Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) CHAMBER ACTION Senate House Representative Waters offered the following: 1 2 Amendment (with title amendment) 3 4 Remove lines 130-610 and insert: other personal property commonly found in a home, personal 5 6 residence, storage facility, or other dwelling location, 7 including, but not limited to, household furniture. The term 8 property in a storehouse or warehouse facility that is owned or 9 rented by a shipper or shipper's agent, but does not include 10 freight or personal property moving to or from a factory, store, 11 or other place of business. (8) "Household move" or "move" means the loading of 12 13 household goods into a vehicle, moving container, or other mode 14 of transportation or shipment; the transportation or shipment of those household goods; and the unloading of those household 15 090009

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16	goods, when the transportation or shipment originates and
17	terminates at one of the following ultimate locations,
18	regardless of whether the mover temporarily stores the goods
19	while en route between the originating and terminating
20	locations:
21	(a) From one dwelling to another dwelling;
22	(b) From a dwelling to a storehouse or warehouse that is
23	owned or rented by the shipper or the shipper's agent; or
24	(c) From a storehouse or warehouse that is owned or rented
25	by the shipper or the shipper's agent to a dwelling.
26	(9)(8) "Mover" means <u>a</u> any person who, for compensation,
27	contracts for or engages in the loading, transportation or
28	shipment, or unloading of household goods as part of a household
29	move for compensation. The term does not include a postal,
30	courier, envelope, or package service that does not advertise
31	itself as a mover or moving service.
32	(10) "Moving broker" or "broker" means a person who, for
33	compensation, arranges for another person to load, transport or
34	ship, or unload household goods as part of a household move or
35	who, for compensation, refers a shipper to a mover by telephone,
36	postal or electronic mail, Internet website, or other means.
37	(11) "Moving container" means a receptacle holding at
38	least 225 cubic feet of volume which is used to transport or
39	ship household goods as part of a household move.
40	(12) (9) "Shipper" means <u>a</u> any person who uses the services
41	of a mover to transport or ship household goods <u>as part of a</u>
42	household move.
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43 (13)(10) "Storage" means the warehousing of <u>a</u> the
44 shipper's goods while under the care, custody, and control of
45 the mover.

46 Section 3. Section 507.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to 47 read:

507.02 Construction; intent; application.--

49 (1) The provisions of This <u>chapter</u> act shall be construed 50 liberally to:

(a) Establish the law of this state governing the <u>loading</u>,
transportation <u>or</u>, shipment, <u>unloading</u>, and affiliated storage
of household goods as part of household moves.

54 (b) Address <u>household</u> moving practices in this state in a
55 manner <u>that is</u> not inconsistent with federal law <u>governing</u>
56 relating to consumer protection.

57 The provisions of This chapter applies act shall apply (2) 58 to the operations of any mover or moving broker engaged in the intrastate transportation or shipment of household goods 59 60 originating in this state and terminating in this state., except This chapter does act shall not apply be construed to include 61 62 shipments contracted by the United States, the state, or any 63 local government or political subdivision of the state. The 64 provisions of this act shall only apply to the transportation of 65 household goods originating in this state and terminating in 66 this state.

67 (3) It is the intent of This <u>chapter is intended</u> act to
68 secure the satisfaction and confidence of shippers and members
69 of the public when using a mover.

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70 (4) Nothing in This chapter does not supersede act shall
71 be construed to remove the authority or jurisdiction of any
72 federal agency for with respect to goods or services regulated
73 or controlled under other provisions of law.

74 Section 4. Section 507.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to 75 read:

76

507.03 Registration .--

77 (1) Each mover and moving broker must shall annually 78 register with the department, providing its legal business and 79 trade name, mailing address, and business locations; the full 80 names, addresses, and telephone numbers of its owners or 81 corporate officers and directors and the Florida agent of the 82 corporation; a statement whether it is a domestic or foreign corporation, its state and date of incorporation, its charter 83 84 number, and, if a foreign corporation, the date it registered 85 with the Department of State of Florida, and occupational license where applicable; the date on which the a mover or 86 87 broker registered its fictitious name if the mover or broker is operating under a fictitious or trade name; the name of all 88 other corporations, business entities, and trade names through 89 90 which each owner of the mover or broker operated, was known, or 91 did business as a mover or moving broker within the preceding 5 92 years; and proof of the insurance or alternative coverages 93 coverage as required under s. 507.04 by this act.

