register of electors, and, if the elector's name appears and no challenge interposes, or, if interposed, be not sustained, one of the election officials stationed at the entrance shall announce the name of the elector and permit him or her to enter the booth or compartment to cast his or her vote, allowing only one elector at a time to pass through to vote. An elector, while casting his or her ballot, may not occupy a booth or compartment already occupied or speak with anyone, except as provided by s. 101.051, while in the polling place.

Section 36. Subsection (2) of section 101.5612, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5612 Testing of tabulating equipment.--

(2) On any day not more than 10 days prior to the commencement of early voting as provided in s. 101.657, the supervisor of elections shall have the automatic tabulating equipment publicly tested to ascertain that the equipment will correctly count the votes cast for all offices and on all measures. If the ballots to be used at the polling place on

election day are not available at the time of the testing, the 2 supervisor may conduct an additional test not more than 10 days before election day. Public notice of the time and place 3 of the test shall be given at least 48 hours prior thereto by 4 5 publication once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or, if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county, by posting the notice in at 8 least four conspicuous places in the county. The supervisor or the municipal elections official may, at the time of 9 qualifying, give written notice of the time and location of 10 the public preelection test to each candidate qualifying with 11 12 that office and obtain a signed receipt that the notice has 13 been given. The Department of State shall give written notice to each statewide candidate at the time of qualifying, or 14 immediately at the end of qualifying, that the voting 15 equipment will be tested and advise each candidate to contact 16 17 the county supervisor of elections as to the time and location 18 of the public preelection test. The supervisor or the municipal elections official shall, at least 15 days prior to 19 the commencement of early voting as provided in s. 101.657, 20 21 send written notice by certified mail to the county party 22 chair of each political party and to all candidates for other 23 than statewide office whose names appear on the ballot in the county and who did not receive written notification from the 2.4 supervisor or municipal elections official at the time of 25 qualifying, stating the time and location of the public 26 27 preelection test of the automatic tabulating equipment. The 2.8 canvassing board shall convene, and each member of the 29 canvassing board shall certify to the accuracy of the test. For the test, the canvassing board may designate one member to 30 represent it. The test shall be open to representatives of the

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political parties, the press, and the public. Each political party may designate one person with expertise in the computer field who shall be allowed in the central counting room when all tests are being conducted and when the official votes are being counted. The designee shall not interfere with the normal operation of the canvassing board.

Section 37. Section 101.572, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.572 Public inspection of ballots.--The official ballots and ballot cards received from election boards and removed from absentee ballot mailing envelopes shall be open for public inspection or examination while in the custody of the supervisor of elections or the county canvassing board at any reasonable time, under reasonable conditions; however, no persons other than the supervisor of elections or his or her employees or the county canvassing board shall handle any official ballot or ballot card. If the ballots are being examined prior to the end of the contest period in s. 102.168, the supervisor of elections shall make a reasonable effort to notify all candidates whose names appear on such ballots or ballot cards by telephone or otherwise of the time and place of the inspection or examination. All such candidates, or their representatives, shall be allowed to be present during the inspection or examination.

Section 38. Section 101.58, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.58 Supervising and observing registration and election processes.--

(1) The Department of State may, at any time it deems fit; upon the petition of 5 percent of the registered electors; or upon the petition of any candidate, county

executive committee chair, state committeeman or 2 committeewoman, or state executive committee chair, appoint one or more deputies whose duties shall be to observe and 3 examine the registration and election processes and the 4 5 condition, custody, and operation of voting systems and 6 equipment in any county or municipality. The deputy shall have 7 access to all registration books and records as well as any 8 other records or procedures relating to the voting process. 9 The deputy may supervise preparation of the voting equipment and procedures for election, and it shall be unlawful for any 10 person to obstruct the deputy in the performance of his or her 11 12 duty. The deputy shall file with the Department of State a 13 report of his or her findings and observations of the registration and election processes in the county or 14 municipality, and a copy of the report shall also be filed 15 with the clerk of the circuit court of said county. The 16 17 compensation of such deputies shall be fixed by the Department 18 of State; and costs incurred under this section shall be paid from the annual operating appropriation made to the Department 19 of State. 20 (2) Upon the written direction of the Secretary of 2.1 22 State, any employee of the Department of State having 23 expertise in the matter of concern to the Secretary of State shall have full access to all premises, records, equipment, 2.4 and staff of the supervisor of elections. 25 Section 39. Subsection (1) of section 101.595, Florida 26 27 Statutes, is amended to read: 2.8 101.595 Analysis and reports of voting problems. --29 (1) No later than December 15 of each general election

year, the supervisor of elections in each county shall report

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undervotes in the "President and Vice President" or "Governor and Lieutenant Governor" race that appears first on the ballot or, if neither appears, the first race appearing on the ballot pursuant to s. 101.151(2), along with the likely reasons for such overvotes and undervotes and other information as may be useful in evaluating the performance of the voting system and identifying problems with ballot design and instructions which may have contributed to voter confusion.

Section 40. Section 101.6103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.6103 Mail ballot election procedure.--

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection(7)

 (6), the supervisor of elections shall mail all official ballots with a secrecy envelope, a return mailing envelope, and instructions sufficient to describe the voting process to each elector entitled to vote in the election not sooner than the 20th day before the election and not later than the 10th day before the date of the election. All such ballots shall be mailed by first-class mail. Ballots shall be addressed to each elector at the address appearing in the registration records and placed in an envelope which is prominently marked "Do Not Forward."
- (2) Upon receipt of the ballot the elector shall mark the ballot, place it in the secrecy envelope, sign the return mailing envelope supplied with the ballot, and comply with the instructions provided with the ballot. The elector shall mail, deliver, or have delivered the marked ballot so that it reaches the supervisor of elections no later than 7 p.m. on the day of the election. The ballot must be returned in the return mailing envelope.

1	(3) The return mailing envelope shall contain a							
2	statement in substantially the following form:							
3								
4	VOTER'S CERTIFICATE							
5								
6	I, (Print Name), do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I							
7	am a qualified voter in this election and that I have not and							
8	will not vote more than one ballot in this election.							
9	I understand that failure to sign this certificate and							
10	give my residence address will invalidate my ballot.							
11	(Signature)							
12	(Residence Address)							
13								
14	(4) If the ballot is destroyed, spoiled, lost, or not							
15	received by the elector, the elector may obtain a replacement							
16	ballot from the supervisor of elections as provided in this							
17	subsection. An elector seeking a replacement ballot shall							
18	sign a sworn statement that the ballot was destroyed, spoiled,							
19	lost, or not received and present such statement to the							
20	supervisor of elections prior to 7 p.m. on the day of the							
21	election. The supervisor of elections shall keep a record of							
22	each replacement ballot provided under this subsection.							
23	(5) A ballot shall be counted only if:							
24	(a) It is returned in the return mailing envelope;							
25	(b) The elector's signature has been verified as							
26	provided in this subsection; and							
27	(c) It is received by the supervisor of elections not							
28	later than 7 p.m. on the day of the election.							
29								
30	The supervisor of elections shall verify the signature of each							
31	elector on the return mailing envelope with the signature on							

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the elector's registration records. Such verification may commence at any time prior to the canvass of votes. The supervisor of elections shall safely keep the ballot unopened in his or her office until the county canvassing board canvasses the vote. If the supervisor of elections determines that an elector to whom a replacement ballot has been issued under subsection (4) has voted more than once, the canvassing board shall determine which ballot, if any, is to be counted.

(6) The canvassing board may begin the canvassing of mail ballots at 7 a.m. on the fourth day before the election, including processing the ballots through the tabulating equipment. However, results may not be released until after 7 p.m. on election day. Any canvassing board member or election employee who releases any result before 7 p.m. on election day commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(7)(6) With respect to absent electors overseas entitled to vote in the election, the supervisor of elections shall mail an official ballot with a secrecy envelope, a return mailing envelope, and instructions sufficient to describe the voting process to each such elector on a date sufficient to allow such elector time to vote in the election and to have his or her marked ballot reach the supervisor by 7 p.m. on the day of the election.

Section 41. Section 101.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.62 Request for absentee ballots.--

(1)(a) The supervisor may accept a request for an absentee ballot from an elector in person or in writing. Except as provided in s. 101.694, one request shall be deemed sufficient to receive an absentee ballot for all elections

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which are held within a calendar year, unless the elector or the elector's designee indicates at the time the request is made the elections for which the elector desires to receive an absentee ballot. Such request may be considered canceled when any first-class mail sent by the supervisor to the elector is returned as undeliverable.

- (b) The supervisor may accept a written or telephonic request for an absentee ballot from the elector, or, if directly instructed by the elector, a member of the elector's immediate family, or the elector's legal guardian. For purposes of this section, the term "immediate family" has the same meaning as specified in paragraph (4)(b). The person making the request must disclose:
- The name of the elector for whom the ballot is requested;
 - 2. The elector's address;
 - 3. The elector's date of birth;
 - 4. The requester's name;
- 19 5. The requester's address;
 - 6. The requester's driver's license number, if available;
 - 7. The requester's relationship to the elector; and
 - 8. The requester's signature (written requests only).
 - (2) If A request for an absentee ballot to be mailed to a voter must be is received no later than 5 p.m. on the sixth day after the Friday before the election by the supervisor of elections from an absent elector overseas, the supervisor shall send a notice to the elector acknowledging receipt of his or her request and notifying the elector that the ballot will not be forwarded due to insufficient time for return of the ballot by the required deadline. The supervisor

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of elections shall mail absentee ballots to voters requesting ballots by such deadline no later than 4 days before the election.

- (3) For each request for an absentee ballot received, the supervisor shall record the date the request was made, the date the absentee ballot was delivered to the voter or the voter's designee or the date the absentee ballot was delivered to the post office or other carrier or mailed, the date the ballot was received by the supervisor, and such other information he or she may deem necessary. This information shall be confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and shall be made available to or reproduced only for the voter requesting the ballot, a canvassing board, an election official, a political party or official thereof, a candidate who has filed qualification papers and is opposed in an upcoming election, and registered political committees or registered committees of continuous existence, for political purposes only.
- (4)(a) To each absent qualified elector overseas who has requested an absentee ballot, the supervisor of elections shall, not fewer than 35 days before the first primary election, mail an absentee ballot. Not fewer than 45 days before the second primary and general election, the supervisor of elections shall mail an absentee ballot. If the reqular absentee ballots are not available, the supervisor shall mail an advance absentee ballot to those persons requesting ballots for such elections. The advance absentee ballot for the second primary shall be the same as the first primary absentee ballot as to the names of candidates, except that for any offices where there are only two candidates, those offices and all political party executive committee offices shall be

omitted. Except as provided in ss. 99.063(4) and 100.371(8) 2 100.371(6), the advance absentee ballot for the general election shall be as specified in s. 101.151, except that in 3 the case of candidates of political parties where nominations 4 were not made in the first primary, the names of the 5 6 candidates placing first and second in the first primary 7 election shall be printed on the advance absentee ballot. The 8 advance absentee ballot or advance absentee ballot information booklet shall be of a different color for each election and 9 also a different color from the absentee ballots for the first 10 primary, second primary, and general election. The supervisor 11 12 shall mail an advance absentee ballot for the second primary 13 and general election to each qualified absent elector for whom a request is received until the absentee ballots are printed. 14 The supervisor shall enclose with the advance second primary 15 absentee ballot and advance general election absentee ballot 16 17 an explanation stating that the absentee ballot for the 18 election will be mailed as soon as it is printed; and, if both the advance absentee ballot and the absentee ballot for the 19 election are returned in time to be counted, only the absentee 20 21 ballot will be counted. The Department of State may prescribe 22 by rule the requirements for preparing and mailing absentee 23 ballots to absent qualified electors overseas.

