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2	An act relating to the wireless emergency
3	telephone system; amending s. 11.45, F.S.;
4	removing the annual audit of the Wireless
5	Emergency Telephone System Fund from the duties
б	of the Auditor General; amending s. 364.02,
7	F.S.; revising fee schedules for providers of
8	interexchange telecommunications services;
9	amending s. 365.171, F.S.; revising provisions
10	for certain nonemergency telephone number pilot
11	projects; amending s. 365.172, F.S.; limiting
12	application of definitions; adding definitions
13	relating to wireless telephone communications;
14	revising duties of the Wireless 911 Board;
15	providing for grants and loans to certain
16	counties for the purpose of upgrading E911
17	systems; authorizing the hiring of an executive
18	director and an independent, private attorney;
19	specifying that state and local governments are
20	not customers under provisions for the wireless
21	E911 monthly fee; revising timeframe to reduce
22	the amount of the fee or for reallocation of
23	moneys collected for the fee; providing
24	legislative intent regarding the emergency
25	wireless telephone system; providing standards
26	for local governments to follow when regulating
27	the placement, construction, or modification of
28	a wireless communications facility; directing
29	local governments to grant or deny properly
30	completed applications within specified time
31	periods; providing criteria and procedures for

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1	local approval of an application by a provider
2	of wireless communications services;
3	authorizing the local government to impose an
4	application fee; directing local governments to
5	notify a provider in writing of the
6	deficiencies in an application; directing local
7	governments to notify a provider in writing
8	whether the resubmission of information
9	properly completes the application; authorizing
10	local governments to continue requesting
11	information until the application deficiencies
12	are cured; providing for a limited review by a
13	local government of an accessory wireless
14	communications facility; prohibiting local
15	governments from imposing certain restrictions
16	on wireless communications facilities;
17	providing that an action brought by a person
18	adversely affected by a decision of a local
19	government relating to a wireless
20	communications facility shall be considered on
21	an expedited basis; removing certain complaint
22	procedures; amending s. 365.173, F.S.;
23	directing how a county may use funds derived
24	from the E911 fee; requiring the board of
25	county commissioners to appropriate the funds
26	to the proper uses; removing the requirement
27	that the Auditor General annually audit the
28	E911 fund; amending s. 337.401, F.S.; revising
29	provisions relating to use of right-of-way for
30	utilities subject to regulation to remove
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

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           certain application provisions; providing an
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           effective date.
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   Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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 6
           Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 11.45, Florida
 7
    Statutes, is amended to read:
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           11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports;
 9
   rules.--
           (2) DUTIES.--The Auditor General shall:
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           (a) Conduct audits of records and perform related
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   duties as prescribed by law, concurrent resolution of the
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   Legislature, or as directed by the Legislative Auditing
14
   Committee.
           (b) Annually conduct a financial audit of state
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16
   government.
           (c) Annually conduct financial audits of all
17
18
   universities and district boards of trustees of community
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    colleges.
           (d) Annually conduct financial audits of the accounts
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   and records of all district school boards in counties with
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22
   populations of fewer than 150,000, according to the most
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   recent federal decennial statewide census.
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           (e) Through fiscal year 2008-2009, annually conduct an
   audit of the Wireless Emergency Telephone System Fund as
25
   described in s. 365.173.
26
           (f) Annually conduct audits of the accounts and
27
28
   records of the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind.
29
           (g) At least every 2 years, conduct operational audits
   of the accounts and records of state agencies and
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31 universities. In connection with these audits, the Auditor
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General shall give appropriate consideration to reports issued 1 2 by state agencies' inspectors general or universities' inspectors general and the resolution of findings therein. 3 4 (h) At least every 2 years, conduct a performance audit of the local government financial reporting system, 5 which, for the purpose of this chapter, means any statutory б 7 provisions related to local government financial reporting. 8 The purpose of such an audit is to determine the accuracy, efficiency, and effectiveness of the reporting system in 9 achieving its goals and to make recommendations to the local 10 governments, the Governor, and the Legislature as to how the 11 reporting system can be improved and how program costs can be 12 13 reduced. The Auditor General shall determine the scope of such 14 audits. The local government financial reporting system should provide for the timely, accurate, uniform, and cost-effective 15 accumulation of financial and other information that can be 16 used by the members of the Legislature and other appropriate 17 18 officials to accomplish the following goals: 19 1. Enhance citizen participation in local government; 2. Improve the financial condition of local 20 governments; 21 22 3. Provide essential government services in an 23 efficient and effective manner; and 24 4. Improve decisionmaking on the part of the Legislature, state agencies, and local government officials on 25 matters relating to local government. 26 (i) Once every 3 years, conduct performance audits of 27 28 the Department of Revenue's administration of the ad valorem 29 tax laws as described in s. 195.096. (j) Once every 3 years, conduct financial audits of 30 the accounts and records of all district school boards in 31

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counties with populations of 125,000 or more, according to the 1 2 most recent federal decennial statewide census. 3 (k) Once every 3 years, review a sample of each state agency's internal audit reports to determine compliance with 4 current Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal 5 Auditing or, if appropriate, government auditing standards. б 7 (1) Conduct audits of local governmental entities when 8 determined to be necessary by the Auditor General, when 9 directed by the Legislative Auditing Committee, or when otherwise required by law. No later than 18 months after the 10 release of the audit report, the Auditor General shall perform 11 such appropriate followup procedures as he or she deems 12 13 necessary to determine the audited entity's progress in 14 addressing the findings and recommendations contained within the Auditor General's previous report. The Auditor General 15 shall provide a copy of his or her determination to each 16 member of the audited entity's governing body and to the 17 18 Legislative Auditing Committee. 19 The Auditor General shall perform his or her duties 20 independently but under the general policies established by 21 22 the Legislative Auditing Committee. This subsection does not 23 limit the Auditor General's discretionary authority to conduct 24 other audits or engagements of governmental entities as authorized in subsection (3). 25 Section 2. Subsection (13) of section 364.02, Florida 26 Statutes, is amended to read: 27 28 364.02 Definitions.--As used in this chapter: 29 (13) "Telecommunications company" includes every corporation, partnership, and person and their lessees, 30 31 trustees, or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, and