94 (2) A certificate evidencing proof of registration shall
95 be issued by the department and must be prominently displayed in
96 the mover's or broker's primary place of business.

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97 (3) Registration fees shall be \$300 per year per mover or
98 <u>moving broker</u>. All amounts collected shall be deposited by the
99 Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the General Inspection
100 Trust Fund of the department for the sole purpose of
101 administration of this <u>chapter</u> act.

(4) Any mover or moving broker whose principal place of 102 103 business is located in a county or municipality that requires, 104 by local ordinance, a local license or registration to engage in 105 the business of moving and storage of household goods must shall obtain the license or registration from the <del>such</del> county or 106 107 municipality. A mover or broker that obtains a such local license or registration must shall also be required to pay the 108 109 state registration fee under subsection (3), and the department shall issue the mover a state certificate of registration upon 110 submission of proof of the local license or registration by the 111 112 mover.

(5) Each contract of a mover <u>or moving broker</u> must include the phrase "(NAME OF FIRM) is registered with the State of Florida as a Mover <u>or Moving Broker</u>. Registration No. ...."

116 (6) Each advertisement of a mover <u>or moving broker</u> must 117 include the phrase "Fla. Mover Reg. No. ...." <u>or "Fla. IM No.</u> 118 <u>...." Each of the mover's vehicles must clearly and</u> 119 <u>conspicuously display a sign on the driver's side door which</u> 120 <u>includes at least one of these phrases in lettering of at least</u> 121 <u>1.5 inches in height.</u>

122 (7) <u>A No registration is not shall be valid for any mover</u>
123 <u>or broker</u> transacting business at any place other than that

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124 designated in the mover's or broker's its application, unless 125 the department is first notified in writing before in advance of any change of location. A registration issued under this chapter 126 is act shall not be assignable, and the mover or broker may 127 shall not be permitted to conduct business under more than one 128 129 name except as registered. A mover or broker desiring to change 130 its registered name or location or designated agent for service of process at a time other than upon renewal of registration 131 132 must shall notify the department of the such change.

133 (8) The department may deny, or refuse to renew, or revoke 134 the registration of any mover or moving broker based upon a 135 determination that the mover or moving broker, or any of <u>the</u> 136 <u>mover's or moving broker's</u> its directors, officers, owners, or 137 general partners:

(a) Has failed to meet the requirements for registration
as provided in this <u>chapter</u> act;

(b) Has been convicted of a crime involving fraud,dishonest dealing, or any other act of moral turpitude;

(c) Has not satisfied a civil fine or penalty arising out of any administrative or enforcement action brought by any governmental agency or private person based upon conduct involving fraud, dishonest dealing, or any violation of this <u>chapter act</u>;

147 (d) Has pending against him or her any criminal,
148 administrative, or enforcement proceedings in any jurisdiction,
149 based upon conduct involving fraud, dishonest dealing, or any
150 other act of moral turpitude; or