- (b) As soon as the remainder of the absentee ballots are printed, the supervisor shall provide an absentee ballot to each elector by whom a request for that ballot has been made by one of the following means:
- 1. By nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to the elector's current mailing address on file with the supervisor, unless the elector specifies in the request that:

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- a. The elector is absent from the county and does not plan to return before the day of the election;
- b. The elector is temporarily unable to occupy the residence because of hurricane, tornado, flood, fire, or other emergency or natural disaster; or
- c. The elector is in a hospital, assisted-living facility, nursing home, short-term medical or rehabilitation facility, or correctional facility,

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- in which case the supervisor shall mail the ballot by nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to any other address the elector specifies in the request.
- 2. By forwardable mail to voters who are entitled to vote by absentee ballot under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act.
- 3. By personal delivery <u>before 7 p.m. on election day</u> to the elector, upon presentation of the identification required in s. 101.657.
- 4. By delivery to a designee on election day or up to 4 days prior to the day of an election. Any elector may designate in writing a person to pick up the ballot for the elector; however, the person designated may not pick up more than two absentee ballots per election, other than the designee's own ballot, except that additional ballots may be picked up for members of the designee's immediate family. For purposes of this section, "immediate family" means the designee's spouse or the parent, child, grandparent, or sibling of the designee or of the designee's spouse. The designee shall provide to the supervisor the written authorization by the elector and a picture identification of the designee and must complete an affidavit. The designee

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shall state in the affidavit that the designee is authorized by the elector to pick up that ballot and shall indicate if the elector is a member of the designee's immediate family and, if so, the relationship. The department shall prescribe the form of the affidavit. If the supervisor is satisfied that the designee is authorized to pick up the ballot and that the signature of the elector on the written authorization matches the signature of the elector on file, the supervisor shall give the ballot to that designee for delivery to the elector.

- (5) In the event that the Elections Canvassing Commission is unable to certify the results of an election for a state office in time to comply with subsection (4), the Department of State is authorized to prescribe rules for a ballot to be sent to absent electors overseas.
- (6) Nothing other than the materials necessary to vote absentee shall be mailed or delivered with any absentee ballot.
- 18 Section 42. Section 101.64, Florida Statutes, is 19 amended to read:
 - 101.64 Delivery of absentee ballots; envelopes; form.--
 - (1) The supervisor shall enclose with each absentee ballot two envelopes: a secrecy envelope, into which the absent elector shall enclose his or her marked ballot; and a mailing envelope, into which the absent elector shall then place the secrecy envelope, which shall be addressed to the supervisor and also bear on the back side a certificate in substantially the following form:

Note: Please Read Instructions Carefully Before
Marking Ballot and Completing Voter's Certificate.

1								
2	VOTER'S CERTIFICATE							
3	I,, do solemnly swear or affirm that I am a							
4	qualified and registered voter of County, Florida, and							
5	that I have not and will not vote more than one ballot in this							
6	election. I understand that if I commit or attempt to commit							
7	any fraud in connection with voting, vote a fraudulent ballot,							
8	or vote more than once in an election, I can be convicted of a							
9	felony of the third degree and fined up to \$5,000 and/or							
10	imprisoned for up to 5 years. I also understand that failure							
11	to sign this certificate will invalidate my ballot.							
12								
13	(Date)(Voter's Signature)							
14								
15	(2) The certificate shall be arranged on the back of							
16	the mailing envelope so that the line for the signature of the							
17	absent elector is across the seal of the envelope; however, no							
18	statement shall appear on the envelope which indicates that a							
19	signature of the voter must cross the seal of the envelope.							
20	The absent elector shall execute the certificate on the							
21	envelope.							
22	(3) In lieu of the voter's certificate provided in							
23	this section, the supervisor of elections shall provide each							
24	person voting absentee under the Uniformed and Overseas							
25	Citizens Absentee Voting Act with the standard oath prescribed							
26	by the presidential designee.							
27	Section 43. Subsection (2) of section 101.663, Florida							
28	Statutes, is amended to read:							
29	101.663 Electors; change of residence							
30	(2) An elector registered in this state who moves his							

31 or her permanent residence to another state <u>after the</u>

registration books in that state have closed and who is 2 prohibited by the laws of that state from voting for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States 3 shall be permitted to vote absentee in the county of his or 4 her former residence for the offices of President and Vice 5 President of the United States those offices. 7 Section 44. Subsection (1) of section 101.68, Florida 8 Statutes, is amended to read: 101.68 Canvassing of absentee ballot.--9 10 (1) The supervisor of the county where the absent elector resides shall receive the voted ballot, at which time 11 12 the supervisor shall compare the signature of the elector on 13 the voter's certificate with the signature of the elector in the registration books to determine whether the elector is 14 duly registered in the county and may record on the elector's 15 registration certificate that the elector has voted. The 16 17 supervisor shall safely keep the ballot unopened in his or her 18 office until the county canvassing board canvasses the vote. After an absentee ballot is received by the supervisor, the 19 ballot is deemed to have been cast, and changes or additions 2.0 21 may not be made to the voter's certificate. 22 Section 45. Section 101.69, Florida Statutes, is 23 amended to read: 101.69 Voting in person; return of absentee 2.4 ballot.--The provisions of this code shall not be construed to 2.5 prohibit any elector from voting in person at the elector's 26 27 precinct on the day of an election or at an early voting site, 2.8 notwithstanding that the elector has requested an absentee ballot for that election. An elector who has returned a voted 29

absentee ballot to the supervisor, however, is deemed to have

cast his or her ballot and is not entitled to vote another

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ballot or to have a provisional ballot counted by the county
canvassing board. An elector who has received an absentee
ballot and has not returned the voted ballot to the
supervisor, but desires to vote in person, shall return the
ballot, whether voted or not, to the election board in the
elector's precinct or to an early voting site. The returned
ballot shall be marked "canceled" by the board and placed with
other canceled ballots. However, if the elector does not
return the ballot and the election official:

- (1) Confirms that the supervisor has received the elector's absentee ballot, the elector shall not be allowed to vote in person. If the elector maintains that he or she has not returned the absentee ballot or remains eliqible to vote, the elector shall be provided a provisional ballot as provided in s. 101.048.
- (2) Confirms that the supervisor has not received the elector's absentee ballot, the elector shall be allowed to vote in person as provided in this code. The elector's absentee ballot, if subsequently received, shall not be counted and shall remain in the mailing envelope, and the envelope shall be marked "Rejected as Illegal."
- (3) Cannot determine whether the supervisor has received the elector's absentee ballot, the elector may vote a provisional ballot as provided in s. 101.048.
- Section 46. Section 101.6923, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 27 101.6923 Special absentee ballot instructions for 28 certain first-time voters.--
 - (1) The provisions of this section apply to voters who registered to vote by mail, who have not previously voted in the county, and who have not provided the identification or

information required by s. 97.0535 by the time the absentee ballot is mailed.

(2) A voter covered by this section shall be provided with the following printed instructions with his or her absentee ballot in substantially the following form:

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE

MARKING YOUR BALLOT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE

INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO

COUNT.

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- 1. In order to ensure that your absentee ballot will be counted, it should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 7 p.m. on the date of the election.
- 2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the ballot. You must mark your own ballot unless you are unable to do so because of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write.
- 3. Mark only the number of candidates or issue choices for a race as indicated on the ballot. If you are allowed to "Vote for One" candidate and you vote for more than one, your vote in that race will not be counted.
- 4. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy envelope and seal the envelope.
- 5. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate. Seal the envelope and completely fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the envelope.

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- a. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).
 - b. If you are an overseas voter, you must include the date you signed the Voter's Certificate on the line above (Date) or your ballot may not be counted.
 - 6. Unless you meet one of the exemptions in Item 7., you must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:
 - a. Identification which must include your name and photograph: current and valid Florida driver's license; Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; United States passport; employee badge or identification; buyer's club identification card; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; entertainment identification; or public assistance identification; or
 - b. Identification which shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding voter identification card).
 - 7. The identification requirements of Item 6. do not apply if you meet one of the following requirements:
 - a. You are 65 years of age or older.
 - b. You have a temporary or permanent physical disability.
 - c. You are a member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by reason of such active duty, will be absent from the county on election day.

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- d. You are a member of the Merchant Marine who, by reason of service in the Merchant Marine, will be absent from the county on election day.
- e. You are the spouse or dependent of a member referred to in paragraph c. or paragraph d. who, by reason of the active duty or service of the member, will be absent from the county on election day.
- $\label{eq:f. You are currently residing outside the United} \\$ States.
- 8. Place the envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate into the mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. DO NOT PUT YOUR IDENTIFICATION INSIDE THE SECRECY ENVELOPE WITH THE BALLOT OR INSIDE THE ENVELOPE WHICH BEARS THE VOTER'S CERTIFICATE OR YOUR BALLOT WILL NOT COUNT.
- 9. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed mailing envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed.
- 10. FELONY NOTICE. It is a felony under Florida law to accept any gift, payment, or gratuity in exchange for your vote for a candidate. It is also a felony under Florida law to vote in an election using a false identity or false address, or under any other circumstances making your ballot false or fraudulent.
- 25 Section 47. Subsection (3) of section 101.694, Florida 26 Statutes, is amended to read:
- 27 101.694 Mailing of ballots upon receipt of federal 28 postcard application.--
- 29 (3) Absentee envelopes printed for voters entitled to
 30 vote absentee under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens
 31 Absentee Voting Act shall meet the specifications as

1	determined by the Federal Voting Assistance Program of the
2	United States Department of Defense and the United States
3	Postal Service. There shall be printed across the face of each
4	envelope in which a ballot is sent to a federal postcard
5	applicant, or is returned by such applicant to the supervisor,
6	two parallel horizontal red bars, each one quarter inch wide,
7	extending from one side of the envelope to the other side,
8	with an intervening space of one quarter inch, the top bar to
9	be 1 1/4 inches from the top of the envelope, and with the
10	words "Official Election Balloting Material via Air Mail," or
11	similar language, between the bars. There shall be printed in
12	the upper right corner of each such envelope, in a box, the
13	words "Free of U. S. Postage, including Air Mail." All
14	printing on the face of each envelope shall be in red, and
15	there shall be printed in red in the upper left corner of each
16	ballot envelope an appropriate inscription or blanks for
17	return address of sender. Additional specifications may be
18	prescribed by rule of the Division of Elections upon
19	recommendation of the presidential designee under the
20	Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act.
21	Otherwise, the envelopes shall be the same as those used in
22	sending ballots to, or receiving them from, other absentee
23	voters.
24	Section 48. Section 101.697, Florida Statutes, is
25	amended to read:
26	101.697 Electronic transmission of election
27	materialsThe Department of State shall determine whether
28	secure electronic means can be established for receiving
29	ballots from overseas voters. If such security can be
30	established, the department shall adopt rules to authorize a
31	supervisor of elections to accept from an overseas voter a

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request for an absentee ballot <u>or</u> and a voted absentee ballot by <u>secure</u> facsimile machine <u>transmission</u> or other <u>secure</u> electronic means <u>from overseas voters</u>. The rules must provide that in order to accept a voted ballot, the verification of the voter must be established, the security of the transmission must be established, and each ballot received must be recorded.

