FOR CONSIDERATION By the Committee on Community Affairs

578-1071-05

2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

31

A bill to be entitled An act relating to local government; amending s. 163.3246, F.S.; revising various provisions of the Local Government Comprehensive Planning Certification Program; specifying the duties of the state land planning agency rather than the Department of Community Affairs in order to conform to other provisions governing planning and development; revising the requirements for a local government to obtain certification under the program; requiring that the local government develop a map, certain plans, and disaster strategies; revising requirements for public hearings; deleting provisions limiting the number of certification agreements each fiscal year; revising the requirements for filing a petition for an administration hearing concerning an agreement; providing that an application for development approval within a certified area is exempt from review as a development of regional impact; deleting provisions requiring a biennial report to the Governor and Legislature by the state land planning agency; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; abolishing a requirement that the local government infrastructure surtax be approved by a majority of the electors of the county voting in a referendum on the surtax; authorizing a majority of a county's governing body to levy the school capital outlay surtax; amending s. 336.025, F.S.; providing for the local option

1 fuel tax to be levied by a majority of the 2 governing body of the county rather than by a super majority of the governing body; creating 3 4 s. 201.032, F.S.; authorizing county governing 5 authorities, by ordinance, to levy a surtax on 6 deeds and other documents taxed under s. 7 201.02, F.S.; establishing a maximum rate of 8 the surtax; requiring the grantor to pay the surtax; exempting certain documents from the 9 10 surtax; requiring that the surtax be approved by referendum or adopted by an extraordinary 11 12 vote of the governing authority; requiring the 13 governing authority to notify the Department of Revenue of the imposition, termination, or rate 14 change of the surtax; restricting the effective 15 dates for imposing a surtax or changing the tax 16 17 rate; requiring a ballot statement and 18 providing a format; providing for the use of surtax proceeds; requiring the Department of 19 Revenue to administer the surtax and providing 20 21 for administrative costs of the department; 22 exempting the surtax from s. 201.15, F.S., 23 relating to distribution; restricting uses of the surtax proceeds; requiring a report to the 2.4 Department of Financial Services; restricting 25 the imposition or increase of other impact fees 26 27 if the governing authority imposes the surtax; 2.8 requiring the Department of Revenue to adopt forms; requiring the use of such forms when the 29 30 surtax is paid; authorizing the clerk of the

court to collect a fee; authorizing the

Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing an exception when there is a dissolution of marriage; providing an effective date.

4 5 6

1

2

3

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

7 8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20 21

22

23

2.4 25

26

27

2.8

29

30

31

Section 1. Section 163.3246, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3246 Local government comprehensive planning certification program. --

(1) There is created the Local Government Comprehensive Planning Certification Program to be administered by the state land planning agency Department of Community Affairs. The purpose of the program is to create a certification process for local governments who identify a geographic area for certification within which they commit to directing growth and who, because of a demonstrated record of effectively adopting, implementing, and enforcing its comprehensive plan, the level of technical planning experience exhibited by the local government, and a commitment to implement exemplary planning practices, require less state and regional oversight of the comprehensive plan amendment process. The purpose of the certification area is to designate areas that are contiguous, compact, and appropriate for urban growth and development within a 10 year planning timeframe. Municipalities and counties are encouraged to jointly establish the certification area, and subsequently enter into joint certification agreement with the department.

(2) In order to be eligible for certification under the program, the local government must submit an application

1	to the state land planning agency containing the following
2	<pre>information:</pre>
3	(a) A map depicting the boundary of the proposed
4	certification area which designates an area appropriate for
5	urban growth within a 10-year planning timeframe. The
6	certification area must include sufficient land to accommodate
7	projected population growth, housing demand, including choice
8	in housing types and affordability, job growth and employment,
9	appropriate densities and intensities of use to be achieved in
10	new development and redevelopment, and existing or planned
11	infrastructure, including transportation and central water and
12	sewer facilities. In support of the map, the local government
13	shall list any natural-resource or planning interest,
14	identified by statute or agency rule, which may affect the
15	certification area. Any development within the certification
16	area must be consistent with the local comprehensive plan
17	required under this part.
18	(b) A visioning plan that demonstrates enhanced public
19	participation in the development of the map required in
20	paragraph (a), including outreach to neighborhood and civic
21	associations. During the visioning process, the local
22	<pre>government shall address:</pre>
23	1. Infill development and redevelopment.
24	2. The development of housing for moderate-income,
25	low-income, or very-low-income households and specialized
26	housing to assist elderly and disabled persons to remain at
27	home or in independent living arrangements.
28	3. The promotion of economic diversity and growth
29	while encouraging the retention of rural character, where
30	rural areas exist, and the protection and restoration of the
31	environment.