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151	(e) Has had a judgment entered against him or her in any
152	action brought by the department or the Department of Legal
153	Affairs <u>under</u> <del>pursuant to</del> this <u>chapter</u> <del>act</del> or ss. 501.201-
154	501.213, the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act.
155	(9) Each mover <u>and moving broker</u> shall provide evidence of
156	the current and valid insurance or alternative coverages
157	required under coverage as described in s. 507.04.
158	Section 5. Section 507.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to
159	read:
160	(Substantial rewording of section. See
161	s. 507.04, F.S., for present text.)
162	507.04 Required insurance coverages; liability
163	limitations; valuation coverage
164	(1) LIABILITY INSURANCE
165	(a)1. Except as provided in paragraph (b), each mover
166	operating in this state must maintain current and valid
167	liability insurance coverage of at least \$10,000 per shipment
168	for the loss or damage of household goods resulting from the
169	negligence of the mover or its employees or agents.
170	2. The mover must provide the department with evidence of
171	liability insurance coverage before the mover is registered with
172	the department under s. 507.03. All insurance coverage
173	maintained by a mover must remain in effect throughout the
174	mover's registration period. A mover's failure to maintain
175	insurance coverage in accordance with this paragraph constitutes
176	an immediate threat to the public health, safety, and welfare.
177	If a mover fails to maintain insurance coverage, the department
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178	may immediately suspend the mover's registration or eligibility
179	for registration and the mover must immediately cease operating
180	as a mover in this state. In addition, and notwithstanding the
181	availability of any administrative relief pursuant to chapter
182	120, the department may seek from the appropriate circuit court
183	an immediate injunction prohibiting the mover from operating in
184	this state until the mover complies with this paragraph, a civil
185	penalty not to exceed \$5,000, and court costs.
186	(b) A mover that operates two or fewer vehicles, in lieu
187	of maintaining the liability insurance coverage required under
188	paragraph (a), may, and each moving broker must, maintain one of
189	the following alternative coverages:
190	1. A performance bond in the amount of \$25,000, for which
191	the surety of the bond must be a surety company authorized to
192	conduct business in this state; or
193	2. A certificate of deposit in a Florida banking
194	institution in the amount of \$25,000.
195	
196	The original bond or certificate of deposit must be filed with
197	the department and must designate the department as the sole
198	beneficiary. The department must use the bond or certificate of
199	deposit exclusively for the payment of claims to consumers who
200	are injured by the fraud, misrepresentation, breach of contract,
201	misfeasance, malfeasance, or financial failure of the mover or
202	moving broker or by a violation of this chapter by the mover or
203	broker. Liability for these injuries may be determined in an
204	administrative proceeding of the department or through a civil
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232 <u>the certificate and must be notified at least 30 days before any</u> 233 changes in insurance coverage.

234 (4) LIABILITY LIMITATIONS; VALUATION RATES. -- A mover may 235 not limit its liability for the loss or damage of household goods to a valuation rate that is less than 60 cents per pound 236 237 per article. A provision of a contract for moving services is 238 void if the provision limits a mover's liability to a valuation 239 rate that is less than this minimum rate. If a mover limits its 240 liability for a shipper's goods, the mover must disclose the 241 limitation, including the valuation rate, to the shipper in 242 writing at the time that the estimate and contract for services is executed and before any moving or accessorial services are 243 244 provided. The disclosure must also inform the shipper of the 245 opportunity to purchase valuation coverage if the mover offers 246 that coverage under subsection (5).

(5) VALUATION COVERAGE.--A mover may offer valuation 247 coverage to compensate a shipper for the loss or damage of the 248 shipper's household goods that are lost or damaged during a 249 250 household move. If a mover offers valuation coverage, the coverage must indemnify the shipper for at least the minimum 251 252 valuation rate required under subsection (4). The mover must 253 disclose the terms of the coverage to the shipper in writing at 254 the time that the estimate and contract for services is executed 255 and before any moving or accessorial services are provided. The 256 disclosure must inform the shipper of the cost of the valuation 257 coverage, the valuation rate of the coverage, and the opportunity to reject the coverage. If valuation coverage 258

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259 compensates a shipper for at least the minimum valuation rate

260 required under subsection (4), the coverage satisfies the

261 mover's liability for the minimum valuation rate.

262 Section 6. Section 507.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to 263 read:

507.05 Estimates and contracts for service.--<u>Before</u> Prior to providing any moving or accessorial services, a contract and estimate must be provided to a prospective shipper in writing, must be signed and dated by the shipper and the mover, and must include:

(1) The name, telephone number, and physical address where the mover's employees are available during normal business hours.

(2) The date the contract or estimate is prepared and anyproposed date of the move.

(3) The name and address of the shipper, the addresses
where the <u>articles</u> items are to be picked up and delivered, and
a telephone number where the shipper may be reached.

(4) The name, telephone number, and physical address of
any location where the goods will be held pending further
transportation, including situations where the mover retains
possession of goods pending resolution of a fee dispute with the
shipper.

(5) An itemized breakdown and description and total of all
costs and services for <u>loading</u>, transportation <u>or shipment</u>,
<u>unloading</u>, and accessorial services to be provided during a
household move or storage of household goods.

