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CHAMBER ACTION

	Senate House
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11	Senator Posey moved the following amendment:
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13	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
14	Delete everything after the enacting clause
15	
16	and insert:
17	Section 1. Section 626.99271, Florida Statutes, is
18	created to read:
19	626.99271 Viatical fraudulent prevention and
20	control
21	(1) FRAUDULENT VIATICAL SETTLEMENT ACTS; INTERFERENCE
22	AND PARTICIPATION OF CONVICTED FELONS PROHIBITED
23	(a) A person may not commit a fraudulent viatical
24	settlement act.
25	(b) A person may not knowingly or intentionally
26	interfere with the enforcement of this act or investigations
27	of suspected or actual violation of this section.
28	(c) A person in the business of viatical settlements
29	may not knowingly or intentionally permit any person convicted
30	of a felony involving dishonesty or breach of trust to
31	participate in the business of viatical settlements.
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1	(2) FRAUD WARNING REQUIRED
2	(a) Viatical settlement contracts and purchase
3	agreement forms and applications for viatical settlements,
4	regardless of the form of transmission, must contain the
5	following statement or a substantially similar statement:
6	
7	Any person who knowingly presents false
8	information in an application for insurance, a
9	viatical settlement contract, or a viatical
10	settlement purchase agreement may be subject to
11	fines.
12	
13	(b) The lack of a statement as required in paragraph
14	(a) does not constitute a defense in any prosecution for a
15	fraudulent viatical settlement act.
16	(3) MANDATORY REPORTING OF FRAUDULENT VIATICAL
17	SETTLEMENT ACTS
18	(a) A person who engages in the business of viatical
19	settlements who knows or has a reasonable belief that a
20	fraudulent viatical settlement act is being, will be, or has
21	been committed must provide to the Financial Services
22	Commission the information required by, and in a manner
23	prescribed by, the commission.
24	(b) Any other person who knows or has a reasonable
25	belief that a fraudulent viatical settlement act is being,
26	will be, or has been committed may provide to the commission
27	the information required by, and in a manner prescribed by,
28	the commission.
29	(4) IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY
30	(a) Civil liability may not be imposed on and a cause
31	of action may not arise from a person furnishing information

1	concerning suspected, anticipated, or completed fraudulent
2	acts with respect to viatical settlements or suspected or
3	completed fraudulent insurance acts if the information is
4	provided to or received from:
5	1. The Financial Services Commission or the
6	commission's employees, agents, or representatives;
7	2. Federal, state, or local law enforcement or
8	regulatory officials or their employees, agents, or
9	representatives;
10	3. A person involved in the prevention and detection
11	of fraudulent viatical settlement acts or the agent, employee
12	or representative of the person;
13	4. The National Association of Insurance Commissions
14	(NAIC), National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD), the
15	North American Securities Administrators Association (NASAA),
16	or their employees, agents, or representatives, or other
17	regulatory body overseeing life insurance, viatical
18	settlements, securities, or investment fraud; or
19	5. The life insurer that issued the life insurance
20	policy covering the life of the insured.
21	(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to statements made
22	with actual malice. In an action brought against a person for
23	filing a report or furnishing other information concerning a
24	fraudulent viatical settlement act or a fraudulent insurance
25	act, the party bringing the action must plead specifically any
26	allegation that paragraph (a) does not apply because the
27	person filing the report or furnishing the information did so
28	with actual malice.
29	(c) A person identified in paragraph (a) is entitled
30	to an award of attorney's fees and costs if he or she is the
31	prevailing party in a civil cause of action for libel,