1	4. The provision and maintenance of public open space
2	and recreational opportunities.
3	5. The management of transportation and land uses to
4	support public transit and promote pedestrian and nonmotorized
5	transportation.
6	6. Design principles that foster individual community
7	identity, create a sense of place, and promote
8	pedestrian-oriented safe neighborhoods and town centers.
9	7. The redevelopment of blighted areas.
10	8. The encouragement of clustered, mixed-use
11	development that incorporates open space or green space and
12	residential development within walking distance of commercial
13	development.
14	9. The encouragement of urban infill at appropriate
15	densities and intensities and separate urban and rural uses
16	and the discouragement of urban sprawl, while promoting and
17	preserving public open space and planning for buffer or
18	transitional-type land uses and rural development, which is
19	consistent with the respective character of the land along and
20	outside the certification area.
21	10. The protection of key natural areas and
22	agricultural lands that are identified using state and local
23	inventories of natural areas. Key natural areas include, but
24	are not limited to:
25	a. Wildlife corridors.
26	b. Lands with high native biological diversity,
27	important areas for threatened and endangered species and
28	species of special concern, migratory bird habitat, and intact
29	natural communities.
30	c. Significant surface waters and springs, aquatic

31 preserves, wetlands, and Outstanding Florida Waters.

1	d. Water resources suitable for the preservation of
2	natural systems and for water-resource development.
3	11. The cost-efficient provision of public
4	infrastructure and services.
5	(c)(a) Demonstrate A record of effectively adopting,
6	implementing, and enforcing its comprehensive plan $\dot{\cdot}\dot{ au}$
7	(d)(b) Demonstration of Demonstrate technical,
8	financial, and administrative expertise to implement the
9	provisions of this part without state oversight $_{.}\dot{ au}$
10	(e)(c) Obtain Comments from the state and regional
11	review agencies regarding the appropriateness of the proposed
12	certification <u>.</u> ÷
13	(f) Demonstration of a commitment to change any land
14	development regulations that restrict compact development and
15	adopt alternative design codes that encourage desirable
16	densities and intensities of use and patterns of compact
17	development for areas identified for high-density development.
18	(q) Demonstration of effective intergovernmental
19	coordination in order to address the extrajurisdictional
20	effect of development within the certified area.
21	(h) A local mitigation strategy and programs to
22	improve disaster preparedness and demonstration of the ability
23	to protect lives and property, especially in coastal
24	high-hazard areas if the local government seeking
25	certification is a county. Municipalities seeking
26	certification shall provide evidence of active participation
27	in the working group developing the local mitigation
28	strategies plan of the host county and any updates to the
29	plan.
30	(i) Copies of the applicable local government
31	comprehensive plan, land development regulations, interlocal

1	agreements, and other relevant information supporting the
2	eligibility criteria for designation.
3	(d) Hold at least one public hearing soliciting public
4	input concerning the local government's proposal for
5	certification; and
6	(e) Demonstrate that it has adopted programs in its
7	local comprehensive plan and land development regulations
8	which:
9	1. Promote infill development and redevelopment,
10	including prioritized and timely permitting processes in which
11	applications for local development permits within the
12	certification area are acted upon expeditiously for proposed
13	development that is consistent with the local comprehensive
14	<del>plan.</del>
15	2. Promote the development of housing for low income
16	and very low income households or specialized housing to
17	assist elderly and disabled persons to remain at home or in
18	independent living arrangements.
19	3. Achieve effective intergovernmental coordination
20	and address the extrajurisdictional effects of development
21	within the certified area.
22	4. Promote economic diversity and growth while
23	encouraging the retention of rural character, where rural
24	areas exist, and the protection and restoration of the
25	environment.
26	5. Provide and maintain public urban and rural open
27	space and recreational opportunities.
28	6. Manage transportation and land uses to support
29	public transit and promote opportunities for pedestrian and

31

nonmotorized transportation.