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 286 (6) Acceptable forms of payment. A mover shall accept a 287 minimum of two of the three following forms of payment: (a) Cash, cashier's check, money order, or traveler's 288 289 check; 290 (b) Valid personal check, showing upon its face the name 291 and address of the shipper or authorized representative; or 292 (c) Valid credit card, which shall include, but not be 293 limited to, Visa or MasterCard. 294 A mover must shall clearly and conspicuously disclose to the 295 296 shipper in the estimate and contract for services the forms of payments the mover will accept, including the forms of payment 297 298 from those categories described in paragraphs (a)-(c). 299 Section 7. Section 507.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to 300 read: 301 507.06 Delivery and storage of household goods. --302 (1) A mover must relinquish household goods to a shipper 303 and must place the goods inside a shipper's dwelling or, if directed by the shipper, inside a storehouse or warehouse that 304 is owned or rented by the shipper or the shipper's agent, unless 305 306 the shipper has not tendered payment in the amount specified in 307 a written contract or estimate signed and dated by the shipper. 308 A mover may not refuse to relinquish prescription medicines and 309 goods for use by children, including children's furniture, 310 clothing, or toys, under any circumstances. (2) A mover may not refuse to relinquish household goods 311 312 to a shipper or fail to place the goods inside a shipper's 090009 4/4/2005 12:08:01 PM Page 12 of 19

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313 dwelling <u>or, if directed by the shipper, inside a storehouse or</u> 314 <u>warehouse that is owned or rented by the shipper or the</u> 315 <u>shipper's agent,</u> based on the mover's refusal to accept an 316 acceptable form of payment.

317 A mover that lawfully fails to relinquish a shipper's (3) 318 household goods may place the goods in storage until payment is 319 tendered; however, the mover must notify the shipper of the 320 location where the goods are stored and the amount due within 5 321 days after receipt of a written request for that information 322 from the shipper, which request must include the address where 323 the shipper may receive the notice. A mover may not require a 324 prospective shipper to waive any rights or requirements under 325 this section.

326 Section 8. Section 507.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to 327 read:

328 507.07 Violations.--It is a violation of this <u>chapter</u> act 329 to:

(1) Conduct business as a mover <u>or moving broker</u>, or advertise to engage in the business of moving or offering to move<u>,</u> without first being registered annually with the department.

334 (2) Knowingly make any false statement, representation, or
335 certification in any application, document, or record required
336 to be submitted or retained under this <u>chapter</u> act.

337

(3) Misrepresent or deceptively represent:

338 (a) The contract for services, bill of lading, or339 inventory of household goods for the move estimated.

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(b) The timeframe or schedule for delivery or storage ofhousehold goods estimated.

342 (c) The price, size, nature, extent, qualities, or343 characteristics of accessorial or moving services offered.

344 (d) The nature or extent of other goods, services, or345 amenities offered.

346

(e) A shipper's rights, privileges, or benefits.

347 (4) Fail to honor and comply with all provisions of the
348 contract for services or bill of lading regarding the
349 purchaser's rights, benefits, and privileges thereunder.

350 (5) Withhold delivery of household goods or in any way
351 hold goods in storage against the expressed wishes of the
352 shipper if payment has been made as delineated in the estimate
353 or contract for services.

(6)(a) Include in any contract any provision purporting to
waive or limit any right or benefit provided to shippers under
this <u>chapter</u> act.

357 (b) Seek or solicit <u>a such</u> waiver or acceptance of
358 limitation from a shipper concerning rights or benefits provided
359 under this <u>chapter</u> act.

(c) Use a local mailing address, registration facility, drop box, or answering service in the promotion, advertising, solicitation, or sale of contracts, unless the mover's, and, if applicable, the moving broker's, fixed business address is clearly disclosed during any telephone solicitation and is prominently and conspicuously disclosed on all solicitation materials and on the contract.

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 367 (d) Commit Do any other act of which constitutes fraud, misrepresentation, or failure to disclose a material fact. 368 (e) Refuse or fail, or for any of the mover's or broker's 369 370 principal officers to refuse or fail, after notice, to produce 371 any document or record or disclose any information required to 372 be produced or disclosed. 373 (f) Knowingly make a material false statement in response 374 to any request or investigation by the department, the 375 Department of Legal Affairs, or the state attorney. Section 9. Section 507.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to 376 377 read: 378 507.08 Deceptive and unfair trade practice. -- Acts, conduct, practices, omissions, failings, misrepresentations, or 379 nondisclosures committed in which constitute a violation of this 380 381 chapter are act also constitute a deceptive and unfair trade 382 practices under practice for the purpose of ss. 501.201-501.213, the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act, and 383 384 administrative rules adopted in accordance with the act 385 thereunder. 386 Section 10. Section 507.09, Florida Statutes, is amended 387 to read: 507.09 Administrative remedies; penalties.--388 389 The department may enter an order doing one or more of (1) 390 the following if the department finds that a mover or moving 391 broker, or a person employed or contracted by a mover or broker, has violated or is operating in violation of any of the 392 090009

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393 provisions of this <u>chapter</u> act or the rules or orders issued <u>in</u> 394 accordance with this chapter <del>thereunder</del>:

395 (a) Issuing a notice of noncompliance <u>under</u> <del>pursuant to</del> s.
 396 120.695.