Section 49. Section 102.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.012 Inspectors and clerks to conduct elections.--

(1) The supervisor of elections of each county, at least 20 days prior to the holding of any election, shall appoint an election board comprised of poll workers who serve as clerks or inspectors two election boards for each precinct in the county; however, the supervisor of elections may, in any election, appoint one election board if the supervisor has reason to believe that only one is necessary. The clerk shall be in charge of, and responsible for, seeing that the election board carries out its duties and responsibilities. Each inspector and each clerk shall take and subscribe to an oath or affirmation, which shall be written or printed, to the effect that he or she will perform the duties of inspector or clerk of election, respectively, according to law and will endeavor to prevent all fraud, deceit, or abuse in conducting the election. The oath may be taken before an officer authorized to administer oaths or before any of the persons who are to act as inspectors, one of them to swear the others, and one of the others sworn thus, in turn, to administer the oath to the one who has not been sworn. The oaths shall be returned with the poll list and the returns of the election to the supervisor. In all questions that may arise before the

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members of an election board, the decision of a majority of them shall decide the question. The supervisor of elections of each county shall be responsible for the attendance and diligent performance of his or her duties by each clerk and inspector.

- (2) Each member of the election board shall be able to read and write the English language and shall be a registered qualified elector of the county in which the member is appointed or a person who has preregistered to vote, pursuant to s. 97.041(1)(b), in the county in which the member is appointed. No election board shall be composed solely of members of one political party; however, in any primary in which only one party has candidates appearing on the ballot, all clerks and inspectors may be of that party. Any person whose name appears as an opposed candidate for any office shall not be eligible to serve on an election board.
- (3) The supervisor shall furnish inspectors of election for each precinct with the <u>list of registered voters</u> for the precinct registration books divided alphabetically as will best facilitate the holding of an election. The supervisor shall also furnish to the inspectors of election at the polling place at each precinct in the supervisor's county a sufficient number of forms and blanks for use on election day.
- (4) (4) (a) The election board of each precinct shall attend the polling place by 6 a.m. of the day of the election and shall arrange the furniture, stationery, and voting equipment.
- (b) The An election board shall conduct the voting, beginning and closing at the time set forth in s. 100.011. If more than one board has been appointed, the second board

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shall, upon the closing of the polls, come on duty and count the votes cast. In such case, the first board shall turn over to the second board all closed ballot boxes, registration books, and other records of the election at the time the boards change. The second board shall continue counting until the count is complete or until 7 a.m. the next morning, and, if the count is not completed at that time, the first board that conducted the election shall again report for duty and complete the count. The second board shall turn over to the first board all ballots counted, all ballots not counted, and all registration books and other records and shall advise the first board as to what has transpired in tabulating the results of the election. In precincts in which there are more than 1,000 registered electors, the supervisor of elections shall appoint additional election boards necessary for the election. (6) In any precinct in which there are fewer than 300 registered electors, it is not necessary to appoint two election boards, but one such board will suffice. Such board shall be composed of at least one inspector and one clerk. Section 50. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (5) of section 102.014, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 102.014 Poll worker recruitment and training.--(1) The supervisor of elections shall conduct training for inspectors, clerks, and deputy sheriffs prior to each primary, general, and special election for the purpose of instructing such persons in their duties and responsibilities as election officials. The Division of Elections shall develop a statewide uniform training curriculum for poll workers, and each supervisor shall use such curriculum in training poll

workers. A certificate may be issued by the supervisor of

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elections to each person completing such training. No person shall serve as an inspector, clerk, or deputy sheriff for an election unless such person has completed the training as required. A clerk may not work at the polls unless he or she demonstrates a working knowledge of the laws and procedures relating to voter registration, voting system operation, balloting and polling place procedures, and problem-solving and conflict-resolution skills.

- (2) A person who has attended previous training conducted within 2 years before the election may be appointed by the supervisor to fill a vacancy on an election board day. If no person with prior training is available to fill such vacancy, the supervisor of elections may fill such vacancy in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) from among persons who have not received the training required by this section.
- (3) In the case of absence or refusal to act on the part of any inspector or clerk at any precinct on the day of an election, the supervisor shall appoint a replacement who meets the qualifications prescribed in s. 102.012(2). The inspector or clerk so appointed shall be a member of the same political party as the clerk or inspector whom he or she replaces.
- (5) The Department of State shall create a uniform polling place procedures manual and adopt the manual by rule. Each supervisor of elections shall ensure that the manual is available in hard copy or electronic form in every polling place precinct in the supervisor's jurisdiction on election day. The manual shall guide inspectors, clerks, and deputy sheriffs in the proper implementation of election procedures and laws. The manual shall be indexed by subject, and written

in plain, clear, unambiguous language. The manual shall provide specific examples of common problems encountered at the polls on election day, and detail specific procedures for 3 resolving those problems. The manual shall include, without limitation: 5 6 (a) Regulations governing solicitation by individuals and groups at the polling place; 8 (b) Procedures to be followed with respect to voters 9 whose names are not on the precinct register; 10 (c) Proper operation of the voting system; (d) Ballot handling procedures; 11 12 (e) Procedures governing spoiled ballots; 13 (f) Procedures to be followed after the polls close; (g) Rights of voters at the polls; 14 (h) Procedures for handling emergency situations; 15 (i) Procedures for dealing with irate voters; 16 17 (j) The handling and processing of provisional 18 ballots; and 19 (k) Security procedures. 20 21 The Department of State shall revise the manual as necessary to address new procedures in law or problems encountered by 23 voters and poll workers at the precincts. Section 51. Section 102.031, Florida Statutes, is 2.4 amended to read: 2.5 102.031 Maintenance of good order at polls; 26 27 authorities; persons allowed in polling rooms and early voting 2.8 areas; unlawful solicitation of voters.--29 (1) Each election board shall possess full authority 30 to maintain order at the polls and enforce obedience to its

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lawful commands during an election and the canvass of the votes.

- (2) The sheriff shall deputize a deputy sheriff for each polling place and each early voting site who shall be present during the time the polls or early voting sites are open and until the election is completed, who shall be subject to all lawful commands of the clerk or inspectors, and who shall maintain good order. The deputy may summon assistance from among bystanders to aid him or her when necessary to maintain peace and order at the polls or early voting sites.
- (3)(a) No person may enter any polling room or polling place where the polling place is also a polling room, or any early voting area during voting hours except the following:
 - 1. Official poll watchers;
 - 2. Inspectors;
 - 3. Election clerks;
 - 4. The supervisor of elections or his or her deputy;
- 5. Persons there to vote, persons in the care of a voter, or persons caring for such voter;
- 6. Law enforcement officers or emergency service personnel there with permission of the clerk or a majority of the inspectors; or
- 7. A person, whether or not a registered voter, who is assisting with or participating in a simulated election for minors, as approved by the supervisor of elections.
- (b) The restriction in this subsection does not apply where the polling room is in an area commonly traversed by the public in order to gain access to businesses or homes or in an area traditionally utilized as a public area for discussion.
- (4)(a)(c) No person, political committee, committee of continuous existence, or other group or organization may

solicit voters inside the polling place or within 100 50 feet of the entrance to any polling place, or polling room where the polling place is also a polling room, or early voting 3 site. Before the opening of the polling place or early voting 4 site, the clerk or supervisor shall designate the 5 no-solicitation zone and mark the boundaries. on the day of 7 any election. 8 Solicitation shall not be restricted if: 9 Conducted from a separately marked area within the 10 50 foot zone so as not to disturb, hinder, impede, obstruct, 11 interfere with voter access to the polling place or polling 12 room entrance; and 13 b. The solicitation activities and subject matter clearly and easily identifiable by the voters as an activity 14 15 in which they may voluntarily participate; or 16 c. Conducted on property within the 50 foot zone which is a residence, established business, private property, 17 18 sidewalk, park, or property traditionally utilized as a public area for discussion. 19 2. Solicitation shall not be permitted within the 20 21 50 foot zone on a public sidewalk or other similar means of 22 access to the polling room if it is clearly identifiable to 23 the poll workers that the solicitation is impeding, 2.4 obstructing, or interfering with voter access to the polling 2.5 room or polling place. (b)(d) For the purpose of this subsection, the term 26 27 "solicit" shall include, but not be limited to, seeking or 2.8 attempting to seek any vote, fact, opinion, or contribution;

distributing or attempting to distribute any political or

campaign material, leaflet, or handout; conducting a poll;

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seeking or attempting to seek a signature on any petition; and selling or attempting to sell any item.

(c)(e) Each supervisor of elections shall inform the clerk of each precinct of the area within which soliciting is unlawful, based on the particular characteristics of that polling place. The supervisor or the clerk may take any reasonable action necessary to ensure order at the polling places, including, but not limited to, which shall include:

- 1. Designating a specific area for soliciting pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subsection, or
- $\frac{2}{2}$ having disruptive and unruly persons removed by law enforcement officers from the polling room or place or from the $\frac{100-\text{foot}}{2}$ 50 foot zone surrounding the polling place.
- (5) No photography is permitted in the polling room or early voting area.
- Section 52. Section 102.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 102.071 Tabulation of votes and proclamation of results where ballots are used.--
- 20 (1) Beginning the 60th day before each election or 5
 21 days following a primary election, whichever is sooner, each
- 22 supervisor of elections shall post on its website in a manner
- 23 specified by the Division of Elections and make publicly
- 24 available the total number of absentee ballots requested,
- 25 mailed, and returned, and the total number of rejected ballots
- 26 for that election as of that date. For any supervisor of
- 27 elections who does not maintain a website, the Division of
- 28 Elections shall post the required information on its website.
- 29 This information shall be posted with the results broken down
- 30 by party affiliation. Each supervisor of elections shall
- 31 prepare an electronic data file listing the individual voters

who have requested an absentee ballot, have been mailed an 2 absentee ballot, or have returned an absentee ballot. This information shall be updated and made available no later than 3 4 noon each day. Such information shall contemporaneously be provided to the Division of Elections. The Division of 5 6 Elections may adopt rules to administer this subsection. The 7 Division of Elections may require that such information be 8 provided to it electronically and in a manner specified by the Division of Elections. 9 10 (2) During any early voting period, each supervisor of elections shall post on its website in a manner specified by 11 12 the Division of Elections and make publicly available the total number of early votes by party affiliation and the total 13 number of all early votes cast at each early voting location 14 for all voters who cast a ballot during early voting the 15 previous day. For any supervisor of elections who does not 16 maintain a website, the Division of Elections shall post the 18 required information on its website. Each supervisor of elections shall prepare an electronic data file listing the 19 individual voters who cast a ballot during the early voting 2.0 21 period. This information shall be updated and made available 2.2 no later than noon each day. Such information shall 23 contemporaneously be provided to the Division of Elections. The Division of Elections may adopt rules to administer this 2.4 subsection. The Division of Elections may require that such 2.5 information be provided to it electronically and in a manner 26 27 specified by the Division of Elections. 2.8 (3) The election board shall post at the polls, for the benefit of the public, the results of the voting for each 29 office or other item on the ballot as the count is completed. 30