1	slander, or any other relevant tort arising out of activities
2	in carrying out this act and the party bringing the action was
3	not substantially justified in doing so. For purposes of this
4	section, a proceeding is "substantially justified" if it had a
5	reasonable basis in law or fact at the time that it was
6	initiated.
7	(d) This section does not abrogate or modify common
8	law or statutory privileges or immunities enjoyed by a person
9	described in paragraph (a).
10	(5) OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT OR REGULATORY
11	AUTHORITY This act does not:
12	(a) Preempt the authority or relieve the duty of other
13	law enforcement or regulatory agencies to investigate,
14	examine, or prosecute suspected violation of law;
15	(b) Prevent or prohibit a person from voluntarily
16	disclosing information concerning viatical settlement fraud to
17	a law enforcement or regulatory agency other than the
18	insurance department; or
19	(c) Limit the powers granted elsewhere by the laws of
20	this state to the commission or an insurance fraud unit to
21	investigate and examine possible violations of law and to take
22	appropriate action against wrongdoers.
23	(6) VIATICAL SETTLEMENT ANTI-FRAUD
24	INITIATIVESViatical settlement providers and viatical
25	settlement brokers must have active anti-fraud initiatives
26	reasonably calculated to detect, prosecute, and prevent
27	fraudulent viatical settlement acts. The Financial Services
28	Commission may order, or a licensee may request and the
29	commission may grant, such modifications of the following
30	required initiatives as necessary to ensure an effective
31	anti-fraud program. The modifications may be more or less

