1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to statutory ways of necessity; amending 3 s. 704.01, F.S.; revising criteria for establishing a 4 statutory way of necessity exclusive of common-law right; 5 amending s. 704.04, F.S.; removing a limitation on the existence of certain easements; providing for reenactment 6 7 of certain provisions under certain circumstances; 8 providing for effectiveness; providing an effective date. 9 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 12 Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 704.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 13 704.01 Common-law and statutory easements defined and 14 determined. --15 16 (2)STATUTORY WAY OF NECESSITY EXCLUSIVE OF COMMON-LAW 17 RIGHT.--Based on public policy, convenience, and necessity, a 18 statutory way of necessity exclusive of any common-law right 19 exists when any land or portion thereof outside any municipality 20 which is being used or desired to be used for a dwelling or 21 dwellings or for agricultural or for timber raising or cutting 22 or stockraising purposes shall be shut off or hemmed in by 23 lands, fencing, or other improvements of other persons so that no practicable route of egress or ingress shall be available 24 25 therefrom to the nearest practicable public road or private road 26 in which the landlocked owner has vested easement rights. The 27 owner or tenant thereof, or anyone in their behalf, lawfully may 28 use and maintain an easement for persons, vehicles, stock,

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franchised cable television service, and any utility service, 29 30 including, but not limited to, water, wastewater, reclaimed 31 water, natural gas, electricity, and telephone service, over, 32 under, through, and upon the lands which lie between the said shut-off or hemmed-in lands and such public road or private road 33 34 in which the landlocked owner has vested easement rights by 35 means of the nearest practical route, considering the use to 36 which said lands are being put; and the use thereof, as 37 aforesaid, shall not constitute a trespass; nor shall the party thus using the same be liable in damages for the use thereof, \div 38 provided that such easement shall be used only in an orderly and 39 40 proper manner.

Effective only if a court determines that 41 Section 2. 42 subsection (2) of section 704.01, Florida Statutes, as amended 43 by section 1 of this act, is unconstitutional and such 44 determination is upheld on appeal, it is the intent of the Legislature that the provisions of such subsection shall be the 45 46 same as those in existence prior to amendment by this act, and 47 to that end subsection (2) of section 704.01, Florida Statutes, 48 as it existed prior to amendment by section 1 of this act, is 49 reenacted to read:

50 704.01 Common-law and statutory easements defined and 51 determined.--

52 (2) STATUTORY WAY OF NECESSITY EXCLUSIVE OF COMMON-LAW 53 RIGHT.--Based on public policy, convenience, and necessity, a 54 statutory way of necessity exclusive of any common-law right 55 exists when any land or portion thereof outside any municipality 56 which is being used or desired to be used for a dwelling or

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57	dwellings or for agricultural or for timber raising or cutting											
58	or stockraising purposes shall be shut off or hemmed in by											
59	lands, fencing, or other improvements of other persons so that											
60	no practicable route of egress or ingress shall be available											
61	therefrom to the nearest practicable public or private road. The											
62	owner or tenant thereof, or anyone in their behalf, lawfully may											
63	use and maintain an easement for persons, vehicles, stock,											
64	franchised cable television service, and any utility service,											
65	including, but not limited to, water, wastewater, reclaimed											
66	water, natural gas, electricity, and telephone service, over,											
67	under, through, and upon the lands which lie between the said											
68	shut-off or hemmed-in lands and such public or private road by											
69	means of the nearest practical route, considering the use to											
70	which said lands are being put; and the use thereof, as											
71	aforesaid, shall not constitute a trespass; nor shall the party											
72	thus using the same be liable in damages for the use thereof;											
73	provided that such easement shall be used only in an orderly and											
74	proper manner.											
75	Section 3. Section 704.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to											

75 Section 3. Section 704.04, Florida Statutes, is amended 76 read:

77 704.04 Judicial remedy and compensation to servient 78 owner.--When the owner or owners of such lands across which a statutory way of necessity under s. 704.01(2) is claimed, 79 80 exclusive of the common-law right, objects or refuses to permit 81 the use of such way under the conditions set forth herein or until she or he receives compensation therefor, either party or 82 the board of county commissioners of such county may file suit 83 84 in the circuit court of the county wherein the land is located

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in order to determine if the claim for said easement exists, and 85 86 the amount of compensation to which said party is entitled for 87 use of such easement. When Where said easement is awarded to the owner of the dominant tenement, it shall be in compliance with 88 89 s. 704.01(2) and shall exist so long as such easement is reasonably necessary for the purposes stated herein. The court, 90 91 in its discretion, shall determine all questions, including the 92 type, duration, extent, and location of the easement, the amount of compensation, and the attorney's fees and costs to be awarded 93 94 to either party for unreasonable refusal to comply with the provisions of s. 704.01(2), provided that if either of said 95 parties so requests in her or his original pleadings, the amount 96 of compensation may be determined by a jury trial. The easement 97 98 shall date from the time the award is paid.

99 Section 4. Effective only if a court determines that section 704.04, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 3 of 100 101 this act, is unconstitutional and such determination is upheld on appeal, it is the intent of the Legislature that the 102 103 provisions of such section shall be the same as those in existence prior to amendment by this act, and to that end 104 105 section 704.04, Florida Statutes, as it existed prior to 106 amendment by this act, is reenacted to read:

107 <u>704.04</u> Judicial remedy and compensation to servient 108 <u>owner.--When the owner or owners of such lands across which a</u> 109 <u>statutory way of necessity under s. 704.01(2) is claimed,</u> 110 <u>exclusive of the common-law right, objects or refuses to permit</u> 111 <u>the use of such way under the conditions set forth herein or</u> 112 <u>until she or he receives compensation therefor, either party or</u>

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113 the board of county commissioners of such county may file suit 114 in the circuit court of the county wherein the land is located 115 in order to determine if the claim for said easement exists, and 116 the amount of compensation to which said party is entitled for 117 use of such easement. Where said easement is awarded to the 118 owner of the dominant tenement, it shall be in compliance with 119 s. 704.01(2) and shall exist so long as such easement is 120 reasonably necessary for the purposes stated herein. The court, in its discretion, shall determine all questions, including the 121 122 type, duration, extent, and location of the easement, the amount 123 of compensation, and the attorney's fees and costs to be awarded 124 to either party for unreasonable refusal to comply with the 125 provisions of s. 704.01(2) provided that if either of said 126 parties so requests in her or his original pleadings, the amount 127 of compensation may be determined by a jury trial. The easement 128 shall date from the time the award is paid.

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Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.

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