Upon completion of all counts in all races, a certificate

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triplicate certificates of the results shall be drawn up by 2 the inspectors and clerk at each precinct upon a form provided by the supervisor of elections which shall contain the name of 3 each person voted for, for each office, and the number of 4 votes cast for each person for such office; and, if any 5 question is submitted, the certificate shall also contain the number of votes cast for and against the question. The 8 certificate shall be signed by the inspectors and clerk and-9 and one of the certificates shall be delivered without delay by one of the inspectors, securely sealed, to the supervisor 10 for immediate publication; the duplicate copy of the 11 12 certificate shall be delivered to the county court judge; and 13 the remaining copy shall be enclosed in the ballot box together with the oaths of inspectors and clerks. All the 14 ballot boxes, ballots, ballot stubs, memoranda, and papers of 15 all kinds used in the election shall also be transmitted, 16 17 after being sealed by the inspectors, to with the certificates 18 of result of the election to be filed in the supervisor's office. Registration books and the poll lists shall not be 19 placed in the ballot boxes but shall be returned to the 20 21 supervisor. 22 Section 53. Section 102.111, Florida Statutes, is 23 amended to read: 102.111 Elections Canvassing Commission. --2.4 (1) The Elections Canvassing Commission shall consist 25 of the Governor and two members of the Cabinet selected by the 26

Governor. If a member of the Elections Canvassing Commission

is unable to serve for any reason, the Governor shall appoint

vacancy, the remaining members of the commission shall agree

a remaining member of the Cabinet. If there is a further

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Canvassing Commission shall, as soon as the official results 2 are compiled from all counties, certify the returns of the election and determine and declare who has been elected for 3 each federal, state, and multicounty office. If a member of a 4 5 county canvassing board that was constituted pursuant to s. 6 102.141 determines, within 5 days after the certification by 7 the Elections Canvassing Commission, that a typographical 8 error occurred in the official returns of the county, the correction of which could result in a change in the outcome of 9 an election, the county canvassing board must certify 10 corrected returns to the Department of State within 24 hours, 11 12 and the Elections Canvassing Commission must correct and 13 recertify the election returns as soon as practicable. (2) The Division of Elections shall provide the staff 14 services required by the Elections Canvassing Commission. 15 Section 54. Section 102.112, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 amended to read: 102.112 Deadline for submission of county returns to 18 the Department of State. --19 (1) The county canvassing board or a majority thereof 20 21 shall file the county returns for the election of a federal or 22 state officer with the Department of State immediately after 23 certification of the election results. The returns must contain a certification by the canvassing board that the board 2.4 has reconciled the number of persons who voted with the number 25 of ballots counted and that the certification includes all 26 27 valid votes cast in the election. 2.8 (2) Returns must be filed by 5 p.m. on the 7th day

following a primary election and by 5 p.m. on the 11th day following the general election. However, the Department of

State may correct typographical errors, including the

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transposition of numbers, in any returns submitted to the Department of State pursuant to s. 102.111(1).

- (3) If the returns are not received by the department by the time specified, such returns shall be ignored and the results on file at that time shall be certified by the department.
- (4) If the returns are not received by the department due to an emergency, as defined in s. 101.732, the Elections Canvassing Commission shall determine the deadline by which the returns must be received.
- Section 55. Section 102.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 102.141 County canvassing board; duties .--
- (1) The county canvassing board shall be composed of the supervisor of elections; a county court judge, who shall act as chair; and the chair of the board of county commissioners. In the event any member of the county canvassing board is unable to serve, is a candidate who has opposition in the election being canvassed, or is an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate who has opposition in the election being canvassed, such member shall be replaced as follows:
- (a) If no county court judge is able to serve or if all are disqualified, the chief judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall appoint as a substitute member a qualified elector of the county who is not a candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed and who is not an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed. In such event, the members of the county canvassing board shall meet and elect a chair.

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- (b) If the supervisor of elections is unable to serve or is disqualified, the chair of the board of county commissioners shall appoint as a substitute member a member of the board of county commissioners who is not a candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed and who is not an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed. The supervisor, however, shall act in an advisory capacity to the canvassing board.
- (c) If the chair of the board of county commissioners is unable to serve or is disqualified, the board of county commissioners shall appoint as a substitute member one of its members who is not a candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed and who is not an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed.
- (d) If a substitute member cannot be appointed as provided elsewhere in this subsection, the chief judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall appoint as a substitute member a qualified elector of the county who is not a candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed and who is not an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed.
- (2) The county canvassing board shall meet in a building accessible to the public in the county where the election occurred at a time and place to be designated by the supervisor of elections to publicly canvass the absentee electors' ballots as provided for in s. 101.68 and provisional ballots as provided by ss. 101.048, 101.049, and 101.6925. Provisional ballots cast pursuant to s. 101.049 shall be

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canvassed in a manner that votes for candidates and issues on those ballots can be segregated from other votes. Public notice of the time and place at which the county canvassing board shall meet to canvass the absentee electors' ballots and provisional ballots shall be given at least 48 hours prior thereto by publication once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or, if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county, by posting such notice in at least four conspicuous places in the county. As soon as the absentee electors' ballots and the provisional ballots are canvassed, the board shall proceed to publicly canvass the vote given each candidate, nominee, constitutional amendment, or other measure submitted to the electorate of the county, as shown by the returns then on file in the office of the supervisor of elections and the office of the county court judge.

electors' returns and the canvass of provisional ballots, shall be made from the returns and certificates of the inspectors as signed and filed by them with the county court judge and supervisor, respectively, and the county canvassing board shall not change the number of votes cast for a candidate, nominee, constitutional amendment, or other measure submitted to the electorate of the county, respectively, in any polling place, as shown by the returns. All returns shall be made to the board on or before 2 a.m. of the day following any primary, general, special, or other election. If the returns from any precinct are missing, if there are any omissions on the returns from any precinct, or if there is an obvious error on any such returns, the canvassing board shall order a retabulation recount of the returns from such

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precinct. Before canvassing such returns, the canvassing board shall examine the tabulation of the ballots cast in such precinct and determine whether the returns correctly reflect the votes cast. If there is a discrepancy between the returns and the tabulation of the ballots cast, the tabulation of the ballots cast shall be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly.

- formats provided by the division unofficial returns to the Department of State for each federal, statewide, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure no later than noon on the third second day after any primary election and no later than noon on the fifth day after any, general, special, or other election. Such returns shall include the canvass of all ballots as required by subsection (2), except for provisional ballots, which returns shall be reported at the time required for official returns pursuant to s. 102.112(2).
- (5) If the county canvassing board determines that the unofficial returns may contain a counting error in which the vote tabulation system failed to count votes that were properly marked in accordance with the instructions on the ballot, the county canvassing board shall:
- (a) Correct the error and <u>retabulate</u> recount the affected ballots with the vote tabulation system; or
- (b) Request that the Department of State verify the tabulation software. When the Department of State verifies such software, the department shall compare the software used to tabulate the votes with the software filed with the department pursuant to s. 101.5607 and check the election parameters.

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- (6) If the unofficial returns reflect that a candidate for any office was defeated or eliminated by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office, that a candidate for retention to a judicial office was retained or not retained by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast on the question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the ballot was approved or rejected by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast on such measure, the board responsible for certifying the results of the vote on such race or measure shall order a recount of the votes cast with respect to such office or measure. The Elections Canvassing Commission is the board responsible for ordering federal, state, and multi county recounts. A recount need not be ordered with respect to the returns for any office, however, if the candidate or candidates defeated or eliminated from contention for such office by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office request in writing that a recount not be made.
- ballots, Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a recount shall put each <u>marksense</u> ballot through automatic tabulating equipment and determine whether the returns correctly reflect the votes cast. If any <u>marksense paper</u> ballot is physically damaged so that it cannot be properly counted by the automatic tabulating equipment during the recount, a true duplicate shall be made of the damaged ballot pursuant to the procedures in s. 101.5614(5). Immediately before the start of the recount and after completion of the count, a test of the tabulating equipment shall be conducted as provided in s. 101.5612. If the test indicates no error, the recount tabulation of the ballots cast shall be presumed

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correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly. If an error is detected, the cause therefor shall be ascertained and corrected and the recount repeated, as necessary. The canvassing board shall immediately report the error, along with the cause of the error and the corrective measures being taken, to the Department of State. No later than 11 days after the election, the canvassing board shall file a separate incident report with the Department of State, detailing the resolution of the matter and identifying any measures that will avoid a future recurrence of the error.

- paper ballots, Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a recount where touchscreen ballots were used shall examine the counters on the precinct tabulators to ensure that the total of the returns on the precinct tabulators equals the overall election return. If there is a discrepancy between the overall election return and the counters of the precinct tabulators, the counters of the precinct tabulators shall be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly.
- (c) The canvassing board shall submit on forms or in formats provided by the division a second set of unofficial returns to the Department of State for each federal, statewide, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure no later than 3 p.m. noon on the fifth third day after any primary election and no later than 3 p.m. on the eighth day after any qeneral election in which a recount was conducted pursuant to this subsection. If the canvassing board is unable to complete the recount prescribed in this subsection by the deadline, the second set of unofficial returns submitted by the canvassing board shall be identical to the initial

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unofficial returns and the submission shall also include a detailed explanation of why it was unable to timely complete the recount. However, the canvassing board shall complete the recount prescribed in this subsection, along with any manual recount prescribed in s. 102.166, and certify election returns in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.