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2005 Legislature CS for CS for SB 620, 1st Engrossed (ntc) every political subdivision in the state, offering two-way 1 2 telecommunications service to the public for hire within this 3 state by the use of a telecommunications facility. The term "telecommunications company" does not include: 4 (a) An entity which provides a telecommunications 5 б facility exclusively to a certificated telecommunications 7 company; 8 (b) An entity which provides a telecommunications 9 facility exclusively to a company which is excluded from the definition of a telecommunications company under this 10 subsection; 11 (c) A commercial mobile radio service provider; 12 13 (d) A facsimile transmission service; 14 (e) A private computer data network company not offering service to the public for hire; 15 (f) A cable television company providing cable service 16 as defined in 47 U.S.C. s. 522; or 17 18 (q) An intrastate interexchange telecommunications 19 company. 20 However, each commercial mobile radio service provider and 21 22 each intrastate interexchange telecommunications company shall 23 continue to be liable for any taxes imposed under pursuant to 24 chapters 202, 203 and 212 and any fees assessed under s. pursuant to ss. 364.025 and 364.336. Each intrastate 25 interexchange telecommunications company shall continue to be 26 subject to ss. 364.04, 364.10(3)(a) and (d), 364.163, 364.285, 27 28 364.336, 364.501, 364.603, and 364.604, shall provide the 29 commission with the such current information as the commission deems necessary to contact and communicate with the company, 30 31 shall continue to pay intrastate switched network access rates

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or other intercarrier compensation to the local exchange 1 2 telecommunications company or the competitive local exchange telecommunications company for the origination and termination 3 of interexchange telecommunications service, and shall reduce 4 its intrastate long distance toll rates in accordance with s. 5 364.163(2). б 7 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (13) of section 8 365.171, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 365.171 Emergency telephone number "911."--(13) "911" FEE.--10 (a) Following approval by referendum as set forth in 11 paragraph (b), or following approval by a majority vote of its 12 13 board of county commissioners, a county may impose a "911" fee 14 to be paid by the local exchange subscribers within its boundaries served by the "911" service. Proceeds from the 15 "911" fee shall be used only for "911" expenditures as set 16 forth in subparagraph 6. The manner of imposing and collecting 17 18 said payment shall be as follows: 1. At the request of the county subscribing to "911" 19 20 service, the telephone company shall, insofar as is practicable, bill the "911" fee to the local exchange 21 22 subscribers served by the "911" service, on an individual 23 access line basis, at a rate not to exceed 50 cents per month 24 per line (up to a maximum of 25 access lines per account bill rendered). However, the fee may not be assessed on any pay 25 telephone in this state. A county collecting the fee for the 26 first time may collect the fee for no longer than 36 months 27 28 without initiating the acquisition of its "911" equipment. 29 2. Fees collected by the telephone company pursuant to subparagraph 1. shall be returned to the county, less the 30 31 costs of administration retained pursuant to paragraph (c).

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The county shall provide a minimum of 90 days' written notice to the telephone company prior to the collection of any "911" fees.

4 3. Any county that currently has an operational "911" system or that is actively pursuing the implementation of a 5 "911" system shall establish a fund to be used exclusively for б 7 receipt and expenditure of "911" fee revenues collected 8 pursuant to this section. All fees placed in said fund, and 9 any interest accrued thereupon, shall be used solely for "911" costs described in subparagraph 6. The money collected and 10 interest earned in this fund shall be appropriated for "911" 11 purposes by the county commissioners and incorporated into the 12 13 annual county budget. Such fund shall be included within the 14 financial audit performed in accordance with s. 218.39. A report of the audit shall be forwarded to the office within 60 15 days of its completion. A county may carry forward on an 16 annual basis unspent moneys in the fund for expenditures 17 18 allowed by this section, or it may reduce its fee. However, in 19 no event shall a county carry forward more than 10 percent of the "911" fee billed for the prior year. The amount of moneys 20 carried forward each year may be accumulated in order to allow 21 22 for capital improvements described in this subsection. The 23 carryover shall be documented by resolution of the board of 24 county commissioners expressing the purpose of the carryover or by an adopted capital improvement program identifying 25 projected expansion or replacement expenditures for "911" 26 equipment and service features, or both. In no event shall the 27 28 "911" fee carryover surplus moneys be used for any purpose 29 other than for the "911" equipment, service features, and 30 installation charges authorized in subparagraph 6. Nothing in 31 this section shall prohibit a county from using other sources

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of revenue for improvements, replacements, or expansions of 1 2 its "911" system. A county may increase its fee for purposes authorized in this section. However, in no case shall the fee 3 exceed 50 cents per month per line. All current "911" fees 4 shall be reported to the office within 30 days of the start of 5 each county's fiscal period. Any fee adjustment made by a б 7 county shall be reported to the office. A county shall give 8 the telephone company a 90-day written notice of such fee 9 adjustment.

4. The telephone company shall have no obligation to
 take any legal action to enforce collection of the "911" fee.
 The telephone company shall provide quarterly to the county a
 list of the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of any and
 all subscribers who have identified to the telephone company
 their refusal to pay the "911" fee.

16 5. The county subscribing to "911" service shall 17 remain liable to the telephone company for any "911" service, 18 equipment, operation, or maintenance charge owed by the county 19 to the telephone company.

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As used in this paragraph, "telephone company" means an exchange telephone service provider of "911" service or equipment to any county within its certificated area.

6. It is the intent of the Legislature that the "911" fee authorized by this section to be imposed by counties will not necessarily provide the total funding required for establishing or providing the "911" service. For purposes of this section, "911" service includes the functions of database management, call taking, location verification, and call transfer. The following costs directly attributable to the establishment and/or provision of "911" service are eligible

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for expenditure of moneys derived from imposition of the "911" 1 2 fee authorized by this section: the acquisition, 3 implementation, and maintenance of Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) equipment and "911" service features, as defined 4 in the Florida Public Service Commission's lawfully approved 5 "911" and related tariffs and/or the acquisition, б 7 installation, and maintenance of other "911" equipment, 8 including call answering equipment, call transfer equipment, 9 ANI controllers, ALI controllers, ANI displays, ALI displays, station instruments, "911" telecommunications systems, 10 teleprinters, logging recorders, instant playback recorders, 11 telephone devices for the deaf (TDD) used in the "911" system, 12 13 PSAP backup power systems, consoles, automatic call 14 distributors, and interfaces (hardware and software) for computer-aided dispatch (CAD) systems; salary and associated 15 expenses for "911" call takers for that portion of their time 16 spent taking and transferring "911" calls; salary and 17 18 associated expenses for a county to employ a full-time equivalent "911" coordinator position and a full-time 19 equivalent staff assistant position per county for the portion 20 of their time spent administrating the "911" system; training 21 22 costs for PSAP call takers in the proper methods and 23 techniques used in taking and transferring "911" calls; and 24 expenses required to develop and maintain all information (ALI and ANI databases and other information source repositories) 25 necessary to properly inform call takers as to location 26 address, type of emergency, and other information directly 27 28 relevant to the "911" call-taking and transferring function; 29 and, in a county defined in s. 125.011(1), such expenses related to a nonemergency "311" system, or similar 30 nonemergency system, which improves the overall efficiency 31