1	restrictive than the required initiatives so long as the
2	modifications may reasonably be expected to accomplish the
3	purpose of this section. Anti-fraud initiatives must include:
4	(a) Fraud investigators, who may be viatical
5	settlement provider or viatical settlement broker employees or
6	independent contractors; and
7	(b) An anti-fraud plan that must be submitted to the
8	commission. The anti-fraud plan must include, but not be
9	limited to, a description of:
10	1. The procedures for detecting and investigating
11	possible fraudulent viatical settlement acts and procedures
12	for resolving material inconsistencies between medical records
13	and insurance applications;
14	2. The procedures for reporting possible fraudulent
15	viatical settlement acts to the commission;
16	3. The plan for anti-fraud education and training of
17	underwriters and other personnel; and
18	4. The chart outlining the organizational arrangement
19	of the anti-fraud personnel who are responsible for the
20	investigation and reporting of possible fraudulent viatical
21	settlement acts and investigating unresolved material
22	inconsistencies between medical records and insurance
23	applications.
24	Section 2. Section 626.99279, Florida Statutes, is
25	created to read:
26	626.99279 Advertising for viatical settlements and
27	viatical settlement purchase agreementsThe Legislature
28	intends this section to provide prospective viators and
29	viatical settlement purchasers with clear and unambiguous
30	statements in the advertisement of viatical settlements and to
31	ensure the clear, truthful, and adequate disclosure of the
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1	benefits, risks, limitations, and exclusions of any viatical
2	settlement contract or viatical settlement purchase agreement
3	bought or sold. The intent of the Legislature is to be
4	accomplished by establishing guidelines and standards of
5	permissible and impermissible conduct in the advertising of
6	viatical settlements. These standards and quidelines are to
7	ensure that product descriptions are presented in a manner
8	that prevents unfair, deceptive, or misleading advertising and
9	is conducive to accurate presentation and description of
10	viatical settlements through the advertising media and
11	material used by viatical settlement licensees.
12	(1) This section applies to any advertising of
13	viatical settlement contracts, viatical purchase agreements,
14	or related products or services intended for dissemination in
15	this state, including Internet advertising viewed by persons
16	located in this state. When disclosure requirements are
17	established under federal regulation, this section shall be
18	interpreted to minimize or eliminate conflict with federal
19	regulation whenever possible.
20	(2) Every viatical settlement licensee shall establish
21	and at all times maintain a system of control over the
22	content, form, and method of dissemination of all
23	advertisements of its contracts, products, and services. All
24	advertisements, regardless of by whom written, created,
25	designed, or presented, are the responsibility of the viatical
26	settlement licensee as well as the individual who created or
27	presented the advertisement. A system of control must include
28	regular routine notification, at least once a year, to agents
29	and others authorized by the viatical settlement licensee who
30	disseminate advertisements of the requirements and procedures
31	for approval before the use of any advertisements not
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1	furnished by the viatical settlement licensee.
2	(3) Advertisements must be truthful and not misleading
3	in fact or by implication. The form and content of an
4	advertisement of a viatical settlement contract or viatical
5	settlement purchase agreement, product, or service must be
6	sufficiently complete and clear so as to avoid deception. It
7	may not have the capacity or tendency to mislead or deceive.
8	Whether an advertisement has the capacity or tendency to
9	mislead or deceive shall be determined by the Financial
10	Services Commission from the overall impression that the
11	advertisement may be reasonably expected to create upon a
12	person of average education or intelligence within the segment
13	of the public to which it is directed.
14	(4) Certain viatical settlement advertisements are
15	deemed false and misleading on their face and are prohibited.
16	False and misleading viatical settlement advertisements
17	include, but are not limited to, the following
18	representations:
19	(a) "Guaranteed," "fully secured," "100 percent
20	secured," "fully insured," "secure," "safe," "backed by rated
21	insurance companies," "backed by federal law," "backed by
22	state law, " "backed by state guaranty funds, " or similar
23	representations;
24	(b) "No risk," "minimal risk," "low risk," "no
25	speculation, " "no fluctuation, " or similar representations;
26	(c) "Qualified or approved for individual retirement
27	accounts (IRAs), Roth IRAs, 401(k) plans, simplified employee
28	pensions (SEP), 403(b), Keogh plans, TSA, other retirement
29	account rollovers," "tax deferred," or similar
30	representations;
31	(d) Use of the word "quaranteed" to describe the fixed
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1	return, annual return, principal, earnings, profits,
2	investment, or similar representations;
3	(e) "No sales charges or fees" or similar
4	representations;
5	(f) "High yield," "superior return," "excellent
6	return, " "high return, " "quick profit, " or similar
7	representations; and
8	(g) Purported favorable representations or
9	testimonials about the benefits of viatical settlement
10	contracts or viatical settlement purchase agreements as an
11	investment, taken out of context from newspapers, trade
12	papers, journals, radio and television programs, and all other
13	forms of print and electronic media.
14	(5) The information required to be disclosed under
15	this section may not be minimized, rendered obscure, or
16	presented in an ambiguous fashion or intermingled with the
17	text of the advertisement so as to be confusing or misleading.
18	(a) An advertisement may not:
19	1. Omit material information or use words, phrases,
20	statements, references, or illustrations if the omission or
21	use has the capacity, tendency, or effect of misleading or
22	deceiving viators, purchasers, or prospective purchasers as to
23	the nature or extent of any benefit, loss covered, premium
24	payable, or state or federal tax consequence. The fact that
25	the viatical settlement contract or viatical settlement
26	purchase agreement offered is made available for inspection
27	before consummation of the sale, that an offer is made to
28	refund the payment if the viator is not satisfied, or that the
29	viatical settlement contract or viatical settlement purchase
30	agreement includes a "free look" period that satisfies or
31	exceeds legal requirements does not remedy misleading

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1	statements.
2	2. Use the name or title of a life insurance company
3	or a life insurance policy unless the advertisement has been
4	approved by the insurer.
5	3. Represent that premium payments will not be
6	required to be paid on the life insurance policy that is the
7	subject of a viatical settlement contract or viatical
8	settlement purchase agreement in order to maintain that
9	policy, unless that is the fact.
10	4. State or imply that interest charged on an
11	accelerated death benefit or a policy loan is unfair,
12	inequitable, or in any manner an incorrect or improper
13	practice.
14	(b) The words "free," "no cost," "without cost," "no
15	additional cost, and at no extra cost or words of similar
16	import may not be used with respect to any benefit or service
17	unless true. An advertisement may specify the charge for a
18	benefit or a service or may state that a charge is included in
19	the payment or use other appropriate language.
20	(c) Testimonials, appraisals, or analysis used in
21	advertisements must be genuine; represent the current opinion
22	of the author; be applicable to the viatical settlement
23	contract or viatical settlement purchase agreement, product,
24	or service advertised, if any; and be accurately reproduced
25	with sufficient completeness to avoid misleading or deceiving
26	prospective viators or purchasers as to the nature or scope of
27	the testimonials, appraisal, analysis, or endorsement. In
28	using testimonials, appraisals, or analysis, the viatical
29	settlement licensee makes as its own all the statements

30 contained therein, and the statements are subject to all the

31 provisions of this section.