- (d) The Department of State shall adopt detailed rules prescribing additional recount procedures for each certified voting system, which shall be uniform to the extent practicable.
- (7) The canvassing board may employ such clerical help to assist with the work of the board as it deems necessary, with at least one member of the board present at all times, until the canvass of the returns is completed. The clerical help shall be paid from the same fund as inspectors and other necessary election officials.
- (8)(a) At the same time that the <u>official</u> results of an election are certified to the Department of State, the county canvassing board shall file a report with the Division of Elections on the conduct of the election. The report <u>must</u> <u>describe:</u>
- 1. All equipment or software malfunctions at the precinct level, at a counting location, or within computer and telecommunications networks supporting a county location, and the steps that were taken to address the malfunctions;
- 2. All election definition errors that were discovered after the logic and accuracy test, and the steps that were taken to address the errors;
- 29 3. All ballot printing errors or ballot supply
 30 problems, and the steps that were taken to address the errors
 31 or problems;

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<u>:</u>	4.	All	staffing	short	tages	or	proced	dural	viola	tions	by
employe	es c	r pr	ecinct w	orkers	s whi	.ch v	vere ac	dress	sed by	the	
supervi	sor	of e	lections	or th	ne co	unty	z canva	assino	g boar	d duri	ing
the cond	duct	of	the elec	tion,	and	the	steps	that	were	taken	to
correct	suc	h is	sues;								

- 5. All instances where needs for staffing or equipment were insufficient to meet the needs of the voters; and
- 6. Any additional information regarding material issues or problems associated with the conduct of the election.
- information on any of the items required to be included in the report pursuant to paragraph (a) after the report is filed, the supervisor shall notify the division that new information has been discovered no later than the next business day after the discovery and the supervisor shall file an amended report signed by the supervisor of elections on the conduct of the election within 10 days after the discovery. shall contain information relating to any problems incurred as a result of equipment malfunctions either at the precinct level or at a counting location, any difficulties or unusual circumstances encountered by an election board or the canvassing board, and any other additional information which the canvassing board feels should be made a part of the official election record.
- (c) Such reports shall be maintained on file in the Division of Elections and shall be available for public inspection. The division shall utilize the reports submitted by the canvassing boards to determine what problems may be likely to occur in other elections and disseminate such information, along with possible solutions, to the supervisors of elections.

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outcome of the election.

(9) The supervisor shall file with the department a 2 copy of or an export file from the results database of the county's voting system and other statistical information as 3 may be required by the department, the Legislature, or the 4 Election Assistance Commission. The department shall adopt 5 6 rules establishing the required content and acceptable formats 7 for the filings and time for filings. 8 Section 56. Section 102.166, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 10 102.166 Manual recounts.--(1) If the second set of unofficial returns pursuant 11 12 to s. 102.141 indicates that a candidate for any office was 13 defeated or eliminated by one-quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office, that a candidate for retention 14 to a judicial office was retained or not retained by 15 one-quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast on the 16 17 question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the 18 ballot was approved or rejected by one-quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast on such measure, the board responsible 19 for certifying the results of the vote on such race or measure 20 21 shall order a manual recount of the overvotes and undervotes 22 cast in the entire geographic jurisdiction of such office or 23 ballot measure. A manual recount may not be ordered, however, if the number of overvotes, undervotes, and provisional 2.4 ballots is fewer than the number of votes needed to change the 2.5

a candidate for retention to judicial office was retained or

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(2)(a) If the second set of unofficial returns

office was defeated or eliminated by between one quarter and

half of a percent of the votes cast for such office, that

pursuant to s. 102.141 indicates that a candidate for any

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not retained by between one quarter and one half of a percent of the votes cast on the question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the ballot was approved or rejected by between one quarter and one half of a percent of the votes cast on such measure, any such candidate, the political party of such candidate, or any political committee that supports or opposes such ballot measure is entitled to a manual recount of the overvotes and undervotes cast in the entire geographic jurisdiction of such office or ballot measure, provided that a request for a manual recount is made by 5 p.m. on the third day after the election.

(b) For federal, statewide, state, and multicounty races and ballot issues, requests for a manual recount shall be made in writing to the state Elections Canvassing Commission. For all other races and ballot issues, requests for a manual recount shall be made in writing to the county canvassing board.

(c) Upon receipt of a proper and timely request, the Elections Canvassing Commission or county canvassing board shall immediately order a manual recount of overvotes and undervotes in all affected jurisdictions.

(2)(3)(a) Any hardware or software used to identify and sort overvotes and undervotes for a given race or ballot measure must be certified by the Department of State as part of the voting system pursuant to s. 101.015. Any such hardware or software must be capable of simultaneously counting votes. For certified voting systems, the department shall certify such hardware or software by July 1, 2002. If the department is unable to certify such hardware or software for a certified voting system by July 1, 2002, the department shall adopt rules prescribing procedures for identifying and sorting such

overvotes and undervotes. The department's rules may provide for the temporary use of hardware or software whose sole function is identifying and sorting overvotes and undervotes.

(b) This subsection does not preclude the department from certifying hardware or software after July 1, 2002.

(b)(c) Overvotes and undervotes shall be identified and sorted while recounting ballots pursuant to s. 102.141, if the hardware or software for this purpose has been certified or the department's rules so provide.

(3)(4) Any manual recount shall be open to the public.

(4)(5)(a) A vote for a candidate or ballot measure shall be counted if there is a clear indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice.

- (b) The Department of State shall adopt specific rules for each certified voting system prescribing what constitutes a "clear indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice." The rules may not:
- 1. Exclusively provide that the voter must properly mark or designate his or her choice on the ballot; or
- 2. Contain a catch-all provision that fails to identify specific standards, such as "any other mark or indication clearly indicating that the voter has made a definite choice."
 - (5) Procedures for a manual recount are as follows:
- (a) The county canvassing board shall appoint as many counting teams of at least two electors as is necessary to manually recount the ballots. A counting team must have, when possible, members of at least two political parties. A candidate involved in the race shall not be a member of the counting team.

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- (b) Each duplicate ballot prepared pursuant to s. 101.5614(5) or s. 102.141(6) shall be compared with the original ballot to ensure the correctness of the duplicate.
- (c) If a counting team is unable to determine whether the ballot contains a clear indication that the voter has made a definite choice, the ballot shall be presented to the county canvassing board for a determination.
- (d) The Department of State shall adopt detailed rules prescribing additional recount procedures for each certified voting system which shall be uniform to the extent practicable. The rules shall address, at a minimum, the following areas:
 - 1. Security of ballots during the recount process;
 - 2. Time and place of recounts;
 - 3. Public observance of recounts;
 - 4. Objections to ballot determinations;
 - 5. Record of recount proceedings; and
- 6. Procedures relating to candidate and petitioner representatives.
 - Section 57. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 102.168, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 102.168 Contest of election.--
 - (2) Such contestant shall file a complaint, together with the fees prescribed in chapter 28, with the clerk of the circuit court within 10 days after midnight of the date the last board responsible for certifying the results officially county canvassing board empowered to canvass the returns certifies the results of the election being contested.
- 29 (4) The <u>county</u> canvassing board <u>is an indispensable</u>
 30 <u>and or Elections Canvassing Commission shall be the proper</u>
 31 party defendant <u>in county and local elections; the Elections</u>

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Canvassing Commission is an indispensable and proper party defendant in federal, state, and multicounty races; and the successful candidate is shall be an indispensable party to any action brought to contest the election or nomination of a candidate. Section 58. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 103.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 103.021 Nomination for presidential electors. -- Candidates for presidential electors shall be nominated in the following manner: (1) The Governor shall nominate the presidential electors of each political party. The state executive committee of each political party shall by resolution recommend candidates for presidential electors and deliver a certified copy thereof to the Governor before September 1 of each presidential election year. The Governor He or she shall nominate only the electors recommended by the state executive committee of the respective political party. Each such elector shall be a qualified elector of the party he or she represents who has taken an oath that he or she will vote for 21 the candidates of the party that he or she is nominated to represent. The Governor shall certify to the Department of State on or before September 1, in each presidential election year, the names of a number of electors for each political party equal to the number of senators and representatives 26 which this state has in Congress. (4)(a) A minor political party that is affiliated with 2.8 a national party holding a national convention to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United 29 States may have the names of its candidates for President and

Vice President of the United States printed on the general

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election ballot by filing with the Department of State a 2 certificate naming the candidates for President and Vice President and listing the required number of persons to serve 3 as electors. Notification to the Department of State under 4 this subsection shall be made by September 1 of the year in 5 6 which the election is held. When the Department of State has 7 been so notified, it shall order the names of the candidates 8 nominated by the minor political party to be included on the 9 ballot and shall permit the required number of persons to be certified as electors in the same manner as other party 10 candidates. As used in this section, the term "national party" 11 12 means a political party established and admitted to the ballot 13 in at least one state other than Florida and the term "national convention" means any caucus, convention, meeting, 14 or any other assembly of a political party gathered, whether 15 or not such meeting is held in person or by telephonic or 16 17 electronic means, with the intent of nominating candidates for 18 President and Vice President of the United States.

with a national party holding a national convention to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States may have the names of its candidates for President and Vice President printed on the general election ballot if a petition is signed by 1 percent of the registered electors of this state, as shown by the compilation by the Department of State for the preceding general election. A separate petition from each county for which signatures are solicited shall be submitted to the supervisors of elections of the respective county no later than July 15 of each presidential election year. The supervisor shall check the names and, on or before the date of the first primary, shall

certify the number shown as registered electors of the county. The supervisor shall be paid by the person requesting the certification the cost of checking the petitions as prescribed 3 in s. 99.097. The supervisor shall then forward the 4 certificate to the Department of State, which shall determine 5 whether or not the percentage factor required in this section has been met. When the percentage factor required in this 8 section has been met, the Department of State shall order the 9 names of the candidates for whom the petition was circulated to be included on the ballot and shall permit the required 10 number of persons to be certified as electors in the same 11 12 manner as other party candidates. 13 Section 59. Section 103.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 103.051 Congress sets meeting dates of electors.--The 15 16 presidential electors shall, at noon on the day that which is directed by Congress and at the time fixed by the Governor, meet at Tallahassee and perform the duties required of them by 18 the Constitution and laws of the United States. 19 Section 60. Section 103.061, Florida Statutes, is 20 21 amended to read: 22 103.061 Meeting of electors and filling of 23 vacancies. -- Each presidential elector shall, before 10 a.m. on the day fixed by Congress to elect a President and Vice 2.4 President and at the time fixed by the Governor, give notice 2.5 26 to the Governor that the elector is in Tallahassee and ready 27 to perform the duties of presidential elector. The Governor 2.8 shall forthwith deliver to the presidential electors present a 29 certificate of the names of all the electors; and if, on examination thereof, it should be found that one or more 30

electors are absent, the electors present shall elect by

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ballot, in the presence of the Governor, a person or persons to fill such vacancy or vacancies as may have occurred through the nonattendance of one or more of the electors.

Section 61. Section 103.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 103.121 Powers and duties of executive committees.--
- (1)(a) Each state and county executive committee of a political party shall have the power and duty:
- 1. To adopt a constitution by two-thirds vote of the full committee.
- 2. To adopt such bylaws as it may deem necessary by 12 majority vote of the full committee.
 - 3. To conduct its meetings according to generally accepted parliamentary practice.
 - 4. To make party nomination when required by law.
 - 5. To conduct campaigns for party nominees.
 - 6. To raise and expend party funds. Such funds may not be expended or committed to be expended except after written authorization by the chair of the state or county executive committee.
 - (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5), The county executive committee shall receive payment of assessments upon candidates to be voted for in a single county except state senators and members of the House of Representatives and representatives to the Congress of the United States; and the state executive committees shall receive all other assessments authorized. All party assessments shall be 2 percent of the annual salary of the office sought by the respective candidate. All such committee assessments shall be remitted to the state executive committee

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of the appropriate party and distributed in accordance with subsection (5)(6).