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an existing "911" system or reduces "911" emergency response 1 2 time for a 2 year pilot project that ends June 30, 2003. However, No wireless telephone service provider shall be 3 required to participate in <u>any this</u> pilot project or to 4 otherwise implement a nonemergency "311" system or similar 5 nonemergency system. The "911" fee revenues shall not be used б 7 to pay for any item not listed, including, but not limited to, 8 any capital or operational costs for emergency responses which occur after the call transfer to the responding public safety 9 entity and the costs for constructing buildings, leasing 10 buildings, maintaining buildings, or renovating buildings, 11 except for those building modifications necessary to maintain 12 13 the security and environmental integrity of the PSAP and "911" 14 equipment rooms. 7. It is the goal of the Legislature that enhanced 15 "911" service be available throughout the state. Expenditure 16 by counties of the "911" fees authorized by this section 17 18 should support this goal to the greatest extent feasible within the context of local service needs and fiscal 19 capability. Nothing in this section shall be construed to 20 prohibit two or more counties from establishing a combined 21 22 emergency "911" telephone service by interlocal agreement and 23 utilizing the "911" fees authorized by this section for such 24 combined "911" service. Section 4. Subsections (3), (6), and (11) and 25 paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (8) of section 365.172, 26 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 27 28 365.172 Wireless emergency telephone number "E911."--29 (3) DEFINITIONS.--Only as used in this section and ss. 365.173 and 365.174, the term: 30 31

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1	(a) "Active prepaid wireless telephone" means a
2	prepaid wireless telephone that has been used by the customer
3	during the month to complete a telephone call for which the
4	customer's card or balance was decremented.
5	(b) "Answering point" means the public safety agency
6	that receives incoming 911 calls and dispatches appropriate
7	public safety agencies to respond to <u>the</u> such calls.
8	(c) "Automatic location identification" means the
9	capability of the E911 service which enables the automatic
10	display of information that defines the approximate geographic
11	location of the wireless telephone used to place a 911 call.
12	(d) "Automatic number identification" means the
13	capability of the E911 service which enables the automatic
14	display of the 10-digit service number used to place a 911
15	call.
16	(e) "Board" means the board of directors of the
17	Wireless 911 Board.
18	(f) <u>"Building-permit review" means a review for</u>
19	compliance with building construction standards adopted by the
20	local government under chapter 553 and does not include a
21	review for compliance with land development regulations.
22	"Office" means the State Technology Office.
23	(q) "Collocation" means the situation when a second or
24	subsequent wireless provider uses an existing structure to
25	locate a second or subsequent antennae. The term includes the
26	ground, platform, or roof installation of equipment
27	enclosures, cabinets, or buildings, and cables, brackets, and
28	other equipment associated with the location and operation of
29	the antennae.
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(h) "Designed service" means the configuration and 1 2 manner of deployment of service the wireless provider has designed for an area as part of its network. 3 4 (i)(g) "E911" is the designation for a wireless enhanced 911 system or wireless enhanced 911 service that is 5 an emergency telephone system or service that provides a б 7 subscriber with wireless 911 service and, in addition, directs 8 911 calls to appropriate public safety answering points by 9 selective routing based on the geographical location from which the call originated, or as otherwise provided in the 10 state plan under s. 365.171, and that provides for automatic 11 number identification and automatic location-identification 12 13 features in accordance with the requirements of the order. 14 (j) "Existing structure" means a structure that exists at the time an application for permission to place antennae on 15 a structure is filed with a local government. The term 16 includes any structure that can structurally support the 17 18 attachment of antennae in compliance with applicable codes. (k)(h) "Fee" means the E911 fee imposed under 19 subsection (8). 20 (1)(i) "Fund" means the Wireless Emergency Telephone 21 22 System Fund established in s. 365.173 and maintained under 23 this section for the purpose of recovering the costs 24 associated with providing 911 service or E911 service, including the costs of implementing the order. 25 (m) "Historic building, structure, site, object, or 26 district means any building, structure, site, object, or 27 28 district that has been officially designated as a historic 29 building, historic structure, historic site, historic object, or historic district through a federal, state, or local 30 designation program. 31

(n) "Land development regulations" means any ordinance 1 2 enacted by a local government for the regulation of any aspect 3 of development, including an ordinance governing zoning, subdivisions, landscaping, tree protection, or signs, the 4 local government's comprehensive plan, or any other ordinance 5 concerning any aspect of the development of land. The term б 7 does not include any building construction standard adopted 8 under and in compliance with chapter 553. 9 (o)(j) "Local exchange carrier" means a "competitive local exchange telecommunications company" or a "local 10 exchange telecommunications company" as defined in s. 364.02. 11 (p)(k) "Local government" means any municipality, 12 13 county, or political subdivision or agency of a municipality, 14 county, or political subdivision. (q) "Medium county" means any county that has a 15 population of 75,000 or more but less than 750,000. 16 (r) (1) "Mobile telephone number" or "MTN" means the 17 18 telephone number assigned to a wireless telephone at the time 19 of initial activation. (s) "Office" means the State Technology Office. 20 (t)(m) "Order" means: 21 22 1. The following orders and rules of the Federal 23 Communications Commission issued in FCC Docket No. 94-102: 24 a. Order adopted on June 12, 1996, with an effective date of October 1, 1996, the amendments to s. 20.03 and the 25 creation of s. 20.18 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal 26 Regulations adopted by the Federal Communications Commission 27 28 pursuant to such order. 29 b. Memorandum and Order No. FCC 97-402 adopted on December 23, 1997. 30 31

ENROLLED 2005 Legislature CS for CS for SB 620, 1st Engrossed (ntc) c. Order No. FCC DA 98-2323 adopted on November 13, 1 2 1998. 3 d. Order No. FCC 98-345 adopted December 31, 1998. 2. Orders and rules subsequently adopted by the 4 Federal Communications Commission relating to the provision of 5 wireless 911 services. б 7 (u) (o) "Prepaid wireless telephone service" means 8 wireless telephone service that is activated in advance by payment for a finite dollar amount of service or for a finite 9 set of minutes that terminate either upon use by a customer 10 and delivery by the wireless provider of an agreed-upon amount 11 of service corresponding to the total dollar amount paid in 12 advance or within a certain period of time following the 13 14 initial purchase or activation, unless additional payments are made. 15 (v)(n) "Provider" or "wireless provider" means a 16 person or entity who provides service and either: 17 18 1. Is subject to the requirements of the order; or Elects to provide wireless 911 service or E911 19 2. service in this state. 20 (w)(p) "Public agency" means the state and any 21 municipality, county, municipal corporation, or other 2.2 23 governmental entity, public district, or public authority 24 located in whole or in part within this state which provides, or has authority to provide, firefighting, law enforcement, 25 ambulance, medical, or other emergency services. 26 (x) (q) "Public safety agency" means a functional 27 28 division of a public agency which provides firefighting, law 29 enforcement, medical, or other emergency services. (y)(r) "Rural county" means any county that has a 30 31 population of fewer than 75,000.

