By the Committee on Ways and Means; and Senator Atwater

576-1870-05

Senate Joint Resolution No. 2 A joint resolution proposing amendments to Section 19 of Article III of the State 3 4 Constitution, relating to requirements for 5 state budget planning, spending, and 6 accountability. 7 8 Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 9 10 That the following amendments to Section 19 of Article III of the State Constitution are agreed to and shall be 11 submitted to the electors of this state for approval or 13 rejection at the next general election or at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that 14 15 purpose: ARTICLE III 16 17 LEGISLATURE 18 SECTION 19. State Budgeting, Planning and 19 Appropriations Processes .--(a) ANNUAL BUDGETING. 20 21 (1) Effective July 1, 1994, General law shall 22 prescribe the adoption of annual state budgetary and planning 23 processes and require that detail reflecting the annualized costs of the state budget and reflecting the nonrecurring 2.4 costs of the budget requests shall accompany state department 25 and agency legislative budget requests, the governor's 26 27 recommended budget, and appropriation bills. 28 (2) Unless approved by a three-fifths vote of the membership of each house, appropriations made for recurring 29 purposes from nonrecurring general revenue funds for any 30 fiscal year shall not exceed three percent of the total

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general revenue funds estimated to be available at the time such appropriation is made.

- (3) As prescribed by general law, each state department and agency shall be required to submit a legislative budget request that is based upon and that reflects the long-range financial outlook adopted by the joint legislative budget commission or that specifically explains any variance from the long-range financial outlook contained in the request.
- (4) For purposes of this <u>section</u> subsection, the terms department and agency shall include the judicial branch.
- (b) APPROPRIATION BILLS FORMAT. Separate sections within the general appropriation bill shall be used for each major program area of the state budget; major program areas shall include: education enhancement "lottery" trust fund items; education (all other funds); human services; criminal justice and corrections; natural resources, environment, growth management, and transportation; general government; and judicial branch. Each major program area shall include an itemization of expenditures for: state operations; state capital outlay; aid to local governments and nonprofit organizations operations; aid to local governments and nonprofit organizations capital outlay; federal funds and the associated state matching funds; spending authorizations for operations; and spending authorizations for capital outlay. Additionally, appropriation bills passed by the legislature shall include an itemization of specific appropriations that exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in 1992 dollars. For purposes of this subsection, "specific appropriation," "itemization," and "major program area" shall be defined by law. This itemization threshold shall be adjusted by general

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law every four years to reflect the rate of inflation or deflation as indicated in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, U.S. City Average, All Items, or successor reports as reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics or its successor. Substantive bills containing appropriations shall also be subject to the itemization requirement mandated under this provision and shall be subject to the governor's specific appropriation veto power described in Article III, Section 8. This subsection shall be effective July 1, 1994.

- (c) APPROPRIATIONS REVIEW PROCESS.
- (1) No later than September 15 of each year, the joint legislative budget commission shall issue a long-range financial outlook setting out fiscal strategies for the state and its departments and agencies in order to assist the legislature in making policy and budget decisions. The long-range financial outlook must include major workload and revenue estimates. In order to implement this paragraph, the joint legislative budget commission shall use current official consensus estimates and may request the development of additional official estimates.
- (2) The joint legislative budget commission shall seek input from the public and from the executive and judicial branches when developing and implementing the long-range financial outlook.
- (3) The legislature shall prescribe by general law conditions under which limited adjustments to the budget, as recommended by the governor or the chief justice of the supreme court, may be approved without the concurrence of the full legislature. Effective July 1, 1993, general law shall prescribe requirements for each department and agency of state

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government to submit a planning document and supporting budget
request for review by the appropriations committees of both
houses of the legislature. The review shall include a
comparison of the major issues in the planning document and
budget requests to those major issues included in the
governor's recommended budget. For purposes of this
subsection, the terms department and agency shall include the
judicial branch.