(2) The state executive committee shall by resolution recommend candidates for presidential electors and deliver a certified copy thereof to the Governor prior to September 1 of each presidential election year.

(2) (3) The chair and treasurer of an executive committee of any political party shall be accountable for the funds of such committee and jointly liable for their proper expenditure for authorized purposes only. The chair and treasurer of the state executive committee of any political party shall furnish adequate bond, but not less than \$10,000, conditioned upon the faithful performance by such party officers of their duties and for the faithful accounting for party funds which shall come into their hands; and the chair and treasurer of a county executive committee of a political party shall furnish adequate bond, but not less than \$5,000, conditioned as aforesaid. A bond for the chair and treasurer of the state executive committee of a political party shall be filed with the Department of State. A bond for the chair and treasurer of a county executive committee shall be filed with the supervisor of elections. The funds of each such state executive committee shall be publicly audited at the end of each calendar year and a copy of such audit furnished to the Department of State for its examination prior to April 1 of the ensuing year. When filed with the Department of State, copies of such audit shall be public documents. The treasurer of each county executive committee shall maintain adequate records evidencing receipt and disbursement of all party funds received by him or her, and such records shall be publicly audited at the end of each calendar year and a copy of such

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audit filed with the supervisor of elections and the state executive committee prior to April 1 of the ensuing year.

(3)(4) Any chair or treasurer of a state or county executive committee of any political party who knowingly misappropriates, or makes an unlawful expenditure of, or a false or improper accounting for, the funds of such committee is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

 $(4)\frac{(5)(a)}{(5)(a)}$ The central committee or other equivalent governing body of each state executive committee shall adopt a rule which governs the time and manner in which the respective county executive committees of such party may endorse, certify, screen, or otherwise recommend one or more candidates for such party's nomination for election. Upon adoption, such rule shall provide the exclusive method by which a county committee may so endorse, certify, screen, or otherwise recommend. No later than the date on which qualifying for public office begins pursuant to s. 99.061, the chair of each county executive committee shall notify in writing the supervisor of elections of his or her county whether the county executive committee has endorsed or intends to endorse, certify, screen, or otherwise recommend candidates for nomination pursuant to party rule. A copy of such notification shall be provided to the Secretary of State and to the chair of the appropriate state executive committee. Any county executive committee that endorses or intends to endorse, certify, screen, or otherwise recommend one or more candidates for nomination shall forfeit all party assessments which would otherwise be returned to the county executive committee; and such assessments shall be remitted instead to the state executive committee of such party, the provisions of

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amended to read:

items required to be filed .--

paragraph (1)(b) to the contrary notwithstanding. No such funds so remitted to the state executive committee shall be paid, returned, or otherwise disbursed to the county executive committee under any circumstances. Any county executive committee that is in violation of any party rule after receiving the party assessment shall remit such party assessment to the state executive committee. (b) Any state executive committee that endorses or intends to endorse, certify, screen, or otherwise recommend one or more candidates for nomination shall forfeit all party assessments which would otherwise be returned to the state executive committee; and such assessments shall be remitted instead to the General Revenue Fund of the state. Any state executive committee that is in violation of this section after receiving the party assessment shall remit such party assessment to the General Revenue Fund of the state. (5) The state chair of each state executive committee shall return the 2-percent committee assessment for county candidates to the appropriate county executive committees only upon receipt of a written statement that such county executive committee chooses not to endorse, certify, screen, or otherwise recommend one or more candidates for such party's nomination for election and upon the state chair's determination that the county executive committee is in compliance with all Florida statutes and all state party

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Section 62. Section 105.031, Florida Statutes, is

105.031 Qualification; filing fee; candidate's oath;

rules, bylaws, constitutions, and requirements.

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(1) TIME OF QUALIFYING. -- Except for candidates for judicial office, nonpartisan candidates for multicounty office shall qualify with the Division of Elections of the Department of State and nonpartisan candidates for countywide or less than countywide office shall qualify with the supervisor of elections. Candidates for judicial office other than the office of county court judge shall qualify with the Division of Elections of the Department of State, and candidates for the office of county court judge shall qualify with the supervisor of elections of the county. Candidates for judicial office shall qualify no earlier than noon of the 120th day, and no later than noon of the 116th day, before the first primary election. Candidates for the office of school board member shall qualify no earlier than noon of the 50th day, and no later than noon of the 46th day, before the first primary election. Filing shall be on forms provided for that purpose by the Division of Elections and furnished by the appropriate qualifying officer. Any person seeking to qualify by the petition process alternative method, as set forth in s. 105.035, who if the person has submitted the necessary petitions by the required deadline and is notified after the fifth day prior to the last day for qualifying that the required number of signatures has been obtained, shall be entitled to subscribe to the candidate's oath and file the qualifying papers at any time within 5 days from the date he or she is notified that the necessary number of signatures has been obtained. Any person other than a write-in candidate who qualifies within the time prescribed in this subsection shall be entitled to have his or her name printed on the ballot.

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- (2) FILING IN GROUPS OR DISTRICTS.--Candidates shall qualify in groups or districts where multiple offices are to be filled.
- (3) QUALIFYING FEE. -- Each candidate qualifying for election to a judicial office or the office of school board member, except write-in judicial or school board candidates, shall, during the time for qualifying, pay to the officer with whom he or she qualifies a qualifying fee, which shall consist of a filing fee and an election assessment, or qualify by the petition process alternative method. The amount of the filing fee is 3 percent of the annual salary of the office sought. The amount of the election assessment is 1 percent of the annual salary of the office sought. The Department of State shall forward all filing fees to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Elections Commission Trust Fund. supervisor of elections shall forward all filing fees to the Elections Commission Trust Fund. The election assessment shall be deposited into the Elections Commission Trust Fund. The annual salary of the office for purposes of computing the qualifying fee shall be computed by multiplying 12 times the monthly salary authorized for such office as of July 1 immediately preceding the first day of qualifying. This subsection shall not apply to candidates qualifying for retention to judicial office.
 - (4) CANDIDATE'S OATH.--
- (a) All candidates for the office of school board member shall subscribe to the oath as prescribed in s. 99.021.
- (b) All candidates for judicial office shall subscribe to an oath or affirmation in writing to be filed with the appropriate qualifying officer upon qualifying. A printed copy of the oath or affirmation shall be furnished to the

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candidate by the qualifying officer and shall be in
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    substantially the following form:
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   State of Florida
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   County of ....
           Before me, an officer authorized to administer oaths,
   personally appeared ... (please print name as you wish it to
 8
    appear on the ballot)..., to me well known, who, being sworn,
    says he or she: is a candidate for the judicial office of
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    ....; that his or her legal residence is .... County, Florida;
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    that he or she is a qualified elector of the state and of the
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    territorial jurisdiction of the court to which he or she seeks
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    election; that he or she is qualified under the constitution
   and laws of Florida to hold the judicial office to which he or
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    she desires to be elected or in which he or she desires to be
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   retained; that he or she has taken the oath required by ss.
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    876.05-876.10, Florida Statutes; that he or she has qualified
    for no other public office in the state, the term of which
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    office or any part thereof runs concurrent to the office he or
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    she seeks; and that he or she has resigned from any office
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   which he or she is required to resign pursuant to s. 99.012,
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   Florida Statutes.
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                                     ...(Signature of candidate)...
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                                                    ...(Address)...
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    Sworn to and subscribed before me this .... day of ....,
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    ...(year)..., at .... County, Florida.
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         ...(Signature and title of officer administering oath)...
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           (5) ITEMS REQUIRED TO BE FILED. --
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- (a) In order for a candidate for judicial office or the office of school board member to be qualified, the following items must be received by the filing officer by the end of the qualifying period:
- office, a properly executed check drawn upon the candidate's campaign account in an amount not less than the fee required by subsection (3) or, in lieu thereof, the copy of the notice of obtaining ballot position pursuant to s. 105.035. If a candidate's check is returned by the bank for any reason, the filing officer shall immediately notify the candidate and the candidate shall, the end of qualifying notwithstanding, have 48 hours from the time such notification is received, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, to pay the fee with a cashier's check purchased from funds of the campaign account. Failure to pay the fee as provided in this subparagraph shall disqualify the candidate.
- 2. The candidate's oath required by subsection (4), which must contain the name of the candidate as it is to appear on the ballot; the office sought, including the district or group number if applicable; and the signature of the candidate, duly acknowledged.
- 3. The loyalty oath required by s. 876.05, signed by the candidate and duly acknowledged.
- 4. The completed form for the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository, as required by s. 106.021. In addition, each candidate for judicial office, including an incumbent judge, shall file a statement with the qualifying officer, within 10 days after filing the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository, stating that the candidate has read and

understands the requirements of the Florida Code of Judicial 2 Conduct. Such statement shall be in substantially the 3 following form: 4 5 Statement of Candidate for Judicial Office 6 I, ... (name of candidate)..., a judicial candidate, have 8 received, read, and understand the requirements of the Florida Code of Judicial Conduct. 9 10 ...(Signature of candidate)... 11 ...(Date)... 12 13 5. The full and public disclosure of financial interests required by s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution 14 or the statement of financial interests required by s. 15 112.3145, whichever is applicable. A public officer who has 16 filed the full and public disclosure or statement of financial interests with the Commission on Ethics or the supervisor of 18 elections prior to qualifying for office may file a copy of 19 that disclosure at the time of qualifying. 2.0 21 (b) If the filing officer receives qualifying papers 22 that do not include all items as required by paragraph (a) 23 prior to the last day of qualifying, the filing officer shall make a reasonable effort to notify the candidate of the 2.4 missing or incomplete items and shall inform the candidate 25 that all required items must be received by the close of 26 27 qualifying. A candidate's name as it is to appear on the 2.8 ballot may not be changed after the end of qualifying. 29 (6) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed in this section, a filing officer may accept and hold 30 qualifying papers submitted not earlier than 14 days prior to

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the beginning of the qualifying period, to be processed and filed during the qualifying period.

Section 63. Section 105.035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

105.035 Alternative method of qualifying for certain judicial offices and the office of school board member.--

- (1) A person seeking to qualify for election to the office of circuit judge or county court judge or the office of school board member may qualify for election to such office by means of the petitioning process prescribed in this section. A person qualifying by this petition process is alternative method shall not be required to pay the qualifying fee required by this chapter. A person using this petitioning process shall file an oath with the officer before whom the candidate would qualify for the office stating that he or she intends to qualify by this alternative method for the office sought. Such oath shall be filed at any time after the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January of the year in which the election is held, but prior to the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought. The form of such oath shall be prescribed by the Division of Elections. No signatures shall be obtained until the person has filed the oath prescribed in this subsection.
- candidate, the qualifying officer shall provide the candidate with a petition format shall be prescribed by the Division of Elections and shall to be used by the candidate to reproduce petitions for circulation. If the candidate is running for an office that which will be grouped on the ballot with two or more similar offices to be filled at the same election, the candidate's petition must indicate, prior to the obtaining of

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registered electors' signatures, for which group or district office the candidate is running.