1	7. Use design principles to foster individual
2	community identity, create a sense of place, and promote
3	pedestrian oriented safe neighborhoods and town centers.
4	8. Redevelop blighted areas.
5	9. Adopt a local mitigation strategy and have programs
6	to improve disaster preparedness and the ability to protect
7	lives and property, especially in coastal high hazard areas.
8	10. Encourage clustered, mixed use development that
9	incorporates greenspace and residential development within
10	walking distance of commercial development.
11	11. Encourage urban infill at appropriate densities
12	and intensities and separate urban and rural uses and
13	discourage urban sprawl while preserving public open space and
14	planning for buffer type land uses and rural development
15	consistent with their respective character along and outside
16	the certification area.
17	12. Assure protection of key natural areas and
18	agricultural lands that are identified using state and local
19	inventories of natural areas. Key natural areas include, but
20	are not limited to:
21	a. Wildlife corridors.
22	b. Lands with high native biological diversity,
23	important areas for threatened and endangered species, species
24	of special concern, migratory bird habitat, and intact natural
25	communities.
26	c. Significant surface waters and springs, aquatic
27	preserves, wetlands, and outstanding Florida waters.
28	d. Water resources suitable for preservation of
29	natural systems and for water resource development.

31 systems.

2

3

4

5

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15 16

18

19

2.0 21

23

2.4

2.5

26 27

2.8

29

13. Ensure the cost efficient provision of public infrastructure and services.

(3) Before submitting an application to the state land planning agency, the local government must hold at least one public hearing with the local planning agency and one public hearing with the governing body to solicit input concerning the local government's proposal for certification.

(4)(3) Portions of local governments located within areas of critical state concern cannot be included in a certification area.

(5)(4) A local government or group of local governments seeking certification of all or part of a jurisdiction or jurisdictions must submit an application to the department which demonstrates that the area sought to be certified meets the criteria of subsections (2) and (5). The application shall include copies of the applicable local government comprehensive plan, land development regulations, interlocal agreements, and other relevant information supporting the eligibility criteria for designation. Upon receipt of a complete application, the state land planning agency department must provide the local government with an initial response to the application within 90 days after receipt of the application.

(6)(5) If the local government meets the eligibility criteria of subsection (2), the state land planning agency department shall certify all or part of a local government by written agreement, which shall be considered final agency action subject to challenge under s. 120.569. The agreement must include the following components:

The basis for certification.

1	(b) The boundary of the certification area, which
2	encompasses areas that are contiguous, compact, appropriate
3	for urban growth and development, and in which public
4	infrastructure is existing or planned within a 10 year
5	planning timeframe. The certification area is required to
6	include sufficient land to accommodate projected population
7	growth, housing demand, including choice in housing types and
8	affordability, job growth and employment, appropriate
9	densities and intensities of use to be achieved in new
10	development and redevelopment, existing or planned
11	infrastructure, including transportation and central water and
12	sewer facilities. The certification area must be adopted as
13	part of the local government's comprehensive plan.
14	(c) A demonstration that the capital improvements plan
15	governing the certified area is updated annually.
16	(d) A visioning plan or a schedule for the development
17	of a visioning plan.
18	(e) A description of baseline conditions related to
19	the evaluation criteria in paragraph (g) in the certified
20	<del>area.</del>
21	(f) A work program setting forth specific planning
22	strategies and projects that will be undertaken to achieve
23	improvement in the baseline conditions as measured by the
24	<del>criteria identified in paragraph (g).</del>
25	(g) Criteria to evaluate the effectiveness of the
26	certification process in achieving the community development
27	goals for the certification area including:
28	1. Measuring the compactness of growth, expressed as
29	the ratio between population growth and land consumed;
30	2. Increasing residential density and intensities of
31	<del>use;</del>