1	1. If the individual making a testimonial, appraisal,
2	analysis, or endorsement has a financial interest in the
3	viatical settlement provider or related entity as a
4	stockholder, director, officer, employee, or otherwise, or
5	receives any benefit directly or indirectly other than
6	required union scale wages, that fact must be prominently
7	disclosed in the advertisement.
8	2. An advertisement may not state or imply that a
9	viatical settlement contract or viatical settlement purchase
10	agreement, benefit, or service has been approved or endorsed
11	by a group of individuals, society, association, or other
12	organization unless that is the fact and unless any
13	relationship between an organization and the viatical
14	settlement licensee is disclosed. If the entity making the
15	endorsement or testimonial is owned, controlled, or managed by
16	the viatical settlement licensee, or receives any payment or
17	other consideration from the viatical settlement licensee for
18	making an endorsement or testimonial, that fact must be
19	disclosed in the advertisement.
20	3. When an endorsement refers to benefits received
21	under a viatical settlement contract or viatical settlement
22	purchase agreement, all pertinent information must be retained
23	for a period of 5 years after its use.
24	(6) An advertisement may not contain statistical
25	information unless it accurately reflects recent and relevant
26	facts. The source of all statistics used in an advertisement
27	must be identified.
28	(7) An advertisement may not disparage insurers,
29	viatical settlement providers, viatical settlement brokers,
30	viatical settlement investment agents, insurance producers,
31	policies, services, or methods of marketing.

1	(8) The name of the viatical settlement licensee must
2	be clearly identified in all advertisements about the licensee
3	or its viatical settlement contracts or viatical settlement
4	purchase agreements, products, or services, and if any
5	specific viatical settlement contract or viatical settlement
6	purchase agreement is advertised, the viatical settlement
7	contract or viatical settlement purchase agreement shall be
8	identified either by form number or some other appropriate
9	description. If an application is part of the advertisement,
10	the name of the viatical settlement provider must be shown on
11	the application.
12	(9) An advertisement may not use a trade name, group
13	designation, name of the parent company of a viatical
14	settlement licensee, name of a particular division of the
15	viatical settlement licensee, service mark, slogan, symbol, or
16	other device or reference without disclosing the name of the
17	viatical settlement licensee if the advertisement would have
18	the capacity or tendency to mislead or deceive as to the true
19	identity of the viatical settlement licensee or to create the
20	impression that a company other that the viatical settlement
21	licensee would have any responsibility for the financial
22	obligation under a viatical settlement contract or viatical
23	settlement purchase agreement.
24	(10) An advertisement may not use any combination of
25	words, symbols, or physical materials that by their content,
26	phraseology, shape, color, or other characteristics are so
27	similar to a combination of words, symbols, or physical
28	materials used by a government program or agency, or otherwise
29	appear to be of such nature, that they tend to mislead
30	prospective viators or purchasers into believing that the
31	solicitation is in some manner connected with a government