(z)(s) "Service" means "commercial mobile radio 1 2 service" as provided under ss. 3(27) and 332(d) of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, 47 U.S.C., ss. 151 et seq., 3 and the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, Pub. L. No. 4 103-66, August 10, 1993, 107 Stat. 312. The term "service" 5 includes the term "wireless" and service provided by any б 7 wireless real-time two-way wire communication device, 8 including radio-telephone communications used in cellular 9 telephone service; personal communications service; or the functional or competitive equivalent of a radio-telephone 10 communications line used in cellular telephone service, a 11 personal communications service, or a network radio access 12 13 line. The term does not include wireless providers that offer 14 mainly dispatch service in a more localized, noncellular configuration; providers offering only data, one-way, or 15 stored-voice services on an interconnected basis; providers of 16 air-to-ground services; or public coast stations. 17 18 (aa)(t) "Service number" means the unique 10-digit 19 wireless telephone number assigned to a service subscriber. (bb)(u) "Sufficient positive balance" means a dollar 20 amount greater than or equal to the monthly wireless surcharge 21 22 amount. (cc) "Tower" means any structure designed primarily to 23 24 support a wireless provider's antennae. (dd) "Wireless communications facility" means any 25 equipment or facility used to provide service and may include, 26 but is not limited to, antennae, towers, equipment enclosures, 27 28 cabling, antenna brackets, and other such equipment. Placing a 29 wireless communications facility on an existing structure does not cause the existing structure to become a wireless 30 communications facility. 31

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(ee)(v) "Wireless 911 system" or "wireless 911 1 2 service" means an emergency telephone system or service that 3 provides a subscriber with the ability to reach an answering point by dialing the digits "911." A wireless 911 system is 4 complementary to a wired 911 system as provided for in s. 5 365.171. б 7 (6) AUTHORITY OF THE BOARD; ANNUAL REPORT. --8 (a) The board shall: 1. Administer the E911 fee. 9 2. Implement, maintain, and oversee the fund. 10 3. Review and oversee the disbursement of the revenues 11 deposited into the fund as provided in s. 365.173. The board 12 13 may establish a schedule for implementing wireless E911 14 service by service area, and prioritize disbursements of revenues from the fund to providers and rural counties as 15 provided in s. 365.173(2)(b) and (c) pursuant to the schedule, 16 in order to implement E911 services in the most efficient and 17 18 cost-effective manner. Revenues collected and deposited into the fund for distribution as provided in s. 365.173(2)(b), but 19 which have not been disbursed because sworn invoices as 20 required by 365.173(2)(b) have not been submitted to the 21 22 board, may be utilized by the board as needed to provide 23 grants to rural counties and loans to medium counties for the 24 purpose of upgrading E911 systems. Grants provided to rural counties would be in addition to disbursements provided under 25 365.173(2)(c). Loans provided to medium counties shall be 26 based on county hardship criteria as determined and approved 27 by the board. Revenues utilized for this purpose shall be 28 29 fully repaid to the fund in a manner and under a timeframe as determined and approved by the board. The board shall take all 30 actions within its authority to ensure that county recipients 31

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of such grants and loans utilize these funds only for the 1 2 purpose under which they have been provided and may take any 3 actions within its authority to secure county repayment of 4 grant and loan revenues upon determination that the funds were not utilized for the purpose under which they were provided. 5 6 4. Review documentation submitted by providers which 7 reflects current and projected funds derived from the E911 8 fee, and the expenses incurred and expected to be incurred, in 9 order to comply with the E911 service requirements contained in the order for the purposes of: 10 a. Ensuring that providers receive fair and equitable 11 distributions of funds from the fund. 12 13 b. Ensuring that providers are not provided 14 disbursements from the fund which exceed the costs of providing E911 service, including the costs of complying with 15 the order. 16 c. Ascertaining the projected costs of compliance with 17 18 the requirements of the order and projected collections of the E911 fee. 19 d. Implementing changes to the allocation percentages 20 or reducing the E911 fee under paragraph (8)(c). 21 22 5. Review and approve or reject, in whole or in part, 23 applications submitted by providers for recovery of moneys 24 deposited into the fund. 6. Hire and retain employees, which may include an 25 independent executive director who shall possess experience in 26 the area of telecommunications and emergency 911 issues, for 27 28 the purposes of performing the technical and administrative 29 functions for the board. 30 31

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7. Make and enter into contracts, pursuant to chapter 1 2 287, and execute other instruments necessary or convenient for 3 the exercise of the powers and functions of the board. 4 8. Take all necessary and reasonable steps by July 1, 5 2000, to secure appropriate information and reports from providers and otherwise perform all of the functions that б 7 would be performed by an independent accounting firm prior to 8 completing the request-for-proposals process under subsection 9 (7). 9. Sue and be sued, and appear and defend in all 10 actions and proceedings, in its corporate name to the same 11 extent as a natural person. 12 13 10. Adopt, use, and alter a common corporate seal. 14 11. Elect or appoint the officers and agents that are required by the affairs of the board. 15 The board may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 16 12. 120.54 to implement this section and ss. 365.173 and 365.174. 17 18 13. Provide coordination, support, and technical assistance to counties to promote the deployment of advanced 19 911 and E911 systems in the state. 20 14. Provide coordination and support for educational 21 22 opportunities related to 911 issues for the 911 community in 23 this state. 15. Act as an advocate for issues related to 911 24 system functions, features, and operations to improve the 25 delivery of 911 services to the residents of and visitors to 26 this state. 27 28 16. Coordinate input from this state at national 29 forums and associations, to ensure that policies related to 911 systems and services are consistent with the policies of 30 31 the 911 community in this state.

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17. Work cooperatively with the system director 1 established in s. 365.171(5) to enhance the state of 911 2 3 services in this state and to provide unified leadership for all 911 issues through planning and coordination. 4 18. Do all acts and things necessary or convenient to 5 carry out the powers granted in this section, including but б 7 not limited to, consideration of emerging technology and 8 related cost savings. 9 19. Have the authority to secure the services of an independent, private attorney via invitation to bid, request 10 for proposals, invitation to negotiate, or professional 11 contracts for legal services already established at the 12 13 Division of Purchasing of the Department of Management 14 <u>Services.</u> (b) Board members shall serve without compensation; 15 however, members are entitled to per diem and travel expenses 16 as provided in s. 112.061. 17 18 (c) By February 28 of each year, the board shall prepare a report for submission by the office to the Governor, 19 the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 20 Representatives which reflects, for the immediately preceding 21 22 calendar year, the quarterly and annual receipts and 23 disbursements of moneys in the fund, the purposes for which 24 disbursements of moneys from the fund have been made, and the availability and status of implementation of E911 service in 25 this state. 26 (d) By February 28, 2001, the board shall undertake 27 28 and complete a study for submission by the office to the 29 Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives which addresses: 30 31