1	3. Measuring and reducing vehicle miles traveled and
2	increasing the interconnectedness of the street system,
3	pedestrian access, and mass transit;
4	4. Measuring the balance between the location of jobs
5	and housing;
6	5. Improving the housing mix within the certification
7	area, including the provision of mixed use neighborhoods,
8	affordable housing, and the creation of an affordable housing
9	program if such a program is not already in place;
10	6. Promoting mixed use developments as an alternative
11	to single purpose centers;
12	7. Promoting clustered development having dedicated
13	<del>open space;</del>
14	8. Linking commercial, educational, and recreational
15	uses directly to residential growth;
16	9. Reducing per capita water and energy consumption;
17	10. Prioritizing environmental features to be
18	protected and adopting measures or programs to protect
19	identified features;
20	11. Reducing hurricane shelter deficits and evacuation
21	times and implementing the adopted mitigation strategies; and
22	12. Improving coordination between the local
23	government and school board.
24	(h) A commitment to change any land development
25	regulations that restrict compact development and adopt
26	alternative design codes that encourage desirable densities
27	and intensities of use and patterns of compact development
28	identified in the agreement.
29	(i) A plan for increasing public participation in
30	comprehensive planning and land use decisionmaking which

includes outreach to neighborhood and civic associations 2 through community planning initiatives. 3 (j) A demonstration that the intergovernmental 4 coordination element of the local government's comprehensive 5 plan includes joint processes for coordination between the school board and local government pursuant to s. 7 163.3177(6)(h)2. and other requirements of law. 8 (k) A method of addressing the extrajurisdictional 9 effects of development within the certified area which is 10 integrated by amendment into the intergovernmental coordination element of the local government comprehensive 11 12 <del>plan.</del> 13 A requirement for the annual reporting to the 14 department of plan amendments adopted during the year, and the 15 progress of the local government in meeting the terms and conditions of the certification agreement. Prior to the 16 deadline for the annual report, the local government must hold 18 a public hearing soliciting public input on the progress of the local government in satisfying the terms of the 19 certification agreement. 2.0 21 (m) An expiration date that is no later than 10 years 2.2 after execution of the agreement. 23 (7) (6) The department may enter up to eight new certification agreements each fiscal year. The state land 2.4 planning agency department shall adopt procedural rules 2.5 governing the application and review of local government 26 27 requests for certification. Such procedural rules may 2.8 establish a phased schedule for review of local government 29 requests for certification. 30 (8)(7) The state land planning agency department shall

revoke the local government's certification if it determines

that the local government is not substantially complying with 2 the terms of the agreement. (9)(8) An affected person, as defined by s. 3 4 163.3184(1)(a), may petition for administrative hearing 5 alleging that a local government is not substantially complying with the terms of the agreement, using the procedures and timeframes for notice and conditions precedent 8 described in s. 163.3213. Such a petition must be filed within 9 30 days after the annual public hearing required by paragraph 10 (5)(1). (10)(9)(a) Upon certification all comprehensive plan 11 12 amendments associated with the area certified must be adopted 13 and reviewed in the manner described in ss. 163.3184(1), (2), (7), (14), (15), and (16) and 163.3187, such that state and 14 regional agency review is eliminated. The state land planning 15 16 agency department may not issue any objections, recommendations, and comments report on proposed plan 18 amendments or a notice of intent on adopted plan amendments; however, affected persons, as defined by s. 163.3184(1)(a), 19 may file a petition for administrative review pursuant to the 20 21 requirements of s. 163.3187(3)(a) to challenge the compliance 22 of an adopted plan amendment. An application for development 23 approval within a certified area is exempt from <u>development-of-regional-impact review under s. 380.06.</u> 2.4 (b) Plan amendments that change the boundaries of the 25 certification area; propose a rural land stewardship area 26 27 pursuant to s. 163.3177(11)(d); propose an optional sector 2.8 plan pursuant to s. 163.3245; propose a school facilities 29 element; update a comprehensive plan based on an evaluation and appraisal report; impact lands outside the certification 30

boundary; implement new statutory requirements that require

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23

2.4 2.5

26

27

2.8

29

30

specific comprehensive plan amendments; or increase hurricane evacuation times or the need for shelter capacity on lands within the coastal high hazard area shall be reviewed pursuant to ss. 163.3184 and 163.3187.