1	program or agency.
2	(11) An advertisement may state that a viatical
3	settlement licensee is licensed in the state where the
4	advertisement appears provided that it does not exaggerate
5	that fact or suggest or imply that competing viatical
6	settlement licensees may not be so licensed. The advertisement
7	may ask the audience to consult the licensee's website or
8	contact the Department of Insurance to find out if the state
9	requires licensing and, if so, whether the viatical settlement
10	provider, viatical settlement broker, or viatical settlement
11	investment agent is licensed.
12	(12) An advertisement may not create the impression
13	that the viatical settlement provider, its financial condition
14	or status, the payment of its claims, or the merits,
15	desirability, or advisability of its viatical settlement
16	contracts or viatical settlement purchase agreement forms are
17	recommended or endorsed by any government entity.
18	(13) The name of the actual licensee must be stated in
19	all of its advertisements. An advertisement may not use a
20	trade name, any group designation, the name of any affiliate
21	or controlling entity of the licensee, service mark, slogan,
22	symbol, or other device in a manner that would have the
23	capacity or tendency to mislead or deceive as to the true
24	identity of the actual licensee or create the false impression
25	that an affiliate or controlling entity would have any
26	responsibility for the financial obligation of the licensee.
27	(14) An advertisement may not directly or indirectly
28	create the impression that any division or agency of the state
29	or of the United States Government endorses, approves, or
30	favors:
31	(a) Any viatical settlement licensee or its business 12
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1	practices or methods of operation;
2	(b) The merits, desirability, or advisability of any
3	viatical settlement contract or viatical settlement purchase
4	agreement;
5	(c) Any viatical settlement contract or viatical
6	settlement purchase agreement; or
7	(d) Any life insurance policy or life insurance
8	company.
9	(15) If the advertiser emphasizes the speed with which
10	the viatication will occur, the advertising must disclose the
11	average time frame from completed application to the date of
12	offer and from acceptance of the offer to receipt of the funds
13	by the viator.
14	(16) If the advertising emphasizes the dollar amounts
15	available to viators, the advertising must disclose the
16	average purchase price as a percent of face value obtained by
17	viators contracting with the licensee during the past 6
18	months.
19	Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 626.99235,
20	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
21	626.99235 Disclosures to viatical settlement
22	purchasers; misrepresentations
23	(2) A viatical settlement provider or its viatical
24	settlement investment agent must provide the viatical
25	settlement purchaser with at least the following disclosures
26	before the date the viatical settlement purchase agreement is
27	signed by all parties. The disclosures must be conspicuously
28	displayed in any viatical purchase contract or in a separate
29	document signed by the viatical settlement purchaser and
30	viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement investment
31	agent, and must make the following disclosure to the viatical 13

1	settlement purchaser:
2	(a) That the purchaser will receive no returns
3	including dividends or interest until the insured dies.
4	(b) That the actual annual rate of return on a
5	viatical settlement contract is dependent upon an accurate
6	projection of the insured's life expectancy and the actual
7	date of the insured's death and that an annual "guaranteed"
8	rate of return is not determinable.
9	(c) That the viaticated life insurance contract should
10	not be considered a liquid purchase since it is impossible to
11	predict the exact timing of its maturity and the funds
12	probably are not available until the death of the insured and
13	that there is no established secondary market for resale of
14	these products by the purchaser.
15	(d) That the purchaser may lose all benefits or may
16	receive substantially reduced benefits if the insurer goes out
17	of business during the term of the viatical investment.
18	(e) That the purchaser is responsible for payment of
19	the insurance premium or other costs related to the policy, if
20	required by the terms of the viatical purchase agreement; that
21	the payments may reduce the purchaser's return; and, if a
22	party other than the purchaser is responsible for the payment,
23	the name and address of that party.
24	(f) That the purchaser is responsible for payment of
25	the insurance premiums or other costs related to the policy if
26	the insured returns to health and the amount of such premiums,
27	<u>if applicable.</u>
28	(g) The name and address of any person providing
29	escrow services and the relationship to the broker.
30	(h) The amount of any trust fees or other expenses to
31	be charged to the viatical settlement purchaser.