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1. The total amount of E911 fee revenues collected by 1 2 each provider, the total amount of expenses incurred by each 3 provider to comply with the order, and the amount of moneys on deposit in the fund, all as of December 1, 2000. 4 2. Whether the amount of the E911 fee and the 5 allocation percentages set forth in s. 365.173 should be б 7 adjusted to comply with the requirements of the order, and, if 8 so, a recommended adjustment to the E911 fee. 9 3. Any other issues related to providing wireless E911 services. 10 (8) WIRELESS E911 FEE.--11 (a) Each home service provider shall collect a monthly 12 13 fee imposed on each customer whose place of primary use is 14 within this state. For purposes of this section, the state and local governments are not customers. The rate of the fee shall 15 be 50 cents per month per each service number, beginning 16 August 1, 1999. The fee shall apply uniformly and be imposed 17 18 throughout the state. (c) After July 1, 2001, the board may adjust the 19 allocation percentages provided in s. 365.173 or reduce the 20 amount of the fee, or both, if necessary to ensure full cost 21 recovery or prevent overrecovery of costs incurred in the 2.2 23 provision of E911 service, including costs incurred or 24 projected to be incurred to comply with the order. Any new allocation percentages or reduced fee may not be adjusted for 25 1 year 2 years. The fee may not exceed 50 cents per month per 26 each service number. 27 28 (11) FACILITATING E911 SERVICE IMPLEMENTATION.--To 29 balance the public need for reliable E911 services through reliable wireless systems and the public interest served by 30 31 governmental zoning and land development regulations and

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notwithstanding any other law or local ordinance to the 1 2 contrary, the following standards shall apply to a local government's actions, as a regulatory body, in the regulation 3 of the placement, construction, or modification of a wireless 4 communications facility. This subsection shall not, however, 5 be construed to waive or alter the provisions of ss. 286.011 б 7 or 286.0115. For the purposes of this subsection only, "local 8 government "shall mean any municipality or county and any 9 agency of a municipality or county only. The term "local government" does not, however, include any airport, as defined 10 by s. 330.27(2), even if it is owned or controlled by or 11 through a municipality, county, or agency of a municipality or 12 13 county. Further, notwithstanding anything in this section to 14 the contrary, this subsection does not apply to or control a local government's actions as a property or structure owner in 15 the use of any property or structure owned by such entity for 16 the placement, construction, or modification of wireless 17 18 communications facilities. In the use of property or 19 structures owned by the local government, however, a local government may not use its regulatory authority so as to avoid 20 compliance with, or in a manner that does not advance, the 21 22 provisions of this subsection. + 23 (a) <u>Collocation</u> Colocation among wireless telephone 24 service providers is encouraged by the state. To further 25 facilitate agreements among providers for colocation of their facilities, any antennae and related equipment to service the 26 27 antennae that is being colocated on an existing above ground 28 structure is not subject to land development regulation 29 pursuant to s. 163.3202, provided the height of the existing 30 ructure is not increased. However, construction of the 31 antennae and related equipment is subject to local building

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1 regulations and any existing permits or agreements for such 2 property, buildings, or structures. 3 1.a. Collocations on towers, including nonconforming towers, that meet the requirements in sub-subparagraphs 4 (II), and (III), are subject to only building-permit 5 review, which may include a review for compliance with this б 7 subparagraph. Such collocations are not subject to any design 8 or placement requirements of the local government's land 9 development regulations in effect at the time of the collocation that are more restrictive than those in effect at 10 the time of the initial antennae placement approval, to any 11 other portion of the land development regulations, or to 12 public hearing review. This sub-subparagraph shall not 13 preclude a public hearing for any appeal of the decision on 14 the collocation application. 15 (I) The collocation does not increase the height of 16 the tower to which the antennae are to be attached, measured 17 18 to the highest point of any part of the tower or any existing 19 antenna attached to the tower; (II) The collocation does not increase the ground 20 space area, commonly known as the compound, approved in the 21 22 site plan for equipment enclosures and ancillary facilities; 23 and 24 (III) The collocation consists of antennae, equipment enclosures, and ancillary facilities that are of a design and 25 configuration consistent with all applicable regulations, 26 restrictions, or conditions, if any, applied to the initial 27 28 antennae placed on the tower and to its accompanying equipment 29 enclosures and ancillary facilities and, if applicable, applied to the tower supporting the antennae. Such regulations 30 may include the design and aesthetic requirements, but not 31

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procedural requirements, other than those authorized by this 1 2 section, of the local government's land development regulations in effect at the time the initial antennae 3 4 placement was approved. 5 b. Except for a historic building, structure, site, object, or district, or a tower included in sub-subparagraph б 7 a., collocations on all other existing structures that meet 8 the requirements in sub-sub-subparagraphs (I)-(IV) shall be 9 subject to no more than building-permit review, and an administrative review for compliance with this subparagraph. 10 Such collocations are not subject to any portion of the local 11 government's land development regulations not addressed 12 13 herein, or to public hearing review. This sub-subparagraph 14 shall not preclude a public hearing for any appeal of the decision on the collocation application. 15 (I) The collocation does not increase the height of 16 the existing structure to which the antennae are to be 17 18 attached, measured to the highest point of any part of the 19 structure or any existing antenna attached to the structure; 20 (II) The collocation does not increase the ground space area, otherwise known as the compound, if any, approved 21 22 in the site plan for equipment enclosures and ancillary 23 facilities; 24 (III) The collocation consists of antennae, equipment enclosures, and ancillary facilities that are of a design and 25 configuration consistent with any applicable structural or 26 aesthetic design requirements and any requirements for 27 2.8 location on the structure, but not prohibitions or 29 restrictions on the placement of additional collocations on the existing structure or procedural requirements, other than 30 those authorized by this section, of the local government's 31

land development regulations in effect at the time of the 1 2 collocation application; and 3 (IV) The collocation consists of antennae, equipment enclosures, and ancillary facilities that are of a design and 4 5 configuration consistent with all applicable restrictions or conditions, if any, that do not conflict with б 7 sub-sub-subparagraph (III) and were applied to the initial 8 antennae placed on the structure and to its accompanying 9 equipment enclosures and ancillary facilities and, if applicable, applied to the structure supporting the antennae. 10 c. Regulations, restrictions, conditions, or permits 11 of the local government, acting in its regulatory capacity, 12 13 that limit the number of collocations or require review 14 processes inconsistent with this subsection shall not apply to collocations addressed in this subparagraph. 15 If only a portion of the collocation does not meet 16 d. the requirements of this subparagraph, such as an increase in 17 18 the height of the proposed antennae over the existing 19 structure height or a proposal to expand the ground space approved in the site plan for the equipment enclosure, where 20 all other portions of the collocation meet the requirements of 21 22 this subparagraph, that portion of the collocation only may be 23 reviewed under the local government's regulations applicable 24 to an initial placement of that portion of the facility, including, but not limited to, its land development 25 regulations, and within the review timeframes of subparagraph 26 (d)2., and the rest of the collocation shall be reviewed in 27 2.8 accordance with this subparagraph. A collocation proposal 29 under this subparagraph that increases the ground space area, otherwise known as the compound, approved in the original site 30 plan for equipment enclosures and ancillary facilities by no 31