397 (b) Imposing an administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000398 for each act or omission.

399 (c) Directing that the person cease and desist specified400 activities.

401 (d) Refusing to register or revoking or suspending a402 registration.

403 (e) Placing the registrant on probation for a period of
404 time, subject to <u>the</u> such conditions <u>specified by</u> as the
405 department may specify.

406 (2) The administrative proceedings which could result in
407 the entry of an order imposing any of the penalties specified in
408 subsection (1) are governed by chapter 120.

409 (3) The department <u>may</u> has the authority to adopt rules
410 <u>under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54</u> pursuant to chapter 120 to
411 <u>administer implement</u> this <u>chapter</u> act.

412 Section 11. Section 507.10, Florida Statutes, is amended 413 to read:

414

507.10 Civil penalties; remedies.--

(1) The department may institute a civil action in a court
of competent jurisdiction to recover any penalties or damages
<u>authorized</u> allowed in this <u>chapter</u> act and for injunctive relief
to enforce compliance with this <u>chapter</u> act.

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419 (2) The department may seek a civil penalty of up to
420 \$5,000 for each violation of this <u>chapter</u> act.

(3) The department may seek restitution for and on behalf
of any shipper aggrieved or injured by a violation of this
<u>chapter</u> act.

424 (4) Any provision in a contract for services or bill of
425 lading from a mover <u>or moving broker</u> that purports to waive,
426 limit, restrict, or avoid any of the duties, obligations, or
427 prescriptions of the mover <u>or broker</u>, as provided in this
428 <u>chapter</u> act, is void and unenforceable and against public
429 policy.

430 (5) The remedies provided in this <u>chapter</u> act are in
431 addition to any other remedies available for the same conduct,
432 including those provided in local ordinances.

(6) Upon motion of the department in any action brought under this <u>chapter</u> act, the court may make appropriate orders, including appointment of a master or receiver or sequestration of assets, to reimburse shippers found to have been damaged, to carry out a consumer transaction in accordance with the shipper's reasonable expectations, or to grant other appropriate relief.

440 Section 12. Section 507.11, Florida Statutes, is amended 441 to read:

442

507.11 Criminal penalties.--

(1) The refusal of a mover or a mover's employee, agent,
or contractor to comply with an order from a law enforcement
officer to relinquish a shipper's household goods after the

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 446 officer determines that the shipper has tendered payment of the 447 amount of a written estimate or contract, or after the officer determines that the mover did not produce a signed estimate or 448 449 contract upon which demand is being made for payment, is a 450 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 451 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. A mover's compliance with an 452 order from a law enforcement officer to relinquish goods to a 453 shipper is not a waiver or finding of fact regarding any right 454 to seek further payment from the shipper. 455 Except as provided in subsection (1), any person or (2) 456 business that violates this chapter act commits a misdemeanor of 457 the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 458 Section 13. Section 507.12, Florida Statutes, is amended 459 460 to read: 461 507.12 General Inspection Trust Fund; payments. -- Any 462 moneys recovered by the department as a penalty under this 463 chapter act shall be deposited in the General Inspection Trust 464 Fund. 465 Section 14. Section 507.13, Florida Statutes, is amended 466 to read: 467 507.13 Local regulation. --468 (1) The provisions of This chapter does act are not 469 intended to preempt local ordinances or regulations of a county 470 or municipality which that regulate transactions relating to 471 movers of household goods or moving brokers. As provided in s. 472 507.03(4), counties and municipalities may require, levy, or

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 473 collect any registration fee or tax or require the registration 474 or bonding in any manner of any mover or moving broker. (2) The department may enter into a cooperative agreement 475 476 with any county or municipality which that provides for the referral, investigation, and prosecution of consumer complaints 477 478 alleging violations of this chapter act. 479 480 ========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ============ 481 Remove lines 69-72 and insert: 482 providing for the adoption of rules;

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