1	(i) Whether the purchaser is entitled to a refund of
2	all or part of his or her investment under the settlement
3	contract if the policy is later determined to be null and
4	void.
5	(j) That group policies may contain limitations or
6	caps in the conversion rights; that additional premiums may
7	have to be paid if the policy is converted; the party
8	responsible for the payment of the additional premiums; and,
9	if a group policy is terminated and replaced by another group
10	policy, that there may be no right to convert the original
11	coverage.
12	(k) The risks associated with policy contestability,
13	including, but not limited to, the risk that the purchaser
14	will have no claim or only a partial claim to death benefits
15	if the insurer rescinds the policy within the contestability
16	period.
17	(1) Whether the purchaser will be the owner of the
18	policy in addition to being the beneficiary, and if the
19	purchaser is the beneficiary only and not also the owner, the
20	special risks associated with that status, including, but not
21	limited to, the risk that the beneficiary may be changed or
22	the premium may not be paid.
23	(m) The experience and qualifications of the person
24	who determines the life expectancy of the insured, such as
25	in-house staff, independent physicians, and specialty firms
26	that weigh medical and actuarial data; the information this
27	projection is based on; and the relationship of the projection
28	maker to the viatical settlement provider, if any.
29	
30	Disclosure to an investor must include distribution of a
31	brochure describing the process of investment in viatical

1	settlements. The NAIC's form for the brochure must be used
2	unless one is developed by the commission. The viatical
3	settlement provider and the viatical settlement sales agent,
4	themselves or through another person, shall provide in writing
5	the following disclosures to any viatical settlement purchaser
6	or purchaser prospect:
7	(a) That the return represented as being available
8	under the viatical settlement purchase agreement is directly
9	tied to the projected life span of one or more insureds.
10	(b) If a return is represented, the disclosure shall
11	indicate the projected life span of the insured or insureds
12	whose life or lives are tied to the return.
13	(c) If required by the terms of the viatical
14	settlement purchase agreement, that the viatical settlement
15	purchaser shall be responsible for the payment of insurance
16	premiums on the life of the insured, late or surrender fees,
17	or other costs related to the life insurance policy on the
18	life of the insured or insureds which may reduce the return.
19	(d) The amount of any trust fees, commissions,
20	deductions, or other expenses, if any, to be charged to the
21	viatical settlement purchaser.
22	(e) The name and address of the person responsible for
23	tracking the insured.
24	(f) That group policies may contain limitations or
25	caps in the conversion rights, that additional premiums may
26	have to be paid if the policy is converted, and that the party
27	responsible for the payment of such additional premiums shall
28	be identified.
29	(g) That the life expectancy and rate of return are
30	only estimates and cannot be guaranteed.
31	(h) That the purchase of a viatical settlement

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contract should not be considered a liquid purchase, since it 2 is impossible to predict the exact timing of its maturity and the funds may not be available until the death of the insured. 3 4 (i) The name and address of the person with the 5 responsibility for paying the premium until the death of the 6 insured. 7 The written disclosure required under this subsection shall be 8 conspicuously displayed in any viatical settlement purchase 10 agreement, and in any solicitation material furnished to the 11 viatical settlement purchaser by such viatical settlement provider, related provider trust, or person, and shall be in 12 contrasting color and in not less than 10-point type or no 13 14 smaller than the largest type on the page if larger than 15 10-point type. The commission may adopt by rule the disclosure form to be used. The disclosures need not be furnished in an 16 invitation to inquire, the objective of which is to create a 17 18 desire to inquire further about entering into a viatical 19 settlement purchase agreement. The invitation to inquire may 20 not quote rates of return, may not include material attendant to the execution of any specific viatical settlement purchase 21 22 agreement, and may not relate to any specific viator. Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 626.99236, 23 24 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 626.99236 Further disclosures to viatical settlement 25 26 purchasers.--(1) A viatical settlement provider or its viatical 27 settlement investment agent must provide the viatical 28 29 settlement purchaser with at least the following disclosures no later than at the time of the assignment, transfer, or sale 30 of all or a portion of an insurance policy. The disclosures