more than a cumulative amount of 400 square feet or 50 percent 1 2 of the original compound size, whichever is greater, shall, however, require no more than administrative review for 3 compliance with the local government's regulations, including, 4 but not limited to, land development regulations review, and 5 building-permit review, with no public hearing review. This б 7 sub-subparagraph shall not preclude a public hearing for any 8 appeal of the decision on the collocation application. 9 2. If a collocation does not meet the requirements of subparagraph 1., the local government may review the 10 application under the local government's regulations, 11 including, but not limited to, land development regulations, 12 13 applicable to the placement of an initial antennae and its 14 accompanying equipment enclosure and ancillary facilities. 3. If a collocation meets the requirements of 15 subparagraph 1., the collocation shall not be considered a 16 modification to an existing structure or an impermissible 17 18 modification of a nonconforming structure. 19 4. The Nothing herein shall relieve the permitholder for or owner of the existing tower on which the proposed 20 antennae are to be collocated shall remain responsible for 21 22 structure of compliance with any applicable condition or 23 requirement of a permit, or agreement, or any applicable 24 condition or requirement of the land development regulations regulation to which the existing tower had to comply at the 25 26 time the tower was permitted, including any aesthetic requirements, provided the condition or requirement is not 27 inconsistent with this paragraph or law. 28 29 5. An existing tower, including a nonconforming tower, may be structurally modified in order to permit collocation or 30 may be replaced through no more than administrative review and 31

building-permit review, and is not subject to public hearing 1 2 review, if the overall height of the tower is not increased if a replacement, the replacement tower is a monopole 3 and, tower or, if the existing tower is a camouflaged tower, the 4 replacement tower is a like-camouflaged tower. This 5 subparagraph shall not preclude a public hearing for any б 7 appeal of the decision on the application. 8 (b)1. A local government's land development and 9 construction regulations for wireless communications facilities and the local government's review of an application 10 for the placement, construction, or modification of a wireless 11 communications facility shall only address land development or 12 13 zoning issues. In such local government regulations or review, 14 the local government may not require information on or evaluate a wireless provider's business decisions about its 15 service, customer demand for its service, or quality of its 16 service to or from a particular area or site, unless the 17 18 wireless provider voluntarily offers this information to the 19 local government. In such local government regulations or review, a local government may not require information on or 20 evaluate the wireless provider's designed service unless the 21 22 information or materials are directly related to an identified 23 land development or zoning issue or unless the wireless 24 provider voluntarily offers the information. Information or materials directly related to an identified land development 25 or zoning issue may include, but are not limited to, evidence 26 that no existing structure can reasonably be used for the 27 2.8 antennae placement instead of the construction of a new tower, 29 that residential areas cannot be served from outside the residential area, as addressed in subparagraph 3., or that the 30 proposed height of a new tower or initial antennae placement 31

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or a proposed height increase of a modified tower, replacement 1 2 tower, or collocation is necessary to provide the provider's designed service. Nothing in this paragraph shall limit the 3 local government from reviewing any applicable land 4 development or zoning issue addressed in its adopted 5 regulations that do not conflict with this section, including, б 7 but not limited to, aesthetics, landscaping, land use based 8 location priorities, structural design, and setbacks. 9 2. Any setback or distance separation required of a tower may not exceed the minimum distance necessary, as 10 determined by the local government, to satisfy the structural 11 safety or aesthetic concerns that are to be protected by the 12 13 setback or distance separation. 14 3. A local government may exclude the placement of wireless communications facilities in a residential area or 15 residential zoning district but only in a manner that does not 16 constitute an actual or effective prohibition of the 17 18 provider's service in that residential area or zoning 19 district. If a wireless provider demonstrates to the satisfaction of the local government that the provider cannot 20 reasonably provide its service to the residential area or zone 21 22 from outside the residential area or zone, the municipality or 23 county and provider shall cooperate to determine an 24 appropriate location for a wireless communications facility of an appropriate design within the residential area or zone. The 25 local government may require that the wireless provider 26 reimburse the reasonable costs incurred by the local 27 2.8 government for this cooperative determination. An application 29 for such cooperative determination shall not be considered an application under paragraph (11)(d). 30 31

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4. A local government may impose a reasonable fee on 1 2 applications to place, construct, or modify a wireless 3 communications facility only if a similar fee is imposed on applicants seeking other similar types of zoning, land use, or 4 building-permit review. A local government may impose fees for 5 the review of applications for wireless communications б 7 facilities by consultants or experts who conduct code 8 compliance review for the local government but any fee is limited to specifically identified reasonable expenses 9 incurred in the review. A local government may impose 10 reasonable surety requirements to ensure the removal of 11 wireless communications facilities that are no longer being 12 13 used. 14 5. A local government may impose design requirements, such as requirements for designing towers to support 15 collocation or aesthetic requirements, except as otherwise 16 limited in this section, but shall not impose or require 17 18 information on compliance with building code type standards 19 for the construction or modification of wireless communications facilities beyond those adopted by the local 20 government under chapter 553 and that apply to all similar 21 22 types of construction. 23 (c)(b) Local governments may shall not require 24 wireless providers to provide evidence of a wireless communications facility's compliance with federal regulations_ 25 except. However, local governments shall receive evidence of 26 compliance with applicable Federal Aviation Administration 27 28 requirements under 14 C.F.R. s. 77, as amended, and evidence 29 of proper Federal Communications Commission licensure, or other evidence of Federal Communications Commission authorized 30 spectrum use, but from a provider and may request the Federal 31

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Communications Commission to provide information as to a 1 2 wireless provider's compliance with federal regulations, as authorized by federal law. 3 4 (d)(c)1. A local government shall grant or deny each a properly completed application for a <u>collocation</u> permit, 5 including permits under subparagraph (11)(a)1. paragraph (a), б 7 for the colocation of a wireless communications facility on 8 property, buildings, or structures within the local 9 government's jurisdiction based on the application's compliance with the local government's applicable regulations, 10 as provided for in subparagraph (11)(a)1, and consistent with 11 this subsection, and within the normal timeframe for a similar 12 13 building-permit review but in no case later than 45 business 14 days after the date the properly completed application is determined to be properly completed in accordance with this 15 paragraph initially submitted in accordance with the 16 17 applicable local government application procedures, provided 18 that such permit complies with applicable federal regulations 19 and applicable local zoning or land development regulations, including any aesthetic requirements. Local building 20 regulations shall apply. 21 22 2. A local government shall grant or deny each a 23 properly completed application for any other wireless 24 communications facility based on the application's compliance with the local government's applicable regulations, including 25 but not limited to land development regulations, consistent 26 with this subsection and within the normal timeframe for a 27 28 similar type review but in no case later than a permit for the 29 siting of a new wireless tower or antenna on property, 30 buildings, or structures within the local government's jurisdiction within 90 business days after the date the 31