- (d) SEVENTY-TWO HOUR PUBLIC REVIEW PERIOD. All general appropriation bills shall be furnished to each member of the legislature, each member of the cabinet, the governor, and the chief justice of the supreme court at least seventy-two hours before final passage by either house of the legislature of the bill in the form that will be presented to the governor.
- (e) FINAL BUDGET REPORT. Effective November 4, 1992, A final budget report shall be prepared as prescribed by general law. The final budget report shall be produced no later than the 120th 90th day after the beginning of the fiscal year, and copies of the report shall be furnished to each member of the legislature, the head of each department and agency of the state, the auditor general, and the chief justice of the supreme court.
  - (f) TRUST FUNDS.
- (1) No trust fund of the State of Florida or other public body may be created or re-created by law without a three-fifths (3/5) vote of the membership of each house of the legislature in a separate bill for that purpose only.
- (2) State trust funds in existence before the effective date of this subsection shall terminate not more than four years after the effective date of this subsection.

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State trust funds <del>created after the effective date of this</del> subsection shall terminate not more than four years after the effective date of the act authorizing the <u>initial</u> creation of the trust fund. By law the legislature may set a shorter time period for which any trust fund is authorized.

- (3) Trust funds required by federal programs or mandates; trust funds established for bond covenants, indentures, or resolutions, whose revenues are legally pledged by the state or public body to meet debt service or other financial requirements of any debt obligations of the state or any public body; the state transportation trust fund; the trust fund containing the net annual proceeds from the Florida Education Lotteries; the Florida retirement trust fund; trust funds for institutions under the management of the Board of Governors Regents, where such trust funds are for auxiliary enterprises and contracts, grants, and donations, as those terms are defined by general law; trust funds that serve as clearing funds or accounts for the chief financial officer or state agencies; trust funds that account for assets held by the state in a trustee capacity as an agent or fiduciary for individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units; and other trust funds authorized by this Constitution, are not subject to the requirements set forth in paragraph (2) of this subsection.
- (4) All cash balances and income of any trust funds abolished under this subsection shall be deposited into the general revenue fund.
- (5) The provisions of this subsection shall be effective November 4, 1992.
- (g) BUDGET STABILIZATION FUND. Beginning with the 1994 1995 fiscal year, at least 1% of an amount equal to the

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last completed fiscal year's net revenue collections for the 2 general revenue fund shall be retained in a budget stabilization fund. The budget stabilization fund shall be increased to at least 2% of said amount for the 1995 1996 fiscal year, at least 3% of said amount for the 1996 1997 fiscal year, at least 4% of said amount for the 1997 1998 fiscal year, and at least 5% of said amount for the 1998 1999 fiscal year. Subject to the provisions of this subsection, the budget stabilization fund shall be maintained at an amount equal to at least 5% of the last completed fiscal year's net revenue collections for the general revenue fund shall be 12 retained in the budget stabilization fund. The budget stabilization fund's principal balance shall not exceed an amount equal to 10% of the last completed fiscal year's net revenue collections for the general revenue fund. The 15 legislature shall provide criteria for withdrawing funds from 16 the budget stabilization fund in a separate bill for that purpose only and only for the purpose of covering revenue shortfalls of the general revenue fund or for the purpose of providing funding for an emergency, as defined by general law. 21 General law shall provide for the restoration of this fund. 22 The budget stabilization fund shall be comprised of funds not 23 otherwise obligated or committed for any purpose.

(h) LONG-RANGE STATE PLANNING DOCUMENT AND DEPARTMENT AND AGENCY PLANNING DOCUMENT PROCESSES. General law shall provide for a long-range state planning document. The governor shall recommend to the legislature biennially any revisions to the long-range state planning document, as defined by law. General law shall require a biennial review and revision of the long-range state planning document, shall require the governor to report to the legislature on the progress in