(11)<del>(10)</del> A local government's certification shall be reviewed by the local government and the state land planning agency department as part of the evaluation and appraisal process pursuant to s. 163.3191. Within 1 year after the deadline for the local government to update its comprehensive plan based on the evaluation and appraisal report, the state land planning agency department shall renew or revoke the certification. The local government's failure to adopt a timely evaluation and appraisal report, failure to adopt an evaluation and appraisal report found to be sufficient, or failure to timely adopt amendments based on an evaluation and appraisal report found to be in compliance by the state land planning agency department shall be cause for revoking the certification agreement. The state land planning agency's department's decision to renew or revoke shall be considered agency action subject to challenge under s. 120.569.

(11) The department shall, by July 1 of each odd numbered year, submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report listing certified local governments, evaluating the effectiveness of the certification, and including any recommendations for legislative actions.

(12) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall prepare a report evaluating the certification program, which shall be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2007.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection (6) of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

2.4

2.8

212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; authorization and use of proceeds.—It is the legislative intent that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as provided in s. 212.054.

- (2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX.--
- (a)1. The governing authority in each county may levy a discretionary sales surtax of 0.5 percent or 1 percent. The levy of the surtax shall be pursuant to ordinance enacted by a majority of the members of the county governing authority and approved by a majority of the electors of the county voting in a referendum on the surtax. If the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's population adopt uniform resolutions establishing the rate of the surtax and calling for a referendum on the surtax, the levy of the surtax shall be placed on the ballot and shall take effect if approved by a majority of the electors of the county voting in the referendum on the surtax.
- 2. If the surtax was levied pursuant to a referendum held before July 1, 1993, the surtax may not be levied beyond

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

the time established in the ordinance, or, if the ordinance did not limit the period of the levy, the surtax may not be levied for more than 15 years. The levy of such surtax may be extended only by approval of a majority of the electors of the county voting in a referendum on the surtax.

(6) SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY SURTAX. --

- (a) The school board in each county may levy, pursuant to resolution conditioned to take effect only upon approval by a majority vote of the electors of the county voting in a referendum or by majority vote of the county governing body, a discretionary sales surtax at a rate that may not exceed 0.5 percent.
- (b) The resolution shall include a statement that provides a brief and general description of the school capital outlay projects to be funded by the surtax. The statement shall conform to the requirements of s. 101.161 and shall be placed on the ballot by the governing body of the county. The following question shall be placed on the ballot:

18 19

22 23

2.4

2.5 26

27

2.8

29

30

....FOR THE ....CENTS TAX 2.0

21

....AGAINST THE ....CENTS TAX

(c) The resolution providing for the imposition of the surtax shall set forth a plan for use of the surtax proceeds for fixed capital expenditures or fixed capital costs associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of school facilities and campuses which have a useful life expectancy of 5 or more years, and any land acquisition, land improvement, design, and engineering costs related thereto. Additionally, the plan shall include the costs of retrofitting and providing for technology

implementation, including hardware and software, for the various sites within the school district. Surtax revenues may be used for the purpose of servicing bond indebtedness to finance projects authorized by this subsection, and any interest accrued thereto may be held in trust to finance such projects. Neither the proceeds of the surtax nor any interest accrued thereto shall be used for operational expenses.

- (d) Any school board <u>receiving proceeds from imposing</u> the surtax shall implement a freeze on noncapital local school property taxes, at the millage rate imposed in the year prior to the implementation of the surtax, for a period of at least 3 years from the date of imposition of the surtax. This provision shall not apply to existing debt service or required state taxes.
- (e) Surtax revenues collected by the Department of Revenue pursuant to this subsection shall be distributed to the school board imposing the surtax in accordance with law.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 336.025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

336.025 County transportation system; levy of local option fuel tax on motor fuel and diesel fuel.--

(1)

2.4

2.8

(b) In addition to other taxes allowed by law, there may be levied as provided in s. 206.41(1)(e) a 1-cent, 2-cent, 3-cent, 4-cent, or 5-cent local option fuel tax upon every gallon of motor fuel sold in a county and taxed under the provisions of part I of chapter 206. The tax shall be levied by an ordinance adopted by a majority plus one vote of the membership of the governing body of the county or by referendum.