1	must be contained in a document signed by the viatical
2	settlement purchaser and viatical settlement provider or
3	viatical settlement investment agent, and the document must
4	make the following disclosures to the viatical settlement
5	purchaser:
6	(a) All the life expectancy certifications obtained by
7	the provider in the process of determining the price paid to
8	the viator.
9	(b) Whether premium payments or other costs related to
10	the policy have been escrowed and if escrowed, the date upon
11	which the escrowed funds will be depleted and whether the
12	purchaser will be responsible for payment of premiums
13	thereafter and, if so, the amount of the premiums.
14	(c) Whether premium payments or other costs related to
15	the policy have been waived and, if waived, whether the
16	investor will be responsible for payment of the premiums if
17	the insurer that wrote the policy terminates the waiver after
18	purchase and the amount of those premiums.
19	(d) The type of policy offered or sold, i.e. whole
20	life, term life, universal life, or a group policy
21	<pre>certificate; any additional benefits contained in the policy;</pre>
22	and the current status of the policy.
23	(e) If the policy is term insurance, the special risks
24	associated with term insurance, including, but not limited to,
25	the purchaser's responsibility for additional premiums if the
26	viator continues the term policy at the end of the current
27	term.
28	(f) Whether the policy is contestable.
29	(g) Whether the insurer that wrote the policy has any
30	additional rights that could negatively affect or extinguish
31	the purchaser's rights under the viatical settlement contract,

1	what these rights are, and under what conditions these rights
2	are activated.
3	(h) The name and address of the person responsible for
4	monitoring the insured's condition and a description of how
5	often the monitoring of the insured's condition is done, how
6	the date of death is determined, and how and when this
7	information will be transmitted to the purchaser. No later
8	than 5 days prior to the assignment, transfer, sale, devise,
9	or bequest of the death benefit or ownership of all or a
10	portion of the insurance policy or certificate of insurance to
11	the purchaser, the viatical settlement provider and the
12	viatical settlement sales agent, themselves or through another
13	person, shall provide in writing the following disclosures to
14	any viatical settlement purchaser:
15	(a) All the life expectancy certifications obtained by
16	the provider.
17	(b) The name and address of the insurance company, the
18	policy number, and the date of original issue of the
19	viaticated policy.
20	(c) The experience and qualifications of the person
21	issuing the life expectancy certification, and that person's
22	relationship to the viatical settlement provider, the viatical
23	settlement broker, the viatical settlement sales agent, and
24	the viator.
25	(d) The name and address of any person providing
26	escrow services, and that person's relationship to the
27	viatical settlement provider, the viatical settlement broker,
28	the viatical settlement sales agent, and the viator.
29	(e) The type of life insurance policy offered or sold,
30	including a statement as to whether the policy is whole life,
31	term life, universal life, or a group policy certificate; a 19

1	statement as to whether the policy is in lapse status or has
2	lapsed in the last 2 years; and a statement as to whether the
3	purchaser is entitled to benefits contained in the policy
4	other than the death benefit of the policy.
5	(f) The procedure to be used by the provider to
6	provide the status of the health condition of the insured to a
7	purchaser.
8	Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.
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11	======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
12	And the title is amended as follows:
13	Delete everything before the enacting clause
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15	and insert:
16	A bill to be entitled
17	An act relating to viatical settlements;
18	creating s. 626.99271, F.S.; requiring that a
19	fraud warning be included in viatical
20	settlement agreements; requiring certain
21	persons to report viatical fraud; providing for
22	immunity from civil liability for persons who
23	report viatical fraud; providing that the act
24	does not preempt limit enforcement by other
25	agencies; requiring viatical settlement
26	providers to initiate anti-fraud programs and
27	to submit an anti-fraud plan to the Financial
28	Services Commission; providing for the contents
29	of the anti-fraud plan; creating s. 626.99279,
30	F.S.; providing that advertisements of viatical
31	settlement agreements must be truthful; 20

1	prohibiting certain specified statements that
2	are misleading; prohibiting advertising from
3	containing or excluding certain information;
4	amending s. 626.99235, F.S.; providing that
5	certain disclosures be made before the
6	agreement documents are signed; amending s.
7	626.99236, F.S.; requiring that the viatical
8	settlement documents contain certain
9	disclosures; providing an effective date.
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