By the Committee on Health Care; and Senators Geller and Lynn

587-2172-05

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to automated external
3	defibrillators; amending s. 401.2915, F.S.;
4	revising legislative intent with respect to the
5	use of an automated external defibrillator;
6	defining an automated external defibrillator as
7	a lifesaving defibrillation device; defining a
8	related term; providing that it is a
9	first-degree misdemeanor for a person to commit
10	certain acts involving the misuse of an
11	automated external defibrillator; authorizing a
12	local government to adopt an ordinance to
13	license, permit, or inspect automated external
14	defibrillators; providing for enforcement of
15	such local ordinances; requiring the Department
16	of Health to implement an educational campaign
17	to inform the public about the lack of immunity
18	from liability regarding the use of automated
19	external defibrillator devices under certain
20	conditions; providing an effective date.
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22	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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24	Section 1. Section 401.2915, Florida Statutes, is
25	amended to read:
26	401.2915 Automated external defibrillatorsIt is the
27	intent of the Legislature that an automated external
28	defibrillator may be used by any person for the purpose of
29	saving the life of another person in cardiac arrest. <u>In order</u>
30	to achieve that goal, the Legislature intends to encourage
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1	training in lifesaving first aid, set standards for the use of
2	automated external defibrillators, and encourage their use.
3	(1) As used in this section, the term:
4	(a) "Automated external defibrillator" means a
5	lifesaving defibrillation device that:
6	1. Is commercially distributed as a defibrillation
7	device in accordance with the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
8	Act;
9	2. Is capable of recognizing the presence or absence
10	of ventricular fibrillation and is capable of determining,
11	without intervention by the user of the device, if
12	defibrillation should be performed; and
13	3. Is capable of delivering an electrical shock to an
14	individual, upon determining that defibrillation should be
15	performed.
16	(b) "Defibrillation" means the administration of a
17	controlled electrical charge to the heart to restore a viable
18	cardiac rhythm.
19	(2) In order to ensure public health and safety:
20	$\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ All persons who use an automated external
21	defibrillator must obtain appropriate training, to include
22	completion of a course in cardiopulmonary resuscitation or
23	successful completion of a basic first aid course that
24	includes cardiopulmonary resuscitation training, and
25	demonstrated proficiency in the use of an automated external
26	defibrillator;
27	(b)(2) Any person or entity in possession of an
28	automated external defibrillator is encouraged to register
29	with the local emergency medical services medical director the
30	existence and location of the automated external
31	defibrillator; and

1	(c) (3) Any person who uses an automated external
2	defibrillator shall is required to activate the emergency
3	medical services system as soon as possible upon use of the
4	automated external defibrillator.
5	(3) Any person who intentionally or willfully:
6	(a) Tampers with or otherwise renders an automated
7	external defibrillator inoperative, except during such time as
8	the automated external defibrillator is being serviced,
9	tested, repaired, or recharged, or except pursuant to court
10	order; or
11	(b) Obliterates the serial number on an automated
12	external defibrillator for purposes of falsifying service
13	records,
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15	commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
16	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
17	(4) A local ordinance may require a person to obtain a
18	license, permit, or inspection certificate regarding automated
19	external defibrillators. Such ordinance may provide for any
20	enforcement method authorized by s. 162.22. The ordinance may
21	provide that it is an infraction or a criminal offense for any
22	person to intentionally or willfully:
23	(a) Fail to properly service, recharge, repair, test,
24	or inspect an automated external defibrillator;
25	(b) Use the license, permit, or inspection certificate
26	of another person to service, recharge, repair, test, or
27	inspect an automated external defibrillator;
28	(c) Hold a permit or inspection certificate and allow
29	another person to use that permit or inspection certificate
30	number to service, recharge, repair, test, or inspect an
3 1	automated external defibrillator: or

1	(d) Use or permit the use of any license, permit, or
2	inspection certificate by any individual or organization other
3	than the one to whom the license, permit, or inspection
4	certificate is issued to service, recharge, repair, test, or
5	inspect an automated external defibrillator.
6	Section 2. The Department of Health shall implement an
7	educational campaign to inform any person who acquires an
8	automated external defibrillator device that his or her
9	immunity from liability under section 768.1325, Florida
10	Statutes, for harm resulting from the use or attempted use of
11	the device, does not apply if he or she fails to:
12	(1) Properly maintain and test the device; or
13	(2) Provide appropriate training in the use of the
14	device to his or her employee or agent when the employee or
15	agent was the person who used the device on the victim, except
16	as provided in section 768.1325, Florida Statutes.
17	Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
18	law.
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20	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
21	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR <u>Senate Bill 48</u>
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23	The committee substitute creates a criminal offense for
24	certain acts involving tampering with an automated external defibrillator (AED). Local governments are authorized to adopt
25	an ordinance to require a person to obtain a license, permit, or inspection certificate for AEDs and provides for
26	enforcement of such local ordinances. The bill requires the Department of Health to implement an educational campaign to
27	inform persons who acquire an AED that immunity from liability does not extend to failure to properly maintain and test the
28	AED or failure to provide appropriate training in the use of the AED.
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