3

4

5

- 1. All impositions and rate changes of the tax shall be levied before July 1, to be effective January 1 of the following year. However, levies of the tax which were in effect on July 1, 2002, and which expire on August 31 of any year may be reimposed at the current authorized rate effective September 1 of the year of expiration.
- 7 2. The county may, prior to levy of the tax, establish 8 by interlocal agreement with one or more municipalities 9 located therein, representing a majority of the population of 10 the incorporated area within the county, a distribution formula for dividing the entire proceeds of the tax among 11 12 county government and all eligible municipalities within the 13 county. If no interlocal agreement is adopted before the effective date of the tax, tax revenues shall be distributed 14 pursuant to the provisions of subsection (4). If no interlocal 15 16 agreement exists, a new interlocal agreement may be established prior to June 1 of any year pursuant to this 18 subparagraph. However, any interlocal agreement agreed to under this subparagraph after the initial levy of the tax or 19 change in the tax rate authorized in this section shall under 20 21 no circumstances materially or adversely affect the rights of 22 holders of outstanding bonds which are backed by taxes 23 authorized by this paragraph, and the amounts distributed to the county government and each municipality shall not be 2.4 reduced below the amount necessary for the payment of 2.5 principal and interest and reserves for principal and interest 26 27 as required under the covenants of any bond resolution 2.8 outstanding on the date of establishment of the new interlocal 29 agreement.
  - 3. County and municipal governments shall use moneys received pursuant to this paragraph for transportation

expenditures needed to meet the requirements of the capital 2 improvements element of an adopted comprehensive plan or for expenditures needed to meet immediate local transportation 3 problems and for other transportation-related expenditures 4 that are critical for building comprehensive roadway networks 5 6 by local governments. For purposes of this paragraph, 7 expenditures for the construction of new roads, the 8 reconstruction or resurfacing of existing paved roads, or the 9 paving of existing graded roads shall be deemed to increase capacity and such projects shall be included in the capital 10 improvements element of an adopted comprehensive plan. 11 12 Expenditures for purposes of this paragraph shall not include 13 routine maintenance of roads. Section 4. Section 201.032, Florida Statutes, is 14 created to read: 15 16 201.032 Local option real estate transfer surtax on 17 deeds; conditions of levy; use of proceeds. --18 (1) Subject to subsections (9) and (10), the governing authority of a county may levy a surtax on documents that are 19 2.0 taxed under s. 201.02, at a rate not exceeding 5 cents on each \$100 or fractional part thereof of the consideration for the 2.1 real estate or interest therein. The grantor of the real 2.2 23 estate or interest therein shall pay the surtax. (2) The levy of the surtax shall be pursuant to an 2.4 ordinance conditioned to take effect only upon approval by a 2.5 majority vote of the electors of the county voting in a 26 27 referendum or pursuant to an ordinance enacted by an 2.8 extraordinary vote of the governing authority of the county. The governing authority of the county must hold a public 29 hearing at least 2 weeks before the formal adoption of the 30

31

ordinance.

(3) The governing authority of the county shall notify 2 the Department of Revenue within 10 days after final adoption by ordinance or referendum of an imposition, termination, or 3 4 rate change of the surtax. The notice must specify the period during which the surtax will be in effect and the rate of the 5 6 surtax and must include a copy of the ordinance and such other 7 information as the department requires by rule. Failure to 8 timely provide such notification to the department shall result in the delay of the effective date of the surtax for a 9 10 period of 1 year. A surtax or an increase or decrease in the rate of the surtax must take effect on January 1 and must 11 12 terminate on December 31. 13 (4) If the surtax is conditioned to take effect only upon approval by a majority vote of the electors of the county 14 voting in a referendum, the county governing authority shall 15 place on the ballot a statement that includes a brief general 16 description of the projects to be funded by the surtax and 18 that conforms to the requirements of s. 101.161 and reads as follows: 19 2.0 FOR the surtax 21 AGAINST the surtax 22 (5) Proceeds of the surtax may be used only to provide 23 infrastructure necessary to implement adopted local government comprehensive plans. As used in this subsection, the term 2.4 "infrastructure" means any fixed capital expenditure or fixed 2.5 capital outlay associated with the construction, 26 27 reconstruction, or improvement of public facilities that have

30 31

thereto.