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properly completed application is determined to be properly 1 2 completed in accordance with this paragraph initially submitted in accordance with the applicable local government 3 4 application procedures, provided that such permit complies with applicable federal regulations and applicable local 5 б zoning or land development regulations, including any 7 aesthetic requirements. Local building regulations shall 8 apply. 9 3.a. <u>An application is deemed submitted or resubmitted</u> on the date the application is received by the local 10 government. If the local government does not shall notify the 11 permit applicant in writing that the application is not 12 13 completed in compliance with the local government's 14 regulations within 20 business days after the date the application is *initially* submitted or additional information 15 resubmitted, as to whether the application is deemed, for 16 administrative purposes only, to be properly completed and has 17 18 been properly submitted. However, the such determination shall 19 not be deemed as an approval of the application. If the application is not completed in compliance with the local 20 21 government's regulations, the local government shall so notify 22 the applicant in writing and the Such notification must shall 23 indicate with specificity any deficiencies in the required 24 documents or deficiencies in the content of the required documents which, if cured, shall make the application properly 25 completed. Upon resubmission of information to cure the stated 26 deficiencies, the local government shall notify the applicant, 27 28 in writing, within the normal timeframes of review, but in no 29 case longer than 20 business days after the additional information is submitted, of any remaining deficiencies that 30 must be cured. Deficiencies in document type or content not 31

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specified by the local government do not make the application 1 2 incomplete. Notwithstanding this sub-subparagraph, if a 3 specified deficiency is not properly cured when the applicant resubmits its application to comply with the notice of 4 deficiencies, the local government may continue to request the 5 information until such time as the specified deficiency is б 7 cured. The local government may establish reasonable 8 timeframes within which the required information to cure the 9 application deficiency is to be provided or the application will be considered withdrawn or closed. 10 b. If the local government fails to grant or deny a 11 properly completed application for a wireless communications 12 13 facility permit which has been properly submitted within the 14 timeframes set forth in this paragraph, the application permit shall be deemed automatically approved and the applicant 15 provider may proceed with placement of the such facilities 16 without interference or penalty. The timeframes specified in 17 18 subparagraph subparagraphs 1. and 2. may shall be extended 19 only to the extent that the application permit has not been granted or denied because the local government's procedures 20 generally applicable to all other similar types of 21 22 applications permits, require action by the governing body and 23 such action has not taken place within the timeframes 24 specified in subparagraph subparagraphs 1. and 2. Under such circumstances, the local government must act to either grant 25 26 or deny the application permit at its next regularly scheduled meeting or, otherwise, the application is permit shall be 27 28 deemed to be automatically approved. 29 c. To be effective, a waiver of the timeframes set 30 forth in this paragraph herein must be voluntarily agreed to 31 by the applicant and the local government. A local government

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may request, but not require, a waiver of the timeframes by 1 2 the applicant an entity seeking a permit, except that, with 3 respect to a specific <u>application</u> permit, a one-time waiver may be required in the case of a declared local, state, or 4 federal emergency that directly affects the administration of 5 all permitting activities of the local government. б 7 (d) Any additional wireless communications facilities, 8 such as communication cables, adjacent accessory structures, 9 or adjacent accessory equipment used in the provision of cellular, enhanced specialized mobile radio, or personal 10 communications services, required within the existing secured 11 equipment compound within the existing site shall be deemed a 12 13 permitted use or activity. Local building and land development 14 regulations, including any aesthetic requirements, shall 15 apply. (e) The replacement of or modification to a wireless 16 communications facility, except a tower, that results in a 17 18 wireless communications facility not readily discernibly 19 different in size, type, and appearance when viewed from ground level from surrounding properties, and the replacement 20 or modification of equipment that is not visible from 21 22 surrounding properties, all as reasonably determined by the local government, are subject to no more than applicable 23 24 building-permit review. (f)(e) Any other provision of law to the contrary 25 26 notwithstanding, the Department of Management Services shall negotiate, in the name of the state, leases for wireless 27 28 communications facilities that provide access to state 29 government-owned property not acquired for transportation purposes, and the Department of Transportation shall 30 31 negotiate, in the name of the state, leases for wireless

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communications facilities that provide access to property 1 2 acquired for state rights-of-way. On property acquired for 3 transportation purposes, leases shall be granted in accordance with s. 337.251. On other state government-owned property, 4 leases shall be granted on a space available, first-come, 5 first-served basis. Payments required by state government б 7 under a lease must be reasonable and must reflect the market 8 rate for the use of the state government-owned property. The 9 Department of Management Services and the Department of Transportation are authorized to adopt rules for the terms and 10 conditions and granting of any such leases. 11 (q) If any person adversely affected by any action or 12 13 failure to act or regulation or requirement of a local 14 government in the review or regulation of the wireless communication facilities files an appeal or brings an 15 appropriate action in a court or venue of competent 16 jurisdiction, following the exhaustion of all administrative 17 18 remedies, the matter shall be considered on an expedited 19 <u>basis.</u> 20 (f) Any wireless telephone service provider may report to the board no later than September 1, 2003, the specific 21 22 locations or general areas within a county or municipality 23 where the provider has experienced unreasonable delay to 24 locate wireless telecommunications facilities necessary to 25 provide the needed coverage for compliance with federal Phase II E911 requirements using its own network. The provider shall 26 also provide this information to the specifically identified 27 28 county or municipality no later than September 1, 2003. Unless 29 the board receives no report that unreasonable delays have occurred, the board shall, no later than September 30, 2003, 30 31 establish a subcommittee responsible for developing a balanced

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approach between the ability of providers to locate wireless 1 2 facilities necessary to comply with federal Phase II E911 requirements using the carrier's own network and the desire of 3 4 counties and municipalities to zone and regulate land uses to achieve public welfare goals. If a subcommittee is 5 б established, it shall include representatives from the Florida 7 Telecommunications Industry Association, the Florida 8 Association of Counties, and the Florida League of Cities. The 9 subcommittee shall be charged with developing recommendations for the board and any specifically identified municipality or 10 county to consider regarding actions to be taken for 11 compliance for federal Phase II E911 requirements. In the 12 13 annual report due to the Governor and the Legislature by 14 February 28, 2004, the board shall include any recommendations developed by the subcommittee to address compliance with 15 federal Phase II E911 requirements. 16 Section 5. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 365.173, 17 18 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 19 365.173 Wireless Emergency Telephone System Fund .--(2) Subject to any modifications approved by the board 20 pursuant to s. 365.172(6)(a)3. or s. 365.172(8)(c), the moneys 21 22 in the fund shall be distributed and used only as follows: 23 (a) Forty-four percent of the moneys shall be 24 distributed each month to counties, based on the total number of wireless subscriber billing addresses in each county, for 25 payment of: 26 1. Recurring costs of providing 911 or E911 service, 27 28 as provided by s. 365.171(13)(a)6. 29 2. Costs to comply with the requirements for E911 service contained in the order and any future rules related to 30 31 the order.