achieving the state planning document's goals, and shall 2 require all departments and agencies of state government to develop planning documents that identify statewide strategic 3 goals and objectives, consistent with the <a href="long-range">long-range</a> state 4 planning document. The long-range state planning document and 5 department and agency planning documents shall remain subject 7 to review and revision by the legislature. The long-range state planning document must include projections of future 8 needs and resources of the state which are consistent with the 9 10 long-range financial outlook. The department and agency planning documents shall include a prioritized listing of 11 12 planned expenditures for review and possible reduction in the 13 event of revenue shortfalls, as defined by general law. To ensure productivity and efficiency in the executive, 14 15 legislative, and judicial branches, a quality management and 16 accountability program shall be implemented by general law. 17 For the purposes of this subsection, the terms department and 18 agency shall include the judicial branch. This subsection shall be effective July 1, 1993. 19 20 (i) GOVERNMENT EFFICIENCY TASK FORCE. No later than 21 January of 2007, and each fourth year thereafter, the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of 2.2 23 representatives, and the governor shall appoint a government efficiency task force, the membership of which shall be 2.4 established by general law. The task force shall be composed 2.5 of members of the legislature and representatives from the 26 27 private and public sectors who shall develop recommendations 2.8 for improving governmental operations and reducing costs. Staff to assist the task force in performing its duties shall 29 be assigned by general law, and the task force may obtain 30 assistance from the private sector. The task force shall 31

complete its work within one year and shall submit its 2 recommendations to the joint legislative budget commission, the governor, and the chief justice of the supreme court. 3 4 (j) JOINT LEGISLATIVE BUDGET COMMISSION. There is created within the legislature the joint legislative budget 5 6 commission composed of equal numbers of senate members 7 appointed by the president of the senate and house members appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives. Each 8 member shall serve at the pleasure of the officer who 9 10 appointed the member. A vacancy on the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment. From 11 12 November of each odd-numbered year through October of each 13 even-numbered year, the chairperson of the joint legislative budget commission shall be appointed by the president of the 14 senate and the vice chairperson of the commission shall be 15 appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives. From 16 November of each even-numbered year through October of each 18 odd-numbered year, the chairperson of the joint legislative budget commission shall be appointed by the speaker of the 19 house of representatives and the vice chairperson of the 2.0 21 commission shall be appointed by the president of the senate. 2.2 The joint legislative budget commission shall be governed by 23 the joint rules of the senate and the house of representatives, which shall remain in effect until repealed 2.4 or amended by concurrent resolution. The commission shall 2.5 convene at least quarterly and shall convene at the call of 26 27 the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of 2.8 representatives. A majority of the commission members of each house plus one additional member from either house constitutes 29 a quorum. Action by the commission requires a majority vote of 30 the commission members present of each house. The commission 31

1	may conduct its meetings through teleconferences or similar
2	means. In addition to the powers and duties specified in this
3	subsection, the joint legislative budget commission shall
4	exercise all other powers and perform any other duties not in
5	conflict with paragraph (c)(3) and as prescribed by general
6	law or joint rule.
7	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be
8	placed on the ballot:
9	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
10	ARTICLE III, SECTION 19
11	STATE PLANNING AND BUDGET PROCESS Proposing
12	amendments to the State Constitution to limit the amount of
13	nonrecurring general revenue which may be appropriated for
14	recurring purposes in any fiscal year to 3 percent of the
15	total general revenue funds estimated to be available, unless
16	otherwise approved by a three-fifths vote of the Legislature;
17	to establish a Joint Legislative Budget Commission, which
18	shall issue long-range financial outlooks; to provide for
19	limited adjustments in the state budget without the
20	concurrence of the full Legislature, as provided by general
21	law; to reduce the number of times trust funds are
22	automatically terminated; to require the preparation and
23	biennial revision of a long-range state planning document; and
24	to establish a Government Efficiency Task Force and specify
25	its duties.
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1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2	Senate Joint Resolution 2144
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4	Requires the Legislative Budget Commission to seek input from the judicial branch when developing the long-range fiscal
5	plan. Extends the time frame for production of the final budget report to 120 days after the beginning of each fiscal
6	year.
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