2.8

29

a life expectancy of 5 or more years and any land acquisition

or land improvement, design, or engineering costs related

11 12

13

14

15 16

18

19

2.0 21

2.2

23

2.4

2.5

2.6 2.7

2.8

29

30

31

(6) Proceeds of the surtax may be pledged by the 2 governing authority of the county to pay principal and interest on bonds issued for the provision of infrastructure 3 4 pursuant to subsection (5). If the proceeds are pledged to secure principal and interest due on such bonds, the pledge 5 6 constitutes a valid and legally binding contract between the 7 governing authority of the county and the bondholders, and the governing authority of the county must continue to levy the 8 surtax as long as any bonds are outstanding. 9

- (7) The Department of Revenue shall administer the surtax pursuant to s. 201.11. Section 201.15 does not apply to this surtax. A portion of the tax proceeds, not to exceed 1 percent, may be used to pay the department's cost of collection and enforcement of the surtax.
- (8) The governing authority of a county that receives the proceeds of the surtax authorized by this section may not apply the proceeds of the surtax, or any other funds designated as capital outlay funds, to operating costs. Each governing authority of the county that levies a surtax shall, within 90 days after the close of its fiscal year, submit to the Department of Financial Services a financial report that contains information showing the use of the surtax proceeds.
- (9) If the governing authority of a county does not impose an impact fee and chooses to levy the surtax pursuant to this section, the governing authority of the county may not levy any impact fee until the ordinance imposing this surtax has been rescinded and all obligations against which the surtax revenues have been pledged are satisfied.
- (10) If the governing authority of a county imposes a surtax pursuant to this section, the governing authority may not increase the rate of any impact fee beyond the rate

31

```
imposed on January 1, 2003, and may not impose an additional
 2
   impact fee until the ordinance imposing this surtax has been
   rescinded and all obligations against which the surtax
 3
 4
   revenues have been pledged are satisfied.
 5
          (11) The Department of Revenue shall adopt rules
 6
   pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to design, prepare,
 7
   print, and adopt forms to implement and enforce the provisions
 8
   of this section. Such forms must be used and recorded on any
   document that conveys a specific interest in real property,
9
10
   pursuant to the requirements of this section, in the county
   imposing the surtax. At the time of recording, the surtax must
11
   be paid to the clerk of the court. The clerk shall collect and
12
13
   remit the surtax to the Department of Revenue for distribution
   to the county levying the surtax. The clerk may retain 1
14
15
   percent of the surtax paid as a service charge of the clerk's
16
   office.
17
          (12) The Department of Revenue may adopt emergency
18
   rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54(4) to implement and
    enforce the provisions of s. 201.032. The emergency rules
19
   shall remain in effect until the adoption of permanent rules
2.0
21
   as provided in s. 201.032.
22
          (13) Taxes imposed by this section do not apply to a
23
   deed, transfer, or conveyance between spouses or former
   spouses pursuant to an action for dissolution of marriage
2.4
   wherein the real property is or was their marital home or an
2.5
    interest therein. Taxes paid pursuant to this section shall be
2.6
27
   refunded in those cases in which a deed, transfer, or
2.8
   conveyance occurred 1 year before a dissolution of marriage.
   This subsection applies in spite of any consideration as
29
   defined in subsection (1).
30
```

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.

31

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 2 SENATE SUMMARY 3 Revises the Local Government Comprehensive Planning Certification Program. Requires that a local government 4 develop a map, certain plans, and disaster strategies in order to be certified under the program. Requires public hearings. Revises the requirements for filing a petition for an administration hearing concerning an agreement. 5 6 Provides that an application for development approval within a certified area is exempt from review as a development of regional impact. Deletes a requirement that the local government infrastructure surtax be 7 8 subject to voter approval. Provides for a majority of a county's governing body to levy a school capital outlay surtax and a local option fuel tax. Authorizes a surtax 9 on deeds and other documents that are subject to the 10 documentary stamp tax. Provides for voters or the local governing authority to approve the surtax. Provides 11 requirements for administering the surtax on deeds and other documents. (See bill for details.) 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 2.4 25 26 27 28 29 30