- or the office of school board member shall obtain the signature of a number of qualified electors equal to at least 1 percent of the total number of registered electors of the district, circuit, county, or other geographic entity represented by the office sought as shown by the compilation by the Department of State for the last preceding general election. A separate petition shall be circulated for each candidate availing himself or herself of the provisions of this section. Signatures may not be obtained until the candidate has filed the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository pursuant to s. 106.021.
- (4)(a) Each candidate seeking to qualify for election to the office of circuit judge or the office of school board member from a multicounty school district pursuant to this section shall file a separate petition from each county from which signatures are sought. Each petition shall be submitted, prior to noon of the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought, to the supervisor of elections of the county for which such petition was circulated. Each supervisor of elections to whom a petition is submitted shall check the signatures on the petition to verify their status as electors of that county and of the geographic area represented by the office sought. Nolater than the seventh day before Prior to the first date for qualifying, the supervisor shall certify the number shown as registered electors and submit such certification to the Division of Elections. The division shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained for the

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name of the candidate to be placed on the ballot and shall notify the candidate. If the required number of signatures has been obtained, the candidate shall, during the time prescribed for qualifying for office, submit a copy of such notice and file his or her qualifying papers and oath prescribed in s. 105.031 with the Division of Elections. Upon receipt of the copy of such notice and qualifying papers, the division shall certify the name of the candidate to the appropriate supervisor or supervisors of elections as having qualified for the office sought.

(b) Each candidate seeking to qualify for election to the office of county court judge or the office of school board member from a single county school district pursuant to this section shall submit his or her petition, prior to noon of the 28th 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought, to the supervisor of elections of the county for which such petition was circulated. The supervisor shall check the signatures on the petition to verify their status as electors of the county and of the geographic area represented by the office sought. No later than the seventh day before Prior to the first date for qualifying, the supervisor shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained for the name of the candidate to be placed on the ballot and shall notify the candidate. If the required number of signatures has been obtained, the candidate shall, during the time prescribed for qualifying for office, submit a copy of such notice and file his or her qualifying papers and oath prescribed in s. 105.031 with the qualifying officer. Upon receipt of the copy of such notice and qualifying papers, such candidate shall be entitled to have his or her name printed on the ballot.

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Section 64. Subsection (4) of section 106.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.011 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the following terms have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

- (4)(a) "Expenditure" means a purchase, payment or an obligation to make a payment, distribution, loan, advance, transfer of funds by a campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer between a primary depository and a separate interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit, or gift of money or anything of value made for the purpose of influencing the results of an election or making an electioneering communication. However, "expenditure" does not include a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, or gift of money or anything of value made for the purpose of influencing the results of an election when made by an organization, in existence prior to the time during which a candidate qualifies or an issue is placed on the ballot for that election, for the purpose of printing or distributing such organization's newsletter, containing a statement by such organization in support of or opposition to a candidate or issue, which newsletter is distributed only to members of such organization.
- (b) As used in this chapter, an "expenditure" for an electioneering communication is made when the earliest of the following occurs:
- A person <u>enters into</u> executes a contract for applicable goods or services;
- 2. A person makes payment, in whole or in part, for applicable goods or services; or

1	3. An The electioneering communication is publicly
2	disseminated.
3	Section 65. Section 106.022, Florida Statutes, is
4	created to read:
5	106.022 Appointment of a registered agent; duties
6	(1) Each political committee, committee of continuous
7	existence, or electioneering communications entity shall have
8	and continuously maintain in this state a registered office
9	and a registered agent and must file with the division a
10	statement of appointment for the registered office and
11	registered agent. The statement of appointment must:
12	(a) Provide the name of the registered agent and the
13	street address and phone number for the registered office;
14	(b) Identify the entity for whom the registered agent
15	serves;
16	(c) Designate the address the registered agent wishes
17	to use to receive mail;
18	(d) Include the entity's undertaking to inform the
19	division of any change in such designated address;
20	(e) Provide for the registered agent's acceptance of
21	the appointment, which must confirm that the registered agent
22	is familiar with and accepts the obligations of the position
23	as set forth in this section; and
24	(f) Contain the signature of the registered agent and
25	the entity engaging the registered agent.
26	(2) An entity may change its appointment of registered
27	agent and registered office under this section by executing a
28	written statement of change that identifies the former
29	registered agent and registered address and also satisfies all
30	of the requirements of subsection (1).
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- (3) A reqistered agent may resign his or her appointment as registered agent by executing a written statement of resignation and filing it with the division. An entity without a registered agent may not make expenditures or accept contributions until it files a written statement of change as required in subsection (2).
- Section 66. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) and subsection (8) of section 106.07, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 106.07 Reports; certification and filing .--
- (4)(a) Each report required by this section shall contain:
- 1. The full name, address, and occupation, if any of each person who has made one or more contributions to or for such committee or candidate within the reporting period, together with the amount and date of such contributions. For corporations, the report must provide as clear a description as practicable of the principal type of business conducted by the corporation. However, if the contribution is \$100 or less or is from a relative, as defined in s. 112.312, provided that the relationship is reported, the occupation of the contributor or the principal type of business need not be listed.
- 2. The name and address of each political committee, committee of continuous existence, or business entity from which the reporting committee or the candidate received, or to which the reporting committee or candidate made, any transfer of funds, together with the amounts and dates of all transfers.
- 30 3. Each loan for campaign purposes to or from any person or political committee within the reporting period,

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together with the full names, addresses, and occupations, and principal places of business, if any, of the lender and endorsers, if any, and the date and amount of such loans.

- 4. A statement of each contribution, rebate, refund, or other receipt not otherwise listed under subparagraphs 1. through 3.
- 5. The total sums of all loans, in-kind contributions, and other receipts by or for such committee or candidate during the reporting period. The reporting forms shall be designed to elicit separate totals for in-kind contributions, loans, and other receipts.
- 6. The full name and address of each person to whom expenditures have been made by or on behalf of the committee or candidate within the reporting period; the amount, date, and purpose of each such expenditure; and the name and address of, and office sought by, each candidate on whose behalf such expenditure was made. However, expenditures made from the petty cash fund provided by s. 106.12 need not be reported individually.
- 7. The full name and address of each person to whom an expenditure for personal services, salary, or reimbursement for authorized expenses as provided in s. 106.021(3) has been made and which is not otherwise reported, including the amount, date, and purpose of such expenditure. However, expenditures made from the petty cash fund provided for in s. 106.12 need not be reported individually. Any expenditure made through a credit card or debit card shall be itemized to disclose the ultimate intended recipient of the expenditure and its purpose.

8. The total amount withdrawn and the total amount spent for petty cash purposes pursuant to this chapter during the reporting period.

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- 9. The total sum of expenditures made by such committee or candidate during the reporting period.
- 10. The amount and nature of debts and obligations owed by or to the committee or candidate, which relate to the conduct of any political campaign.
- 11. A copy of each credit card statement which shall be included in the next report following receipt thereof by the candidate or political committee. Receipts for each credit card purchase shall be retained by the treasurer with the records for the campaign account.
- 11.12. The amount and nature of any separate interest-bearing accounts or certificates of deposit and identification of the financial institution in which such accounts or certificates of deposit are located.
- 12.13. The primary purposes of an expenditure made indirectly through a campaign treasurer pursuant to s. 106.021(3) for goods and services such as communications media placement or procurement services, campaign signs, insurance, and other expenditures that include multiple components as part of the expenditure. The primary purpose of an expenditure shall be that purpose, including integral and directly related components, that comprises 80 percent of such expenditure.
- (8)(a) Any candidate or political committee failing to file a report on the designated due date shall be subject to a fine as provided in paragraph (b) for each late day, and, in the case of a candidate, such fine shall be paid only from personal funds of the candidate. The fine shall be assessed by

the filing officer and the moneys collected shall be deposited:

- 1. In the General Revenue Fund, in the case of a candidate for state office or a political committee that registers with the Division of Elections; or
- 2. In the general revenue fund of the political subdivision, in the case of a candidate for an office of a political subdivision or a political committee that registers with an officer of a political subdivision.

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> No separate fine shall be assessed for failure to file a copy of any report required by this section.

(b) Upon determining that a report is late, the filing officer shall immediately notify the candidate or chair of the political committee as to the failure to file a report by the designated due date and that a fine is being assessed for each late day. The fine shall be \$50 per day or 1 percent of the total receipts and expenditures for the period covered by the late report, whichever is greater for the first 3 days late and, thereafter, \$500 per day is greater or 5 percent of the total receipts and expenditures for the period covered by the late report, whichever is greater, for each late day, not to exceed 25 percent of the total receipts and or expenditures, whichever is greater, for the period covered by the late report. However, for the reports immediately preceding each primary and general election, the fine shall be \$500 per day or 5 percent of the total receipts and expenditures for the period covered by the late report, whichever is greater, for each late day, not to exceed 25 percent of the total receipts and or expenditures, whichever is greater, for the period covered by the late report. For reports required under s.

106.141(7), the fine is \$50 per day or 1 percent of the total 2 receipts and expenditures for the period covered by the late report, whichever is greater, for each late day, not to exceed 3 25 percent of the total receipts and or expenditures, 4 whichever is greater, for the period covered by the late 5 6 report. Upon receipt of the report, the filing officer shall determine the amount of the fine which is due and shall notify 8 the candidate or chair. The filing officer shall determine the 9 amount of the fine due based upon when the electronic receipt issued pursuant to s. 106.0705 is dated or, if electronic 10 filing is not required, the earliest of the following: 11

- 1. When the report is actually received by such officer.
 - 2. When the report is postmarked.
 - 3. When the certificate of mailing is dated.
- 4. When the receipt from an established courier company is dated.
- 18 5. When the electronic receipt issued pursuant to s. 19 106.0705 is dated.

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Such fine shall be paid to the filing officer within 20 days after receipt of the notice of payment due, unless appeal is made to the Florida Elections Commission pursuant to paragraph (c). In the case of a candidate, such fine shall not be an allowable campaign expenditure and shall be paid only from personal funds of the candidate. An officer or member of a political committee shall not be personally liable for such fine.