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2 Any county that receives funds under this paragraph shall 3 establish a fund to be used exclusively for the receipt and expenditure of the revenues collected under this paragraph. 4 5 All fees placed in the fund and any interest accrued shall be used solely for costs described in subparagraphs 1. and 2. The б 7 money collected and interest earned in this fund shall be 8 appropriated for these purposes by the county commissioners 9 and incorporated into the annual county budget. The fund shall be included within the financial audit performed in accordance 10 with s. 218.39. A county may carry forward, for up to 3 11 successive calendar years, up to 30 percent of the total funds 12 13 disbursed to the county by the board during a calendar year 14 for expenditures for capital outlay, capital improvements, or equipment replacement, if such expenditures are made for the 15 purposes specified in this paragraph. 16 (b) Fifty-four percent of the moneys shall be 17 18 distributed in response to sworn invoices submitted to the 19 board by providers to reimburse such providers for the actual costs incurred to provide 911 or E911 service, including the 20 costs of complying with the order. Such costs include costs 21 22 and expenses incurred by providers to design, purchase, lease, 23 program, install, test, upgrade, operate, and maintain all

program, install, test, upgrade, operate, and maintain all necessary data, hardware, and software required to provide E911 service. Up to 2 percent of the funds allocated to providers shall be retained by the board to be applied to costs and expenses incurred for the purposes of managing, administering, and overseeing the receipts and disbursements from the fund and other activities as defined in s. 365.172(6). Any funds retained for such purposes in a calendar

31 year which are not applied to such costs and expenses by March

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31 of the following year shall be distributed to providers 1 2 pursuant to this paragraph. Beginning in state fiscal year 2000 2001, Each provider shall submit to the board, by August 3 1 of each year, a detailed estimate of the capital and 4 operating expenses for which it anticipates that it will seek 5 reimbursement under this paragraph during the ensuing state б 7 fiscal year. By September 15 of each year, the board shall 8 submit to the Legislature its legislative budget request for funds to be allocated to providers under this paragraph during 9 the ensuing state fiscal year. The budget request shall be 10 based on the information submitted by the providers and 11 estimated surcharge revenues. Distributions of moneys in the 12 13 fund by the board to providers must be fair and 14 nondiscriminatory. If the total amount of moneys requested by providers pursuant to invoices submitted to the board and 15 approved for payment exceeds the amount in the fund in any 16 month, providers that have invoices approved for payment shall 17 18 receive a pro rata share of moneys in the fund and the balance of the payments shall be carried over to the following month 19 or months until all of the approved payments are made. The 20 board may adopt rules necessary to address the manner in which 21 22 pro rata distributions are made when the total amount of funds 23 requested by providers pursuant to invoices submitted to the 24 board exceeds the total amount of moneys on deposit in the fund. 25 (c) Two percent of the moneys shall be used to make 26

27 monthly distributions to rural counties for the purpose of 28 providing facilities and network and service enhancements and 29 assistance for the 911 or E911 systems operated by rural 30 counties and for the provision of reimbursable loans and 31

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2005 Legislature CS for CS for SB 620, 1st Engrossed (ntc) grants by the office to rural counties for upgrading 911 1 2 systems. 3 4 The Legislature recognizes that the wireless E911 fee authorized under s. 365.172 will not necessarily provide the 5 total funding required for establishing or providing the 911 б 7 service. It is the intent of the Legislature that all revenue 8 from the fee be used as specified in s. 365.171(13)(a)6. (3) Through fiscal year 2008-2009, the Auditor General 9 shall annually audit the fund to ensure that moneys in the 10 fund are being managed in accordance with this section and s. 11 365.172. The Auditor General shall provide a report of the 12 13 annual audit to the board. 14 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 337.401, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 337.401 Use of right-of-way for utilities subject to 16 17 regulation; permit; fees.--18 (3)(a)1. Because of the unique circumstances 19 applicable to providers of communications services, including, but not limited to, the circumstances described in paragraph 20 (e) and the fact that federal and state law require the 21 nondiscriminatory treatment of providers of telecommunications 2.2 23 services, and because of the desire to promote competition 24 among providers of communications services, it is the intent of the Legislature that municipalities and counties treat 25 providers of communications services in a nondiscriminatory 26 and competitively neutral manner when imposing rules or 27 28 regulations governing the placement or maintenance of 29 communications facilities in the public roads or 30 rights-of-way. Rules or regulations imposed by a municipality 31 or county relating to providers of communications services

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placing or maintaining communications facilities in its roads 1 2 or rights-of-way must be generally applicable to all providers of communications services and, notwithstanding any other law, 3 may not require a provider of communications services, except 4 as otherwise provided in subparagraph 2., to apply for or 5 enter into an individual license, franchise, or other б 7 agreement with the municipality or county as a condition of 8 placing or maintaining communications facilities in its roads 9 or rights-of-way. In addition to other reasonable rules or regulations that a municipality or county may adopt relating 10 to the placement or maintenance of communications facilities 11 in its roads or rights-of-way under this subsection, a 12 13 municipality or county may require a provider of 14 communications services that places or seeks to place facilities in its roads or rights-of-way to register with the 15 municipality or county and to provide the name of the 16 registrant; the name, address, and telephone number of a 17 18 contact person for the registrant; the number of the registrant's current certificate of authorization issued by 19 the Florida Public Service Commission or the Federal 20 Communications Commission; and proof of insurance or 21 22 self-insuring status adequate to defend and cover claims. 23 Nothing in this subparagraph is intended to limit or expand any existing zoning or land use authority of a municipality or 24 25 county; however, no such zoning or land use authority may require an individual license, franchise, or other agreement 26 27 as prohibited by this subparagraph.

28 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph 1.,
29 a municipality or county may, as provided by 47 U.S.C. s. 541,
30 award one or more franchises within its jurisdiction for the
31 provision of cable service, and a provider of cable service

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shall not provide cable service without such franchise. Each municipality and county retains authority to negotiate all terms and conditions of a cable service franchise allowed by federal law and s. 166.046, except those terms and conditions related to franchise fees and the definition of gross revenues or other definitions or methodologies related to the payment б or assessment of franchise fees and permit fees as provided in paragraph (c) on providers of cable services. A municipality or county may exercise its right to require from providers of cable service in-kind requirements, including, but not limited to, institutional networks, and contributions for, or in support of, the use or construction of public, educational, or governmental access facilities to the extent permitted by federal law. A provider of cable service may exercise its right to recover any such expenses associated with such in-kind requirements, to the extent permitted by federal law. Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.