(c) Any candidate or chair of a political committee may appeal or dispute the fine, based upon, but not limited to, unusual circumstances surrounding the failure to file on

the designated due date, and may request and shall be entitled 2 to a hearing before the Florida Elections Commission, which shall have the authority to waive the fine in whole or in 3 part. The Florida Elections Commission must consider the 4 mitigating and aggravating circumstances contained in s. 5 6 106.265(1) when determining the amount of a fine, if any, to 7 be waived. Any such request shall be made within 20 days after 8 receipt of the notice of payment due. In such case, the candidate or chair of the political committee shall, within 9 the 20-day period, notify the filing officer in writing of his 10 or her intention to bring the matter before the commission. 11 12 (d) The appropriate filing officer shall notify the 13 Florida Elections Commission of the repeated late filing by a candidate or political committee, the failure of a candidate 14 or political committee to file a report after notice, or the 15 failure to pay the fine imposed. The commission shall 16 17 investigate only those alleged late filing violations 18 specifically identified by the filing officer and as set forth in the notification. Any other alleged violations must be 19 separately stated and reported by the division to the 20 21 commission under s. 106.25(2). 22 Section 67. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (1) 23 of section 106.08, Florida Statutes, to read: 106.08 Contributions; limitations on.--2.4 25 (1)(d) The contribution limits of this subsection apply 26 27 to the total contributions made by related entities to any 2.8 candidate for election to or retention in office or to any political committee supporting or opposing one or more 29 30 candidates. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "related

entities" means any two or more political committees or 2 committees of continuous existence that have: 1. Significant common purposes and substantial common 3 membership; or 4 5 2. Directly or indirectly substantial common direction 6 or control. 7 An entity is related to another entity if either entity owns 8 or controls, directly or through one or more other entities, a 9 10 50-percent or greater interest in the capital, profits, or assets of the other entity. An entity is related to another 11 12 entity with respect to a contribution if such contribution is 13 part of an attempt by such entities to avoid the application of this paragraph. 14 Section 68. Subsection (6) of section 106.24, Florida 15 16 Statutes, is amended to read: 106.24 Florida Elections Commission; membership; 18 powers; duties.--19 (6) There is hereby established in the State Treasury an Elections Commission Trust Fund to be utilized by the 2.0 21 Division of Elections and the Florida Elections Commission in 22 order to carry out their duties pursuant to ss. 106.24-106.28. 23 The trust fund may also be used by the Secretary of State division, pursuant to his or her its authority under s. 2.4 97.012(14) s. 106.22(11), to provide rewards for information 2.5 26 leading to criminal convictions related to voter registration 27 fraud, voter fraud, and vote scams. 2.8 Section 69. Section 106.265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 106.265 Civil penalties.--30 31

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- of a violation of this chapter or chapter 104, to impose civil penalties in the form of fines not to exceed \$1,000 per count or, in the case of the failure of any person, political committee, committee of continuous existence, or political party to report contributions or expenditures pursuant to s.

 106.07, may impose a fine of up to 25 percent of the amount of the contribution or expenditure which was not accurately reported. In determining the amount of such civil penalties, the commission shall consider, among other mitigating and aggravating circumstances:
 - (a) The gravity of the act or omission;
 - (b) Any previous history of similar acts or omissions;
- (c) The appropriateness of such penalty to the financial resources of the person, political committee, committee of continuous existence, or political party; and
- (d) Whether the person, political committee, committee of continuous existence, or political party has shown good faith in attempting to comply with the provisions of this chapter or chapter 104.
- (2) If any person, political committee, committee of continuous existence, or political party fails or refuses to pay to the commission any civil penalties assessed pursuant to the provisions of this section, the commission shall be responsible for collecting the civil penalties resulting from such action.
- (3) Any civil penalty collected pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be deposited into the Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, any fine assessed pursuant to the provisions of this

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chapter, which fine is designated to be deposited or which would otherwise be deposited into the General Revenue Fund of the state, shall be deposited into the Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund.

(5) In any case in which the commission determines that a person has filed a complaint against another person with a malicious intent to injure the reputation of the person complained against by filing the complaint with knowledge that the complaint contains one or more false allegations or with reckless disregard for whether the complaint contains false allegations of fact material to a violation of this chapter or chapter 104, the complainant shall be liable for costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in the defense of the person complained against, including the costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in proving entitlement to and the amount of costs and fees. If the complainant fails to pay such costs and fees voluntarily within 30 days following such finding by the commission, the commission shall forward such information to the Department of Legal Affairs, which shall bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover the amount of such costs and fees awarded by the commission.

Section 70. Subsection (6) of section 106.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.141 Disposition of surplus funds by candidates.--

(6) Prior to disposing of funds pursuant to subsection (4) or transferring funds into an office account pursuant to subsection (5), any candidate who filed an oath stating that he or she was unable to pay the election assessment or fee for verification of petition signatures without imposing an undue burden on his or her personal resources or on resources

otherwise available to him or her, or who filed both such 2 oaths, or who qualified by the petition process alternative method and was not required to pay an election assessment, 3 shall reimburse the state or local governmental entity, 4 whichever is applicable, for such waived assessment or fee or 5 both. Such reimbursement shall be made first for the cost of 7 petition verification and then, if funds are remaining, for 8 the amount of the election assessment. If there are insufficient funds in the account to pay the full amount of 9 either the assessment or the fee or both, the remaining funds 10 shall be disbursed in the above manner until no funds remain. 11 12 All funds disbursed pursuant to this subsection shall be 13 remitted to the qualifying officer. Any reimbursement for petition verification costs which are reimbursable by the 14 state shall be forwarded by the qualifying officer to the 15 state for deposit in the General Revenue Fund. All 16 reimbursements for the amount of the election assessment shall 18 be forwarded by the qualifying officer to the Department of State for deposit in the General Revenue Fund. 19 Section 71. Section 98.122, Florida Statutes, is 20 21 transferred and renumbered as section 106.165, Florida 22 Statutes. 23 Section 72. Section 106.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2.4 106.22 Duties of the Division of Elections.--It is the 25 duty of the Division of Elections to: 26 27 (1) Prescribe forms for statements and other 2.8 information required to be filed by this chapter. Such forms shall be furnished by the Department of State or office of the 29

supervisor of elections to persons required to file such

statements and information with such agency.

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- (2) Prepare and publish manuals or brochures setting forth recommended uniform methods of bookkeeping and reporting, and including appropriate portions of the election code, for use by persons required by this chapter to file statements.
- (3) Develop a filing, coding, and cross-indexing system consonant with the purposes of this chapter.
- (4) Preserve statements and other information required to be filed with the division pursuant to this chapter for a period of 10 years from date of receipt.
- (5) Prepare and publish such reports as it may deem appropriate.
- (6) Make, from time to time, audits and field investigations with respect to reports and statements filed under the provisions of this chapter and with respect to alleged failures to file any report or statement required under the provisions of this chapter. The division shall conduct a postelection audit of the campaign accounts of all candidates receiving contributions from the Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund.
- (7) Report to the Florida Elections Commission any failure to file a report or information required by this chapter or any apparent violation of this chapter.
- (8) Employ such personnel or contract for such services as are necessary to adequately carry out the intent of this chapter.
- (9) Prescribe rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this chapter. Such rules shall be prescribed pursuant to chapter 120.
- 30 (10) Make an annual report to the President of the
 31 Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives

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concerning activities of the division and recommending improvements in the election code.

irregularities or fraud involving voter registration or voting and report its findings to the state attorney for the judicial circuit in which the alleged violation occurred for prosecution, where warranted. The Department of State may prescribe by rule requirements for filing a complaint of voter fraud and for investigating any such complaint.

(10)(12) Conduct random audits with respect to reports and statements filed under this chapter and with respect to alleged failure to file any reports and statements required under this chapter.

Section 73. Subsection (1) of section 16.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

16.56 Office of Statewide Prosecution.--

- (1) There is created in the Department of Legal
 Affairs an Office of Statewide Prosecution. The office shall
 be a separate "budget entity" as that term is defined in
 chapter 216. The office may:
 - (a) Investigate and prosecute the offenses of:
- Bribery, burglary, criminal usury, extortion, gambling, kidnapping, larceny, murder, prostitution, perjury, robbery, carjacking, and home-invasion robbery;
- Any crime involving narcotic or other dangerous drugs;
 - 3. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida RICO (Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organization) Act, including any offense listed in the definition of racketeering activity in s. 895.02(1)(a), providing such listed offense is investigated in connection with a violation of s. 895.03 and

is charged in a separate count of an information or indictment containing a count charging a violation of s. 895.03, the prosecution of which listed offense may continue independently if the prosecution of the violation of s. 895.03 is terminated for any reason;

- $\begin{tabular}{ll} 4. & Any \ violation \ of \ the \ provisions \ of \ the \ Florida \\ Anti-Fencing \ Act; \end{tabular}$
- 5. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Antitrust Act of 1980, as amended;
- 6. Any crime involving, or resulting in, fraud or deceit upon any person;
- 7. Any violation of s. 847.0135, relating to computer pornography and child exploitation prevention, or any offense related to a violation of s. 847.0135;
 - 8. Any violation of the provisions of chapter 815;
 - 9. Any criminal violation of part I of chapter 499;
- 10. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Motor Fuel Tax Relief Act of 2004; $\frac{1}{100}$
- 19 11. Any criminal violation of s. 409.920 or s. 20 409.9201; or
 - 12. Any crime involving voter registration, voting, or candidate or issue petition activities;

or any attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any of the crimes specifically enumerated above. The office shall have such power only when any such offense is occurring, or has occurred, in two or more judicial circuits as part of a related transaction, or when any such offense is connected with an organized criminal conspiracy affecting two or more

30 judicial circuits.

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- (b) Upon request, cooperate with and assist state attorneys and state and local law enforcement officials in their efforts against organized crimes.
- (c) Request and receive from any department, division, board, bureau, commission, or other agency of the state, or of any political subdivision thereof, cooperation and assistance in the performance of its duties.
- Section 74. Subsection (5) of section 119.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 119.07 Inspection and copying of records; photographing public records; fees; exemptions.--
- inspection or examination, no persons other than the supervisor of elections or the supervisor's employees shall touch the ballots. If the ballots are being examined before the end of the contest period in s. 102.168, the supervisor of elections shall make a reasonable effort to notify all candidates by telephone or otherwise of the time and place of the inspection or examination. All such candidates, or their representatives, shall be allowed to be present during the inspection or examination.
- Section 75. Subsection (3) of section 145.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 145.09 Supervisor of elections.--
- (3)(a) There shall be an additional \$2,000 per year special qualification salary for each supervisor of elections who has met the certification requirements established by the Division of Elections of the Department of State. The Department of State shall adopt rules to establish the certification requirements. Any supervisor who is certified

2	remaining period of the year.
3	(b) In order to qualify for the special qualification
4	salary described in paragraph (a), the supervisor must
5	complete the requirements established by the Division of
6	Elections within 6 years after first taking office.
7	(c) After a supervisor meets the requirements of
8	paragraph (a), in order to remain certified the supervisor
9	shall thereafter be required to complete each year a course of
10	continuing education as prescribed by the division.
11	Section 76. <u>Sections 98.095, 98.0979, 98.181, 98.481,</u>
12	101.253, 101.635, 102.061, 106.085, and 106.144, Florida
13	Statutes, are repealed.
14	Section 77. If any provision of this act or its
15	application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
16	invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of
17	the act which can be given effect without the invalid
18	provision or application, and to this end the provisions of
19	this act are severable.
20	Section 78. Except as otherwise expressly provided in
21	this act and except for this section, which shall take effect
22	July 1, 2005, this act shall take effect January 1, 2006.
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24	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
25	Senate Bill 2086
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27	The Committee Substitute differs from the original Senate Bill in that it adopts extensive substantive provisions in the area
28	of election administration and campaign finance; Senate Bill 2086 was shell bill.
29	2000 was shell bill.
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1 share of the special qualification salary based on the